

Individuals using assistive technology may not be able to fully access the information contained in this file. For assistance, please call 800-835-4709 or 240-402-8010, extension 1. CBER Consumer Affairs Branch or send an e-mail to: ocod@fda.hhs.gov and include 508 Accommodation and the title of the document in the subject line of your e-mail.

Moderna COVID-19 Vaccines Update

Moderna, Inc.

June 5, 2024

Vaccines and Related Biological Products Advisory Committee

Introduction

Frances Priddy, MD MPH

Executive Director, Clinical Development
Moderna, Inc.

Moderna Continues to Prepare and Evaluate New COVID-19 Vaccines as SARS-CoV-2 Variants Emerge

Moderna's Ongoing Commitment

- Monitor emerging Variants of Concern
- Develop new candidate vaccines
- Generate preclinical data
- Collect sera from vaccine recipients to assess cross neutralization of future variants
- Ensure manufacturing capabilities to rapidly respond to public health needs
- Prepared to supply new variant-containing vaccine as recommended

Recent Research Activities

- Currently licensed XBB.1.5 vaccine
 - Safety surveillance
 - Assessing real-world effectiveness
 - Evaluated cross neutralization against emerging variants
- Investigational JN.1-lineage vaccines (including JN.1 & KP.2)
 - Developed at risk
 - Generated preclinical data



Safety and Effectiveness of Moderna 2023-2024 (XBB.1.5) COVID-19 Vaccine

Safety of Moderna 2023-2024 (XBB.1.5) Vaccine in Adults

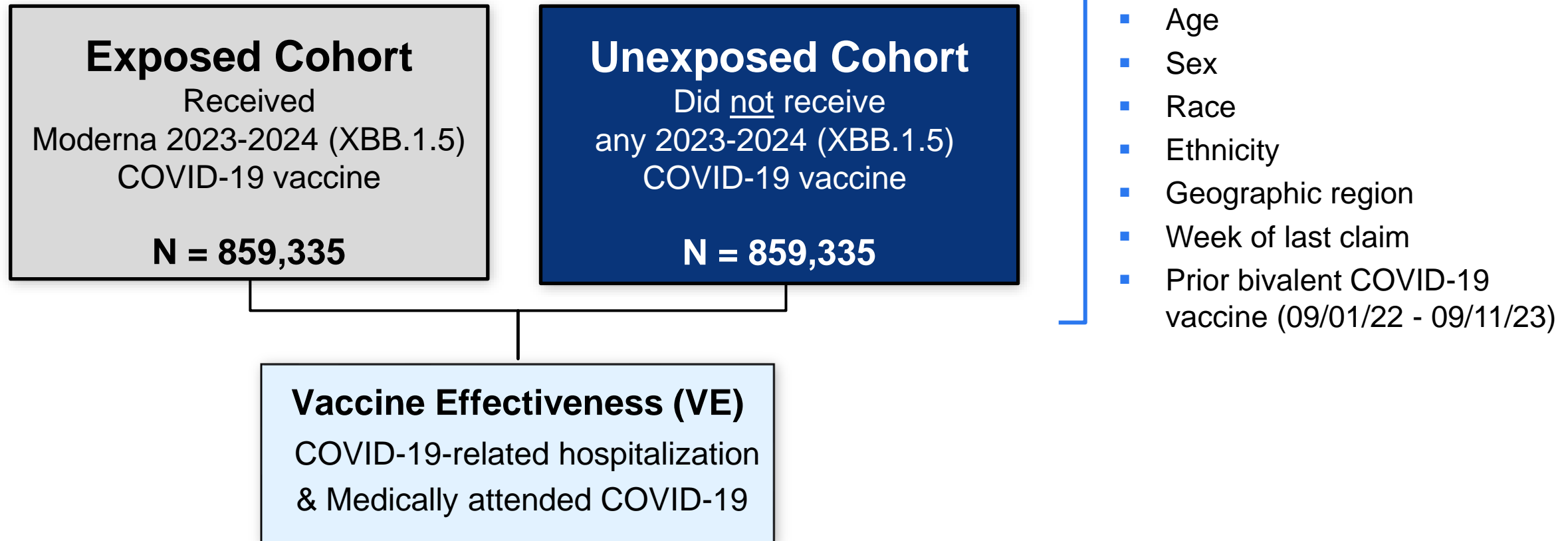
As of 03/17/24:

