

Annex 15
28-Day Study Report- Draft

Product Safety Labs

Limosilactobacillus reuteri:
28-DAY REPEAT-DOSE ORAL GAVAGE TOXICITY STUDY IN RATS

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

DATA REQUIREMENTS

OECD Guidelines for Testing of Chemicals, Section 4 (Part 407): Health Effects, *Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents* (2008).

US FDA Toxicological Principles for the Safety Assessment of Food Ingredients, Redbook 2000, IV.C. 3. a. *Short-Term Toxicity Studies with Rodents* (November 2003).

STUDY NUMBER

55164

PERFORMING LABORATORY

Product Safety Labs
2394 US Highway 130
Dayton, New Jersey 08810

STUDY COMPLETION DATE

STUDY DIRECTOR

Mark R. Bauter, BA

SPONSOR

Elanco Animal Health Incorporated
2500 Innovation Way
Greenfield, Indiana 46140

SPONSOR STUDY NUMBER

ELA210070

GOOD LABORATORY PRACTICE COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

This study meets the requirements of 21 CFR 58: U.S. FDA GLP Standards, 1987, which are compatible with OECD Principles of GLP (as revised in 1997) published in ENV/MC/CHEM (98)17, OECD, Paris, 1998, with the following exception:

Analyses performed and study data collected at BioPrimate (translocation analysis) were not in compliance with GLPs.

Specific information related to the characterization of the test article as received and tested is the responsibility of the study Sponsor ([Section 3.A](#)).

Study Director: _____

Date: _____

Name of Signer: Mark R. Bauter, BA

Name of Company: Product Safety Labs

Sponsor: _____

Date: _____

Name of Signer: _____

Name of Company: Elanco Animal Health Incorporated

Submitter: _____

Date: _____

Name of Signer: _____

Name of Company: Elanco Animal Health Incorporated

QUALITY ASSURANCE STATEMENT

The Product Safety Labs' Quality Assurance (QA) Unit has reviewed this final study report to assure the report accurately describes the methods and standard operating procedures, and that the reported results accurately reflect the raw data of the study.

QA Activities for This Study:

QA Activity	Performed By	Date Conducted	Date Findings Reported To Study Director And Management
Protocol review	R. Krick; B. Simms; B. Simms; B. Simms	Mar 29, 2021; Jul 8, 2021; Jul 23, 2021; Aug 2, 2021	Mar 29, 2021; Jul 8, 2021; Jul 23, 2021; Aug 3, 2021
Critical phase inspection: <i>CFU Enumeration for Day 9</i>	K. Rea	Apr 21, 2021	Apr 21, 2021
Critical phase inspection: <i>Dosing on Day 15</i>	B. Simms	Apr 27, 2021	Apr 27, 2021
Critical phase inspection: <i>Tissue list in Provantis</i>	B. Simms	May 12, 2021	May 13, 2021
Critical phase inspection: <i>Terminal necropsy and tissue collection Day 31</i>	B. Simms	May 13, 2021	May 13, 2021
Critical phase inspection: <i>Coagulation sample analysis</i>	K. Rea	May 20, 2021	May 20, 2021
Raw data audit	B. Simms	Jul 6, 2021; Jul 23, 2021; Aug 2-3, 2021	Jul 8, 2021; Jul 23, 2021; Aug, 3, 2021
Draft report review	B. Simms	Aug 2-3, 2021	Aug 3, 2021

QA Statements for the clinical pathology and histopathology phases of the study may be found in [Appendices K](#) and [R](#), respectively.

Final report reviewed by:

Quality Assurance
Product Safety Labs

Date

CERTIFICATIONS

We, the undersigned, declare that the methods, results and data contained in this report faithfully reflect the procedures used and raw data collected during the study.

Mark R. Bauter, BA
Study Director/Associate Director of Toxicology
Product Safety Labs

Date

Daniel J. Merkel, BS, MBA
President
Product Safety Labs

Date

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STUDY INFORMATION

Protocol Number: P713.01 DDU

Test article IDs: 1) *L. reuteri* ATCC PTA-126787 (*L. reuteri* 3630)
2) *L. reuteri* ATCC PTA-126788 (*L. reuteri* 3632)

Test article Lot Numbers: 1) Lot #: 201123LRE3630
2) Lot #: 201123LRE3632

Physical Description: White to Tan powder

Date Test article Received: February 26, 2021, April 8, 2021, and May 12, 2021

PSL IDs:
(Amendments 1 and 4) 1) 210226-1D, 210408-3D, 210512-1D
2) 210226-2D, 210408-2D

PSL Study Number: 55164

Sponsor Study Number: ELA210070

Sponsor: Elanco Animal Health Incorporated
2500 Innovation Way
Greenfield, Indiana 46140

Study Initiated-Completed: April 13, 2021 – (see report cover page)

In-Life Study Initiated-Completed: April 13 – May 13, 2021

Notebook Number: 55164: pages 1-To be entered prior to final

KEY PERSONNEL

Product Safety Labs:

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Study Director/Associate Director of Toxicology:
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KEY PERSONNEL (Cont).

The following were responsible for the in-life data collection and the clinical pathology, tissue enumeration, and test article dose sample collection and evaluation:

In-life, clinical chemistry, coagulation, urinalysis, tissue enumeration, and test article dose analysis	Product Safety Labs 2394 US Highway 130 Dayton, NJ 08810 P.I. (Dose Analysis): Denise DiCarlo-Emery, BS
--	--

Hematology analysis	Corteva Agriscience Haskell R&D Center 1090 Elkton Road Newark, DE 19711 P.I. Eva Maria Silvestro, AAS, MLT (ASCP)
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Clinical pathology evaluation	Eurofins Advinus Ltd 21 & 22 Phase II, Peenya Industrial Area Bengaluru, 560 058, India P.I. Dr. Jayachandra, K.C., M.V.Sc., DABT
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Translocation Analysis:	BioPrimate 1 Oak Avenue Newark, DE 19711 P.I. Frank Burns
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The following were responsible for the histological slide preparation and pathology evaluations:

Histological slide preparation	StageBio 5930 Main Street Mount Jackson, VA 22842, USA P.I. (histology): Erin Galati, HT (ASCP)
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Histological slide evaluation	StageBio 5930 Main Street Mount Jackson, VA 22842, USA P.I. (pathology) Allen W. Singer, DVM, DACVP, DABT
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1. OBJECTIVE

The objective of this study was to evaluate the potential toxicity of *Limosilactobacillus reuteri* (*L. reuteri*) ATCC PTA-126787 (*L. reuteri* 3630) and ATCC PTA-126788 (*L. reuteri* 3632) and the potential for translocation of the organisms from the GI tract in male and female rats likely to arise from repeated exposure via oral gavage over a test period of at least 28 days. A no-observed-adverse-effect-level (NOAEL) was also sought for each sex.

2. SUMMARY

Eighty (80) adult Crl: Sprague-Dawley CD[®] IGS rats (40 males and 40 females) were distributed into four groups (10/sex/group). Two bacterial strains, *L. reuteri* 3630 and *L. reuteri* 3632, were combined to form the combined test article, as it is referred to throughout the report.

Combined test article formulations used in this study:

Group	Test Article (mg/kg bw/day)		Test Article Concentration (mg/mL)	
1	0 (vehicle only)		0 (vehicle only)	
2	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630	126.5	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630	25.3
	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3632	75.8	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3632	15.2
3	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630	253.3	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630	50.7
	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3632	151.6	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3632	30.3
4	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630	760	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630	152
	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3632	455	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3632	91

Dose volume: 5 mL/kg/day; vehicle: normal saline

A vehicle (normal saline) control group was also dosed as part of this study. The doses were administered for 29 or 30 days, based on the animal's individual necropsy date.

The animals were observed at least once daily for viability, signs of gross toxicity, and behavioral changes, and weekly for a battery of detailed observations. Body weights were recorded two times during the acclimation period (considered prior to initial dose administration on Day 1), twice weekly thereafter, shortly before dose administration in order to adjust the dose volume on body weight, and immediately prior to sacrifice. Individual food consumption was collected to coincide with body weight measurements. Urine was collected from animals fasted the day prior to respective sacrifice, Day 31 for five animals per sex per group for animals assigned to translocation analysis and on Day 30 for the remaining animals. Blood was sampled from study animals just prior to scheduled necropsy for hematology, clinical chemistry, and coagulation assessments. Gross necropsies were performed on all surviving study animals, and histopathological analysis was performed on selected tissues. Blood, liver, and mesenteric lymph nodes were collected for translocation analysis from five animals per sex on Day 31.

Samples of the neat test article were collected each week to evaluate stability and for colony enumeration (concentration verification). Samples were also collected from the dose formulation mixtures to verify homogeneity (Test Day 1) and dose concentration verification weekly.

Dose verification by bacterial enumeration in test article formulations – target and nominal dose levels (geometric means; n=7):

Dose Group	Target dose for each strain [CFU/kg]	Nominal dose level verified by bacterial enumeration for strain 3630 [CFU/kg]; geometric mean*	Nominal dose level verified by bacterial enumeration for strain 3632 [CFU/kg]; geometric mean*
2	1.7E+10	3.1E+09	7.5E+09
3	3.3E+10	4.5E+09	1.4E+10
4	1.0E+11	1.6E+10	5.7E+10

* the nth root of the product of n bacterial counts over the entire study duration
 $\sqrt[n]{x_1 * x_2 * \dots * x_n}$;
 n=7.

The results of the neat test article concentration verification were determined to be generally below the targeted concentrations, as indicated in the Certificate of Analysis, which is attributed to slight differences in sampling and enumeration. Due to the test article containing combined concentrations of *L. reuteri* 3630 and *L. reuteri* 3632 strains, the homogeneity of the distribution of these strains within the dose mixtures could not be determined to within an adequate margin of variation. Results show a variable dose concentration of each strain over the course of the study which is not unexpected with microbiological organisms. Overall, the animals are considered to have received sufficient CFU from each test article to evaluate the potential toxicity of the *L. reuteri* 3630 and 3632 strains in male and female rats from repeated exposure via oral gavage, and the potential for translocation of the organisms from the GI tract after administration.

There were no mortalities or clinical signs attributable to the test article. One Group 2, low dose male (Animal 3829), was humanely sacrificed. The death was determined to be the result of an esophageal perforation caused by a gavage error and unrelated to test article treatment. There were no test article-related changes in mean body weights, body weight gain, food consumption, or food efficiency in the study.

The test strains *L. reuteri* (genotypes 1A and 1B) did not translocate compared to the endogenous *L. reuteri* (genotype 2). A low incidence of bacteria found on plates from blood samples was not associated with treatment and likely resulted from environmental contamination during the study. Absent any pathological findings or other treatment related toxicity, the translocation findings would not indicate the test strains to be harmful.

There were no test article-related changes in hematology, coagulation, serum chemistry or urinalysis parameters. All statistically significant findings were either small in magnitude or did not correlate to any other clinical or histopathological finding and thus were within expected biological variation and considered not to be toxicologically relevant.

No macroscopic or microscopic findings were attributed to administration of the test article. Non-test article-related microscopic observations noted were either, present in all groups including vehicle control, and/or considered spontaneous, incidental background changes in laboratory rats.

Under the conditions of the study and based on the toxicological endpoints evaluated, the no-observed-adverse-effect-level (NOAEL) for the oral administration of the combined test article, *L. reuteri* 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632, was determined to be the high dose group, 1.6E+10 CFU *L. reuteri* 3630/kg bw/day (760 mg/kg bw/day) plus 5.7E+10 CFU *L. reuteri* 3632/kg bw/day (455 mg/kg bw/day) for male and female Sprague Dawley rats.

3. TEST ARTICLE

A. Source

The test article was provided by the Sponsor.

B. Identification

The test article strains were identified using the following information provided by the Sponsor and Product Safety Labs (PSL) identification number. Test article strains 1 and 2 were mixed together to prepare a single dose solution which will be referred to heretofore as the “test article”. Documentation of the methods of synthesis, fabrication, or derivation of the test article is retained by the BioSource Cultures & Flavors, S66 W14328, Janesville Road, P.O Box 777, Muskego, WI 53150-0777.

Test Article 1: *L. reuteri* ATCC PTA-126787 (*L. reuteri* 3630)

Lot #: 201123LRE3630

PSL ID: 210226-1D, 210408-3D, 210512-1D

Physical Description: White to Tan powder

Composition: 100% *L. reuteri* 3630 (see also [Appendix C](#))

Storage Conditions: Frozen (store ~ -25 to -15° C until ready to use)

Expiration Date: 11/23/21

Test Article 2: *L. reuteri* ATCC PTA-126788 (*L. reuteri* 3632)

Lot #: 201123LRE3632

PSL ID: 210226-2D, 210408-2D

Physical Description: White to Tan powder

Composition: 100% *L. reuteri* 3632 (see also [Appendix C](#))

Storage Conditions: Frozen (store ~ -25 to -15° C until ready to use)

Expiration Date: 11/23/21

Vehicle Control: Normal Saline

Batch #: 19F002

Storage Conditions: Ambient

Expiration Date: 06/2021

Supplier: Vedco

C. Analysis

The Sponsor was responsible for all analytical work required to characterize the neat test article, and validate its stability.

D. Hazards

Appropriate routine safety precautions were exercised in the handling of the test article.

4. GENERAL TEST SYSTEM PARAMETERS

A. Animal Requirements

- 4.A.1 Number of Animals: 80
- 4.A.2 Number of Groups: 4 (3 dose levels and 1 vehicle control group/sex).
- 4.A.3 Number of Animals per Group: 20 (10 male, 10 female)
- 4.A.4 Sex: Male and female; females will be nulliparous and non-pregnant.
- 4.A.5 Species/Strain: CRL Sprague-Dawley CD[®] IGS rats.
- 4.A.6 Age/Weight: Approximately nine weeks at initiation; the weight variation did not exceed $\pm 20\%$ of the mean weight for each sex.
- 4.A.7 Supplier: Charles River Laboratories, Inc. Rats were shipped from the Raleigh, North Carolina facility in filtered cartons by airfreight and/or truck.

On March 25, 2021, eighty-eight (88) CRL Sprague-Dawley CD[®] IGS rats (44 per sex) arrived from Charles River Laboratories, Raleigh, NC, with an assigned birth date of February 7, 2021. The rats were designated by the supplier to be seven to eight weeks of age upon arrival.

B. Test System Justification

The Sprague-Dawley[®] rat was the system of choice because, historically, it has been a preferred and commonly used species for oral toxicity tests. The current state of scientific knowledge does not provide acceptable alternatives to the use of live animals to accomplish the objective of this study.

C. Animal Husbandry

4.C.1 Housing

The animals were group housed (2 per cage) unless fighting ensued, in which case the specific animals were housed individually, in cages which conform to the size recommendations in the latest *Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals* (Nat'l. Res. Council, 2011). The animal room had a 12-hour light/dark cycle and was kept clean and vermin free.

4.C.2 Animal Room Temperature and Relative Humidity Ranges

The temperature and humidity ranged from 20-22°C and 43-58%, respectively.

4.C.3 Acclimation

The animals were conditioned to the housing facilities for 19 days prior to testing. Body weights and clinical observations were recorded prior to study start.

4.C.4 Animal Room Air Changes/Hour

Animals were housed in Room #21, with 11 air changes per hour. Airflow measurements are evaluated regularly and the records are kept on file at Product Safety Labs.

4.C.5 Feed

2016 Certified Envigo Teklad Global Rodent Diet® (Envigo Teklad, Inc.) was stored in a dedicated temperature and humidity monitored feed storage site and available *ad libitum* during acclimation and throughout the study, except when animals were fasted for clinical sample collections and terminal sacrifice.

4.C.6 Water

Filtered tap water was available *ad libitum* from an automatic watering access system. Water analysis was conducted by Precision Analytical Services, Inc., Toms River, NJ and South Brunswick Municipal Water Supply, South Brunswick, NJ.

4.C.7 Contaminants

There are no known contaminants reasonably expected to be found in the food or water that would interfere with the results of this study. Routine analysis consisting of the lot of feed used in this study was received from Envigo Teklad, Madison, WI. Water analysis is conducted periodically and the records are kept on file at Product Safety Labs. The date of the most recent analysis is reported in [Appendix B](#).

4.C.8 Viral Screen

The animals used in this study were considered to be pathogen-free as received from the vendor ([Section 4.A.](#)). Rodent-health surveillance for study animals was monitored by designating three rats as “sentinels” for the study room (Animals 356F 5/13/21, 374F 5/13/21 and 362F 5/13/21). Sentinels were housed under the conditions of the study, on racks alongside study animals, for the duration of the study Room #21 (from April 13, 2021, to May 13, 2021). These animals were not a part of the study, and were clearly marked as such. A serum sample was collected from each sentinel rat for screening of common rat pathogens (Rat Parvovirus, Toolan’s H-1 Virus, Kilham Rat Virus, Rat Minute Virus, Parvovirus NS-1, Rat Coronavirus, Rat Theilovirus, and Pneumocystis carinii). The serum samples were sent on ice to IDEXX BioAnalytics (Columbia, MO) for evaluation. Serological pathogen screening results for the sentinels Animals 356F 5/13/21, 374F 5/13/21 and 362F 5/13/21, corresponding with this study, are reported in [Appendix B](#). The sentinel samples were negative for all pathogens evaluated and therefore, the study animals were considered to be healthy and reasonably free of common rat pathogens.

D. Identification

4.D.1 Cage

Each cage was identified by a cage card indicating the study number, dose level, group assignment, individual identification, and sex of the animals.

4.D.2 Animal

Each animal was given a sequential number in addition to being uniquely identified with a Monel® self-piercing stainless steel ear tag. Only the sequential animal number is presented in this report.

5. EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN

A. Route of Administration

The test article was administered by oral gavage (PO).

B. Justification of Route of Administration

The oral route of administration was selected by the Sponsor as the clinical route of exposure will be via oral capsule or oral liquid. This route of administration is recommended in the referenced guidelines.

C. Control of Bias

Animals were randomly assigned, stratified by body weight, to test groups.

D. Dose Levels

Ten animals per sex were assigned to each of the following test groups for toxicity evaluation:

Group	No. Animals/ Group M/F	Test Article (mg/kg bw/day)	Targeted Dose Level (CFU/kg bw/day)	Calculated ^b Dose (CFU/kg bw/day)	Dose Volume (mL/kg bw/day)	Expected Test Article Concentration (mg/mL ^a)
1	10/10	0 Vehicle only	0	0	5	0
2	10/10	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (126.5) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (75.8)	1.668E+10 + 1.668E+10	3.1E+09 + 7.5E+09		<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (25.3) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (15.2)
3	10/10	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (253.3) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (151.6)	3.337E+10 + 3.337E+10	4.5E+09 + 1.4E+10		<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (50.7) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (30.3)
4	10/10	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (760) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (455)	1.001E+11 + 1.001E+11	1.6E+10 + 5.7E+10		<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (152) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (91)

^a LR3630 = 132 000 000 000 CFU/g (1.32E+11) and LR3632 = 220 000 000 000 CFU/g (2.2E+11), as determined by Product Safety Labs prior to study initiation ([Section 6.B](#)).

^b Calculated using the geometric mean (see [Table 1C](#)).

E. Justification of Dose Level Selection

Dosing was selected based on the proposed clinical dose and was not expected to cause marked toxicity. The high dose (Group 4) corresponds to a margin of safety of 700x, based on a daily oral dose of 2.0E+10 CFU (for the two LR strains combined in equal proportions) per person (2.86E+08 CFU/kg; assuming a mean human body weight of 70 kg). The low dose (Group 2) corresponds to a Margin of Safety of 117x.

6. GENERAL PROCEDURES

A. Selection of Animals

After acclimating to the laboratory environment for nineteen days, the rats were examined for general health and weighed. Only those rats free of clinical signs of disease or injury and having a body weight range within $\pm 20\%$ of the mean for each sex were selected for test. Eighty (80) healthy rats (40 males; 40 females) were selected for test. The animals weighed 312-350 grams (males) and 174-219 grams (females) and were approximately nine weeks of age at initiation of dosing. The rats that were used on test were randomly distributed, stratified by body weight, among the dose and control groups on the day of study start.

B. Dose Preparations and Procedures

6.B.1 Test Article Preparation

Product Safety Labs analyzed individual samples of *L. reuteri* 3630 and *L. reuteri* 3632 provided by the Sponsor to determine the actual recovery of viable CFU. These values were used to calculate the appropriate dose indicated in [Section 5.D](#). Actual doses administered were determined and reported at least weekly during the study (see [Table 1C](#)).

Each test article component strain (*L. reuteri* 3630 or *L. reuteri* 3632) was received by the testing facility (PSL). Multiple shipments of the same lot of each strain ([see Section 3.A](#)) were received from the Sponsor on an as-needed basis in order to complete the study. After receipt and prior to use, each component strain was appropriately portioned into foil pouches (Ted Pella Inc, 139-311) by weighing approximately 15.2 g of *L. reuteri* 3630 or 9.1 g of *L. reuteri* 3632 into separate pouches. The pouches were closed/sealed after expelling excess air to minimize exposure to oxygen and the weight of each pouch was recorded. The pouches were stored in a freezer at approximately -20°C until use.

Fresh formulations of the test article were prepared daily. On the day of use, one sealed pouch containing each strain was brought to room temperature. The contents of each pouch were combined into an appropriately sized sterile bottle and 100 mL of vehicle (sterile saline) was added. This concentration was used as the high dose solution. The solution was allowed to sit for ~30 minutes and then placed on a stir plate, stirring continuously while preparing the low (1:6 dilution in sterile saline) and mid dose (1:3 dilution in sterile saline) solutions. The formulations were stirred at ambient temperature until visually homogeneous suspensions were achieved. The dose solutions were continuously stirred until administration. Final formulations were not stored longer than four 4 hours at room temperature prior to dosing.

Weekly samples of the final dose formulations were collected for concentration verification of each strain. Fresh formulations of the test article were prepared daily. The preparation of the dose solutions was documented in the raw data. As a control for growth conditions and media, a pure culture of the respective strains were streaked and observed for growth.

6.B.2 Dosing

Each animal was dosed by oral intubation using a stainless steel ball-tipped gavage needle attached to an appropriate syringe. Dose administration was daily (7 days/week). All doses were administered volumetrically at 5 mL/kg body weight. Due to a technical oversight, one Group 2 male (Animal 3829) was not dosed on Day 13 (Deviation 1). The animal was subsequently euthanized due to dosing injury on Day 19; therefore, this missed dose had no impact on the outcome of study. The control group received vehicle (sterile saline)

only, at the same dose volume as the test animals. The dose suspension was maintained and stirred continuously on a magnetic stir plate during dose administration. The first day of administration was considered Day 1 of the study. Dosing was at approximately the same time each day +/- 2 hours.

C. Analysis of Test Article and Dose Preparations

6.C.1 Sample Collection

The neat test article and prepared dosing mixtures were sampled. Additional neat test samples were collected and analyzed weekly.

6.C.2 Test Article and Dose Preparation Stability

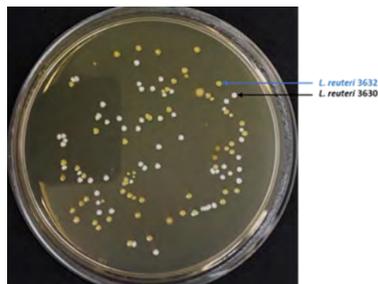
The neat test article was expected to be stable over the course of the study under the conditions of storage. All dose formulations were freshly prepared daily prior to dosing. A sample of the neat test article was collected weekly during the in-life phase.

6.C.3 Dose Preparation Homogeneity

Prior to initial dosing on Day 1 of the study, samples from the dose preparations were collected from the top, middle, and bottom for each concentration. The vehicle control mixture was sampled from the middle of the dose preparation only.

6.C.4 Dose Preparation Concentration Verification

The dose preparations (treatment and control groups) were sampled at the beginning of the study (as part of the homogeneity assessment) for verification of dose concentration. Dose preparations were also sampled weekly for verification of dose concentration of each strain. The strains were distinguished based on the colony morphology and color (see example below).



L. reuteri 3632 is morphologically distinct from *L. reuteri* 3630 - the two strains can be easily differentiated based on the color of the colonies. *L. reuteri* 3632 produces orange/yellow colored colonies, while *L. reuteri* 3630 produces creamish white colonies.

6.C.5 Sample Analysis

The dosing preparations sampled prior to administration on Day 1 for homogeneity, and weekly thereafter, for concentration verification (as described above) were processed for enumeration as soon as possible (within 2-4 hours of preparation, stored at 4+/-2°C if not analyzed immediately) for viable CFU content according to methods provided by the Sponsor and recorded in the study records. The strains were distinguished based on the colony morphology and color as described in [6.C.4](#). For comparison and to confirm growing conditions were adequate for the test organisms, a sample of each neat test article was cultured concurrently with the dose solution as described in [6.B.1](#).

D. Clinical Observations

All animals were observed at least twice daily for viability. Cage-side observations of all animals were performed daily during the study. All findings were recorded.

On Day 1, prior to test article administration, and weekly thereafter, a detailed observation was conducted while handling the animal. Potential signs noted included, but were not limited to: changes in skin, fur, eyes, and mucous membranes, occurrence of secretions and excretions and autonomic activity (e.g., lacrimation, piloerection, pupil size, unusual respiratory pattern). Likewise, changes in gait, posture and response to handling as well as the presence of clonic or tonic movements, stereotypies (e.g., excessive grooming, repetitive circling), or bizarre behavior (e.g., self-mutilation, walking backwards) were also recorded. The date and clock time of all observations and/or mortality checks were recorded.

When an animal was noticed with severe/remarkable clinical observations (Animal 3829), the animal was euthanized and a gross necropsy was performed. Organs and tissues were excised and submitted for histopathological examination of moribund condition. No further examination or data was collected for this animal (Deviation 2).

E. Body Weight and Body Weight Gain

Individual body weights were recorded at least two times during acclimation. All animals were weighed on Day 1 (prior to study start) and twice weekly thereafter shortly before dose administration in order to adjust the dose volume on body weight. The animals were weighed prior to scheduled sacrifice in order to calculate organ-to-body weight ratios. Body weight gain was calculated for selected intervals and for the study overall.

F. Food Consumption

Individual food consumption was measured and recorded twice weekly to coincide with body weight measurements.

G. Clinical Pathology

Clinical pathology was performed on all surviving animals prior to death for coagulation, hematology, clinical chemistry and urinalysis prior to their respective necropsies. Animals were fasted overnight prior to blood collection. Blood samples were collected from the vena cava, under isoflurane anesthesia.

Additional blood samples were collected (maximum feasible quantity) and processed for serum. Samples were stored at -80°C for future possible serum cytokine analysis (5 animals/sex/group). Serum samples were sent to BioPrimate for translocation analysis.

All blood samples were evaluated for quality by visual examination.

6.G.1 Hematology

Approximately 500 µL of blood was collected in a pre-calibrated tube containing K₂EDTA for hematology assessments. The whole blood samples were transferred to the clinical pathology department at Product Safety Labs. Whole blood samples were maintained on ice prior to analysis. All blood samples were evaluated for quality by visual examination.

red blood cells count	hemoglobin concentration
Hematocrit	mean corpuscular volume
mean corpuscular hemoglobin	red cell distribution width
reticulocytes count	platelet count
white blood cells and differential leukocyte counts of neutrophils, lymphocytes, monocytes, eosinophils, basophils, large unstained cells.	

Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration was calculated.

In addition, separate blood smears were prepared from each animal undergoing hematological evaluation and stained with Wright-Giesma stain for future possible examination.

6.G.2 Coagulation

Approximately 1.8 mL of blood was collected in a pre-calibrated tube containing 3.2% sodium citrate. These samples were centrifuged in a refrigerated centrifuge and the plasma was transferred to labeled tubes. Plasma samples were stored in a -80°C freezer until analysis. The following parameters were evaluated:

prothrombin time
activated partial thromboplastin time

6.G.3 Clinical chemistry

Approximately 1000 µL of blood was collected into a tube containing no preservative for clinical chemistry assessments. These samples were centrifuged in a refrigerated centrifuge and the serum was transferred to a labeled tube. Serum samples were stored in a -80°C freezer until analysis. The following parameters were evaluated:

Serum aspartate aminotransferase	Serum alanine aminotransferase
Sorbitol dehydrogenase	Alkaline phosphatase
Gamma-glutamyl transferase	Total bilirubin
Urea nitrogen	Total cholesterol
Blood creatinine	Fasting glucose
Triglycerides	Albumin
Total serum protein	Calcium
Globulin	Sodium
Inorganic phosphorus	Chloride
Potassium	
L- and D-Lactic acid*	

*(additional serum samples were sent to the Sponsor and were not evaluated further; Amendment 8)

6.G.4 Urinalysis

The day before their respective collection of samples for the clinical pathology evaluation, animals were placed in metabolism cages. Animals were fasted after 2 pm (at least 16 hours prior to blood collection) and urine was collected from each animal. Urine samples were stored on ice or under refrigeration until analysis.

Bilirubin	Ketone	Specific gravity
Blood	Microscopic urine sediments	Volume
Color	pH	Urobilinogen
Clarity	Protein (total)	
Glucose	Quality	

6.G.5 Clinical Pathology Report and Records to be Maintained:

Data generated at Corteva Agriscience was provided to PSL for incorporation into the clinical pathology phase report provided by Eurofins Advinus. Clinical pathology data generated at PSL was provided to Eurofins Advinus. A signed, clinical pathology phase report was provided by Eurofins Advinus to the Study Director. This report includes the methodology, pertinent measurements, evaluation results, GLP compliance statement signed by the Principal Investigator (PI), Quality Assurance statement, and tabulated results. The phase report was incorporated into the main study report ([Appendix K](#)).

H. Terminal Sacrifice and Histopathology

Terminal sacrifice and tissue collection took place over two consecutive days (Study Days 30 and 31; Amendment 3). On Day 30, animals were randomly selected from each group and designated for translocation analysis. All animals selected for translocation analysis were designated for termination on Day 31. All remaining surviving animals were sacrificed as scheduled on Study Day 30. Priority was given to providing the translocation samples; therefore, for Group 2 males, which had one animal sacrificed for humane reasons, five were assigned to Day 31 for translocation and the remaining animals were terminated as originally scheduled. Animals were fasted overnight prior to their scheduled terminal sacrifice.

