STATISTICAL REVIEW AND EVALUATION

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STATISTICAL REVIEW AND EVALUATION

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- 1. Executive Summary
- 2. Introduction
- 2.1 Overview
- 2.2 Data Sources
- 2.2.1 Objectives in Trials
- 2.2.2 Summary of Study Design
- 2.2.3 Patient Accounting and Baseline Characteristics
- 2.2.3.1 Trials with Treatment Naïve Patients
- 2.2.3.2 Trials with Treatment Experienced, Integrase Inhibitor Naïve Patients
- 2.2.3.3 Trials with Integrase Inhibitor Resistant Patients
- 2.2.3.4 Summary
- 2.2.4 Summary of Methods of Assessment
- 2.2.4.1 Schedule of Measurements
- 2.2.4.2 Assessment of Treatment Effects
- 2.2.5 Summary of Statistical Analysis
- 2.2.6 Summary of Applicant's Results
- 2.2.6.1 Trials with Treatment Naïve Patients
- 2.2.6.2 Trials with Treatment Experienced, Integrase Inhibitor Naïve Patients
- 2.2.6.3 Trials with Integrase Inhibitor Resistant Patients
- 2.2.7 Summary of Applicant's Conclusions
- 3. Statistical Evaluation
- 3.1 Primary Efficacy Results
- 3.1.1 Replication of Applicant's Primary Results
- 3.1.2 Comparison of Simple Pooling and Mantel-Haenszel Analyses
- 3.1.3 Reasons for Failure
- 3.2 Time Course of Viral Load
- 3.2.1 Treatment Naïve Trials
- 3.2.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trials
- 3.2.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials
- 3.3 Effect of Covariates on Cohort Comparison in Viking
- 3.4 Change in CD4 Count
- 3.4.1 Treatment Naïve Trials
- 3.4.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trial
- 3.4.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials
- 3.5 Change in Lipids
- 4. Results in Special Populations
- 4.1 Gender, Race, and Age
- 4.1.1 Treatment Naïve Trials

- 4.1.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trial
- 4.1.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials
- 4.2 Baseline HIV, CD4, CDC Class
- 4.2.1 Treatment Naïve Trials
- 4.2.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trials
- 4.2.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials
- 4.3 Demographic Covariates
- 4.3.1 Treatment Naïve Trials
- 4.3.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trial
- 4.1.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials
- 4.4 Prior ART Exposure Covariates
- 4.4.1 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trials
- 4.4.2 Two Class Resistant INI Resistant Trials
- 4.5 Baseline Resistance Covariates
- 4.5.1 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trial: Baseline Sensitivity Scores
- 4.5.2 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trial: Small Trial
- 4.5.2.1 Baseline Mutations
- 4.5.2.2 Baseline Fold Change in Resistance
- 4.5.2.3 Baseline Sensitivity Scores
- 4.5.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trial: Pivotal Trial
- 4.5.3.1 Baseline INI Exposure
- 4.5.3.2 Baseline Mutations
- 4.5.3.3 Baseline Fold Change in Resistance
- 4.5.3.4 Baseline Sensitivity Scores
- 4.5.3.5 Miscellaneous
- 4.4 Exploratory Looks for Treatment-Covariate Interactions
- 4.4.1 Treatment Naïve Trials
- 4.4.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trial
- 4.4.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials
- 5. Summary and Conclusions:

1. Executive Summary

The applicant has conducted seven trials to test the efficacy of dolutegravir (DTG) at 50mg QD or BID in HAART regimens among HIV-1 infected patients ranging from treatment naïve to integrase inhibitor resistant. Three of these trials (ING113086 or Spring 2, ING114467 or Single, and ING111762 or Sailing) are randomized, controlled, phase 3 trials, one (ING112574 or Viking 3) was a single arm trial large and long enough to be considered a pivotal phase 3 trial, and the other three (ING111521, ING112276 or Spring 1, and ING112961 or Viking) are phase 2 single arm or dose ranging studies. For the sake of brevity, all seven trials will be identified by their last four digits.

Four of the trials (ING111521, ING112276 or Spring 1, ING113086 or Spring 2, and ING114467 or Single) were conducted in treatment naïve subjects; one (ING111762 or Sailing) was conducted in treatment experienced, two class resistant, integrase inhibitor naïve subjects, and two (ING112574 or Viking 3 and ING112961 or Viking) were conducted in integrase inhibitor resistant subjects.

In treatment naïve patients, the applicant conducted four trials: one short term dose ranging study, one long term dose ranging study, and two long term pivotal trials.

In the short term dose ranging study, trial 1521, DTG at 50mg QD achieved statistically significant superiority over placebo with respect to change in log HIV at day 11. In the long term dose ranging study, trial Spring 1, DTG at 50mg QD was slightly (but not statistically significantly) superior to efavirenz (EFV) with respect to both change in log HIV and percent BLQ to at least 96 weeks.

In one of the two pivotal trials, trial Single, DTG at 50mg QD was statistically significantly superior to the EFV arm at 48 weeks with respect to both endpoints change in log HIV and percent BLQ.

In the second pivotal trial, trial Spring 2, DTG at 50mg QD was statistically non-inferior to raltegravir (RAL) at week 48.

The applicant conducted one pivotal trial in treatment experienced, two class resistant, integrase inhibitor (INI) naïve patients. In this trial DTG at 50mg QD was slightly, but not

statistically significantly, superior to RAL arm with respect to both change in log HIV and percent BLQ. It was statistically non-inferior to RAL with respect to percent BLQ, the endpoint where there is an agreed margin of clinical non-inferiority and which was the protocol specified primary endpoint.

The applicant conducted two trials among INI resistant patients. The small dose ranging trial, the Viking trial, DTG at 50mg BID showed a clinically important and almost statistically significant superiority to DTG at 50mg QD. This comparison involved sequentially enrolled cohorts, not randomized cohorts. Nonetheless, the difference between the BID and QD doses did not diminish when the comparison was adjusted for baseline covariates.

The large trial in this population was a single arm trial because ethical constraints precluded any control arm. In this trial, DTG at 50mg BID both change in log HIV and percent BLQ were statistically significantly greater than zero. The 95% lower confidence bounds on both endpoints were comparable to what one expects from an effective three drug HAART regimen in any population.

The applicant has convincingly demonstrated the efficacy of dolutegravir at 50mg qd in treatment naïve and treatment experienced, INI naïve HIV-1 infected patients and the efficacy of dolutegravir at 50mg bid in INI resistant HIV-1 infected patients.

2. Introduction

2.1 Overview

The applicant submitted seven trials in support of the efficacy of dolutegravir (DTG) as part of a multi-drug regimen for the treatment of HIV-1. Three of these trials (ING113086 or Spring 2, ING114467 or Single, and ING111762 or Sailing) are randomized, controlled, phase 3 trials, one (ING112574 or Viking 3) was a single arm trial large and long enough to be considered a pivotal phase 3 trial, and the other three (ING111521, ING112276 or Spring 1, and ING112961 or Viking) are phase 2 single arm or dose ranging studies. For the sake of brevity, all seven trials will be identified by their last four digits.

Four of the trials (ING111521, ING112276 or Spring 1, ING113086 or Spring 2, and ING114467 or Single) were conducted in treatment naïve subjects; one (ING111762 or Sailing) was conducted in treatment experienced, two class resistant, integrase inhibitor naïve subjects, and two (ING112574 or Viking 3 and ING112961 or Viking) were conducted in integrase inhibitor resistant subjects.

2.2 Data Sources

2.2.1 Objectives in Trials

The primary objective of the seven trials was to establish the efficacy of dolutegravir at either 50 mg either once or twice daily in a wide variety of HIV-1 infected patients. The objectives included showing that the once daily dose was effective in both treatment naïve patients and in treatment experienced patients with resistance to at least two classes of anti-retroviral drugs, accompanied by either susceptibility or resistance to integrase inhibitors.

Trial 3086 (also called Spring 2) and trial 4467 (also called Single) are pivotal phase 3 trials to support efficacy of 50 mg qd DTG as part of an ART regimen for treatment naïve subjects. There were also two supportive phase 2 studies in the treatment naïve population: trial 1521 and trial 2276 (also called Spring 1).

Trial 1762 (also called Sailing) is a pivotal phase 3 trial to support efficacy of 50 mg qd DTG as part of an ART regimen for treatment experienced, two class resistant, integrase inhibitor naïve subjects.

Trial 2961 (also called Viking) and trial 2574 (also called Viking 3) are, respectively, phase 2 and phase 3 studies to support the efficacy of 50 mg bid DTG as part of an ART regimen for treatment experienced, two class resistant, integrase inhibitor resistant subjects.

2.2.2 Summary of Study Design

Trial 1521 was a 10 day placebo controlled, dose ranging study. 35 subjects were randomized 1:1:1:1 to placebo or DTG at 2, 10, or 50 mg qd. Dosing was fasted. Subjects could be either treatment naïve or treatment experienced but had to have had no ART for at least 12 weeks.

Trial 2276 (also called Spring 1) was a randomized, active controlled, dose ranging study. 208 subjects were randomized 1:1:1:1 to DTG at 10, 25, or 50 mg qd or EFV. Subjects were also given a background regimen of either ABC/3TC or TDF/FTC. Randomization was stratified by screening HIV-1 RNA (< or >100 K) and by the choice of background regimen. Subjects were treatment naïve.

Trial 3086 (also called Spring 2) and trial 4467 (also called Single) are both randomized, multi-center, double blind, double dummy, active controlled trials. Subjects in both trials were anti-retroviral therapy (ART) naïve. In trial 3086 (Spring 2), 827 subjects were randomized 1:1 to either DTG 50 mg qd or raltegravir (RAL) 400 mg qd plus a background regimen of either abacavir (ABC) 600 mg qd and lamivudine (3TC) 300 mg qd or tenofovir (TDF) 300 mg qd and FTC 200 mg qd. Randomization was stratified by screening HIV-1 RNA (< or >100 K) and by choice of background regimen.

In trial 4467 (Single), 844 subjects were randomized 1:1 to either DTG 50 mg qd plus ABC 600 mg qd and 3TC 300 mg qd or to efavirenz (EFV) 600 mg qd plus TDF 200 mg qd and FTC 300 mg qd. Randomization was stratified by screening HIV-1 RNA (< or >100 K) and screening CD4 count (< or >200).

Trial 1762 (also called Sailing) is a randomized, multicenter, double blind, double dummy, active controlled trial. In this trial, subjects were ART experienced but integrase inhibitor (INI) naïve. ART experienced meant their virus was resistant to at least two classes of ART drugs. 715 subjects were randomized 1:1 to either DTG 50 mg qd or RAL 400 mg qd plus a physician chosen optimal background regimen (OBR). The randomization was stratified by three factors: baseline HIV-1 RNA (< or > 50K), use of ritonavir boosted darunavir (DRV/r) with no resistance mutations or not, and number of active drugs in selected background regimen (2 or <2).

Trial 2961 (also called Viking) and trial 2574 (also called Viking 3) are both single arm, open label, multi-center trials. In both trials, subjects had virus resistant to at least two classes (not counting INIs) as well as documented viral resistance to at least one INI. In trial 2961 (Viking) subjects had to have documented RAL resistance at screening. This trial had two sequential cohorts. 27 subjects in cohort 1 were given DTG at 50 mg qd; 24 subjects in cohort 2 were given DTG at 50mg bid. Subjects added DTG to their current failing background regimen for the first 11 days. After that period of functional monotherapy, they added a new optimized background regimen (OBR) to their DTG.

In trial 2574 (Viking 3) subjects had to have virologic failure on RAL or elvitegravir (EVG) plus documented resistance at screening to the same INI. 183 subjects were treated with DTG 50 mg bid plus 8 days of their original failing background regimen and then a new OBR. Subjects were required to have at least one fully active agent in the OBR. A randomized control arm was excluded from this study for ethical reasons, there not being any effective control.

2.2.3 Patient Accounting and Baseline Characteristics 2.2.3.1 Trials with Treatment Naïve Patients

The two large phase 3 trials in treatment naïve subjects were Spring 2 (3086) and Single (4467). Spring 2 randomized 827 subjects out of 1035 screened; Single randomized 844 subjects out of 1090 screened. The progress of the subjects is documented in table 2.2.3.1 A.

TABLE 2.2.3.1 A
SUBJECTS' DISPOSITION IN NAÏVE SUBJECTS
(TRIALS SPRING 2 AND SINGLE)

	SPRING 2		SINGLE	
	DTG QD	RAL	DTG QD	ATRIPLA
Randomized	413	414	422	422
Treated	411	411	414	419
Ongoing	364	355	363	335
Withdrew	47	56	51	84
Viral_Failure	16	24	14	13
AE	10	7	10	42
LTFU	4	7	14	9
Other	17	18	13	20

(Protocol defined liver endpoint included as AE, LTFU=loss to follow-up)

In trial 3086 (Spring 2), 100 investigational sites enrolled subjects: 59 centers in Europe (France, Germany, Italy, Spain, United Kingdom), 19 in the USA, 11 in Russia, 7 in Canada, and 4 in Australia. Number and percent of total enrollment in each country is given in table 2.2.3.1 B.

TABLE 2.2.3.1 B

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF SUBJECTS IN EACH COUNTRY

SPRING 2 TRIAL 3086

COUNTRY	NUMBER	PERCENT
US	136	17%
Canada	61	7%
France	93	11%
Germany	95	12%
Italy	48	6%
Spain	243	30%
UK	17	2%
Russia	90	11%
Australia	39	5%

In trial 4467 (Single), 136 investigational sites enrolled subject: 4 in Australia, 10 in Canada, 71 in Europe (Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Romania, Spain, and the UK), and 51 in the US. Number and percent of total enrollment in each country is given in table 2.2.3.1 C.

TABLE 2.2.3.1 C

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF SUBJECTS IN EACH COUNTRY

SINGLE TRIAL 4467

NUMBER	PERCENT
322	39%
57	7%
233	28%
71	9%
31	4%
27	3%
23	3%
19	2%
10	1%
5	<1%
18	2%
17	2%
	322 57 233 71 31 27 23 19 10 5

The two trials were similar in their baseline demographic and illness characteristics. Subjects in trial 3086 (Spring 2) had a median age of 36 years, were 86% male, were 12% Hispanic, were 85% White and 11% Black, and were 86% CDC class A. 65% identified homosexual activity as their risk factor, 29% heterosexual contact and 5% injectable drug use. Median baseline HIV-1 RNA was 4.55 log copies/ml, median baseline CD4 count was 360. 15 subjects had hepatitis B, 76 had hepatitis C and one had both.

Subjects in trial 4467(Single) had a median age of 35 years, were 84% male, were 13% Hispanic, were 68% White and 24% Black, and were 83% CDC class A. 69% identified homosexual activity as their risk factor, 30% heterosexual contact and 4% injectable drug use. Median baseline HIV-1 RNA was 4.68 log copies/ml, median baseline CD4 count was 338. 56 subjects had hepatitis C.

Trial 1521 was a 10 day study, conducted at sites in the US, with 7 subjects randomized to placebo, 9 each of 2 mg qd DTG and 10 mg qd DTG and 10 randomized to 50 mg qd DTG. All subjects completed the 10 day trial. All 35 subjects were male and 80% were White with a median age of 41 years. 89% were CDC class A with median baseline log HIV-1 RNA = 4.4 and median baseline CD4 count = 440.

Trial 2276 (Spring 1) randomized 208 subjects out of 278 screened. The progress of the subjects is documented in table 2.2.3.1 D.

TABLE 2.2.3.1 D
SUBJECTS' DISPOSITION IN NAÏVE SUBJECTS
(TRIAL SPRING 1)

		(IRIAL SP	KING I)	
	DTG QD			EFV
	10 MG	25 MG	50 MG	600 MG
Randomized	53	52	51	52
Treated	53	51	51	50
Ongoing	47	45	46	42
Withdrew	6	6	5	8
Viral_Failure	1	1	0	0
AE	1	1	2	5
LTFU	0	2	1	1
Other	4	2	2	2

(LTFU=loss to follow-up)

In trial 2276 (Spring 1), 34 investigational sites enrolled subjects: 19 centers in Europe Spain, France, Germany and Italy), 12 in the US and 3 in Russia. Spring 1 was conducted by Shinogi for ViiV and did not include documentation of the number enrolled in each country.

Subjects were 80% White and 86% male with a mean age of 37 years. 87% had CDC class A illness. 68% identified homosexual activity as their risk factor, 29% heterosexual contact and 3% injectable drug use. Median baseline HIV-1 RNA was 4.5 log copies/ml, median baseline CD4 count was 308. 1 subject had hepatitis B, 18 had hepatitis C and none had both. The demographic and baseline illness patterns in the smaller treatment naïve studies are similar to those in the larger studies Spring 2 and Single.

2.2.3.2 Trials with Treatment Experienced, Integrase Inhibitor Naïve Patients

The pivotal trial in treatment experienced, INI naïve subjects (1762 or Sailing) randomized 724 subjects out of 1441 screened. The progress of the subjects is documented in table 2.2.3.2 A.

TABLE 2.2.3.2 A
SUBJECTS' DISPOSITION IN EXPERIENCED, INI NAÏVE SUBJECTS
(TRIAL SAILING)

	DTG QD	RAL
Randomized	360	364
Treated	357	362
Excluded*	3	1
Completed	1	111
Ongoing	305	189
Withdrew	48	61
Viral_Failure	15	26
AE	8	13
LTFU	5	10
Other	20	12

(Protocol defined liver endpoint included as AE, LTFU=loss to follow-up)

*One Site (083523, in Russia) was excluded for violation of GCP standards

Subjects randomized to DTG were continued beyond week 48 on the open label extension portion of the study; subjects randomized to RAL were considered to have completed the study after week 48. Thus, in table 2.2.3.2 A, one should compare the 306 ongoing or completed subjects on DTG to the 300 ongoing or completed subjects on RAL. The design of the study artificially inflates the number of completers on RAL relative to the number ongoing.

In trial 1762 (Sailing), 156 investigational sites enrolled subjects: 68 centers in North America (US, Canada, and Mexico); 46 in Europe (Belgium, France, Greece, Hungary, Italy, the Netherlands, Spain, Romania, and the United Kingdom), 42 in Rest of World (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Chile, Russia, South Africa, and Taiwan). Number and percent of total enrollment in each country is given in table 2.2.3.2 B.

TABLE 2.2.3.2 B

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF SUBJECTS IN EACH COUNTRY

SAILING TRIAL 1762

	011111	
COUNTRY	NUMBER	PERCENT
North America	272	38%
Europe	99	14%
Rest of the World	344	48%
US	227	32%
Canada	4	<1%
Mexico	41	6%
Italy	11	2%
Netherlands	1	<1%
Spain	34	5%
UK	6	<1%
Belgium	8	1%
France	18	3%
Greece	3	<1%
Hungary	1	<1%
Australia	4	<1%
Argentina	47	7%
Brazil	125	17%
Chile	25	3%
Russia	32	4%
South Africa	100	14%
Taiwan	11	2%

Subjects in trial 1762 (Sailing) had a median age of 43 years, were 68% male, were 36% Hispanic, were 49% White and 42% Black, and were 31% CDC class A. Median baseline HIV-1 RNA was 4.18 log copies/ml, median baseline CD4 count was 200. 33 subjects had hepatitis B only, 79 had hepatitis C only and two had both.

As one would expect, subjects had more advanced disease (as measured by CDC class) and lower baseline CD4 counts than in the four trials with treatment naïve subjects.

Prior experience with ART was extensive. The median prior exposure to ART was 6 years. 54% of subjects had taken at least 5 prior ART drugs; >99% had taken one or more NRTIs (nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor); 84% had taken one or more NNRTIs (non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor); 60% had taken one or more PIs (protease inhibitor); 47% had taken drugs in three or more ART classes. In contrast, only 4% had taken a fusion inhibitor, only 2% had taken a CCR5 antagonist, and only 1 subject had taken an integrase inhibitor.

2.2.3.3 Trials with Integrase Inhibitor Resistant Patients

Integrase inhibitor resistant subjects were analyzed in one small trial (2961 or Viking) and one large trial (2574 or Viking 3). Both trials were single arm because INI resistant subjects had no ethically acceptable control, i.e. no effective control. The progress of the subjects is documented in table 2.2.3.3 A.

TABLE 2.2.3.3 A
SUBJECTS' DISPOSITION IN INI RESISTANT SUBJECTS
(TRIALS VIKING AND VIKING 3)

	VIKING		VIKING 3
	50 mg qd	50 mg bid	50 mg bid
Treated	27	24	183
Ongoing,<24 weeks	•	•	65
Ongoing,>24 weeks	16	•	90
Ongoing,>48 weeks	•	19	•
Withdrew,<24 weeks	11	•	24
Withdrew,<48 weeks	•	5	•
LOE	9	2	15
AE	2	2	5
LTFU	0	0	2
Other	0	1	2
Withdrew,>24 weeks	•	•	4
Viral_Failure	•	•	4
AE	•	•	0
LTFU	•	•	0
Other	_	_	0

(Protocol defined liver endpoint included as AE, LTFU=loss to follow-up, LOE=lack of efficacy)

In trial 2961 (Viking), 16 sites in France, Italy, Canada, Spain and the US enrolled subjects.

In trial 2574 (Viking 3), 65 sites enrolled subjects: 1 in Belgium, 3 in Canada, 13 in France, 6 in Italy, 4 in Portugal, 3 in Spain, and 35 in the US. Number and percent of total enrollment in each country is given in table 2.2.3.3 B.

TABLE 2.2.3.3 B

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF SUBJECTS IN EACH COUNTRY

VIKING 3 TRIAL 2574

E 4.0	
54%	
2%	
<1%	
21%	
16%	
3%	
3%	
	<1% 21% 16% 3%

Subjects in trial 2961 (Viking) had a median age of 48 years in cohort 1 and 47 years in cohort 2, were 93% male in cohort 1 and 75% male in cohort 2, were 11% Hispanic in cohort 1 and 21% Hispanic in cohort 2, were 89% White and 3% Black in cohort 1 and 79% White and 3% Black in cohort 2. Among subjects in cohort 1 52% identified homosexual activity as their risk factor, 41% heterosexual contact and 7% injectable drug use; in cohort 12 67% identified homosexual activity as their risk factor, 28% heterosexual contact and 6% injectable drug use. Subjects in cohort 1 were 59% CDC class C, those in cohort 2 were 83% CDC class C. In cohort 1 median baseline HIV-1 RNA was 4.48 log copies/ml and median baseline CD4 count was 114, in cohort 2 median baseline HIV-1 RNA was 4.26 log copies/ml, median baseline CD4 count was 202. In cohort 1, no one had hepatitis B, 2 out of 27 had hepatitis C; in cohort 2, 2 out 24 had hepatitis B, 6 out of 24 had hepatitis C. One should keep in mind that the uncertainty simply due to random variability in samples of size 24-27 is around 10% for percentages. One must be careful about assuming any substantive difference between the cohorts at baseline.

In the two cohorts of Viking, 41 out of 51 were currently failing RAL; the other 10 had failed it previously.

Subjects in trial 2574 (Viking 3) had a median age of 48 years, were 77% male, were 11% Hispanic, were 71% White and 27% Black, and were 56% CDC class C. 52% identified homosexual activity as their risk factor, 29% heterosexual contact and 15% injectable drug use. Median baseline HIV-1 RNA was 4.38 log copies/ml, median baseline CD4 count was 140. 10 out of 183 had hepatitis B, 26 out of 183 had hepatitis C, and 2 had both.

101 out of 183 had either RAL or EVG in the regimen at enrollment; 124 had genotypic or phenotypic resistance at screening. The others had prior use and detection of resistance.

2.2.3.4 Summary

One will notice that increasing severity of illness in the three categories mainly manifests itself in lower CD4 counts and a shift from CDC class A to class C. This is documented in table 2.2.3.4 A.

	TABLE 2.2.3.4 A				
		INCREASIN	G BASELINE	SEVERITY	
		% IN CDC		MEDIAN BASE	ELINE
GROUP, TRIAL	N	CLASS A	CLASS C	HIV-1 RNA	CD4 COUNT
Naïve					
Spring 2	822	86%	2%	4.55	360
Single	833	83%	4%	4.68	338
1521	35	89%	3%	4.4	440
Spring 1	208	87%	1%	4.5	308
2-Class Resista	ant,]	INI Naïve			
Sailing	715	31%	46%	4.18	200
INI Resistant					
Viking					
Cohort 1	27	4%	59%	4.48	114
Cohort 2	24	10%	83%	4.26	202
Viking 3	183	24%	56%	4.38	140

2.2.4 Summary of Methods of Assessment

2.2.4.1 Schedule of Measurements

Two of the trials, 1521 in treatment naïve and Viking in INI resistant subjects, were small. Trial 1521 was also intended to be fairly short. Trial 1521 measured HIV-1 RNA by Amplicor Standard assay at baseline on days 1-4, by the Ultrasensitve assay on days 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 14. The Viking trial measured HIV-1 RNA on days 1, 7, 11, 21, and on weeks 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 32, 40, 48, and every 12 weeks thereafter.

The five larger trials all had similar schedules for the measurement of HIV-1 RNA (by Ultrasensitive assay) and of CD4 count. The key efficacy parameters were measured at baseline and at weeks 1, 2, 4, every 4 weeks to week 16 (or 24), then every 8 weeks to week 48, and then every 12 weeks.

2.2.4.2 Assessment of Treatment Effects

The primary endpoint in trial 1521 was log change in HIV-1 RNA between baseline and day 11. The primary endpoint in the dose ranging trial, Spring 1, was confirmed and sustained viral suppression at week 16, with secondary endpoints being percent with confirmed and sustained suppression at weeks 24, 48, and 96. Both suppression and rebound were required to be confirmed by a second measurement at a subsequent visit.

The primary endpoint in both phase 3 trials with treatment naïve subjects, Spring 2 and Single, was HIV-1 RNA observed BLQ at week 48 (regardless of subsequent confirmation or prior rebound, i.e. snapshot).

The primary endpoint in the phase 3 trial with treatment experienced, INI naïve subjects, Sailing, was HIV-1 RNA observed BLQ by snapshot at week 24.

The primary endpoint in the Viking trial (the small, unrandomized trial in INI-resistant subjects) was percent of subjects with HIV-1 RNA on day 11 either <400 c/ml or
baseline - .7 log copies/ml. Mean change from baseline to day 11 was a secondary endpoint, as were percent of subjects with HIV-1 RNA <400 c/ml at weeks 16, 48 and 96. For the later time points, confirmed and sustained suppression was required, as in trial Spring 1.

The primary endpoint in the Viking 3 trial (the large, unrandomized trial in INI resistant subjects) was the mean change from baseline in log HIV-1 RNA after 8 days of functional monotherapy. A secondary endpoint was the percent of subjects with HIV-1 RNA BLQ (<50 c/ml) after 24 weeks of DTG plus new OBR.

2.2.5 Summary of Statistical Analysis

The primary analysis in trial 1521 of day 11 log change from baseline was an ANCOVA with treatment and log baseline value as predictors.

The primary analysis in the dose-ranging Spring 1 trial used percent with sustained viral suppression to BLQ (below limit of quantitation = <50 copies/ml) at week 16. Dose selection for continuation was based on interim analyses at week 16, week 24, and week 48. Only descriptive statistics are reported: the sponsor gives no confidence intervals for percents suppressed and no statistical comparisons between the DTG arms and the EFV control arm.

The primary analysis in both phase 3 trials in naïve subjects, Spring 2 and Single, used percent observed suppressed to BLQ at week 48. In both trials, the DTG and control arms (RAL in Spring 2, EFV in Single) were compared by the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel (CMH) method, stratifying by the randomization factors (baseline HIV-1 RNA and NRTI background regimen in Spring 2, baseline HIV-1 RNA and baseline CD4 count in Single). Non-inferiority to RAL or EFV was declared if the lower confidence bound for the week 48 differences was >-10%. In both trials, a secondary CMH comparison was done at week 96. Since the week 48 analysis was primary, no multiple comparison adjustment was done at week 96.

One Russian site in the Spring 2 trial, site 083505, was found in violation of GCP (good clinical practice) and sensitivity analyses excluding this site were also conducted. There were 8 DTG subjects and 6 RAL subjects at this site.

The primary analysis in the phase 3 trial in experienced, INI naïve subjects, Sailing, used percent observed suppressed to BLQ at week 24 with a CMH confidence interval. In this trial, the CMH strata were generated by baseline HIV-1 RNA, DRV/r use without primary PI mutations or not, and number of active drugs in the background regimen. Non-inferiority to RAL was declared if the lower confidence bound for the week 24 differences was >-12%.

The same Russian site that was found in violation of GCP in the Spring 2 trial was also included in the Sailing trial (here as site 083523). Again, sensitivity analyses excluding the four subjects at this site were performed.

The Viking and Viking 3 trials in INI resistant subjects are uncontrolled so statistical determinations of efficacy were based on the 95% confidence intervals for percent successful at day 11 in Viking or mean change from baseline at day 8 in Viking 3 entirely excluding zero. Percent successful meant <400 or baseline-.7 logs in Viking. The Viking 3 trial conducted an interim analysis on the secondary endpoint of percent <50 at week 24 when the first 100 subjects reached the 24 week time point. Since neither trial was randomized, there are no stratification factors and simple normal approximations are used for confidence intervals.

2.2.6 Summary of Applicant's Results

2.2.6.1 Trials with Treatment Naïve Patients

The results for trial 1521 are given in table 2.2.6 A. This table gives the mean log change from baseline at day 11 and the mean difference between DTG and placebo, adjusted for baseline log HIV-1 RNA value, together with 95% confidence intervals on the difference and the p-value for the difference. Even with this small sample size, all three doses of DTG were statistically significantly superior to placebo at day 11.

TABLE 2.2.6 A TRIAL 1521 HIV RNA RESULTS

LOG CHANGE FROM BASELINE AT DAY 11

	Placebo	2 mg qd	10 mg qd	50 mg qd
N	7	9	9	10
Log Change from	m			
Baseline	.05	-1.51	-2.03	-2.46
Adj. Mean Diff	. from			
Placebo	NA	-1.54	-2.04	-2.46
95% Confidence				
Limits	NA	-2.0,-1.07	-2.52,-1.55	-2.94,-2.02
p-value	NA	< .001	<.001	<.001

The results for trial Spring 1 (2276) are given in tables 2.2.6 B and C. The first table gives the percent with sustained viral suppression without confirmed rebound in each of the four arms at weeks 16, 24, 48 and 96. Subjects discontinued or switched to other therapy are classified as failures. The second table gives a breakdown of the reasons for failure at week 96. In general, the results are suggestive of better performance by the DTG regimens than by the EFV regimen. The starred DTG results in table 2.2.6 B are all statistically significantly superior to the EFV result at the same week. These are all at the nominal .025 level, with no multiple comparison adjustment. At the protocol specified primary endpoint, week 16, all three doses of DTF were statistically significantly superior to EFV.

TABLE 2.2.6 B
SPRING 1 TRIAL (2276) HIV RNA RESULTS
SUSTAINED HIV-1 RNA<50 C/ML

	EFV	DTG 10mg qd	25mg qd	50mg qd
N	50	53	51	51
Week_16	29/50=58%	51/53=96%*	46/51=90%*	47/51=92%*
Week_24	41/50=82%	51/53=96%*	46/51=90%	47/51=92%
Week_48	40/50=80%	48/53=91%	45/51=88%	46/51=90%
Week 96	36/50=72%	42/53=79%	40/51=78%	45/51=88%*

TABLE 2.2.6 C
SPRING 1 TRIAL (2276) HIV RNA RESULTS
SUPPRESSIONS AND FAILURES AT WEEK 96

	DOLLKEDDI	0110 11110 111	THORED III	
	DTG 10mg qd	25mg qd	50mg qd	EFV
N	53	51	51	50
Success	42 79%	40 78%	45 88%	36 72%
Never<50	1 2%	0	0	0
Rebound	6 11%	4 8%	2 4%	4 8%
Non-Responde	er			
AE	0	1 2%	0	4 8%
Other	0	1 2%	2 4%	1 2%
Changed Ther	apy while Sup	pressed		
Death	1 2%	0	0	0
Other AE	0	0	1 2%	1 2%
Other	3 6%	5 10%	1 2%	4 8%

The results for trial Spring 2 (3086) are given in tables 2.2.6 D and E. The first table gives the percent with snapshot viral suppression in the two arms at week 48, together with the DTG-RAL difference and 95% confidence limits, computed adjusting for the weights in the different strata. Subjects discontinued or switched to other therapy are classified as failures. The second row in the table give the results of the sensitivity analysis excluding the 14 subjects from the one Russian site that violated GCP. The second table gives a breakdown of the reasons for failure at week 48. Week 96 data are not yet available for this trial. At week 48, the primary conclusion of non-inferiority of DTG to RAL is established, whether or not the data from the suspect Russian site are included.

TABLE 2.2.6 D SPRING 2 TRIAL (3086) HIV RNA RESULTS OBSERVED HIV-1 RNA<50 C/ML

			Adjusted	95% Confidence
	DTG 50mg qd	RAL	Difference	Limits
Week_48	361/411=88%	351/411=85%	2.5%	-2.2%,7.1%
	356/403=88%	347/405=86%	2.6%	-1.9%,7.2%

TABLE 2.2.6 E

SPRING 2 TRIAL (3086) HIV RNA RESULTS SUPPRESSIONS AND FAILURES AT WEEK 48

	DTG 50mg qd	RAL
N	411	411
Success	361 88%	351 85%
<50 at Week 48		
or new ART	8 2%	5 1%
Discontinued		
LOE	12 3%	26 7%
AE	9 2%	6 1%
Other	21 5%	23 6%

The results for trial Single (4467) are given in tables 2.2.6 F and G. The first table gives the percent with snapshot viral suppression in the two arms at week 48, together with the DTG-EFV difference and 95% confidence limits, computed adjusting for the weights in the different strata. Subjects discontinued or switched to other therapy are classified as failures. The second table gives a breakdown of the reasons for failure at week 48. Week 96 data are not yet available for this trial. The protocol specified primary comparison of non-inferiority of the DTG regimen to the EFV regimen was established. In fact, the DTG regimen was statistically significantly superior.

TABLE 2.2.6 F SINGLE TRIAL (4467) HIV RNA RESULTS OBSERVED HIV-1 RNA<50 C/ML

Adjusted 95% Confidence

DTG 50mg qd EFV Difference Limits

Week 48 364/414=88% 338/419=81% 7.4% 2.5%,12.3%

TABLE 2.2.6 G

SINGLE TRIAL (4467) HIV RNA RESULTS SUPPRESSIONS AND FAILURES AT WEEK 48

	DTG 50mg qd	EFV
N	414	419
Success	364 88%	338 81%
Missed Wk 48 Visit	0	1 <1%
<50 at Week 48		
or new ART	6 1%	5 1%
Discontinued		
LOE	15 4%	21 5%
AE	9 2%	40 10%
Other	20 5%	14 3%

2.2.6.2 Trials with Treatment Experienced, Integrase Inhibitor Naïve Patients

The results for trial Sailing (1762) are given in tables 2.2.6 H and I. These analyses give the results of the sensitivity analysis excluding the 4 subjects from the one Russian site that violated GCP. The first table gives the percent with snapshot viral suppression in the two arms at week 24, together with the DTG-RAL difference and 95% confidence limits, computed adjusting for the weights in the different strata. Subjects discontinued or switched to other therapy are classified as failures. The second table gives a breakdown of the reasons for failure at week 24. An intermediate analysis of the week 48 data is the last row of the table. The primary protocol specified endpoint of non-inferiority of DTG to RAL at week 24 was achieved; in fact the data support superiority of DTG to RAL. The partial analysis at week 48, using data available at time of the NDA submission, also support non-inferiority and suggest superiority of DTG.