- ~45 million doses of XBB.1.5 vaccine administered
- No new safety or medical topics of concern observed
- No change in the favorable benefit-risk assessment of the vaccine

Safety surveillance continues

Observational, Retrospective Cohort Study (Adults ≥ 18 Years) of Moderna's 2023-2024 (XBB.1.5) Vaccine in Adults

Veradigm Electronic Health Records Linked to Komodo Health Claims



- Study conducted September 2023 – December 2023
- Median follow-up 63 days

Effectiveness of Moderna 2023-2024 (XBB.1.5) Vaccine

Study 946 – Vaccinated Sept – Dec 2023; Median Follow-up 63 Days

Age/Risk	Vaccine Effectiveness (% , Confidence Interval)	
	COVID-19 Related Hospitalizations	Medically Attended COVID-19
≥18 Years	60% (53%, 66%)	33% (30%, 36%)
≥18 Years and High Risk*	59% (51%, 65%)	35% (31%, 38%)
≥50 Years	61% (54%, 67%)	35% (32%, 38%)
≥65 Years	61% (53%, 67%)	39% (35%, 42%)

Moderna 2023-2024 (XBB.1.5) vaccine provides protection against COVID-related hospitalizations and medically attended visits

Medically attended COVID-19 includes ED visits, urgent care visits, office visits, telemedicine visits, and laboratory results

*High risk defined by CDC: <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/clinical-care/underlyingconditions.html>

Kopel et al, *MedRxiv*, 2024

Cross Neutralization of Moderna 2023-2024 (XBB.1.5) Vaccine against New Emerging SARS-COV-2 Variants in Adults