Animals designated for sacrifice on Study Day 31 were treated with test article per study design on Day 30.

6.H.1 Scheduled Sacrifice

At terminal sacrifice, all survivors were euthanized by exsanguination from the inferior vena cava under isoflurane anesthesia. All surviving animals in the study (up to 10 animals/sex/group) were subjected to a full necropsy on their scheduled day, which included examination of the external surface of the body, all orifices, musculoskeletal system and the thoracic, abdominal, pelvic and cranial cavities and their contents.

6.H.2 Samples for Translocation and Future Evaluations

Samples were excised from the same area of the tissue in all animals that underwent necropsy on Day 31, placed in normal saline, and stored at approximately -80°C for future possible microbiome analysis. The following tissues were collected:

cecum (~0.5 cm, with contents)	jejunum (~0.5 cm segment with contents)
lungs (~2 cm diameter)	trachea (~0.5 cm segment, middle section)

The following tissues were collected from the designated animals into ~10 volumes of RNALater, stored at approximately 4°C overnight prior to storage at approximately -80°C, for future possible cytokine analysis:

trachea (~0.5 cm segment, distal)	cecum (~0.5 cm with contents)
lungs (~ 2 cm diameter)	jejunum (~0.5 cm segment diameter)

The following tissues were collected from the designated animals into a sterile tube, snap frozen and stored at approximately -80°C for future possible metabolic analysis. The remaining portion of each tissue/organ was preserved in neutral buffered formalin for histopathological evaluation.

cecum (~0.5 cm, with contents)	jejunum (~0.5 cm segment with contents)
lungs (~ 2 cm diameter)	trachea (~0.5 cm segment, middle section)

6.H.3 Samples for Histopathological Evaluation

The following tissues (from all animals sacrificed by design) were weighed wet as soon as possible after dissection to avoid drying (prior to sampling for additional testing):

adrenals (combined)	kidneys (combined)	spleen
brain	liver	thymus
epididymides (combined)	ovaries with oviducts (combined)	uterus
heart	testes (combined)	

The following organs and tissues from all animals were preserved in 10% neutral buffered formalin for possible future histopathological examination:

accessory genital organs (prostate and seminal vesicles)	ileum with Peyer's patches	rectum
adrenals	**jejunum	salivary glands (sublingual submandibular, and parotid)
all gross lesions	kidneys	skeletal muscle
aorta	larynx	skin
bone (femur)	*liver	spinal cord - 3 levels: cervical, mid- thoracic, and lumbar
bone marrow (from femur & sternum)	**lungs	spleen
brain – sections including medulla/pons, cerebellar, and cerebral cortex	lymph node mandibular	sternum
**cecum	*lymph node mesenteric	stomach
cervix	mammary gland	thymus
colon	nasal turbinates	thyroid
duodenum	nose	**trachea
esophagus	ovaries	urinary bladder
Harderian gland	oviducts	uterus
heart	pancreas	vagina
	parathyroid	
	peripheral nerve (sciatic)	
	pharynx	
	pituitary gland	

*Portions of these tissues were harvested from animals necropsied on Day 31 for translocation analysis.

** Portions of these tissues were harvested for future evaluations described in [Section 6.H.2](#).

The following organs and tissues from all animals were preserved in modified Davidson's fixative and then stored in ethanol, for possible future histopathological examination:

eyes	optic nerve
epididymides (combined)	testes

6.H.4 Translocation Analysis

A sample of whole blood was collected from animals designated for translocation analysis. Sections of liver (median lobe) and mesenteric lymph nodes were excised and maintained on ice. Approximate sample sizes were 0.5 mL of blood and 0.5 - 2 grams of tissue, without compromising any other possible study endpoints. Aseptic and other appropriate methods were utilized in order to avoid contamination of samples (e.g., the use of alcohol to clean instruments and surfaces). Aliquots of selected homogenized and/or diluted samples were plated on MRS agar plates and incubated at approximately 37°C under anaerobic conditions (for *L. reuteri* 3630 and *L. reuteri* 3632) for 24-48 hours or until colony growth was adequate for counting. The average CFU/gram of tissue was calculated based on the amount of sample collected and dilution factors for each specific sample.

All plates were visually inspected for CFU growth after incubation and individual colonies were counted. An automated plate counter was utilized to assist in enumerating highly populated plates. The mean CFU/gram of tissue was calculated using the amount of respective sample evaluated, plate colony growth and factoring for applicable dilutions.

The sensitivity of the method was determined for each sample type using the average amount of tissue in each preparation, assuming a minimum detection limit of 1 CFU/plate and factoring for dilution of samples including plated volumes. Dilutions of the sample preparations either prior to inoculation or prior to plating were accounted for in the calculations by additional multiplication of the DF (Dilution Factor) by the appropriate factor.

$$\text{Sensitivity (CFU/g or mL)} = \frac{\text{Minimum Detectable CFU/plate (1 CFU)}}{\text{Avg amount of sample (g or mL)}} \times \text{DF}$$

Details of processing and enumeration procedures, as provided by the Sponsor (Appendix 1 of the Protocol, located in Appendix A) and PSL standard operating procedures, are documented in the raw data.

All plates were provided to BioPrimate, where colonies were further characterized as needed using 16S rRNA sequencing or equivalent methods. Detailed methods of processing and analysis are described in study records and in the report provided by BioPrimate (see [Appendix L](#)).

6.H.5 Unscheduled Sacrifice

Group 2 male (Animal 3829) was humanely sacrificed on Day 19. The animal was examined for the cause of moribund condition and evaluated for gross lesions. Organs and tissues were excised preserved as described for those animals sacrificed by design (Deviation 2).

6.H.6 Histopathology

Histological examination was performed on the preserved organs and tissues of all animals from the control and high dose groups (Groups 1 and 4) the unscheduled death animal, and gross lesions from all animals were processed. The fixed tissues were trimmed, processed, embedded in paraffin, sectioned with a microtome, placed on glass microscope slides, stained with hematoxylin and eosin and examined by light microscopy. Slide preparation and histological assessment, by a board-certified veterinary pathologist, was performed at StageBio.

7. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

Product Safety Labs performed statistical analysis of all data collected during the in-life phase of the study. The use of the word “significant” or “significantly” indicates a statistically significant difference between the control and the experimental groups. Significance was judged at a probability value of $p < 0.05$. Male and female rats were evaluated separately.

Statistical analysis was conducted using Provantis™ version 10, Tables and Statistics, Instem LSS, Staffordshire UK (Amendment 6).

A. Statistical Methods

In-Life Data

For all in-life endpoints that are identified as multiple measurements of continuous data over time (e.g. body weight parameters, food consumption, or food efficiency), treatment and control groups were compared using a two-way analysis of variance (ANOVA), testing the effects of both time and treatment, with methods accounting for repeated measures in one independent variable (time; Mutulsky, 2014). Significant interactions observed between treatment and time, as well as main effects, are further analyzed by a *post hoc* multiple comparisons test (e.g. Dunnett’s test; Dunnett, 1964, 1980) of the individual treated groups to control.

Organ Weight Data

All endpoints with single measurements of continuous data within groups (e.g., organ weight and relative organ weight) were evaluated for homogeneity of variances (Bartlett, 1937) and normality (Shapiro, 1965). Where homogeneous variances and normal distribution was observed, treated and control groups were compared using a one-way ANOVA. When one-way ANOVA was significant, a comparison of the treated groups to control was performed with a multiple comparisons test (e.g., Dunnett’s test; Dunnett, 1964 and 1980). Where variance was considered significantly different, groups were compared using a non-parametric method (e.g., Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric analysis of variance; Kruskal-Wallis, 1952). When non-parametric analysis of variance was significant, a comparison of treated groups to control was performed (e.g., Dunn’s test; Dunn, 1964).

Clinical Pathology

Significance was judged at a probability value of $p < 0.05$. Males and females were analyzed separately.

Parameter	Preliminary Test	Method of Statistical Analysis	
		If preliminary test is not significant	If preliminary test is significant
Clinical Pathology ^a	Barlett's test for homogeneity and Shapiro-Wilk test for normality	One-way analysis of variance followed with Dunnett's test	Log transforms of the data to achieve normality and variance homogeneity were used. If the log transform failed, a non-parametric method (e.g., Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric analysis of variance) was used. When non-parametric analysis of variance was significant, a comparison of treated groups to control was performed (e.g., Dunn's test).

^a When an individual observation was recorded as being less than a certain value (e.g., below the lower limit of quantitation), calculations were performed on half the recorded value. For example, if bilirubin was reported as < 0.1 (or ≤ 0.1), 0.05 was used for any calculations performed with that bilirubin data or when GGT is reported as < 3.0 or ≤ 3.0 , 3.0 was used for the GGT result. When an individual observation was recorded as being greater than a certain value (e.g., above the upper limit of quantitation), calculations were performed on the recorded value. For example, if specific gravity was reported as > 1.100 (or ≥ 1.100), 1.100 was used for any calculation performed with that specific gravity data.

8. STUDY CONDUCT

A. Laboratory

Testing Facility

In-life, clinical chemistry, coagulation, Urinalysis, tissue enumeration, and test article dose analysis
P.I. (Dose Analysis):

Product Safety Labs
2394 US Highway 130
Dayton, NJ 08810
Denise DiCarlo-Emery, BS

Test Sites

Clinical pathology evaluation

Eurofins Advinus Ltd
21 & 22 Phase II, Peenya Industrial Area
Bengaluru, 560 058, India
Dr. Jayachandra, K.C., M.V.Sc., DABT

Principle Investigator:

Hematology analysis
(Amendment 5)

Corteva Agriscience
Haskell R&D Center
1090 Elkton Road
Newark, DE 19711

P.I. (Clinical Pathology):

Eva Maria Silvestro, AAS, MLT (ASCP)

Translocation Analysis

BioPrimate
1 Oak Avenue
Newark, DE 19711
Frank Burns

Principal Investigator:

Histological slide preparation	StageBio 5930 Main Street Mount Jackson, VA 22842, USA
Principle Investigator:	Erin Galati, HT (ASCP)
Histological slide evaluation	StageBio 5930 Main Street Mount Jackson, VA 22842, USA
Principle Investigator:	Allen W. Singer, DVM, DACVP, DABT

B. GLP Compliance

This study was conducted in compliance with the following regulations, with the exception of the analysis of translocation data:

- U.S. FDA GLP: 21 CFR Part 58, 1987.

Which are compatible with:

- OECD Principles of Good Laboratory Practice (as revised in 1997) published in ENV/MC/CHEM (98)17, OECD, Paris, 1998.

C. Test Procedure Guidelines

This study design conformed to the following guidelines:

- OECD Guidelines for Testing of Chemicals and Food Ingredients, Section 4 (Part 407): Health Effects, Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents (2008).
- US FDA Toxicological Principles for the Safety Assessment of Food Ingredients, Redbook 2000, IV.C. 3. a. Short-Term Toxicity Studies with Rodents (November 2003).

9. QUALITY ASSURANCE

The Quality Assurance Unit (QAU) of PSL has reviewed this report for GLP compliance and has conducted in-process inspections of selected procedures during the study. The clinical pathology phase report and final report has been audited for agreement with the raw data records and for compliance with the protocol and Product Safety Labs SOPs.

In addition, PSL QAU has functioned as lead QA for this study and monitored QA activities at StageBio and Eurofins Advinus. For portions of the study conducted by a subcontractor or partner laboratory, the QAU for that facility had conducted necessary critical phase inspections and audited respective results and reports for the study phase according to the SOPs of that facility.

Corteva Agriscience conducted a records inspection for the hematology under GLP compliance. Data generated at the test site was provided to PSL for incorporation into the clinical pathology phase report provided by Eurofins Advinus.

The QA Units from StageBio and Eurofins Advinus has sent all GLP audit reports to the Study Director, Study Director's management, and PSL QAU as soon as they were issued.

10. FINAL REPORT AND RECORDS TO BE MAINTAINED

The electronic copies of the signed report, and the protocol, associated amendments and/or deviations if applicable will be send to the sponsor. The original signed final report and all the raw data generated at PSL will be maintained in the Product Safety Labs archives. PSL will maintain these records for a period of at least five years. After this time, the Sponsor of the study will be offered the opportunity to take possession of the records or will be charged an archiving fee for continued archiving by PSL.

The following records will be maintained:

- A. Information on test article will include but not be limited to the following:

Storage	Test article analysis
Usage	Dose preparation analysis
Disposition	

- B. Information on animals will include but not be limited to the following:

Receipt, date of birth	Clinical observations
Initial health assessment	Histopathology data
Dosing	Individual necropsy records
Body weights	Organ weights
Food consumption	
Hematology, clinical chemistry, coagulation, and urinalysis data (as appropriate)	

- C. All other records that would demonstrate adherence to the protocol.

Any electronic raw data generated by the Test Site are maintained in accordance to the Test Site's procedures.

11. PROTOCOL, PROTOCOL AMENDMENTS, AND PROTOCOL DEVIATIONS

See [Appendix A](#) for the Protocol, Protocol Amendments, and Protocol Deviations.

12. RESULTS

A. Test Article and Dose Preparation Analysis – Bacterial Enumeration ([Tables 1A-1C](#); [Appendix D](#))

The results of the neat test article concentration verification were determined to be generally below the targeted concentrations, as indicated in the Certificate of Analysis, which is attributed to slight differences in sampling and enumeration. Due to the test article containing combined concentrations of *L. reuteri* 3630 and *L. reuteri* 3632 strains, the homogeneity of the distribution of these strains within the dose mixtures could not be determined to within an adequate margin of variation. Results show a variable dose concentration of each strain over the course of the study which is not unexpected with microbiological organisms. Overall, the animals are considered to have received sufficient CFU from each article to evaluate the potential for translocation of the organisms from the GI tract after administration as well as the potential for toxicity.

12.A.1 Neat Test Article Concentration Verification

The concentration of viable cells detected in the test articles as received ranged from 1.7×10^{10} to 1.1×10^{11} CFU/g for *L. reuteri* 3630 and 1.0×10^{10} to 2.0×10^{11} CFU/g for *L. reuteri* 3632 across the sampling time points throughout the study. These results are generally below the anticipated concentration as reported in the C of A provided (see [Appendix C](#)), which is attributed to slight differences in the sampling and enumeration ([Table 1A](#)).

12.A.2 Homogeneity and Concentration Verification of Dose Solutions

Homogeneity analysis of the dose preparations resulted in a relative standard deviation (RSD) of 81.55%, 7.27%, and 21.78% for *L. reuteri* 3630 and 603.63%, 4.54%, and 4.78% for *L. reuteri* 3632 for Groups 2-4, respectively. Due to the test article containing combined concentrations of *L. reuteri* 3630 and *L. reuteri* 3632, homogeneity of the distribution of the strains within the dose mixtures could not be determined to be within an adequate margin of variation ([Table 1B](#)).

Weekly oral dose solution enumeration results confirm that animals in Group 2 (low dose) received 8.5×10^8 to 2.3×10^{11} CFU/kg bw/day *L. reuteri* 3630 and 2.4×10^9 to 4.6×10^{11} CFU/kg bw/day *L. reuteri* 3632. Animals in Group 3 (mid dose) received between 1.6×10^9 and 2.7×10^{11} CFU/kg bw/day *L. reuteri* 3630 and 5.0×10^9 to 5.5×10^{11} CFU/kg bw/day *L. reuteri* 3632. Group 4 animals (high dose) received 5.5×10^9 to 2.9×10^{11} CFU/kg bw/day viable cells of *L. reuteri* 3630 and 1.9×10^{10} to 4.4×10^{12} CFU/kg bw/day *L. reuteri* 3632. The statistics of the dose preparations are given in [Table 1C](#), including geometric and arithmetic means, median, standard deviation, min/max values and the standard error of the mean (SEM). Results show a variable dose concentration of each strain over the course of the study which is not unexpected with microbiological organisms. Overall, the animals are considered to have received sufficient CFU from each article to evaluate the potential for translocation of the organisms from the GI tract after administration as well as the potential for toxicity. Therefore, the nominal exposure of the animals within each dose group over the entire treatment duration is expressed as the geometric mean over 7 bacterial dose solution enumerations.

Dose solution enumeration results - target and nominal dose level (geometric means; n=7):

Dose Group	Target dose for each strain [CFU/kg bw/day]	Dose level verified by bacterial enumeration for strain 3630 [CFU/kg bw/day]; geometric mean*	Dose level verified by bacterial enumeration for strain 3632 [CFU/kg bw/day]; geometric mean*
2	1.7E+10	3.1E+09	7.5E+09
3	3.3E+10	4.5E+09	1.4E+10
4	1.0E+11	1.6E+10	5.7E+10

* the nth root of the product of n bacterial counts over the entire study duration $\sqrt[n]{x_1 * x_2 * \dots * x_n}$; n=7.

B. Mortality and Clinical Observations ([Tables 2-3](#); [Appendices E-G](#) and [M](#))

There were no mortalities or clinical signs attributable to the test article strain treatment. Animal 3829 had macro and microscopically evident ruptures of the esophagus, indicative of gavage error.

Mortality

One Group 2 male (Animal Number 3829) was humanely sacrificed on Day 19. Prior to death, the animal exhibited irregular respiration, slight piloerection, and superficial eschar on the head. Corresponding detailed clinical observations for this animal included eschar.

The fate of all animals is presented in [Appendix M](#).

Males

In-life clinical observations for male rats included: slight to moderate hypersalivation in 2/10 Group 1 animals and 6/9 Group 2 animals; slight aggression in 2/10 Group 1 animals; slight hyperactivity in 2/9 Group 2 animals; and superficial eschar on the neck of 1/9 Group 2 animals. All males in Groups 3 and 4 (10/10) were active and healthy upon observation throughout the study.

One male rat in Group 2 exhibited eschar during detailed clinical observations. All other animals were normal during detailed clinical observation assessment.

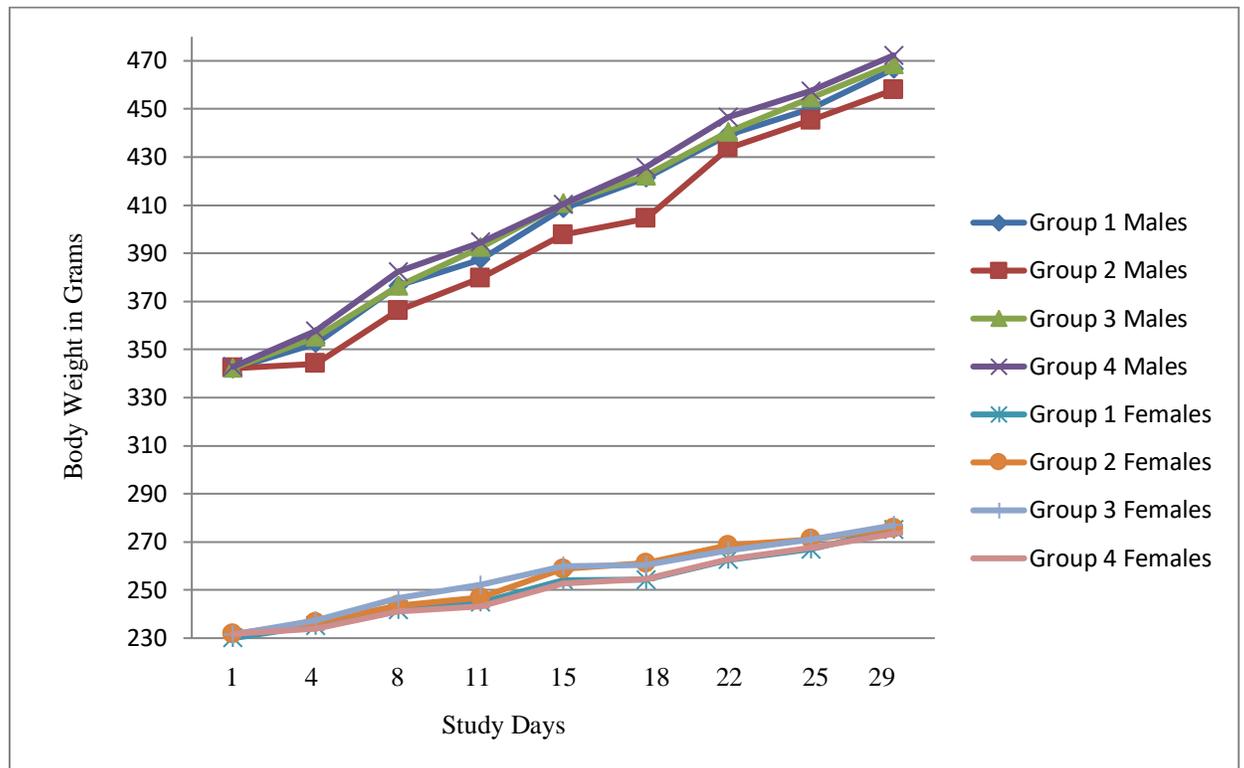
Females

In-life clinical observations for male rats included: slight hypersalivation in 1/10 Group 1 animals; slight aggression in 1/10 Group 1 animals; slight to moderate hyperactivity in 4/10 Group 1 animals; and slight hypoactivity in 1/10 Group 1 females. All females in Groups 2-4 (10/10) were active and healthy upon observation throughout the study. All animals were normal during detailed clinical observation assessment.

C. Body Weight and Body Weight Gain ([Tables 4-5](#); [Appendices H-I](#))

There were no significant test article related changes in body weight parameters for male or female rats. Mean body weights and mean daily body weight gain for treated male and female rats in Groups 2-4 were comparable to control Group 1 animals throughout the study.

Figure 1: Average Group Body Weights (Males and Females)



See [Table 4](#) for data points and intervals.

D. Food Consumption ([Table 6](#); [Appendix J](#))

There were no significant test article related changes in food consumption parameters for male or female rats. Aside from a statistically significant increase ($p < 0.05$) in Group 4 male food consumption on Days 15-22, all other treated male and female rats in Groups 2-4 were comparable to control Group 1 animals throughout the study.

E. Clinical Pathology ([Appendix K](#))

Administration of test articles *Limosilactobacillus reuteri* (*L. reuteri*) ATCC PTA-126787 (*L. reuteri* 3630) and ATCC PTA-126788 (*L. reuteri* 3632) in male and female rats by the oral gavage route over a test period of at least 28 days did not induce any changes in hematology, coagulation, clinical chemistry and urinalysis parameters.

12.E.1 Hematology

There were no test article-related changes in hematology parameters at all dose levels tested.

Decreased hemoglobin in Group 3 males, and reduced hematocrit in Group 3 males and females were considered toxicologically insignificant as there was no dose progression, the magnitude of the change was minimal, and the values were within ranges of historical controls. Further, there were no corresponding changes in MCH, MCHC, or red blood cell count. The increased neutrophil count in Group 3 males also was considered toxicologically insignificant as there was no dose progression and/or magnitude of the change was minimal.

All other changes in hematology parameters were considered unrelated to test article, because they occurred sporadically, or were considered due to biological variance among rats as magnitude of variation was minimal.

12.E.2 Coagulation

There were no test article-related changes in coagulation parameters at all dose levels tested.

12.E.3 Clinical Chemistry

There were no test article-related changes in clinical chemistry parameters at all dose levels tested.

Increased creatinine in Group 4 females was considered toxicologically insignificant as it was not associated with any renal lesions and there were no effects of the test material on urinalysis.

Increased creatinine in Group 4 females was considered toxicologically insignificant as it was not associated with any renal lesions, values were within ranges of historical controls, and there were no effects of the test material on urinalysis.

12.E.4 Urinalysis

There were no test article-related changes in urinalysis parameters at all dose levels tested.

F. Translocation Analysis ([Appendix L](#))

Animals that are subject to either physical or chronic psychological stress experience extra intestinal bacterial translocation. The finding of translocated facultative anaerobes was not unexpected in animals subject to daily gavage over multiple rounds. The frequent finding of translocated bacteria across the vehicle control as well as treatment groups was consistent with expectations. The high levels of *L. reuteri* test strains administered in this study, coupled with *Limosilactobacillus*, being a commonly translocated genera, makes the finding of the apparent test strains contributing to the translocated bacteria not unexpected. Similar results have been seen in previous studies with high level dosing of frequently translocated genera (Mukerji et al, 2016).

In no instance were test article treated group translocated bacterial colony counts significantly different than the counts seen in the same sex vehicle control group. The male high dose group results were nominally higher than the vehicle control group. However, no adverse clinical signs or findings regarding clinical pathology and urinalysis and no morphological changes indicate any correlation to treatment. Therefore, these higher numbers are considered to be without toxicological significance.

The test strains *L. reuteri* (genotypes 1A and 1B) did not translocate in a greater abundance than the endogenous *L. reuteri* (genotype 2).

A low incidence of bacteria found on plates from blood samples (3 of 40 animals) was not associated with treatment and likely resulted from environmental contamination during the study.

Absent any pathological findings or other treatment related toxicity the translocation findings would not indicate the test strains to be harmful.

12.F.1 Number of Animals Showing Translocation by Tissue and Group

Five animals of each sex were analyzed from each dose group, vehicle control (Group 1), low dose (Group 2), mid dose (Group 3) and high dose (Group 4).

Males

Animals with translocated bacteria in blood included 1/5 Group 2 animals and 1/5 Group 4 animals. Animals with translocated bacteria in the liver included 2/5 Group 1 animals, 1/5 Group 2 animals, 3/5 Group 3 animals and 3/5 Group 4 animals. Animals with translocated bacteria in the mesentery included 4/5 Group 1 animals, 3/5 Group 2 animals, 3/5 Group 3 animals and 5/5 Group 4 animals. The total number of animals per group showing translocation in the collected samples included 5/5 Group 1 animals, 4/5 Group 2 animals, 4/5 Group 3 animals and 5/5 Group 4 animals.

Females

Animals with translocated bacteria in blood included 1/5 Group 1 animals. Animals with translocated bacteria in the liver included 3/5 Group 1 animals, 2/5 Group 2 animals, 2/5 Group 3 animals and 4/5 Group 4 animals. Animals with translocated bacteria in the mesentery included 4/5 Group 1 animals, 3/5 Group 2 animals, 3/5 Group 3 animals and 3/4 Group 4 animals. The total number of animals per group showing translocation in the collected samples was included 5/5 Group 1 animals, 4/5 Group 2 animals, 3/5 Group 3 animals and 5/5 Group 4 animals.

Incidence of translocation of any bacteria: Group (treatment and sex)	Number of animals with translocated bacteria in blood	Number of animals with translocated bacteria in liver	Number of animals with translocated bacteria in mesentery	Number of animals showing any translocation
1 Male	0	2	4	5
1 Female	1	3	4	5
2 Male	1	1	3	4
2 Female	0	2	3	4
3 Male	0	3	3	4
3 Female	0	2	3	3
4 Male	1	3	5	5
4 Female	0	4	3 (of 4*)	5
Total All Groups	3	20	28	35

n = 5/sex/group

*No evaluable plates received for this tissue from one animal in this group.

Number of Animals Showing Translocation by Tissue and Group: Overall Result

Translocated bacteria were found among both males and females in each group, including vehicle control animals. The number of animals with translocated bacteria in each group of five animals (grouped by treatment and sex) ranged from 3 to 5. When both sexes within a treatment group are considered together translocations were observed in; 10/10 animals from the control Group 1, 8/10 animals from Group 2, 7/10 animals from Group 3, and 10/10 animals from Group 4. The differences among groups, either as a whole or when each sex is considered, are not statistically significant.

12.F.2 Evidence of Translocation in the Blood and Tissues

Blood

Translocated bacteria were found in one animal each from three groups. This included one control Group 1 animal. It is likely that these represent environmental contamination of the samples during necropsy or plating (absent clinical findings consistent with bacteremia).

Three animals, one from a control Group 1, one from Group 2 and one Group 4 had colonies grow on the blood plates.

One animal from the control Group 1 (Animal 3819) had 16 colonies identified as *Staphylococcus*.

One animal in Group 2 (Animal 3825) had four colonies, one *Lactobacillus*, two *L. reuteri* genotype 2 (of rodent origin, not test article related) and one of *L. reuteri* genotype 1B, consistent with the white colony variety present in test article.

Liver

Translocated bacteria in the liver were found in one to four animals from each group including three animals from control Group 1. Uptake of bacteria by Kupfer cells lining the sinusoids of the liver is a normal physiological response during bacterial translocation. Kupfer cells of the liver represent 80-90% of all tissue macrophages and are well known to take up bacteria delivered via the portal circulation where they can help orchestrate tolerance or inflammation. Differences between vehicle control and other dose groups is not statistically significant.

In each group of five animals per sex, three to five animals (at least one, and up to four), had detectable bacterial in the liver. The largest difference was between the low dose (3/10) and high dose (7/10) animals. The differences among dose groups, either as a whole or when each sex is considered independently, are not statistically significant.

Mesenteric Lymph Nodes

Translocated bacteria were identified in the mesenteric lymph nodes of both female and male rats from each treatment group with from three to five animals having translocated bacteria in the mesentery. Differences among the groups are not statistically significant with or without separating out animals by sex.

12.F.3 Enumeration of Translocated Bacteria, CFU/ gram in Tissues

When bacteria were detected the nominal CFU/gram is listed. In instances where no bacteria are detected the limit of detection based on the amount of tissue interrogated is also listed as < the 95% confidence limit of detection.

The average calculated CFU/gram in the liver, was calculated to be 12 CFU/gram for males and 40 CFU/gram in females in Group 1, 13 CFU/gram for males and 27 CFU/gram in females in Group 2, 53 CFU/gram for males and females in Group 3, and 1067 CFU/gram for males and 67 CFU/gram for females in Group 4.

The average calculated CFU/gram in the mesentery was calculated to be 240 CFU/gram for males and 886 CFU/gram in females in Group 1, 160 CFU/gram for males and 100 CFU/gram in females in Group 2, 5233 CFU/gram for males and 460 CFU/gram for females in Group 3, and 33947 CFU/gram for males and 3467 CFU/gram for females in Group 4. For Group 4 females, only four plates were available for enumeration and one plate generated colonies that were too numerous to count.

