

cobas® HIV-1
510(k) Summary

This summary of 510(k) safety and effectiveness information is being submitted in accordance with the requirements of 21 CFR 807.92.

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| Date Prepared | April 11, 2025 |
| Proprietary Name | cobas® HIV-1 Quantitative nucleic acid test for use on the cobas® 5800/6800/8800 systems |
| Common Name | cobas® HIV-1 |
| Classification Name | Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) viral load monitoring test |
| Product Code | QUM |
| Predicate Devices | cobas® HIV-1 Quantitative nucleic acid test for use on the cobas® 5800/6800/8800 systems |
| Establishment Registration | Roche Molecular Systems, Inc. (2243471) |

1. DEVICE DESCRIPTION

cobas® HIV-1 is a quantitative test performed on the **cobas®** 5800 system, **cobas®** 6800 system and **cobas®** 8800 system. **cobas®** HIV-1 enables the detection and quantitation of HIV-1 RNA in EDTA plasma of infected patients. Two probes are used to detect and quantify, but not discriminate group M, N and O subtypes. The viral load is quantified against a non-HIV-1 armored RNA quantitation standard (RNA-QS), which is introduced into each specimen during sample processing. The RNA-QS functions as an internal control to monitor the entire sample preparation and polymerase chain reaction (PCR) amplification process. In addition, the test utilizes three external controls: a high titer positive, a low titer positive, and a negative control.

cobas® HIV-1 is based on fully automated sample preparation (nucleic acid extraction and purification) followed by PCR amplification and detection. The **cobas®** 5800 system is designed as one integrated instrument. The **cobas®** 6800/8800 systems consist of the sample supply module, the transfer module, the processing module, and the analytic module. Automated data management is performed by the **cobas®** 5800 or **cobas®** 6800/8800 systems software (SW) which assigns test results for all tests as target not detected, < LLoQ (lower limit of quantitation), > ULoQ (upper limit of quantitation) or HIV-1 RNA detected, a value in the linear range $LLoQ \leq x \leq ULoQ$. Results can be reviewed directly on the system screen, exported, or printed as a report.

Nucleic acid from patient samples, external controls and added armored RNA (RNA-QS) molecules is simultaneously extracted. In summary, viral nucleic acid is released by addition of proteinase and lysis reagent to the sample. The released nucleic acid binds to the silica surface of the added magnetic glass particles. Unbound substances and impurities, such as denatured protein, cellular debris and potential PCR inhibitors are removed with subsequent wash reagent steps and purified nucleic acid is eluted from the magnetic glass particles with elution buffer at elevated temperature.

Selective amplification of target nucleic acid from the sample is achieved by the use of target virus-specific forward and reverse primers which are selected from highly conserved regions of the HIV-1 genome. The HIV-1 group-specific antigen (gag) gene and the HIV-1 long terminal repeat (LTR) region (dual target) are amplified by **cobas®** HIV-1. Selective amplification of RNA-QS is achieved by the use of sequence-specific forward and reverse primers which are selected to have no homology with the HIV-1 genome. A thermostable DNA polymerase enzyme is used for both reverse-transcription and PCR amplification. The target and RNA-QS sequences

are amplified simultaneously utilizing a PCR amplification profile with predefined temperature steps and number of cycles. The master mix includes deoxyuridine triphosphate (dUTP), instead of deoxythymidine triphosphate (dTTP), which is incorporated into the newly synthesized DNA (amplicon). Any contaminating amplicons from previous PCR runs are eliminated by the AmpErase enzyme, which is included in the PCR master mix, during the first thermal cycling step. However, newly formed amplicons are not eliminated since the AmpErase enzyme is inactivated once exposed to temperatures above 55°C.

The **cobas®** HIV-1 master mix contains two detection probes specific for the HIV-1 target sequences and one for the RNA-QS. The probes are labeled with target specific fluorescent reporter dyes allowing simultaneous detection of HIV-1 target and RNA-QS in two different target channels. When not bound to the target sequence, the fluorescent signal of the intact probes is suppressed by a quencher dye. During the PCR amplification step, hybridization of the probes to the specific single-stranded DNA template results in cleavage of the probe by the 5' to 3' exonuclease activity of the DNA polymerase resulting in separation of the reporter and quencher dyes and the generation of a fluorescent signal. With each PCR cycle, increasing amounts of cleaved probes are generated and the cumulative signal of the reporter dye increases concomitantly. Real-time detection and discrimination of PCR products is accomplished by measuring the fluorescence of the released reporter dyes for the viral targets and RNA-QS, respectively.

2. INDICATIONS FOR USE

cobas® HIV-1 is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification test for the quantitation of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) in EDTA plasma of HIV-1-infected individuals using the automated **cobas®** 5800/6800/8800 systems for specimen processing, amplification and detection. The test can quantitate HIV-1 RNA over the range of 20-10,000,000 cp/mL (33 to 1.67×10^7 International Units/mL).