TABLE 2.2.6 H SAILING TRIAL (1762) HIV RNA RESULTS OBSERVED HIV-1 RNA<50 C/ML

			Adjusted	95% Confidence
	DTG 50mg qd	RAL	Difference	Limits
Week_24	281/354=79%	252/361=70%	9.7%	3.4%,15.9%
Week_48	116/164=71%	100/165=61%	9.7%	2%,19.6%

TABLE 2.2.6 I SAILING TRIAL (1762) HIV RNA RESULTS SUPPRESSIONS AND FAILURES AT WEEK 48

	DTG 50mg qd	RAL
N	354	361
Success	281 79%	252 70%
Missed Wk 24 Visit	2 <1%	3 <1%
<50 at Week 24		
or new ART	40 11%	66 18%
Discontinued		
LOE	13 4%	20 6%
AE	6 2%	9 2%
Other	12 3%	11 3%

2.2.6.3 Trials with Integrase Inhibitor Resistant Patients

The results for the two uncontrolled trials in INI resistant patients, the small Viking (2961) and the large Viking 3 (2574), are given in tables 2.2.6 J, K and L. Table J gives the primary results at the end of functional monotherapy (defined as day 11 in Viking and day 8 in Viking 3). In the Viking trial, the primary endpoint was percent successful, with success defined as HIV-1 RNA < the greater of 400 or <baseline-.7 logs. This endpoint was not evaluated in Viking 3. Mean change from baseline was the secondary endpoint in Viking and the primary endpoint in Viking 3. These endpoints are compared to zero, under the implicit assumption that there would be no change from baseline in the absence of a new, effective drug. The comparison to zero is contained in the 95% confidence intervals for percent successful, which have lower bounds of 58% and 79% for 50mg gd and 50mg bid doses. The other comparison to zero effect is given in the confidence intervals for mean change in log from baseline. The three upper bounds here are -.06, -.70, and -1.34; thus all three groups showed a

statistically significant decrease from baseline after 8-11 days of functional monotherapy.

TABLE 2.2.6 J
VIKING(2961), VIKING 3(2574) TRIALS HIV RNA RESULTS
AT END OF FUNCTIONAL MONOTHERAPY

	VIKING		VIKING 3
DTG dose	50mg qd	50mg bid	50mg bid
Day Analyzed	11	11	8
% Success	21/27=78%	23/24=96%	•
95% Limits	58%-91%	798-998	
Mean Change	-1.45	-1.76	-1.43
95% Limits	-2.96,06	-2.82,70	-1.52,-1.34

Comparing the 50mg qd to 50mg bid in Viking, the sponsor reported the difference in change from baseline was -.32 with a 95% interval of (-.57,-.06) in favor of the bid dose. The FDA reviewer recalculated the difference, using the data in table J and got a difference of -.31 in favor of the bid dose with 95% interval of (-.67,+.05); the difference in percent successful was 18% in favor of the bid dose with a 95% interval of 0.5% to 36%.

Table K gives the percent with snapshot viral suppression in the two Viking cohorts and the Viking 3 trial at the latest week available at time of submission. Subjects discontinued or switched to other therapy are classified as failures. Table L gives a breakdown of the reasons for failure at week 24, 48 or 96. The results for the 50mg qd cohort are given at both week 96 and week 48 to permit clearer comparison with the week 48 results from the 50mg bid cohort. The pattern observed at the end of functional monotherapy, that 50mg bid dosing is clearly and statistically significantly superior to 50mg qd dosing is confirmed here.

TABLE 2.2.6 H
VIKING(2961), VIKING 3(2574) TRIALS HIV RNA RESULTS
OBSERVED HIV-1 RNA<50 C/ML

	VIKING		VIKING 3
	DTG 50mg qd	50mg bid	50mg bid
Week_24	11/27=41%	19/23=79%	72/114=63%
Week_48	9/27=33%	17/24=71%	
Week_96	7/27=26%	NA	

TABLE 2.2.6 I
VIKING(2961), VIKING 3(2574) TRIALS HIV RNA RESULTS
SUPPRESSIONS AND FAILURES AT WEEK 24-96

		_		
	Viking			Viking 3
	DTG 50mg qd	50mg qd	50mg bid	50mg bid
	At Wk 96	Wk 48	Wk 48	Wk 24
N	27	27	24	114
Success	7 26%	9 33%	17 71%	72 63%
Missing Visit	•	•	•	5 4%
< 50	17 62%	15 55%	5 20%	23 20%
Discontinued				
LOE	1 4%	1 4%	1 4%	14 12%
Death	1 4%	1 4%	0	
Other AE	1 4%	1 4%	0	5 4%

2.2.7 Summary of Applicant's Conclusions

The applicant concluded that DTG at the appropriate dose and with the appropriate background regimen was demonstrated effective against HIV-1 in three distinct populations: 1) treatment naïve, 2) treatment experienced and 2 class resistant but still integrase inhibitor naïve, and 3) integrase inhibitor resistant.

In treatment naïve class, DTG was effective at 50mg qd with two other ART drugs. This conclusion was supported by two phase 2 trials. Trial 1521 showed that DTG 50mg qd was superior to placebo with respect to early viral load decrease, measured at day 11. The Spring 1 trial (2276) showed that DTG 50mg qd was superior to EFV in percent with viral suppression at week 16 when either drug had a background of either ABC/3TC or TDF/FTC.

The effectiveness of DTG 50mg qd was confirmed in two pivotal trials. Trial Spring 2 (3086) showed that DTG 50mg qd was non-inferior to RAL in percent with viral suppression at week 48 when either drug had a background of either ABC/3TC or TDF/FTC. Trial Single (4467) showed that DTG 50mg qd + ABC/3TC was superior to Atripla (EFV+TDF/FTC) in percent with viral suppression at week 48.

Among subjects who were treatment experienced and two class resistant but INI naïve, trial Sailing (1762) showed that DTG 50mg qd was superior to RAL with respect to viral suppression at week 24 when either drug was combined with a physician chosen OBR.

Incomplete data showed DTG 50mg qd non-inferior to RAL with respect to viral suppression at week 48.

Among subjects who were treatment experienced and INI resistant, two non-randomized trials showed that DTG 50mg bid was superior to no change both in mean decrease of viral load during a short initial period of monotherapy (8 or 11 days) and in percent with viral suppression after 24 weeks with an OBR. One of these trials, the phase 2 Viking trial (2961), also showed a statistically significant superiority of 50mg bid DTG to 50mg qd DTG. (This was a comparison of non-randomized groups.)

3. Statistical Evaluation

3.1 Primary Efficacy Results

3.1.1 Replication of Applicant's Primary Results

The applicant provided two data sources for examining their report on efficacy. One dataset for each trial contained their final estimates of log change and/or percent BLQ at the designated primary time points: day 8 or 11, weeks 16, 24, or 48 (depending on the trial and the endpoint, as described above). A second collection of datasets contains the HIV measurements at each visit and additional information as to dates at which subject's discontinued their assigned regimens or started protocol prohibited rescue therapies. This latter information is in a different dataset from the one containing viral load measurements.

There are four other minor issues that affect the reproducibility of the applicant's summary data from the visit by visit data. First, two of the trials (Sailing in two class resistant, INI naïve subjects and Viking 3 in INI resistant subjects) are still ongoing. This reviewer found it somewhat difficult to be certain which subjects had actually been on trial long enough to be included in later endpoints (weeks 40 and later in Sailing, weeks 24 and later in Viking 3).

Second, there are a few subjects who were not included in the viral load dataset but were included in the demographic dataset and flagged as being in the ITT population. There were five such subjects in Spring 2, four in Single, and ten in Sailing. The FDA reviewer assumed that such subjects were treated at least once but never had an HIV measurement. In this review these subjects were all treated as failures (no decrease in viral load from baseline) at all time points. Third, the applicant discovered that one physician in Russia (Cozier) was guilty of GCP (good clinical practice) violations. The subjects from this site were included in the applicant provided datasets for two trials, Spring 2 and Sailing. In all the analyses in this review, the subjects from this site were excluded.

Fourth, two of the trials, Spring 1 and Viking, used the time until confirmed loss of sustained suppression as the determinant of BLQ status rather than the simple snapshot analysis at the designated time window. There were in these trials a few subjects who either had an isolated, unconfirmed rebound in the designated time window or who had two consecutive HIV measurements somewhat higher than 50 c/ml (but <1000) prior to the designated window but

who were re-suppressed in the designated window. These are both classified differently by the two different algorithms.

Table 3.1 A gives the comparison of the results for the major endpoints from applicant's efficacy review, the applicant's Summary dataset, and the FDA reconstruction of the results using the datasets with individual visits. (Control in the Viking trial is DTG 50mg QD.)

		TABLE 3.1 A	
	COMPARISON OF N	MAJOR RESULTS FR	ROM 3 SOURCES
TRIAL	ENDPOINT SOURCE	DTG_50mq CC	NTROL
1521	LOGCHG, Day 8		
	Appl. Report	-2.46	.05
	FDA	-2.418	.129
Spring_1	%BLQ,Week 16		
	Appl. Report	47/51=92%	29/50=58%
	FDA	45/50=90%	32/50=64%
	%BLQ,Week 24		
	Appl. Report	47/51=92%	41/50=82%
	Summary Data	47/51=92%	41/50=82%
	FDA	43/50=86%	41/50=82%
Spring_2	(including Kozyre	ev data)	
	%BLQ,Week 48		
	Appl. Report	361/411=88%	351/411=85%
	Summary Data	361/411=87.8%	351/411=85.4%
	FDA	361/411=87.8%	350/411=85.2%
(excluding	g Kozyrev)		
	%BLQ,Week 48		
	Appl. Report	356/403=88%	347/405=86%
	FDA	355/403=88.1%	346/405=85.4%
Single	%BLQ,Week 48		
	Appl. Report	364/414=88%	338/419=81%
	Summary Data	364/414=87.9%	338/419=80.7%
	FDA	364/414=87.9%	339/419=80.9%

TABLE 3.1 A (continued)

		MAJOR RESULTS FF	•
TRIAL	ENDPOINT SOURCE		
Sailing			
3		281/354=79%	252/361=70%
	Summary Data	281/357=78.7%	252/362=69.6%
	FDA	283/357=79.3%	255/362=70.4%
	%BLQ,Week_48		
	Appl. Report	116/164=71%	100/165=61%
	FDA	124/196=63.3%	109/201=54.2%
Viking	LOGCHG, Day 11		
	Appl. Report	-1.76	-1.45
	FDA	-1.73798	-1.41790
	%BLQ,Week_24		
	Appl. Report	19/23=79%	11/27=41%
	Summary DATA	19/24=79.2%	11/27=40.7%
	FDA	17/24=70.8%	12/27=44.4%
	%BLQ,Week_48		
	Appl. Report	17/24=71%	9/27=33%
	Summary Data	17/24=70.8%	9/27=33.3%
	FDA	16/24=66.7%	9/27=33.3%
Viking 3	LOGCHG, Day 8		
	Appl. Report	-1.43	
	FDA	-1.439	
	%BLQ,Week_24		
	Appl. Report		
	FDA	76/114=66.7%	

One can see that for all the results except %BLQ in week 48 in the Sailing trial, the results are inconsequentially different. As mentioned above, for the later visits in Sailing (week 40 and later), it is difficult to tell from the datasets which subjects are missing viral load data because they have not yet reached that time point in the trial. Even for this endpoint, the difference between DTG and the RAL control is small between the two computations.

3.1.2 Comparison of Simple Pooling and Mantel-Haenszel Analyses

There are two issues that affect the computation of the confidence intervals for percent BLQ. First, for the three randomized pivotal trials, Spring 2, Single, and Sailing, the randomization was stratified by baseline covariates. One may analyze the data by simply pooling all the subjects together, ignoring the strata or by the Mantel-Haenszel method, which consists of computing weighted averages of the arm means and differences between arms computed within each stratum. The statistically preferable method is the weighted average of withinstratum results.

Second, when the endpoint is a percentage, there is a choice of how to select the weights. The conventional method is to use the reciprocal of the square of the standard error, giving greater weight to strata with more accurate estimates. The problem with this is that when the endpoint gets close to 100% (or 0%), the weight gets very large. It is possible for a small stratum to have standard error very close to zero and thus very large weight. The FDA statistical reviewer considers this to be undesirable. A conservative approach is to use $.5/\sqrt{N}$ as the standard error in these computations. This is chosen because the largest possible value for the standard error of a percent endpoint is $.5/\sqrt{N}$.

Table 3.1 B gives a comparison of the confidence on the primary endpoints of percent BLQ conducted by the applicant, who used the Mantel-Haenszel weighting with the observed standard errors, and three FDA sensitivity analyses: pooled analysis using the observed standard errors, pooled analyses using the conservative standard errors, and Mantel-Haenszel weighting, using the conservative standard errors. The abbreviations M-H-Obs, M-H-Cons, Pool-Obs, Pool-Cons are used in the table to designate whether Mantel-Haenszel weighting or simple pooling and whether observed or the conservative standard errors were used.

TABLE 3.1 B

COMPARISON OF MANTEL-HAENSZEL AND SIMPLE POOLED ESTIMATES
WITH OBSERVED AND CONSERVATIVE STANDARD ERRORS
PRIMARY ENDPOINTS IN THE STRATIFIED TRIALS

	MEAN	95% LIM	ITS		
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG 50mg	CONTROL
SPRING_2_3086	5_%BLQ_	WEEK_48			
Applicant					
M-H-Obs	2.6%	-1.9%	7.2%	356/403=88%	347/405=86%
FDA					
Pool-Obs	2.7%	-2.0%	7.3%	355/403=88.1%	346/405=85.4%
Pool-Cons	2.7%	-4.2%	9.6%		
M-H-Cons	2.9%	-4.0%	9.8%		
SINGLE_4467_9	BLQ_WE	EK_48			
Applicant					
M-H-Obs	7.4%	2.5%	12.3%	364/414=88%	338/419=81%
FDA					
Pool-Obs	7.0%	2.1%	11.9%	364/414=87.9%	339/419=80.9%
Pool-Cons	7.0%	0.2%	13.8%		
M-H-Cons	7.0%	0.2%	13.8%		
SAILING_1762	_%BLQ_W	IEEK_24			
Applicant					
M-H-Obs	9.7%	3.4%	15.9%	281/354=79%	252/361=70%
FDA					
Pool-Obs	9.0%	2.7%	15.3%	281/354=79.4%	254/361=70.4%
Pool-Cons	9.0%	1.7%	16.3%		
M-H-Cons	9.0%	1.6%	16.3%		

As must occur, the conservative standard error methods give wider confidence intervals but the overall conclusions are never altered. DTG is, with 95% confidence, statistically above the -10% clinical non-inferiority compared to RAL in Spring 2; DTG is statistically significantly superior to EFV in Single and to RAL in Sailing.

3.1.3 Reasons for Failure

Tables 3.1 C-E give the breakdown of successes and failures by reason in the five trials (Spring 2, Single, Sailing, Viking, and Viking 3).

TABLE 3.1 C OUTCOMES IN TREATMENT NAÏVE TRIALS					
SPRING_2_WEEK_48_RA	L_{VS}_{DTC}	3_50mg			
(including Kozyrev)					
OUTCOME	DTG_50n	ng_QD	RAL		
		87.8%			
Viral_Failure			32		
AE/Death	9	2.2%	6	1.5%	
Other_OUTCOME	21	5.1%	23	5.6%	
SPRING_2_WEEK_48_RA (excluding Kozyrev)	L_VS_DTO	G_50mg			
		ng_QD			
			346		
Viral_Failure					
			6		
Other_OUTCOME	20	5.0%	23	5.7%	
SINGLE_WEEK_48_EFV_VS_DTG_50mg OUTCOME DTG 50mg QD EFV					
		.lg_QD 87.9%		an as	
Viral Failure			27		
	9		40		
	20		13		
00100111	20	1.00	± <i>J</i>	J • ± 0	

TABLE 3.1 D

OUTCOMES IN TWO CLASS RESISTANT, INI NAÏVE TRIAL							
SAILING WEEK 24 RAL VS DTG 50mg							
including Kozyrev)							
OUTCOME	DTG 50r	ng QD	RAL	RAL			
Success	283	79.3%	255	70.4%			
Viral_Failure	55	15.4%	84	23.2%			
AE/Death	7	2.0%	9	2.5%			
Other_OUTCOME		3.1%					
Missing_in_window_but_on_study	1	0.3%	3	0.8%			
SAILING_WEEK_24_RAL_VS_DTG_50mg							
(excluding Kozyrev)							
OUTCOME	DTG_50r	mg_QD	RAL				
Success		79.4%					
Viral_Failure		15.5%					
AE/Death		1.7%		2.5%			
Other_OUTCOME	11	3.1% 0.3%	11	3.0%			
Missing_in_window_but_on_study	1	0.3%	3	0.8%			
SAILING_WEEK_48_RAL_VS_DTG_50mg							
OUTCOME	DTG_50r	mg_QD	RAL				
Success		35.9%					
Viral_Failure		13.7%					
AE/Death		2.5%		3.3%			
Other_OUTCOME		4.2%					
Missing_in_window_but_on_study	156	43.7%	160	44.2%			

TABLE 3.1 E

OUTCOMES IN INI RESISTANT TRIALS

		COLCOLL	O TIM TIME IN		TICTITIO		
	VIKING WEEK 24 DT	G BID V	S DTG QD				
	OUTCOME	DTG 50mg BID		DTG 50mg	QD		
			70.8%				
	Viral Failure	7	29.2%	13	48.1%		
	AE/Death				7.4%		
	,						
VIKING WEEK 48 DTG BID VS DTG QD							
	OUTCOME			DTG 50mg	OD		
			66.7%				
	Viral Failure						
		1			7.4%		
	,	_		_			
	VIKING 3 WEEK 24						
	OUTCOME	DTG 50mg BID					
		76					
	Viral Failure						
	AE/Death	5	4.4%				
	ALI/DEALII	J	I. IO				

3.2 Time Course of Viral Load

The following graphs provide a brief summary of the comparative effects of DTG and the control over time in the trials considered.

In these graphs, one will notice the following important points supporting the efficacy of DTG 50mg QD or BID in all three populations studied. In trial 1521, the 50mg QD DTG achieved statistically significant superiority over placebo with respect to change in log HIV for the short duration of the trial.

In trial Spring 1, when DTG 50mg QD was compared to EFV, DTG superiority with respect to both change in log HIV and percent BLQ was not quite statistically significant but was maintained in the long term.

In trial Spring 2, DTG 50mg QD was slightly, but not statistically significantly, superior to RAL throughout the trial. The lower 95% confidence bound for the difference exceeded -10%, establishing non-inferiority to RAL throughout the first 48 weeks.

In trial Single, it is important to notice that the DTG 50mg QD arm was statistically significantly superior to the EFV arm throughout the first 48 weeks with respect to both endpoints examined, change in log HIV and percent BLQ.

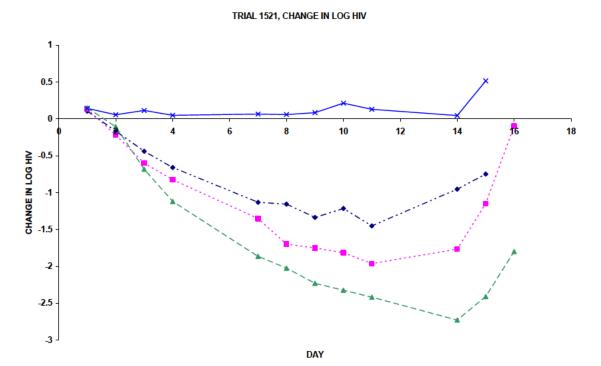
In trial Sailing in two class resistant subjects, the DTG 50mg QD arm was intermittently statistically significantly superior to the RAL arm with respect to both change in log HIV and percent BLQ. With respect to percent BLQ where there is an agreed margin of clinical non-inferiority, DTG 50mg QD was statistically significantly above that margin.

In the INI resistant population, the Viking trial, the DTG 50mg BID cohort showed a clinically important and almost statistically significant superiority to the QD cohort. (Remember that these are enrolled sequentially and are not randomized.)

In the Viking 3 trial, where there a one sample comparison to a constant response of zero, statistically significant superiority was achieved with respect to both log change and percent BLQ throughout the period of observation. In fact, the magnitude of the improvement is comparable to what one expects from an effective three drug HAART regimen in any population.

3.2.1 Treatment Naïve Trials

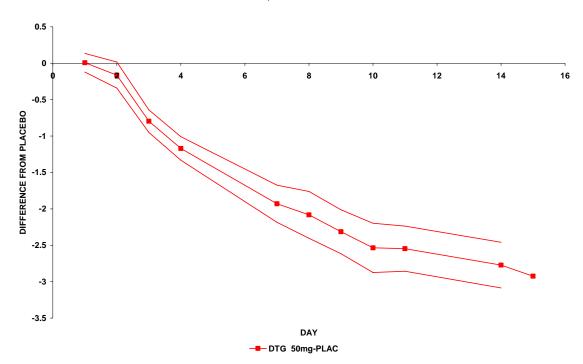
The first graph shows the change in log HIV for the four arms of trial 1521 with the superiority of all four doses over placebo readily apparent.



- → - DTG 2mg qd · · · · DTG 10mg qd · · · DTG 50mg qd · · · PLACEBO

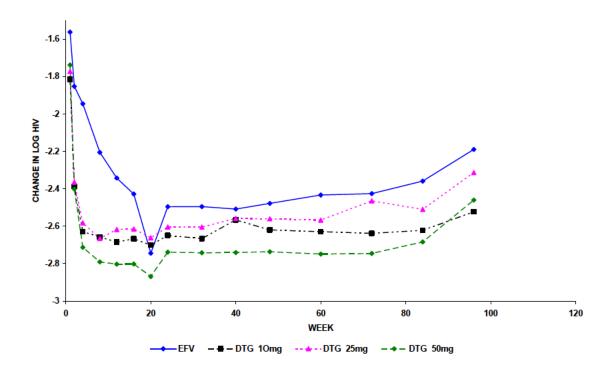
The second graph shows the point estimates and 95% confidence limits for the difference between DTG_50mg and placebo. Negative values correspond to larger decreases so the statistical superiority of DTG to placebo is again readily apparent.

TRIAL 1521, CHANGE IN LOG HIV



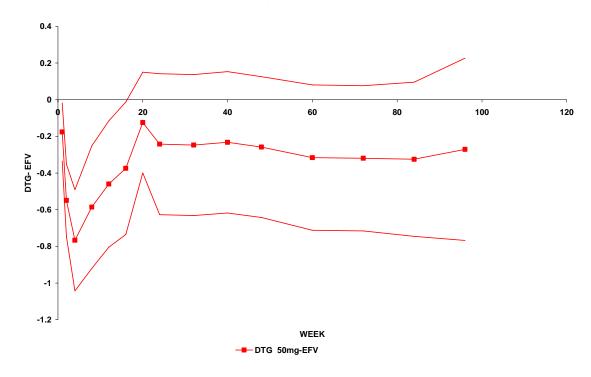
The next graph shows the time course of change in log HIV for the Spring 1 trial. The EFV control does most poorly of the four arms although it does clearly reduce viral load. The 50 mg dose of DTG is the best of the four arms.

TRIAL SPRING 1



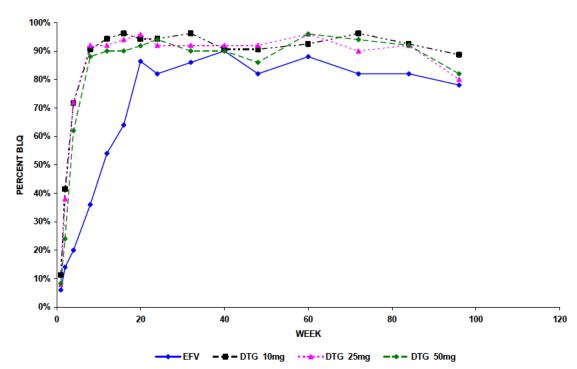
The next graph shows the point estimates and 95% confidence limits for the difference in log change between 50mg DTG and EFV. One can see that the DTG superiority is not quite statistically significant but is maintained in the long term.

SPRING 1, CHANGE IN LOG HIV



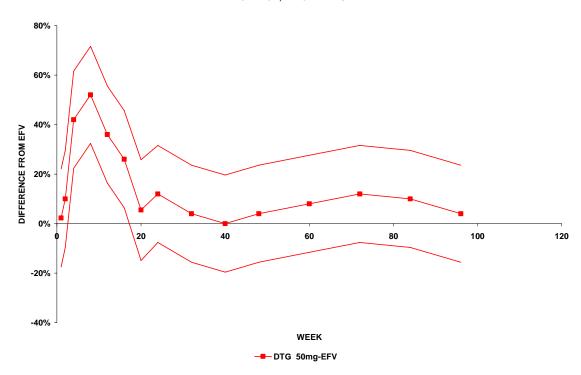
The next graph shows the percent BLQ over time in Spring 1. Interestingly, all three DTG doses seem to do equally well and slightly, but not statistically significantly, better than EFV.



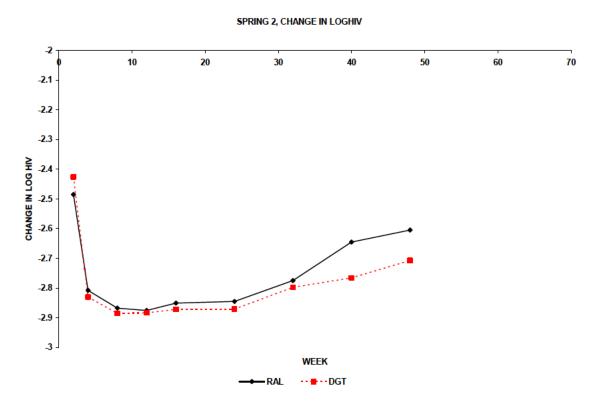


This graph gives the point estimates and 95% confidence limits for the difference between 50mg DTG and EFV in %BLQ. The lower bound is not quite >-10% and thus not quite high enough for statistical non-inferiority.

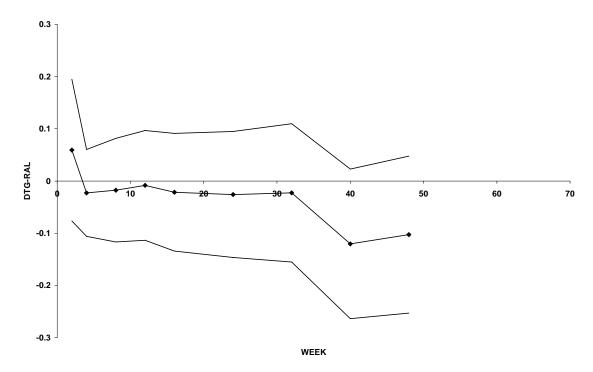




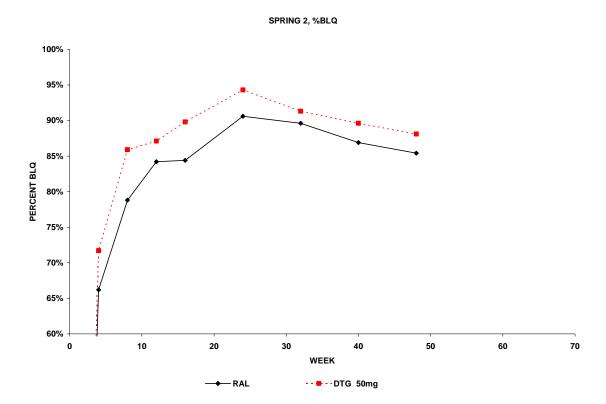
The next two graphs show the change in log HIV in the DTG and RAL arms of Spring 2 and the point estimates and 95% confidence intervals for the DTG-RAL difference in change in log HIV.



SPRING 2, CHANGE IN LOGHIV

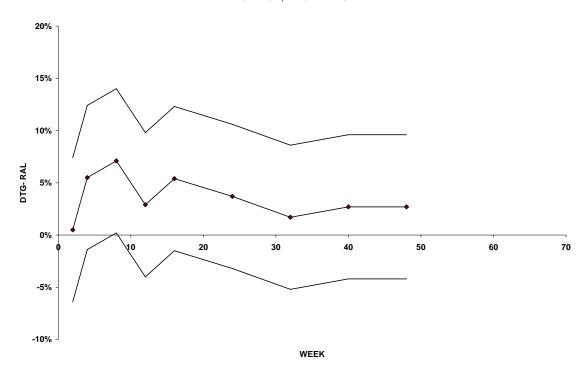


The next two graphs will show the %BLQ for the DTG and RAL arms in trial Spring 2 and the point estimates and 95% confidence limits for their difference.



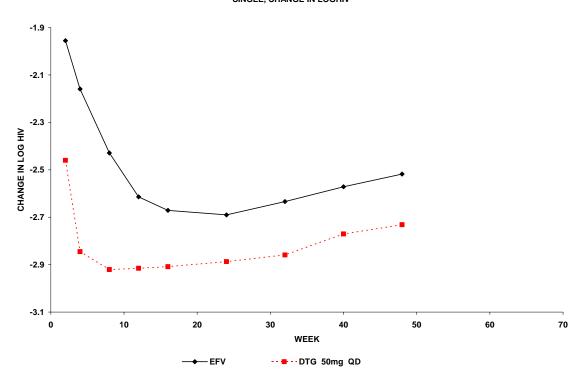
In this graph of the 95% confidence limits around the DTG-RAL difference, one does see that the lower bound exceeds -10%, providing statistically convincing evidence of non-inferiority throughout the first 48 weeks.

SPRING 2, PERCENT BLQ

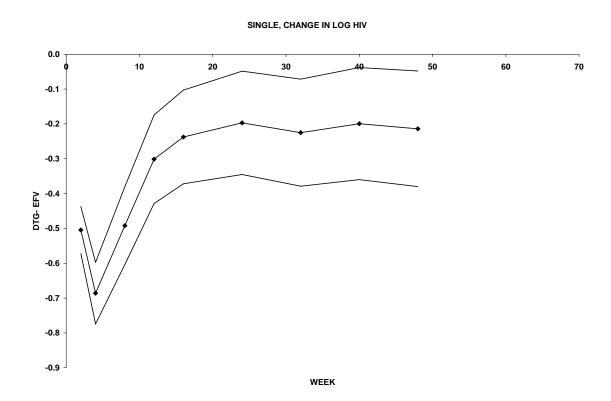


The next four graphs will repeat the previous four graphs for the other pivotal trial in treatment naïve subjects, Single. Change in log HIV and the 95% limits for change in log HIV are given first.

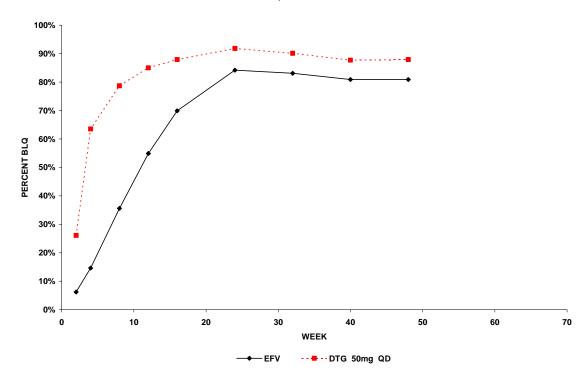




It is important to notice that the DTG 50mg QD arm was statistically significantly superior to the EFV arm throughout the first 48 weeks. Recall negative values in the difference correspond to larger decrease in viral load with DTG.

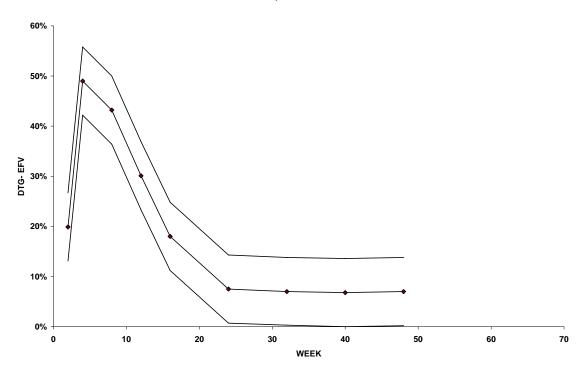


SINGLE, PERCENT BLQ



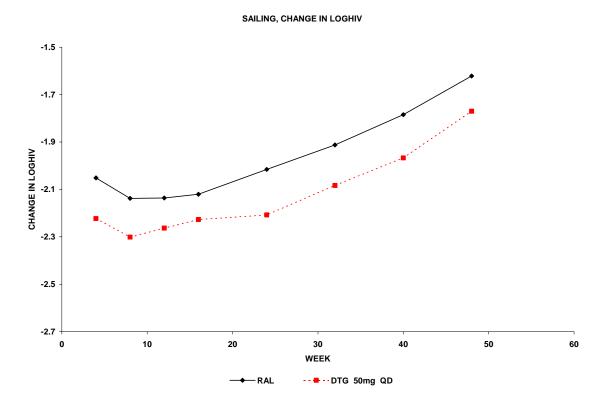
Again, the plot of 95% confidence limits for the difference in %BLQ shows a statistically significant superiority of DTG to ${\sf EFV}$.



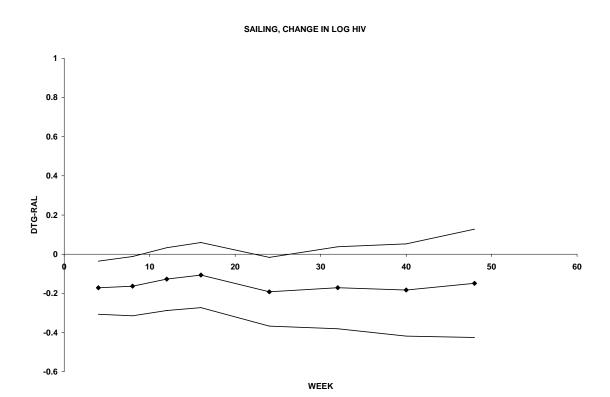


3.2.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trials

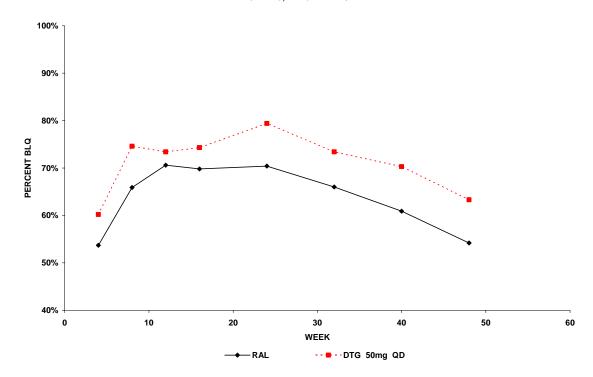
The next four graphs will give the time course of change in log HIV for DTG and RAL in the Sailing trial, the 95% confidence limits for the difference in change in log HIV, the %BLQ over time in both arms, and the 95% confidence limits for the difference in %BLQ.



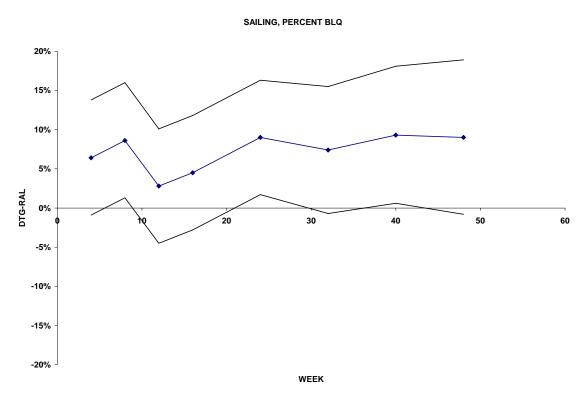
It is worth noting in this graph of the 95% confidence limits on the difference in the change in log HIV that the DTG 50mg QD arm is intermittently statistically significantly superior to the RAL arm.



SAILING, PERCENT BLQ

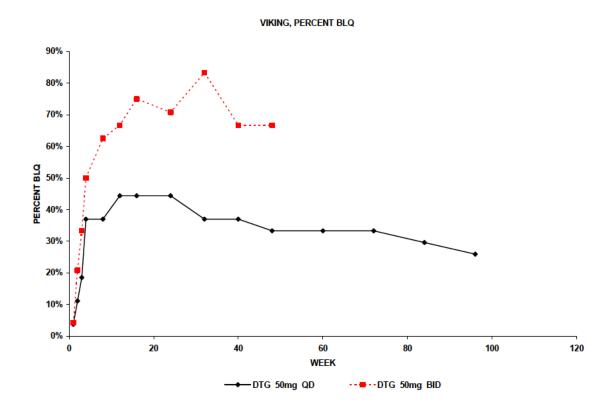


Again, it is important to notice that the DTG arm is almost statistically superior to the RAL arm throughout the first 48 weeks. The 95% lower bound for DTG-RAL is always comfortably above the non-inferiority margin of -10% and intermittently above the superiority margin of 0%.