Mean and median detected CFU/gram of tissue of any bacteria in rats:

Group (treatment and sex)	Mean CFU/gram in liver	Median CFU/gram in liver	Mean CFU/gram in mesentery	Median CFU/gram in mesentery
1 Male	12	None detected	240	200
1 Female	40	33	886	300
2 Male	13	None detected	160	33
2 Female	27	None detected	100	33
3 Male	53	33	5233	67
3 Female	53	None detected	460	267
4 Male	1067	133	33947*	3667
4 Female	67	33	3467**	2150**

None detected = value below 33

*Should be considered a minimum. One animal generated plates with colonies too numerous to accurately count. The count generated was based on identifiable single colonies and represents an estimated minimum.

**Interpretable plates from only 4 animals were received.

Group 2 Compared to Group 1 Control

Low dose male and female groups showed equivalent to nominally lower levels of translocation to both mesentery and liver in comparison to vehicle control groups.

Group 3 Compared to Group 1

Mid dose groups showed values not significantly different from vehicle control with the exception of mean CFU in mesentery from mid dose male animals. Occasional findings of a large number of translocated bacterial in a tissue are not abnormal in these studies and they have been observed in vehicle control as well as test article administered groups. The high mean value in Group 3 is driven by such an event, as indicated by the elevated mean, and lack of elevated median value. This is due to the mesentery sample from a single animal (Animal 3846) that yielded 775 colonies on the three plates (representing 0.03 grams of tissue), resulting in a CFU/gram of 25,383 for mesentery from that animal.

Taxonomic assignment of the colonies from this sample indicates that only 3 (0.38%) were consistent with a test strain (*L. reuteri* genotypes 1A or 1B) derived bacterium (see Appendix K for break-down by taxa).

Given the single elevating the mean, the low level of contribution of test article derived bacteria to the translocated population and the finding of such events among vehicle control in the past, this finding does not raise concerns.

Male Group 4 Compared to Group 1

High dose males exhibited nominally higher CFU means and medians in both liver and mesentery when compared to vehicle control animals. Actual colony counts for male animals in the mesentery plates were 11, 6, 4, 0, and 15 for control Group 1 animals and 110, 10, 4800, 47 and 125 for Group 4 high dose animals. Actual colony counts for male animals in the liver plates were 0, 1, 0, 1, and 0 for control Group 1 animals and 4, 0, 147, 0, and 5 for Group 4 high dose animals.

These findings fail to find a significant difference between vehicle control and high dose groups. In light of the small count of animals in this study and nominal increase in translocation seen in Group 4 it is suggested that signs of clinical impact in high dose males, particularly Animal 3868 (4800 mesentery and 142 liver counts) should be carefully checked for. It should be noted that most translocated bacteria in the mesentery were not of test article origin and none of the translocated bacteria in the liver of this animal were of test article origin (see [Appendix L](#) for break-down by taxa).

Colonies counted by animal in liver and mesentery of control and high dose male rats:

Vehicle Control Male	High Dose Male	Vehicle Control Male	High Dose Male
Mesentery	Mesentery	Liver	Liver
11	110	0	4
6	10	1	0
4	4800	0	147
0	47	1	0
15	125	0	5

Female Group 4 Compared to Group 1

No statistically significant differences were observed between the female high dose and the female vehicle control group. Additionally, there were no nominal findings indicative of need for enhanced scrutiny.

Actual colony counts for female animals in the mesentery plates were 0, 4, 90, 30, and 9 for control Group 1 animals and 92, 37, -(no plate), and 387 (results from only 4 animals) for Group 4 high dose animals. Actual colony counts for female animals in the liver plates were 0, 3, 0, 3, and 1 for control Group 1 animals and 5, 3, 0, 1, and 1 for Group 4 high dose animals.

G. Terminal Sacrifice, Necropsy Observations, and Histopathology (Tables 7-10; Appendices M-R)

There were no gross or microscopic findings attributed to administration with the test articles, *L. reuteri* 3630 and *L. reuteri* 3632.

12.G.1 Mortality

There was one unscheduled death, Group 2 male (Animal 3829), on Day 19, among the animals submitted for histopathological evaluation. At necropsy, this animal had a visible tear of the esophagus, with fluid/edema noted in the thoracic cavity and around the lungs; these changes were attributed to inadvertent esophageal dosing trauma and served as the cause of death. No evidence of *L. reuteri* 3630 and *L. reuteri* 3632 toxicity was observed in this animal.

The animal had several gross findings, including small esophageal tear with food particles near the opening; lungs red and swollen with clear, colorless fluid; and clear colorless fluid in the thoracic cavity. Although the physical esophageal perforation was not present on the microscopic slide presented, there was significant chronic-active inflammation surrounding the esophagus, trachea, pharynx and into mediastinal tissues, consistent with a trauma-induced tear. The lungs also had significant inflammation of the pleural surfaces, related to spread of the mediastinal infection caused by the tear. Similar inflammation was found microscopically around the epicardial surfaces of the heart and surrounding the thymic tissue.

12.G.2 Macroscopic

All remaining animals survived to the scheduled in-life termination necropsy. Among these, only a few necropsy findings were noted as follows (with microscopic correlates in parentheses): Group 1 female (Animal 3819) had a fluid filled uterus (dilatation); Group 2 male (Animal 3828) had small, bilateral testes (right – 11 mm x 6 mm, and left – 16 mm x 4 mm; atrophy), and small, bilateral epididymides (right – 32 mm x 3 mm, and left –

42 mm x 3 mm; hypospermia); Group 3 male (Animal 3850) had a small, right testis (1.8 cm x 1.2 cm; atrophy); and Group 3 female (Animal 3854) had a fluid filled uterus (dilatation).

All these were common incidental macroscopic findings in control rats of this age and strain, and were unrelated to the test article administration.

12.G.3 Microscopic

There were no microscopic changes noted that were related to administration of the test articles. Findings, morphologies, severities observed, and incidences of changes seen, including that of early-stage “chronic progressive renal nephropathy”, a very common spontaneous change in rats, were consistent with those expected in untreated rats of this age, sex, and strain. Most of these were simple cellular infiltrates of various organs.

CPN is a spontaneous renal disease of rats. The disease is most severe in Sprague Dawley and F344 strains, and there is a distinct male predisposition to CPN in respect of onset, incidence, and severity progression. The weight of evidence supports an absence of a renal counterpart in humans (Hard *et al.*, 2009). The finding of early-stage CPN was observed with higher incidence in high dose males (6/10) compared to control male rats (3/10). Due to the lack of elevated blood urea nitrogen (BUN) or creatinine (CREAT) values in the male high dose group, no further correlated findings, the minimal severity level and the well-known etiology of this spontaneously occurring disease (especially in the Sprague-Dawley rat strain), the higher incidence of CPN in Group 4 males compared to Group 1 males is not considered to be of toxicological significance.

12.G.4 Organ Weights and Ratios

Absolute organ weights for male and female rats in Groups 2-4 were comparable to the control Group 1 animals.

A statistically significant increase occurred in Group 2 male spleen to body weight ratios ($p < 0.05$). This increase was not considered toxicologically relevant due to lack of a dose-response relationship. All other organ weights relative to brain and body weights for male and female rats in Groups 2-4 were comparable to control Group 1 animals.

13. CONCLUSION

Under the conditions of the study and based on the toxicological endpoints evaluated, the no-observed-adverse-effect-level (NOAEL) for the oral administration of the combined test article, *L. reuteri* 3630 plus *L. reuteri* 3632, was determined to be high dose group, 1.6E+10 CFU *L. reuteri* 3630/kg bw/day (760 mg/kg bw/day) plus 5.7E+10 CFU *L. reuteri* 3632/kg bw/day (455 mg/kg bw/day) for male and female Sprague Dawley rats.

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TABLE 1A: BACTERIAL ENUMERATION OF NEAT TEST ARTICLE

Sampling Day	Strain 3630	Strain 3632
	CFU/g	CFU/g
1	9.5E+10	5.9E+10
9	7.1E+10	1.0E+10
15	6.6E+10	7.9E+10
18	2.0E+10	3.8E+10
22	2.6E+10	4.8E+10
25	1.1E+11	1.3E+10
30	1.7E+10	2.0E+11

TABLE 1B: BACTERIAL ENUMERATION OF HOMOGENIETY SAMPLES

Day Collected	Dose Group	Strata	CFU in Doing Solutions for Strain 3630		CFU in Doing Solutions for Strain 3632	
			CFU/mL	CFU/kg bw/day ¹	CFU/mL	CFU/kg bw/day ¹
1	2	Top	2.00E+08	1.00E+09	1.80E+09	9.00E+09
		Middle	5.33E+08	2.67E+09	9.00E+08	4.50E+09
		Bottom	1.00E+08	5.00E+08	5.33E+08	2.67E+09
	Average		2.78E+08	1.39E+09	1.08E+08	5.39E+09
	%RSD		81.55	-	603.63	-
	3	Top	7.30E+08	3.65E+09	1.57E+09	7.85E+09
		Middle	6.33E+08	3.17E+09	1.53E+09	7.65E+09
		Bottom	6.67E+08	3.34E+09	1.67E+09	8.35E+09
	Average		6.77E+08	3.38E+09	1.59E+09	7.95E+09
	%RSD		7.27	-	4.54	-
	4	Top	1.43E+09	7.15E+09	4.70E+09	2.35E+10
		Middle	1.00E+09	5.00E+09	4.70E+09	2.35E+10
		Bottom	1.00E+09	5.00E+09	5.10E+09	2.55E+10
	Average		1.14E+09	5.72E+09	4.83E+09	2.42E+10
	%RSD		21.78	-	4.78	-

¹ CFU/mL x 5 mL.

**TABLE 1C: BACTERIAL ENUMERATION OF DOSE SOLUTIONS
CONCENTRATION VERIFICATION**

Day Collected	Dose Group	CFU in Doing Solutions for Strain 3630		CFU in Doing Solutions for Strain 3632	
		CFU/mL	CFU/kg bw/day ¹	CFU/mL	CFU/kg bw/day ¹
1 ²	2	2.8E+08	1.4E+09	1.1E+08	5.4E+09
	3	6.8E+08	3.4E+09	1.6E+09	8.0E+09
	4	1.1E+09	5.7E+09	4.8E+09	2.4E+10
9	2	3.1E+08	1.6E+09	9.5E+08	4.8E+09
	3	4.5E+08	2.3E+09	1.0E+09	5.0E+09
	4	3.6E+09	1.8E+10	9.1E+09	4.6E+10
15	2	4.5E+10	2.3E+11	9.1E+10	4.6E+11
	3	5.4E+10	2.7E+11	1.1E+11	5.5E+11
	4	5.7E+10	2.9E+11	8.8E+11	4.4E+12
18	2	-	-	6.6E+08	3.3E+09
	3	4.7E+08	2.4E+09	1.5E+09	7.5E+09
	4	1.3E+09	6.5E+09	3.7E+09	1.9E+10
22	2	3.3E+08	1.7E+09	1.0E+09	5.0E+09
	3	4.8E+08	2.4E+09	3.3E+09	1.7E+10
	4	2.8E+09	1.4E+10	7.2E+09	3.6E+10
25	2	1.7E+08	8.5E+08	4.7E+08	2.4E+09
	3	4.2E+08	2.1E+09	1.2E+09	6.0E+09
	4	1.1E+09	5.5E+09	4.5E+09	2.3E+10
30	2	2.4E+08	1.2E+09	5.7E+08	2.9E+09
	3	3.2E+08	1.6E+09	1.1E+09	5.5E+09
	4	3.2E+09	1.6E+10	5.5E+09	2.8E+10

¹ CFU/mL x 5 mL

² As part of the Homogeneity Assessment (Table 1B) average results presented.

**TABLE 1C (cont.): BACTERIAL ENUMERATION OF DOSE SOLUTIONS
CONCENTRATION VERIFICATION**

Dose Group	Result	CFU in Doing Solutions for Strain 3630	CFU in Doing Solutions for Strain 3632
		CFU/kg bw/day	CFU/kg bw/day
2	Mean	3.9E+10	6.8E+10
	Geometric Mean ¹	3.1E+09	7.5E+09
	Median	1.5E+09	4.8E+09
	STDev	1.04E+11	1.65E+12
	Min	8.5E+08	2.4E+09
	Max	2.3E+11	4.6E+11
	SEM	3.45E+10	6.44E+11
3	Mean	4.1E+10	8.6E+10
	Geometric Mean	4.5E+09	1.4E+10
	Median	2.4E+09	7.5E+09
	STDev	1.01E+11	2.05E+11
	Min	1.6E+09	5.0E+09
	Max	2.7E+11	5.5E+11
	SEM	3.82E+10	7.74E+10
4	Mean	5.0E+10	6.5E+11
	Geometric Mean	1.6E+10	5.7E+10
	Median	1.4E+10	2.8E+10
	STDev	1.04E+11	1.65E+12
	Min	5.5E+09	2.4E+09
	Max	2.9E+11	4.4E+12
	SEM	3.92E+10	6.24E+11

¹ The geometric mean is a mean or average, which indicates the central tendency or typical value of a set of numbers by using the product of their values (as opposed to the arithmetic mean which uses their sum). The geometric mean is defined as the nth root of the product of n numbers.

TABLE 2: SUMMARY OF IN-LIFE CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS

Observation Type: All Types Sex: Male From Day 1 (Start Date) to 9999 (Start Date)	0 CFU Group 1	1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	1.001E+11 CFU Group 4
Piloerection	0	1	0	0
Hypersalivation	2	6	0	0
Aggressive	2	0	0	0
Eschar	0	2	0	0
Hyperactivity	0	2	0	0
Irregular Respiration	0	1	0	0

Values = Number of Animals Affected

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Observation Type: All Types Sex: Female From Day 1 (Start Date) to 9999 (Start Date)	0 CFU Group 1	1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	1.001E+11 CFU Group 4
Hypersalivation	1	0	0	0
Aggressive	1	0	0	0
Hyperactivity	4	0	0	0
Hypoactivity	1	0	0	0

Values = Number of Animals Affected

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

TABLE 3: SUMMARY OF DETAILED CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS

TABLE 3: SUMMARY OF DETAILED CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS
Males
Days 1, 8, 15, 22, 29

Group	1	2	3	4
Dose Level (CFU/kg bw/day¹)	0	1.668 x 10¹⁰	3.337 x 10¹⁰	1.001 x 10¹¹
Number of Animals in Group	10	10/9²	10	10
Observations During Removal From Cage and Handling	Score³			
Handling Reactivity	0	0	0	0
Vocalization	0	0	0	0
Palpebral	0	0	0	0
Lacrimation	0	0	0	0
Eyes	0	0	0	0
Mucous Membranes	0	0	0	0
Salivation	0	0	0	0
Emaciation	0	0	0	0
Piloerection	0	0	0	0
Fur/Skin	0	2(4 ⁴)	0	0
Muscle Tone	0	0	0	0
Respiratory Pattern	0	0	0	0
Open Field Observations				
Activity/Arousal	0	0	0	0
Convulsions	0	0	0	0
Tremors	0	0	0	0
Posture	0	0	0	0
Gait	0	0	0	0
Locomotion	0	0	0	0
Vocalizations	0	0	0	0
Defecation	0	0	0	0
Urination	0	0	0	0
Unusual Behaviors	0	0	0	0
Twitches	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0
Pupillary Response				
Pupillary Reflex	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

¹ CFU level is equal for both strains in the dose solution.

² Group 2 male (Animal 3829) was humanely sacrificed on Day 19.

³ An entry of 0 indicates that all animals in the group appeared normal when evaluated for the specified observation, or that all animals did not exhibit the specific clinical sign. An entry greater than 0 indicates the number of animals in the group that exhibited the specific clinical sign. A number in the parenthesis (if present) represents the score given for the observed clinical sign.

⁴ Eschar.

TABLE 3 (cont.): SUMMARY OF DETAILED CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS
Females
Days 1, 8, 15, 22, 29

Group	1	2	3	4
Dose Level (CFU/kg bw/day¹)	0	1.668 x 10¹⁰	3.337 x 10¹⁰	1.001 x 10¹¹
Number of Animals in Group	10	10	10	10
Observations During Removal From Cage and Handling	Score²			
Handling Reactivity	0	0	0	0
Vocalization	0	0	0	0
Palpebral	0	0	0	0
Lacrimation	0	0	0	0
Eyes	0	0	0	0
Mucous Membranes	0	0	0	0
Salivation	0	0	0	0
Emaciation	0	0	0	0
Piloerection	0	0	0	0
Fur/Skin	0	0	0	0
Muscle Tone	0	0	0	0
Respiratory Pattern	0	0	0	0
Open Field Observations				
Activity/Arousal	0	0	0	0
Convulsions	0	0	0	0
Tremors	0	0	0	0
Posture	0	0	0	0
Gait	0	0	0	0
Locomotion	0	0	0	0
Vocalizations	0	0	0	0
Defecation	0	0	0	0
Urination	0	0	0	0
Unusual Behaviors	0	0	0	0
Twitches	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0
Pupillary Response				
Pupillary Reflex	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

¹ CFU level is equal for both strains in the dose solution.

² An entry of 0 indicates that all animals in the group appeared normal when evaluated for the specified observation, or that all animals did not exhibit the specific clinical sign. An entry greater than 0 indicates the number of animals in the group that exhibited the specific clinical sign. A number in the parenthesis (if present) represents the score given for the observed clinical sign.

TABLE 4: SUMMARY OF MEAN BODY WEIGHTS

Bodyweight (g)		0 CFU	1.668E+10 CFU	3.337E+10 CFU	1.001E+11 CFU
Sex: Male		Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
Day(s) Relative to Start Date					
1 [a]	Mean	342.0	342.4	342.3	342.8
	SD	18.0	17.4	18.3	18.0
	N	10	10	10	10
4 [a1]	Mean	352.5	344.1	355.2	357.7
	SD	25.0	24.9	20.0	19.3
	N	10	10	10	10
8 [a]	Mean	376.5	366.2	376.4	382.3
	SD	27.0	27.2	23.1	25.3
	N	10	10	10	10
11 [a]	Mean	387.5	379.7	392.5	394.6
	SD	29.2	31.0	24.8	24.9
	N	10	10	10	10
15 [a]	Mean	408.6	397.6	410.7	410.3
	SD	31.7	35.2	30.4	28.8
	N	10	10	10	10
18 [a]	Mean	421.3	404.4	422.2	425.7
	SD	34.9	46.8	32.2	31.7
	N	10	10	10	10
22 [a]	Mean	439.3	433.7	440.5	446.6
	SD	36.5	37.1	35.4	34.4
	N	10	9	10	10
25 [a]	Mean	450.0	445.3	454.6	457.4
	SD	35.9	37.7	36.7	37.6
	N	10	9	10	10
29 [a]	Mean	466.6	457.9	468.6	472.3
	SD	38.7	35.2	40.0	40.0
	N	10	9	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Bodyweight (g)		0 CFU	1.668E+10 CFU	3.337E+10 CFU	1.001E+11 CFU
Sex: Female		Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
Day(s) Relative to Start Date					
1 [a]	Mean	230.0	231.7	231.5	231.8
	SD	13.7	11.4	12.3	15.2
	N	10	10	10	10
4 [a]	Mean	235.2	236.5	237.3	233.9
	SD	13.7	10.5	10.2	16.2
	N	10	10	10	10
8 [a]	Mean	241.8	243.6	246.6	241.1
	SD	15.7	12.2	11.8	20.0
	N	10	10	10	10
11 [a]	Mean	244.9	246.9	252.2	243.2
	SD	15.3	12.2	8.7	19.0
	N	10	10	10	10
15 [a1]	Mean	254.1	258.7	259.9	252.7
	SD	16.8	12.7	7.8	22.5
	N	10	10	10	10
18 [a1]	Mean	254.3	261.1	260.4	254.5
	SD	20.2	14.8	8.8	23.4
	N	10	10	10	10
22 [a]	Mean	262.6	268.5	266.4	262.7
	SD	21.4	17.0	10.5	23.5
	N	10	10	10	10
25 [a]	Mean	267.0	271.0	271.0	267.5
	SD	20.0	16.0	13.2	23.2
	N	10	10	10	10
29 [a]	Mean	275.1	275.6	276.9	273.4
	SD	18.8	14.5	14.2	26.9
	N	10	10	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

TABLE 5: SUMMARY OF MEAN DAILY BODY WEIGHT GAIN

Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)		0 CFU	1.668E+10 CFU	3.337E+10 CFU	1.001E+11 CFU
Sex: Male		Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
Day(s) Relative to Start Date					
1 → 4 [a]	Mean	3.50	0.57	4.30	4.97
	SD	3.59	6.26	7.40	2.39
	N	10	10	10	10
4 → 8 [a]	Mean	6.00	5.53	5.30	6.15
	SD	1.05	1.95	6.57	1.77
	N	10	10	10	10
8 → 11 [a1]	Mean	3.67	4.50	5.37	4.10
	SD	1.24	1.96	1.05	2.18
	N	10	10	10	10
11 → 15 [a]	Mean	5.28	4.48	4.55	3.93
	SD	1.39	1.76	1.98	1.58
	N	10	10	10	10
15 → 18 [a]	Mean	4.23	2.27	3.83	5.13
	SD	1.83	5.63	1.63	1.97
	N	10	10	10	10
18 → 22 [a1]	Mean	4.50	4.78	4.58	5.23
	SD	1.13	1.73	1.72	0.91
	N	10	9	10	10
22 → 25 [a1]	Mean	3.57	3.89	4.70	3.60
	SD	1.23	1.60	1.49	1.68
	N	10	9	10	10
25 → 29 [a1]	Mean	4.15	3.14	3.50	3.73
	SD	1.14	1.13	1.20	1.06
	N	10	9	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Sex: Female		0 CFU	1.668E+10 CFU	3.337E+10 CFU	1.001E+11 CFU
Day(s) Relative to Start Date		Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
1 → 4 [a]	Mean	1.73	1.60	1.93	0.70
	SD	2.37	1.36	1.76	1.52
	N	10	10	10	10
4 → 8 [a]	Mean	1.65	1.78	2.33	1.80
	SD	0.84	0.83	1.31	1.49
	N	10	10	10	10
8 → 11 [a]	Mean	1.03	1.10	1.87	0.70
	SD	2.25	1.30	3.14	1.78
	N	10	10	10	10
11 → 15 [a1]	Mean	2.30	2.95	1.93	2.38
	SD	1.06	0.94	1.54	1.56
	N	10	10	10	10
15 → 18 [a]	Mean	0.07	0.80	0.17	0.60
	SD	2.39	1.69	1.55	2.18
	N	10	10	10	10
18 → 22 [a1]	Mean	2.08	1.85	1.50	2.05
	SD	0.70	0.92	0.86	1.14
	N	10	10	10	10
22 → 25 [a1]	Mean	1.47	0.83	1.53	1.60
	SD	2.15	1.87	2.45	2.30
	N	10	10	10	10
25 → 29 [a]	Mean	2.03	1.15	1.48	1.48
	SD	1.03	0.74	1.17	1.20
	N	10	10	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

TABLE 6: SUMMARY OF MEAN DAILY FOOD CONSUMPTION

Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)		0 CFU	1.668E+10 CFU	3.337E+10 CFU	1.001E+11 CFU
Sex: Male		Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
Day(s) Relative to Start Date					
1 → 4 [a]	Mean	23.97	20.70	24.37	24.80
	SD	2.89	5.41	1.84	2.00
	N	10	10	10	10
4 → 8 [a]	Mean	25.73	22.98	25.05	27.25
	SD	1.27	5.15	1.05	2.30
	N	10	10	10	10
8 → 11 [a]	Mean	25.63	25.60	25.97	28.70
	SD	1.63	1.89	1.32	3.84
	N	10	10	10	10
11 → 15 [a]	Mean	26.03	25.90	25.08	27.40
	SD	1.75	1.68	0.93	2.83
	N	10	10	10	10
15 → 22 [a]	Mean	25.71	26.41	26.10	31.33*
	SD	1.34	2.24	1.68	6.99
	N	10	8	10	10
22 → 25 [a1]	Mean	27.33	27.15	27.97	28.03
	SD	1.01	1.33	1.55	1.93
	N	10	9	10	10
25 → 29 [a]	Mean	28.55	27.31	28.53	30.10
	SD	1.24	1.76	1.72	2.68
	N	10	9	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank): * = p < 0.05

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Sex: Female		0 CFU	1.668E+10 CFU	3.337E+10 CFU	1.001E+11 CFU
Day(s) Relative to Start Date		Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
1 → 4 [a]	Mean	18.00	17.60	17.73	17.57
	SD	0.56	1.05	0.29	1.15
	N	10	10	10	10
4 → 8 [a]	Mean	18.15	17.73	18.38	17.70
	SD	0.94	1.10	0.89	1.58
	N	10	10	10	10
8 → 11 [a]	Mean	17.60	17.83	17.93	16.80
	SD	0.76	1.56	0.77	2.34
	N	10	10	10	10
11 → 15 [a1]	Mean	18.73	19.40	18.88	18.18
	SD	1.22	1.09	1.05	1.47
	N	10	10	10	10
15 → 22 [a1]	Mean	17.59	17.90	17.66	17.64
	SD	0.75	1.50	1.12	1.39
	N	10	10	10	10
22 → 25 [a]	Mean	19.13	18.53	19.33	18.43
	SD	1.78	1.92	1.71	1.69
	N	10	10	10	10
25 → 29 [a1]	Mean	19.28	19.15	19.25	18.88
	SD	1.08	1.23	1.03	1.60
	N	10	10	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group.

TABLE 7: SUMMARY OF NECROPSY OBSERVATIONS

Removal Reason(s): ALL Summary: Count	Male				Female			
	0 CFU	1.668E+	3.337E+	1.001E+	0 CFU	1.668E+	3.337E+	1.001E+
	Group 1	10	10	11	Group 1	10	10	11
		CFU	CFU	CFU		CFU	CFU	CFU
Number of Animals:	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Group 4	
esophagus	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Submitted	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9
hole	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
lungs	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9
Submitted	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9
enlarged; red	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
testes-combined	10	10	10	10	.	.	.	.
Submitted	10	10	10	10	.	.	.	.
bilateral; small	.	1	0	.	.	.	.	.
right; small	.	0	1	.	.	.	.	.
uterus	.	.	.	.	10	10	9	9
Submitted	.	.	.	.	10	10	9	9
fluid filled	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
all gross lesions	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9
Submitted	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9
fluid filled; clear	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
epididymides-combined	10	10	10	10	.	.	.	.
Submitted	10	10	10	10	.	.	.	.
bilateral; small	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

TABLE 8: SUMMARY OF MEAN TERMINAL BODY AND ORGAN WEIGHTS

Sex: Male			0 CFU Group 1	1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	1.001E+11 CFU Group 4
Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
Adrenal Glands Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.0766	0.0714	0.0665	0.0693
		SD	0.0137	0.0130	0.0151	0.0112
		N	9	8	10	10
Brain Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	2.190	2.210	2.218	2.185
		SD	0.079	0.107	0.089	0.157
		N	10	9	10	10
Epididymides Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	1.3202	1.2923	1.3119	1.4279
		SD	0.1914	0.2937	0.0885	0.1041
		N	10	9	10	9
Heart Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	1.373	1.417	1.353	1.422
		SD	0.148	0.129	0.110	0.113
		N	10	9	10	10
Kidneys Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	3.189	3.250	3.212	3.287
		SD	0.391	0.286	0.403	0.283
		N	10	9	10	10
Liver Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a2]	Mean	12.381	13.009	12.807	13.406
		SD	1.847	2.010	1.327	3.129
		N	10	9	10	10
Spleen Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.768	0.896	0.890	0.853
		SD	0.113	0.135	0.148	0.144
		N	10	9	10	10
Terminal BW (g)	Day 30/31	Mean	440.8	430.9	442.8	446.2
		SD	36.5	34.4	34.1	40.0
		N	10	9	10	10
Testes Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	3.474	3.177	3.384	3.467
		SD	0.356	0.911	0.390	0.276
		N	10	9	10	10
Thymus Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.3644	0.4412	0.3605	0.3735
		SD	0.0795	0.1226	0.0972	0.0973
		N	10	9	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

[a2] - Anova & Dunnett(Log)

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Sex: Female			0 CFU Group 1	1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	1.001E+11 CFU Group 4
Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
Adrenal Glands Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.0727	0.0733	0.0758	0.0676
		SD	0.0125	0.0181	0.0107	0.0146
		N	10	10	10	10
Brain Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	1.942	1.948	1.963	2.000
		SD	0.076	0.083	0.088	0.077
		N	10	10	10	10
Heart Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.879	0.933	0.876	0.841
		SD	0.060	0.078	0.063	0.063
		N	10	10	10	10
Kidneys Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	1.845	1.836	1.790	1.823
		SD	0.153	0.155	0.109	0.153
		N	10	10	10	10
Liver Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	7.424	7.479	7.450	7.617
		SD	0.943	0.931	0.495	1.154
		N	10	10	10	10
Ovaries with Oviducts Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.1250	0.1202	0.1277	0.1366
		SD	0.0135	0.0097	0.0227	0.0211
		N	10	10	10	10
Spleen Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a2]	Mean	0.563	0.486	0.573	0.512
		SD	0.141	0.039	0.066	0.047
		N	10	10	10	10
Terminal BW (g)	Day 30/31	Mean	254.9	257.4	258.8	254.2
		SD	19.4	14.2	9.7	23.9
		N	10	10	10	10
Thymus Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.3588	0.3383	0.3612	0.2993
		SD	0.0787	0.0827	0.0777	0.0915
		N	10	10	10	10
Uterus Wt (g)	Day 30/31 [a2]	Mean	0.647	0.495	0.535	0.567
		SD	0.252	0.055	0.165	0.345
		N	10	10	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett(Log)

