

# Designing and Conducting Clinical Trials of Drugs in Children

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## Dr. Dianne Murphy

**Has documented that she has no financial relationships to disclose or Conflicts of Interest (COIs) to resolve.**

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**Presenter: [Dr. Dianne Murphy](#) has documented that her presentation will not involve discussion of unapproved or off-label, experimental or investigational use except to describe experimental studies.**

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**Any opinions expressed are those of  
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# Goals of Drug Development

- **Protect the public health by assuring that drugs to be marketed are safe and effective.**
- **Bring new drugs that are safe and effective to market in a timely manner.**
- **Speed therapeutic innovations to advance public health.**

# Drug Development

- **A complex, lengthy, multidisciplinary, stepwise process involving evaluation of animal and human safety and efficacy data.**

# Pediatrics is another layer of complexity

- One must deal with all the “usual” steps but also address the following questions for pediatrics:
  - What adult or animal data applies
  - What is the “benefit” or minor increase over a minimal risk to justify the trial
  - What level of text and how many assent and consent forms need to be addressed
  - What facilities can do these studies
  - What calculations are necessary for blood sampling and non-invasive vs invasive testing

# **Drug Development Stepwise Process**

- **Laboratory, animal, then human studies**
- **Small studies before large ones**
- **Short studies before long ones**
- **Low dose before high dose**
- **Single dose before multiple dose**
- **Each step builds on preceding experience.**



# Product Applications

- **IND: Investigational New Drug Application**
  - Allows initiation of clinical studies in humans.
- **NDA: New Drug Application**
  - Submission of information needed for marketing approval.
- **sNDA: supplemental NDA**
  - Application to change manufacturing, patient population or formulation of the product.
- **ANDA: abbreviated new drug application**
  - Application for marketing approval of a generic drug.

# Stages of New Drug Development

- **Pre-IND**
- **IND**
  - **Phases 1, 2 and 3 clinical development**
- **NDA**
- **Post-marketing**
  - **Phase 4 clinical development**

# Pre-IND

**(for Pediatrics may already have this data in adults)**

- **Objective: Determine drug's toxic and pharmacologic effects before first time use in humans through *in vitro* and *in vivo* animal testing.**
- **Discuss chemistry and pharmacology/toxicology**
- **Discuss clinical development plan (including statistics)**
- **Prior to human exposure**
  - **Chemical identification, characterization and purification**
  - **Animal studies**
    - **Drug must be reasonably safe for use in initial Phase 1 clinical trials**

# Getting a Starting Dose

- Determine the NOAEL
  - Highest dose level that does not produce adverse effects
- Convert NOAEL to HED (Human equivalent)
- Safety factor applied to the HED.
  - In general, safety factor of 10 is recommended.
- MaxRecommendedStartingDose: obtained by dividing the HED by the safety factor.

# IND Submission

- **Allows initiation of clinical studies in humans.**
- **Phase 1, 2 and 3 clinical studies**
- **30-day clock for initial submission to determine if clinical study is reasonably safe to proceed.**
- **No review clock for subsequent submissions.**

# Clinical Hold

- **An order to delay or suspend an investigation.**
  - No new patients may be enrolled
  - Patients already in study should be taken off drug (unless discontinuation not in interest of patient safety).
- **May be imposed anytime during review cycle**
- **Criteria: examples**
  - Unreasonable risk to human subjects
  - Insufficient information to assess risk to human subjects

# General Interactions During Review Process

- **Meetings**

- **EOP2 with sponsor**

- **Lowest effective or maximum tolerated dose known; preliminary evidence of efficacy and reasonable evidence of safety**
    - **Potential claims**
    - **Discussion of Phase 3 trials**

- **pre-NDA with sponsor**

- **Phase 3 trials almost complete or completed**
    - **Format and content of to be submitted NDA**
    - **Adequacy of components**
      - **Clinical: Will trial data support filing of the NDA?**
    - **Reviewer needs**
      - **Clinical: Data tabulations and Case Report Forms**

# NDA Submission

- **74-day letter**
  - states if application will be filed and any requests for additional information
- **Site inspections**
- **Advisory Committee meeting if needed**
- **Labeling review**
- **Written reviews by all disciplines**
- **Regulatory decision**
  - Risk/benefit analysis based on totality of information
  - includes any Phase 4 commitments



# Supplemental NDA (sNDA)

- **A supplement is an application to allow a company to make changes in a product that already has an approved new drug application (NDA)**
- **Most preclinical, clinical work performed in initial NDA**
- **Most pediatric studies are submitted as supplements**

# ANDA (Generic Drug)

- **“Copy” of approved drug**
- **Safety and efficacy already established for the approved reference drug.**
- **Must contain same active drug in the same amount and acceptable inactive ingredients.**
- **Must be bioequivalent to reference drug.**
- **Must have the same labeling as the reference drug.**
- **Even if studying a “generic”, changes must go into the originator label. This means negotiations with the originator.**

# **Review Disciplines in Division:**

**(within the Center for Drugs there are 18  
product development divisions)**

- **Chemistry**
- **Pharmacology/Toxicology**
- **Clinical Pharmacology/  
Biopharmaceutics**
- **Clinical**
- **Statistics**
- **Microbiology**
- **Project Manager**

# References

- **Code of Federal Regulations**
  - **50 Human Subject Protection**
  - **54 Financial Disclosure**
  - **56 Institutional Review Boards**
  - **201 Labeling**
  - **312 IND**
  - **314 NDA**
- **Legislation (for example, FD&C Act, PDUFA, FOIA, FDAAA, BPCA, PREA, FDASIA).**