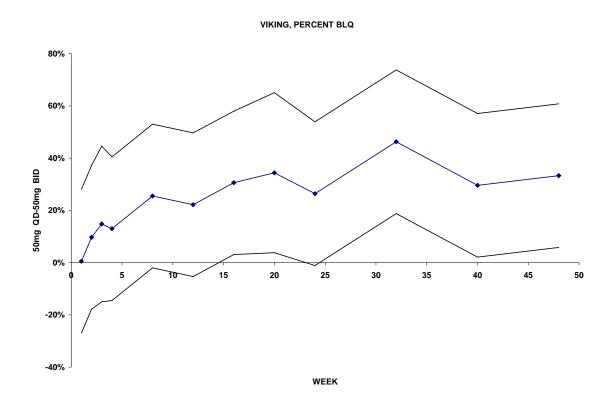


3.2.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials

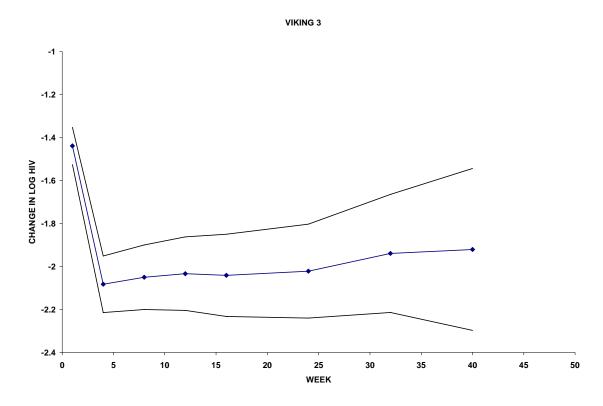
The first two graphs give the %BLQ in the two cohorts of the Viking trial, DTG 50mg QD and BID. Remember that these are enrolled sequentially and are not randomized. This accounts for the shorter duration of the observation of the BID cohort. Nonetheless, one will notice a much higher response rate in the BID cohort.



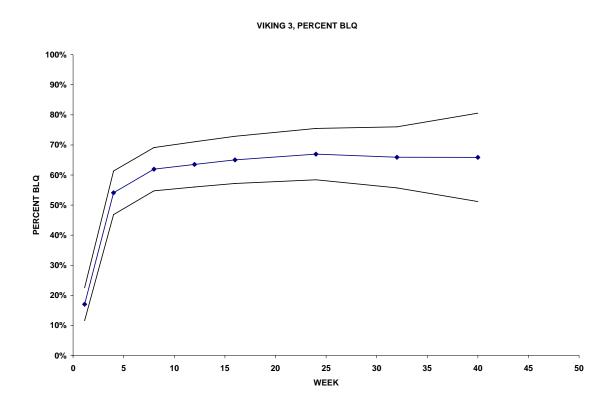
One will notice that the BID cohort (in a non-randomized but still statistically reasonable comparison) is very close to statistically significant superiority over the QD cohort. Given the non-randomized nature of the comparison, some checking for any differences in baseline covariates between the cohorts (see below) is desirable.



The last two graphs give the point estimates and 95% confidence limits for the change in log HIV and for the percent BLQ for the Viking 3 trial. The only comparator in this trial is constant zero so statistically significant superiority is achieved by confidence limits <0 for log change and >0 for percent BLQ. Both are clearly achieved comfortably throughout the period of observation.



In fact, one can see with both change in log HIV and percent BLQ, the magnitude of the improvement is comparable to what one expects from an effective three drug HAART regimen. This would suggest that even in this advanced population, one does not lose much in the way of efficacy even compared to first regimen on treatment naïve subjects.



3.3 Effect of Covariates on Cohort Comparison in Viking

One concern about the comparison of the BID and QD cohorts in the Viking trial is that these are sequential, non-randomized assignments. One is therefore still in doubt about the superiority of the BID regimen to the QD regimen. The FDA reviewer has examined those baseline covariate which are available and likely to be associated with response. The covariates examined included age, sex, baseline viral load, baseline CD4 count, and baseline fold change in IC50.

The FDA reviewer ran a logistic regression of percent BLQ on treatment (BID or QD), the selected covariate, and the interaction term or terms (for categorical covariates with more than two levels). The conclusion were as follows. The observed odds ratio for BLQ, comparing BID to QD, was 3.036. That is, the odds of a subject's being BLQ at week 24 when the subject was on the BID regimen were 3.036 times the odds of being BLQ on the QD regimen. When baseline covariates were included among the predictors of the logistic model, the fitted odds of being BLQ on the BID regimen varied between 2.098 and 3.486 times the odds of being BLQ on the QD regimen. In other words, the benefit was nearly the same, regardless of adjustment for covariates. None of the interaction terms in the fitted models were statistically significant (the smallest p-value was .17.)

3.4 Change in CD4 Count

The following graphs are intended to show that the pattern of change in CD4 count reflects the above demonstrated change in log HIV. Missing data in CD4 are treated differently from missing HIV data. Because CD4 count changes more slowly than HIV levels, missing CD4 data have been replaced by previous observation carried forward. In the Sailing and Viking trials, because all subjects have not reached the later time points, late missing data have been left missing.

One should observe these salient features in the following graphs. In the Spring 1 trial, all four doses of DTG are similar and slightly superior to EFV. However, there is not an apparent dose response relationship among the DTG doses as there was for HIV response. The observed superiority of DTG to EFV is close to, but not at, statistical significance.

The CD4 count for the DTG and RAL regimens in the Spring 2 trial are nearly identical. One can be reasonably confident that the DTG regimen is no more than 30-35 cells/ml worse than the RAL regimen.

In the Single trial, the DTG regimen is statistically significantly superior to the EFV regimen throughout the trial. This confirms the findings with the HIV endpoints in this trial.

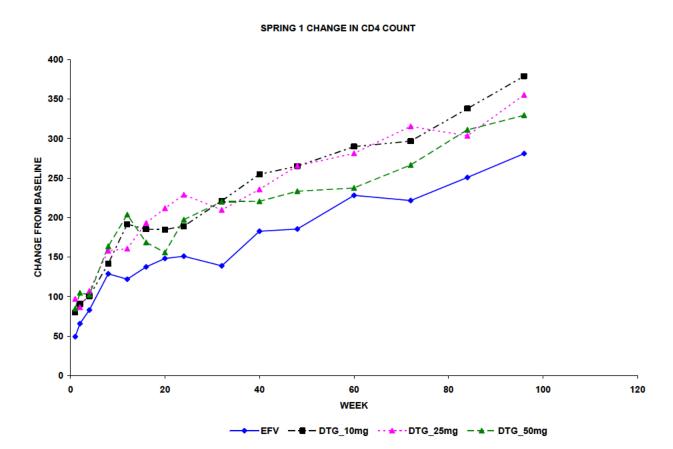
In the Sailing trial in two class resistant subjects, the DTG and RAL CD4 responses are nearly identical, as was the case with the same drugs in naïve subjects (Spring 2 trial). One can be confident that the DTG regimen is no more than 20 cells/ml worse than the RAL regimen among the resistant subjects.

In the Viking trial, the separation between the two cohorts, BID and QD, was not as noticeable with respect CD4 count clear as was the case with the HIV endpoint. The statistical superiority of the BID regimen takes longer to emerge and is less clear with the CD4 endpoint than it was with the HIV endpoint. This may be due to the fact that CD4 count responds more slowly to effective treatment than does HIV.

In the one arm Viking 3 trial, one can be confident that this highly resistant population will experience a gain of at least 50-60 cells/ml in CD4 count with DTG at 50mg BID.

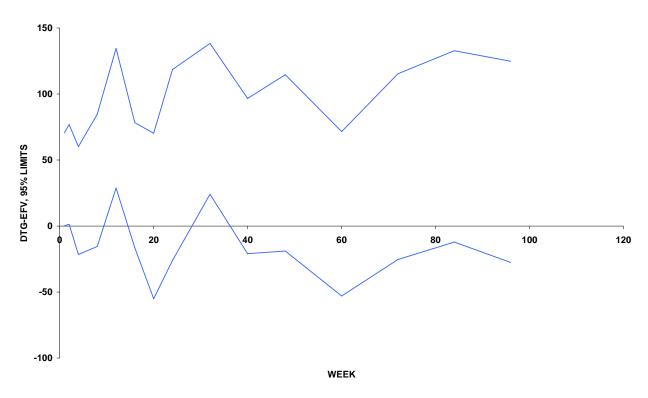
3.4.1 Treatment Naïve Trials

The first graph gives the change from baseline in all four arms of the Spring 1 trial. One will notice that all four doses of DTG are similar and slightly superior to EFV. There is not an apparent dose response relationship among the DTG doses as there was for HIV response.



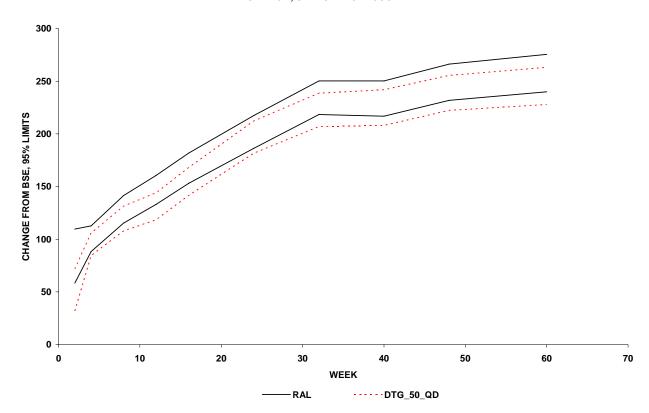
The second graph shows the 95% confidence limits for the difference DTG_50mg - EFV on the change from baseline in CD4 count. One will notice that, as was the case with HIV, the observed superiority of DTG to EFV is close to, but not at, statistical significance.

SPRING 1 CHANGE IN CD4 COUNT



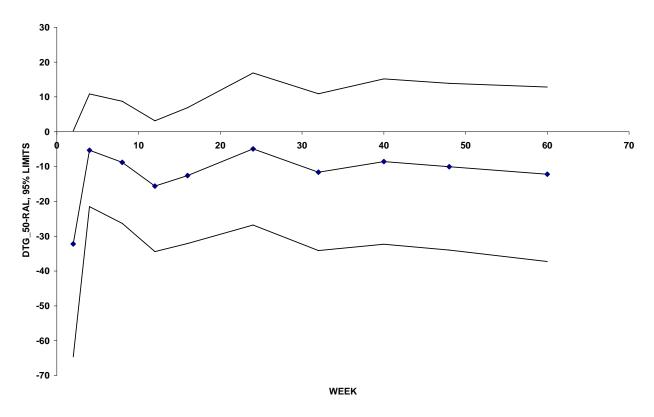
The next graph shows the 95% confidence bands for the change in CD4 count in the DTG and RAL arms of the Spring 2 trial. They nearly overlap perfectly.





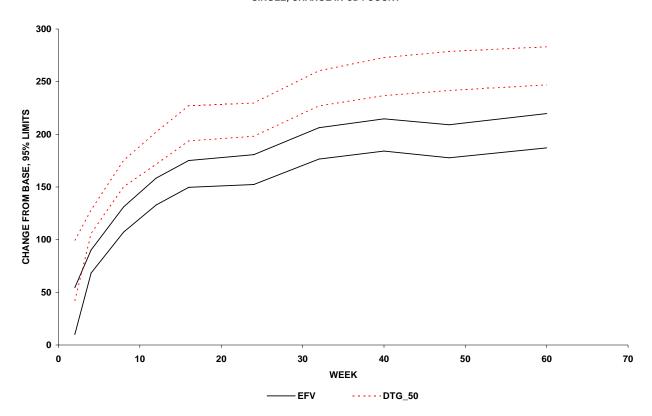
This graph shows the point estimate and 95% confidence limits for the difference, DTG-RAL, in change in CD4 count in the Spring 2 trial. One can be reasonably confident that the DTG regimen is no more than 30-35 cells/ml worse than the RAL regimen.

SPRING 2, CHANGE IN CD4 COUNT



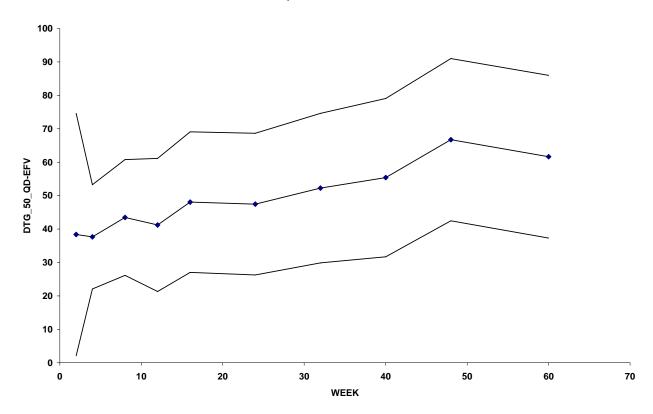
This graph shows the 95% confidence bounds for the change in CD4 count in the DTG and EFV arms of the Single trial. One will notice that the bands do not overlap and that the DTG regimen is superior.





This graph gives the point estimate and 95% confidence limits for The difference, DTG-EFV, in change in CD4 count in the Single trial. The DTG regimen is statistically significantly superior throughout the trial. This confirms the findings with the HIV endpoints in this trial.

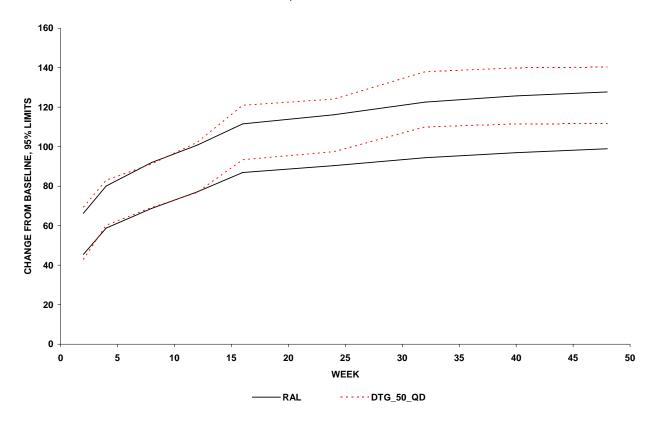
SNGLE, CHANGE IN CD4 COUNT



3.4.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trial

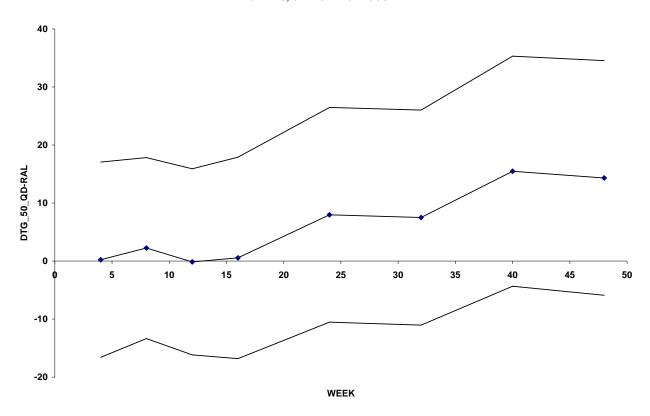
This graph shows the 95% confidence bounds for the change in CD4 count in the DTG and RAL arms of the Sailing trial in two class resistant subjects. As was the case with DTG and RAL in naïve subjects (Spring 2 trial), the bands nearly overlap.

SAILING, CHANGE IN CD4 COUNT



This graph shows the point estimate and 95% confidence limits for the difference, DTG-RAL, in change in CD4 count. As was the case in the Spring 2 trial and with the HIV endpoints in this trial, there is no statistically confirmed difference. Nonetheless, one can be confident that the DTG regimen is no more than 20 cells/ml worse than the RAL regimen.

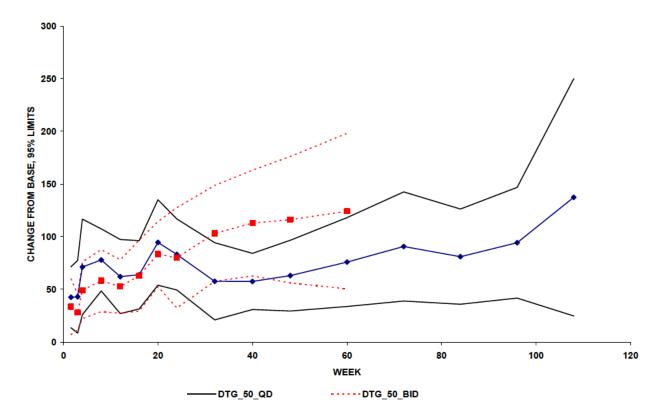
SAILING, CHANGE IN CD4 COUNT



3.4.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials

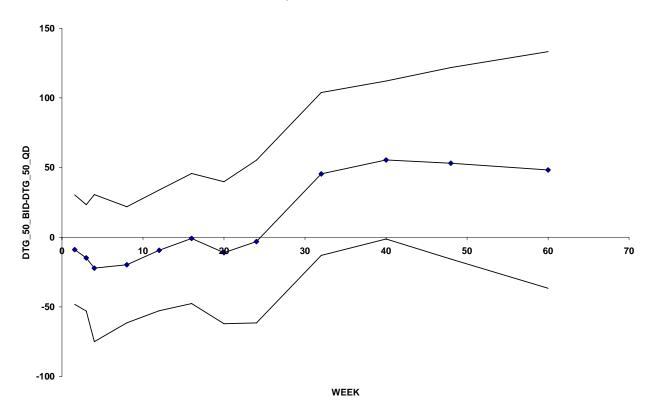
This graph shows the point estimate and the 95% confidence bounds for the two cohorts, DTG_50mg BID and QD, in the Viking trial. Because the QD cohort was recruited earlier, the band for that cohort extends later. Looking only at the 95% bands, the separation between the two cohorts is not as clear as was the case with the HIV endpoint. Therefore, this graph also includes the point estimates where one can see the beginnings of the separation.

VIKING, CHANGE IN CD4 COUNT



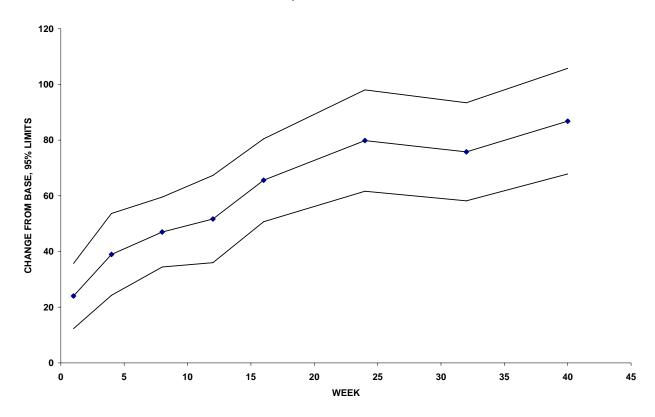
This graph shows the point estimate and 95% confidence bounds for the difference, BID-QD, in change in CD4 count for the Viking trial. (Notice that the x-axis in this graph stops where the BID cohort stopped in the previous graph. The x-axis in that graph extended further.) The statistical superiority of the BID regimen is less clear with the CD4 endpoint than it was with the HIV endpoint. This may be due to the fact that CD4 count responds more slowly to effective treatment than does HIV.

VIKING, CHANGE IN CD4 COUNT



This last graph shows the point estimate and 9% confidence bounds for the change in CD4 count on the DTG_50mg BID in the one arm Viking 3 trial. There is nothing (other than constant zero) to compare the DTG to in this trial. Nonetheless, one can be confident that this highly resistant population will experience a gain of at least 50-60 cells/ml in CD4 count with DTG at 50mg BID.

VIKING 3, CHANGE IN CD4 COUNT



3.5 Change in Lipids

These tables contain the analyses of lipids for the trials Spring 2, Single, and Sailing. The site run by Kozyrev has been excluded from the Spring 2 and Sailing tables. The tables give the lipid levels for cholesterol, LDL cholesterol, HDL cholesterol, and triglycerides, in mg/dl by visit. For each lipid and each visit, the FDA reviewer computed the mean lipid level for each arm (DTG or RAL in Spring 2 and Sailing, DTG or EFV in Single). Also computed were the difference mean cholesterol between the two arms (DTG-control), and the upper and lower 95% confidence limits for the difference. Finally, the sample sizes in each arm age also given.

Missing values have been dealt with in four ways. The first computation uses just the observed cases, with data collected from subjects who started a lipid lowering agent being discarded after the start of that agent. The second computation uses last observation carried forward (LOCF) from time of last visit or last visit prior to start of lipid lowering agent.

The FDA reviewer was concerned that both of these methods may be flawed. Potential problems include the possibility that subjects with the worst lipid problems may start lipid lowering agent that mask their continued worsening and that subjects dropping out for safety or lack of efficacy may also perform differently from those who continue their regimen without change. The third and fourth computations give two tentative attempts to adjust for these problems. The third computation found the change in lipid level between the last and penultimate visits and added that change to the last observation for each subsequent missed visit. The fourth computation was similar except that instead of adding the last change to the last visit, it added the average of the change between the last and the penultimate visit and the change between the penultimate and ante-penultimate visits. To clarify how this computation was done, consider the following subject. The observed data are as follows.

VISIT	CHOL
DAY_1	208.817
WEEK_12	259.087
WEEK_24	276.489
WEEK_32	249.420
WEEK_48	•
WEEK 60	

The last change is -27.07 = 249.42-276.489 and the next to last change is +17.4 = 276.489-259.087. The average of the last two changes is thus

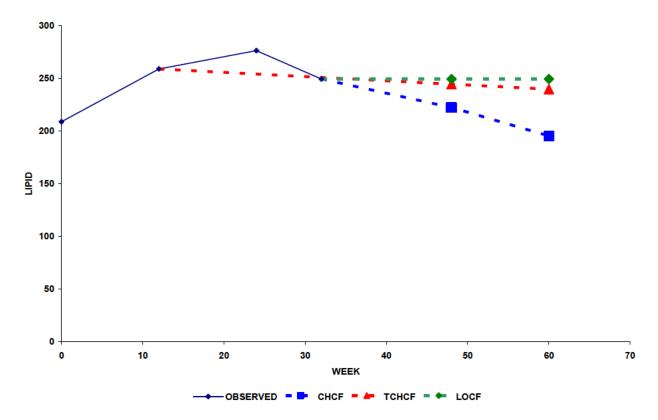
(17.4-27.07)/2 = -4.83. This yields the following imputed values for the last two missing observations:

LOCF CHANGE_CF TWO_CHANGE_CF WEEK_48 249.420 222.351 244.586 WEEK_60 249.420 195.282 239.753

LOCF is just 249.42 for both values, the CHANGE_CF assumes that there would have been a further change of -27.07 at each of the next two visits; the TWO_CHANGE_CF assumes that there would have been a further change of -4.83, on average, over each of the next two visits.

The logic of these last two methods is that if lipid was changing at the time of drop-out, it would have continued to change in a similar manner if the regimen had been continued unchanged and measurements had actually been collected. One method just uses the last change observed, the second assumes that the average change over the last three visits is a better estimate of the continuing change. The three methods of extrapolating missing data for the above subject are illustrated graphically here. The solid lines are the observed data; the dotted lines and heavy squares, diamonds, triangles are the extrapolated values.

SAMPLE SUBJECT, HANDLING MISSING DATA



In the tables below, the four different methods of dealing with missing data are presented in succession for each of the four lipids. After that, the same computations are presented with the change from baseline. Thus the sequence of computations is weekly cholesterol, weekly HDL, weekly LDL, weekly triglycerides, change from baseline in cholesterol, change from baseline in HDL, change from baseline in LDL and change from baseline in triglycerides. This sequence is repeated for each trial: Spring 2, Single, Sailing.

	CHOLESTEROL	OBSERVED					
VISIT	DIFF_CHOL	LOWER	UPPER	CHOL_DTG	CHOL_RAL	N_RAL	N_DTG
WEEK_12	1.78276	-3.61679	7.1823	165.534	$16\overline{3}.751$	385	3 86
WEEK_24	2.20548	-3.00053	7.4115	166.755	164.550		385
WEEK_32	1.31269	-4.20528	6.8307	166.434			380
WEEK_48	1.72335		7.3649				366
WEEK_60	4.34299	-3.29307	11.9790	170.364	166.021	154	169
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF CHOL	LOWER	UPPER	CHOL DTG	CHOL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	$1.\overline{0}1027$	-4.27771	6.29825	164.866	163.856	- 412	$\frac{-}{4}$ 08
WEEK 24	2.07183	-3.00716	7.15082	166.192	164.121	409	406
WEEK 32	1.79997	-3.47313	7.07307	166.199	164.399	412	406
WEEK 48	2.52117	-2.79650	7.83883	170.915	168.393	406	407
WEEK_60	2.69668	-2.57977	7.97313	171.327	168.630	409	405
CHANGE CE	₹						
VISIT -		LOWER	UPPER	CHOL DTG	CHOL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	$1.\overline{0}1027$	-4.27771	6.2983	164.866	163.856	- 412	$\frac{-}{4}$ 08
WEEK 24	2.13004	-3.09411	7.3542	166.523	164.393	409	406
WEEK_24 WEEK 32	2.13004 2.07190	-3.09411 -3.65284	7.3542 7.7966				406 406
_		-3.65284		166.523	164.754	412	
WEEK_32	2.07190	-3.65284	7.7966	166.523 166.826	164.754	412	406
WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60	2.07190 3.29583 4.84371	-3.65284 -3.03908	7.7966 9.6307	166.523 166.826 171.946	164.754 168.650	412 406	406 407
WEEK_32 WEEK_48	2.07190 3.29583 4.84371 GE_CF	-3.65284 -3.03908	7.7966 9.6307	166.523 166.826 171.946 176.534	164.754 168.650 171.690	412 406 409	406 407 405
WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60	2.07190 3.29583 4.84371	-3.65284 -3.03908 -2.81332	7.7966 9.6307 12.5007	166.523 166.826 171.946	164.754 168.650	412 406 409	406 407
WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60 TWO_CHANG VISIT	2.07190 3.29583 4.84371 GE_CF DIFF_CHOL	-3.65284 -3.03908 -2.81332 LOWER	7.7966 9.6307 12.5007 UPPER	166.523 166.826 171.946 176.534	164.754 168.650 171.690 CHOL_RAL	412 406 409 N_RAL 412	406 407 405 N_DTG
WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60 TWO_CHANG VISIT WEEK_12	2.07190 3.29583 4.84371 GE_CF DIFF_CHOL 1.01027	-3.65284 -3.03908 -2.81332 LOWER -4.27771	7.7966 9.6307 12.5007 UPPER 6.29825	166.523 166.826 171.946 176.534 CHOL_DTG 164.866	164.754 168.650 171.690 CHOL_RAL 163.856	412 406 409 N_RAL 412 409	406 407 405 N_DTG 408
WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60 TWO_CHANG VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24	2.07190 3.29583 4.84371 GE_CF DIFF_CHOL 1.01027 2.10093	-3.65284 -3.03908 -2.81332 LOWER -4.27771 -3.03434	7.7966 9.6307 12.5007 UPPER 6.29825 7.23620	166.523 166.826 171.946 176.534 CHOL_DTG 164.866 166.358	164.754 168.650 171.690 CHOL_RAL 163.856 164.257	412 406 409 N_RAL 412 409	406 407 405 N_DTG 408 406

VISIT WEEK 12	$-1.\overline{7}4468$ -1.60716 -1.53422	LOWER -5.60540 -5.38377 -5.71354	UPPER 2.11604 2.16946 2.64509	CHG_CHOL_DTG 0.67727 1.90808 1.53894 6.40302	3.07317 7.73155	361 354 341	N_DTG 354 350 345 335 151
LOCF VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60	-1. 6 3065 -1.42376 -0.91118	LOWER -5.28663 -5.08527 -4.87347 -4.47326 -4.82490	UPPER 2.02533 2.23775 3.05111 3.42263 3.10868	2.03724 2.35058 6.93652	CHG_CHOL_RAL 2.27688 3.46099 3.26175 7.46183 8.01306	384	N_DTG 371 369 369 370 368
CHANGE_CF VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60	DIFF_CHOL -1.63065 -1.27224 -0.50862	LOWER -5.28663 -5.23848 -5.21590 -5.15731 -5.50561	2.02533 2.69400 4.19866	$0.6\overline{4}62$ 2.4009 3.0401 7.9179	3.5488 7.6061	384 381 384	N_DTG 371 369 369 370 368
TWO_CHANG VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60		LOWER -5.28663 -5.13917 -5.02738 -4.89451 -5.91028	2.02533 2.44317 3.57321	0.6462 2.2191		384 381 384	N_DTG 371 369 369 370 368

SPRING 2 H	DL OBSERVED						
VISIT	DIFF_HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL_DTG	$\mathtt{HDL}_{\mathtt{RAL}}$	N_RAL	N_DTG
WEEK_12	$0.4\overline{0}699$	-1.31179	2.12578	45 . 9369	$45.\overline{5}299$	385	3 86
WEEK_24	0.13305	-1.70898	1.97508	47.3358	47.2028	377	385
WEEK_32	0.38573	-1.38881	2.16027	47.2006	46.8148	364	379
WEEK_48	0.33596	-1.57245	2.24436	46.9510	46.6150	344	366
WEEK_60	-0.42569	-3.13035	2.27898	46.1337	46.5594	154	169
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL DTG	HDL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-0.2\overline{0}227$	-1.91367	1.50912	45.5810	$45.\overline{7}833$	- 412	$\frac{1}{4}$ 08
WEEK 24	-0.31091	-2.12956	1.50774	46.9399	47.2509	409	406
WEEK 32	0.01083	-1.74038	1.76204	46.8754	46.8646	412	405
WEEK 48	-0.12062	-1.94427	1.70303	46.6507	46.7714	406	407
WEEK_60	0.19192	-1.65088	2.03472	47.1762	46.9842	409	405
CHANGE CF							
VISIT -	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL DTG	HDL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-0.2\overline{0}227$	-1.91367	1.50912	45.5810	$45.\overline{7}833$	412	$\overline{4}$ 08
WEEK 24	-0.24007	-2.08124	1.60111	46.9304	47.1705	409	406
WEEK_32	0.11801	-1.73681	1.97283	46.8859	46.7679	412	405
WEEK 48	0.07454	-1.98412	2.13321	46.6878	46.6133	406	407
WEEK_60	0.51748	-2.00717	3.04214	47.4989	46.9814	409	405
TWO CHANGE	CF						
VISĪT	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL DTG	HDL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-0.2\overline{0}227$	-1.91367	1.50912	45.5810	45.7833	412	$\overline{4}$ 08
WEEK 24	-0.27549	-2.10327	1.55229	46.9352	47.2107	409	406
WEEK_32	0.05358	-1.74735	1.85451	46.9608	46.9073	412	405
WEEK_48	-0.03203	-1.96626	1.90219	46.8422	46.8742	406	407
WEEK_60	0.22599	-1.91625	2.36823	47.5662	47.3402	409	405

SPRING 2 H	IDL CHANGE F	ROM BASELINE	OBSERVED				
VISIT	DIFF HDL			HDL DTG CHG	HDL RALN	RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-0.1\overline{2}834$	-1.44933		$-1.\overline{5}0200$	$-1.\overline{6}3034$	361	354
WEEK_24	-0.49292	-1.93923	0.95340	3.07038	3.56330	354	350
WEEK_32	-0.03877	-1.52088	1.44334	2.73161	2.77039	341	344
WEEK 48	-0.00974	-1.51745	1.49797	2.68033	2.69007	322	335
WEEK_60	-0.46598	-2.70686	1.77491	2.33555	2.80153	143	151
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER CHG	HDL DTG CHG	HDI, RAIN	RAT	N DTG
WEEK 12	-0.09951	-1.35187		1.43318	1.53269		371
WEEK 24	-0.33122	-1.71437	1.05193			381	369
WEEK 32	0.13573	-1.26747	1.53893			384	368
WEEK 48	0.06795	-1.32551	1.46141				
WEEK_60	0.07364	-1.34744	1.49473		2.85811	381	368
CHANCE CE							
CHANGE_CF VISIT	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER CHG	HDL DTG CHG	IIDI DAI	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	-0.09951	-1.35187	1.15285	1.43318	1.53269	N_KAL 384	N_DIG 371
WEEK_12 WEEK 24	-0.27370	-1.69675	1.14935			381	369
_	0.23490	-1.31192	1.78172			384	368
	0.21587	-1.48914					370
WEEK_48 WEEK 60	0.31470	-1.46914	2.56469		2.81041	378	368
WEEK_00	0.31470	-1.93530	2.36469	3.12311	2.01041	301	300
TWO_CHANGE	_CF						
VISIT		LOWER		HDL_DTG CHG	_HDL_RAL	N_RA	
WEEK_12	-0.09951	-1.35187	1.15285	$-1.\overline{4}3318$	1.53269	38	371
WEEK_24	-0.30246	-1.70253	1.09761				369
WEEK_32	0.17590	-1.31318	1.66499		2.64394		368
	0.14979	-1.43044	1.73002		2.67415		78 370
WEEK_60	0.09850	-1.75804	1.95503	3.30322	3.20472	2 38	368

SPRING 2	LDL OBSERVE	D					
VISIT	DIFF_LDL	LOWER	UPPER	LDL_DTG	LDL_RAL	N_RAL	N_DTG
WEEK_12	$2.4\overline{3}742$	-2.06442	6.9393	$9\overline{6}.201$	$9\overline{3}.7635$	3 79	383
WEEK_24	2.73322	-1.51046	6.9769	96.382	93.6489	375	381
WEEK_32	1.03000	-3.32916	5.3892	94.856	93.8264	359	375
WEEK_48	2.12039	-2.39961	6.6404	101.133	99.0128	340	362
WEEK_60	5.45418	-1.14490	12.0533	101.653	96.1992	153	169
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER	LDL DTG	LDL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	2.10738	-2.27299	6.48775	95.762	93.6546	409	406
WEEK 24	3.43259	-0.70389	7.56906	96.134	92.7010	407	404
WEEK 32	1.99962	-2.17765	6.17688	94.851	92.8516	411	403
WEEK 48	2.66893	-1.62977	6.96763	99.827	97.1582	406	405
WEEK_60	3.64657	-0.70762	8.00076	100.764	97.1178	409	404
CHANGE CE	7						
VISIT	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER	LDL DTG	LDL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	2.16132	-2.21456	6.5372	95.762	93.6006	410	406
WEEK_12 WEEK 24	3.72390	-0.47991	7.9277	96.340	92.6165	407	404
WEEK 32	2.59407	-1.82008	7.0082	95.180	92.5863	411	403
WEEK_48	3.57920	-1.27715	8.4355	100.100	96.5211	406	405
WEEK_60	5.69477	-0.21943	11.6090	104.270	98.5748	409	404
_							
TWO_CHANG	_						
VISIT	${ t DIFF_LDL}$	LOWER	UPPER	$\mathtt{LDL}_\mathtt{DTG}$	$\mathtt{LDL}\mathtt{_RAL}$	N_RAL	N_DTG
WEEK_12	$2.1\overline{6}132$	-2.21456	6.53721	$9\overline{5}.762$	93.6006	$\overline{4}10$	$40\overline{6}$
WEEK_24	3.57824	-0.58464	7.74112	96.237	92.6587	407	404
WEEK_32	2.16380	-2.11100	6.43860	95.142	92.9777	411	403
WEEK_48	2.70897	-1.79903	7.21697	100.229	97.5197	406	405
WEEK_60	3.33512	-1.67493	8.34517	102.705	99.3695	409	404

SPRING 2	LDL CHANGE E	FROM BASELINE	OBSERVED				
VISIT	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER CH	G LDL DTG C	HG LDL RAL N F	RAL 1	I DTG
WEEK 12	-0.6 5 830	-3.69383	2.37722	$-1.\overline{5}3467$	-0.87637	353	_ 351
WEEK 24	-0.28001	-3.19905	2.63902	-1.38138	-1.10137	349	346
WEEK 32	-1.63455	-4.83466	1.56556	-3.06174	-1.42718	333	340
WEEK 48	-0.42776				2.85542	315	331
WEEK_60	0.76188	-4.37728	5.90104	4.26136	3.49948	141	151
LOCF							
VISIT	${ t DIFF_LDL}$	LOWER			HG_LDL_RAL N_F		I_DTG
WEEK_12	$-0.7\overline{5}989$	-3.60400	2.08423	$-1.\overline{5}7613$	-0.81625	379	_ 369
WEEK_24	-0.11344	-2.90771	2.68082	-1.25914	-1.14569		367
WEEK_32	-1.41118	-4.41508	1.59272	-2.28532			366
WEEK_48	-0.50427	-3.56919	2.56064	2.70583	3.21011		368
WEEK_60	0.14502	-2.98109	3.27114	3.47185	3.32683	378	367
CHANGE CF							
VISIT	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER CH	G LDL DTG C	HG LDL RAL N F	RAT, N	I DTG
WEEK 12	-0.75989	-3.60400	2.08423	-1.57613	-0.81625	379	369
WEEK 24	0.23654	-2.71014		-1.03154			367
WEEK 32	-0.74451	-4.15189			-1.17841		366
	0.38422	-3.50845	4.27688	2.90549	2.52127	375	368
WEEK 60	2.54994	-2.62945	7.72933	7.12177	4.57183	378	367
_							
TWO CHANG	E CF						
VISĪT	_ DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER CH	G LDL DTG	CHG LDL RAL	N RAI	
WEEK 12	-0.7 5 989	-3.60400	2.08423	-1.57613	-0.81625	<u>3</u> 79	36 9
WEEK 24	0.06155	-2.79728	2.92037	-1.14534	-1.20689	376	367
WEEK 32	-1.21928	-4.43084	1.99227	-1.96571	-0.74643	380	366
WEEK_48	-0.45802	-3.92689	3.01086	3.13982	3.59783	375	368
WEEK_60	-0.01531	-4.20058	4.16997	5.59078	5.60609	378	367