[a2] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

TABLE 9: SUMMARY OF MEAN ORGAN-TO-BODY WEIGHT RATIOS

Sex: Male			0 CFU Group 1	1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	1.001E+11 CFU Group 4
Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
Adrenal /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.1716	0.1683	0.1506	0.1564
		SD	0.0250	0.0292	0.0334	0.0291
		N	9	8	10	10
Brain /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	4.992	5.164	5.028	4.908
		SD	0.359	0.544	0.312	0.237
		N	10	9	10	10
Epididymides /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	3.0054	3.0193	2.9772	3.2775
		SD	0.4428	0.7138	0.2917	0.4525
		N	10	9	10	9
Heart /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	3.115	3.291	3.060	3.194
		SD	0.237	0.216	0.193	0.177
		N	10	9	10	10
Kidneys /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	7.222	7.549	7.251	7.393
		SD	0.452	0.418	0.710	0.614
		N	10	9	10	10
Liver /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	27.998	30.152	28.897	29.908
		SD	2.398	3.582	1.581	5.559
		N	10	9	10	10
Spleen /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	1.748	2.084 *	2.004	1.902
		SD	0.271	0.333	0.252	0.178
		N	10	9	10	10
Testes /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	7.921	7.439	7.681	7.792
		SD	0.983	2.227	1.007	0.522
		N	10	9	10	10
Thymus /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.8303	1.0185	0.8123	0.8394
		SD	0.1867	0.2519	0.1948	0.2136
		N	10	9	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett: * = p < 0.05

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Sex: Female			0 CFU	1.668E+10 CFU	3.337E+10 CFU	1.001E+11 CFU
Day(s) Relative to Start Date			Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
Adrenal /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.2877	0.2869	0.2926	0.2691
		SD	0.0593	0.0790	0.0376	0.0662
		N	10	10	10	10
Brain /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	7.650	7.581	7.592	7.912
		SD	0.526	0.391	0.387	0.575
		N	10	10	10	10
Heart /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	3.458	3.627	3.385	3.317
		SD	0.242	0.279	0.202	0.170
		N	10	10	10	10
Kidneys /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	7.252	7.134	6.919	7.208
		SD	0.515	0.488	0.377	0.691
		N	10	10	10	10
Liver /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	29.148	29.014	28.782	30.065
		SD	3.227	2.740	1.494	4.360
		N	10	10	10	10
Ovaries with oviducts/TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.4927	0.4686	0.4918	0.5399
		SD	0.0636	0.0494	0.0744	0.0868
		N	10	10	10	10
Spleen /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a2]	Mean	2.212	1.891	2.212	2.022
		SD	0.545	0.153	0.225	0.189
		N	10	10	10	10
Thymus /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	1.4114	1.3100	1.4004	1.1678
		SD	0.3012	0.2936	0.3139	0.2912
		N	10	10	10	10
Uterus /TBW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a2]	Mean	2.539	1.934	2.064	2.241
		SD	0.991	0.285	0.635	1.338
		N	10	10	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett(Log)

[a2] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

TABLE 10: SUMMARY OF MEAN ORGAN-TO-BRAIN WEIGHT RATIOS

Sex: Male			0 CFU Group 1	1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	1.001E+11 CFU Group 4
Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
Adrenal /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.0350	0.0324	0.0300	0.0319
		SD	0.0063	0.0064	0.0070	0.0063
		N	9	8	10	10
Epididymides /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	0.6023	0.5838	0.5930	0.6637
		SD	0.0808	0.1314	0.0561	0.0867
		N	10	9	10	9
Heart /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.626	0.643	0.610	0.652
		SD	0.052	0.070	0.047	0.047
		N	10	9	10	10
Kidneys /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	1.455	1.474	1.448	1.509
		SD	0.162	0.154	0.173	0.135
		N	10	9	10	10
Liver /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a2]	Mean	5.650	5.889	5.771	6.118
		SD	0.783	0.855	0.514	1.226
		N	10	9	10	10
Spleen /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.350	0.406	0.401	0.389
		SD	0.048	0.063	0.061	0.046
		N	10	9	10	10
Testes /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	1.585	1.434	1.527	1.588
		SD	0.139	0.416	0.183	0.088
		N	10	9	10	10
Thymus /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.1670	0.2009	0.1629	0.1711
		SD	0.0386	0.0601	0.0443	0.0443
		N	10	9	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

[a2] - Anova & Dunnett(Log)

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Sex: Female			0 CFU Group 1	1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	1.001E+11 CFU Group 4
Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
Adrenal /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.0376	0.0377	0.0387	0.0338
		SD	0.0072	0.0098	0.0059	0.0072
		N	10	10	10	10
Heart /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.453	0.479	0.447	0.420
		SD	0.034	0.039	0.035	0.025
		N	10	10	10	10
Kidneys /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.951	0.943	0.913	0.912
		SD	0.080	0.079	0.061	0.079
		N	10	10	10	10
Liver /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a1]	Mean	3.825	3.841	3.805	3.810
		SD	0.502	0.446	0.340	0.575
		N	10	10	10	10
Ovaries with oviducts/BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.0644	0.0618	0.0652	0.0683
		SD	0.0069	0.0051	0.0121	0.0099
		N	10	10	10	10
Spleen /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a2]	Mean	0.290	0.250	0.292	0.256
		SD	0.074	0.020	0.033	0.022
		N	10	10	10	10
Thymus /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a]	Mean	0.1839	0.1740	0.1836	0.1484
		SD	0.0342	0.0445	0.0358	0.0406
		N	10	10	10	10
Uterus /BrW (Ratio)	Day 30/31 [a2]	Mean	0.334	0.254	0.273	0.286
		SD	0.133	0.029	0.086	0.183
		N	10	10	10	10

[a] - Anova & Dunnett

[a1] - Anova & Dunnett(Log)

[a2] - Anova & Dunnett(Rank)

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

**APPENDIX A: PROTOCOL, PROTOCOL AMENDMENTS
AND PROTOCOL DEVIATIONS**

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

Product Safety Labs

28-Day Oral Toxicity/Translocation
Protocol # P713.01 DDU
PSL ID:210226-1D- 2D; 210408-2D-3D
Study No: 55164

***Limosilactobacillus reuteri*: 28-DAY REPEAT-DOSE ORAL GAVAGE TOXICITY STUDY IN RATS**

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

PSL PROTOCOL NO.

P713.01 DDU

PERFORMING LABORATORY

Product Safety Labs
2394 US Highway 130
Dayton, New Jersey 08810, USA

PSL STUDY NUMBER

55164

STUDY DIRECTOR

Raghavendra Gowda Ph.D.

SPONSOR

Elanco Animal Health Incorporated
2500 Innovation Way
Greenfield, Indiana, 46140

SPONSOR STUDY NUMBER

ELA210070

Product Safety Labs

28-Day Oral Toxicity/Translocation
Protocol # P713.01 DDU
PSL ID:210226-1D- 2D; 210408-2D-3D
Study No: 55164

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1. **TITLE OF STUDY: *Limosilactobacillus reuteri*: 28-Day repeat-dose oral gavage toxicity study in rats.**
2. **OBJECTIVE**
The objective of this study is to evaluate the potential toxicity of *Limosilactobacillus reuteri* (*L. reuteri*) ATCC PTA-126787 (*L. reuteri* 3630) and ATCC PTA-126788 (*L. reuteri* 3632) in male and female rats likely to arise from repeated exposure via oral gavage over a test period of 28 days. A no-observed-adverse-effect-level (NOAEL) is also sought for each sex.
3. **STUDY DIRECTOR**
Raghavendra Gowda P.D
Study Director
Tel: 732-438-5100 x1542
Email: Raghavendragowda@ProductSafetyLabs.com
4. **NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE TESTING FACILITY**
Product Safety Labs (PSL)
2394 US Highway 130, USA
Dayton, NJ 08810
Tel: 732 438 5100
5. **SPONSOR**
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6. **SPONSOR REPRESENTATIVE**
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Senior Scientific Expert Toxicology
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An Elanco Affiliate
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Email: olaf.will@elancoah.com
7. **STUDY MONITOR**
Laurie C. Dolan, PhD, DABT, FACN
Senior Staff Toxicologist at GRAS Associates
a Nutrasource Pharmaceutical and Nutraceutical Services Company
1180 Grand Park Avenue, Suite 500
North Bethesda, MD 20852
8. **DATES**
Proposed In-Life Start Date: 04/13/2021
Proposed Experimental Termination Date: 06/12/2021

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9. TEST SUBSTANCE

9.A Source

The test article will be provided by the Sponsor.

9.B Identification

The test article will be identified using the following information provided by the Sponsor and Product Safety Labs (PSL) identification number. Test article 1 and 2 will be mixed together to prepare a single dose solution of the "test article". Documentation of the methods of synthesis, fabrication, or derivation of the test article is retained by the BioSource Cultures & Flavors, S66 W14328, Janesville Road, P.O. Box 777, Muskego, WI 53150-0777.

Test Article 1: *L. reuteri* ATCC PTA-126787 (*L. reuteri* 3630)

Lot #: 201123LRE3630

PSL ID: 210226-1D

Physical Description: White to Tan powder

Composition: 100% *L. reuteri* 3630

Storage Conditions: Frozen (store ~ -25 to -15° C until ready to use).

Expiration Date: 11/23/21

Test Article 2: *L. reuteri* ATCC PTA-126788 (*L. reuteri* 3632)

Lot #: 201123LRE3632

PSL ID: 210226-1D

Physical Description: White to Tan powder

Composition: 100% *L. reuteri* 3632

Storage Conditions: Frozen (store ~ -25 to -15° C until ready to use).

Expiration Date: 11/23/21

Vehicle Control: Dulbecco's Phosphate Buffer Saline (DPBS) (Mediatech Inc.)

Batch #: 29620002

PH: 7.4

Storage Conditions: Ambient

Expiration Date: 10/2023

Vehicle Control: Normal Saline (Vedco Inc.)

Batch #: 19F002

Storage Conditions: Ambient

Expiration Date: 06/2021

9.C Analysis

The Sponsor will be responsible for all analytical work required to characterize the neat test substance, and validate its stability.

9.D Hazards

Appropriate routine safety precautions will be exercised in the handling of the test article unless otherwise indicated by the Sponsor.

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10. GENERAL TEST SYSTEM PARAMETERS

10.A Animal Requirements

- 10.A.1 Number of Animals: 80
- 10.A.2 Number of Groups: 4 (3 dose level per sex/test article + 1 control group per sex)
- 10.A.3 Number of Animals per Group: 20 (10 male, 10 female)
- 10.A.4 Sex: Male and female; females will be nulliparous and non-pregnant.
- 10.A.5 Species/Strain: CRL Sprague-Dawley CD[®] IGS rats
- 10.A.6 Age/Weight: Approximately eight to nine weeks at initiation; the weight variation will not exceed $\pm 20\%$ of the mean weight for each sex.
- 10.A.7 Supplier: Charles River Laboratories, Inc. Rats will be shipped from the Raleigh, North Carolina facility in filtered cartons by airfreight and/or truck.

10.B Test System Justification

The Sprague-Dawley[®] rat is the system of choice because, historically, it has been the preferred and most commonly used species for oral toxicity tests. The current state of scientific knowledge does not provide acceptable alternatives to the use of live animals to accomplish the objective of this study.

10.C Husbandry

10.C.1 Housing

Animals will be group housed in cages which conform to the size recommendations in the most recent Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals (Natl. Res. Council, 2011)¹ and according to PSL SOP #503 and 504. The animal room will have a 12-hour light/dark cycle and will be kept clean and vermin free. Environmental controls are set to maintain temperature and relative humidity ranges of $21 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ and 30-70%, respectively. The observed values/ranges will be documented in the raw data. In addition, airflow in the animal room will be maintained at or above 10 air changes per hour.

10.C.2 Acclimation

The animals will be conditioned to the housing facilities for at least five days prior to testing. Body weights and clinical observations will be recorded at least two times prior to study start.

10.C.3 Feed

2016 Certified Envigo Teklad Global Rodent Diet[®] (Envigo Teklad, Inc.) will be stored in a dedicated temperature and humidity monitored feed storage site and available *ad libitum* during acclimation and throughout the study, except when animals are fasted for clinical sample collections and terminal sacrifice

10.C.4 Water

Filtered tap water will be available *ad libitum* from individual bottles attached to the cages or from an automatic watering access system. Water analysis is conducted by Precision Analytical

¹ National Research Council. (2011). Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals (8th ed.). Washington, DC: The National Academies Press.

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Services, Inc., Toms River, NJ and South Brunswick Municipal Water Supply, South Brunswick, NJ.

10.C.5 Contaminants

There are no known contaminants reasonably expected to be found in the food or water that would interfere with the results of this study. Routine analysis for each lot of feed used in this study will be received from Envigo Teklad, Inc. (Madison, WI). Water analysis is conducted periodically and the records are kept on file at Product Safety Labs. The date(s) of the most recent analyses will be reported in the final report.

10.C.6 Viral Screen

Serum samples from naive rats housed in the same room as test animals, as part of PSL's sentinel health monitoring program, will be evaluated for the absence of viruses near the end of the in-life portion of the study (PSL SOP # 755).

10.D Identification

10.D.1 Cage

Each cage will be identified by a cage card indicating at least the study number, dose level, group assignment, individual animal identification (ear tag and animal number), and sex of the animal.

10.D.2 Animal

Each animal will be given a sequential number in addition to being uniquely identified with a Monel® self-piercing stainless steel ear tag or color marking.

11. EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN

11.A Route of Administration

The test article will be administered by oral gavage (PO).

11.B Justification of Route of Administration

The oral route of administration was selected by the Sponsor as the clinical route of exposure will be via oral capsule or oral liquid. This route of administration is recommended in the referenced guidelines (15.C).

11.C Control of Bias

Animals will be randomly assigned to test groups according to PSL SOP #714).

11.D Dose Levels

Ten male and ten female test animals will be randomly assigned to each of the following groups:

Group	No. Animals/ Group M/F	Test article (mg/kg bw/day)	Dose Level Equivalent (CFU/kg/day)	Dose Volume mL/kg/day	Test Article Concentration (mg/mL ^a)
1	10/10	0 Vehicle only	0	5	0

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2	10/10	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (126.5) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (75.8)	1.668E+10 + 1.668E+10		<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (25.3) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (15.2)
3	10/10	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (253.3) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (151.6)	3.337E+10 + 3.337E+10		<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (50.7) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (30.3)
4	10/10	<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (760) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (455)	1.001E+11 + 1.001E+11		<i>L. reuteri</i> 3630 (152) + <i>L. reuteri</i> 3632 (91)

*LR3630 = 132 000 000 000 CFU/g (1.32E+11) and LR3632 = 220 000 000 000 CFU/g (2.2E+11)

11.E Justification of Dose Level Selection

The dose is selected based on a proposed clinical dose and is not expected to cause marked toxicity. The high dose (group 4) corresponds to a margin of exposure of 700, based on a daily oral dose of 2.0E+10 CFU (for the two LR strains combined in equal proportions) per person (2.86E+08 CFU/kg; assuming a mean human body weight of 70 kg). The low dose (group 2) corresponds to a Margin of Safety of 117.

12. GENERAL PROCEDURES

12.A Selection of Animals

Eighty (80) healthy rats (forty males; forty females) will be used on test. Animals will be selected for this study on the basis of adequate body weight gain, absence of clinical signs of disease or injury, and a body weight within ±20% of the mean within a sex. Selected rats will be distributed by randomization according to stratification by body weight so that there will be no statistically significant difference among group body weight means within a sex.

12.B Dose Preparations and Procedures

12.B.1 Test Article Calculation and Preparation

In order to ensure the target doses are attained, dose concentrations are based on actual recovery of viable CFU demonstrated by Product Safety Labs using the individual samples of *L. reuteri* 3630 and *L. reuteri* 3632 provided, which differ from the reported CFU concentrations provided in the certificates of analyses. Actual doses administered will be determined and reported at least weekly during the study.

The test article will be aliquoted into at least 28 sealed foil pouches (Ted Pella Inc, 139-311) of each strain prior to study initiation. Each pouch will be weighed based on the amounts required for each strain in the above table (sec 11.D). The pouches will be closed/sealed after expelling any air inside to minimize exposure to oxygen and stored in a freezer at approximately -20°C until each individual pouch is used.

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At least 28 pouches with **15.2 g** LR 3630 each
At least 28 pouches with **9.1 g** LR 3632 each

Fresh formulations of the test article will be prepared daily. On the day of use, thaw two pouches (one of each strain) still closed and bring to room temperature. Then open and combine both powders quantitatively and suspend in 100 mL of vehicle (PBS, phosphate buffered saline or normal saline). This results in a suspension with a concentration for Group 4 (high dose) of **152 mg/mL** LR3630 and **91 mg/mL** LR 3632. The solution will be mixed thoroughly by vortex or stomacher until a uniform suspension is achieved.

Dilute accordingly to achieve concentrations for Group 3 (mid-take 20 mL from the high dose, and add 40 mL PBS (or sterile saline) to achieve mid dose a 1:3 dilution) dose levels and Group 2 (take 10 mL from the high dose, and add 50 mL PBS (or normal saline) to achieve a low dose a 1:6 dilution) dose levels on each single day. The formulations will be stirred at ambient temperature until a visually homogeneous suspension is achieved. The dose solutions will be continuously stirred until administration. Final formulation cannot be stored longer than four 4 hours at room temperature prior to dosing.

Weekly samples of the final dose formulation will be collected for concentration verification of each strain. Fresh formulations of the test article will be prepared daily. The preparation of the dose solutions will be documented in the raw data. *As a control for growth conditions and media, a pure culture of the respective strains or another reference L. reuteri strain will be streaked and observed for growth.*

12.B.2 Dosing

Each animal will be dosed by oral intubation using a stainless steel ball-tipped gavage needle attached to an appropriate syringe. Dose administration will be daily (7 days/week). All doses will be administered volumetrically at 5 mL/kg body weight. The control group will receive vehicle (PBS or normal saline) only, at the same dose volume as the test animals. The dose suspension will be maintained and stirred continuously on a magnetic stir plate during dose administration. The first day of administration will be considered Day 1 of the study. Dosing will be at approximately the same time each day \pm 2 hours.

12.C Analysis of Test Article and Dose Preparations

12.C.1 Sample Collection

The neat test article and prepared dosing mixtures will be sampled. Additional samples may be collected and analyzed, at the discretion of the Study Director, to ensure stability, accuracy, and homogeneity of the dosing concentrations over the course of the study.

12.C.2 Test Article and Dose Preparation Stability

The neat test article is expected to be stable over the course of the study under the conditions of storage according to its CoA at Product Safety Labs. All dose formulations will be freshly prepared daily prior to dosing. A sample of the neat test article will be collected at the beginning, middle, and end of the in-life phase.

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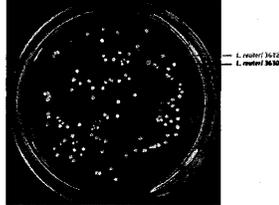
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12.C.3 Dose Preparation Homogeneity

Prior to initial dosing on Day 1 of the study, samples from the dose preparations will be collected from the top, middle, and bottom for each concentration. The vehicle control mixture will be sampled from the middle of the dose preparation only.

12.C.4 Dose Preparation Concentration Verification

The dose preparations (treatment and control groups) will be sampled at the beginning of the study (as part of the homogeneity assessment, Section 12.C.3) for verification of dose concentration. Dose preparations will also be sampled weekly for verification of dose concentration of each strain. It is important to distinguish between the 2 strains based on the colony morphology and color (see example below).



L. reuteri 3632 is morphologically distinct from *L. reuteri* 3630 - the two strains can be easily differentiated based on the color of the colonies. *L. reuteri* 3632 produces orange/yellow colored colonies, while *L. reuteri* 3630 produces creamish white colonies.

12.C.5 Sample Analysis

The dosing preparations sampled prior to administration on Day 1 for homogeneity, and weekly thereafter, for concentration verification (as described above) will be processed for enumeration as soon as possible (within 2-4 hours of preparation, stored at 4 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C if applicable) for viable CFU content according to methods provided by the Sponsor and recorded in the study records. The analysis should consider each individual strain, based on the visual differences described above. For comparison and to confirm growing conditions are adequate for the test organisms, a sample of each neat test substance will be cultured concurrently with the dose solution.

12.D Clinical Observations

All animals will be observed at least twice daily for viability. Cage-side observations of all animals will be performed daily during the study. All findings will be recorded.

On Day 1, prior to the first treatment with the test article, and approximately weekly thereafter, a detailed observation will be conducted (PSL SOP #726) while handling the animal, generally on days that the animals are weighed and food consumption measurements are taken. Potential signs noted should include, but not be limited to: changes in skin, fur, eyes, and mucous membranes, occurrence of secretions and excretions and autonomic activity (e.g., lacrimation, piloerection, pupil size, unusual respiratory pattern). Likewise, changes in gait, posture and response to handling as well as the presence of clonic or tonic movements, stereotypies (e.g., excessive grooming, repetitive circling), or bizarre behavior (e.g., self-mutilation, walking backwards) should also be recorded. The date and clock time of all observations and/or mortality checks will be recorded.

The Study Director, the Study Monitor and Sponsor Representative will be promptly notified of severe/remarkable clinical observations, will be advised when an animal is found in a moribund

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condition and may authorize euthanasia and necropsy as necessary to avoid the loss of quality data. All such authorizations will be recorded in the raw data.

12.E Body Weight and Body Weight Gain

Individual body weights will be recorded at least two times during acclimation. All animals will be weighed on Day 1 (prior to study start) and twice weekly thereafter shortly before dose administration in order to adjust the dose volume on body weight. Additional body weights may be taken for any animal with marked clinical observations, at the discretion of the Study Director. The animals will also be weighed prior to sacrifice in order to calculate organ-to-body weight ratios. Decedents need not be weighed. Body weight gain will be calculated for selected intervals and for the study overall.

12.F Food Consumption and Food Efficiency

Individual food consumption will be measured and recorded twice weekly to coincide with body weight measurements. Food efficiency will be calculated and reported, if warranted.

12.G Clinical Pathology

Clinical pathology will be performed on all surviving animals and on all animals killed in moribund condition for ethical reasons prior to death for coagulation, hematology clinical chemistry and urinalysis (if possible) prior to their respective necropsies. Animals will be fasted overnight prior to blood collection. Blood samples will be collected via sublingual bleeding or from the vena cava, under isoflurane anesthesia

Additional blood samples will be collected (maximum feasible quantity) and processed for serum. Samples will be stored at -80°C for future possible serum cytokine analysis (5 animals/sex/group).

All blood samples will be evaluated for quality by visual examination.

12.G.1 Hematology:

Approximately 500 µL of blood will be collected in a pre-calibrated tube containing K₂EDTA for hematology assessments. The whole blood samples will be transferred to the clinical pathology department at Product Safety Labs. Whole blood samples will be maintained on ice or equivalent conditions prior to analysis. All blood samples will be evaluated for quality by visual examination.

red blood cells count	hemoglobin concentration
hematocrit	mean corpuscular volume
mean corpuscular hemoglobin	red cell distribution width
reticulocytes count	platelet count
white blood cells and differential leukocyte counts of neutrophils, lymphocytes, monocytes, eosinophils, basophils, large unstained cells.	

Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration will be calculated.

In addition, separate blood smears will be prepared from each animal undergoing hematological evaluation and, if necessary, will be stained with New Methylene Blue or Wright-Giemsa stain and examined to substantiate or clarify the results of hematology findings.

12.G.2 Coagulation:

Approximately 1.8 mL of blood will be collected in a pre-calibrated tube containing 3.2% sodium citrate. These samples will be centrifuged in a refrigerated centrifuge and the plasma

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will be transferred to labeled tubes. Plasma samples will be stored in a -80°C freezer until analysis. The following parameters will be evaluated:

prothrombin time
activated partial thromboplastin time

12.G.3 Clinical chemistry:

Approximately 1000 µL of blood will be collected into a tube containing no preservative for clinical chemistry assessments. These samples will be centrifuged in a refrigerated centrifuge and the serum will be transferred to a labeled tube. Serum samples will be stored in a -80°C freezer until analysis. The following parameters will be evaluated:

Serum aspartate aminotransferase	Serum alanine aminotransferase
Sorbitol dehydrogenase	Alkaline phosphatase
Gamma-glutamyl transferase	Total bilirubin
Urea nitrogen	Total cholesterol
Blood creatinine	Fasting glucose
Triglycerides	Albumin
Total serum protein	Calcium
Globulin	Sodium
Inorganic phosphorus	Chloride
Potassium	
L- and D-Lactic acid*	

*(additional serum sample will be sent to the Sponsor for evaluation)

12.G.4 Urinalysis

The day before their respective collection of samples for the clinical pathology evaluation, animals will be placed in metabolism cages. Animals will be fasted after 2 pm (at least 16 hours prior to blood collection) and urine will be collected from each animal. Urine samples will be stored on ice or under refrigeration until analysis. The urinalysis will be conducted only if any expected or observed toxicity indicated.

Bilirubin	Ketone	Specific gravity
Blood	Microscopic urine sediments	Volume
Color	pH	Urobilinogen
Clarity	Protein (total)	
Glucose	Quality	

12.G.5 Clinical Pathology Report and Records to be Maintained:

Clinical pathology data generated at PSL will be provided to Eurofins Advinus. A signed, clinical pathology phase report will be provided by Eurofins Advinus to the Study Director. This report will include the methodology, pertinent measurements, evaluation results, GLP compliance statement signed by the Principal Investigator (PI), Quality Assurance statement, and tabulated results. The phase report will be incorporated into the main study report.

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12.H Terminal Sacrifice and Histopathology

12.H.1 Scheduled Sacrifice

At terminal sacrifice, all survivors will be euthanized by exsanguination from the inferior vena cava under isoflurane anesthesia. All animals in the study (10 animals/sex/group) will be subjected to a full necropsy, which will include examination of the external surface of the body, all orifices, musculoskeletal system and the thoracic, abdominal, pelvic and cranial cavities and their contents.

12.H.2 Samples for Translocation and Future Evaluations

Samples will be excised from the same area of the tissue in all animals. The following tissues will be collected from five randomly selected animals/sex/group:

Collected in PBS or normal saline and stored at approximately -80°C for future possible microbiome analysis (5 animals/sex/group). Samples will be excised from the same area of the tissue in all animals.

cecum (~0.5cm, with contents)	jejunum (~0.5cm segment with contents)
lungs (~ 2cm diameter)	trachea (~0.5 cm segment, middle section)

Collected into a sterile tube, snap frozen and stored at approximately -80°C for future possible metabolic analysis. This will limit the amount of each tissue/organ submitted for histopathological evaluation in these animals.

cecum (~0.5cm, with contents)	jejunum (~0.5cm segment with contents)
lungs (~ 2cm diameter)	trachea (~0.5 cm segment, middle section)

Collected and preserved in neutral buffered formalin and stored at approximately 4°C for possible future histopathological analysis

trachea (~0.5 cm segment, proximal)	cecum (~0.5cm, with contents)
lungs (~ 2cm diameter)	jejunum (~0.5cm segment)

Collected into ~10 volumes of RNALater, stored at approximately 4°C overnight prior to storage at approximately -80°C, for future possible cytokine analysis

trachea (~0.5 cm segment, distal)	cecum (~0.5cm with contents)
lungs (~ 2cm diameter)	jejunum (~0.5cm segment diameter)

12.H.3 Samples for Histopathological Evaluation

The following tissues (from all animals sacrificed by design) will be weighed wet as soon as possible after dissection to avoid drying (prior to sampling for additional testing):

adrenals (combined)	kidneys (combined)	spleen
brain	liver	thymus
epididymides (combined)	ovaries with oviducts (combined)	uterus
heart	testes (combined)	

The following organs and tissues from all animals will be preserved in 10% neutral buffered formalin for possible future histopathological examination:

accessory genital organs	ileum with Peyer's patches	rectum
(prostate and seminal vesicles)	*jejunum	salivary glands (sublingual)

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adrenals	kidneys	submandibular, and
all gross lesions	larynx	parotid)
aorta	*liver	skeletal muscle
bone (femur)	*lungs	skin
bone marrow (from femur & sternum)	lymph node mandibular	spinal cord - 3 levels:
brain – sections including medulla/pons, cerebellar, and cerebral cortex	*lymph node mesenteric	cervical, mid- thoracic, and lumbar
*cecum	mammary gland	spleen
cervix	nasal turbinates	sternum
colon	nose	stomach
duodenum	ovaries	thymus
esophagus	oviducts	thyroid
Harderian gland	pancreas	*trachea
heart	parathyroid	urinary bladder
	peripheral nerve (sciatic)	uterus
	pharynx	vagina
	pituitary gland	

*Portions of these tissue will be harvested from 5 randomly selected animals per sex per group for translocation and other future evaluations.

The following organs and tissues from all animals will be preserved in modified Davidson's fixative and then stored in ethanol, for possible future histopathological examination:

eyes	optic nerve
epididymides	testes

12.H.4 Translocation Analysis

Additional samples from the 5 animals/sex/group selected above will be collected for translocation analysis. A sample of whole blood will be collected, and sections of liver (median lobe) and mesenteric lymph nodes will be excised and maintained on ice. Approximate sample sizes will be 0.5 mL of blood and 0.5 - 2 grams of tissue, without compromising any other possible study endpoints. Aseptic and other appropriate methods will be utilized in order to avoid contamination of samples (e.g., the use of alcohol to clean instruments and surfaces). Aliquots of selected homogenized and/or diluted samples will be plated on MRS agar plates and incubated at approximately 37-39°C under anaerobic conditions (for *L. reuteri* 3630 and *L. reuteri* 3632) for 24-48 hours or until colony growth is adequate for counting. The average CFU/gram of tissue will be calculated based on the amount of sample collected and dilution factors for each specific sample.

All plates will be visually inspected for CFU growth after incubation and individual colonies will be counted. An automated plate counter may be utilized to assist in enumerating highly populated plates. The mean CFU/gram of tissue will be calculated using the amount of respective sample evaluated, plate colony growth and factoring for applicable dilutions.

The sensitivity of the method will be determined for each sample type using the average amount of tissue in each preparation, assuming a minimum detection limit of 1 CFU/plate and factoring for dilution of samples including plated volumes. Dilutions of the sample preparations either prior to inoculation or prior to plating will be accounted for in the calculations by additional multiplication of the DF⁴ by the appropriate factor.

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$$\text{Sensitivity (CFU/g or mL)} = \frac{\text{Minimum Detectable CFU/plate (1 CFU)}}{\text{Avg amount of sample (g or mL)}} \times \text{DF}$$

Details of processing and enumeration procedures, as provided by the Sponsor (Appendix#1) and PSL standard operating procedures, will be documented in the raw data.