Study 205J

Study Methodology

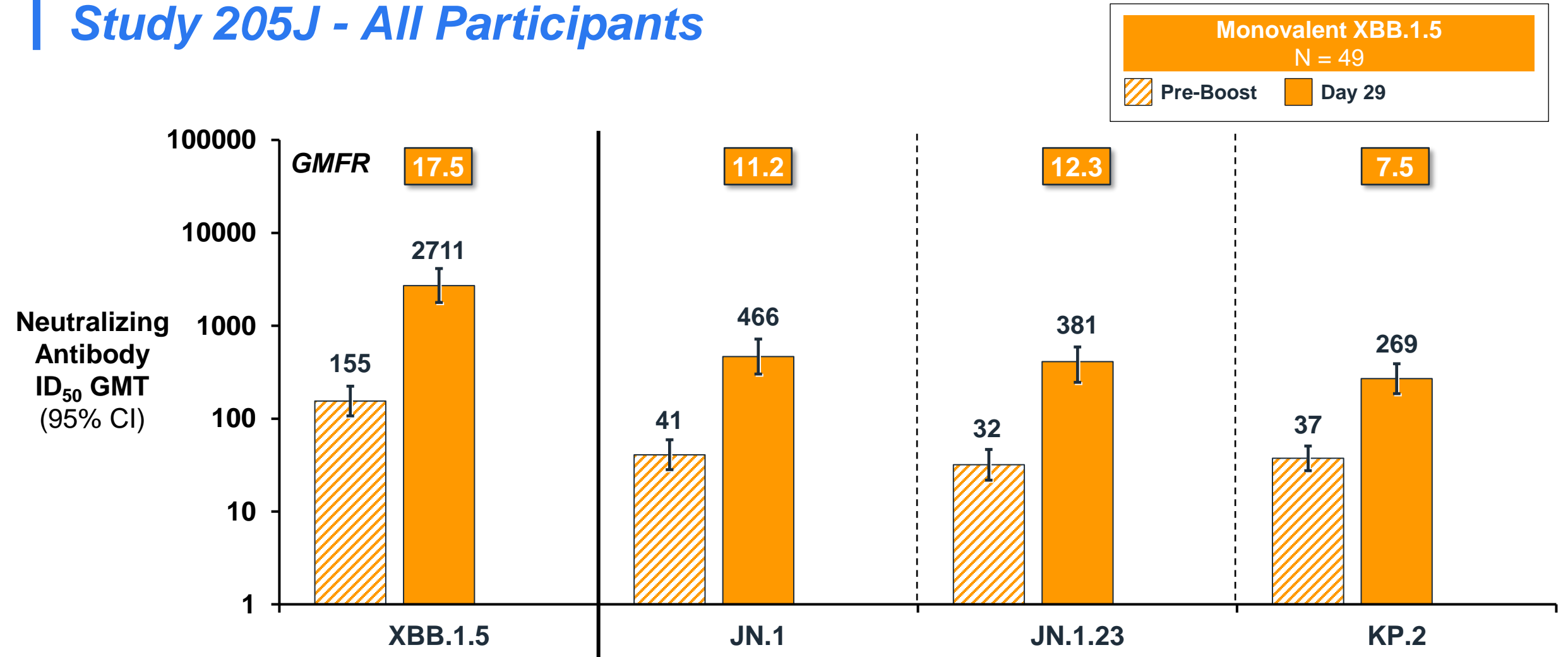
Study 205J

- 49 adults, ≥ 18 years old (mean 52 years)
- Received 5 doses of Moderna COVID-19 vaccine

4 Prior Vaccine Doses			Study Dose
1 st & 2 nd	3 rd	4 th	5 th
mRNA-1273 100 μg	mRNA-1273 50 μg	Bivalent BA.4/BA.5 50 μg	XBB.1.5 50 μg

- 67% with evidence of prior SARS-CoV-2 infection prior to 5th dose
- Neutralization assessed Day 29 and Day 181 (6 months) post-vaccination with pseudovirus assay

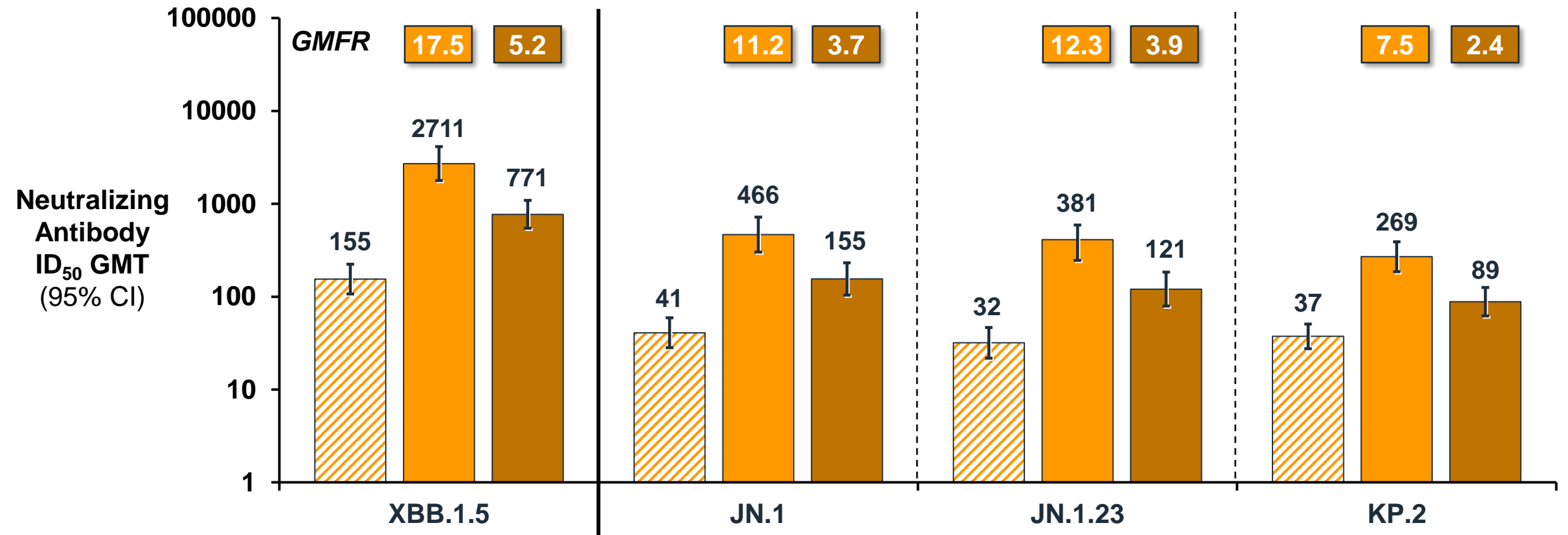
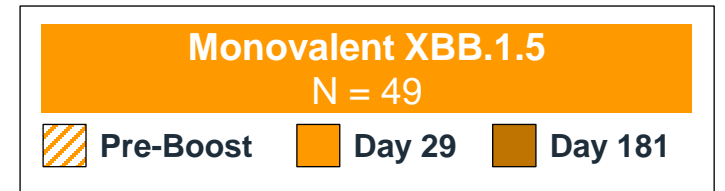
Day 29 Neutralizing Antibody Against SARS-CoV-2 Variants (XBB and JN.1 variants) following 2023-2024 (XBB.1.5) Vaccine *Study 205J - All Participants*