SPRING 2	TRIGLYCERIDE	S OBSERVED					
VISIT	DIFF TRIG	LOWER	UPPER	TRIG DTG	TRIG RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	-7. 6 0858	-18.5223	3.3052	116.028	123. 6 36	38 5	386
WEEK 24	-5.90162	-16.0528	4.2496	113.070	118.971	377	385
WEEK 32	-2.27785	-13.4885	8.9328	120.405	122.683	364	380
WEEK 48	0.43910	-14.4513	15.3295	123.705	123.266	344	366
WEEK_60	-4.56419	-18.3786	9.2502	112.641	117.205	154	169
_							
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF_TRIG	LOWER	UPPER	TRIG_DTG	TRIG_RAL	N_RAL	<u>-</u>
WEEK_12	$-8.\overline{3}8804$	-18.9450	2.1689	115.899	$124.\overline{2}87$	$41\overline{2}$	408
WEEK_24	-7.27879	-17.2493	2.6918	113.263	120.542	409	406
WEEK_32	-3.08816	-13.9572	7.7809	120.690	123.778	412	406
WEEK_48	-0.46212	-14.3624	13.4382	123.903	124.365	406	407
WEEK_60	-8.18930	-19.8546	3.4760	116.626	124.816	409	405
CHANGE CE	7						
CHANGE_CE		I.OWER	IIDDER	TRIG DTG	TRΤG RΔΙ.	N RAT.	N DTG
VISIT -	DIFF_TRIG	LOWER -18 9450	UPPER	TRIG_DTG	TRIG_RAL	N_RAL 412	
VISIT WEEK_12	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804	-18.9450	2.1689	115.899	$124.\overline{2}87$	$41\overline{2}$	408
VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -8.09396	-18.9450 -18.9085	2.1689 2.7205	115.899 113.928	$124.\overline{2}87$ 122.022	$41\overline{2}$ 409	408 406
VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -8.09396 -4.24012	-18.9450 -18.9085 -17.1621	2.1689 2.7205 8.6819	115.899 113.928 122.120	$ \begin{array}{r} 124.\overline{2}87 \\ 122.022 \\ 126.360 \end{array} $	$41\overline{2}$ 409 412	408 406 406
VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -8.09396 -4.24012 -2.01507	-18.9450 -18.9085 -17.1621 -19.6132	2.1689 2.7205 8.6819 15.5830	115.899 113.928 122.120 126.968	$ \begin{array}{r} 124.\overline{2}87 \\ 122.022 \\ 126.360 \\ 128.983 \end{array} $	$41\overline{2}$ 409 412 406	408 406 406 407
VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -8.09396 -4.24012	-18.9450 -18.9085 -17.1621	2.1689 2.7205 8.6819	115.899 113.928 122.120	$ \begin{array}{r} 124.\overline{2}87 \\ 122.022 \\ 126.360 \end{array} $	$41\overline{2}$ 409 412	408 406 406
VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -8.09396 -4.24012 -2.01507 -8.91711	-18.9450 -18.9085 -17.1621 -19.6132	2.1689 2.7205 8.6819 15.5830	115.899 113.928 122.120 126.968	$ \begin{array}{r} 124.\overline{2}87 \\ 122.022 \\ 126.360 \\ 128.983 \end{array} $	$41\overline{2}$ 409 412 406	408 406 406 407
VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -8.09396 -4.24012 -2.01507 -8.91711 GE_CF DIFF_TRIG	-18.9450 -18.9085 -17.1621 -19.6132	2.1689 2.7205 8.6819 15.5830	115.899 113.928 122.120 126.968 124.287	124.287 122.022 126.360 128.983 133.204	41 2 409 412 406 409 N RAL	408 406 406 407 405 N_DTG
VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -8.09396 -4.24012 -2.01507 -8.91711	-18.9450 -18.9085 -17.1621 -19.6132 -31.7845	2.1689 2.7205 8.6819 15.5830 13.9503	115.899 113.928 122.120 126.968 124.287	$ \begin{array}{r} 124.\overline{2}87 \\ 122.022 \\ 126.360 \\ 128.983 \\ 133.204 \end{array} $	$41\overline{2}$ 409 412 406 409	408 406 406 407 405
VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60 TWO_CHANG	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -8.09396 -4.24012 -2.01507 -8.91711 GE_CF DIFF_TRIG	-18.9450 -18.9085 -17.1621 -19.6132 -31.7845	2.1689 2.7205 8.6819 15.5830 13.9503	115.899 113.928 122.120 126.968 124.287	124.287 122.022 126.360 128.983 133.204	41 2 409 412 406 409 N RAL	408 406 406 407 405 N_DTG
VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60 TWO_CHANG VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -8.09396 -4.24012 -2.01507 -8.91711 SE_CF DIFF_TRIG -8.38804	-18.9450 -18.9085 -17.1621 -19.6132 -31.7845 LOWER -18.9450	2.1689 2.7205 8.6819 15.5830 13.9503 UPPER 2.1689	115.899 113.928 122.120 126.968 124.287 TRIG_DTG 115.899	124.287 122.022 126.360 128.983 133.204 TRIG_RAL 124.287	41 2 409 412 406 409 N_RAL 412	408 406 406 407 405 N_DTG 408
VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60 TWO_CHANG VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24	DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -8.09396 -4.24012 -2.01507 -8.91711 GE_CF DIFF_TRIG -8.38804 -7.68637	-18.9450 -18.9085 -17.1621 -19.6132 -31.7845 LOWER -18.9450 -18.0073	2.1689 2.7205 8.6819 15.5830 13.9503 UPPER 2.1689 2.6346	115.899 113.928 122.120 126.968 124.287 TRIG_DTG 115.899 113.596	124.287 122.022 126.360 128.983 133.204 TRIG_RAL 124.287 121.282	41 2 409 412 406 409 N_RAL 412 409	408 406 406 407 405 N_DTG 408 406

SPRING 2	TRIGLYCERIDES	CHANGE FROM	BASELINE (OBSERVED			
VISIT -	DIFF TRIG	LOWER	UPPER CHO	G_TRIG_DTG CHO	G TRIG RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	-5.3940	-15.7114	4.9233	$\frac{-}{1.85965}$	$-7.\overline{2}537$	361	35 5
WEEK 24	-2.9305	-12.8754	7.0144	-2.14053	0.7900	354	351
WEEK 32	0.4832	-10.5674	11.5339	6.51184	6.0286	341	346
WEEK 48	2.7278			9.19458		322	336
WEEK 60	-11.7092	-26.3224	2.9039	-1.26921	10.4400	143	152
_							
LOCF							
	DIFF_TRIG	LOWER	UPPER CHO	G_TRIG_DTG CHO	G_TRIG_RAL	N_RAL	N_DTG
WEEK_12		-14.7895		1.77467	$-6.8\overline{1}923$	384	$37\overline{2}$
WEEK_24		-12.7163				381	370
WEEK_32				7.00311		384	370
WEEK_48				9.31470			371
WEEK_60	-4.23177	-15.7767	7.3132	3.25203	7.48380	381	369
	_						
CHANGE_CI							
VISIT	DIFF_TRIG	LOWER	UPPER CHO	G_TRIG_DTG_CHO	G_TRIG_RAL	N_RAL	N_DTG
WEEK_12	$-5.\overline{04456}$	-14.7895	4.7004	1.7747	-6.8192	384	$37\overline{2}$
WEEK_24	-3.54565	-14.3024				381	370
WEEK_32	0.53146	-12.4647		8.5721		384	370
WEEK_48			18.8906		10.9145	378	371
WEEK_60	-3.84899	-27.0981	19.4001	11.7179	15.5669	381	369
TWO CHANC	IF CF						
_		T.OWER	TIDDER CHO	כ דפוכ הדכ כאם	ב ידפום פאו.	Ν ΡΔΤ.	N DTG
				0_1K10_D10 CHC	6 81923	384	
_							
_							
WEEK_60							
VISTT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48	DIFF_TRIG -5.04456 -3.28558 1.67799	LOWER -14.7895 -13.4341 -9.9400 -10.8735 -17.5315	UPPER CHO 4.7004 6.8630 13.2959 18.3072 16.1967	-0.6470	6.81923 2.63861	N_RAL 384 381 384 378 381	N_DTG 372 370 370 371 369

SINGLE CH	HOLESTEROL OB	SERVED					
VISIT -	$ exttt{DIFF}$ $ exttt{CHO}\overline{ exttt{L}}$	LOWER	UPPER	CHOL DTG	CHOL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK_12	$-5.\overline{9}9240$	-11.7365	-0.24826	170.606	$17\overline{6}.599$	$\frac{-}{3}$ 74	38 8
WEEK_24	-5.18100	-11.2561	0.89416	172.681	177.862	365	380
WEEK_32	-5.88852	-12.0021	0.22501	174.764	180.653	350	372
WEEK_48	-9.40432	-15.7325	-3.07614	174.743	184.147	336	359
WEEK_60	-4.57012	-12.9064	3.76613	178.222	182.792	160	169
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF CHOL	LOWER	UPPER	CHOL DTG	CHOL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	-4. 5 7692	-9.9998	0.84601	169.942	$17\overline{4}.519$	$\frac{-}{4}23$	420
WEEK 24	-4.28170	-9.9421	1.37869	171.359	175.641	424	422
WEEK 32	-3.80947	-9.4305	1.81158	173.696	177.505	426	424
WEEK 48	-6.26294	-11.9785	-0.54735	174.308	180.571	426	424
WEEK_60	-4.35972	-10.1171	1.39767	174.826	179.186	419	418
CHANGE CH	₹						
VISIT -	DIFF CHOL	LOWER	UPPER	CHOL DTG	CHOL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-4.\overline{5}7692$	-9.9998	0.84601	$169.\overline{9}42$	174.519	$4\overline{2}3$	420
WEEK 24	-4.54972	-10.3502	1.25080	171.770	176.320	424	422
WEEK_32	-3.89143	-9.9498	2.16693	174.800	178.692	426	424
WEEK 48	-6.41670	-13.0620	0.22864	176.359	182.775	426	424
WEEK_60	-5.57228	-13.3876	2.24302	177.975	183.548	419	418
TWO CHANG	GE CF						
VIS I T	$\overline{\mathtt{D}}$ IFF CHOL	LOWER	UPPER	CHOL DTG C	HOL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-4.\overline{5}7692$	-9.9998	0.84601	$16\overline{9}.942$	$\overline{1}$ 74.519	423	$\frac{1}{4}$ 20
WEEK 24	-4.41571	-10.1327	1.30127	171.565	175.980	424	422
WEEK_32	-3.95428	-9.7555	1.84694	174.366	178.320	426	424
WEEK_48	-6.26885	-12.3561	-0.18164	175.659	181.928	426	424
WEEK 60	-5.03220	-11.6709	1.60653	177.085	182.117	419	418

SINGLE CH	HOLESTEROL CH	HANGE FROM BA	SELINE OBSERV	J ED			
VISIT -	$ exttt{DIFF}$ $ exttt{CHOL}$	LOWER	UPPER CHO	G CHOL DTG C	HG_CHOL_EFV 18.0144	N_EFV 340	N DTG
WEEK 12	-5. 3 6863	-9.4250	-1.31227	-12.6458	$-18.\overline{0}144$	$3\overline{4}0$	349
WEEK 24	-4.65882	-9.1349	-0.18274	14.0545	18.7134	331	342
WEEK 32	-5.22455	-9.6149	-0.83418	15.7877	21.0122	317	335
WEEK 48	-8.92379	-13.7218	-4.12582	15.9823	24.9061	307	324
WEEK_60	-0.03918	-7.0526	6.97422	21.9623	22.0015	144	146
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF CHOL	LOWER	UPPER CHO	G CHOL DTG C	HG CHOL EFV	N_EFV	N DTG
WEEK 12	-4.31525	-8.0418	-0.58873	11.7377	16.0530	3 <u>8</u> 6	376
WEEK 24	-3.44925		0.60093			386	378
WEEK 32	-3.70991		0.24649	15.0619	18.7718	388	380
WEEK 48	-6.01346	-10.2357		15.4995			380
WEEK_60	-3.68848	-8.0637	0.68675	16.6921	20.3806	382	374
CHANGE CI	F						
		LOWER	UPPER CHO	G CHOL DTG C	HG_CHOL_EFV	N EFV	N DTG
WEEK 12	-4.31525	-8.0418	-0.58873	11.7377	16.0530	N_EFV 386	376
WEEK 24	-3.73629	-8.0273		13.8464		386	378
WEEK 32	-3.88110	-8.5543	0.79207	16.2332	20.1143	388	380
WEEK 48	-6.46779		-0.92467				380
WEEK_60	-5.65095	-12.8391	1.53717	19.5138		382	374
TWO CHANG	GE CF						
VISIT	DIFF CHOL	LOWER	UPPER CHO	G CHOL DTG C	HG_CHOL_EFV	N EFV	N DTG
WEEK 12		-8.0418	-0.58873	11.7377	16.0530	386	376
WEEK_12 WEEK 24	$-4.\overline{3}1525$	-8.0418 -7.7416	-0.58873 0.55603	11.7377 13.6173	16.0530 17.2100	386 386	3 7 6 378
WEEK 24	-4.31525 -3.59277	-7.7416	0.55603	13.6173	17.2100	386	378
	$-4.\overline{3}1525$	-7.7416		13.6173 15.8327	17.2100 19.6867	386 388	
WEEK_24 WEEK 32	-4.31525 -3.59277 -3.85397	-7.7416 -8.1519	0.55603 0.44400	13.6173 15.8327	17.2100 19.6867	386 388	378 380

SINGLE HDL	OBSERVED						
VISIT -	 DIFF_HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL_DTG	$\mathtt{HDL}_\mathtt{EFV}$	N_EFV	N_DTG
WEEK_12	-1.8 7 558	-3.88822	0.13705	47.2598	$49.\overline{1}354$	374	388
WEEK_24	-1.60077	-3.67686	0.47533	48.5163	50.1171	365	380
WEEK_32	-2.54161	-4.62946	-0.45377	47.7644	50.3060	350	372
WEEK_48	-3.25022	-5.39042	-1.11003	48.6248	51.8750	336	359
WEEK_60	-0.98930	-4.03902	2.06043	48.3944	49.3837	160	169
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL DTG	HDL EFV	N EFV	/ N DTG
WEEK 12	-1.1 7 717	-3.08835	0.73401	47.0896	48.2668	423	420
WEEK 24	-1.08326	-3.02823	0.86170	47.9972	49.0805	424	422
WEEK 32	-2.05325	-4.00135	-0.10515	47.3832	49.4365	426	424
WEEK 48	-2.49175	-4.44396	-0.53953	47.9505	50.4423	426	424
WEEK_60	-1.94247	-3.92244	0.03750	48.0523	49.9947	419	418
CHANGE CF							
VISIT	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL DTG	HDL EFV	N EFV	/ N DTG
WEEK 12	-1.1 7 717	-3.08835	0.73401	47.0896	48.2668	423	420
WEEK 24	-1.08853	-3.05026	0.87320	48.0412	49.1297	424	422
WEEK 32	-2.09629	-4.12144	-0.07114	47.4963	49.5926	426	424
WEEK 48	-2.70350	-4.84512	-0.56189	48.0900	50.7935	426	424
WEEK_60	-2.55985	-5.10531	-0.01440	48.4584	51.0182	419	418
TWO CHANGE	CF						
VISIT	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL DTG	HDL EFV	N EFV	N DTG
WEEK 12	-1.17717	-3.08835	0.73401	47.0896	48.2668	423	420
WEEK 24	-1.08589	-3.03756	0.86577	48.0192	49.1051	424	422
WEEK 32	-2.04940	-4.04207	-0.05674	47.5264	49.5758	426	424
WEEK 48	-2.54336	-4.60242	-0.48430	48.1717	50.7150	426	424
WEEK 60	-2.58998	-4.86090	-0.31907	48.2072	50.7972	419	418
_							

SINGLE HDI	CHANGE FROM	M_BASELINE_O	BSERVED				
VISIT -	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER CHO	HDL DTG CHO	HDL EFV	N EFV	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-1.3\overline{5}144$	-2.81602	0.11313	$\frac{-4.35007}{}$	$-5.\overline{7}0151$	$3\overline{4}0$	349
WEEK 24	-1.48316	-2.99305	0.02672	5.15145	6.63461	331	342
WEEK 32	-2.38664	-3.92431	-0.84897	4.47877	6.86541	317	335
WEEK 48	-3.20898	-4.79001	-1.62796		8.34108	307	324
WEEK_60	-1.26232	-3.65901	1.13437	6.39375	7.65608	144	146
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER CHO	HDL DTG CHO	HDL EFV	N EFV	N DTG
WEEK 12	-0.9 <u>9</u> 438	-2.33388	0.34512	$-4.\overline{0}3770$	$-5.\overline{0}3208$	3 <u>8</u> 6	376 [—]
WEEK 24	-0.98697	-2.35000	0.37607	4.77643		386	378
WEEK 32	-1.73988	-3.11601	-0.36374			388	380
WEEK 48	-2.29601	-3.68779	-0.90423	4.78284	7.07885	389	380
WEEK_60	-1.60058	-3.03736	-0.16381	5.11702	6.71761	382	374
CHANGE CF							
VISIT	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER CHO	HDL DTG CHO	HDI EFV	N EFV	N DTG
WEEK 12	-0.99438	-2.33388	0.34512	4.03770		386	376
WEEK_24	-0.99196	-2.38443	0.40051			386	378
WEEK 32	-1.74441	-3.23894	-0.24988			388	380
WEEK 48	-2.40016	-4.05537	-0.74494			389	380
WEEK 60	-2.05644	-4.24913	0.13624		7.73800	382	374
_							
TWO_CHANGE		T 011ED	11DDDD 6116				N. D.E.G
VISIT		LOWER		HDL_DTG CHO	HDL_EFV	N_EFV	N_DTG
WEEK_12	-0.99438	-2.33388	0.34512	4.03770		386	3 7 6
WEEK_24	-0.98946	-2.36430	0.38538			386	378
WEEK_32	-1.72037	-3.16565	-0.27510			388	380
WEEK_48	-2.31636	-3.87619	-0.75654		7.35819	389	380
WEEK_60	-2.18847	-4.04658	-0.33035	5.34708	7.53554	382	374

SINGLE LDI	OBSERVED						
VISIT -	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER	LDL DTG	LDL EFV	N E	FV N DTG
WEEK_12	$-2.2\overline{5}230$	-7.2685	2.76392	$9\overline{8}.240$	100.493	366	381
WEEK 24	-3.13834	-8.5581	2.28146	98.502	101.641	362	377
WEEK_32	-3.44234	-8.8367	1.95199	100.332	103.774	345	365
WEEK_48	-6.21222	-11.9037	-0.52072	100.887	107.099	329	354
WEEK_60	-4.00236	-11.2565	3.25178	102.961	106.963	158	167
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER	LDL DTG	LDL EFV	N EF	V N DTG
WEEK 12	-1.58508	-6.25876	3.08860	97.875	99.460	421	418
WEEK 24	-2.78245	-7.73573	2.17083	97.491	100.274	423	420
WEEK 32	-2.37268	-7.24430	2.49893	99.549	101.922	425	422
WEEK 48	-4.76838	-9.77490	0.23815	100.185	104.953	425	421
WEEK_60	-3.11752	-8.14150	1.90646	100.588	103.705	418	417
CHANGE CF							
VISIT	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER	LDL DTG	LDL EFV	N EF	'V N DTG
WEEK 12	-1.48458	-6.1576	3.18842	$9\overline{7}.976$	99.460	421	419
WEEK 24	-2.78055	-7.8171	2.25602	97.630	100.411	423	420
WEEK 32	-2.40303	-7.5645	2.75840	99.956	102.359	425	421
WEEK 48	-5.43492	-11.0891	0.21924	100.754	106.189	425	420
WEEK_60	-5.27189	-11.9051	1.36133	101.579	106.851	418	416
TWO CHANGE	CF						
VISIT	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER	LDL DTG	LDL EFV	N EFV	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-1.4\overline{8}458$	-6.15757	3.18842	$9\overline{7}.976$	$9\overline{9.460}$	$4\overline{2}1$	419
WEEK 24	-2.78150	-7.76993	2.20692	97.561	100.342	423	420
WEEK 32	-2.16609	-7.17963	2.84746	99.948	102.114	425	421
WEEK 48	-4.47928	-9.78520	0.82664	100.854	105.334	425	420
WEEK_60	-3.30799	-9.08406	2.46809	101.747	105.055	418	416

SINGLE LDI	CHANGE FRO	M_BASELINE_O	BSERVED				
VISIT -	$\overline{}$ DIFF $\overline{\mathtt{LDL}}$	LOWER	UPPER CHO 1.14012	G LDL DTG CHO	G LDL EFV	N_EFV 332	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-2.3\overline{2}926$	-5.7986	1.14012	_ 5 <u>.</u> 1811	7.5103	3 3 2	339
WEEK 24	-3.16611	-7.0806	0.74838 0.30068	5.2014	8.3675	329	335
WEEK 32	-3.46204	-7.2248	0.30068	6.4204	9.8824	313	325
WEEK 48	-6.31539	-10.4563	-2.17452	7.3424	13.6577	301	316
WEEK_60	1.11134	-4.8284	7.05107	11.5631	10.4517	142	143
LOCF							
	${ t DIFF_LDL}$	LOWER	UPPER CHO	_LDL_DTG CHO	${ t G_LDL_EFV}$	N_EFV 383	N_DTG
		-4.86933		-4.73418	6.5103		371
	-2.19125	-5.67990	1.29739	4.96366	7.1549	384	372
WEEK_32	-2.41447		0.95852			386	374
WEEK_48	-4.56742	-8.17839	-0.95644	6.90561		387	373
WEEK_60	-2.79058	-6.53522	0.95405	7.68994	10.4805	380	369
CIINICE CE							
CHANGE_CF	D.T	T OLUMB	IIDDED GIIG	T I DE DEG CII	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	N. D.D.7	NI DEG
VISIT -	DIFF_LDL	LOWER	UPPER CHO	LDL_DTG CHO		N_EFV	N_DTG
WEEK_12	$-1.7\overline{7}607$	-4.8693 -5.8111	1.31719		6.5103	383	371
_	-2.18534	-5.8111	1.44037	5.12062		384	372
WEEK_32	-2.37514	-6.2247	1.47437	6.67519	9.0503	386	374
WEEK_48			-0.39539				373
WEEK_60	-4.84666	-10.8118	1.11853	8.41198	13.2586	380	369
TWO CHANGE	CF						
		LOWER	UPPER CHG	LDL DTG CHG	LDI EFV	N EFV	N DTG
	-1.7 7 607	-4.86933	UPPER CHG_ 1.31719		6.5103	383	371
WEEK 24	-2.18830	-5.73427		5.04214			372
_			1 44070	6 71400	8.9221		374
	-2.20710	-5.85690	1.442/0	0./14 <i>99</i>	0.3441	300	3/ 4
_	-2.20710 -4.33608	-5.85690 -8.51791	1.44270 -0.15425	7.59659	11.9327		374

SINGLE TR	RIGLYCERIDES	OBSERVED					
VISIT -		LOWER	UPPER	TRIG_DTG	TRIG_EFV	N_EF	_
WEEK_12	-13.8519	-28.3402	0.6365	129.714	$143.\overline{5}66$	374	388
	-1.5007	-12.7208	9.7195	130.498	131.999	365	380
WEEK_32	1.1659	-10.8785	13.2102	135.072	133.906	350	372
		-11.3059	16.0270	131.656	129.296	336	359
WEEK_60	0.7207	-14.9571	16.3986	133.696	132.976	160	169
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF TRIG	LOWER	UPPER	TRIG DTG	TRIG EFV	N EF	'V N DTG
WEEK 12	-12.9883	-26.6553	0.6787	127.935	140.923	423	420
WEEK_12 WEEK 24	-1.2843	-12.8597		131.701	132.985	423	422
WEEK_24 WEEK 32		-9.3230	14.6438	136.584	133.923	424	424
WEEK_32 WEEK 48		-7.3681		136.922	130.919	426	424
WEEK_40		-10.0701		134.090	132.065	419	418
WEEK_60	2.0245	-10.0701	14.1191	134.090	132.003	419	410
CHANGE CE	?						
	DIFF TRIG	LOWER	UPPER	TRIG DTG	TRIG EFV	N EF	'V N DTG
WEEK 12	-12 <u>.</u> 9883	-26.6553	0.6787	127.935	$140.\overline{9}23$	423	420
WEEK 24	-3.6564	-18.2272	10.9144	133.251	136.907	424	422
WEEK 32	0.5720	-18.4226	19.5665	140.856	140.284	426	424
WEEK 48	6.8900	-18.4180	32.1980	146.769	139.879	426	424
WEEK_60	6.4639	-25.9953	38.9230	149.064	142.600	419	418
TWO CHANG							
VISIT	DIFF TRIG	LOWER	UPPER	TRIG DTG	TRIG EFV	N EFV	N DTG
	-12.9883	-26.6553		127.935	140.923	423	420
WEEK 24	-2.4704	-15.3567	10.4160	132.476	134.946	424	422
WEEK_24 WEEK 32	0.6668	-14.2459	15.5795	138.488	137.821	426	424
WEEK_32 WEEK 48	4.5547	-13.5394	22.6488		136.607	426	424
WEEK_40	2.5856	-17.9411	23.1122	142.195	139.610	419	418
**************************************	2.3030	エノ・フェエエ	~~	T-7 - T))	100.010	ェエン	- -

VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48	RIGLYCERIDES_ DIFF_TRIG -14.5880 -2.2782 0.5886 1.6635 -0.6108	LOWER -27.0869 -13.8083 -10.7299 -11.4065		TRIG_DTG 14.1289 16.3406 20.8533	16.8113	N_EFV 340 331 317 307 144	N_DTG 349 342 335 324 146
LOCF VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60	DIFF_TRIG -12.8681 -2.2817 0.6630 4.7344 2.1033	-24.2551 -13.0291		13. <u>1</u> 143 16.5660 20.6497	19.9868	N_EFV 386 386 388 389 382	N_DTG 376 378 380 380 374
CHANGE_CF VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60	DIFF_TRIG -12.8681 -4.8595 -2.0194 4.4278 6.2977	-24.2551 -18.2380 -19.6270	-1.4811 8.5190 15.5881	$\begin{array}{r} -13.\overline{1}143 \\ 18.2961 \end{array}$	26.9752	N_EFV 386 386 388 389 382	N_DTG 376 378 380 380 374
TWO_CHANG VISIT WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 WEEK_60	GE_CF DIFF_TRIG -12.8681 -3.5706 -1.6339 2.9620 2.9765	LOWER -24.2551 -15.3453 -14.7223 -13.2728 -15.8513	UPPER CHG -1.4811 8.2041 11.4544 19.1968 21.8042	13.1143 17.4311 22.6351	21.0017 24.2690 22.6028		N_DTG 376 378 380 380 374

D117 C116	DLESTEROL OBS	ERVED					
	$\overline{\text{DIFF}}$ $\overline{\text{CHOL}}$	LOWER	UPPER	CHOL DTG	CHOL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WESK ^T 12	$3.\overline{0}1973$	-4.0876	10.1270	179 . 806	$17\overline{6}.787$	$\frac{1}{3}41$	33 5
WEEK 24	2.28919	-5.2257	9.8041	182.682	180.393	315	318
WEEK 32	0.21482	-7.8651	8.2948	184.727	184.512	235	247
WEEK_48	-2.07597	-12.6098	8.4579	181.175	183.251	123	141
LOCF							
VIT C T TT	DIFF_CHOL	LOWER	UPPER	$\mathtt{CHOL}_\mathtt{DTG}$	CHOL_RAL	N_RAL	N_{DTG}
WESK ^T 12	3.12828	-3.69852	9.95508	179.479	176.351	3 67	360
WEEK_24	2.60927	-4.51207	9.73062	181.829	179.220	372	362
WEEK_32	0.41343	-6.55829	7.38515	182.030	181.616	367	361
WEEK_48	-0.19423	-7.14102	6.75257	181.197	181.391	364	355
CITANCE CE							
CHANGE_CF							N. DEG
	DIDD GUOT			ATTAT DMA	ALIOT DAT	NT D N T	
WISIT.	DIFF_CHOL	LOWER	UPPER	CHOL_DTG	CHOL_RAL	N_RAL	N_DTG
WESK ^T 12	$3.\overline{2}8403$	-3.5497	10.1177	179 . 635	$17\overline{6}.351$	3 67	36 0
WEEK_24	$3.\overline{2}8403$ 1.76616	-3.5497 -5.7987	10.1177 9.3310	179.635 182.522	$17\overline{6}.351$ 180.756	367 372	36 0 362
WEEK_24 WEEK_32	$3.\overline{2}8403$ 1.76616 -1.16258	-3.5497 -5.7987 -9.6375	10.1177 9.3310 7.3123	179.635 182.522 183.594	$17\overline{6}.351$ 180.756 184.756	367 372 367	36 0 362 361
WEEK_24	$3.\overline{2}8403$ 1.76616	-3.5497 -5.7987	10.1177 9.3310	179.635 182.522	$17\overline{6}.351$ 180.756	367 372	36 0 362
WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48	$3.\overline{2}8403$ 1.76616 -1.16258 -3.67532	-3.5497 -5.7987 -9.6375	10.1177 9.3310 7.3123	179.635 182.522 183.594	$17\overline{6}.351$ 180.756 184.756	367 372 367	36 0 362 361
WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 TWO_CHANGE	3.28403 1.76616 -1.16258 -3.67532 CF	-3.5497 -5.7987 -9.6375 -14.0552	10.1177 9.3310 7.3123 6.7045	179.635 182.522 183.594 183.999	$17\overline{6}.351$ 180.756 184.756 187.675	367 372 367 364	360 362 361 355
WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 TWO_CHANGE	3.28403 1.76616 -1.16258 -3.67532 _CF _ DIFF_CHOL	-3.5497 -5.7987 -9.6375 -14.0552	10.1177 9.3310 7.3123 6.7045	179.635 182.522 183.594 183.999	176.351 180.756 184.756 187.675 HOL_RAL	367 372 367 364 N_RAL	360 362 361 355 N_DTG
WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 TWO_CHANGE_	3.28403 1.76616 -1.16258 -3.67532 CF DIFF_CHOL 3.20616	-3.5497 -5.7987 -9.6375 -14.0552 LOWER -3.6224	10.1177 9.3310 7.3123 6.7045 UPPER 10.0347	179.635 182.522 183.594 183.999 CHOL_DTG C 179.557	176.351 180.756 184.756 187.675 HOL_RAL 176.351	367 372 367 364 N_RAL 367	360 362 361 355 N_DTG 360
WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 TWO_CHANGE	3.28403 1.76616 -1.16258 -3.67532 _CF _ DIFF_CHOL	-3.5497 -5.7987 -9.6375 -14.0552	10.1177 9.3310 7.3123 6.7045	179.635 182.522 183.594 183.999	176.351 180.756 184.756 187.675 HOL_RAL	367 372 367 364 N_RAL	360 362 361 355 N_DTG

SAILING C	HOLESTEROL CHA	NGE FROM BAS	ELINE OBSERV	ED			
_	DIFF CHOL	LOWER			CHG CHOL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WESK ^T 12	$-2.\overline{1}8052$	-7.4797	3.11864	$\frac{12.4834}{}$	$-14.\overline{6}639$	3 16	$31\overline{2}$
WEEK 24	0.98925	-4.8089	6.78738	16.5218	15.5326	293	295
WEEK_32		-7.8656	5.74562	17.4821	18.5421	219	230
WEEK_48	-5.61293	-14.3776	3.15174	15.2964	20.9093	112	133
LOCF							
VISIT	DIFF_CHOL	LOWER		_CHOL_DTG	CHG_CHOL_RAL	N_RAL	N_DTG
WEEK ^T 12	$-1.\overline{7}2589$	-6.68328	3.23149	11.8232	$-13.\overline{5}491$	342	$33\overline{4}$
WEEK_24	0.21908	-5.02508	5.46325			346	336
WEEK_32	-2.69011	-8.06988	2.68965			343	336
WEEK_48	-3.60723	-8.81984	1.60539	15.2406	18.8478	339	330
Q							
CHANGE_CF	a			~			
WESK ^T 12	DIFF_CHOL	LOWER			CHG_CHOL_RAL	N_RAL	N_DTG
	-1.5580	-6.5435	3.42750	11.9911	13.5491	342	334
WEEK_24	-0.8825	-6.7946	5.02961			346	336
WEEK_32	-4.8607	-12.2826	2.56129			343	336
WEEK_48	-8.2134	-17.9499	1.52313	17.8619	26.0753	339	330
ELIO GIII 1101							
TWO_CHANG		T 01177		CIIOI DEC	and anot by		N DEG
WESK ^T 12	DIFF_CHOL	LOWER		_CHOL_DTG	CHG_CHOL_RAL	N_RAL	N_DTG
	-1.64195	-6.6107	3.32679	11.9072		342	334
WEEK_24	-0.24440	-5.7846	5.29581	15.6158		346	336
WEEK_32	-4.61590	-11.1537	1.92195	17.3853		343	336
WEEK 48	-7.05958	-14.8930	0.77387	19.8587	26.9183	339	330

SAILING HDL	OBSERVED						
— ИТСТТ	_ DIFF_HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL_DTG	HDL_RAL	N_RA	_
WESK ^T 12	$0.4\overline{8}156$	-1.68326	2.64639	45.8658	$45.\overline{3}842$	$34\overline{1}$	335
WEEK_24	-0.53051	-3.00371	1.94268	46.2858	46.8163	314	318
WEEK_32	-0.16299	-2.98358	2.65759	46.1798	46.3428	235	247
WEEK_48	-1.20524	-4.85374	2.44326	45.3588	46.5641	123	141
LOCF							
	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL DTG	HDL RAL	N RA	L N DTG
WESK ^T 12	$0.66\overline{4}47$	-1.41521	2.74415	$45.\overline{5}541$	$44.8\overline{8}96$	367	360
WEEK 24	0.29195	-2.05344	2.63734	46.4080	46.1160	371	362
WEEK 32	0.55775	-1.71736	2.83287	45.7814	45.2236	367	361
WEEK_48	0.65741	-1.66727	2.98210	46.0954	45.4380	364	355
CHANGE_CF							
-	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL DTG	HDL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WESK ^T 12	$0.6\overline{7}521$	-1.40473	2.75515	45.5648	$44.\overline{8}896$	$36\overline{7}$	360
WEEK 24	0.39328	-2.15197	2.93853	46.6750	46.2818	371	362
WEEK 32	1.16374	-1.75604	4.08352	46.4980	45.3342	367	361
WEEK_48	2.16549	-1.53556	5.86654	46.9789	44.8134	364	355
TWO_CHANGE_	CF						
	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER	HDL DTG	HDL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WESK ^T 12	0.66984	-1.40995	2.74962	45.5594	44.8896	367	360
WEEK 24	0.32553	-2.10165	2.75271	46.5463	46.2208	371	362
WEEK 32	0.62604	-1.90547	3.15755	46.1879	45.5618	367	361
WEEK_48	0.89612	-2.05599	3.84823	47.1134	46.2173	364	355