All plates will be provided to BioPrimate, where colonies will be further characterized as needed using 16S rRNA sequencing or equivalent methods. Detailed methods of processing and analysis will be described in study records and the final report.

12.H.5 Unscheduled Sacrifice

Any rat that dies or is euthanized because of a moribund condition will be examined for the cause of death or moribund condition on the day the observation is made. Rats will be evaluated for gross lesions. Organs and tissues will be excised, weighed (except for animals found dead), and preserved as described for those animals sacrificed by design.

12.H.6 Histopathology

Histological examination will be performed on the preserved organs and tissues of the all animals from the control and high dose group (Groups 1 and 4) as well as from any animal that dies during the course of the study, in the first instance. In addition, gross lesions of potential toxicological significance noted in any test groups at the time of terminal sacrifice will also be examined. The fixed tissues will be trimmed, processed, embedded in paraffin, sectioned with a microtome, placed on glass microscope slides, stained with hematoxylin and eosin and examined by light microscopy. Slide preparation and histological assessment, by a board-certified veterinary pathologist, will be performed at StageBio.

13. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

Product Safety Labs will perform statistical analysis of all data collected during the in-life phase of the study, as well as clinical pathology and organ weight data. The use of the word “significant” or “significantly” indicates a statistically significant difference between the control and the experimental groups. Significance will be judged at a probability value of $p < 0.05$. Mean and standard deviations will be calculated for all quantitative data. Male and female rats will be evaluated separately.

Statistical analysis will be conducted by using one or more of the following software applications: Provantis® version 9, Tables and Statistics, Instem LSS, Staffordshire UK; Pristima® version 7, Statistical Analysis, Xybio Corporation, Lawrenceville, NJ; INSTAT or Prism Biostatistics, GraphPad Software, San Diego, CA; Statview, version 5, SAS Institute Inc., Cary, NC; and SigmaStat, version 2, Systat Software, San Jose, CA.

Other statistical methods will be used if appropriate, at the time of analysis and described in the final report.

13.A Statistical Methods

In-Life Data

For all in-life endpoints that are identified as multiple measurements of continuous data over time (e.g., body weight, food consumption, food efficiency), treatment and control groups will be compared using a two-way analysis of variance (ANOVA), testing the effects of both time and treatment, with methods

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accounting for repeated measures in one independent variable (time)¹. Further analysis of the p value for each individual factor may be conducted and ultimately by a *post hoc* multiple comparisons test (e.g. Dunnett's test) of the individual treated groups to control.

Organ Weight Data

If warranted by sufficient group sizes, all endpoints with single measurements of continuous data within groups (e.g., organ weight, relative organ weight, etc) will be evaluated for homogeneity of variances² and normality. Where homogeneous variances and normal distribution is observed, treatment and control groups will be compared using a one-way ANOVA. A comparison of the treated groups to control will be performed with a multiple comparisons test (e.g. Dunnett's test)^{3,4}. Where variances are considered significantly different, groups will be compared using a non-parametric method (e.g. Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric analysis of variance⁵). When non-parametric analysis of variance is significant, a comparison of treated groups to control will be performed (e.g. Dunn's test⁶).

If warranted by sufficient group sizes, the incidence of clinical observations may be evaluated through sequential application of a trend test⁷. Other procedures will be used if appropriate, following consultation with the Sponsor, and will be described in the final report.

Clinical Pathology

Significance will be judged at a probability value of $p < 0.05$. Males and females will be analyzed separately.

Parameter	Preliminary Test	Method of Statistical Analysis	
		If preliminary test is not significant	If preliminary test is significant
Clinical Pathology ^a	Bartlett's test for homogeneity and Shapiro-Wilk ⁸ test for normality	One-way analysis of variance followed with Dunnett's test	Log transforms of the data to achieve normality and variance homogeneity may be used. If the log transform fails, a non-parametric method (Kruskal-Wallis non-parametric analysis of variance) will be used. When non-parametric analysis of variance is significant, a comparison of treated groups to control will be performed (e.g. Dunn's test).

¹ Motulsky, H (2014). Intuitive biostatistics, a nonmathematical guide to statistical thinking (3rd Edition). Oxford University Press, New York, NJ.

² Bartlett, M.S. (1937). Properties of sufficiency and statistical tests. *Proceeding of the Royal Statistical Society Series A*, 160, 268-82.

³ Dunnett, C.W. (1980). Pairwise multiple comparisons in the unequal variance case. *J. Amer. Statist. Assoc.* 75, 796-800.

⁴ Dunnett, C.W. (1964). New tables for multiple comparisons with control. *Biometrics*, 482-491.

⁵ Kruskal, W.H. and Wallis W.A. (1952). Use of ranks in one-criterion analysis of variance. *J. Amer. Statist. Assoc.* 47, 583-621.

⁶ Dunn, O.J. (1964). Multiple contrasts using rank sums. *Technometrics*, 6, 241-252.

⁷ Agresti, Alan (2013). *Categorical Data Analysis* (3rd Edition). John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Hoboken, NJ.

⁸ Shapiro, S.S. & Wilk, M.B. (1965). An analysis of variance test for normality (complete samples). *Biometrika*, 52(3-4), 591-611.

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Parameter	Preliminary Test	Method of Statistical Analysis	
		If preliminary test is not significant	If preliminary test is significant

^a When an individual observation is recorded as being less than a certain value (e.g. below the lower limit of quantitation), calculations are performed on half the recorded value. For example, if bilirubin is reported as <0.1, 0.05 is used for any calculations performed with that bilirubin data. When an individual observation is recorded as being greater than a certain value, calculations are performed on the recorded value. For example, if specific gravity was reported as ≥ 1.100 , 1.100 is used for any calculation performed with that specific gravity data.

14. FINAL REPORT

A signed study report will be provided to the Sponsor. This report will include, but not be limited to, the following information:

- individual animal data (and averages where appropriate) for actual concentration of test article received; time of observation of each abnormal sign and its subsequent course;
- body weights, food and water consumption, and food efficiency values (if warranted);
- hematology, clinical chemistry, coagulation, and urinalysis results;
- organ weights, organ to body weight, and organ to brain weight ratios;
- necropsy and pathology findings (phase report);
- test article and dose preparation analysis;
- enumeration and translocation data (phase report);
- Serum L- and D-Lactic acid Analysis (phase report);
- Certificates of analysis from test articles, animal feed, most recent tap water analysis, and the results of the sentinel health monitoring animals,
- a compliance statement signed by the Study Director that states that the report accurately reflects the raw data obtained during the performance of the study and that all applicable GLP regulations were followed in the conduct of the study;
- a Quality Assurance statement summarizing QA activities performed for the study;
- a certification statement signed by the Study Director and test facility management that the report accurately reflects the raw data obtained during the performance of the study.

15. STUDY CONDUCT

15.A Laboratory

Test Facility

In-life, clinical pathology,
tissue enumeration and
test article dose analysis

Product Safety Labs
2394 US Highway 130
Dayton, NJ 08810, USA

Test Site

Clinical pathology evaluation

Eurofins Advinus
21 & 22, Phase II, Peenya Industrial Area
Bengaluru, 560 058, India
Principal Investigator (P.I.):
Dr. Jayachandra, K.C., M.V.Sc., DABT

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Translocation Analysis	BioPrimate 1 Oak Avenue Newark, DE 19711 Principal Investigator (P.I.): Frank Burns
Serum L- and D-Lactic acid	Elanco Animal Health Incorporated 2500 Innovation Way Greenfield, Indiana, 46140 Principal Investigator (P.I.): Dharanesh Mahimapura Gangaiah
Histological slide preparation	StageBio 5930 Main Street Mount Jackson, VA 22842, USA P.I. (histology): Erin Galati, HT (ASCP)
Histological slide evaluation	StageBio 5930 Main Street Mount Jackson, VA 22842, USA Prospective PI(s) (pathology): Laura E. Elcock, DVM, PhD, DACVP Katherine A.B. Knostman, DVM, PhD, DACVP Allen Singer, DVM, DACVP, DABT Jessica S. Hoane, DVM, MTOX, DACVP, DABT Stephanie M. Shrader, DVM, PhD, DACVP Jamie K. Young, DVM, PhD, DACVP Cindy Farman, DVM, PhD, DACVP Brett Saladino, DVM, DACVP

15.B GLP Compliance

This study will be conducted in compliance with the following regulations:

U.S. FDA GLP: 21 CFR Part 58, 1987; which is compatible with OECD Principles of Good Laboratory Practice (as revised in 1997) published in ENV/MC/CHEM (98)17, OECD, Paris, 1998. Exceptions for translocation analysis data at BioPrimate and the Serum L- and D- Lactic acid analysis at sponsors lab.

15.C Test Procedure Guidelines

This study design is based on the following guidelines:

OECD Guidelines for Testing of Chemicals and Food Ingredients, Section 4 (Part 407): Health Effects, *Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents* (2008).

US FDA Toxicological Principles for the Safety Assessment of Food Ingredients, Redbook 2000, IV.C. 3. a. *Short-Term Toxicity Studies with Rodents* (November 2003).

16. QUALITY ASSURANCE

The Quality Assurance Unit (QAU) of PSL has reviewed this protocol for GLP compliance and will conduct in-process inspections of selected procedures during the study. The analytical and final study reports will be audited for agreement with the raw data records and for compliance with the protocol and PSL SOPs.

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In addition, PSL QAU will function as lead QA for this study and will monitor QA activities at StageBio. For portions of the study conducted by a subcontractor, the QAU for that facility will conduct necessary critical phase inspections and audit respective results and reports for the study phase according to the SOPs of that facility.

The QA Units from StageBio will send all GLP audit reports to the Study Director, Study Director's management, and PSL QAU as soon as they are issued.

17. RECORDS TO BE MAINTAINED

The electronic copies of the signed report, and the protocol, associated amendments and/or deviations if applicable will be sent to the sponsor. The original signed final report and all the raw data generated at PSL will be maintained in the Product Safety Labs archives. PSL will maintain these records for a period of at least five years. After this time, the Sponsor of the study will be offered the opportunity to take possession of the records or will be charged an archiving fee for continued archiving by PSL.

The following records will be maintained:

A. Information on test article will include but not be limited to the following:

Storage	Test article analysis
Usage	Dose preparation analysis
Disposition	

B. Information on animals will include but not be limited to the following:

Receipt, date of birth	Clinical observations
Initial health assessment	Histopathology data
Dosing	Individual necropsy records
Body weights	Organ weights
Food consumption	
Hematology, clinical chemistry, coagulation, urinalysis data	

C. All other records that would demonstrate adherence to the protocol.

Raw data related to clinical pathology evaluations will be maintained by Product Safety Labs. Tissues, blocks, and slides, and associated records will be retained and archived by StageBio, Mount Jackson, VA, 22842. The raw histopathology data (StageBio), translocation analysis data (BioPrimate) and the Serum L- and D- Lactic acid analysis data (Elanco Animal Health Incorporated) will be transferred to Product Safety Labs.

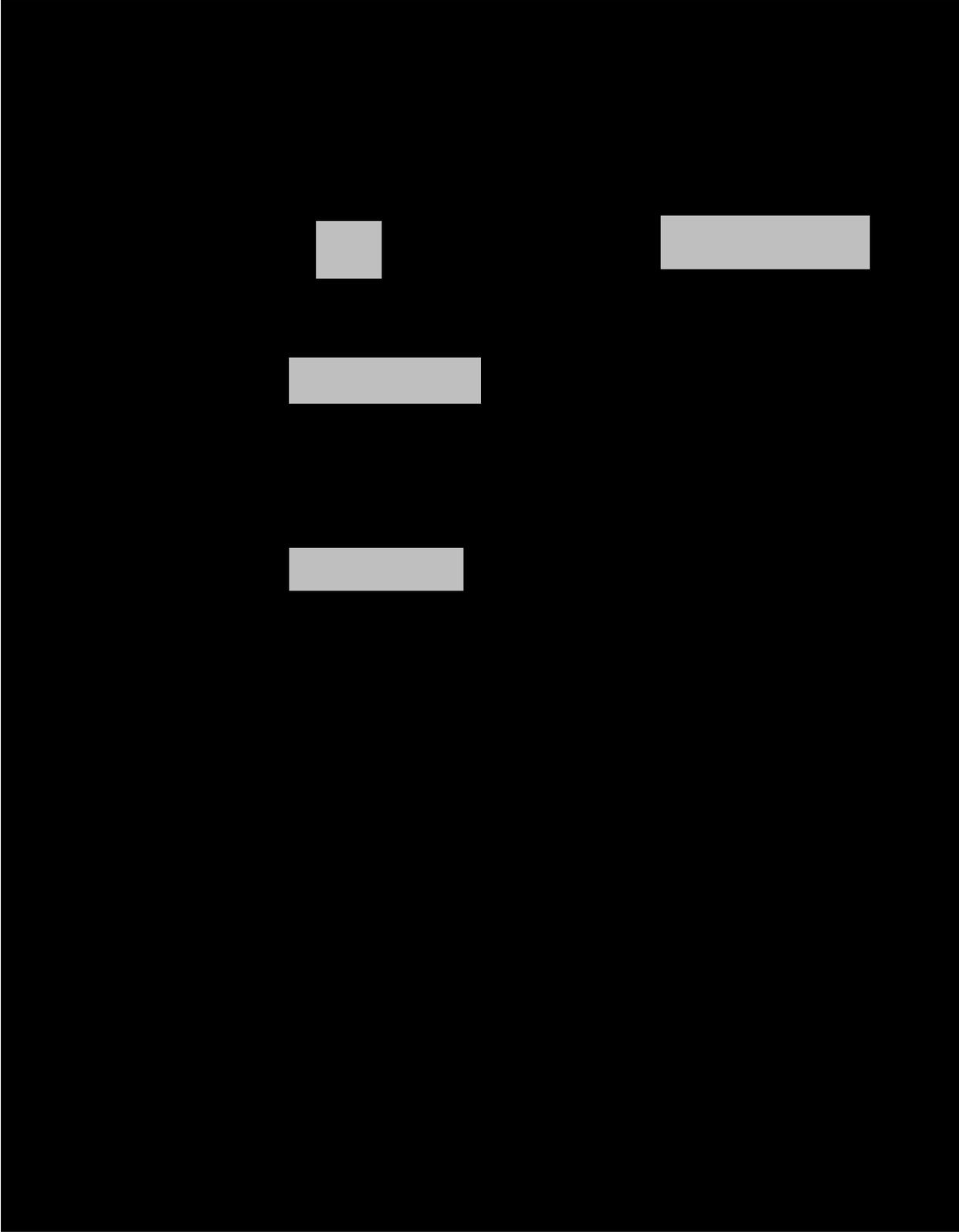
Any electronic raw data generated by the Test Site will be maintained by the Test Site in accordance with their GLP archiving procedures.

18. PROTOCOL AMENDMENTS AND DEVIATIONS

All amendments and/or deviations to this protocol and the reasons therefore, shall be appropriately documented, signed by the Study Director, Study Monitor and Sponsor Representative, and described in the final report.

19. DISPOSITION OF TEST ARTICLE

A retention sample will be kept at PSL. All remaining test article will be retained for at least one year from receipt, unless otherwise specified by the Sponsor. All remaining test article will be properly disposed, unless otherwise specified by the Sponsor.



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APPENDIX# 1

PROCEDURE FOR SAMPLING AND PROCESSING TO DETERMINE BACTERIAL TRANSLOCATION

MATERIALS (or equivalent)

1. MRS agar: BD Difco™ Dehydrated Culture Media: Lactobacilli MRS Agar, catalog# DF0882-17-0, Fisher Scientific, originally from BD
2. Anaerobic box: AnaeroPak 2.5L Rectangular Jar, catalog# R685025, Thermo Scientific
3. Anaerobic packs: AnaeroPak – Anaero Anaerobic Gas Generator, catalog# R681001R681001
4. Buffered peptone: Buffered Peptone Water, catalog# 1072280500, Millipore Sigma
5. Stomacher: Stomacher® 80 Biomaster, Thomas Scientific, product# 3436A15

METHODS

1. 0.5 mL of blood and 0.5-2.0 grams of liver and mesenteric lymph nodes (collected from the same site for uniformity) from five randomly selected animals per sex per group will be harvested and maintained on ice (do not freeze) until analyzed for bacterial translocation as described below. The liver will be weighed prior to removal of the sample.
2. A 100 µL quantity of whole blood will be directly spread plated in duplicate on de Man, Rogosa, Sharpe (MRS) agar medium and incubated at 37°C for 48 hours or until colony growth is adequate for counting anaerobically (in an anaerobic box with AnaeroPaks).
3. Liver and mesenteric lymph nodes will be briefly rinsed after collection and homogenized using a mechanical homogenizer (Omni probe homogenizer Model TH) in 2 mL of buffered peptone water (1 g/mL) and 100 µL of the resulting homogenate will be plated in duplicate on MRS agar and incubated at 37°C for 24-48 hours or until colony growth is adequate for counting anaerobically. As a control for media and growth conditions, a known *Lactobacillus reuteri* strain (or even any *Lactobacillus* strain) will be streaked on a plate and incubated along with the above plates as described above.
4. Colony forming units (CFU) from liver, mesenteric lymph nodes and blood will be counted, averaged and tabulated for each animal and expressed as incidence of translocation (number of rats in which colony-forming units were detected/total number of rats. Positive growth on agar plates is defined by the presence of any microorganism (≥ 1 colony). All plates will be visually inspected for CFU growth after incubation and individual colonies will be counted. An automated plate counter may be utilized to assist in

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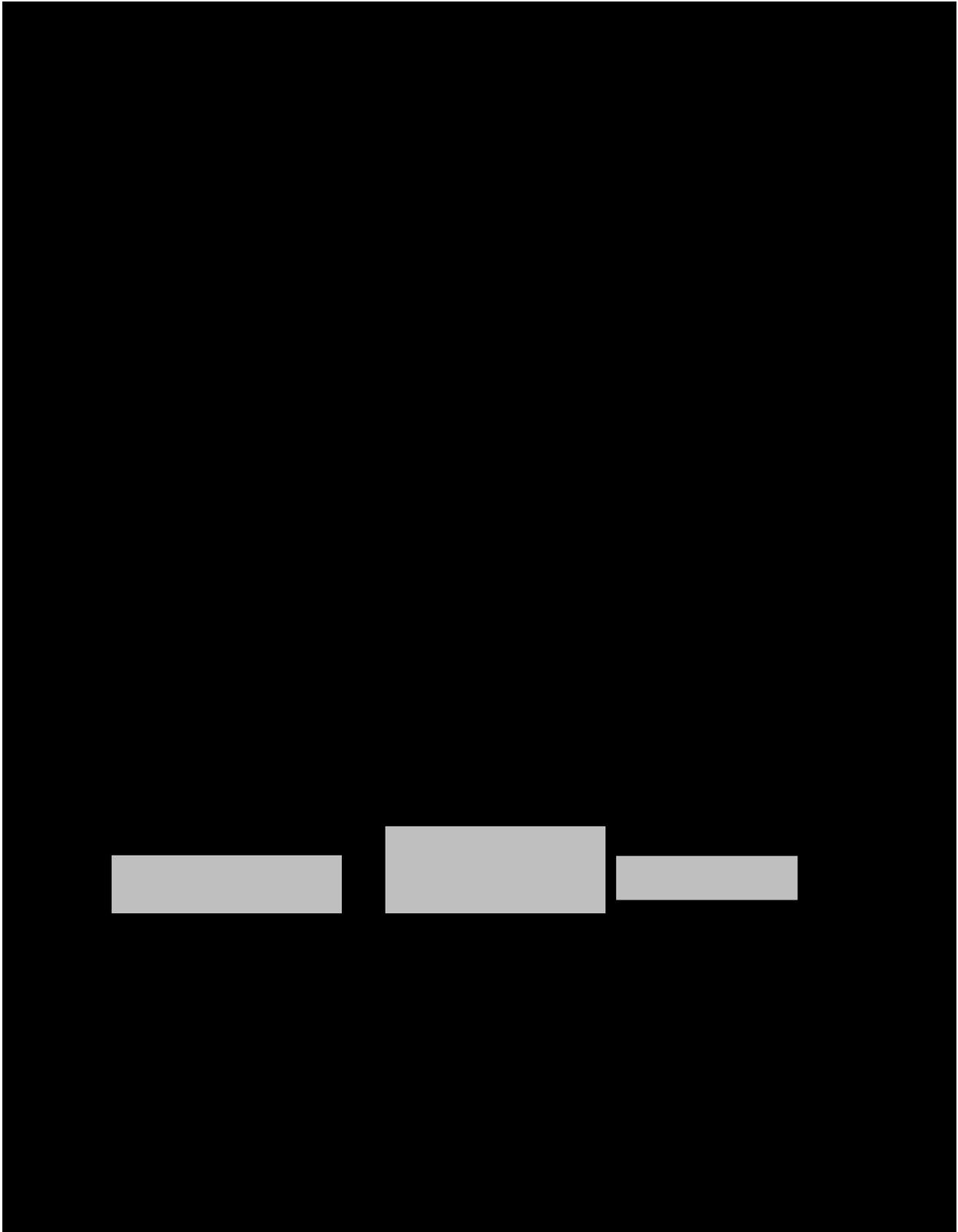
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enumerating highly populated plates. The mean CFU/gram of tissue will be calculated using the amount of respective sample evaluated, plate colony growth and factoring for applicable dilutions. For each tissue from each animal replicate plate will be examined under a stereo microscope to determine the number of distinct morphologies that have grown from the tissue using the characteristics of size, form, elevation, margin, surface, opacity and pigmentation (color). The characteristics and number of each morphology present will be recorded for the tissue.

5. The sensitivity of the method will be determined for each sample type using the average amount of tissue in each preparation, assuming a minimum detection limit of 1 CFU/plate and factoring for dilution of samples including plated volumes. Dilutions of the sample preparations either prior to inoculation or prior to plating will be accounted for in the calculations by additional multiplication of the dilution factor by the appropriate factor where applicable.

$$\text{Sensitivity (CFU/g or mL)} = (\text{Minimum Detectable CFU/plate (1 CFU)}) / (\text{Avg amount of sample (g or mL)}) \times \text{Dilution Factor}$$

6. For each morphology identified on plates from each tissue, five colonies from each morphology positive plate will be randomly picked. In the case where less than five colonies of a particular morphology are present on the plates, all colonies will be picked.
7. Picked colonies will be regrown following initial plating conditions and time. DNA from each picked colony will be extracted and identified using 16S rRNA hypervariable region 4 (V4) sequencing and checked for identity to the test strains.
8. Any colonies do not differentiated from either of the test strains by sequence of 16S RNA gene V4 region will be further characterized by rapid amplification of polymorphic DNA (RAPD) DNA fingerprinting to determine if, by this criteria, the colony is or is not differentiable from the test strains.
9. Total colony counts, characteristics and numbers for each morphology detected, taxonomic designation based on 16S V4 sequencing of each isolate characterized and if it is not differentiable from a test strain, which test strain it could not be differentiated from will be reported.



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PROTOCOL AMENDMENT

Limosilactobacillus reuteri: 28-DAY REPEAT-DOSE ORAL GAVAGE TOXICITY STUDY IN RATS

PROTOCOL NO.: P713.01 DDU

AMENDMENT NO.: 2

STUDY NO.: 55164

PSL NO.: 210226-1D, 210226-2D,
210408-3D, 210408-2D

PROTOCOL CHANGE: APPENDIX# 1: PROCEDURE FOR SAMPLING AND PROCESSING TO DETERMINE BACTERIAL TRANSLOCATION

CHANGE FROM:

MATERIALS (or equivalent)

4. Buffered peptone: Buffered Peptone Water, catalog# 1072280500, Millipore Sigma
5. Stomacher: Stomacher® 80 Biomaster, Thomas Scientific, product# 3436A15

METHODS

3. Liver and mesenteric lymph nodes will be briefly rinsed after collection and homogenized using a mechanical homogenizer (Omni probe homogenizer Model TH) in 2 mL of buffered peptone water (1 g/mL) and 100 µL of the resulting homogenate will be plated in duplicate on MRS agar and incubated at 37°C for 24-48 hours or until colony growth is adequate for counting anaerobically. As a control for media and growth conditions, a known *Lactobacillus reuteri* strain (or even any *Lactobacillus* strain) will be streaked on a plate and incubated along with the above plates as described above.

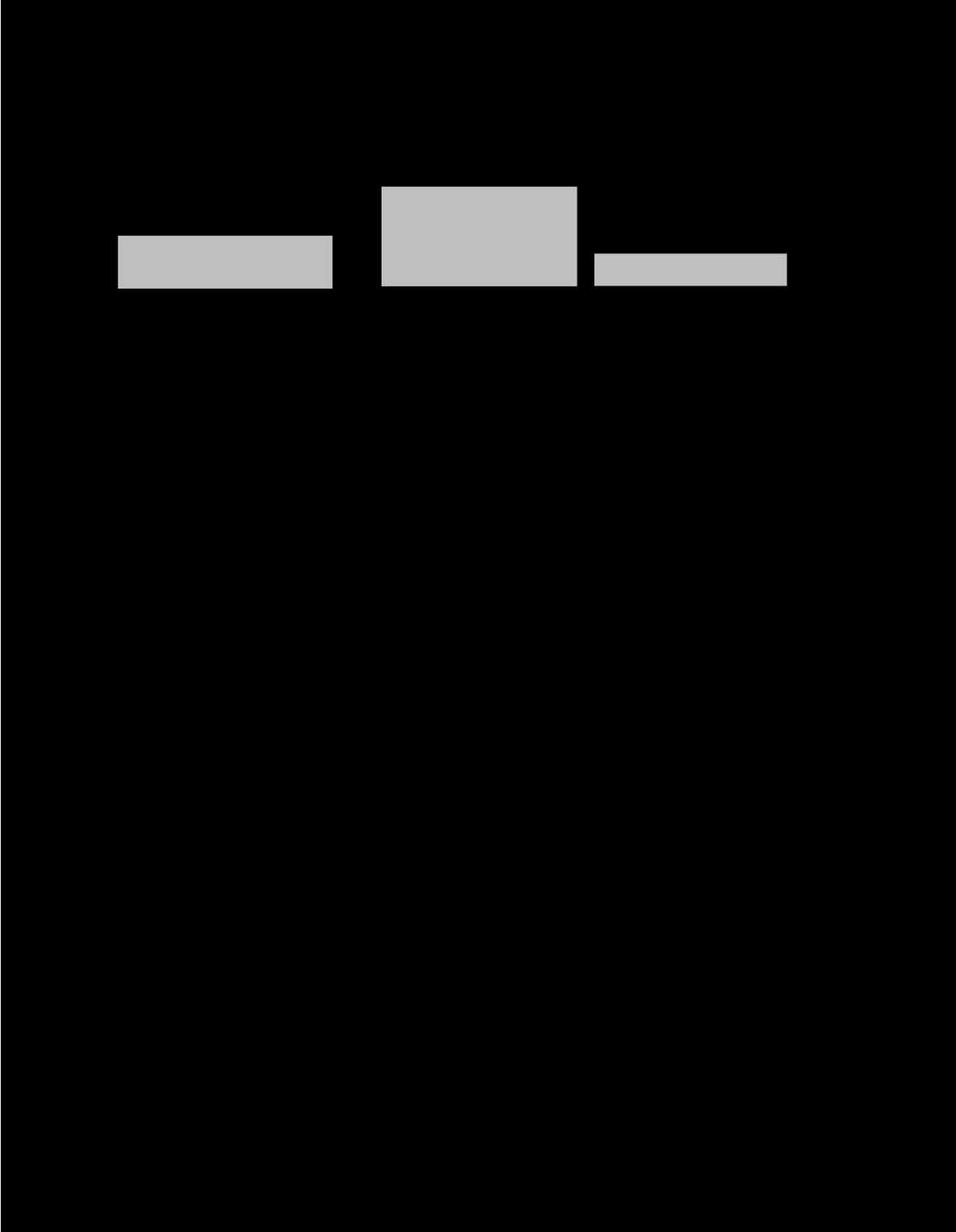
CHANGE TO:

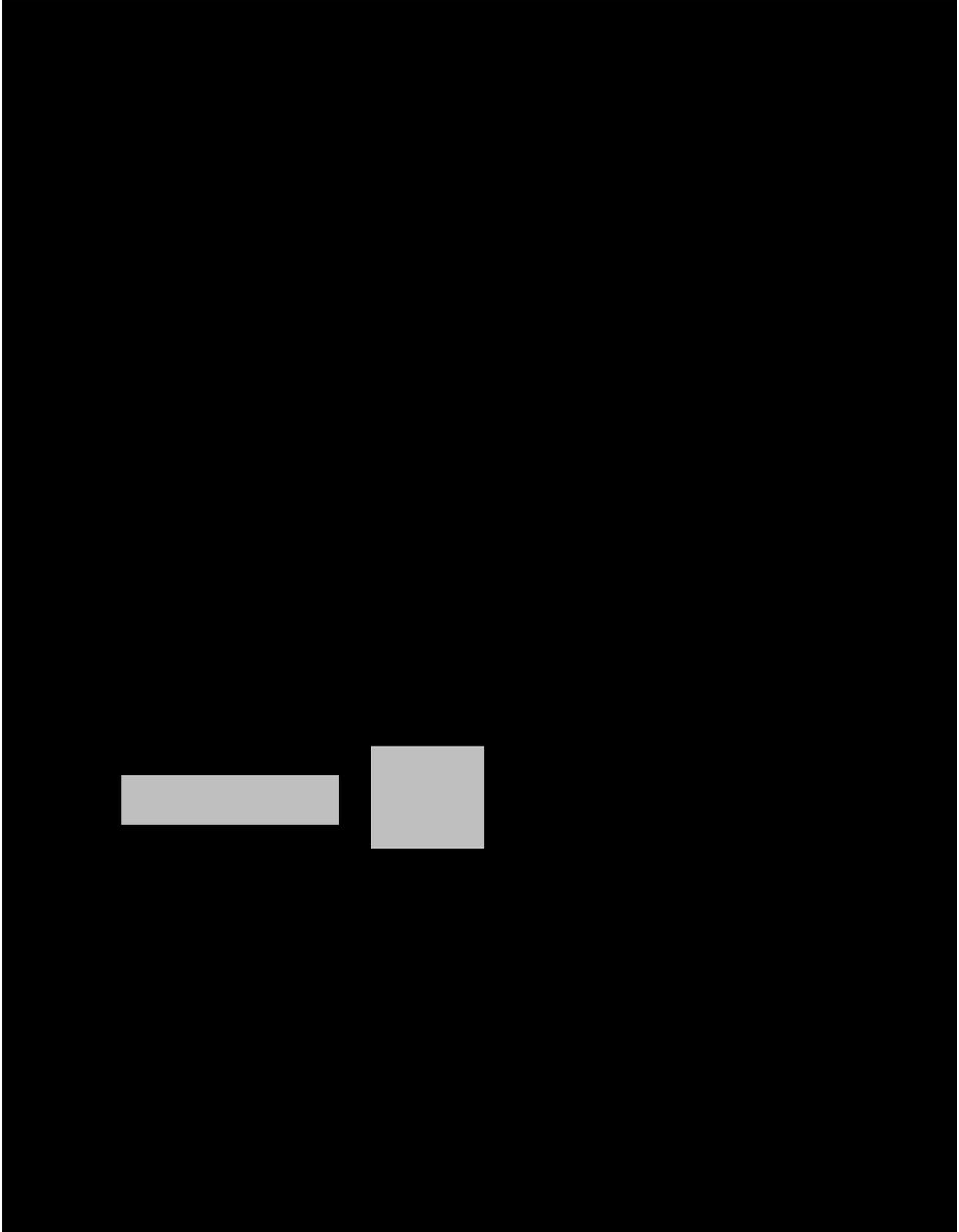
MATERIALS (or equivalent)