This test is intended for use in conjunction with clinical presentation and other laboratory markers for the clinical management of HIV-1 infected patients. The test can be used to assess patient prognosis by measuring the baseline HIV-1 level or to monitor the effects of antiretroviral therapy by measuring changes in HIV-1 RNA levels during the course of antiretroviral treatment.

cobas® HIV-1 is not intended for use as a screening test for the presence of HIV-1 in donated blood or plasma or as a diagnostic test to confirm the presence of HIV-1 infection.

3. TECHNOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The primary technological characteristics and intended use of **cobas®** HIV-1 are substantially equivalent to other legally marketed nucleic acid amplification test intended test for the quantitation of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) in EDTA plasma of HIV-1-infected individuals. There are no changes to the assay reagents. New labeling for the assay has been included in this submission. This labeling contains revisions related to the use of the assay on the **cobas®** 5800/6800/8800 systems.

The technical characteristics of **cobas®** HIV-1 are compared to the identified predicate device, **cobas®** HIV-1 Quantitative nucleic acid test for use on the **cobas®** 5800/6800/8800 systems (**cobas®** HIV-1) (BP150262) in [Table 1](#). The candidate device utilizes an updated analytical cycler with updated light source (Light Emitting Diode, LED) and Light Detection Digital Camera. Additionally, the **cobas®** 6800 system is updated to include two analytical cyclers compared to the predicate device. The system software has also been updated to version 2.0.

Table 1: Similarities and Differences between **cobas® HIV-1 and the Predicate Device.**

| Comparator | Candidate Device: cobas® HIV-1 | Predicate Device: cobas® HIV-1 (BP150262) |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Proprietary Name | cobas® HIV-1 Quantitative nucleic acid test for use on the cobas® 5800/6800/8800 systems | Same |
| Regulation Number | 21 CFR 866.3958 | Same |
| Regulation Name | Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) viral load monitoring test | Same |
| Regulatory Class | Class II | Same |
| Product Code | QUM | Same |

| Comparator | Candidate Device: cobas® HIV-1 | Predicate Device: cobas® HIV-1 (BP150262) |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Intended Use | <p>cobas® HIV-1 is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification test for the quantitation of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) in EDTA plasma of HIV-1-infected individuals using the automated cobas® 5800/6800/8800 systems for specimen processing, amplification and detection. The test can quantitate HIV-1 RNA over the range of 20-10,000,000 cp/mL (33 to 1.67×10^7 International Units/mL).</p> <p>This test is intended for use in conjunction with clinical presentation and other laboratory markers for the clinical management of HIV-1 infected patients. The test can be used to assess patient prognosis by measuring the baseline HIV-1 level or to monitor the effects of antiretroviral therapy by measuring changes in HIV-1 RNA levels during the course of antiretroviral treatment.</p> <p>cobas® HIV-1 is not intended for use as a screening test for the presence of HIV-1 in donated blood or plasma or as a diagnostic test to confirm the presence of HIV-1 infection.</p> | Same |
| Conditions for use | For prescription use | Same |
| Sample Types | EDTA plasma | Same |
| Subject Status | HIV-infected individuals | Same |
| Analyte Targets | HIV-1 | Same |
| Sample Preparation Procedure | Automated by cobas® 5800/6800/8800 systems | Same |
| Amplification Technology | Real-time PCR | Same |
| Detection Chemistry | Paired reporter and quencher fluorescence labeled probes (TaqMan Technology) | Same |
| Controls used | <p>RNA Quantitation Standard (RNA-QS) (internal control)</p> <p>cobas® HBV/HCV/HIV-1 Control Kit (external positive control)</p> <p>cobas® NHP Negative Control Kit (external negative control)</p> | Same |
| Instrument Platform | cobas® 5800/6800/8800 systems | Same |

| Comparator | Candidate Device: cobas® HIV-1 | Predicate Device: cobas® HIV-1 (BP150262) |
|--|---|---|
| Amplification/Detection | <p>Updated light source (LED) and Light Detection (Digital Camera)</p> <p>Real-time PCR using fluorescence signal detection. Separate detection and thermal cycler units/modules with specific temperatures and times for denaturation, annealing, and elongation steps, result calculation and interpretation methods, and filter specifications</p> | Same (except updated light source (LED) and Light Detection (Digital Camera)) |
| Number of supported assays per run | 6 assays/run | 3 assays/run |
| <p>Throughput:</p> <p>cobas® 6800 (1 analytical cycler)</p> <p>cobas® 6800 (2 analytical cycler)</p> <p>cobas® 8800 (4 analytical cycler)</p> | <p>384 tests in 8 hours</p> <p>480 tests in 8 hours</p> <p>960 tests in 8 hours</p> | <p>384 tests in 8 hours</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>960 tests in 8 hours</p> |
| High Level Instrument Software Architecture | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Refactored and modularized instrument control (IC) SW module and instrument management (IM) SW module are combined in one SW module. The x800 Data Manager SW module will replace the IG SW Module. x800 ASAP SW will replace the cobas® 6800/8800 ASAP and cobas® 5800 ASAP. cobas® 5800 system with software version 1.0 (P/N 08707464001), and the cobas® 6800/8800 systems with software version 2.0 (P/N 09575154001 and P/N 09575146001) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Instrument Control (IC) SW Instrument Management (IM) SW Instrument Gateway (IG) SW cobas® 6800/8800 Assay-specific analysis packages (ASAP) SW cobas® 6800/8800 systems with software version 1.4 (P/N 05524245001 or P/N 05412722001) cobas® 5800 Assay-specific analysis packages (ASAP) SW cobas® 5800 system with software version 1.0 (P/N 08707464001) |
| Control Scheduling | <p>Default setting will remain the same as the predicate device</p> <p>Additional setting possible for alternate control frequency based on lab requirements and local regulations</p> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Controls will be required at least for each reagent lot change and every 72 hours. - The new control concept is identical to the one with cobas® 5800 system. | Positive control and negative control included on every amplification/detection plate |