SAILING HDI	L CHANGE FROM	BASELINE OB	SERVED				
VISIT -	_DIFF_HDL	LOWER	UPPER CHO	G_HDL_DTG CHG_		N_RAL	N_DTG
WEEK_12	$0.\overline{0}3345$	-1.68161	1.74851	0.99897	0.96552	316	312
WEEK_24	0.00608	-1.90084	1.91299	2.24416	2.23808	292	295
WEEK_32	-0.35208	-2.53717	1.83300	0.89277		219	230
WEEK_48	-2.76158	-5.47607	-0.04709	0.32855	3.09013	112	133
I OCE							
LOCF	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER CHO	G HDL DTG CHG	מחז מאז	N RAL	N DTG
WESK ^T 12	0.05842	-1.53631	1.65315	0.95054	_HDH_KAH 0.89212	342	334
WEEK_12 WEEK 24	-0.07987	-1.86511	1.70537	2.13719	2.21707	345	334
WEEK_24 WEEK 32	-0.25886	-1.98260	1.46489	1.12672	1.38557	343	336
WEEK 48	-0.27253	-1.95764	1.41257	1.55031	1.82284	339	330
WEEK_10	0.27255	1.55701	1.11257	1.33031	1.02201	333	330
CHANGE CF							
_	DIFF HDL	LOWER	UPPER CHO	G HDL DTG CHG	HDL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WESK ^T 12	0.0 6 999	-1.52514	1.66513	-0.96211	$0.\overline{8}9212$	3 42	$33\overline{4}$
WEEK 24	-0.03543	-2.16105	2.09020	2.38003	2.41546	345	336
WEEK_32	0.09658	-2.57823	2.77139	1.69410	1.59752	343	336
WEEK_48	0.68053	-2.92152	4.28258	2.04481	1.36428	339	330
	a=						
TWO_CHANGE_				~			
WESK ^T 12	DIFF_HDL	LOWER		G_HDL_DTG_CHG_		N_RAL	N_DTG
_	0.06421	-1.53069	1.65910	0.95632	0.89212	342	334
WEEK_24	-0.07601	-2.01277	1.86076	2.26379	2.33980	345	336
WEEK_32	-0.24914	-2.44615	1.94786	1.51974	1.76889	343	336
WEEK_48	-0.18956	-2.86632	2.48719	2.48424	2.67380	339	330

SAILING LDI	GBSERVED						
— 7/T C T T'	_ DIFF_LDL	LOWER	UPPER	LDL_DTG	$\mathtt{LDL}_{\mathtt{RAL}}$	N_RA	L N_DTG
WESK ^T 12	2.53824	-3.1152	8.19169	$9\overline{6.597}$	94.059	32 <u>1</u>	311
WEEK_24	0.69805	-5.2949	6.69102	97.032	96.334	300	294
WEEK_32	0.23535	-6.3756	6.84628	100.859	100.624	221	235
WEEK_48	-2.16261	-10.7301	6.40485	98.795	100.958	116	134
LOCF							
	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER	LDL DTG	LDL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WESK ^T 12	3.5 9 706	-1.66608	8.86020	9 6 .803	$93.\overline{2}059$	$36\overline{2}$	352
WEEK 24	1.63996	-3.88356	7.16348	97.208	95.5682	366	355
WEEK 32	1.42430	-4.02161	6.87021	98.967	97.5431	361	356
WEEK_48	0.72902	-4.63075	6.08879	98.474	97.7448	358	352
CHANGE CF							
CHANGE_CF	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER	LDL DTG	LDL RAL	N RA	L N DTG
CHANGE_CF	DIFF_LDL 3.51382	LOWER -1.7592	UPPER 8.78680	LDL_DTG 96.746	LDL_RAL 93.232		_
_				LDL_DTG 96.746 97.458	LDL_RAL 93.232 97.063	N_RA 363 366	L N_DTG 355 356
WESK ^T 12	$3.5\overline{1}382$	-1.7592	8.78680	$9\overline{6}.746$	93.232	36 3	355
WEEK_12 WEEK_24	$3.5\overline{1}382$ 0.39436	-1.7592 -5.5277	8.78680 6.31645	9 6 .746 97.458	93.232 97.063	36 3 366	355 356
WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48	$3.5\overline{1}382$ 0.39436 -1.05586 -4.26397	-1.7592 -5.5277 -7.8232	8.78680 6.31645 5.71151	9 6 .746 97.458 99.701	93.232 97.063 100.757	$ 36\overline{3} $ $ 366 $ $ 361 $	355 356 357
WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 TWO_CHANGE	3.51382 0.39436 -1.05586 -4.26397	-1.7592 -5.5277 -7.8232 -12.5317	8.78680 6.31645 5.71151 4.00381	$9\overline{6}.746$ 97.458 99.701 100.121	93.232 97.063 100.757 104.385	36 3 366 361 358	355 356 357 352
WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48	$3.5\overline{1}382$ 0.39436 -1.05586 -4.26397	-1.7592 -5.5277 -7.8232	8.78680 6.31645 5.71151	9 6 .746 97.458 99.701	93.232 97.063 100.757	$ 36\overline{3} $ $ 366 $ $ 361 $	355 356 357
WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 TWO_CHANGE	3.51382 0.39436 -1.05586 -4.26397 _CF _DIFF_LDL	-1.7592 -5.5277 -7.8232 -12.5317	8.78680 6.31645 5.71151 4.00381 UPPER	96.746 97.458 99.701 100.121 LDL_DTG	93.232 97.063 100.757 104.385	363 366 361 358 N_RAL 363	355 356 357 352 N_DTG 355
WEEK_12 WEEK_24 WEEK_32 WEEK_48 TWO_CHANGE_	3.51382 0.39436 -1.05586 -4.26397 -CF DIFF_LDL 3.30426	-1.7592 -5.5277 -7.8232 -12.5317 LOWER -1.9614	8.78680 6.31645 5.71151 4.00381 UPPER 8.56992	96.746 97.458 99.701 100.121 LDL_DTG 96.591	93.232 97.063 100.757 104.385 LDL_RAL 93.286	363 366 361 358 N_RAL	355 356 357 352 N_DTG

SAILING LDI	_CHANGE_FROM	BASELINE OF	BSERVED				
VISIT -	$\overline{}$ DIFF LDL	_ LOWER _	UPPER CHG	LDL_DTG CHG_	LDL RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-1.\overline{2}1664$	-5.4288			$\overline{8}.5019$	_ 285	2 8 7
WEEK 24	-1.39577	-5.9132	3.12170	7.2337	8.6295	266	269
WEEK 32	-0 14813	-5.1296	4.83329	10.9719	11.1200	197	217
WEEK_48	-3.73686	-10.8495	3.37576	9.8358	13.5727	101	124
_							
LOCF							
T/T C T III	DIFF_LDL	LOWER	UPPER CHG	LDL_DTG CHG	LDL_RAL	N_RAL	N_DTG
WESK ^T 12	$-0.8\overline{9714}$	-4.62498	2.83070	6.5584	7.4555	<u>3</u> 25	325
WEEK 24	-1.61456	-5.57132	2.34219	7.0938	8.7084	327	325
WEEK 32	-2.42485	-6.39326	1.54356	8.8550	11.2799	324	327
WEEK_48	-3.78904	-7.74250	0.16442	8.6250	12.4141	321	322
CHANGE_CF							
_	DIFF LDL	LOWER	UPPER CH	G LDL DTG CH	G LDI RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WESK ^T 12	-0.8186		2.91714	6.6369	7.4555	325	325
_	-2.7428		1.89162	7.4639		327	325
_	-5.3808		0.56417			324	327
WEEK 48	-10.1583	-18.0893		10.2343	20.3926	321	322
_							
TWO_CHANGE_	_CF						
T/T C T III	DIFF_LDL	LOWER	UPPER CH	G_LDL_DTG CH			N_DTG
WESK ^T 12			2.87313	6.5977	$\frac{-}{7.4555}$		
WEEK_24		-6.3025	2.23557	7.4329			
	-4.3592	-9.4336		9.9779	14.3371	324	327
WEEK 48	-7.7572	-13.9821	-1.53218	11.1218	18.8789	321	322

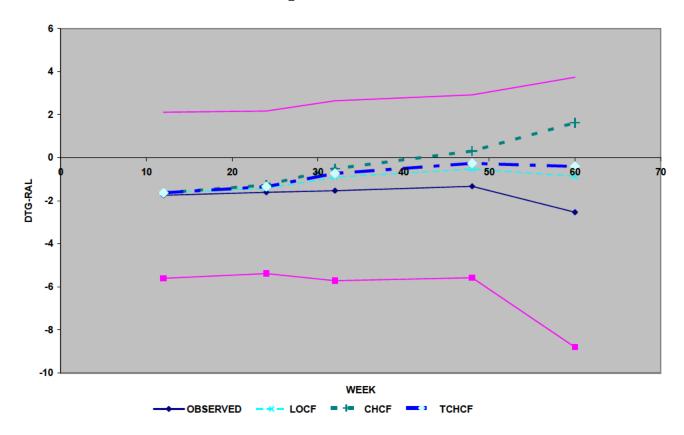
SAILING 7	TRIGLYCERIDES O	BSERVED					
	DIFF TRIG	LOWER	UPPER	TRIG DTG	TRIG RAL	N RAL	N DTG
₩ESK ^T 12	4.5768	-18.4189	27.5724	193 <u>.</u> 890	$189.\overline{3}13$	$34\overline{1}$	335
WEEK 24	14.5049	-8.4236	37.4334	201.762	187.257	315	318
WEEK 32	0.0419	-29.6030	29.6868	196.303	196.261	235	247
WEEK_48	29.8762	-31.3317	91.0840	217.429	187.553	123	141
_							
LOCF							
VIT C T TT	DIFF_TRIG	LOWER	UPPER	TRIG_DTG	$\mathtt{TRIG}_\mathtt{RAL}$	N_RAL	_
₩ESK ^T 12	$-2.\overline{4}8196$	-25.6474	20.6835	193.768	$196.\overline{2}50$	36 7	360
WEEK_24	4.04394	-18.6460	26.7339	199.196	195.152	372	362
WEEK_32	-8.16119	-33.0809	16.7586	196.088	204.249	367	361
WEEK_48	-2.86906	-32.9151	27.1770	199.105	201.974	364	355
CIINNOT CI	다						
CHANGE_CI	DIFF TRIG	LOWER	UPPER	TRIG DTG	TRIG RAL	N RAL	M DTC
WESK ^T 12	-2.1132	-25.2935	21.0670	194.137	196.250	367	N_DTG 360
WEEK_12 WEEK 24	2.3718	-23.2935	26.6397	201.415	190.250	372	362
WEEK_24 WEEK 32	-13.4235	-21.6962 -43.8687	17.0216	201.415	214.769	367	362
WEEK_32 WEEK 48	-13.7083	-55.5411	28.1244	201.346	223.393	364	355
WEEK_40	-13.7003	-55.5411	20.1244	209.005	223.393	364	355
TWO CHANG	GE CF						
_	- DIFF TRIG	LOWER	UPPER	TRIG DTG	TRIG RAL	N RAL	N DTG
₩ĔĔĸ ^T 12	-2.2976	-25.4676	20.8725	$19\overline{3}.953$	$19\overline{6.250}$	3 67	36 0
WEEK 24	3.1146	-20.2034	26.4326	200.243	197.129	372	362
WEEK 32	-11.4393	-38.9876	16.1091	200.520	211.959	367	361
WEEK 48	-8.1915	-43.7245	27.3414	208.176	216.368	364	355

SAILING_TRIGLYCERIDES_CHANGE_FROM_BASELINE_OBSERVED							
VISIT -	DIFF TRIG -	LOWER -	UPPER CHG	TRIG DTG CHG	TRIG RAL	N RAL	N DTG
WEEK 12	$-\overline{0.4775}$	-18.2753		25.1106	25 <u>.</u> 5881	_ 316	$3\overline{1}2$
WEEK 24	15.9670	-5.8744	37.8084	36.0522	20.0852	293	295
WEEK 32	7.7947	-19.7681	35.3575	36.2870	28.4923	219	230
WEEK 48	34.8289	-14.9003	84.5581	52.5517	17.7228	112	133
_							
LOCF							
77T C T III	DIFF_TRIG	LOWER	UPPER CHG	_TRIG_DTG CH		N_RAL	N_DTG
WESK_12	0.0894	-16.4731	16.6519	$23.\overline{7}322$	$-23.\overline{6}428$	342	$33\overline{4}$
WEEK 24	13.4153	-5.9836	32.8142	34.0813	20.6660	346	336
WEEK 32	2.3857	-18.1274	22.8987	32.1955	29.8099	343	336
WEEK_48	9.2736	-14.7017	33.2489	35.8353	26.5617	339	330
CHANGE_CF							
WICIT	DIFF_TRIG			_TRIG_DTG CH		N_RAL	N_DTG
WESK ^T 12	0.4868	-16.1241			23.6428	<u>3</u> 42	$33\overline{4}$
WEEK_24	11.7622	-9.6444	33.1688			346	336
WEEK_32	-1.7897					343	336
WEEK_48	0.4322	-38.0203	38.8848	49.1231	48.6908	339	330
TWO_CHANG							
VICIT	DIFF_TRIG	LOWER		_TRIG_DTG CH		N_RAL	N_DTG
WESK ^T 12	0.2881	-16.2940		23.9309	$\frac{-}{23.6428}$	342	334
WEEK_24	12.4883	-7.7204	32.6971		22.7940	346	336
WEEK_32	-0.3624		23.7630		37.7874	343	336
WEEK 48	5.8573	-25.6344	37.3489	47.0743	41.2170	339	330

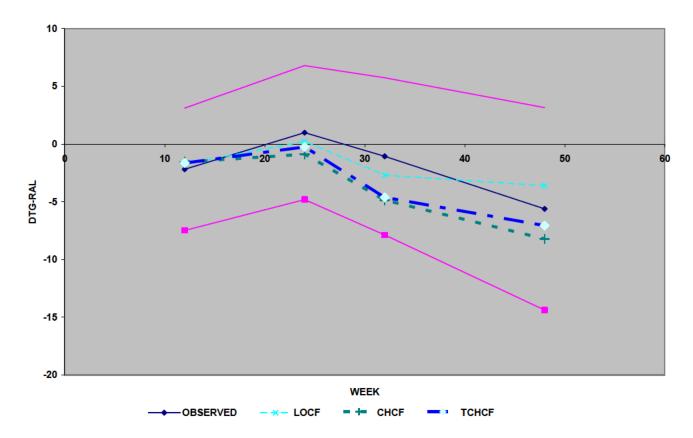
There are a lot of numbers in these tables that are hard to absorb all at once. The following graphs show the differences between DTG and control in change from baseline in each of the four lipids in each of the three trials. The four curves in the middle of each graph represent the four methods of handling missing data: observed, LOCF, change carried forward (CHCF), and average of last two changes carried forward (TCHCF). The two outermost curves show the upper and lower 95% confidence limits based on the observed data.

The two graphs of change from baseline in cholesterol in Spring 2 and Sailing show that there is a slight, but not statistically significant decrease of 2-5 mg/dl in DTG compared to RAL. The method of handling missing data does not move the estimated difference between the arms outside the confidence limits obtained using observed data.

SPRING_2, CHANGE IN CHOLESTEROL

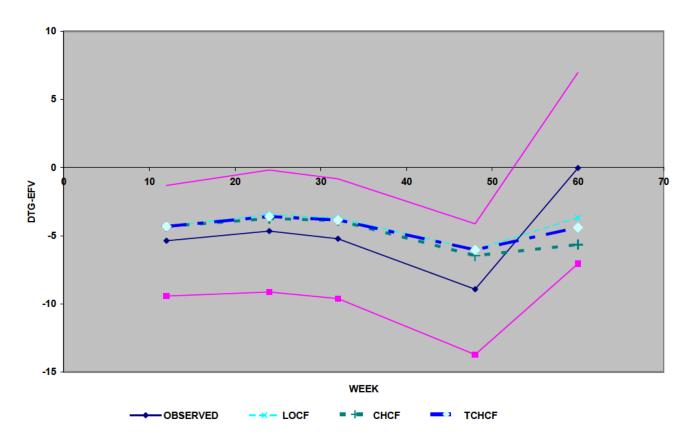


SAILING, CHANGE IN CHOLESTEROL



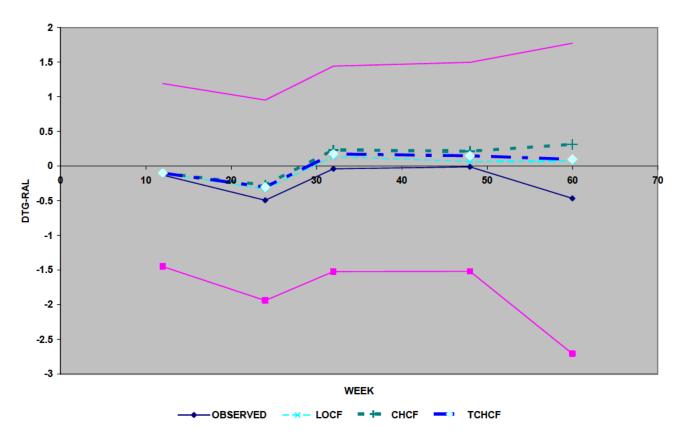
The difference between DTG and EFV in change from baseline on cholesterol in Single is statistically significant with a decrease of about 5 mg/dl, at least out to 48 weeks. At 60 weeks, dependence of results on the method of handling missing data is too great to allow trustworthy conclusions.

SINGLE, CHANGE IN CHOLESTEROL

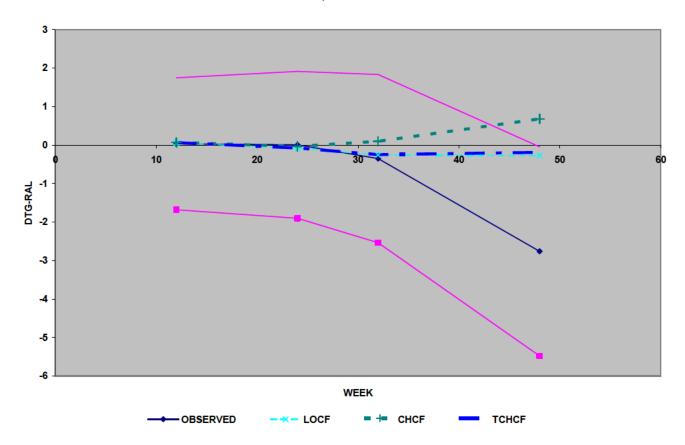


There was no statistically significant difference between DTG and RAL with respect to change from baseline in HDL. In fact, the point estimates for the DTG-RAL difference are nearly zero with the upper and lower 95% confidence bounds symmetric about zero.

SPRING_2, CHANGE IN HDL

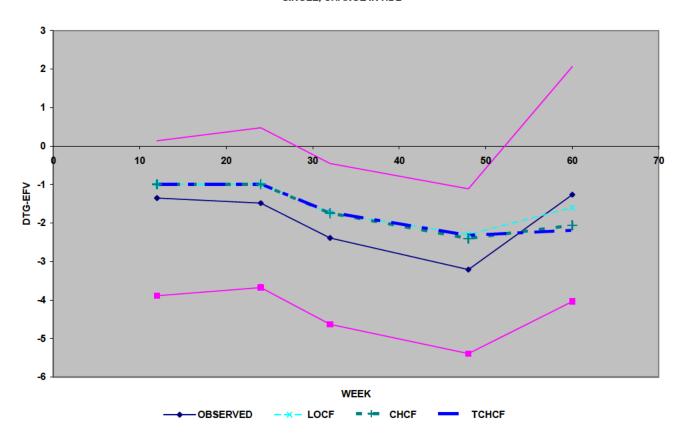


SAILING, CHANGE IN HDL



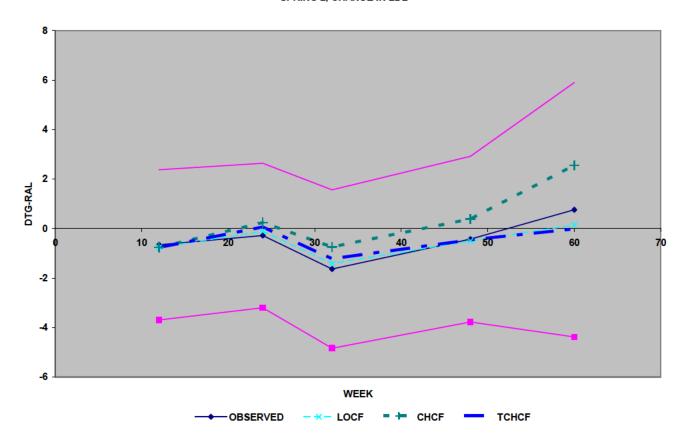
In contrast, there was a statistically significant decrease in change from baseline in HDL when DTG was compared to EFV in Single. The DTG arm showed about a 2 mg/dl greater decrease in HDL.

SINGLE, CHANGE IN HDL

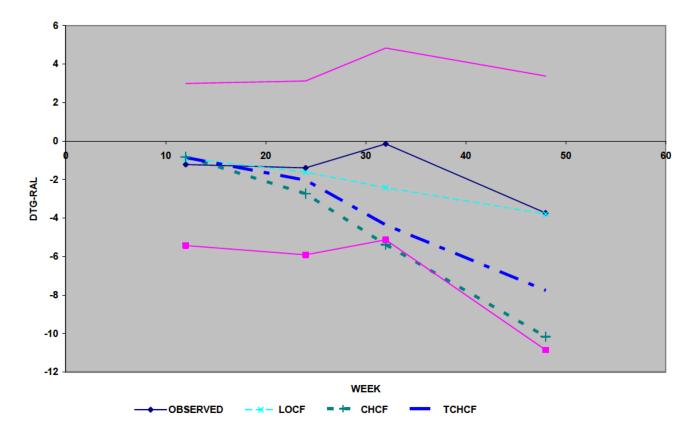


There is no statistically significant difference between DTG and RAL with respect to change from baseline in LDL either. Again, the point estimates are nearly zero, the method of handling missing data is of little consequence, and the 95% confidence limits are nearly symmetric about zero.

SPRING 2, CHANGE IN LDL

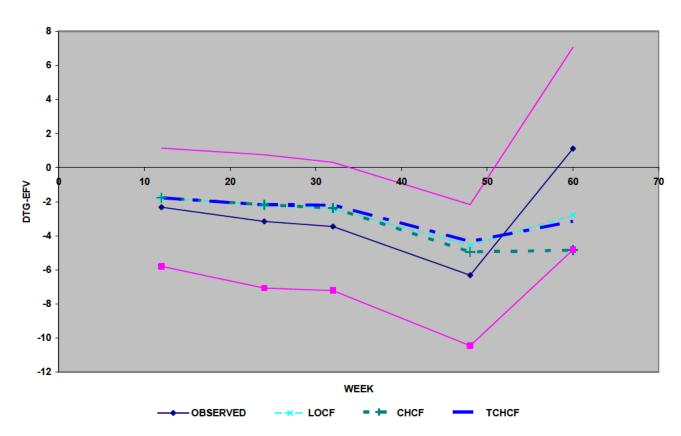


SAILING, CHANGE IN LDL



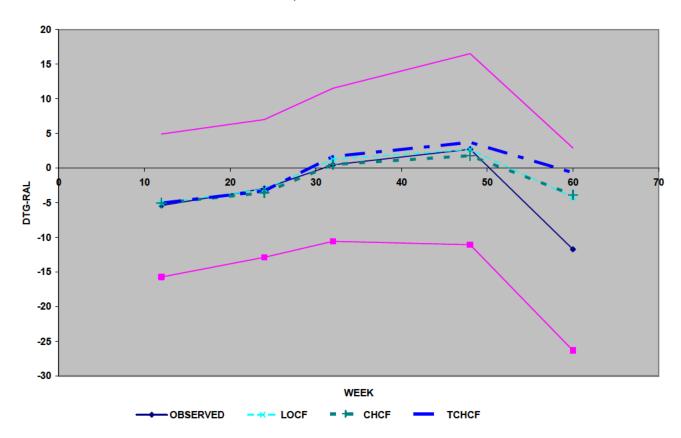
The difference between DTG and EFV was statistically significant, or nearly so, for change from baseline in LDL, estimated to be about 2 to 4 mg/dl.

SINGLE, CHANGE IN LDL

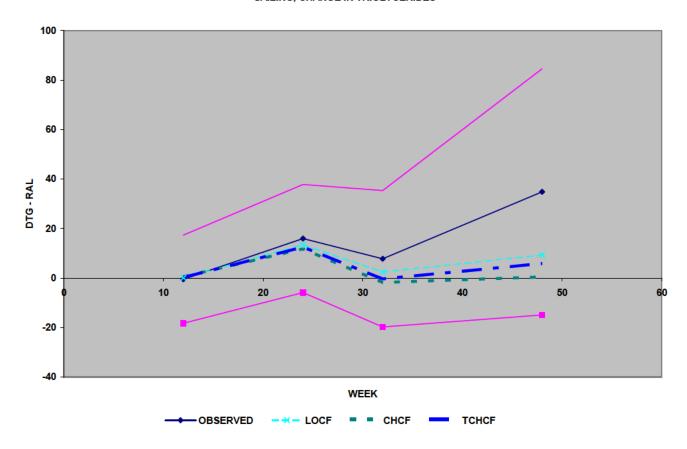


There doesn't appear to be any difference between DTG and RAL with respect to change from baseline in triglycerides. The confidence limits straddle zero although the point estimates show a slightly higher level in the DTG arm of about 3 mg/dl in Spring 2 and about 10 mg/dl in Sailing.

SPRING 2, CHANGE IN TRIGLYCERIDES

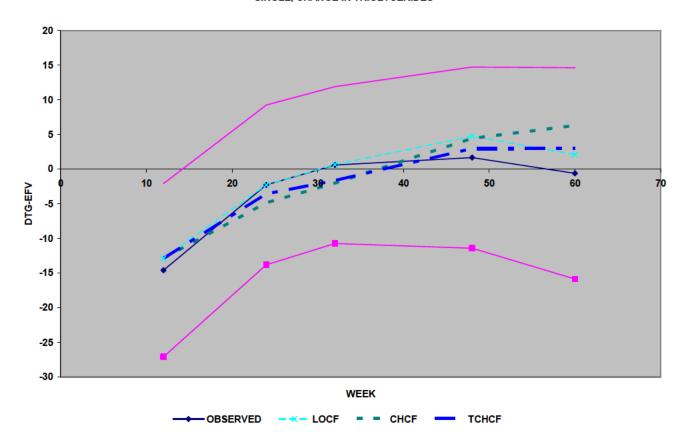


SAILING, CHANGE IN TRIGLYCERIDES



There was no statistically significant difference between DTG and EFV with respect to change from baseline in triglycerides. Confidence limits are nearly symmetric about zero.

SINGLE, CHANGE IN TRIGLYCERIDES



A summary of the above observations is as follows. There appears to be no statistically significant difference between DTG and RAL with respect to any of the four lipids studied. There were statistically significant differences between DTG and EFV. Change from baseline in cholesterol was significant with DTG being about 5 mg/dl lower; change from baseline in HDL was significant with DTG being about 2 mg/dl lower; change from baseline in LDL was nearly significant with DTG being about 2 to 4 mg/dl lower.

There was no real difference between DTG and either RAL or EFV with respect to change from baseline in triglycerides.

4. Results in Special Populations

There was little evidence of interactions between treatment and any interesting covariates.

4.1 Gender, Race, and Age

The following tables give the results of analyzing the primary endpoints of all seven trials by age, sex, race and the stratum variable used at randomization. For each trial, the tables give the mean difference in the estimated parameter, the lower and upper 95% confidence intervals for the difference, the mean values in the DTG and control arms, and the p-value for testing homogeneity across the sub-groups under consideration. The analyses in this section are all conducted by simple normal approximation without using the protocol specified Mantel-Haenszel weighting based on the randomization strata.

When the parameter being estimated is the change in log, the tables also give the N's in the two arms. For percent BLQ, the arm means are presented as ratios of counts and as percents. There are three tables for trial 1521, one for each of the doses of DTG; for Spring_1 there are six tables, one for each dose of DTG for change in log and for percent BLQ. For Spring 2, Single, and Sailing there is one table each. For Viking there are two tables, one for percent BLQ in week 24 and week 48; for Viking 3, there are two tables, one for log change at day 11 and one for percent BLQ at week 24. For Viking 3, the control is zero change (i.e., it is a one sample comparison). Notice that each table takes several pages because of the number of sub-groups.

4.1.1 Treatment Naïve Trials

TRIAL_1521	_LOGCHG_DA MEAN	AY_11_DTG_: 95% LIMI	2MG_VS_PLAC	CEBO				
ALL	DIFF -1.580	LOWER -2.001	UPPER -1.159	DTG -1.452	PLAC 0.129	N_P 7	N_D 9	PVALUE 0
AGECAT <=32 32-41 >43	-1.551 -1.333 -1.883	-1.957 -2.342	-0.710 -1.424	-1.498 -1.287 -1.552	0.053 0.046 0.331	1 4 2	2 3 4	0
RACE Black White	-1.788 -1.508	-3.377 -1.937	-0.199 -1.079	-1.545 -1.425	0.243	2 5	2 7	0.0274
ETHNCITY Hispanic Not	-1.495 -1.594	-2.075	-1.113	-1.441 -1.453	0.053 0.141	1 6	1	0

TRIAL_1521_LOGCHG_DAY_11_DTG_10MG_VS_PLACEBO MEAN 95% LIMITS											
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	ΝP	N D	PVALUE			
ALL	-2.091	-2.451	-1.730	-1.962	0.129	N_P 7	9	0			
AGECAT											
<=32	-2.237			-2.183	0.053	1	1				
32-41	-1.742	-2.360	-1.124	-1.696	0.046	4	4	0			
41-43				-2.253		0	3				
>43	-2.265			-1.933	0.331	2	1				
	-1.742	-2.360	-1.124			7	9	0			
RACE											
Black					0.243	2	0				
White	-2.045	-2.440	-1.650	-1.962	0.083	5	9	0			
***************************************	2.013	2.110	1.030	1.502	0.003	J		J			
ETHNCITY											
Hispanic	-1.477			-1.423	0.053	1	1				
Not	-2.171	-2.555	-1.786	-2.029	0.141	6	8	0			
TRIAL 1521	LOGCHG DI	17 11 DTG 5	SOME VE DI.Z	CEBO							
1K1AH_1521_	_LOGGIG_DF MEAN	95% LIMIT		СПРО							
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	N P	N D	PVALUE			
ALL	-2.546	-2.856	-2.237	-2.418	0.129	7	10	0			
11111	2.510	2.050	2.257	2.110	0.123	,	10	O .			
AGECAT											
<=32	-2.405			-2.351	0.053	1	6				
32-41	-2.197			-2.151	0.046	4	1				
41-43	-2.737					0	2				
>43	-2.776			-2.445	0.331	2	1				
RACE											
Black	-2.441	-3.095	-1.787	-2.198	0.243	2	3	0			
White	-2.595	-2.943	-2.246	-2.198	0.243	5	3 7	0			
MITTCE	-4.535	-4.943	-2.240	-2.512	0.003	J	1	U			
ETHNCITY											
Hispanic					0.053	1	0				
Not	-2.559	-2.892	-2.226	-2.418	0.141	6	10	0			

SPRING_1_2276_%BLQ_WEEK_16_DTG_10mg_VS_EFV MEAN 95% LIMITS									
	DIFF		UPPER	DTG 10mg	EFV	PVALUE			
ALL	32.2%	18.0%	46.5%	$51/\overline{5}3=96.2$ %	32/50=64.0%	5			
STRATUM <100_KABC/3 <100_KTDF/1 >100_KABC/3 >100_KTDF/1	FTC 20 3TC 33	.8% 4. .3% -2	0.0% 86	.9% 13/13=10 .1% 26/26=10 .7% 4/4=100% .7% 8/10=80.	19/24= 2/3=66	79.2% .7%			
AGECAT <=29 29-37 37-44 >44	30.4%	-11.2% -5.8% 26.9% 4.3%	66.5%	20/21=95.2% 13/14=92.9% 10/10=100% 8/8=100%	7/9=77.8% 5/8=62.5% 9/18=50.0% 11/15=73.3%	0.99			
SEX F M	50.0% 29.3%	10.0% 13.9%	90.0% 44.7%	11/11=100% 40/42=95.2%	3/6=50.0% 29/44=65.9%	0.27			
RACE Black White Other	0.0% 34.7% 100%	0.0% 18.6% 100%	0.0% 50.7% 100%	8/8=100% 39/41=95.1% 4/4=100%	6/6=100% 26/43=60.5% 0/1=0.0%	0.32			
ETHNICITY Hispanic Not	17.5% 34.9%	-21.8% 19.8%		8/9=88.9% 43/44=97.7%	5/7=71.4% 27/43=62.8%	0.44			

SPRING_1_2276	_%BLQ_W			_VS_EFV		
ALL	DIFF 30.0%	LOWER		DTG_10mg 47/50=94.0%	EFV 32/50=64.0%	PVALUE
	TC 20.8	3% 4.6% 7% -89.		% 24/24=100% % 2/4=50.0%	19/24=79.2 2/3=66.7%	ે
AGECAT <=29 29-37 37-44 >44		-4.9% -7.8% 7.9% 4.3%	65.5%	12/12=100% 11/12=91.7% 13/15=86.7% 11/11=100%	7/9=77.8% 5/8=62.5% 9/18=50.0% 11/15=73.3%	0.95
SEX F M	30.0% 29.6%	-23.2% 14.4%		4/5=80.0% 43/45=95.6%	3/6=50.0% 29/44=65.9%	0.65
RACE Black White	0.0%	0.0% 15.6%		9/9=100% 38/41=92.7%	6/6=100% 26/43=60.5%	1
ETHNICITY Hispanic Not	14.3% 32.6%	-28.0% 16.8%		6/7=85.7% 41/43=95.3%	5/7=71.4% 27/43=62.8%	0.43

SPRING_1_2276	_%BLQ_W MEAN			_VS_EFV		
ALL			UPPER 41.7%		EFV 32/50=64.0%	PVALUE
STRATUM <100_KABC/3 <100_KTDF/F >100_KABC/3 >100_KTDF/F	TC 12.5	5% -7.2 5 -59.	2% 32.2 8% 76.5	22/24=91.7 38 3/4=75.0%	% 8/13=61.5% % 19/24=79.2 2/3=66.7% 3/10=30.0%	%
AGECAT <=29 29-37 37-44 >44	13.9% 30.8% 31.8% 18.3%	-17.5% -5.0% -0.6% -9.0%	66.7% 64.3%	11/12=91.7% 14/15=93.3% 9/11=81.8% 11/12=91.7%	7/9=77.8% 5/8=62.5% 9/18=50.0% 11/15=73.3%	0.92
SEX F M	33.3% 25.0%		83.2% 41.4%	5/6=83.3% 40/44=90.9%	3/6=50.0% 29/44=65.9%	0.99
RACE Black White	-9.1% 29.0%	-26.1% 11.4%		10/11=90.9% 34/38=89.5%	6/6=100% 26/43=60.5%	0.24
ETHNICITY Hispanic Not	28.6% 25.3%	-4.9% 7.9%		8/8=100% 37/42=88.1%	5/7=71.4% 27/43=62.8%	0.49

SPRING_2_30	86_%BL							
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG 50m	ıg	RAL		PVALUE
ALL	2.7%	-2.0%	7.3%	3557403	=88.1%	346/405	5=85.4%	
<100_KTDF;	/3TC /FTC /3TC /FTC	-0.8% 1.0% -4.7% 16.7%	-8.3% -4.9% -23.8% 3.7%	6.7% 6.9% 14.5% 29.7%	111/124 152/165 27/35=7 65/76=8	5=92.1% 77.1%	112/124= 154/169= 27/33=81 53/77=68	=91.1% L.8%
AGEGPCD <36 >=36	4.1% 1.2%	-2.8% -4.9%	11.1% 7.2%	157/179 198/221		178/213 168/190		
AGECAT <=30 30-36 36-44 >44	6.3% 0.0% 1.1% 1.8%	-3.0% -10.2% -8.1% -6.5%	15.5% 10.1% 10.3% 10.1%	98/113= 70/81=8 106/121 81/88=9	6.4% =87.6%	103/128 83/96=8 77/89=8 83/92=9	16.5% 16.5%	0.85
SEX F M	6.4% 2.1%	-7.3% -2.9%	20.0% 7.1%	49/56=8 306/347		43/53=8 303/352		0.61
RACE Black White Other	3.2%	-13.7% -1.8% -28.7%	8.2%	47/56=8 300/338 8/9=88.	8=88.8%	40/48=8 296/346 10/11=9	5=85.5%	0.87
ETHNICITY Hispanic Not	8.4% 1.9%	-4.0% -3.1%	20.8% 7.0%	40/43=9 315/360		44/52=8 302/353		0.34