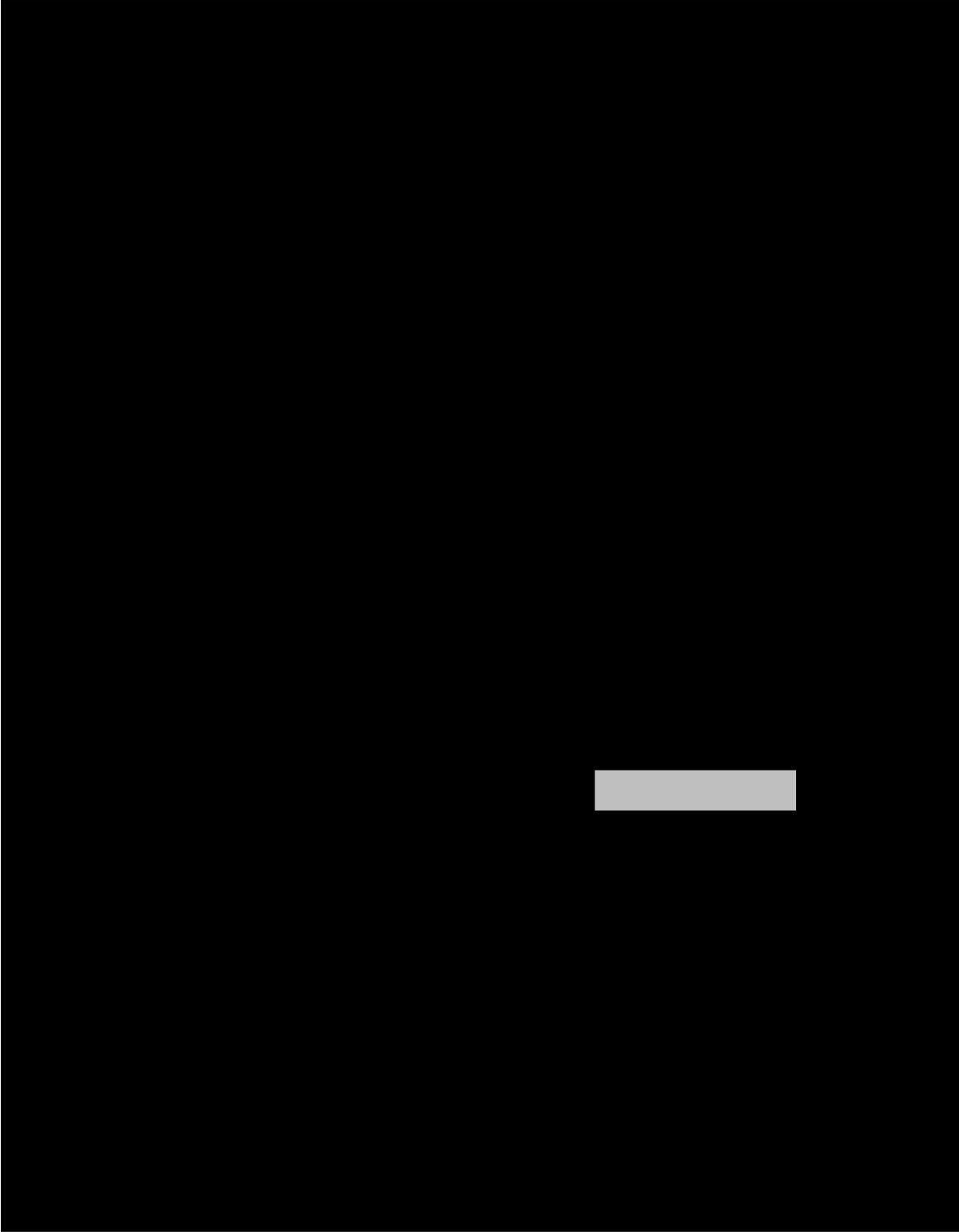
4. Dulbecco's Phosphate Buffered Saline from Mediatech Inc, Batch #: 29620002.
5. Mechanical homogenizer (Omni probe homogenizer Model TH).

METHODS

3. Liver and mesenteric lymph nodes will be briefly rinsed after collection and homogenized using a mechanical homogenizer (Omni probe homogenizer Model TH) in 10X volume of Dulbecco's Phosphate Buffered Saline (1 g/10 mL) and 100 µL of the resulting homogenate will be plated in triplicate on MRS agar and incubated with CO₂ gas packs at 37°C for 24-48 hours or until colony growth is adequate for counting. As a control for media and growth conditions, a known *Lactobacillus reuteri* strain (or even any *Lactobacillus* strain) will be streaked on a plate and incubated along with the above plates as described above.







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PROTOCOL AMENDMENT

Limosilactobacillus reuteri: 28-DAY REPEAT-DOSE ORAL GAVAGE TOXICITY
STUDY IN RATS

PROTOCOL NO.: P713.01 DDU

AMENDMENT NO.: 4

STUDY NO.: 55164

PSL NO.: 210226-1D, 210226-2D
210408-3D, 210408-2D

PROTOCOL SECTION: 9.B Identification

Test Article 1: *L. reuteri* ATCC PTA-126787 (*L. reuteri* 3630)
Lot #: 201123LRE3630
PSL ID: 210512-1D
Physical Description: White to Tan powder
Composition: 100% *L. reuteri* 3630
Storage Conditions: Frozen (store ~ -25 to -15°C until ready to use).
Expiration Date: 11/23/21

REASON: Additional test article was supplied by the Sponsor in order to complete the requested study. PSL ID 210512-1D will be used for testing. The additional material is from the same lot as the previous. This amendment has no adverse impact on the study.

Effective date: 05/12/2021

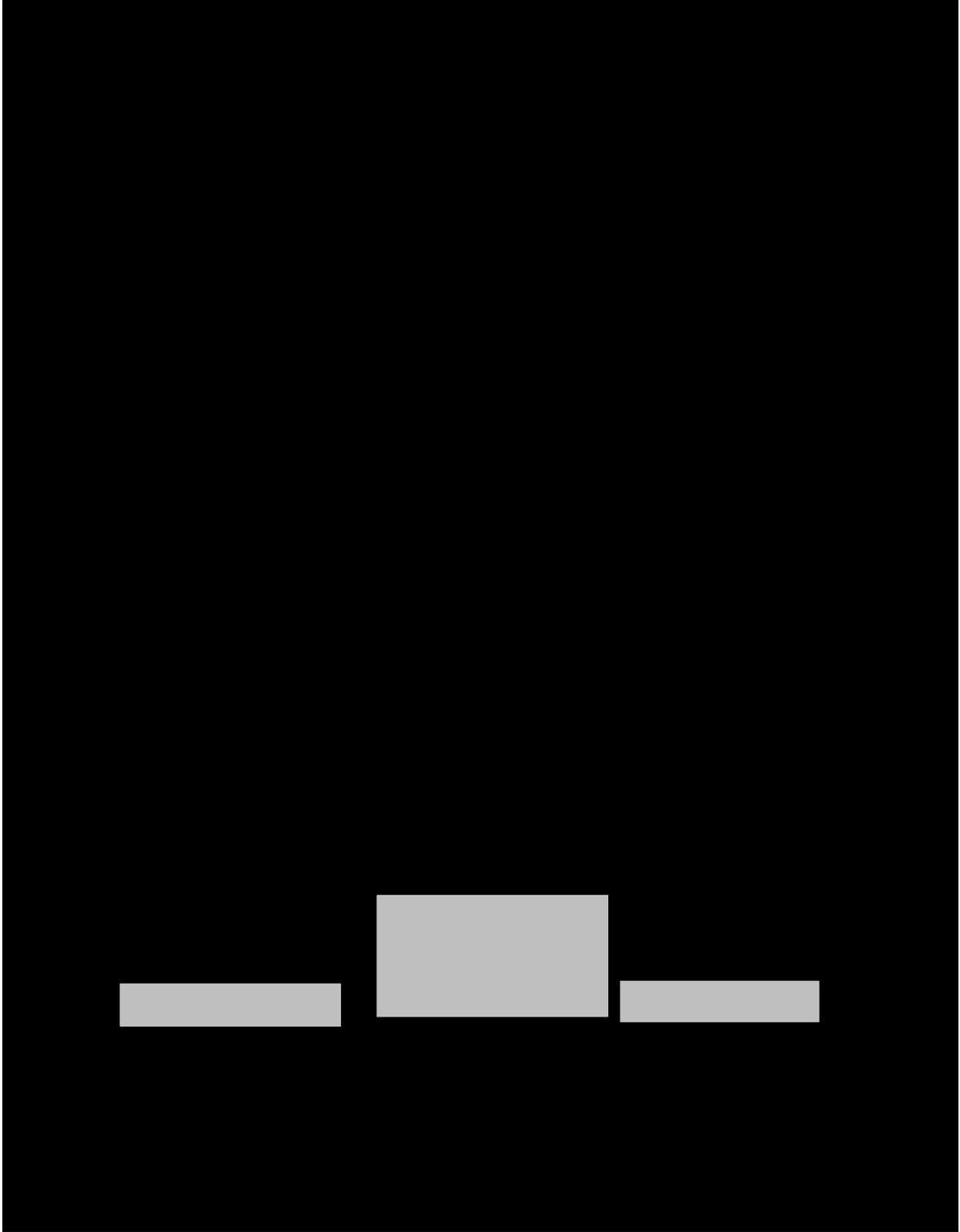
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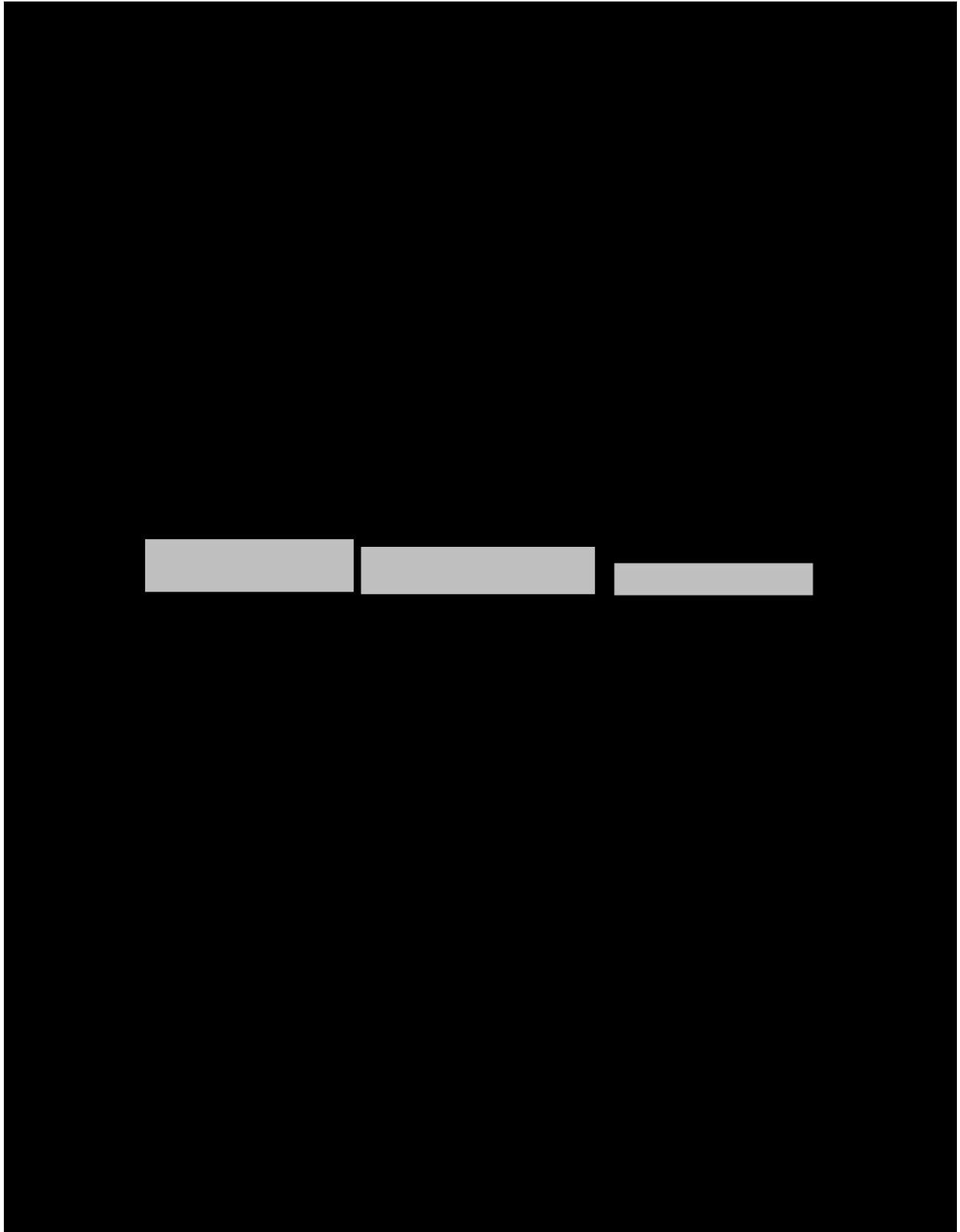
12May2021

Raghavendra Gowda Ph.D.
Study Director
Product Safety Laboratories

Dr. Olaf Will
Sponsor Representative
Bayer Animal Health GmbH
(An Elanco Affiliate)

Laurie C. Dolan
Study Monitor
GRAS Associates





Product Safety Labs

PROTOCOL AMENDMENT

Limosilactobacillus reuteri: 28-DAY REPEAT-DOSE ORAL GAVAGE TOXICITY
STUDY IN RATS

PROTOCOL NO.: P713.01 DDU

AMENDMENT NO.: ① 7

STUDY NO.: 55164

PSL NO.: 210226-1D, 210226-2D,
210408-3D, 210408-2D,
210512-1D

PROTOCOL CHANGE:

The Study Director, Raghavendra Gowda, is replaced by Mark Baurer, effective on 08/10/2021.

REASON FOR CHANGE:

Responsibility for this study has been re-assigned by test facility management.

New Study Director:

Signature: 
Mark Baurer, BS

8-17-21
Date

Management:

Signature: 
Daniel J. Merkel, BS, MBA

August 17, 2021
Date


Dr. Olaf Will
Sponsor Representative
Bayer Animal Health GmbH
(An Elanco Affiliate)


Laurie C. Dolan
Study Monitor
GRAS Associates

Aug 16, 2021

① (C) MRS 8-18-21

Product Safety Labs

PROTOCOL AMENDMENT

Limosilactobacillus reuteri: 28-DAY REPEAT-DOSE ORAL GAVAGE TOXICITY
STUDY IN RATS

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STUDY NO.: 55164

PSL NO.: 210226-1D, 210226-2D
210408-3D, 210408-2D,
210512-1D

PROTOCOL SECTION: 12.G.3: General Procedures; Clinical Pathology; Clinical Chemistry

PROTOCOL CHANGE:

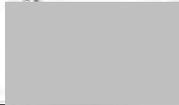
The additional serum sample collected for Sponsor analysis of L- and D – Lactic acid will not be evaluated for this study.

REASON FOR CHANGE:

Sponsor Request

Signature: 
Mark Bauser, BA

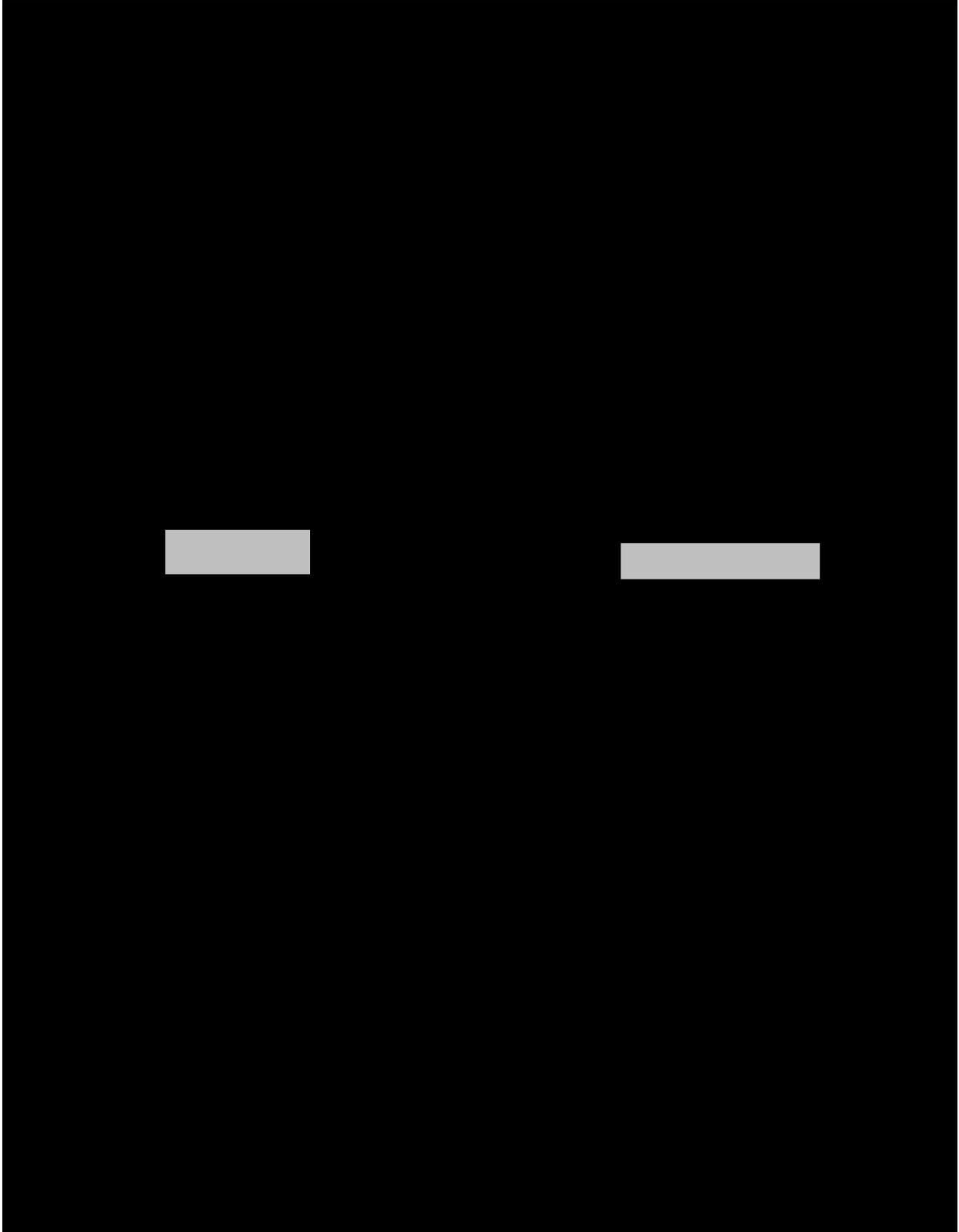
8-18-21
Date

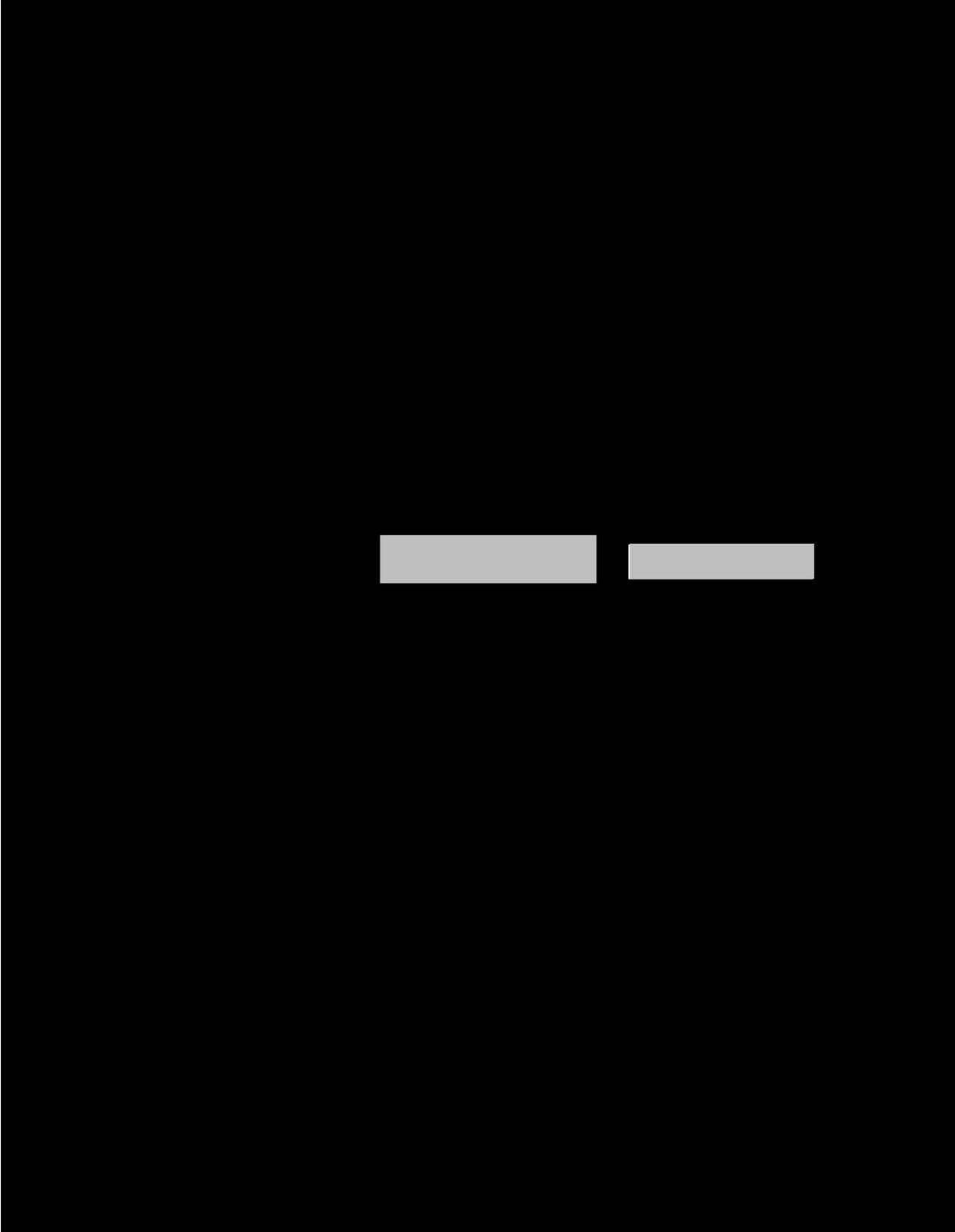

Dr. Olaf Wjll
Sponsor Representative
Bayer Animal Health GmbH
(An Elanco Affiliate)

Aug 18, 2021


Laurie C. Dolan
Study Monitor
GRAS Associates

August 18, 2021





Product Safety Labs

PROTOCOL DEVIATION

Limosilactobacillus reuteri: 28-DAY REPEAT-DOSE ORAL GAVAGE
TOXICITY STUDY IN RATS

PROTOCOL NO.: P713.01 DDU

DEVIATION NO.: 2

STUDY NO.: 55164

PSL NO.: 210226-1D, 210226-2D
210408-3D, 210408-2D

PROTOCOL SECTION: 12.G& 12.H.5 Clinical Pathology and Unscheduled Sacrifice

Protocol Deviation: The protocol indicates that clinical pathology and organ weight data will be collected for all animals killed in moribund condition for ethical reasons prior to death. These data were not collected for one animal that did not survive to terminal sacrifice

Impact: The absence of the data collected for this animal is not used in the evaluation of the data for the animals surviving to the end of the study.


Mark R. Bauter, BA
Associate Director, Toxicology
Product Safety Laboratories


Dr. Olaf Will
Sponsor Representative
Bayer Animal Health GmbH
(An Elanco Affiliate)


Laurie C. Dolan
Study Monitor
GRAS Associates

8/19/2021

APPENDIX B: FEED, WATER AND SEROLOGY ANALYSES

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

APPENDIX B: FEED

2016C



+++
ENVIGO

Teklad Certified Global 16% Protein Rodent Diet

Lot Number 2016C-020321MA
Date of Manufacture 03Feb2021
Report Date 12Feb2021

Analysis	Result (%)
Proximate Analysis	
Protein	16.40
Fat	3.68
Fiber	3.69
Moisture	11.49
Ash	5.44
Calcium	0.99
Phosphorus	0.74

Laboratory Diet Certification Report

The following data is a consolidation of results obtained from one or more independent testing laboratories. The actual laboratory results are available upon request.

Barbara Mickelson

REVIEWED
By Barbara Mickelson at 4:10 pm, Feb 16, 2021

Analysis	Result	Units	Established Maximum Concentration
Heavy Metals			
Arsenic	< 0.10	ppm	1.00
Cadmium	< 0.10	ppm	0.50
Lead	< 0.20	ppm	1.50
Mercury	< 0.05	ppm	0.20
Selenium	0.23	ppm	0.50
Mycotoxin			
Aflatoxin B1, B2, G1, G2	< 5.00	ppb	5.00
Chlorinated Hydrocarbons			
Aldrin	< 0.01	ppm	0.03
Lindane	< 0.01	ppm	0.05
Chlordane	< 0.01	ppm	0.05
DDT & related substances	< 0.03	ppm	0.15
Dieldrin	< 0.02	ppm	0.03
Endrin	< 0.02	ppm	0.03
Heptachlor	< 0.01	ppm	0.03
Heptachlor Epoxide	< 0.01	ppm	0.03
Toxaphene	< 0.10	ppm	0.15
PCB's	< 0.10	ppm	0.15
a-BHC	< 0.01	ppm	0.05
b-BHC	< 0.01	ppm	0.05
d-BHC	< 0.01	ppm	0.05
Hexachlorobenzene	< 0.01	ppm	0.03
Mirex	< 0.01	ppm	0.02
Methoxychlor	< 0.05	ppm	0.50
Organophosphates			
Thimet	< 0.15	ppm	0.50
Diazinon	< 0.14	ppm	0.50
Disulfaton	< 0.15	ppm	0.50
Methyl Parathion	< 0.14	ppm	0.50
Malathion	< 0.14	ppm	0.50
Parathion	< 0.12	ppm	0.50
Thiodan	< 0.02	ppm	0.50
Ethion	< 0.14	ppm	0.50
Trithion	< 0.15	ppm	0.50

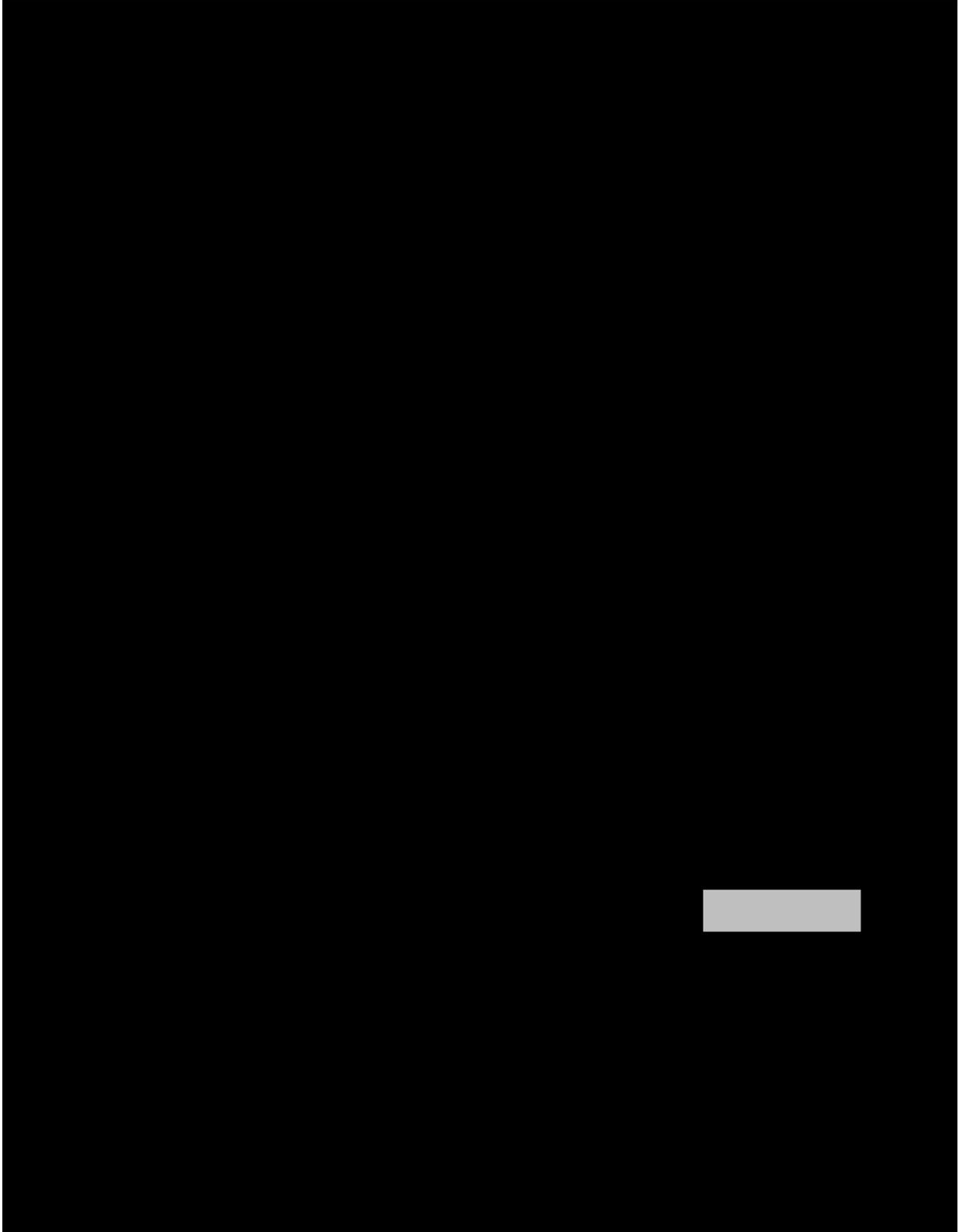
Teklad Global Diets is a trademark of Envigo. © Envigo 2015

APPENDIX B (cont.): WATER

In March 2021, water was analyzed for contaminants.