4. NON-CLINICAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The update of the analytic cycler with a different LED Source and light detection may potentially affect the Assay performance. To confirm System Performance Equivalency between the new **cobas® 6800/8800** systems 2.0 and the current on-market **cobas® 6800/8800** systems 1.4, three system equivalency studies have been performed testing performance with the **cobas® MPX** as representative assay. Other analytical studies were completed as part of BP150262. There are no changes to the assay reagents.

4.1. *cobas® 6800/8800 Systems 2.0 Equivalency Study – Reproducibility*

Reproducibility of the new **cobas® 6800/8800** systems 2.0 was assessed by testing co-formulated panels with HIV-1, HBV, and HCV, and single-formulated HIV-2, diluted in pooled negative EDTA-plasma at $1.5\times$ LoD and $3\times$ LoD concentration levels. An HIV/HBV/HCV negative EDTA-Plasma panel member was also tested.

Testing was conducted over five days using three **cobas® 6800/8800** Systems 2.0 Instruments and three operators at one internal site, two runs per day and instrument and using three different Kit lots of **cobas® MPX**. Three replicates per panel member were tested in two runs performed per day. A total of 90 replicates per concentration level and target were distributed.

The detection rate for panel members with target concentration level at $1.5\times$ LoD and $3\times$ LoD on the new **cobas® 6800/8800** Systems 2.0 was demonstrated to be greater than 95%. Additionally, all the negative samples tested negative, and the detection rate for the negative/blank panel member was demonstrated to be less than the acceptance criteria of 5% on **cobas® 6800/8800** Systems 2.0. Based on these results, the study met all the acceptance criteria.

4.2. *cobas® 6800/8800 Systems 2.0 Equivalency Study – Diagnostic specificity*

601 individual pre-screened, non-reactive individual plasma specimens were selected for this study to demonstrate performance equivalency in regard to specificity. The study was conducted using the 601 negative EDTA plasma specimens (one replicate per specimen per system configuration) with three test specific reagent lots on three new **cobas® 6800/8800** Systems 2.0 and two **cobas® 6800/8800** Systems 1.4. Testing was conducted over the course of three days. of which 599 specimens were valid and tested negative.

The Negative Percent Agreement (NPA) between both the new **cobas®** 6800/8800 Systems 2.0 and the current on-market **cobas®** 6800/8800 Systems 1.4 with a lower bound of the one-sided 95% confidence interval is 99.55%. The results met the acceptance criteria.

4.3. *cobas® 6800/8800 Systems 2.0 Equivalency Study – Correlation*

155 individually spiked single donor specimen for each target (HIV-1 Group M, HIV-2, HBV, HCV) as well as 155 individual HIV/HBV/HCV negative single donor specimens were used to assess the performance equivalency between the updated and original systems. The individual HIV-1 Group M, and HIV-2, HBV, HCV positive and individual negative specimens were distributed across three **cobas®** MPX kit lots, and tested on three **cobas®** 6800/8800 Systems 2.0. Testing was performed at one site (internal) over the course of four days

Test results showed that for HIV-1, HIV-2, HBV, and HCV specimens the positive percent agreement (PPA) was 100%. The lower bound of the one-sided 95% confidence interval (CI) for PPA was 98.28%. For the negative specimen the negative percent agreement (NPA) was 100%. The lower bound of the one-sided 95% CI for NPA was 98.28%. The overall percent agreement was 100%. These results met the acceptance criteria.

5. CLINICAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Completed as part of BP150262. There are no changes to the assay reagents.

6. CONCLUSIONS

As the **cobas®** HIV-1 assay reagents and intended use population have not changed, additional clinical studies were not performed. Non-clinical studies were used to evaluate the performance of the updated **cobas®** HIV-1 Quantitative nucleic acid test for use on the **cobas®** 5800/6800/8800 systems. The conclusions drawn from the nonclinical tests demonstrate that the device is as safe, as effective, and performs as well as the predicate. These studies support a conclusion of substantial equivalence between the updated **cobas®** HIV-1 Quantitative nucleic acid test for use on the **cobas®** 5800/6800/8800 systems and the current on-market **cobas®** 5800/6800/8800 systems.