SINGLE_4467_	MEAN DIFF	95% LIM	IITS UPPER 11.9%	DTG_50mg 364/414=87.9%	EFV 339/419=80.9%	PVALUE
STRATUM <100_K <=20 <100_K >200 >100_K <=20 >100_K >200	0 6.5% 001.5%	0.7% -18.	1% 22.1 12.3 6% 21.6 21.9	<pre>% 235/262=89.7 % 26/34=76.5%</pre>	7% 218/262=83.2% 27/36=75.0%	
AGECAT <=29 29-36 36-43 >43	10.3% 10.6%	-0.2%		105/125=84.0% 94/101=93.1% 71/80=88.8% 94/108=87.0%	93/118=78.8% 91/110=82.7% 75/96=78.1% 80/95=84.2%	0.53
SEX F M		-1.8% 1.0%	25.9% 11.4%	57/67=85.1% 307/347=88.5%	46/63=73.0% 293/356=82.3%	0.62
	5.6%	-1.9% 0.1% -7.6%	19.4% 11.2% 42.1%	92/111=82.9% 255/284=89.8% 17/19=89.5%	86/116=74.1% 239/284=84.2% 13/18=72.2%	
ETHNICITY Hispanic Not	1.8% 7.8%	-12.1% 2.6%	15.7% 13.1%	47/56=83.9% 317/358=88.5%	46/56=82.1% 293/363=80.7%	0.38

4.1.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trial

SAILING_1	IM E	TEAN				G_50mg 1/354=79	.4%	RAL 254/361=70	.4%	PVALUE
STRATUM <50_K_DRV <50_K_NO <50_K_NO <50_K_NO >50_K_DRV >50_K_DRV >50_K_NO >50_K_NO >50_K_NO	//r_C DRV/ DRV/ //r_C //r_C DRV/	OBR=2 /r_OBF /r_OBF OBR<2 OBR=2 /r OBF	-4.4 R<2 7.79 R=2 6.69 -7.7	18 - 8 - 8 - 78 - 78 -	1.0% -18.9% -5.5% -3.1% -38.1% -4.4% 5.4%	99.0% 10.1% 20.9% 16.3% 22.7% 49.8% 38.3%	50/5 110/ 1/1= 11/1 16/2	9=81.6% 7=87.7% 133=82.7%	2/4=50 43/50= 48/60= 102/13 0/0=. 13/17= 11/25= 35/66=	=86.0% =80.0% 34=76.1% =76.5% =44.0%
AGEGPCD <43 >=43		10.5% 3.0%	1.4%	19.5 16.6		1/178=79 0/171=81		121/176=68 133/180=73		
AGEGP3CD <50 >=50		14.1% -6.9%	6.9% -19.1%	21.3 5.2%		7/265=81 /84=76.2		185/273=67 69/83=83.1		
AGECAT <=35 35-42 42-49 >49	1 1	18.9%	-11.3%	35.0 13.3 31.0 5.4%	ያ <mark>ዩ 67</mark>) <mark>ዩ 76</mark>	/92=80.4 /86=77.9 /91=83.5 /85=75.3	% %	51/87=58.6 70/91=76.9 64/99=64.6 69/84=82.1	% %	0.007
SEX F M		12.4% 7.6%	1.7%	23.2 15.4		/107=83. 2/247=77		87/123=70. 167/238=70		0.42
RACE Black White Other	10.5 8.9%	8	1.5% -0.2% -44.3%	19.6 18.1 14.7	1 3 ا	5/153=81 9/178=78 /22=72.7	.1%	126/177=71 121/175=69 7/8=87.5%		
ETHNICITY Hispanic Not	1	15.5% 5.9%	4.4%	26.6 13.6		6/135=78 5/219=79		75/119=63. 179/242=74		0.23

4.1.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials

1) LOGCHANG	GE DAY 11					
$M\overline{E}AN$		5				
DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	ΝP	N_D
-0.32008	-0.71742	0.077261	-1.73798	-1.41790	26	1 <u>9</u>
-0.26732	-0.87838	0.34373			10	7
-0.36758	-0.82025	0.08508	-1.53449	-1.16690	16	12
					_	_
						3 7
					=	6 3
0.28126	-0.28888	0.85140	-0.99955	-1.28081	8	3
0 62416	0 20414	1 56045	1 22505	1 07011	2	4
					_	15
-0.4/330	-0.09302	-0.05276	-1.04519	-1.3/100	24	13
0 50228	-0 51387	1 51843	-1 47046	-1 97274	2	4
					_	15
0.13,03	0.03337	0.01331	1.00552	1.37100		13
0.24289	-0.43064	0.91642	-1.38919	-1.63208	3	5
-0.47258	-0.92181	-0.02335	-1.86255	-1.38997	23	14
	MEAN DIFF -0.32008 -0.26732 -0.36758 -0.33200 -0.30013 -0.87071 0.28126 0.63416 -0.47330 0.50228 -0.43765	DIFF LOWER -0.32008 -0.71742 -0.26732 -0.87838 -0.36758 -0.82025 -0.33200 -0.84739 -0.30013 -1.29585 -0.87071 -1.39028 0.28126 -0.28888 0.63416 -0.29414 -0.47330 -0.89382 0.50228 -0.51387 -0.43765 -0.85597 0.24289 -0.43064	MEAN 95% LIMITS DIFF LOWER UPPER -0.32008 -0.71742 0.077261 -0.26732 -0.87838 0.34373 -0.36758 -0.82025 0.08508 -0.33200 -0.84739 0.18340 -0.30013 -1.29585 0.69559 -0.87071 -1.39028 -0.35115 0.28126 -0.28888 0.85140 0.63416 -0.29414 1.56245 -0.47330 -0.89382 -0.05278 0.50228 -0.51387 1.51843 -0.43765 -0.85597 -0.01934 0.24289 -0.43064 0.91642	MEAN 95% LIMITS DIFF LOWER UPPER DTG -0.32008 -0.71742 0.077261 -1.73798 -0.26732 -0.87838 0.34373 -2.08682 -0.36758 -0.82025 0.08508 -1.53449 -0.33200 -0.84739 0.18340 -2.46284 -0.30013 -1.29585 0.69559 -1.57177 -0.87071 -1.39028 -0.35115 -1.93867 0.28126 -0.28888 0.85140 -0.99955 0.63416 -0.29414 1.56245 -1.33595 -0.47330 -0.89382 -0.05278 -1.84519 0.50228 -0.51387 1.51843 -1.47046 -0.43765 -0.85597 -0.01934 -1.80932 0.24289 -0.43064 0.91642 -1.38919	MEAN 95% LIMITS DIFF LOWER UPPER DTG PLAC -0.32008 -0.71742 0.077261 -1.73798 -1.41790 -0.26732 -0.87838 0.34373 -2.08682 -1.81950 -0.36758 -0.82025 0.08508 -1.53449 -1.16690 -0.33200 -0.84739 0.18340 -2.46284 -2.13084 -0.30013 -1.29585 0.69559 -1.57177 -1.27164 -0.87071 -1.39028 -0.35115 -1.93867 -1.06796 0.28126 -0.28888 0.85140 -0.999955 -1.28081 0.63416 -0.29414 1.56245 -1.33595 -1.97011 -0.47330 -0.89382 -0.05278 -1.84519 -1.37188 0.50228 -0.51387 1.51843 -1.47046 -1.97274 -0.43765 -0.85597 -0.01934 -1.80932 -1.37166 0.24289 -0.43064 0.91642 -1.38919 -1.63208	MEAN 95% LIMITS DIFF LOWER UPPER DTG PLAC N_P -0.32008 -0.71742 0.077261 -1.73798 -1.41790 26 -0.26732 -0.87838 0.34373 -2.08682 -1.81950 10 -0.36758 -0.82025 0.08508 -1.53449 -1.16690 16 -0.33200 -0.84739 0.18340 -2.46284 -2.13084 6 -0.30013 -1.29585 0.69559 -1.57177 -1.27164 5 -0.87071 -1.39028 -0.35115 -1.93867 -1.06796 7 0.28126 -0.28888 0.85140 -0.99955 -1.28081 8 0.63416 -0.29414 1.56245 -1.33595 -1.97011 2 -0.47330 -0.89382 -0.05278 -1.84519 -1.37188 24 0.50228 -0.51387 1.51843 -1.47046 -1.97274 2 -0.43765 -0.85597 -0.01934 -1.80932 -1.37166 24 0.24289 -0.43064 0.91642 -1.38919 -1.63208 3

VIKING_2961	MEAN DIFF	95% LIMITS LOWER UPP			50mg_QD	PVALUE
ALL	26.4%	0.3% 52.	o* 17/24	=70.8%	12/27 = 44.4%	
AGEGPCD <47 >=47	21.2% 29.6%	-21.4% 63. -3.5% 62.			5/11=45.5% 7/16=43.8%	0.76
AGECAT <=43 43-47 47-52.5 >52.5	22.9% 26.7% 57.1% 4.2%	-27.9% 73. -26.2% 79. 14.8% 99. -58.8% 67.	5% 6/9=6 5% 5/7=7	56.7% 2 71.4% 1	4/7=57.1% 2/5=40.0% 1/7=14.3% 5/8=62.5%	0.65
SEX F M	16.7% 28.2%	-62.2% 95. -0.2% 56.			1/2=50.0% 11/25=44.0%	0.81
RACE Black White	-40.0% 36.2%	-82.9% 2.9 8.5% 63.			3/3=100% 9/24=37.5%	0.046
ETHNICITY Hispanic Not	-26.7% 37.3%	-95.1% 41. 10.4% 64.			2/3=66.7% 10/24=41.7%	0.1
VIKING_2961 ALL	_%BLQ_WI		16/24=	66.7% <u>9</u>	9/27=33.3%	
AGEGPCD <47 >=47	30.3% - 35.4% 2				4/11=36.4% 5/16=31.3%	0.86
AGECAT <=43 43-47 47-52.5 >52.5	57.1% 2 4.4% - 57.1% 2 29.2% -	-49.4% 58.3% 14.8% 99.5%	4/9=44 5/7=71	.4% 2	3/7=42.9% 2/5=40.0% 1/7=14.3% 3/8=37.5%	0.43
SEX F M	16.7% - 34.7% 6				1/2=50.0% 8/25=32.0%	0.7
RACE Black White	13.3% - 34.0% 5		,		2/3=66.7% 7/24=29.2%	0.71
ETHNICITY Hispanic Not	-46.7% 49.8%	-100% 17.2% 24.0% 75.6%			2/3=66.7% 7/24=29.2%	0.014

VIKING_3	_2574_LOG_CHAN	NGE_DAY_8 95% LIMI	·mc		
ALL	MEAN -1.439	LOWER			PVALUE 0
AGEGRP <65 >=65	-1.436 -1.578	-1.524 -1.861	-1.347 -1.296	178 4	0 0
AGECAT <=43 43-48 48-52 >52	-1.584 -1.414 -1.335 -1.384	-1.605	-1.222	50	0 0 0
SEX F M	-1.293 -1.482	-1.461 -1.582	-1.126 -1.382	42 140	0 0
RACE Black White Other	-1.441 -1.443 -1.252	-1.542	-1.344		0 0 0
ETHNICIT Hispanic Not		-1.737 -1.526	-1.215 -1.342	19 163	0 0
VIKING_3	_2574_%BLQ_WE		MITTIC		
ALL	MEAN 76/114=66.7%	95% LII LOWER 58.0%	UPPER 75.3%	PVAL	UE
AGEGRP <65 >=65	73/111=65.8% 3/3=100%	56.9% 100%	74.6% 100%	0	
AGECAT <=43 43-48 48-52 >52	17/25=68.0% 26/34=76.5% 15/27=55.6% 18/28=64.3%	49.7% 62.2% 36.8% 46.5%	86.3% 90.7% 74.3% 82.0%	0 0 0	
SEX F M	15/25=60.0% 61/89=68.5%	40.8% 58.9%	79.2% 78.2%	0	
RACE Black White	15/28=53.6% 61/85=71.8%	35.1% 62.2%	72.0% 81.3%	0 0	
ETHNICIT Hispanic Not	Y 9/11=81.8% 67/103=65.0%	59.0% 55.8%	104.6% 74.3%	0 0	

4.2 Baseline HIV, CD4, CDC Class

The following tables give the results of analyzing the primary endpoints of all seven trials by covariates reflecting baseline illness levels: baseline HIV level, baseline CD4 count, baseline CDC class, and also risk factor attributed to initial infection. The tables are laid out as in the previous section.

4.2.1 Treatment Naïve Trials

TRIAL_1521_L DTG_2MG_VS_P	_	_11 95% LIMIT LOWER	S UPPER	DTG	PLAC	N_P	N_D
BASELINE HIV <=13000 13000-26250 26250-45800 >45800	-2.186 -1.839 -0.488 -0.946		-1.359	-1.932 -1.586 -0.752 -1.053		4 1 1	2 4 1 2
DTG_10MG_VS_ BASELINE HIV <=13000 13000-26250 26250-45800 >45800				-1.615 -2.067 -2.273	0.254 0.252 -0.264 -0.107	4 1 1	0 3 4 2
DTG_50MG_VS_ BASELINE HIV <=13000 13000-26250 26250-45800 >45800		-2.729	-1.924	-2.072 -2.632 -2.433 -2.677	0.254 0.252 -0.264 -0.107	4 1 1	3 1 3 3

SPRING_1_2276	SPRING_1_2276_%BLQ_WEEK_16_DTG_10mg_VS_EFV MEAN 95% LIMITS						
DIGIT FROM	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG_10mg	EFV	PVALUE	
RISK_FACTOR Drug_use Homosexual Other	50.0% 31.3% 31.3%	-19.3% 12.5% 8.5%	119.3% 50.0% 54.0%	3/3=100% 30/32=93.8% 18/18=100%	1/2=50.0% 20/32=62.5% 11/16=68.8%	0.76	
NRTIGP ABC/3TC TDF/FTC	33.3% 29.7%	9.5% 12.0%	57.2% 47.5%	17/17=100% 34/36=94.4%	10/15=66.7% 22/34=64.7%	0.84	
BASELINE HIV <=100_K >100_K	31.0% 36.4%	15.5% 2.4%	46.4% 70.3%	41/42=97.6% 10/11=90.9%	26/39=66.7% 6/11=54.5%	0.77	
BASELINE HIV <=8283 8283-33580 33580-83571 >83571	21.4% 41.7% 25.0% 42.3%	-0.1% 13.8% -5.9% 10.5%	42.9% 69.6% 55.9% 74.1%	16/16=100% 12/12=100% 11/12=91.7% 12/13=92.3%	11/14=78.6% 7/12=58.3% 8/12=66.7% 6/12=50.0%	0.9	
BASELINE CD4 <300 >=300	COUNT 46.7% 18.7%	25.7% 0.5%	67.7% 36.9%	29/30=96.7% 22/23=95.7%	12/24=50.0% 20/26=76.9%	0.32	
BASELINE CD4 <=242 242-305 305-393 >393	COUNT 52.1% 41.7% 26.7% 11.0%	21.8% 13.8% 4.3% -15.4%	82.4% 69.6% 49.0% 37.5%	15/16=93.8% 16/16=100% 7/7=100% 13/14=92.9%	5/12=41.7% 7/12=58.3% 11/15=73.3% 9/11=81.8%	0.67	
BASELINE CDC A B	GROUP 33.5% 25.0%	18.2% -17.4%	48.8% 67.4%	45/47=95.7% 6/6=100%	28/45=62.2% 3/4=75.0%	0.95	

SPRING_1_2276	SPRING_1_2276_%BLQ_WEEK_16_DTG_25mg_VS_EFV MEAN 95% LIMITS						
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG_10mg	EFV	PVALUE	
RISK_FACTOR Drug_use Homosexual Other	50.0% 32.1% 22.2%	-19.3% 13.8% -6.2%	119.3% 50.4% 50.5%	2/2=100% 35/37=94.6% 10/11=90.9%	1/2=50.0% 20/32=62.5% 11/16=68.8%	0.77	
NRTIGP ABC/3TC TDF/FTC	21.6% 32.3%	-6.8% 15.2%	49.9% 49.4%	15/17=88.2% 32/33=97.0%	10/15=66.7% 22/34=64.7%	0.75	
BASELINE HIV <=100_K >100_K	30.8% 25.5%	15.3% -13.0%	46.4% 63.9%	39/40=97.5% 8/10=80.0%	26/39=66.7% 6/11=54.5%	0.38	
BASELINE HIV <=8283 8283-33580 33580-83571 >83571	21.4% 41.7% 26.2% 31.8%	-0.1% 13.8% -3.7% -4.5%	42.9% 69.6% 56.1% 68.1%	12/12=100% 13/13=100% 13/14=92.9% 9/11=81.8%	11/14=78.6% 7/12=58.3% 8/12=66.7% 6/12=50.0%	0.83	
BASELINE CD4 <300 >=300	COUNT 40.0% 19.7%	16.1% 2.3%	63.9% 37.2%	18/20=90.0% 29/30=96.7%	12/24=50.0% 20/26=76.9%	0.97	
BASELINE CD4 <=242 242-305 305-393 >393	COUNT 58.3% 16.7% 20.0% 18.2%	30.4% -24.3% -5.7% -4.6%		13/13=100% 6/8=75.0% 14/15=93.3% 14/14=100%	5/12=41.7% 7/12=58.3% 11/15=73.3% 9/11=81.8%	0.38	
BASELINE CDC A B C	GROUP 31.0% 25.0% 0.0%	15.0% -17.4% 0.0%		41/44=93.2% 5/5=100% 1/1=100%	28/45=62.2% 3/4=75.0% 1/1=100%	0.94	

SPRING_1_2276_%BLQ_WEEK_16_DTG_50mg_VS_EFV						
	MEAN DIFF	95% LIM	IITS UPPER	DTC 10ma	EFV	PVALUE
RISK FACTOR	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG_10mg	EF V	PVALUE
Homosexual	26.1%	6.3%	45.9%	31/35=88.6%	20/32=62.5%	
Other	24.6%	-1.4%	50.6%	14/15=93.3%	11/16=68.8%	
NDETCD						
NRTIGP ABC/3TC	20.8%	-8.0%	49.7%	14/16=87.5%	10/15=66.7%	0 95
TDF/FTC	26.5%	7.8%	45.2%	31/34=91.2%	22/34=64.7%	0.55
,				•	,	
BASELINE HIV	0 = 40	0 00	40 50	25/22 22 12	05/00 55 70	
<=100_K >100 K	25.4% 28.8%	8.3% -7.4%	42.5% 65.0%	35/38=92.1% 10/12=83.3%	26/39=66.7% 6/11=54.5%	0.86
>100_K	20.0%	- / . 4 %	03.0%	10/12-03.3%	0/11-34.3%	
BASELINE HIV						
<=8283	21.4%	-0.1%	42.9%	9/9=100%	11/14=78.6%	0.48
8283-33580	41.7%	13.8% -22.3%		14/14=100%	7/12=58.3%	
33580-83571 >83571	11.9% 34.6%	-22.36 0.2%	46.2% 69.0%	11/14=78.6% 11/13=84.6%	8/12=66.7% 6/12=50.0%	
703371	31.00	0.20	03.00	11/13-01.00	0/12-30:00	
BASELINE CD4						
<300	41.7%	18.8%		22/24=91.7%	12/24=50.0%	0.21
>=300	11.5%	-8.8%	31.9%	23/26=88.5%	20/26=76.9%	
BASELINE CD4	COUNT					
<=242	58.3%	30.4%	86.2%	10/10=100%	5/12=41.7%	0.25
242-305	29.2%	-3.1%	61.4%	14/16=87.5%	7/12=58.3%	
305-393	3.6%	-28.4%	35.6% 41.0%	10/13=76.9%	11/15=73.3%	
>393	18.2%	-4.6%	41.U6	11/11=100%	9/11=81.8%	
BASELINE CDC	GROUP					
A	28.0%	11.2%	44.8%	37/41=90.2%	28/45=62.2%	0.97
В	13.9%	-33.3%	61.0%	8/9=88.9%	3/4=75.0%	

SPRING_2_30	SPRING_2_3086_%BLQ_WEEK_48							
	DIFF	95% LIM	IITS UPPER	DTG_50mg	RAL	PVALUE		
RISK_FACTOR Drug_use Homosexual Other	15.0% 1.3%	-3.7%	6.3%	15/20=75.0% 242/265=91.3% 98/115=85.2%	12/20=60.0% 226/251=90.0% 108/132=81.8%			
NRTIGP ABC/3TC TDF/FTC	-1.6% 5.8%	-8.8% -0.1%	5.7% 11.7%	139/160=86.9% 216/240=90.0%	138/156=88.5% 208/247=84.2%			
BASELINE HIY <=100_K >100_K	1.0%			263/287=91.6% 92/113=81.4%	260/287=90.6% 86/116=74.1%			
12.8-3 5 .8 K	-4.5% 3.5%	-5.2%	12.1%	96/104=92.3% 95/105=90.5% 81/93=87.1% 83/101=82.2%	91/94=96.8% 87/100=87.0% 95/108=88.0% 73/103=70.9%	0.16		
	7.3%	-0.1%	14.7% 4.7%	170/195=87.2% 185/205=90.2%	151/189=79.9% 195/214=91.1%			
274-361 361-470	11.7% 0.2% -3.7%	1.2% -8.9% -12.3%	9.3%	85/98=86.7% 93/106=87.7% 84/96=87.5% 93/100=93.0%				
BASELINE CDO A B C	2.0% 2.6%	-2.7%	19.5%	314/349=90.0% 33/42=78.6% 8/9=88.9%	299/340=87.9% 41/54=75.9% 6/9=66.7%			

SINGLE_4467	4467_%BLQ_WEEK_48 MEAN 95% LIMITS							
RISK FACTOR	DIFF		UPPER	DTG_50mg	EFV	PVALUE		
Drug_use Homosexual Other	12.3% 6.1%	-23.6% 0.4% 0.7%	48.1% 11.7% 19.6%	15/19=78.9% 235/262=89.7% 114/131=87.0%	6/9=66.7% 240/287=83.6% 93/121=76.9%			
BASELINE HIT <=100_K >100_K		2.2%	13.2% 15.5%	253/279=90.7% 111/133=83.5%	239/288=83.0% 100/129=77.5%			
BASELINE HI <=14.7_K 14.7-48.3_K 48.3-143_K >143_K	V 11.0% 4.5% 4.8% 8.1%	1.3% -4.2% -4.4% -3.0%	20.8% 13.2% 14.0% 19.3%	94/105=89.5% 97/107=90.7% 84/94=89.4% 89/108=82.4%	84/107=78.5% 87/101=86.1% 93/110=84.5% 75/101=74.3%	0.87		
BASELINE CD <=200 >200		-8.7%		45/55=81.8% 319/357=89.4%				
246-339 339-438	2.4% 11.5% 6.0%	О ГО.	21.3% 15.4%	80/99=80.8% 98/109=89.9% 96/107=89.7% 90/97=92.8%	87/111=78.4% 80/102=78.4% 82/98=83.7% 90/106=84.9%			
200-350 350-500	-9.3% 10.7% 7.9% 4.4%	-42.4% -5.5% -0.2%	26.9% 15.9% 12.8%	9/13=69.2% 36/42=85.7% 143/163=87.7% 116/131=88.5% 60/63=95.2%				
BASELINE CD A B C	7.2% 8.5%	2.1%	24.2%	307/342=89.8% 44/53=83.0% 13/17=76.5%	288/349=82.5% 38/51=74.5% 13/17=76.5%			

4.2.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trials

SAILING_176	2_%BLQ MEAN DIFF	_WEEK_24 95% LIN LOWER		DTG_50mg	RAL	PVALUE
RISK_FACTOR Drug_use Homosexual Other	30.7%	8.7% -6.9% 1.1%	52.7% 14.4% 17.5%	20/23=87.0% 100/127=78.7% 161/199=80.9%	18/32=56.3% 87/116=75.0% 149/208=71.6%	
BASELINE HI <=50_K >50_K	V 7.5% 13.6%	0.6%	14.3% 26.6%	208/246=84.6% 73/103=70.9%	195/253=77.1% 59/103=57.3%	
BASELINE HT <=2801 2801-15259 15259-67283 >67283	5.0% 5.9% 10.3%	-5.2% -6.0% -2.4% -0.2%	15.1% 17.7% 23.0% 28.2%	77/87=88.5% 76/92=82.6% 70/88=79.5% 58/87=66.7%	76/91=83.5% 66/86=76.7% 63/91=69.2% 49/93=52.7%	0.97
BASELINE HT <1_K 1-10_K 10-50_K 50-100_K 100-500_K >=500_K	-1.9% 7.5% 11.7% 2.5% 10.0%	-16.4% -2.5% -0.2% -18.9% -7.9% 17.3%	17.5% 23.7% 24.0%	37/44=84.1% 95/109=87.2% 76/93=81.7% 26/36=72.2% 37/52=71.2% 10/15=66.7%	43/50=86.0% 82/103=79.6% 70/100=70.0% 23/33=69.7% 33/54=61.1% 3/16=18.8%	
BASELINE CD <=200 >200	4 COUN 9.9% 8.1%	T 0.3% 0.1%	19.4% 16.1%	128/171=74.9% 153/178=86.0%	117/180=65.0% 137/176=77.8%	
BASELINE CD <=95 95-201 201-365 >365		T -0.7% -5.8% -3.5% -2.5%	27.0% 19.9% 20.8% 18.1%	65/90=72.2% 64/82=78.0% 74/90=82.2% 78/87=89.7%	52/88=59.1% 66/93=71.0% 64/87=73.6% 72/88=81.8%	
BASELINE CD <50 50-200 200-350 350-500 >=500		T -4.4% -2.3% -5.5% -4.8% -6.3%	30.3% 20.0% 19.4% 22.9% 24.1%	41/61=67.2% 87/110=79.1% 68/82=82.9% 47/54=87.0% 38/42=90.5%	32/59=54.2% 85/121=70.2% 60/79=75.9% 46/59=78.0% 31/38=81.6%	
BASELINE CD A B C		-0.5% -11.8%	20.9% 15.4% 21.6%	92/110=83.6% 52/68=76.5% 137/171=80.1%	83/113=73.5% 65/87=74.7% 106/156=67.9%	

4.2.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials

VIKING_(296	VIKING_(2961)_LOGCHANGE_DAY_11							
	MEAN	95% LIMITS						
D.T.G.T. D.T.G.T.G.D.	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	N_P	N_D	
RISK FACTOR Drug_use	0.16426				-1.73515	2	1	
Homosexual Other	-0.68880 0.22181	-1.17920 -0.50210	-0.19840 0.94571		-1.24413 -1.59773	14 10	12 6	
001101	0.22101	0.30210	0.31371	1.37352	1.33773		Ü	
BASELINE HI	V							
<10_K	-0.39343	-0.90778	0.12091		-1.25698	8	4	
>=10_K	-0.27191	-0.77528	0.23147	-1.76133	-1.48942	18	15	
BASELINE HI	V							
<=7434	-0.36546	-0.79147	0.06055	-1.65041	-1.28495	6	4	
7434-18621		-1.65643	0.52065		-1.22476	6	5 5	
18621-60256		-0.47551	1.13111		-1.68043	7	5	
>60256	-0.70383	-1.38549	-0.02217	-2.13871	-1.43488	7	5	
BASELINE CD4	4 COUNT							
<50	-0.25087	-0.97821	0.47648	-1.52258	-1.27171	7	6	
>=50	-0.36563	-0.83737	0.10610	-1.83739	-1.47176	19	13	
BASELINE CD	4 COUNT							
<=44	-0.25087	-0.97821	0.47648	-1.52258	-1.27171	7	6	
44-122	-0.35861	-1.38849	0.67128	-2.11297	-1.75436	8	3 6	
	-0.20793	-0.96553	0.54968		-1.40918	7	6	
>380	-0.94507	-1.67098	-0.21915	-1.96114	-1.01608	4	4	

VIKING_2961	_%BLQ_WE MEAN	EEK_24 95% LIN	итте	DTG			
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	50mg_BID	50mg_QD	PVALUE	
RISK_FACTOR Drug_use Homosexual Other	-50.0%	-20.7%	54.0%	0/1=0.0% 8/12=66.7% 9/11=81.8%	1/2=50.0% 7/14=50.0% 4/11=36.4%	0.25	
BASELINE HI <10_K >=10_K	-1.8%			6/7=85.7% 11/17=64.7%	7/8=87.5% 5/19=26.3%	0.3	
7434-18621	16.7% 7.1%	-6.0%	61.4%	6/6=100% 4/7=57.1% 4/5=80.0% 3/6=50.0%	5/6=83.3% 3/6=50.0% 3/8=37.5% 1/7=14.3%	0.75	
BASELINE CD <50 >=50	14.3%	-35.4% 3.9%		3/7=42.9% 14/17=82.4%	2/7=28.6% 10/20=50.0%	0.54	
	14.3%	14.8%	91.6% 99.5%	3/7=42.9% 3/4=75.0% 6/7=85.7% 5/6=83.3%	2/7=28.6% 3/8=37.5% 2/7=28.6% 5/5=100%	0.29	

VIKING_2961_%BLQ_WEEK_48 MEAN 95% LIMITS DTG						
	DIFF LOWER	UPPER	50mg_BID	50mg_QD	PVALUE	
Homosexual	-50.0% -100% 15.5% -22.6% 63.6% 31.4%	53.6%	0/1=0.0% 7/12=58.3% 9/11=81.8%	1/2=50.0% 6/14=42.9% 2/11=18.2%	0.093	
	35.7% -7.6%		6/7=85.7% 10/17=58.8%	4/8=50.0% 5/19=26.3%	0.83	
7434-18621	33.3% -16.6% 23.8% -28.8% 42.5% -6.0%	76.4% 91.0%	5/6=83.3% 4/7=57.1% 4/5=80.0% 3/6=50.0%		0.96	
BASELINE CD4 <50 >=50			3/7=42.9% 13/17=76.5%	2/7=28.6% 7/20=35.0%	0.42	
BASELINE CD4 <=44 44-122 122-380 >380	4 COUNT 14.3% -35.4 50.0% -2.0% 71.4% 34.8% -13.3% -64.8	1009	3/4=75.0% 6/7=85.7%	2/8=25.0%	0.18	

VIKING_3_257	VIKING_3_2574_LOG_CHANGE_DAY_8 95% LIMITS							
	MEAN	LOWER	UPPER	N	PVALUE			
RISK FACTOR Drug_use Homosexual Other	-1.596 -1.441 -1.374	-1.847 -1.565 -1.510			0 0 0			
BASELINE HIV <1_K 1-10_K 10-50_K 50-100_K 100-500_K >=500_K	-0.921 -1.513 -1.493 -1.412	-1.058 -1.649 -1.662 -1.667 -1.852 -1.769	-1.412		.0000 .0000 .0000 .0000 .0000			
BASELINE HIV <=4716 4716-24855 24855-84534 >84534	-1.212 -1.513 -1.505 -1.529	-1.349 -1.669 -1.692 -1.726	-1.075 -1.356 -1.317 -1.332	46 47 45 44	0 0 0			
BASELINE CD4 <=40 40-150 150-330 >330	COUNT -1.256 -1.515 -1.594 -1.400	-1.447 -1.714 -1.712 -1.557	-1.066 -1.317 -1.475 -1.242	49 45 46 42	0 0 0 0			
BASELINE CD4 <50 50-200 200-350 350-500 >=500	COUNT -1.256 -1.554 -1.546 -1.523 -1.196	-1.447 -1.714 -1.675 -1.697 -1.507	-1.066 -1.393 -1.418 -1.350 -0.885	49 60 34 24 15	0 0 0 0			
BASELINE CDC A B C	GROUP -1.448 -1.465 -1.425	-1.608 -1.659 -1.546		44 37 101	0 0 0			

VIKING 3 2574 %BLQ WEEK 24

VIKING_3_25	/4_%BLQ_WEEK_24			
RISK FACTOR	MEAN	95% LIMI' LOWER	TS UPPER	PVALUE
Drug_use Homosexual Other	12/18=66.7% 41/57=71.9% 23/39=59.0%	44.9% 60.3% 43.5%	88.4% 83.6% 74.4%	0 0 0
BASELINE HIV <=4716 4716-24855 24855-84534 >84534	26/29=89.7%	78.6% 64.3% 46.5% 20.7%	100.7% 95.7% 82.0% 54.3%	0 0 0
BASELINE HIV <1_K 1-10_K 10-50_K 50-100_K 100-500_K >=500_K	11/12=91.7% 24/30=80.0% 22/29=75.9% 8/13=61.5% 10/24=41.7% 1/6=16.7%	76.0% 65.7% 60.3% 35.1% 21.9% -13.2%	107.3% 94.3% 91.4% 88.0% 61.4% 46.5%	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.2733
BASELINE CD4 <=40 40-150 150-330 >330	4 COUNT 14/36=38.9% 14/25=56.0% 24/27=88.9% 24/26=92.3%	23.0% 36.5% 77.0% 82.1%	54.8% 75.5% 100.7% 102.6%	0 0 0 0
BASELINE CD4 <50 50-200 200-350 350-500 >=500	4 COUNT 14/36=38.9% 22/34=64.7% 18/20=90.0% 13/15=86.7% 9/9=100%	23.0% 48.6% 76.9% 69.5% 100%	54.8% 80.8% 103.1% 103.9%	0 0 0 0
BASELINE CDO A B C	C GROUP 15/21=71.4% 19/26=73.1% 42/67=62.7%	52.1% 56.0% 51.1%	90.8% 90.1% 74.3%	0 0 0

4.3 Demographic Covariates

The following tables give the results of analyzing the primary endpoints of all seven trials by other covariates including height and weight, country, and for the treatment experienced subjects, covariates reflecting degree of resistance. The tables are laid out as in the previous sections.