LABORATORY: PRECISION ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.
 2161 Whitesville Road
 Toms River, NJ 08755

Results of water analysis for possible contaminants were acceptable within regulatory standards.



APPENDIX B (cont.): SEROLOGY

In May 2021, serology from sentinel animals residing in Room #21, which also housed the study animals, was obtained from collected blood serum for a battery of common viral and microbiologic pathogens.

The sentinel animals along with the test animals were in Room #21 from April 13 to May 13, 2021, for the duration of the study. Blood samples were collected on May 13, 2021.

LABORATORY: IDEXX BioAnalytics
 4011 Discovery Drive
 Columbia, MO 65201

Results of the serology analyses for sentinel animals corresponding with this study are reported as samples 356F 5/13/21, 374F 5/13/21 and 362F 5/13/21. All samples were negative for microbial antibodies



FINAL REPORT OF LABORATORY EXAMINATION
4011 Discovery Drive, Columbia, MO 65201
1-800-669-0825 1-573-499-5700
idxxbioanalytics@idexx.com www.idexxbioanalytics.com

IDEXX BioAnalytics Case # 17682-2021

Received Date: 6/4/2021

Completed: 6/7/2021

Submitted By

Andre Blue
Product Safety Labs
2394 US Highway 130
Dayton, NJ 08810

Phone: 732-230-5110 x 1158
Email: andreblue@productsafetylabs.com

Specimen Description

Species: rat
Breed/Strain: CD/CRL
Description: Opti-Spot; Opti-Spot strip(s)
Number of Specimens/Animals: 3

Client ID	Investigator	Room #	Species	Strain /Breed	Sex	Study #
356F 5/13/21	Raghu Gowda	21	rat	CD/CRL	F	55164
374F 5/13/21	Raghu Gowda	21	rat	CD/CRL	F	55164
362F 5/13/21	Raghu Gowda	21	rat	CD/CRL	F	55164

Services/Tests Performed: PSL Rat Serology Panel (1-3)

Serologic evaluation for antibodies to: H1, KRV, RCV/SDAV, RMV, RPV, RTV

Summary: All test results were negative.

SEROLOGY SUMMARY

	356F 5/13/21	374F 5/13/21	362F 5/13/21
RPV	-	-	-
RMV	-	-	-
KRV	-	-	-
H1	-	-	-
RCV/SDAV	-	-	-
RTV	-	-	-
Rat IgG	N	N	N

Legend: + = positive - = negative blank = test not performed EQ = equivocal HE = hemolysis precluded testing I = insufficient W = weak positive WB = Western Blot confirmatory analysis pending NS = non-specific reactivity N = normal IgG L = less than normal IgG

SEROLOGY DETAILS

	Baseline	356F 5/13/21	374F 5/13/21	362F 5/13/21
RPV				
RPV purified virus	MFI > 2.500	-	-	-
NS1 ¹	MFI > 3.750	-	-	-
RMV				
RMV VP2 recombinant	MFI > 2.000	-	-	-
NS1 ¹	MFI > 3.750	-	-	-
KRV				
KRV purified virus	MFI > 4.250	-	-	-
NS1 ¹	MFI > 3.750	-	-	-
H1				
H1 purified virus	MFI > 1.750	-	-	-
NS1 ¹	MFI > 3.750	-	-	-
RCV/SDAV				
RCV/SDAV purified virus	MFI > 3.750	-	-	-
RCV/SDAV Spike	MFI > 3.750	-	-	-
RTV				
RTV purified virus	MFI > 2.000	-	-	-
TMEV purified virus	MFI > 2.000	-	-	-

NS1¹: NS1 protein is highly conserved among rodent parvoviruses and thus serves as a generic assay for parvovirus seroconversion.

Legend: + = positive - = negative blank = test not performed EQ = equivocal HE = hemolysis precluded testing I = insufficient W = weak positive WB = Western Blot confirmatory analysis pending NS = non-specific reactivity N = normal IgG L = less than normal IgG

Positive MFI results are reported as "*" followed by a number from 1 to 33 in thousands rounded off to the nearest thousand.

APPENDIX C: CERTIFICATES OF ANALYSIS

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632



566 W14328, Janesville Road, P.O. Box 777, Muskego, WI 53150-0777 • P: 414 422 9085; F: 414 422 9086 • info@biosource.us.com

Rev. 6 9/09/21 – added units to results

Certificate of Analysis

Date: 9/9/2021
 Customer: ELANCO
 Product: L. reuteri 3630
 Lot #: 201123LRE3630
 Lab Report #: BQL201208, 3120523-0 (Eurofins)
 Purchase Order #: Email

Microbiological Analyses

Test	Method	Spec Limits	Results
Lactic Acid Bacteria Counts	BQL-LAB-001.3	Not specified	270.8 x 10 ⁹ cfu/g
Enterococcus	CMMEF, 4th Ed	< 100 CFU/g	<10 cfu/g
Non-Laetics	ISO 13559	< 5000 CFU/g	<100 cfu/g
Enterobacteriaceae	USPN 2021	< 10 cfu/g	< 10 cfu/g
E. coli	USPE 2022	Absent/10 g	Absent/10g
Yeast & Mold	USPM 2021	< 100 cfu/g	< 10 cfu/g
CP Staphylococcus	USPA 2022	Absent/10 g	Absent /10g
Salmonella	USPS 2022	Absent /25g	Absent /25g
Listeria	FDA BAM Ch. 10	Not Detected /25 g	Not detected /25g
Appearance/Color	Visual	White to Tan powder	Pass
Identification	Riboprinter	>0.85 Similarity Index	0.9
Arsenic	AOAC 2011.19 and 993.14	NMT 1 ppm	0.194 ppm
Cadmium	AOAC 2011.19 and 993.14	NMT 0.3 ppm	0.115 ppm
Lead	AOAC 2011.19 and 993.14	NMT 1 ppm	0.046 ppm
Mercury	AOAC 2011.19 and 993.14	NMT 0.05 ppm	<.005 ppm

Manufacturing Date
11/23/2020

Best Before Date
11/23/2021

Country of Origin
US

Ingredients
Lactobacillus reuteri and no excipient

Recommended Storage Conditions
Store frozen at -20°C or colder

Approved by: Jerry Stoecklein, Quality Director



566 W14328, Janesville Road, P.O. Box 777, Muskego, WI 53150-0777 • P: 414 422 9085; F: 414 422 9086 • info@biosource.us.com

Rev. 6 – 9/09/21 – added units to results

Certificate of Analysis

Date: 9/9/2021
Customer: ELANCO
Product: L. reuteri 3632
Lot #: 201123LRE3632
Lab Report #: BQL201208, 3121727-0 (Eurofins)
Purchase Order #: Email

Microbiological and Analytical Analyses

Test	Method	Spec Limits	Results
Lactic Acid Bacteria Counts	BQL-LAB-001.3	Not specified	430.0 x 10 ⁹ cfu/g
Non-Lactics	ISO 13559	< 5000 CFU/g	300 cfu/g
Enterococcus	CMMEF, 4th Ed	< 100 CFU/g	<10 cfu/g
Enterobacteriaceae	USPN 2021	< 10 cfu/g	< 10 cgu/g
E. coli	USPE 2022	Absent/10 g	Absent /10g
Yeast & Mold	USPM 2021	< 100 cfu/g	< 10 cfu/g
CP Staphylococcus	USPA 2022	Absent/10 g	Absent /10g
Salmonella	USPS 2022	Absent /25g	Absent /10g
Listeria	FDA BAM Ch. 10	Not Detected /25 g	Not detected /25g
Appearance/Color	Visual	White to Tan powder	Pass
Identification	Riboprinter	>0.85 Similarity Index	0.89
Arsenic	AOAC 2011.19 and 993.14	NMT 1 ppm	0.282 ppm
Cadmium	AOAC 2011.19 and 993.14	NMT 0.3 ppm	0.195 ppm
Lead	AOAC 2011.19 and 993.14	NMT 1 ppm	0.103 ppm
Mercury	AOAC 2011.19 and 993.14	NMT 0.05 ppm	0.006 ppm

Manufacturing Date
11/23/2020

Best Before Date
11/23/2021

Country of Origin
US

Ingredients
Lactobacillus reuteri and no excipient

Recommended Storage Conditions
Store frozen at -20°C or colder

Approved by: Jerry Stoecklein, Quality Director

APPENDIX D: DOSE ENUMERATION ANALYSIS

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

NEAT TEST ARTICLE CONCENTRATION VERIFICATION

Sampling Day	Plated Dilution Used ¹	CFU in Neat Test Article Strain 3630					Plated Dilution Used ¹	CFU in Neat Test Article Strain 3632				
		Plates			Average	CFU\g		Plates			Average	CFU\g
		1	2	3				1	2	3		
1	10 ⁻⁸	50	44	48	47	9.50E+10	10 ⁻⁸	31	25	32	29	5.90E+10
9	10 ⁻⁸	31	38	38	36	7.10E+10	10 ⁻⁸	50	54	52	52	1.00E+10
15	10 ⁻⁸	41	30	28	33	6.60E+10	10 ⁻⁸	39	41	39	40	7.90E+10
18	10 ⁻⁷	100	99	93	97	2.00E+10	10 ⁻⁸	19	17	21	19	3.80E+10
22	10 ⁻⁷	126	124	134	128	2.60E+10	10 ⁻⁸	21	23	28	24	4.80E+10
25	10 ⁻⁸	55	54	61	57	1.10E+11	10 ⁻⁸	59	68	62	63	1.30E+10
30	10 ⁻⁷	90	84	79	84	1.70E+10	10 ⁻⁸	88	93	120	100	2.00E+11

¹ Additional dilutions were performed (10⁻⁶ to 10⁻⁹) and results are recorded in the raw data.

DOSE SOLUTION HOMOGENEITY

Day Collected	Dose Group	Strata	CFU in doing solutions for Strain 3630					CFU in doing solutions for Strain 3632						
			Plates (10 ⁻⁷ Dilution) ¹			Average	CFU/mL	Plates (10 ⁻⁷ Dilution) ¹			Average	CFU/mL		
			1	2	3			1	2	3				
1	2	Top	1	1	4	2.00	2.00E+08	8	9	4	7.00	1.80E+09		
		Middle	6	5	5	5.33	5.33E+08	8	10	9	9.00	9.00E+08		
		Bottom	0	2	1	1.00	1.00E+08	7	4	5	5.33	5.33E+08		
	Average CFU/mL						2.78E+08	Average CFU/mL						1.08E+08
	3	Top	8	7	7	7.33	7.30E+08	20	15	12	15.67	1.57E+09		
		Middle	4	7	8	6.33	6.33E+08	18	15	13	15.33	1.53E+09		
		Bottom	9	4	7	6.67	6.67E+08	17	20	13	16.67	1.67E+09		
	Average CFU/mL						6.77E+08	Average CFU/mL						1.59E+09
	4	Top	10	14	19	14.33	1.43E+09	40	46	55	47.00	4.70E+09		
		Middle	12	10	8	10.00	1.00E+09	50	52	39	47.00	4.70E+09		
		Bottom	12	10	8	10.00	1.00E+09	56	40	57	51.00	5.10E+09		
	Average CFU/mL						1.14E+09	Average CFU/mL						4.83E+09

¹ Additional dilutions were performed (10⁻⁶ to 10⁻⁹) and results are recorded in the raw data.

DOSE SOLUTION CONCENTRATION VERIFICATION

Day Collected	Dose Group	Plated Dilution Used ¹	CFU in doing solutions for Strain 3630					Plated Dilution Used	CFU in doing solutions for Strain 3632				
			Plates			Average	CFU/mL		Plates			Average	CFU/mL
			1	2	3				1	2	3		
9	2	10 ⁻⁶	31	25	38	31	3.1E+08	10 ⁻⁶	99	93	92	95	9.5E+08
	3	10 ⁻⁶	49	40	46	45	4.5E+08	10 ⁻⁶	101	97	106	101	1.0E+09
	4	10 ⁻⁷	38	31	39	36.0	3.6E+09	10 ⁻⁷	88	90	94	90.7	9.1E+09
15	2	10 ⁻⁶	43	45	48	45.3	4.5E10	10 ⁻⁶	87	96	90	91.0	9.1E+10
	3	10 ⁻⁶	48	60	55	54.3	5.4E+10	10 ⁻⁶	110	107	105	107.3	1.1E+11
	4	10 ⁻⁶	54	65	53	57.3	5.7E+10	10 ⁻⁷	87	91	85	87.7	8.8E+11
18	2 ²							10 ⁻⁷	6	8	6	6.7	6.6E+08
	3	10 ⁻⁷	3	4	7	4.7	4.7E+08	10 ⁻⁷	15	14	15	14.7	1.5E+09
	4	10 ⁻⁷	12	14	12	12.7	1.3E+09	10 ⁻⁷	30	44	37	37.0	3.7E+09
22	2	10 ⁻⁶	32	32	35	33	3.3E+08	10 ⁻⁶	100	97	103	100	1.0E+09
	3	10 ⁻⁶	45	53	46	48	4.8E+08	10 ⁻⁷	30	36	34	33.3	3.3E+09
	4	10 ⁻⁷	25	32	26	27.7	2.8E+09	10 ⁻⁷	68	71	76	71.7	7.2E+09
25	2	10 ⁻⁶	17	16	18	17	1.7E+08	10 ⁻⁶	42	49	50	47	4.7E+08
	3	10 ⁻⁶	42	41	44	42	4.2E+08	10 ⁻⁶	113	114	119	115	1.2E+09
	4	10 ⁻⁷	8	13	13	11.3	1.1E+09	10 ⁻⁷	47	48	39	44.7	4.5E+09
30	2	10 ⁻⁶	28	19	25	24	2.4E+08	10 ⁻⁶	52	64	56	57	5.7E+08
	3	10 ⁻⁶	34	32	31	32	3.2E+08	10 ⁻⁶	91	115	120	109	1.1E+09
	4	10 ⁻⁷	29	35	33	32.3	3.2E+09	10 ⁻⁷	59	51	55	55.0	5.5E+09

¹ Additional dilutions were performed (10⁻⁶ to 10⁻⁹) and results are recorded in the raw data.

² Strain 3630 colonies failed to thrive; therefore, results could not be tabulated.

APPENDIX E: INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL IN-LIFE CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

Individual Animal In-Life Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

0 CFU Group 1 Sex: Male	Observation Type: All Types	From Day 1 (Start Date) to 31 (Start Date)
3801	Normal	1 to 30
3802	Normal	1 to 30
3803	Normal	1 to 28
	Hypersalivation, Slight	29 to 30
3804	Normal	1 to 30
3805	Normal	1 to 28
	Hypersalivation, Slight	29 to 30
	Aggressive, Slight	29 to 30
3806	Normal	1 to 31
3807	Normal	1 to 31
3808	Normal	1 to 31
3809	Normal	1 to 28,31
	Aggressive, Slight	29 to 30
3810	Normal	1 to 31

Values=Clin Obs Range

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal In-Life Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2 Sex: Male	Observation Type: All Types	From Day 1 (Start Date) to 31 (Start Date)
3821	Normal	1 to 30
3822	Normal	1 to 30
3823	Normal	1 to 28,30
	Hypersalivation, Moderate	29
3824	Normal	1 to 30
3825	Normal	1 to 28,30 to 31
	Hypersalivation, Slight	29
3826	Normal	1 to 28,31
	Hypersalivation, Moderate	29 to 30
3827	Normal	1 to 28,31
	Hypersalivation, Slight	29 to 30
3828	Normal	1 to 28,30 to 31
	Hypersalivation, Moderate	29
	Hyperactivity, Slight	29
3829	Normal	1 to 3,15 to 16
	Eschar, Head, Superficial	4 to 14
	Piloerection, Slight	17 to 18
	Irregular Respiration	17 to 18
	Humane Sacrifice	19
3830	Normal	1 to 3,15 to 28,30 to 31
	Eschar, Neck, Superficial	4 to 14
	Hypersalivation, Slight	29
	Hyperactivity, Slight	29

Values=Clin Obs Range

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal In-Life Clinical Observations
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3 Sex: Male	Observation Type: All Types	From Day 1 (Start Date) to 31 (Start Date)
3841	Normal	1 to 30
3842	Normal	1 to 30
3843	Normal	1 to 30
3844	Normal	1 to 30
3845	Normal	1 to 30
3846	Normal	1 to 31
3847	Normal	1 to 31
3848	Normal	1 to 31
3849	Normal	1 to 31
3850	Normal	1 to 31

Values=Clin Obs Range

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal In-Life Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4 Sex: Male	Observation Type: All Types	From Day 1 (Start Date) to 31 (Start Date)
3861	Normal	1 to 30
3862	Normal	1 to 30
3863	Normal	1 to 30
3864	Normal	1 to 30
3865	Normal	1 to 30
3866	Normal	1 to 31
3867	Normal	1 to 31
3868	Normal	1 to 31
3869	Normal	1 to 31
3870	Normal	1 to 31

Values=Clin Obs Range

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal In-Life Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

0 CFU Group 1 Sex: Female	Observation Type: All Types	From Day 1 (Start Date) to 31 (Start Date)
3811	Normal	1 to 30
3812	Normal	1 to 28,30
	Aggressive, Slight	29
	Hyperactivity, Slight	29
3813	Normal	1 to 28,30
	Hyperactivity, Moderate	29
3814	Normal	1 to 28,30
	Hyperactivity, Moderate	29
3815	Normal	1 to 30
3816	Normal	1 to 28,31
	Hyperactivity, Slight	29 to 30
3817	Normal	1 to 31
3818	Normal	1 to 31
3819	Normal	1 to 28,30 to 31
	Hypersalivation, Slight	29
	Hypoactivity, Slight	29
3820	Normal	1 to 31

Values=Clin Obs Range

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal In-Life Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2 Sex: Female	Observation Type: All Types	From Day 1 (Start Date) to 31 (Start Date)
3831	Normal	1 to 30
3832	Normal	1 to 30
3833	Normal	1 to 30
3834	Normal	1 to 30
3835	Normal	1 to 30
3836	Normal	1 to 31
3837	Normal	1 to 31
3838	Normal	1 to 31
3839	Normal	1 to 31
3840	Normal	1 to 31

Values=Clin Obs Range

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal In-Life Clinical Observations
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3 Sex: Female	Observation Type: All Types	From Day 1 (Start Date) to 31 (Start Date)
3851	Normal	1 to 30
3852	Normal	1 to 30
3853	Normal	1 to 30
3854	Normal	1 to 30
3855	Normal	1 to 30
3856	Normal	1 to 31
3857	Normal	1 to 31
3858	Normal	1 to 31
3859	Normal	1 to 31
3860	Normal	1 to 31

Values=Clin Obs Range

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal In-Life Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4 Sex: Female	Observation Type: All Types	From Day 1 (Start Date) to 31 (Start Date)
3871	Normal	1 to 30
3872	Normal	1 to 30
3873	Normal	1 to 30
3874	Normal	1 to 30
3875	Normal	1 to 30
3876	Normal	1 to 31
3877	Normal	1 to 31
3878	Normal	1 to 31
3879	Normal	1 to 31
3880	Normal	1 to 31

Values=Clin Obs Range

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

APPENDIX F: DETAILED CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS METHODS SCORING KEY

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

Removal from Cage/Hand-held Observations	
<u>Handling Reactivity</u>	0. Slight/moderate resistance – animal is easy to handle, may squirm or vocalize occasionally 1. No resistance – animal is flaccid when being handled 2. High resistance – animal is difficult to handle, and/or squirms continuously 3. Aggressive – biting or lunging behavior specifically directed at handler
<u>Emaciation</u>	0. Absent 1. Present (confirmed using body weights)
<u>Eyes</u>	0. Normal 1. Exophthalmos – abnormal protrusion of eyeball present 2. Enophthalmus – posterior displacement of the eye (sunken eyeball) 3. Eye lesion – mechanical damage or other (e.g., orbital bleeding)
<u>Fur/Skin Appearance</u>	0. Normal 1. Unkempt – coat rough or ungroomed, may be slightly stained 2. Stained/wetness (e.g., ano-genital staining) 3. Hair loss 4. Other – includes but is not limited; eschar, wound, laceration or other skin lesions
<u>Lacrimation</u>	0. Absent 1. Present – lacrimation noticeable 2. Excessive – animal has excessive amount of tearing
<u>Mucous Membranes (color)</u>	0. Normal 1. Blanch to pink tone 2. Dusky rose to deep flush 3. Cyanosis (blue) 4. Excessive or abnormal secretion
<u>Muscle Tone</u>	0. Normal – muscles are resilient and firm and the hind legs go through their full range of motion 1. Increased – muscles are rigid; hind limbs will not go through their full range of motion 2. Decreased – muscles are flaccid; hind limbs have little or no resistance to movement
<u>Palpebral Closure</u>	0. Eyes wide open 1. Eyes halfway shut 2. Eyes completely shut
<u>Piloerection</u>	0. Absent 1. Present
<u>Respiratory Pattern</u>	0. Normal 1. Slow 2. Rapid 3. Rales (Moist or Dry) 4. Gasping 5. Labored - Dyspnea
<u>Salivation</u>	0. None 1. Present - salivation is noticeable around the edge of the mouth 2. Excessive - salivation extends to the fur around the jaw
<u>Vocalization</u>	0. Absent 1. Present - animal vocalizes unprovoked or continuously vocalizes when being handled.

Open Field Observations	
<u>Activity/Arousal</u>	<p>0. Alternating behaviors – animal goes through normal repertoire of behaviors during observation period; these consist of exploring, sniffing, grooming, rearing, etc.</p> <p>1. Inactive/Alert – animal sits in one place during the observation period but appears to be aware of its surroundings. It may go through its normal repertoire of activities but the majority of the observation period is spent not moving.</p> <p>2. Hypoactive/Not alert – animal sits in one place during the observation period; animal appears to be unaware of its surroundings or in a stupor.</p> <p>3. Hyperactive/Hyperalert – animal appears excited; animal may dart and freeze during the observation period or animal may sit in one place and jump at any sound or movement.</p>
<u>Convulsions</u>	<p>0. None</p> <p>1. Clonic – alternating periods of contraction and relaxation of muscles</p> <p>2. Tonic – prolonged period of muscle contractions</p>
<u>Defecation</u>	<p>0. None/Normal</p> <p>1. Soft (partially formed)</p> <p>2. Diarrhea (watery feces usually of increased volume)</p>
<u>Gait</u>	<p>0. Normal</p> <p>1. Ataxic Gait – inability of truncal, pelvic and limb muscles to move in unison so animal is not able to move in straight line (lurch).</p> <p>2. Hypotonic gait – impaired gait (limp) due to limb weakness or paralysis in which the animal is unable to support its weight but can move forward in a straight line without lurching.</p> <p>3. Impaired Gait – includes steppage (due to dorsiflexion of foot or toe the animal drags its forelimbs, walks on its knuckles or lifts its forelimbs unusually high to avoid dragging its toes over the ground); spastic (shuffling gait with legs rigidly extended and not lifted during movement; waddling (lateral wobbling of the pelvis); dysmetric (incoordinating movement with a coarse tremor due to overshooting goal).</p> <p>4. Total gait incapacity – applies when these are severe gait abnormalities or combinations of gait abnormality.</p>
<u>Locomotion (speed and vigor of movement)</u>	<p>0. Normal</p> <p>1. Somewhat impaired</p> <p>2. Totally impaired</p>
<u>Other</u>	<p>0. Absent</p> <p>1. Present</p> <p>NOTE: When present, a comment will identify finding</p>
<u>Posture</u>	<p>0. Normal (awake) – e.g., alert, sitting, standing, or rearing or Normal (sleeping) – e.g. curled up, usually with head down</p> <p>1. Hunched – e.g., abnormal posture</p> <p>2. Flattened (prone) –e.g., limbs spread out lying flat or on one side</p>
<u>Tremors</u>	<p>0. None</p> <p>1. Slight – e.g., localized involuntary oscillatory movement</p> <p>2. Severe – e.g., more to more than one area or involving whole body</p>
<u>Twitches</u>	<p>0. None</p> <p>1. Slight – brief coarse involuntary muscle contraction</p> <p>2. Moderate – increased frequency and severity</p> <p>3. Fasciculation – wave-like ripples of a muscle or group of muscles</p>
<u>Unusual Behaviors</u>	<p>0. Absent</p> <p>1. Present – Stereotypies/Bizarre behavior/Aggression be specific in describing all unusual behaviors on data sheet</p>
<u>Urination</u>	<p>0. None/Normal</p> <p>1. Excessive</p>
<u>Vocalizations</u>	<p>0. Absent</p> <p>1. Present</p>

APPENDIX G: INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL DETAILED CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)														
	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	
3801	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3805	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3806	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3808	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Palpebral Closure	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3801	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3805	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3806	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3808	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Piloerection	Piloerection
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3801	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3805	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3806	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3808	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Piloerection	Piloerection	Piloerection	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Respiratory Pattern
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1
3801	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3805	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3806	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3808	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)									DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)				
	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal
	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3801	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3805	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3806	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3808	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Posture	Posture	Posture	Posture
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22
3801	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3805	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3806	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3808	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Posture	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Defecation	Defecation	Defecation
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3801	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3805	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3806	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3808	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Defecation	Defecation	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3801	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3805	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3806	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3808	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	
3801	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3805	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3806	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3808	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)														
	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	
3821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3823	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3825	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3826	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3827	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3829	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.
3830	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Palpebral Closure	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3823	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3825	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3826	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3827	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3829	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0
3830	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Piloerection	Piloerection
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3823	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3825	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3826	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3827	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3829	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0
3830	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Piloerection	Piloerection	Piloerection	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Respiratory Pattern
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1
3821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3823	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3825	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3826	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3827	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3829	0	.	.	0	4 ¹	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0
3830	0	0	0	0	4 ¹	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

¹ [RC:has eschar from fighting]

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)									DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)				
	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal
	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3823	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3825	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3826	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3827	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3829	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.
3830	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Posture	Posture	Posture	Posture
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22
3821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3823	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3825	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3826	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3827	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3829	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.
3830	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Posture	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Defecation	Defecation	Defecation
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3823	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3825	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3826	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3827	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3829	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0
3830	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Defecation	Defecation	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3823	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3825	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3826	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3827	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3829	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0
3830	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)												
	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3821	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3823	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3825	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3826	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3827	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3829	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.	0	0	0	.	.
3830	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)														
	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	
3841	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3842	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3843	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3844	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3849	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Palpebral Closure	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3841	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3842	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3843	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3844	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3849	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Piloerection	Piloerection
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3841	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3842	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3843	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3844	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3849	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Piloerection	Piloerection	Piloerection	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Respiratory Pattern
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1
3841	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3842	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3843	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3844	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3849	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)									DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)				
	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal
	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3841	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3842	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3843	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3844	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3849	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Posture	Posture	Posture	Posture
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22
3841	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3842	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3843	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3844	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3849	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Posture	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Defecation	Defecation	Defecation
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3841	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3842	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3843	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3844	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3849	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Defecation	Defecation	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3841	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3842	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3843	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3844	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3849	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)												
	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3841	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3842	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3843	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3844	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3846	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3849	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22
3861	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3862	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3863	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3864	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3866	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3868	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3869	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3870	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Palpebral Closure	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3861	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3862	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3863	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3864	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3866	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3868	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3869	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3870	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Piloerection	Piloerection
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3861	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3862	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3863	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3864	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3866	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3868	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3869	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3870	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Piloerection	Piloerection	Piloerection	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Respiratory Pattern
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1
3861	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3862	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3863	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3864	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3866	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3868	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3869	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3870	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)									DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)				
	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal
	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3861	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3862	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3863	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3864	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3866	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3868	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3869	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3870	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Posture	Posture	Posture	Posture
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22
3861	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3862	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3863	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3864	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3866	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3868	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3869	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3870	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Posture	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Defecation	Defecation	Defecation
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3861	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3862	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3863	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3864	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3866	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3868	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3869	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3870	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Defecation	Defecation	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3861	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3862	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3863	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3864	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3866	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3868	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3869	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3870	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)												
	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3861	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3862	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3863	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3864	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3866	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3868	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3869	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3870	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)														
	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	
3811	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3813	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3816	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3817	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3818	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3819	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Palpebral Closure	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3811	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3813	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3816	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3817	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3818	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3819	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Piloerection	Piloerection
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3811	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3813	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3816	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3817	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3818	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3819	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Piloerection	Piloerection	Piloerection	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Respiratory Pattern
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1
3811	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3813	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3816	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3817	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3818	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3819	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)									DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)				
	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal
	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3811	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3813	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3816	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3817	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3818	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3819	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Posture	Posture	Posture	Posture
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22
3811	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3813	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3816	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3817	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3818	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3819	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Posture	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Defecation	Defecation	Defecation
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3811	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3813	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3816	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3817	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3818	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3819	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Defecation	Defecation	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3811	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3813	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3816	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3817	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3818	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3819	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