4.3.1 Treatment Naïve Trials

TRIAL 1521 LOGCHG DAY 11 DTG 2MG VS PLACEBO							
	MEAN _	_95% LIMI	TS				
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	ΝP	N D
HEIGHT						_	_
<=173	-1.805			-1.751	0.053	1	3
173-178	-0.915	-1.615	-0.215	-1.100	-0.185	2	2
178-183	-1.472	-1.980	-0.964	-1.091	0.380	3	3
>183	-2.414			-2.338	0.075	1	1
WEIGHT							
<=74.2	-1.709	-2.322	-1.096	-1.814	-0.105	2	3
74.2-78.2	-1.935			-1.525	0.410	1	1
78.2-86	-1.726	-2.353	-1.099	-1.360	0.366	2	4
>86	-0.642			-0.658	-0.016	2	1
BMI							
<=23.92	-1.998	-3.139	-0.857	-1.890	0.108	2	2
23.92-25.5	-1.658	-2.144	-1.172	-1.426	0.232	2	3
25.5-30.49	-1.702			-1.450	0.252	1	3
>30.49	-0.642			-0.658	-0.016	2	1

TRIAL_1521_LOGCHG_DAY_11_DTG_10MG_VS_PLACEBO MEAN 95% LIMITS								
III T GIIII	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	N_P	N_D	
HEIGHT <=173 173-178 178-183 >183	-2.476 -1.149 -2.310 -2.009	-1.382 -2.642	-0.916 -1.978	-2.423 -1.334 -1.930 -1.933	0.053 -0.185 0.380 0.075	1 2 3 1	3 2 3 1	
WEIGHT <=74.2 74.2-78.2 78.2-86 >86	-2.507 -2.198 -2.314 -1.914	-3.367 -2.267	-1.261 -1.560	-2.612 -1.787 -1.948 -1.930	-0.105 0.410 0.366 -0.016	2 1 2 2	1 3 2 3	
BMI <=23.92 23.92-25.5 25.5-30.49 >30.49	-2.041 -2.160 -2.056 -2.050	-3.545 -2.436	-0.776 -1.663	-1.933 -1.929 -1.803 -2.065	0.108 0.232 0.252 -0.016	2 2 1 2	1 2 2 4	
TRIAL_1521_LOGCHG_DAY_11_DTG_50MG_VS_PLACEBO MEAN 95% LIMITS								
HEIGHT	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	N_P	N_D	
<=173 173-178 178-183 >183	-2.591 -2.125 -2.790	-2.850 -3.127	-1.399 -2.452	-2.537 -2.310 -2.409	0.053 -0.185 0.380 0.075	1 2 3 1	3 3 4 0	
WEIGHT <=74.2 74.2-78.2 78.2-86 >86	-2.198 -3.001 -2.489 -2.375	-2.895 -2.879	-1.500 -1.871	-2.303 -2.591 -2.123 -2.391	-0.105 0.410 0.366 -0.016	2 1 2 2	3 4 1 2	
BMI <=23.92 23.92-25.5 25.5-30.49 >30.49	-2.613 -2.206 -2.778 -2.616	-3.413 -2.781	-1.813 -1.630	-2.505 -1.974 -2.526 -2.632	0.108 0.232 0.252 -0.016	2 2 1 2	4 2 3 1	

SPRING_1_2276_%BLQ_WEEK_16_DTG_10mg_VS_EFV MEAN 95% LIMITS								
ABC EXPOSURE	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG_10mg	EFV	PVALUE		
No Yes	31.9% 33.3%	14.4% 9.5%	49.4% 57.2%	36/38=94.7% 15/15=100%	22/35=62.9% 10/15=66.7%	0.69		
COUNTRY France Germany Italy Russia Spain US	0.0% 11.1% 28.6% 50.0% 77.8% 21.9%	0.0% -9.4% -16.3% 1.0% 50.6% -1.6%	0.0% 31.6% 73.5% 99.0% 104.9% 45.4%	4/4=100% 7/7=100% 6/7=85.7% 7/7=100% 11/11=100% 16/17=94.1%	3/3=100% 8/9=88.9% 4/7=57.1% 2/4=50.0% 2/9=22.2% 13/18=72.2%	0.67		
HEIGHT <=170 170-176 176-181 >181	41.1% 30.8% 20.6% 36.4%	13.7% 5.7% -8.6% 7.9%	68.5% 55.9% 49.8% 64.8%	17/18=94.4% 8/8=100% 14/15=93.3% 12/12=100%	8/15=53.3% 9/13=69.2% 8/11=72.7% 7/11=63.6%	0.94		
SPRING_1_2276_%BLQ_WEEK_16_DTG_25mg_VS_EFV MEAN 95% LIMITS								
SPRING_1_2276				_VS_EFV				
	5_%BLQ_W MEAN DIFF			_VS_EFV DTG_10mg	EFV	PVALUE		
SPRING_1_2276 ABC EXPOSURE No Yes	MEAN	95₹ LĪN	/ITS		EFV 22/35=62.9% 10/15=66.7%			
ABC EXPOSURE	MEAN DIFF	95% LIN LOWER 17.1%	MITS UPPER 51.2%	DTG_10mg	22/35=62.9%			

SPRING_1_2276	S_%BLQ_WI	EEK_16_D	TG_50mg	_VS_EFV			
	MEAN	95% LIMITS					
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG 10mg	EFV	PVALUE	
ABC EXPOSURE				_			
No	28.6%	10.1%	47.1%	32/35=91.4%	22/35=62.9%	0.63	
Yes	20.0%	-9.4%	49.4%	13/15=86.7%	10/15=66.7%		
COUNTRY							
France	-28.6%		4.9%	,	3/3=100%	0.15	
Germany	-3.2%	-36.2%		6/7=85.7%	8/9=88.9%		
Italy	42.9%		79.5%	3/3=100%	4/7=57.1%		
Russia	30.0%	-30.3%	90.3%	4/5=80.0%	2/4=50.0%		
Spain	77.8%	50.6%	104.9%	,	2/9=22.2%		
US	22.8%	0.0%	45.6%	19/20=95.0%	13/18=72.2%		
HEIGHT							
<=170	34.2%		64.2%	14/16=87.5%	8/15=53.3%	0.94	
170-176	23.1%		52.0%	12/13=92.3%	9/13=69.2%		
176-181	27.3%			8/8=100%	8/11=72.7%		
>181	21.0%	-13.6%	55.5%	11/13=84.6%	7/11=63.6%		

SPRING 2 30	SPRING_2_3086_%BLQ_WEEK_48								
		95% LIN							
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG_50mg	RAL	PVALUE			
ABC EXPOSUR				_					
				216/238=90.8%					
Yes	-1.5%	-9.0%	5.9%	139/162=85.8%	138/158=87.3%				
COUNTRY									
Australia	-9 72	-28.3%	Q Q2	17/20=85.0%	18/19=94.7%				
Canada		-2.3%			27/29=93.1%				
				45/49=91.8%	40/44=90.9%				
				39/42=92.9%					
Italy	-1.0%	-19.8%	17.7%	20/23=87.0%	22/25=88.0%				
Russia	-0.6%	-19.1%	18.0%	29/37=78.4% 112/125=89.6%	30/38=78.9%				
Spain	6.5%	-2.1%	15.2%	112/125=89.6%	98/118=83.1%				
				11/11=100%					
US	-1.1%	-14.1%	11.9%	50/61=82.0%	59/71=83.1%				
HEIGHT									
<=170	10 12	1 12	10 12	98/108=90.7%	94/117=80.3%				
				86/97=88.7%	72/87=82.8%				
				98/111=88.3%	90/99=90.9%				
		-14.8%		71/85=83.5%	90/102=88.2%				
				•	,				
WEIGHT									
				98/112=87.5%	79/98=80.6%				
				86/98=87.8%	78/98=79.6%				
				90/102=88.2%	92/101=91.1%				
>84	-0.9%	-9.6%	7.7%	80/90=88.9%	97/108=89.8%				

SINGLE 446	SINGLE 4467 %BLQ WEEK 48							
_	MEAN	95% LIN	/ITS					
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG 50mg	EFV	PVALUE		
COUNTRY								
Australia	22.2%	-4.9%	49.4%	8/8=100%	7/9=77.8%			
Belgium	18.2%	-4.6%	41.0%	8/8=100%	9/11=81.8%			
Canada	27.6%	11.3%	43.9%	28/28=100%	21/29=72.4%			
Denmark	33.3%	-20.0%		2/2=100%	2/3=66.7%			
France	25.3%	-4.1%	54.7%	9/10=90.0%	11/17=64.7%			
Germany	-0.8%	-11.6%	10.0%	31/33=93.9%	36/38=94.7%			
Holland	-14.3%	-40.2%	11.6%	6/7=85.7%	3/3=100%			
Italy	5.8%	-14.7%	26.4%	14/15=93.3%	14/16=87.5%			
				8/10=80.0%				
Spain	12.1%	2.7%	21.5%	104/116=89.7%	90/116=77.6%			
UK	-10.3%	-40.0%	19.4%	11/14=78.6%	8/9=88.9%			
US	-0.3%	-8.4%	7.7%	135/161=83.9%	133/158=84.2%			
HEIGHT								
<=169	13.0%	2.5%	23.5%	95/111=85.6%	82/113=72.6%			
169-175					89/102=87.3%			
175-181	10.7%	0.1%	21.3%	89/101=88.1%	72/93=77.4%			
>181	8.8%	0.9%	16.7%	79/83=95.2%	95/110=86.4%			
WEIGHT								
<=66.6	13.7%	2.4%	25.0%	90/109=82.6%	73/106=68.9%			
66.6-75	8.9%	0.7%			83/97=85.6%			
	0.9%		11.1%	83/100=83.0%	92/112=82.1%			
>85	4.3%	-4.2%	12.8%	88/96=91.7%	90/103=87.4%			

4.3.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trial

SAILING_176	2_%BLQ MEAN					
DEGLON	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG_50mg	RAL	PVALUE
REGION Europe N_America Other	15.2% 2.1% 13.3%	1.9% -8.3% 4.0%	28.5% 12.4% 22.5%	44/47=93.6% 100/131=76.3% 137/171=80.1%	40/51=78.4% 101/136=74.3% 113/169=66.9%	
COUNTRY Argentina Australia Belgium Brazil Canada Chile France Greece Italy Mexico Romania Russia S_Africa Spain Taiwan UK US	4.0% 22.2% 25.0% 11.5% 17.6%	-100% 0.0% -0.5% -19.3 -24.0 -8.6% 100% -19.7 -23.6 -4.9% -7.9% -5.1% -8.9%	0.0% 30.9% 119.3 53.4% 28.6% 100% 91.1% 31.5% 49.4% 57.9% 28.1% 44.2% 13.2% 0.0%	0/1=0.0% 3/3=100% 48/61=78.7% 2/2=100% 9/13=69.2% 8/8=100% 2/2=100% 6/7=85.7% 16/21=76.2% 7/7=100% 9/12=75.0% 42/51=82.4% 15/17=88.2% 5/6=83.3% 2/2=100%	16/20=80.0% 3/3=100% 5/5=100% 40/63=63.5% 1/2=50.0% 6/11=54.5% 9/10=90.0% 0/1=0.0% 2/4=50.0% 13/18=72.2% 7/9=77.8% 10/20=50.0% 34/48=70.8% 12/17=70.6% 4/4=100% 4/4=100% 87/116=75.0%	
HEIGHT <=164 164-170 170-177 >177	8.5% 8.6%	-1.9% -4.6% -4.2% -2.6%		75/93=80.6% 74/99=74.7% 70/88=79.5% 62/74=83.8%	72/102=70.6% 59/89=66.3% 61/86=70.9% 62/84=73.8%	0.98
WEIGHT <=62 62-72 72-82.5 >82.5	6.1%	-4.5% -6.5% 2.3% -3.1%	22.1% 18.7% 27.6% 20.6%	75/101=74.3% 71/91=78.0% 72/87=82.8% 63/75=84.0%	55/84=65.5% 64/89=71.9% 59/87=67.8% 76/101=75.2%	0.79

4.1.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials

VIKING_(29	VIKING_(2961)_LOGCHANGE_DAY_11 MEAN 95% LIMITS							
COLDIEDA	MEAN DIFF		WER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	N_P	N_D
COUNTRY France Spain US	-0.213 0.732 -0.45	74 0.3	.65833 14290 .03387	1.23052 1.32258 0.13228	-1.30958	-1.43587 -2.04232 -1.40475	17 2 5	3 3 12
HEIGHT								
<=170 170-177	-0.16' -0.708	806 -2	.94029	0.60440 0.67143	-2.07197	-1.42048 -1.36391	5 8	7
177-180 >180	-0.475 0.0363		.15213 .41599	0.20202 0.48870		-1.31409 -1.75623	9 4	3 6
VIKING_296	1_%BLQ_\ MEAN	WEEK_24 95% L:	TMTTC	DTG				
COUNTRY	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	50mg_BID	50mg	_QD	PV	VALUE
France Italy	14.7% 100%	100%	68.7% 100%	2/4=50.0% 4/4=100%	0/2=	=35.3% :0.0%		
Spain US	16.7% -16.7%	-70.8% -56.7%	104.1% 23.3%	2/3=66.7% 8/12=66.7%		:50.0% :83.3%		
HEIGHT <=170 170-177 177-180 >180	26.7%	-13.0% -26.2% 12.0% -54.1%	88.6% 79.5% 76.9% 68.3%	7/9=77.8% 3/5=60.0% 3/3=100% 4/7=57.1%	3/9= 5/9=	40.0% 33.3% 55.6%	0.	. 8
VIKING_296	_MEAN_	95% LIM		DTG	F.O.,	. 00	TO.	77 7 777
COUNTRY France Italy Spain US	75.0% 16.7%	LOWER 4.5% 32.6% -70.8% -55.2%	98.5% 117.4% 104.1% 38.6%	50mg_BID 3/4=75.0% 3/4=75.0% 2/3=66.7% 7/12=58.3%	0/2= 1/2=	=23.5% 0.0% :50.0% :66.7%	PΛ	VALUE
HEIGHT <=170 170-177 177-180 >180	46.7%	-12.2% 0.0% 35.9% -54.1%	83.3% 93.3% 97.5% 68.3%	5/9=55.6% 4/5=80.0% 3/3=100% 4/7=57.1%	3/9= 3/9=	20.0% 33.3% 33.3% 50.0%	0.	.62

VIKING 3	_2574_LOG_CHAN	NGE DAV 8			
VIKINO_5	_2374_B00_CIIAI	95% LIMI	TS		
	MEAN	LOWER	UPPER	N	PVALUE
COUNTRY					
Belgium	-1.467			1	
	-1.582	-2.040	-1.124	3	0
France	-1.325	-1.485	-1.164	38	0
Italy	-1.538	-1.780	-1.296	30	0
Portugal	-1.629	-1.935	-1.324	6	0
Spain	-1.674	-2.035	-1.312	6	0
US	-1.422	-1.546	-1.298	98	0
HEIGHT	1 007	1 460	1 125	F.0	0
<=168	-1.297				0
	-1.519				0
	-1.536	-1.723 -1.608			0
>180	-1.424	-1.608	-1.241	41	Ü
WEIGHT					
<=65	-1.335	-1 493	-1 177	49	0
65-72.5					0
	-1.391				0
>86			-1.290		0
VIKING_3	_2574_%BLQ_WE				
			LIMITS		
	MEAN	LOW	ER UPP	ER	PVALUE
COUNTRY	- /	0			
Canada	2/2=100%	100%			
	20/26=76.9%				
ITAIV	14/22=63 6%	43 5%	83 7%	()()()()	

		95% L			
COUNTRY	MEAN	LOWER	UPPER		PVALUE
Canada France	2/2=100% 20/26=76.9%	100% 60.7%	100% 93.1%	.0000	
Italy Spain	14/22=63.6% 3/4=75.0%	43.5% 32.6%	83.7% 117.4%	.0000	
US	37/60=61.7%	49.4%	74.0%	.0000	
HEIGHT <=168	- /	40.7%	74.4%	0	
168-174 174-180	22/29=75.9%	60.3%	92.7% 91.4%	0	
>180 WEIGHT	16/27=59.3%	40.7%	77.8%	0	
<=65 65-72.5 72.5-86	16/27=59.3%		94.3% 77.8% 84.4%	0 0 0	
>86	18/30=60.0%	42.5%	77.5%	0	

4.4 Prior ART Exposure Covariates

The following tables give the results of analyzing the primary endpoints of the three trials in treatment experienced patients by covariates that reflect the extent of exposure to previous ART regimens and the resistance of their virus. The tables are laid out as in the previous sections.

4.4.1 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trials

SAILING_1762_%BLQ_WEEK_24 MEAN 95% LIMITS								
ABC EXPOSUR	DIFF LOWER	UPPER	DTG_50mg	RAL	PVALUE			
No Yes			260/321=81.0% 21/28=75.0%					
CLADE Unknown Clade_B Clade_C Other	6.9% -0.6% 15.0% -2.2%	14.5% 32.3%	1/6=16.7% 191/238=80.3% 43/54=79.6% 46/56=82.1%	31/48=64.6%	0.72			
Class resis 2 >=3	tance 9.0% 0.5% 9.1% -0.1%	17.4% 18.4%	151/182=83.0% 130/167=77.8%	131/177=74.0% 123/179=68.7%				
DRVPI DRV u No Yes	se and no pri 12.1% 5.0% -1.5% -14.2%	19.3%	mutation? 224/278=80.6% 57/71=80.3%	191/279=68.5% 63/77=81.8%				
BKRECENT N Y	Recent appro 15.1% 6.0% 2.8% -5.5%	24.3%	in background r 145/185=78.4% 136/164=82.9%	117/185=63.2%				
DRV N Y	Use of DRV 1 14.4% 5.8% 2.2% -6.5%	23.0%	round regimen 164/209=78.5% 117/140=83.6%	132/206=64.1% 122/150=81.3%				
ETR N Y	Use of ETR 5 9.0% 2.3% 10.1% -7.2%	15.8%	round regimen 245/305=80.3% 36/44=81.8%	221/310=71.3% 33/46=71.7%				
INDUCER N Y	9.6% 3.1%	16.1%	ackground regime 262/323=81.1% 19/26=73.1%	236/330=71.5%				
MVC N Y	Use of MVC in 9.1% 2.4% 8.4% -9.1%	15.8%	round regimen 247/310=79.7% 34/39=87.2%	228/323=70.6% 26/33=78.8%				

4.4.2 Two Class Resistant INI Resistant Trials

VIKING_(2961)_LOGCHANGE_DAY_11 MEAN 95% LIMITS								
_	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTC	3	PLAC	N_P	N_D
		-0.69854 -1.22284				-1.50452 -1.05409	21 5	17 2
=	MEAN 95	₹ LIMITS	DTG					
I ABC EXPOSURE	DIFF LO	WER UPPE	R 50mg_	BID	50mg	J_QD	PVA	LUE
No 2		3% 51.2% .% 100%	,		,	22=45.5% 40.0%	0.4	
VIKING_3_2574_LOG_CHANGE_DAY_8 95% LIMITS								
ADG EVDOGUDE	MEAN	LOWER	UPPER	N	PVAI	JUE		
ABC EXPOSURE No Yes	-1.492 -1.050	-1.582 -1.300	-1.403 -0.799	160 22	0 0			

4.5 Baseline Resistance Covariates

In the following tables, it will be useful to keep in mind the following abbreviations. GSS = genotypic sensitivity score, BR = background regimen, PSS = phenotypic sensitivity score, which can be computed either fully (f) or partially (p), BL = baseline, FC = fold change in resistance, IN = integrase inhibitor.

4.5.1 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trial: Baseline Sensitivity Scores

SAILING_176	SAILING 1762 %BLQ WEEK 24								
_	MEAN 95% LIN	MITS							
	DIFF LOWER	UPPER DTG 50mg	RAL	PVALUE					
BGSSG	Baseline GSS	to BR group							
2	4.5% -5.1%	14.1% 108/138=	78.3% 121/164=73.8%						
<2	12.7% 4.4%	21.1% 173/211=	82.0% 133/192=69.3%						
	Baseline GSS								
0_<1	17.9% -12.0%	47.8% 17/24=70	.8% 9/17=52.9%						
1_<2	12.6% 4.0%	21.2% 156/187=	83.4% 124/175=70.9% 78.8% 121/164=73.8%						
2	5.1% -4.5%	14.6% 108/137=	78.8% 121/164=73.8%						
BMPSFG	BL Max PSSf	group							
<=2	8.3% -39.9%	56.5% 6/8=75.0	% 4/6=66.7%						
>2	9.2% 2.9%	15.5% 275/341=	80.6% 250/350=71.4%						
DDGEGO	D 1' DCC								
BPSFG2	Baseline PSSf	to BR group	4 00 65 /04 51 00						
<2	12.7% 1.1%	24.4% 84/100=8	4.0% 67/94=71.3%						
>=2	7.78 0.38	15.2% 19//249=	79.1% 187/262=71.4%						
BPSSFG	Dagalina DCCf	to DD group							
2	Baseline PSSf	. to BR group	79.0% 187/262=71.4%						
<2			4.2% 67/94=71.3%						
< 2	14.96 1.36	24.5% 65/101=6	4.2% 67/94=71.3%						
RDSSDG	Baseline PSSp	to BR aroun							
1	20 4% 6 0%	34 9% 55/65-84	.6% 43/67=64.2%						
			79.6% 211/289=73.0%						
/ 1	0.00	13.30 220/204-	15.00 211/205-15.00						

SAILING_	SAILING_1762_%BLQ_WEEK_24 MEAN 95% LIMITS							
BGSS42	DIFF		UPPER	DTG_50mg	RAL	PVALUE		
<pre><1.00 1.00 1.25 1.50 1.75 2.00</pre>	17.7% 12.0% 15.1% 7.3%	-9.6% -2.3% -1.6% -11.4%	45.0% 26.4% 31.9% 25.9%	17/29=58.6% 49/59=83.1% 45/53=84.9% 34/43=79.1% 28/32=87.5% 108/137=78.8%	9/22=40.9% 49/69=71.0% 30/43=69.8% 28/39=71.8% 17/24=70.8% 121/164=73.8%	0.89		
BPSSF42G 0 1 2	52.4% 11.5%	Sf to BF -6.9% -0.3% 0.9%	111.7% 23.3%	6/7=85.7% 79/94=84.0% 196/246=79.7%	1/3=33.3% 66/91=72.5% 187/262=71.4%			
BPSSF42N 0 1 2	52.4% 11.5%		111.7%	6/7=85.7% 79/94=84.0% 196/246=79.7%				
BPSMF42N 1 2	12.3%	S to BR 0.3% 1.1%	24.3%	ns. inc mis. 78/93=83.9% 203/254=79.9%	63/88=71.6% 191/267=71.5%			
BPSSP42N 0.0 1.0 1.5 2.0	52.4% 18.9%	-23.2%	111.7% 33.8% 11.2%	6/7=85.7% 49/58=84.5% 29/35=82.9% 195/245=79.6%	24/27=88.9%			
BMPSSFNO <=7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 >=17	12.5% 30.0% -9.1% -4.6% 1.1% 9.4% 8.6% 3.1%	1.6% -37.5% -32.8% -17.9% -9.0% -6.8% -13.2%	23.6% 20.1% 27.8% 24.1% 19.4%	10/10=100% 9/11=81.8%	21/35=60.0% 7/10=70.0% 10/11=90.9% 11/13=84.6% 22/26=84.6% 30/40=75.0% 39/51=76.5% 27/33=81.8% 42/59=71.2% 9/19=47.4% 36/64=56.3%	0.17		

4.5.2 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trial: Small Trial 4.5.2.1 Baseline Mutations

VIKING_(296	l)_LOGCHANGE_DAY_1					
	MEAN 95% LIM					
G D 3 1111	DIFF LOWER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	N_P	N^D
SPATH	Screening INI Muta	ation Pathway	1 24711	0 00430	2	-1
Mixture N155	-1.05273 . -0.07756 -0.8870	8 0.73196		-0.29438 -1.42980	2 4	1 4
Q148+1	-0.28213 -1.0058			-1.42960	5	7
0148+2	-0.49821 .	0 0.44137		-0.39860	3	1
Y143	-0.36080 -0.7738	0 0.05220		-1.89795	12	6
1113	0.30000 0.7730	0.03220	2.23073	1.05755		Ŭ
BPATH1	Baseline INI Mutat	tion Pathway	(8 cat)			
Mixture	-1.05273 .		-1.34711	-0.29438	2	1
N155	0.02139 -1.0200	3 1.06281	-1.34713	-1.36852	3	3
Other_IN_mu	-1.15491 .	•	-2.91665	-1.76174	2	1
Q148+1	-0.47886 -1.2602	3 0.30252	-1.64798	-1.16912	4	8
Q148+2	-0.49821 .	•	-0.89680	-0.39860	3	1
Y143	-0.22922 -0.5585	2 0.10009	-2.12717	-1.89795	12	5
DDAMIII	D 3' THE					
BPATHW	Baseline INI mutat	tion pathway	1 24711	0 00430	2	-1
Mixture N155/Y143	-1.05273 . -0.04259 -0.5386	4 0.45345		-0.29438 -1.79206	2 15	1 8
Other	-0.04259 -0.5386 -1.15491 .	4 0.45345		-1.79206	2	1
Q148 double		9 -0.12314		-0.83890	7	9
O140_dodpie	-0.72302 -1.3200	J -0.12514	-1.50451	-0.03070	,)
VIKING 2961	%BLQ WEEK 24					
		DTG				
	DIFF LOWER UP	PER 50mg BID	50mg	r QD	PV	ALUE
SPATH	Screening INI Muta	ation Pathway				
Mixture	100% 100% 100	0% 1/1=100%	0/2=	:0.0%	0.	36
N155	5.7% -37.9% 49	.3% 6/7=85.7		:80.0%		
Q148+1	-17.5% -66.0% 31	.0% 5/8=62.5	% 4/5=	:80.0%		
Q148+2		0% 0/1=0.0%		:0.0%		
Y143	38.1% -4.7% 80	.9% 5/7=71.4	% 4/12	2=33.3%		
D D A MILI	D 3' THE M	' D 11	(0)			
BPATH1	Baseline INI Mutat	tion Pathway	(8 cat)	0.00	0	1.0
Mixture		00% 1/1=100)る U/Z=	:0.0%	0.	18
N155	8.3% -43.5% 6					
	50.0% -19.3% 1 -37.5% -71.0% -		J6	:50.0%		
Q148+1 O148+2	50.0% -19.3% 1			.T004		
Y143		9.5% 4/6=66	.06	1=33.3%		
1143	33.3% -12.9% /	9.5% 4/6=66.	./6 4/12	.=33.3%		
BPATHW	Baseline INI mutat	tion pathway				
Mixture	100% 100%		1=100%	0/2=0.0%	(0.4
N155 and/or			12=75.0%			
Other	50.0% -19.39		1=100%	1/2=50.09		
Q148_double			10=60.0%	4/7=57.18	8	
_						

VIKING 2961	%BLQ	WEEK 48					
	MEAN	95% LIN	IITS	DTG			
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	50mg B	ID	50mg QD	PVALUE
SPATH	Scree	ning INl	Mutati	on Path	way		
		100%				0/2=0.0%	0.31
N155						3/5=60.0%	
Q148+1 -	10.0%	-65.2%	45.2%	4/8=50	. 0 응	3/5=60.0%	
Q148+2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0/1=0.	0 응	0/3=0.0%	
Y143	32.1%	-11.9%	76.2%	4/7=57	.1%	3/12=25.0%	
BPATH1	Basel	ine INI	Mutatio	n Pathw	ay (8 ca	t)	
Mixture	100%	100%	1009	f 1/1:	=100%	0/2=0.0%	0.17
N155							
Other_IN_mut	100%	100%	1009	f 1/1:	=100%	0/2=0.0%	
$Q148 + \overline{1}$ -							
Q148+2	50.0)왕 -19.	3% 119	.3% 1/2	=50.0%	0/3=0.0%	
Y143	25.0)응 -21.	9% 71.9	9% 3/6	=50.0%	3/12=25.0%	
BPATHW	Basel	ine INI	mutatio	n pathw	ay		
Mixture						0% 0/2=0.0%	
N155 and/or	Y143	37.5%	3.4%	71.6%	9/12=75	5.0% 6/16=37.5%	
Other	_	100%	100%	100%	1/1=100	0% 0/2=0.0%	
0148 double		7.1%	-40.9%	55.1%	5/10=50	0.0% 3/7=42.9%	

4.5.2.2 Baseline Fold Change in Resistance

VIKING_(296	1)_LOG MEAN		AY_11 % LIMITS	a					
	DIFF	LO	WER	UPPER	DTG		PLAC	N_P	N_D
BFC1GP				for RAL		15064	1 77070	_	_ 7
<=maximum >maximum	-0.38		.73037	0.26040			-1.77070 -1.26110		
BFC1CAT <=5.36	-0.58		FC in 1	IC50 for -0.0073			-1.63446	6	5
5.356-7.271							-1.84320		5
7.271-7.33				0.82134		-	-1.20426		_
>7.33	-0.25	726 -1	.23318	0.71865	-1.	67286	-1.41560	5	4
BFC2GP				for IP c	group				
<2 >=2	-0.35 -0.71		.73657 .20678	0.02430) -2.	17931	-1.82317 -0.76946	16 10	
	-0.71	107 -1	.20070	-0.2153) - I . ·	40034	-0.76946	Τ(, 12
				for IP			1 00000		
<=0.275 0.275-0.824		316 -0 344 -0	.83457				-1.99323 -1.53975	10 6) 4 3
0.824-2.35				0.58253			-1.52573		6
>2.35	-1.00	818 -1	.55103	-0.4653	33 -1.	45353	-0.44535	7	6
VIKING 2961	%BLQ	WEEK 24							
	MEAN			DTG					
BFC1GP	DIFF Bagel			50mg_i for RAL		50mg	l_QD		PVALUE
		-23.2%		9/11=81		6/9=	:66.7%		0.79
>maximum	28.2%	-6.1%	62.5%	8/13=61	5%	6/18	3=33.3%		
BFC1CAT	E	Baseline	FC in	IC50 for	RAL ar	oup			
<=5.35755		16 72	-38 38	71 72	1/6-66	79 3	/6=50.0%		0.44
5.35755-7.2° 7.27118-7.3°	7118 3405	-12.5% 50.0%	-35.4% 10.0%	10.4%	7/8=87 5/6=83	.5% 4	:/4=100% :/12=33.3%		
>7.33405	3405	5.0%	-50.0%		1/4=25		:/12=33.36 :/5=20.0%	•	
D = 60 6 D		. =~ '	T 0 = 0	c	,		•		
BFC2GP <2		ine FC 1		for IP 9 6/9=66.		6/16	5=37.5%		0.77
>=2			55.8%				.=54.5%		• • • •
BFC2CAT	Race	line FC	in TC50	for IP	aroun				
		_	_		2/4=50	.0%	4/10=40.	0 응	0.31
0.27501-0.8	2375	46.7%	-4.8%	98.2% 4.9%	4/5=80	.0%	2/6=33.3	ે	
<=0.27501 0.27501-0.8 0.82375-2.3 >2.34767	4/67	-22.2% 38.1%	-49.4% -12.3%	4.9% 88.5%	7/9=77 4/6=66	.88 78	4/4=100% 2/7=28.6	ુ	
. 2 . 3 1 / 0 /		J J . I U	-2.50	00.00	1, 3-00	. , ,	_,,	-	

VIKING 2961	%BLQ	WEEK 48						
	MEAN	95% LIN	/ITS	DTG				
	DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	50mg BI	D	50mg QD		PVALUE
			ln IC50			_		
			77.0%			4/9=44.4%		0.65
>maximum	26.1%	-8.0%	60.2%	7/13=53	3.8%	5/18=27.8	18	
BFC1CAT	E	Baseline	FC in I	C50 for	RAL gro	oup		
<=5.35755					,	7% 2/6=33		0.37
5.35755-7.2								
7.27118-7.33	3405	50.0%	10.0%	90.0%	5/6=83.	3% 4/12=3	3.3%	
>7.33405		-20.0%	-55.1%	15.1%	0/4 = 0.0	1/5=20	1.0%	
BFC2GP				-	, _	,		
			79.1%			4/16=25.0		0.46
>=2	21.2%	-16.7%	59.1%	10/15=6	56.7%	5/11=45.5	ું કે ક	
				_				
BFC2CAT			in IC50					
<=0.27501						0% 3/10=3		0.21
0.27501-0.82								
0.82375-2.34								
>2.34767		35.7%	-12.0%	83.4%	3/6=50.	0% 1/7=14	.3%	

VIKING_(296	1)_LOGCHANGE_D MEAN 959	AY_11 % LIMITS	1				
	DIFF LOW	VER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	N_P	N_D
BRC1GP	Baseline RC f		roup	1 50611	1 45225	12	_
<77 >=77	-0.05276 -0. -0.45367 -0.	.79577	0.69025 0.07116		-1.45335 -1.38245	13 13	6 11
>= / /	-0.45367 -0.	.9/851	0.07116	-1.83612	-1.38245	13	11
BRC1CAT	Baseline RC		group				
<=49		.38547	-0.00681		-1.27705	7	2
49-76	0.38647 -0.	.60814	1.38107 0.05905		-1.65904	6	4
76-99					-1.12867	7	5
>99	-0.24304 -0.	.99252	0.50645	-1.92156	-1.67852	6	6
BRC2GP	Baseline RC f	or PR/R'	T group				
<36.5		.7521Ś	0.51587	-1.59317	-1.47503	13	9
>=36.5	-0.49423 -1.	.01984	0.03138	-1.85500	-1.36077	13	9
BRC2CAT	Baseline RC	for DD/	DT group				
<=9.4			0.10724	-2 00644	-1.76183	6	3
9.4-33		.98991	1.03095		-1.40705	6	6
33-53			-0.26852		-0.93764		4
>53		60780	0.65816		-1.72517	6	5
VIKING 2961	%BLQ WEEK 24						
		IMITS	DTG				
	DIFF LOWER	UPPER	50mg_BID	50mg	_QD	PV	ALUE
BRC1GP	Baseline RC f						
<77	28.0% -7.4%	63.4%	9/11=81.8%		=53.8%		
>=77	27.9% -10.0%	65.8%	7/11=63.6%	5/14	=35.7%		
BRC1CAT	Baseline RC	for IN	group				
<=49	28.6% -4.9%			5/7=	71.4%		
49-76	38.1% -12.3%	88.5%	4/4=100% 5/7=71.4%		33.3%		
76-99	2.5% -52.0%	57.0%	2/5=40.0%		37.5%		
>99	50.0% 1.9%	98.1%	5/6=83.3%	2/6=	33.3%		
BRC2GP	Baseline RC f	or PR/R'	T group				
<36.5	5.1% -32.4%		8/12=66.7%	8/13	=61.5%		
>=36.5	44.2% 8.8%	79.5%	8/11=72.7%		=28.6%		
	D 1' D	C DE /:	D. III				
BRC2CAT	Baseline RC	IOT PR/	KT group	D	02 20.		
<=9.4 9.4-33	-23.3% -75.69 38.1% -12.39		3/5=60.03 5/7=71.49		83.3%		
9.4-33 33-53	42.5% -6.0%		4/5=80.09		37.5%		
>53		88.5%	4/6=66.79		28.6%		
/))	50.10 -12.5	00.50	±/0-00./	۵ 4/1-	20.00		

VIKING 2961	%BLQ WEEK 48				
	MEAN 95% LIN	MITS	DTG		
	DIFF LOWER	UPPER	50mg BID	50mg QD	PVALUE
BRC1GP	Baseline RC f			<u>3_</u> -	
<77	51.0% 17.2%	84.9%	9/11=81.8%	4/13=30.8%	
			6/11=54.5%		
BRC1CAT	Baseline RC	for IN	group		
<=49	71.4% 38.0%	104.9%	4/4=100%	2/7=28.6%	
49-76	38.1% -12.3%	88.5%	5/7=71.4%	2/6=33.3%	
			2/5=40.0%		
>99	33.3% -20.0%	86.7%	4/6=66.7%	2/6=33.3%	
BRC2GP	Baseline RC f				
<36.5	36.5% 0.5%	72.6%	9/12=75.0%	5/13=38.5%	
>=36.5	26.0% -11.8%	63.7%	6/11=54.5%	4/14=28.6%	
BRC2CAT	Baseline RC				
<=9.4			3/5=60.0%		
			6/7=85.7%		
33-53	22.5% -32.0%	77.0%	3/5=60.0%	3/8=37.5%	
>53	21.4% -30.7%	73.6%	3/6=50.0%	2/7=28.6%	

4.5.2.3 Baseline Sensitivity Scores

VIKING (2961) LOGCHANGE DAY 11						
$\overline{\text{MEAN}}$	95% LIMIT	S				
DIFF	LOWER	UPPER	DTG	PLAC	ΝP	N D
					_	_
				-1.41598	16	5
-0.31941	-1.08556	0.44674	-1.71182	-1.39241	5	11
-0.37204	-1.33013	0.58606	-2.31819	-1.94615	2	3
BL GSS are	oup to day	1 failing	regimen			
			_	-1.03240	5	3
						13
					0	1
PSS (full)	to Day 11	ART grour	n			
. (1411)	. co bay ii	. Inti group		-1.40186	12	0
-0.34174	-1.18650	0.50302				
						9
						9 3
PSS (full)	to Day 1	ART group				
				-1 27779	1.8	10
						3
						0
	MEAN DIFF BL GSS gro-0.03143 -0.31941 -0.37204 BL GSS gro-0.43043 -0.19855 0.35754 PSS (full) 0.34174 -0.26665 0.16352 PSS (full) -0.16392 -0.23188 -0.81749	MEAN 95% LIMITEDIFF LOWER BL GSS group to day -0.03143 -0.54174 -0.31941 -1.08556 -0.37204 -1.33013 BL GSS group to day -0.43043 -1.35619 -0.19855 -0.65043 0.35754 PSS (full) to Day 110.34174 -1.18650 -0.26665 -0.69382 0.16352 -0.72447 PSS (full) to Day 1 -0.16392 -0.67109 -0.23188 -0.85539 -0.81749 .	MEAN 95% LIMITS DIFF LOWER UPPER BL GSS group to day 11 OBR -0.03143 -0.54174 0.47887 -0.31941 -1.08556 0.44674 -0.37204 -1.33013 0.58606 BL GSS group to day 1 failing -0.43043 -1.35619 0.49533 -0.19855 -0.65043 0.25332 0.35754 PSS (full) to Day 11 ART group -0.34174 -1.18650 0.50302 -0.26665 -0.69382 0.16052 0.16352 -0.72447 1.05152 PSS (full) to Day 1 ART group -0.16392 -0.67109 0.34324 -0.23188 -0.85539 0.39163	MEAN 95% LIMITS DIFF LOWER UPPER DTG BL GSS group to day 11 OBR -0.03143 -0.54174 0.47887 -1.44741 -0.31941 -1.08556 0.44674 -1.71182 -0.37204 -1.33013 0.58606 -2.31819 BL GSS group to day 1 failing regimen -0.43043 -1.35619 0.49533 -1.46283 -0.19855 -0.65043 0.25332 -1.66713 0.357541.974302.91665 PSS (full) to Day 11 ART group0.34174 -1.18650 0.50302 -1.44707 -0.26665 -0.69382 0.16052 -1.94936 0.16352 -0.72447 1.05152 -1.78263 PSS (full) to Day 1 ART group -0.16392 -0.67109 0.34324 -1.44171 -0.23188 -0.85539 0.39163 -1.88518 -0.81749	MEAN 95% LIMITS DIFF LOWER UPPER DTG PLAC BL GSS group to day 11 OBR -0.03143 -0.54174 0.47887 -1.44741 -1.41598 -0.31941 -1.08556 0.44674 -1.71182 -1.39241 -0.37204 -1.33013 0.58606 -2.31819 -1.94615 BL GSS group to day 1 failing regimen -0.43043 -1.35619 0.49533 -1.46283 -1.03240 -0.19855 -0.65043 0.25332 -1.66713 -1.46858 0.35754	MEAN 95% LIMITS DIFF LOWER UPPER DTG PLAC N_P BL GSS group to day 11 OBR -0.03143 -0.54174 0.47887 -1.44741 -1.41598 16 -0.31941 -1.08556 0.44674 -1.71182 -1.39241 5 -0.37204 -1.33013 0.58606 -2.31819 -1.94615 2 BL GSS group to day 1 failing regimen -0.43043 -1.35619 0.49533 -1.46283 -1.03240 5 -0.19855 -0.65043 0.25332 -1.66713 -1.46858 20 0.35754

VIKING 2961 %BLQ WEEK 24						
	MEAN 95% L	IMITS				
	DIFF LOWER		J_	50mg_QD	PVALUE	
	BL GSS group			- /		
0	100% 100%			0/3=0.0%	0.051	
>0_1	25.9% -17.2%	69.0%	4/7=57.1%	5/16=31.3%		
>1_2 >2	4.6% -35.6%	44.8%	11/13=84.6%	4/5=80.0%		
>2	-66.76 -1006	-13.36	1/3=33.3%	3/3=100%		
BGSS1G	BL GSS group	to day	1 failing regim	ien		
0			2/4=50.0%			
>0 1	31.3% 2.2%					
>1_2	-100% -100%	-100%	0/2=0.0%	1/1=100%		
>2	0.0% 0.0%	0.0%	1/1=100%	1/1=100%		
D00E110	DGG (5 11) .	D 11	3.00			
	PSS (full) to			1/10 0 20	0 000	
0 1			1/1=100% 6/9=66.7%	1/12=8.3%	0.028	
2	9.56 -30.46 1 82 _40 02	13 62	9/11=81.8%	4/7=37.16		
>2			1/3=33.3%			
72	00.70 1000	13.30	1/3-33.30	3/3-1000		
PSSF1G	PSS (full) to	Day 1	ART group			
0	33.3% 1.0%	65.6%	10/15=66.7%	6/18=33.3%	0.72	
1			5/6=83.3%			
2	-33.3% -86.7%	20.0%	2/3=66.7%			
>2			0/0=.	2/2=100%		

VIKING 29	61 %BLQ WEEK	48			
_	MEAN 95%	LIMITS	DTG		
	DIFF LOW	ER UPPER	50mg BID	50mg QD	PVALUE
BGSS11G	BL GSS gro				
0	0.0% 0.0%			0/3=0.0%	0.18
>0 1	44.6% 4.69	84.7%	4/7=57.1%	2/16=12.5%	
>1 2	-3.1% -45	0% 38.8%	10/13=76.9%	4/5=80.0%	
>2	-33.3% -86	7% 20.0%	2/3=66.7%	3/3=100%	
BGSS1G	BL GSS gro	oup to day	1 failing reg	imen	
0			2/4=50.0%		
>0 1	33.8% 2.99	64.6%	11/16=68.8%	7/20=35.0%	
>1_2	-50.0% -100)% 19.3%	1/2=50.0%	1/1=100%	
>2	0.0% 0.09	0.0%	1/1=100%	1/1=100%	
PSSF11G	PSS (full)	to Day 13	l ART group		
0	-8.3% -24	.0% 7.3%	0/1=0.0%	1/12=8.3%	0.41
1	38.1% -7.4	l% 83.6%	6/9=66.7%	2/7=28.6%	
2	12.7% -37	68 63.1%	8/11=72.7%	3/5=60.0%	
>2	-33.3% -86	7% 20.0%	2/3=66.7%	3/3=100%	
PSSF1G	PSS (full)	to Day 1	ART group		
0				5/18=27.8%	0.97
1			4/6=66.7%		
2	66.7% 13.3	3% 120.0%	2/3=66.7%		
>2			0/0=.	2/2=100%	

4.5.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trial: Pivotal Trial 4.5.3.1 Baseline INI Exposure

VIKING_3_25	74_LOG_CHANG	E_DAY_8			
	9	95% LIMI'			
TMTDCD	MEAN I Duration of		UPPER		PVALUE
	-1.282 -				.0000
6-24 mos	-1.467	-1.624	-1.310	64	.0000
>24 mos	-1.467 -1.449	-1.558	-1.340	102	.0000
INI_DUR	Duration of	INI tak	ien		
<=16.66	-1.337 -	-1.548	-1.126	46	.0000
16.66-27.83	-1.578 -	-1.727	-1.429	41	.0000
27.83-42.0	-1.504 -1.361	-1.666 1 E20	1 202	48	.0000
>42.0	-1.361	-1.520	-1.202	45	.0000
INI IP	Time to IP	since IN	II stopped		
<=0.066	-1.265 -	-1.449	-1.082	36	0
0.066-13.47	-1.430 -	-1.552	-1.307	102	0
>13.47	-1.601 -	-1.748	-1.455	44	0
VIKING_3_25	74_%BLQ_WEEK	_24			
			LIMITS		D113 T 110
ABC EXPOSUR	MEAN	LOWE	R UPPE	R	PVALUE
No 68	/98=69.4%	60.3%	78.5%	.0000	
Yes 8/	/98=69.4% 16=50.0%	25.5%	74.5%	.0001	
INIDGP	Duration of 10=30.0% /45=64.4% /58=75.9%	INI tak	en group		
<=6_mos 3/	10=30.0%	1.6%	58.4%	0.038	4
6-24_mos 29	/45=64.4% /50.75.0%	50.5%	78.4%	0.000	0
>24_IIIOS 44	/ 58= /5.96	64.86	86.96	0.000	U
INI DUR	Duration of	INI tak	en		
<=1 6 .66	16/33=48.5% 23/29=79.3% 21/24=87.5% 16/27=59.3%	31.4%	65.5%	0	
16.66-27.83	23/29=79.3%	64.6%	94.1%	0	
27.83-42.0	21/24=87.5%	74.3%	100.78	s 0	
>42.0	16/27=59.3%	40.7%	77.8%	0	
TNIT TD	Time to TD	gince TN	II stonned		
<=0.066	Time to IP 12/19=63.2% 42/66=63.6% 22/29=75.9%	41.5%	84.8%	0	
0.066-13.47	42/66=63.6%	52.0%	75.2%	0	
>13.47	22/29=75.9%	60.3%	91.4%	0	

4.5.3.2 Baseline Mutations

VIKING_3_2574	LOG_CHAN	NGE_DAY_8 95% LIMI	ТS			
	MEAN		UPPER	N	PVALU	JΕ
SPATH S	Screening					
>=2	-1.447	-2.055	-0.839	7	0	
N155	-1.456	-1.627	-1.285	32	0	
Prim_not_det	-1.566	-1.709	-1.424	61	0	
Q148+1	-1.183	-1.380	-0.987	30	0	
Q148+>=2	-0.993	-1.322	-0.664	20	0	
	-1.854		•	1	•	
Y143	-1.686	-1.838	-1.535	29	0	
BPATH1 I						
	Q148					0
Q148+>=1	-1.093	-1.258	-0.928	56	0	
BPATHW I	Baseline 1	INI mutat:	ion pathw	ay		
	-1.446				0	
N155	-1.430	-1.604	-1.257	33	0	
Prim_not_det Q148+1	-1.615	-1.753	-1.476	60	0	
Q148+1	-1.125	-1.303	-0.947	32	0	
Q148+>=2 T66	-1.043	-1.380	-0.706	20	0	
T66	-1.854			1	:	
Y143	-1.695	-1.851	-1.539	28	0	
BPATH2 F BPATH2CD	BL Primary	y IN mut.	detected	or not		
No IN mut	-1.615	-1.753	-1.476	60	0	
Prīm_ĪN_mut	-1.352	-1.459	-1.245	122	0	
BINSPG No.	. of BL re	es. spec.	IN mutat	. grp co	de	
0	-1.661	-1.826	-1.496	47	0	
1	-1.330				0	
	-1.347	-1.500	-1.195	57	0	
3	-1.344	-1.573	-1.115	34	0	
4	-1.544	-1.761	-1.328	19	0	
>=5	-1.166	-1.601	-0.730	8	0	

VIKING 3 2574 %BLQ WEEK 24

VIKING_3_2574	=_spr0_weev_a			
		95% L]		
	MEAN .		UPPER	
	Screening IN	Mutation		ner)
<2	2/2=100%	100%	100%	•
>=2_Pri_mut	3/4=75.0%	32.6%	117.4%	0.0005
N155 -	17/19=89.5%	75.7%	103.3%	0.0000
N155 Prim_not_det	30/39=76.9%	63.7%	90.1%	0.0000
Q148+1	9/19=47.4%	24.9%	69.8%	0.0000
Q148+>=2	2/14=14.3%	-4.0%	32.6%	0.1266
T66	1/1=100%	100%	100%	
Y143	12/16=75.0%	53.8%	96.2%	0.0000
BPATH1 I	Baseline IN N	Mutation	(0148/0th	er)
No Q148 63/				0
Q148+>=1 $13/3$				0
Q11017-1 13/3	23-37.110		33.20	
BPATHW I	Baseline IN r	mutation	category	
>=2 Pri mut				0.0000
	18/21=85.7%			
Prim_not_det	31/40=77.5%	64 6%	90 4%	0.0000
Q148+1	10/20=50.0%	28 1%	71 9%	0.0000
Q148+>=2	1/12-8 3%	-7 3%	24 0%	0.2963
T66	1/1=100%	100%	100%	0.2505
Y143	11/15=73.3%			0.0000
1143	11/13-73.56	51.00	23.78	0.0000
BPATH2 I	BL Primary IN	J mut de	etected/or	not
No IN mut	31/40-77 5%	v mac. ac	64.6%	
No_IN_mut Prim_IN_mut	15/71-60 8%			71.9% 0
FIIII_IN_IIIUC	45/74-00.00		49.70	71.96
BINSPG No.	of BI rec	anec IN	I mutat o	rn code
	12 75 00. /	- 1 ⁻ 1 0.		0.0000
				0.0000
2 20/3	21_61 59	7 1 - 1 0	01 19	0.0000
3 13/2	77-56 59 5	I / . / o	76 09	0.0000
4 8/12	23-30.36	10.36 10.09	70.00	0.0000
>=5 1/5=	0=90.0% 31=64.5% 23=56.5% 2=66.7% =20.0%	±U.U6 1E 19	22.36 EE 10	0.2636
>=5 1/5=	=20.06	-T3.T2	33.IQ	0.∠636

4.5.3.3 Baseline Fold Change in Resistance

VIKING_3_2574_LOG_CHANGE_DAY_8						
		95% LIMI	TS			
	MEAN		UPPER			
BFC1GP	Baseline	FC in IC5	0 for RAL	group		
0_1.5	-1.616	-1.762	-1.470	56	.0000	
>1.5_4	-1.464	-1.891	-1.037	6	.0000	
>4 8	-1.629	-1.891 -2.427 -2.017	-0.830	2	.0001	
>10 20	-1.654	-2.017	-1.291	9	.0000	
>10_20 >20_maximum	-1.525	-1.712	-1.338	26	.0000	
>maximum	-1.260	-1.405	-1.115	76	.0000	
DECLOD	Dagalina	EC in ICE	O for Dat	~~~~		
BFC1GP BFC1CAT		FC in IC5			2001120	
BFC1CAT BFC1CAT	Base	line FC in	1 1050 101	с кап 9	roup	
	-1.585	-1.763	-1.407	43	0	
0.118-5.322					0	
5.322-6.78					0	
>6.78	-1.098	•	•	1	•	
	Baseline	FC in IC5	0 for IP	group		
BFC2GP	1 600	1 605	1 510	100	0 0000	
	-1.603	-1.695	-1.512	122	0.0000	
>2.5_4	-1.438	-1.752 -1.280	-1.125	12	0.0000	
>4_8	-1.042	-1.280	-0.803	22	0.0000	
>8_10	-1.235	-1.886	-0.583	4	0.0002	
>10_15		-1.258	-0.290	8 3	0.0017	
_	-0.902		0.299	3	0.1412	
>20_25				1		
>25	-0.583	-1.141	-0.024	3	0.0408	
BFC2CAT	Baseline	e FC in IC	50 for IP	group		
BFC2CAT				J 1		
	-1.592	-1.748	-1.437	48	0	
<=0.12-0.356					0	
0.356-1.761	-1.611	-1.782	-1.441	43	0	
>1.761	-1.011	-1.181	-0.841	48	0	

VIKING 3 2574 %BLQ WEEK 24

				LIMITS		
	MF.	AN	T.OWF	ER IIPP	ER	PVALUE
BFC1GP	Ba	seline FO	C in IC50) for RAL	aroup	1 111101
0 1.5	28/38	=73.7%	59.7%	87.7%	5 - 1	0.0000
$>\overline{1}.5$ 4	2/3=6	seline F0 =73.7% 6.7% 00% 5.7% =93.3%	13.3%	120.0%		0.0143
>4_8	1/1=1	00%	100%	100%		
>10_20	6/7=8	5.7%	59.8%	111.6%		0.0000
>20_max	14/15	=93.3%	80.7%	106.0%		0.0000
>max	21/46	=45.7%	31.3%	60.0%		0.0000
DEG1 G7 E	D -	1 T	7 - TGE () for Dat		
BECICAT	ва	seline FC	: 1n 1C50) IOT RAL	group	0
<=U.II8 0 110_5	222	seline FC 22/29=75 21/26=80).96 60) 09 65	.36 91.	46 09	0
5 322-6	779	28/54=51).0% 03 9% 38	.0° 95.	ラマ つき	0
>6.779	115	28/54=51 1/1=100%	10	0% 100	%	
		,				
BFC2GP	Ва	seline FC =78.2%	c in IC50	for IP	group	
0_2.5	61/78	=78.2%	69.0%	87.4%	0.0000)
>2.5_4	3/8=3	7.5% 45.5%	4.0%	71.0%	0.0285	5
>4_8	5/11=	45.5%	16.0%	74.9%	0.0025	5
>8_10	1/4=2	5.0% 0.0%	-17.4%	67.4%	0.2482	2
>10_15	1/5=2	0.0%	-15.1%	55.1%	0.2636	7
>15_20	1/3=3	3.3% .0%	-20.0%	86.7%	0.220	/
BFC2CAT		Bas	eline FC	in TC50	for TP a	roup
<=-0.120		23/29=79	9.3%	64.6%	94.1%	.0000
<=0.120-	0.356	16/23=69	9.6%	50.8%	88.4%	.0000
0.356-1.	761	24/30=80).0%	65.7%	94.3%	.0000
>1.761		9/28=32.	.1%	14.8%	49.4%	.0003

4.5.3.4 Baseline Sensitivity Scores

VIKING_3_2574_LOG_CHANGE_DAY_8						
BGSS1G 0 >0_1 >1_2 >2	MEAN BL GSS gro -1.454 -1.471 -1.379 -1.071	oup to day -1.650	UPPER 7 1 faili: -1.257 -1.362 -1.136	ng regim 34 120 19	PVALUE nen 0 0 0 0	
BGSS8G 0 >0_1 >1_2 >2	BL GSS gro -1.273 -1.381 -1.489 -1.389	-1.560 -1.608	-1.201 -1.371	1 47 95 39	0 0 0	
BOSSF1G 0 1 2 >2	-1.441 -1.516 -1.137	-1.545	-1.337 -1.345 -0.817	105 60 11	0 0 0 0 0	
BOSSF8G 0 1 2 >2	-1.234 -1.454 -1.470	-1.625	-0.844 -1.324 -1.324	11 70 74	0 0 0 0	
BPSSF1G 0 1 2 >2	-1.441 -1.494 -1.219	-1.546	-1.336 -1.330 -0.925	96 67 11	oup 0 0 0 0	
BPSSF8G 0 1 2 >2	-1.252 -1.399 -1.509	-1.682	-0.822 -1.262 -1.374	10 58 79	0 0 0 0	
BPSSP8G 0 >0_1 >1_2 >2	-1.396 -1.393 -1.483	-1.638	-1.155 -1.207 -1.354	2 42 85	oup 0 0 0	

VIKING_3_2574_%BLQ_WEEK_24

ATVING _ 2	_72\4_@PTÖ_MEEV								
			LIMITS						
	MEAN	LOWE:							
BGSS1G	BL GSS group 17/25=68.0% 48/69=69.6% 7/12=58.3%	p to day	1 failing	regimen					
0	17/25=68.0%	49.7%	86.3%	.0000					
0 >0 1	48/69=69.6%	58.7%	80.4%	.0000					
>1_2	7/12=58.3%	30.4%	86.2%	.0000					
>2	4/8=50.0%			.0047					
. –	_,								
BGSS8G	BGSS8G BL GSS group to day 8 OBR								
>0 1	22/29=75.9%	60 38	0 OBR	0					
\(\frac{1}{2}\)	27/62-50 79	47 59	71 09	0					
>1_2	37/62=59.7%	47.50	71.56						
>2	17/23=73.9%	56.06	91.96	0					
DOGGET G	DI OGG I		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1					
BOSSFIG	BL OSS to da	ay 1 bac.	kg.ART ful.	I sens. grp					
0	44/65=67.7%	56.3%	79.1%	0.0000					
1	27/38=71.1%	56.6%	85.5%	0.0000					
2	3/6=50.0%	10.0%	90.0%	0.0143					
>2	44/65=67.7% 27/38=71.1% 3/6=50.0% 2/5=40.0%	-2.9%	82.9%	0.0679					
BOSSF8G	BL OSS to da 5/6=83.3%	ay 8 OBR	full sens	. group					
0	5/6=83.3%	53.5%	113.2%	0					
1	33/48=68.8%	55.6%	81.9%	0					
2	33/48=68.8% 26/44=59.1%	44 6%	73 6%	0					
>2	12/16=75.0%	53 8%	96 2%	0					
72	12/10-/3:00	33.00	50.20	· ·					
RDSSF1G	BL PSS to da	av 1 h Ai	PT full ca	ng aroun					
0	BL PSS to da 43/62=69.4%	49 ± 20.71. 57 02	80 88	0 0000					
1	20/20-71 09	57.50	00.0%	0.0000					
2	28/39=71.8% 3/6=50.0%	10 0%	00.96	0.0000					
	2/7=28.6%	10.06	90.08						
>2	2/ /=28.6%	-4.98	62.0%	0.0943					
DDGGEOG	DI DOG +- 3.	0 ODD	E11						
BPSSF8G	BL PSS to da 4/5=80.0%	ay 8 OBR	rull sens	. group					
1	30/41=73.2%								
2	29/47=61.7%	47.8%	75.6%	0					
>2	29/47=61.7% 13/21=61.9%	41.1%	82.7%	0					
BPSSP8G	BL PSS to da	ay 8 OBR	part. sens	s. group					
0	1/1=100%	100%	100%	•					
>0 1	20/26=76.9%	60.7%	93.1%	0					
>1_2	35/54=64.8%	52.1%	77.6%	0					
>2	BL PSS to da 1/1=100% 20/26=76.9% 35/54=64.8% 20/33=60.6%	43.9%	77.3%	0					

4.5.3.5 Miscellaneous

VIKING_3_2574_LOG_CHANGE_DAY_8 95% LIMITS							
	MEAN	LOWER	UPPER	N	PVALUE		
C0AVG	C0 avg (u	g/mL)					
<=1.758	-1.454	-1.639	-1.268	43	.0000		
1.758-2.33	-1.361	-1.535	-1.188	45	.0000		
2.33-3.46	-1.480	-1.631	-1.328	42	.0000		
>3.46	-1.493	-1.677	-1.309	47	.0000		
PIQC0AVG	PIQ_C0_av	_	0 055	4.6	0		
<=9.62	-1.129	-1.303	-0.955	46	0		
9.62-29.05	-1.575	-1.744	-1.406	43	0		
29.05-44.3	-1.567	-1.729	-1.405	39	0		
>44.3	-1.578	-1.755	-1.402	42	0		

T7TT7TTT	~	0 4	0 DT O	T.7 TT TT 7	0.4
VIKING	3	25/4	&RTO	WEEK	24

VIKING 3 25/4 SBLQ WEEK 24						
95% LIMITS						
	MEAN	LOWER	UPPER	PVALUE		
COAVG	C0 avg (ug/mL)					
<=1.758	19/25=76.0	% 59.3%	92.7%	0		
1.758-2.33	18/31=58.1	% 40.7%	75.4%	0		
2.33-3.46	19/28=67.9		85.2%	0		
>3.46	20/29=69.0	% 52.1%	85.8%	0		
PIOC0AVG	PIQ C0 avq					
<=9.618	12/29=41.4	% 23.5%	59.3%	0		
9.618-29.05	19/27=70.4	% 53.1%	87.6%	0		
29.05-44.34	20/28=71.4	% 54.7%	88.2%	0		
>44.34	21/25=84.0	% 69.6%	98.4%	0		

4.4 Exploratory Looks for Treatment-Covariate Interactions

The following graphs are intended to look for any suggestions of treatment-covariate interactions. By absence of interaction, this reviewer means that the difference between DTG and control is constant across all levels of the covariate. This reviewer does not count a change in the DTG response and a change in the control response as an interaction. One would obviously expect that both DTG and control would perform better in, say, subjects with lower baseline viral load than in subjects with higher baseline viral load. The question of interest is whether both regimens improve or worsen by comparable amounts as one goes from one covariate level to another.

There are two graphs for each endpoint and trial examined. The first graph is obtained by computing the point estimate and 95% confidence intervals for the parameter of interest, either log change from baseline or percent BLQ, for each subgroup of interest. The numeric results of these computations have just been listed in the preceding tables. The graph is to provide a single overview of all the previous tables for each trial that facilitates the detection of possibly anomalous subgroups.

In the first graph, the subgroups are sorted by increasing value of the difference between DTG_50mg and control. (The control in Viking 3 is a constant zero.) In this graph, the plot includes the point estimate and upper and lower bounds for each subgroup plus a horizontal line corresponding to the point estimate for all subjects taken together. One should be looking for sudden jogs upward or downward at the ends of the graph. In the absence of any treatment-covariate interactions, the point estimates by subgroup should increase smoothly.

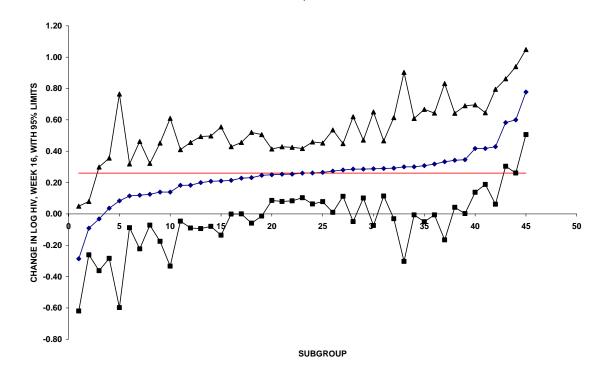
In the second graph, the point estimates for each subgroup are sorted by increasing sample size in the subgroup. Only the point estimates are plotted so each subgroup is represented by one discrete point. Three curves are also plotted. The horizontal line is the point estimate for all subjects taken together. The upper and lower curves will be seen to converge on the line for the point estimate from above and below as the sample size increases. These two curves represent what the upper and lower 95% tolerance limits on the DTG- control difference in each subgroup would be if there were no treatment-covariate interaction. That is, if the true DTG-control difference

were exactly the same in, say, males and females, and any observed difference were just due to random sampling error, then the point estimate for males would lie between the upper and lower curves, as the point estimate for females. If the majority of the point representing individual subgroups lie within the tolerance limits, that would constitute evidence that none of the subgroups exhibited any treatment-covariate interaction.

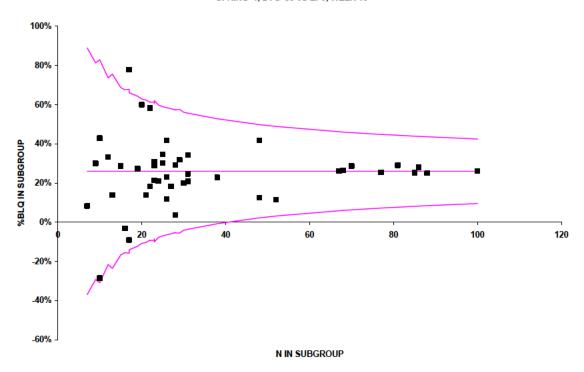
One will observe that the upper and lower curves in these graphs are not smooth but rather exhibit some jerks up and down. That is because the limits on difference between two samples would depend not merely on the total sample size= sum of the sample sizes in each arm but also on the sample sizes in each of the individual arms. That is, the tolerance limits when there are 5 subjects each on DTG and control will be different from the tolerance limits when there are 7 DTG subjects and 3 control subjects.

4.4.1 Treatment Naïve Trials

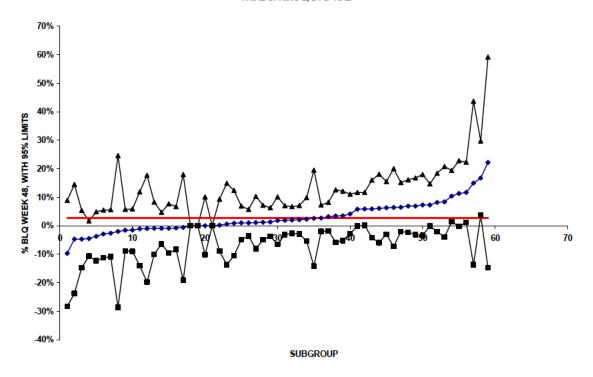
TRIAL SPRING 1, 50 MG DTG-EFV



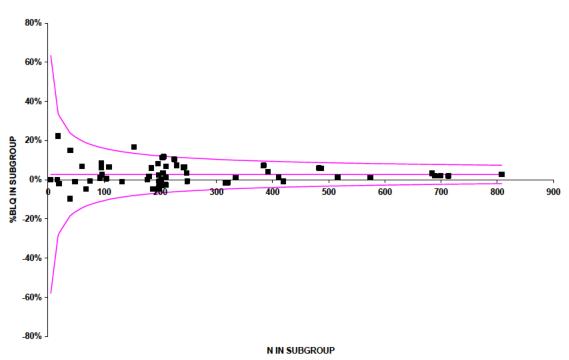
SPRING 1, DTG 50 VS EFV, WEEK 16



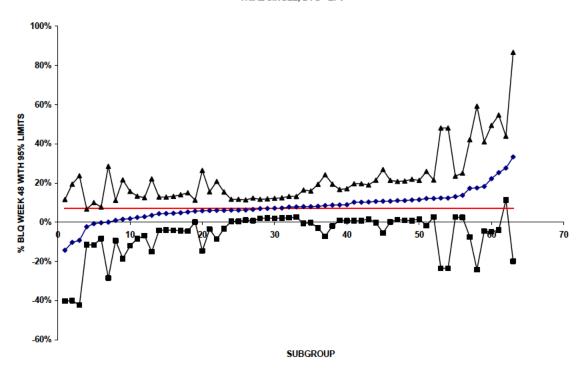
TRIAL SPRING 2, DTG -RAL



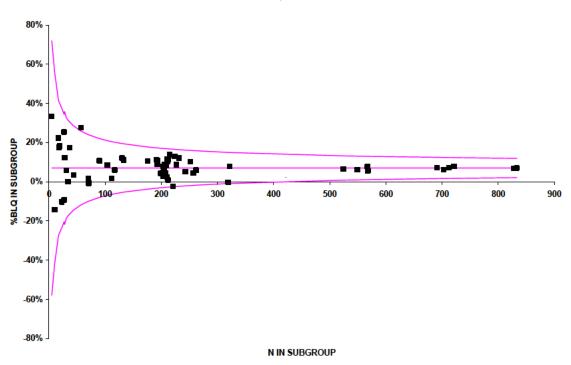
SPRING 2, WEEK 48



TRIAL SINGLE, DTG - EFV

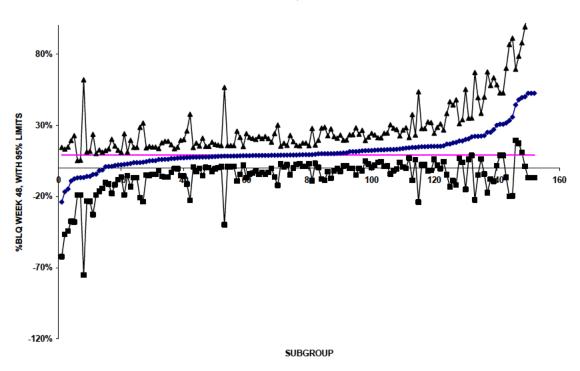


SINGLE, WEEK 48

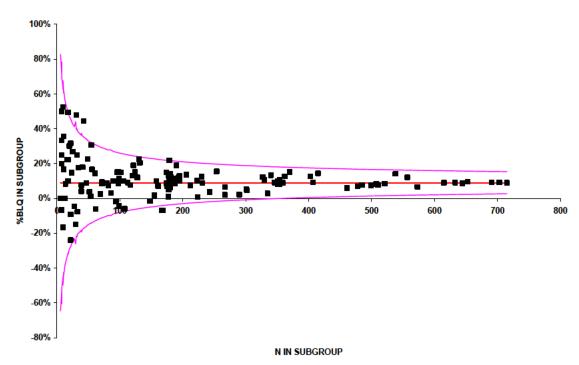


4.4.2 Two Class Resistant INI Naïve Trial

TRIAL SAILING, DTG - RAL

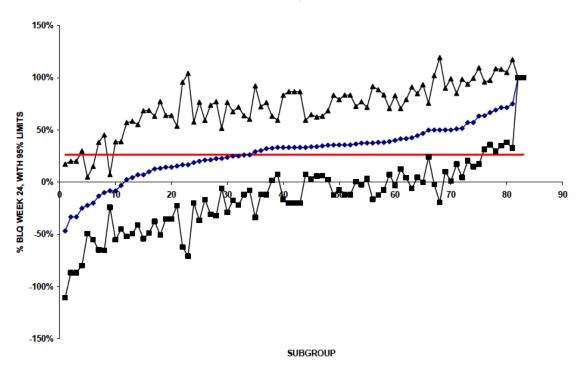


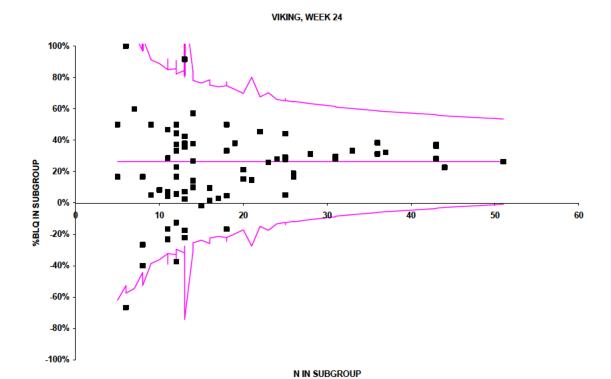
SAILING, WEEK 24

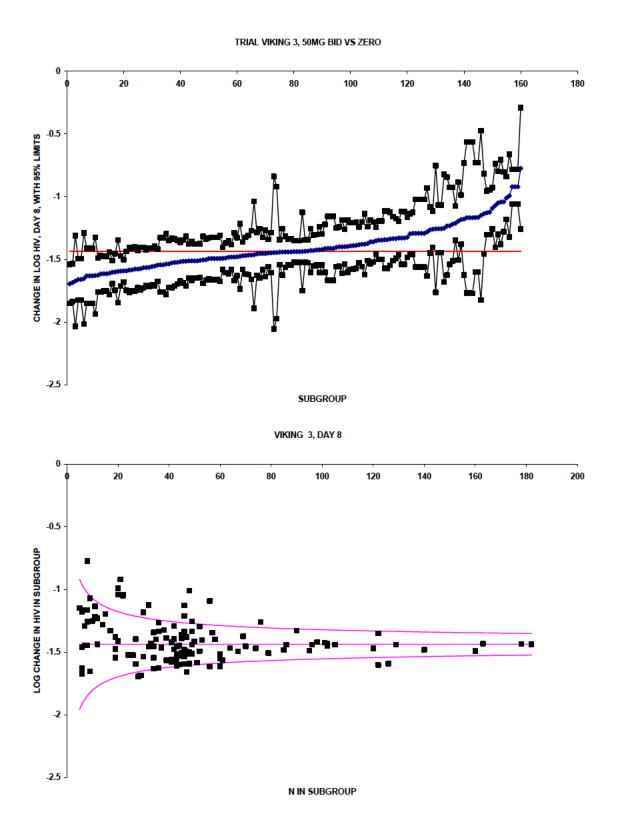


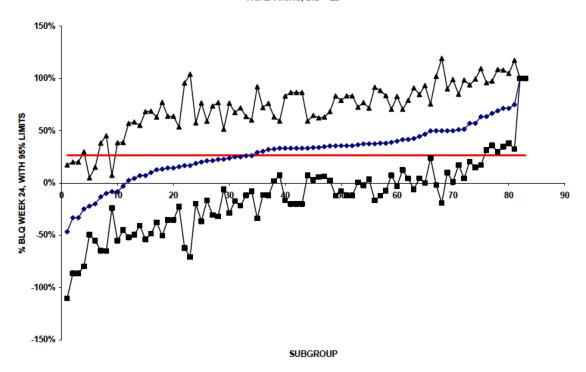
4.4.3 Two Class Resistant, INI Resistant Trials

TRIAL VIKING, BID - QD

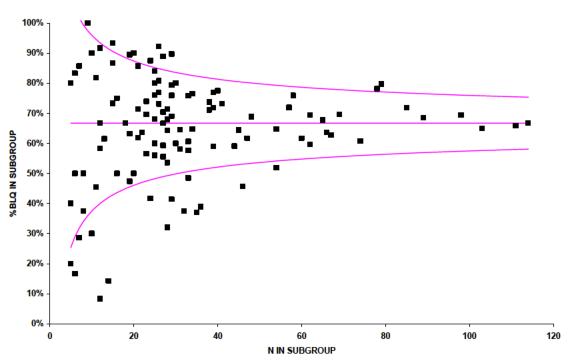












5. Summary and Conclusions:

The applicant has conducted seven trials to test the efficacy of dolutegravir (DTG) at 50mg QD or BID in HAART regimens among HIV-1 infected patients ranging from treatment naïve to integrase inhibitor resistant. In treatment naïve patients, the applicant conducted four trials: one short term dose ranging study, one long term dose ranging study, and two long term pivotal trials.

In the short term dose ranging study, trial 1521, DTG at 50mg QD achieved statistically significant superiority over placebo with respect to change in log HIV. In the long term doe ranging study, trial Spring 1, DTG at 50mg QD was slightly (but not statistically significantly) superior to efavirenz (EFV) with respect to both change in log HIV and percent BLQ.

In one of the two pivotal trials, trial Single, DTG at 50mg QD was statistically significantly superior to the EFV arm at 48 weeks with respect to both endpoints change in log HIV and percent BLQ.

In the second pivotal trial, trial Spring 2, DTG at 50mg QD was statistically non-inferior to raltegravir (RAL) at week 48.

The applicant conducted one pivotal trial in treatment experienced, two class resistant, integrase inhibitor (INI) naïve patients. In this trial DTG at 50mg QD was slightly, but not statistically significantly, superior to RAL arm with respect to both change in log HIV and percent BLQ. It was statistically non-inferior to RAL with respect to percent BLQ, the endpoint where there is an agreed margin of clinical non-inferiority and which was the protocol specified primary endpoint.

The applicant conducted two trials among INI resistant patients. The small dose ranging trial, the Viking trial, DTG at 50mg BID showed a clinically important and almost statistically significant superiority to DTG at 50mg QD. This comparison involved sequentially enrolled cohorts, not randomized cohorts. Nonetheless, the difference between the BID and QD doses did not diminish when the comparison was adjusted for baseline covariates.

The large trial in this population was a single arm trial because ethical constraints precluded any control arm. In this trial, DTG at

50mg BID both change in log HIV and percent BLQ were statistically significantly greater than zero. The 95% lower confidence bounds on both endpoints were comparable to what one expects from an effective three drug HAART regimen in any population.

The applicant has convincingly demonstrated the efficacy of dolutegravir at 50mg qd in treatment naïve and treatment experienced, INI naïve HIV-1 infected patients and the efficacy of dolutegravir at 50mg bid in INI resistant HIV-1 infected patients.

Thomas Hammerstrom, Ph.D. Mathematical Statistician

Concur: Dr. Soon

CC:

Archival NDA #21-481

HFD-530

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This is a representation of an electronic record that was signed electronically and this page is the manifestation of the electronic signature. /s/ THOMAS S HAMMERSTROM 05/08/2013 **GUOXING SOON**

05/15/2013