0 CFU Group 1	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	
3811	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3813	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3816	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3817	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3818	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3819	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)														
	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	
3831	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3833	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3834	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3835	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3836	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3837	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3838	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3839	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3840	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Palpebral Closure	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3831	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3833	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3834	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3835	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3836	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3837	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3838	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3839	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3840	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Piloerection	Piloerection	Piloerection	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Respiratory Pattern
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1
3831	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3833	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3834	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3835	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3836	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3837	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3838	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3839	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3840	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)									DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)				
	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal
	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3831	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3833	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3834	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3835	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3836	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3837	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3838	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3839	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3840	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Posture	Posture	Posture	Posture
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22
3831	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3833	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3834	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3835	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3836	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3837	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3838	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3839	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3840	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Posture	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Defecation	Defecation	Defecation
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3831	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3833	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3834	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3835	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3836	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3837	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3838	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3839	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3840	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Defecation	Defecation	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3831	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3833	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3834	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3835	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3836	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3837	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3838	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3839	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3840	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)												
	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3831	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3833	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3834	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3835	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3836	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3837	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3838	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3839	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3840	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22
3851	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3852	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3853	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3854	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3855	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3856	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3858	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3859	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Palpebral Closure	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3851	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3852	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3853	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3854	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3855	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3856	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3858	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3859	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Piloerection	Piloerection
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3851	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3852	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3853	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3854	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3855	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3856	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3858	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3859	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Piloerection	Piloerection	Piloerection	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Respiratory Pattern
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1
3851	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3852	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3853	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3854	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3855	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3856	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3858	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3859	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)									DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)				
	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal
	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3851	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3852	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3853	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3854	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3855	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3856	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3858	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3859	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Posture	Posture	Posture	Posture
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22
3851	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3852	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3853	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3854	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3855	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3856	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3858	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3859	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Posture	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Defecation	Defecation	Defecation
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3851	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3852	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3853	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3854	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3855	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3856	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3858	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3859	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Defecation	Defecation	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3851	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3852	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3853	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3854	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3855	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3856	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3858	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3859	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)												
	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3851	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3852	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3853	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3854	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3855	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3856	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3858	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3859	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)														
	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Handling Reactivity	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Vocalization (RC)	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	Palpebral Closure	
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	
3871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3872	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3876	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3877	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3879	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3880	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Palpebral Closure	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Lacrimation	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Eyes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3872	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3876	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3877	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3879	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3880	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Mucous Membranes	Mucous Membranes	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Salivation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Emaciation	Piloerection	Piloerection
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3872	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3876	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3877	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3879	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3880	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)													
	Piloerection	Piloerection	Piloerection	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Fur/Skin	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Muscle Tone	Respiratory Pattern
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1
3871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3872	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3876	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3877	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3879	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3880	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Removal from Cage)									DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)				
	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Respiratory Pattern	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Pupillary Reflex	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal	Activity/ Arousal
	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29
3871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3872	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3876	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3877	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3879	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3880	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Convulsions	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Tremors	Posture	Posture	Posture	Posture
	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22
3871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3872	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3876	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3877	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3879	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3880	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Posture	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Gait	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Locomotion	Defecation	Defecation	Defecation
	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15
3871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3872	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3876	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3877	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3879	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3880	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Defecation	Defecation	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Urination	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Unusual Behaviors	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)
	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8
3871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3872	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3876	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3877	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3879	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3880	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Detailed Clinical Observations
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Day(s) Relative to Start Date

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	DetClinObs (Open Field Obs)													
	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Vocalization (OF)	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	Twitches	
	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	1	8	15	22	29	
3871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3872	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3876	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3877	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3879	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3880	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

APPENDIX H: INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL BODY WEIGHTS

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Bodyweight (g)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1	4	8	11	15	18	22
3801	340	352	379	388	402	414	433
3802	336	321	345	356	382	399	414
3803	344	364	392	406	433	456	469
3804	361	382	405	420	446	456	479
3805	349	364	390	404	423	440	458
3806	326	336	352	354	366	374	386
3807	365	375	398	411	432	445	459
3808	324	327	345	355	380	385	405
3809	363	384	413	424	449	464	490
3810	312	320	346	357	373	380	400
Mean	342.0	352.5	376.5	387.5	408.6	421.3	439.3
SD	18.0	25.0	27.0	29.2	31.7	34.9	36.5
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Bodyweight (g)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date	
	25	29
3801	441	456
3802	426	440
3803	473	493
3804	485	512
3805	470	490
3806	399	410
3807	472	486
3808	415	430
3809	506	521
3810	413	428
Mean	450.0	466.6
SD	35.9	38.7
N	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Bodyweight (g)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1	4	8	11	15	18	22
3821	343	346	373	393	411	433	467
3822	337	343	358	361	374	384	399
3823	316	320	344	357	381	391	410
3824	325	330	337	346	359	361	376
3825	347	356	383	394	418	427	446
3826	365	380	406	430	454	467	486
3827	364	371	390	406	419	435	445
3828	352	368	398	413	439	451	467
3829	321	323	338	348	352	313	-
3830	354	304	335	349	369	382	407
Mean	342.4	344.1	366.2	379.7	397.6	404.4	433.7
SD	17.4	24.9	27.2	31.0	35.2	46.8	37.1
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	9

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Bodyweight (g)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date	
	25	29
3821	472	481
3822	409	422
3823	422	436
3824	387	399
3825	451	467
3826	504	509
3827	463	476
3828	478	488
3829	-	-
3830	422	443
Mean	445.3	457.9
SD	37.7	35.2
N	9	9

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Bodyweight (g)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1	4	8	11	15	18	22
3841	320	377	341	352	369	380	396
3842	362	326	400	419	445	458	479
3843	349	358	376	394	410	424	443
3844	325	337	354	368	390	392	405
3845	343	354	372	392	411	429	434
3846	365	383	409	422	447	455	473
3847	316	335	359	372	379	386	400
3848	360	373	403	422	449	461	485
3849	330	340	361	377	380	392	415
3850	353	369	389	407	427	445	475
Mean	342.3	355.2	376.4	392.5	410.7	422.2	440.5
SD	18.3	20.0	23.1	24.8	30.4	32.2	35.4
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Bodyweight (g)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date	
	25	29
3841	405	422
3842	492	508
3843	458	468
3844	423	430
3845	457	471
3846	488	508
3847	409	418
3848	497	513
3849	425	435
3850	492	513
Mean	454.6	468.6
SD	36.7	40.0
N	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Bodyweight (g)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1	4	8	11	15	18	22
3861	362	378	404	410	431	448	468
3862	316	330	345	357	365	374	388
3863	328	340	354	367	380	390	405
3864	338	352	377	385	402	414	435
3865	352	366	401	417	442	460	482
3866	360	382	410	410	430	441	465
3867	370	374	401	424	431	455	478
3868	332	359	386	397	416	425	449
3869	324	329	346	363	371	392	414
3870	346	367	399	416	435	458	482
Mean	342.8	357.7	382.3	394.6	410.3	425.7	446.6
SD	18.0	19.3	25.3	24.9	28.8	31.7	34.4
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Bodyweight (g)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date	
	25	29
3861	480	499
3862	392	404
3863	415	430
3864	446	456
3865	498	518
3866	469	484
3867	488	502
3868	460	468
3869	423	438
3870	503	524
Mean	457.4	472.3
SD	37.6	40.0
N	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Bodyweight (g)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1	4	8	11	15	18	22
3811	253	248	258	252	261	269	280
3812	236	233	234	250	261	250	257
3813	216	226	233	232	242	245	257
3814	225	234	237	248	251	256	267
3815	235	251	263	268	275	279	284
3816	203	206	211	212	219	206	209
3817	230	239	244	242	247	252	260
3818	231	241	251	255	273	269	278
3819	229	225	231	237	246	250	259
3820	242	249	256	253	266	267	275
Mean	230.0	235.2	241.8	244.9	254.1	254.3	262.6
SD	13.7	13.7	15.7	15.3	16.8	20.2	21.4
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Bodyweight (g)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date	
	25	29
3811	292	295
3812	269	279
3813	256	269
3814	263	263
3815	285	292
3816	221	233
3817	268	276
3818	276	288
3819	258	265
3820	282	291
Mean	267.0	275.1
SD	20.0	18.8
N	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Bodyweight (g)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1	4	8	11	15	18	22
3831	228	237	239	247	251	250	258
3832	244	256	264	268	279	278	283
3833	233	237	247	253	270	273	282
3834	230	233	243	248	257	255	260
3835	217	223	228	233	243	239	245
3836	229	233	240	237	249	250	254
3837	238	239	251	257	269	275	282
3838	234	237	245	248	260	262	269
3839	251	249	256	252	268	281	298
3840	213	221	223	226	241	248	254
Mean	231.7	236.5	243.6	246.9	258.7	261.1	268.5
SD	11.4	10.5	12.2	12.2	12.7	14.8	17.0
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Bodyweight (g)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date	
	25	29
3831	266	272
3832	281	280
3833	288	293
3834	269	272
3835	248	256
3836	260	267
3837	274	278
3838	275	283
3839	299	300
3840	250	255
Mean	271.0	275.6
SD	16.0	14.5
N	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Bodyweight (g)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1	4	8	11	15	18	22
3851	238	239	256	260	270	278	286
3852	222	233	240	243	253	253	260
3853	218	221	233	241	251	254	264
3854	234	237	253	245	254	254	256
3855	251	254	264	265	271	267	271
3856	248	248	259	263	268	266	272
3857	212	225	233	252	257	261	265
3858	230	240	249	255	252	248	249
3859	232	245	248	244	265	259	265
3860	230	231	231	254	258	264	276
Mean	231.5	237.3	246.6	252.2	259.9	260.4	266.4
SD	12.3	10.2	11.8	8.7	7.8	8.8	10.5
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Bodyweight (g)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date	
	25	29
3851	294	302
3852	272	278
3853	257	265
3854	261	269
3855	282	286
3856	280	288
3857	255	261
3858	257	256
3859	272	286
3860	280	278
Mean	271.0	276.9
SD	13.2	14.2
N	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Bodyweight (g)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1	4	8	11	15	18	22
3871	214	217	223	223	232	232	238
3872	227	232	238	238	247	255	264
3873	205	200	198	208	214	219	228
3874	231	237	248	238	251	260	270
3875	240	236	246	254	261	259	278
3876	249	245	265	267	290	299	301
3877	257	261	268	272	283	284	294
3878	230	236	238	240	238	242	248
3879	236	240	243	246	255	250	255
3880	229	235	244	246	256	245	251
Mean	231.8	233.9	241.1	243.2	252.7	254.5	262.7
SD	15.2	16.2	20.0	19.0	22.5	23.4	23.5
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Mean Daily Body Weights
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Bodyweight (g)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date	
	25	29
3871	245	252
3872	267	270
3873	230	229
3874	277	283
3875	269	281
3876	298	310
3877	309	320
3878	256	255
3879	262	267
3880	262	267
Mean	267.5	273.4
SD	23.2	26.9
N	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

APPENDIX I: INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL MEAN DAILY BODY WEIGHT GAIN

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3801	4.0	6.8	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.8	2.7
3802	-5.0	6.0	3.7	6.5	5.7	3.8	4.0
3803	6.7	7.0	4.7	6.8	7.7	3.3	1.3
3804	7.0	5.8	5.0	6.5	3.3	5.8	2.0
3805	5.0	6.5	4.7	4.8	5.7	4.5	4.0
3806	3.3	4.0	0.7	3.0	2.7	3.0	4.3
3807	3.3	5.8	4.3	5.3	4.3	3.5	4.3
3808	1.0	4.5	3.3	6.3	1.7	5.0	3.3
3809	7.0	7.3	3.7	6.3	5.0	6.5	5.3
3810	2.7	6.5	3.7	4.0	2.3	5.0	4.3
Mean	3.50	6.00	3.67	5.28	4.23	4.50	3.57
SD	3.59	1.05	1.24	1.39	1.83	1.13	1.23
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3801	3.8
3802	3.5
3803	5.0
3804	6.8
3805	5.0
3806	2.8
3807	3.5
3808	3.8
3809	3.8
3810	3.8
Mean	4.15
SD	1.14
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3821	1.0	6.8	6.7	4.5	7.3	8.5	1.7
3822	2.0	3.8	1.0	3.3	3.3	3.8	3.3
3823	1.3	6.0	4.3	6.0	3.3	4.8	4.0
3824	1.7	1.8	3.0	3.3	0.7	3.8	3.7
3825	3.0	6.8	3.7	6.0	3.0	4.8	1.7
3826	5.0	6.5	8.0	6.0	4.3	4.8	6.0
3827	2.3	4.8	5.3	3.3	5.3	2.5	6.0
3828	5.3	7.5	5.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	3.7
3829	0.7	3.8	3.3	1.0	-13.0	.	.
3830	-16.7	7.8	4.7	5.0	4.3	6.3	5.0
Mean	0.57	5.53	4.50	4.48	2.27	4.78	3.89
SD	6.26	1.95	1.96	1.76	5.63	1.73	1.60
N	10	10	10	10	10	9	9

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3821	2.3
3822	3.3
3823	3.5
3824	3.0
3825	4.0
3826	1.3
3827	3.3
3828	2.5
3829	.
3830	5.3
Mean	3.14
SD	1.13
N	9

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3841	19.0	-9.0	3.7	4.3	3.7	4.0	3.0
3842	-12.0	18.5	6.3	6.5	4.3	5.3	4.3
3843	3.0	4.5	6.0	4.0	4.7	4.8	5.0
3844	4.0	4.3	4.7	5.5	0.7	3.3	6.0
3845	3.7	4.5	6.7	4.8	6.0	1.3	7.7
3846	6.0	6.5	4.3	6.3	2.7	4.5	5.0
3847	6.3	6.0	4.3	1.8	2.3	3.5	3.0
3848	4.3	7.5	6.3	6.8	4.0	6.0	4.0
3849	3.3	5.3	5.3	0.8	4.0	5.8	3.3
3850	5.3	5.0	6.0	5.0	6.0	7.5	5.7
Mean	4.30	5.30	5.37	4.55	3.83	4.58	4.70
SD	7.40	6.57	1.05	1.98	1.63	1.72	1.49
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3841	4.3
3842	4.0
3843	2.5
3844	1.8
3845	3.5
3846	5.0
3847	2.3
3848	4.0
3849	2.5
3850	5.3
Mean	3.50
SD	1.20
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3861	5.3	6.5	2.0	5.3	5.7	5.0	4.0
3862	4.7	3.8	4.0	2.0	3.0	3.5	1.3
3863	4.0	3.5	4.3	3.3	3.3	3.8	3.3
3864	4.7	6.3	2.7	4.3	4.0	5.3	3.7
3865	4.7	8.8	5.3	6.3	6.0	5.5	5.3
3866	7.3	7.0	0.0	5.0	3.7	6.0	1.3
3867	1.3	6.8	7.7	1.8	8.0	5.8	3.3
3868	9.0	6.8	3.7	4.8	3.0	6.0	3.7
3869	1.7	4.3	5.7	2.0	7.0	5.5	3.0
3870	7.0	8.0	5.7	4.8	7.7	6.0	7.0
Mean	4.97	6.15	4.10	3.93	5.13	5.23	3.60
SD	2.39	1.77	2.18	1.58	1.97	0.91	1.68
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3861	4.8
3862	3.0
3863	3.8
3864	2.5
3865	5.0
3866	3.8
3867	3.5
3868	2.0
3869	3.8
3870	5.3
Mean	3.73
SD	1.06
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3811	-1.7	2.5	-2.0	2.3	2.7	2.8	4.0
3812	-1.0	0.3	5.3	2.8	-3.7	1.8	4.0
3813	3.3	1.8	-0.3	2.5	1.0	3.0	-0.3
3814	3.0	0.8	3.7	0.8	1.7	2.8	-1.3
3815	5.3	3.0	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.3	0.3
3816	1.0	1.3	0.3	1.8	-4.3	0.8	4.0
3817	3.0	1.3	-0.7	1.3	1.7	2.0	2.7
3818	3.3	2.5	1.3	4.5	-1.3	2.3	-0.7
3819	-1.3	1.5	2.0	2.3	1.3	2.3	-0.3
3820	2.3	1.8	-1.0	3.3	0.3	2.0	2.3
Mean	1.73	1.65	1.03	2.30	0.07	2.08	1.47
SD	2.37	0.84	2.25	1.06	2.39	0.70	2.15
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3811	0.8
3812	2.5
3813	3.3
3814	0.0
3815	1.8
3816	3.0
3817	2.0
3818	3.0
3819	1.8
3820	2.3
Mean	2.03
SD	1.03
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3831	3.0	0.5	2.7	1.0	-0.3	2.0	2.7
3832	4.0	2.0	1.3	2.8	-0.3	1.3	-0.7
3833	1.3	2.5	2.0	4.3	1.0	2.3	2.0
3834	1.0	2.5	1.7	2.3	-0.7	1.3	3.0
3835	2.0	1.3	1.7	2.5	-1.3	1.5	1.0
3836	1.3	1.8	-1.0	3.0	0.3	1.0	2.0
3837	0.3	3.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	1.8	-2.7
3838	1.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	0.7	1.8	2.0
3839	-0.7	1.8	-1.3	4.0	4.3	4.3	0.3
3840	2.7	0.5	1.0	3.8	2.3	1.5	-1.3
Mean	1.60	1.78	1.10	2.95	0.80	1.85	0.83
SD	1.36	0.83	1.30	0.94	1.69	0.92	1.87
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3831	1.5
3832	-0.3
3833	1.3
3834	0.8
3835	2.0
3836	1.8
3837	1.0
3838	2.0
3839	0.3
3840	1.3
Mean	1.15
SD	0.74
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3851	0.3	4.3	1.3	2.5	2.7	2.0	2.7
3852	3.7	1.8	1.0	2.5	0.0	1.8	4.0
3853	1.0	3.0	2.7	2.5	1.0	2.5	-2.3
3854	1.0	4.0	-2.7	2.3	0.0	0.5	1.7
3855	1.0	2.5	0.3	1.5	-1.3	1.0	3.7
3856	0.0	2.8	1.3	1.3	-0.7	1.5	2.7
3857	4.3	2.0	6.3	1.3	1.3	1.0	-3.3
3858	3.3	2.3	2.0	-0.8	-1.3	0.3	2.7
3859	4.3	0.8	-1.3	5.3	-2.0	1.5	2.3
3860	0.3	0.0	7.7	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.3
Mean	1.93	2.33	1.87	1.93	0.17	1.50	1.53
SD	1.76	1.31	3.14	1.54	1.55	0.86	2.45
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3851	2.0
3852	1.5
3853	2.0
3854	2.0
3855	1.0
3856	2.0
3857	1.5
3858	-0.3
3859	3.5
3860	-0.5
Mean	1.48
SD	1.17
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3871	1.0	1.5	0.0	2.3	0.0	1.5	2.3
3872	1.7	1.5	0.0	2.3	2.7	2.3	1.0
3873	-1.7	-0.5	3.3	1.5	1.7	2.3	0.7
3874	2.0	2.8	-3.3	3.3	3.0	2.5	2.3
3875	-1.3	2.5	2.7	1.8	-0.7	4.8	-3.0
3876	-1.3	5.0	0.7	5.8	3.0	0.5	-1.0
3877	1.3	1.8	1.3	2.8	0.3	2.5	5.0
3878	2.0	0.5	0.7	-0.5	1.3	1.5	2.7
3879	1.3	0.8	1.0	2.3	-1.7	1.3	2.3
3880	2.0	2.3	0.7	2.5	-3.7	1.5	3.7
Mean	0.70	1.80	0.70	2.38	0.60	2.05	1.60
SD	1.52	1.49	1.78	1.56	2.18	1.14	2.30
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Numbers, Dose Groups, and Fates
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Body Weight Gain (g/day)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3871	1.8
3872	0.8
3873	-0.3
3874	1.5
3875	3.0
3876	3.0
3877	2.8
3878	-0.3
3879	1.3
3880	1.3
Mean	1.48
SD	1.20
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

APPENDIX J: INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL MEAN DAILY FOOD CONSUMPTION

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

L. reuteri 3630 & *L. reuteri* 3632

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3801	19.7	26.0	26.8	26.5	24.0	26.1	27.2
3802	19.7	26.0	26.8	26.5	24.0	26.1	27.2
3803	27.8	27.6	27.2	28.9	26.5	28.4	27.3
3804	27.8	27.6	27.2	28.9	26.5	28.4	27.3
3805	22.8	24.0	23.2	23.9	22.7	25.3	25.8
3806	22.8	24.0	23.2	23.9	22.7	25.3	25.8
3807	23.8	25.0	24.5	25.8	24.3	25.3	27.5
3808	23.8	25.0	24.5	25.8	24.3	25.3	27.5
3809	25.7	26.0	26.5	25.1	26.3	27.1	28.8
3810	25.7	26.0	26.5	25.1	26.3	27.1	28.8
Mean	23.97	25.73	25.63	26.03	24.77	26.43	27.33
SD	2.89	1.27	1.63	1.75	1.54	1.26	1.01
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3801	28.1
3802	28.1
3803	30.1
3804	30.1
3805	26.8
3806	26.8
3807	28.3
3808	28.3
3809	29.5
3810	29.5
Mean	28.55
SD	1.24
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3821	21.2	23.9	24.5	24.4	24.7	27.8	28.0
3822	21.2	23.9	24.5	24.4	24.7	27.8	28.0
3823	20.0	22.4	22.7	23.9	22.0	24.1	24.8
3824	20.0	22.4	22.7	23.9	22.0	24.1	24.8
3825	26.3	27.1	26.5	28.0	26.2	27.5	27.7
3826	26.3	27.1	26.5	28.0	26.2	27.5	27.7
3827	24.5	27.5	27.7	27.3	26.0	31.4	28.0
3828	24.5	27.5	27.7	27.3	26.0	31.4	28.0
3829	11.5	14.0	26.7	26.0	.	.	.
3830	11.5	14.0	26.7	26.0	.	.	27.3
Mean	20.70	22.98	25.60	25.90	24.71	27.69	27.15
SD	5.41	5.15	1.89	1.68	1.78	2.74	1.33
N	10	10	10	10	8	8	9

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3821	26.9
3822	26.9
3823	25.1
3824	25.1
3825	26.8
3826	26.8
3827	29.0
3828	29.0
3829	.
3830	30.3
Mean	27.31
SD	1.76
N	9

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3841	24.8	25.3	26.0	26.1	25.0	27.5	28.3
3842	24.8	25.3	26.0	26.1	25.0	27.5	28.3
3843	21.3	23.3	24.0	24.0	23.2	24.4	26.2
3844	21.3	23.3	24.0	24.0	23.2	24.4	26.2
3845	26.7	26.3	27.8	26.1	27.2	28.6	29.7
3846	26.7	26.3	27.8	26.1	27.2	28.6	29.7
3847	25.0	25.0	26.5	24.5	22.8	26.1	26.3
3848	25.0	25.0	26.5	24.5	22.8	26.1	26.3
3849	24.0	25.5	25.5	24.6	25.7	28.9	29.3
3850	24.0	25.5	25.5	24.6	25.7	28.9	29.3
Mean	24.37	25.05	25.97	25.08	24.77	27.10	27.97
SD	1.84	1.05	1.32	0.93	1.69	1.76	1.55
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3841	30.1
3842	30.1
3843	26.5
3844	26.5
3845	28.6
3846	28.6
3847	26.9
3848	26.9
3849	30.5
3850	30.5
Mean	28.53
SD	1.72
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3861	24.2	27.0	26.2	25.5	23.5	28.1	27.5
3862	24.2	27.0	26.2	25.5	23.5	28.1	27.5
3863	22.0	23.8	24.0	23.6	24.2	28.9	26.2
3864	22.0	23.8	24.0	23.6	24.2	28.9	26.2
3865	27.8	30.1	30.2	30.9	29.7	32.1	31.3
3866	27.8	30.1	30.2	30.9	29.7	32.1	31.3
3867	25.5	28.9	28.5	27.1	27.5	29.1	28.5
3868	25.5	28.9	28.5	27.1	27.5	29.1	28.5
3869	24.5	26.5	34.7	29.9	35.5	50.6	26.7
3870	24.5	26.5	34.7	29.9	35.5	50.6	26.7
Mean	24.80	27.25	28.70	27.40	28.07	33.78	28.03
SD	2.00	2.30	3.84	2.83	4.58	9.00	1.93
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Male Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3861	27.6
3862	27.6
3863	27.4
3864	27.4
3865	33.6
3866	33.6
3867	32.5
3868	32.5
3869	29.4
3870	29.4
Mean	30.10
SD	2.68
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3811	17.8	18.0	18.0	20.4	17.2	19.8	21.5
3812	17.8	18.0	18.0	20.4	17.2	19.8	21.5
3813	17.7	16.5	16.2	16.8	15.2	17.4	17.0
3814	17.7	16.5	16.2	16.8	15.2	17.4	17.0
3815	17.3	18.8	17.8	18.9	16.5	18.6	20.7
3816	17.3	18.8	17.8	18.9	16.5	18.6	20.7
3817	18.8	18.5	18.0	19.0	16.8	17.9	18.0
3818	18.8	18.5	18.0	19.0	16.8	17.9	18.0
3819	18.3	19.0	18.0	18.6	16.7	18.5	18.5
3820	18.3	19.0	18.0	18.6	16.7	18.5	18.5
Mean	18.00	18.15	17.60	18.73	16.47	18.43	19.13
SD	0.56	0.94	0.76	1.22	0.72	0.84	1.78
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

0 CFU Group 1	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3811	18.9
3812	18.9
3813	17.5
3814	17.5
3815	20.5
3816	20.5
3817	19.9
3818	19.9
3819	19.6
3820	19.6
Mean	19.28
SD	1.08
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3831	18.0	18.1	17.2	17.5	16.0	17.9	20.3
3832	18.0	18.1	17.2	17.5	16.0	17.9	20.3
3833	16.8	18.3	18.5	19.6	17.5	18.5	20.2
3834	16.8	18.3	18.5	19.6	17.5	18.5	20.2
3835	16.2	17.0	15.3	19.3	14.7	16.8	17.2
3836	16.2	17.0	15.3	19.3	14.7	16.8	17.2
3837	18.0	19.1	19.7	20.3	18.0	18.6	15.7
3838	18.0	19.1	19.7	20.3	18.0	18.6	15.7
3839	19.0	16.1	18.5	20.4	19.0	21.0	19.3
3840	19.0	16.1	18.5	20.4	19.0	21.0	19.3
Mean	17.60	17.73	17.83	19.40	17.03	18.55	18.53
SD	1.05	1.10	1.56	1.09	1.61	1.47	1.92
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

1.668E+10 CFU Group 2	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3831	19.1
3832	19.1
3833	20.0
3834	20.0
3835	17.4
3836	17.4
3837	18.5
3838	18.5
3839	20.8
3840	20.8
Mean	19.15
SD	1.23
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3851	17.3	19.3	18.2	19.5	17.7	20.3	22.0
3852	17.3	19.3	18.2	19.5	17.7	20.3	22.0
3853	17.8	17.1	17.2	17.9	16.5	17.5	17.8
3854	17.8	17.1	17.2	17.9	16.5	17.5	17.8
3855	17.7	19.1	17.0	18.0	16.2	18.1	19.3
3856	17.7	19.1	17.0	18.0	16.2	18.1	19.3
3857	17.7	17.6	18.5	18.5	15.7	16.6	17.5
3858	17.7	17.6	18.5	18.5	15.7	16.6	17.5
3859	18.2	18.8	18.8	20.5	17.0	19.8	20.0
3860	18.2	18.8	18.8	20.5	17.0	19.8	20.0
Mean	17.73	18.38	17.93	18.88	16.60	18.45	19.33
SD	0.29	0.89	0.77	1.05	0.73	1.44	1.71
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
 PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
 28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

3.337E+10 CFU Group 3	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3851	20.1
3852	20.1
3853	18.6
3854	18.6
3855	18.0
3856	18.0
3857	18.9
3858	18.9
3859	20.6
3860	20.6
Mean	19.25
SD	1.03
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date						
	1 → 4	4 → 8	8 → 11	11 → 15	15 → 18	18 → 22	22 → 25
3871	16.5	15.9	16.2	17.3	16.2	16.9	17.5
3872	16.5	15.9	16.2	17.3	16.2	16.9	17.5
3873	16.3	16.0	12.8	16.5	15.5	16.9	16.2
3874	16.3	16.0	12.8	16.5	15.5	16.9	16.2
3875	17.8	19.6	19.3	20.6	20.0	19.6	18.0
3876	17.8	19.6	19.3	20.6	20.0	19.6	18.0
3877	19.3	18.6	18.0	18.1	17.3	19.4	20.3
3878	19.3	18.6	18.0	18.1	17.3	19.4	20.3
3879	17.8	18.4	17.7	18.4	15.7	18.1	20.2
3880	17.8	18.4	17.7	18.4	15.7	18.1	20.2
Mean	17.57	17.70	16.80	18.18	16.93	18.18	18.43
SD	1.15	1.58	2.34	1.47	1.75	1.24	1.69
N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.

Individual Animal Daily Food Consumption
PSL Study Number 55164: Limosilactobacillus Reuteri:
28-Day Repeat-Dose Oral Gavage Toxicity Study in Rats

Sex: Female Mean Daily Food Consumption (g/day)

1.001E+11 CFU Group 4	Day(s) Relative to Start Date
	25 → 29
3871	18.1
3872	18.1
3873	17.1
3874	17.1
3875	21.6
3876	21.6
3877	19.1
3878	19.1
3879	18.4
3880	18.4
Mean	18.88
SD	1.60
N	10

* The doses listed are the nominal values for each dose group in terms of CFU/kg bw/day.