- Neutralizing antibody and cross protection reduced against JN.1 variants after XBB.1.5 vaccine
- Similar results regardless of prior infection status

6 Month (Day 181) Neutralizing Antibody Against SARS-CoV-2 Variants (XBB and JN.1 variants) following 2023-2024 (XBB.1.5) Vaccine

Study 205J



- Durable neutralizing responses for at least 6 months after XBB.1.5 vaccine
- Reduced response to JN.1 variants at all timepoints

Variant Monitoring, Risk Assessment, and Preclinical Assessment of Investigational New Variant Vaccines

Darin Edwards, PhD

Executive Director

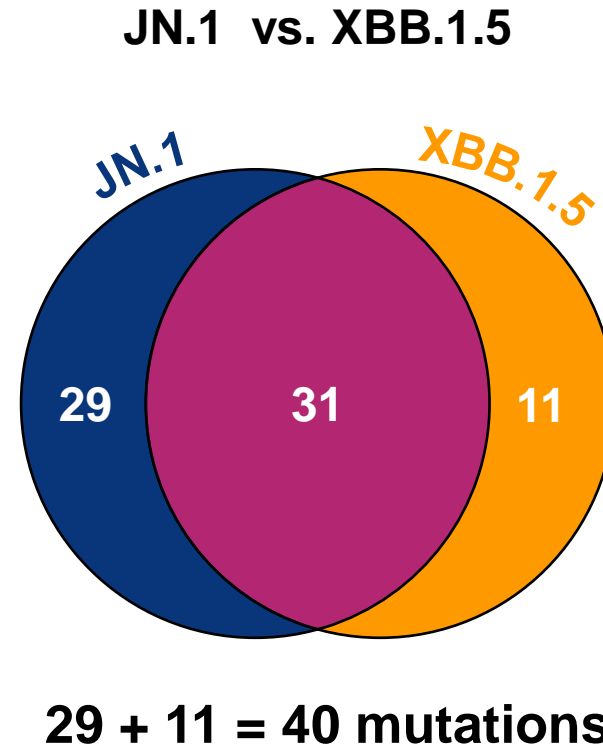
COVID-19 Program Lead

Moderna, Inc.

Moderna's Current Genomic Surveillance and Risk Assessments

- JN.1 and its subvariants comprise 94% of sequences collected globally in May 2024¹
 - JN.1 subvariants have become predominant
 - JN.1 continues to decline worldwide
- JN.1 subvariants¹
 - Subvariants with mutations in the spike receptor binding domain have recently increased in frequency
 - KP.2 is most commonly sequenced variant in the United States
 - KP.3 increasing rapidly worldwide
- Based on our current data, a JN.1 or KP.2 new variant vaccine is expected to provide protection against JN.1, KP.2, KP.3, and other JN.1 subvariants (JN.1.13.1, LA.2, and others)

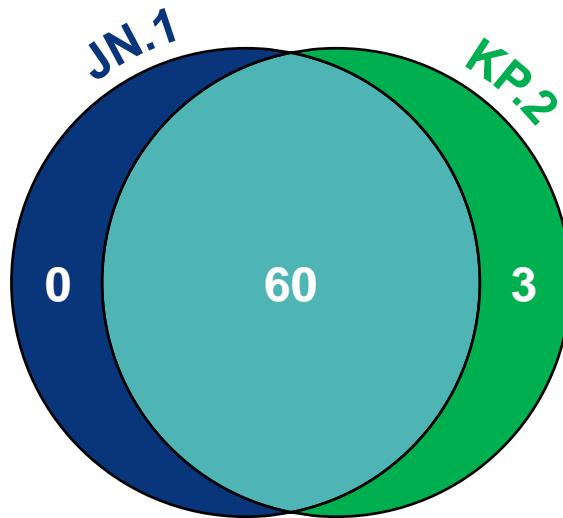
JN.1 Has Significant Antigenic Differences Compared to XBB.1.5



Antigenic differences between JN.1 and XBB.1.5 suggest an updated vaccine composition may be needed

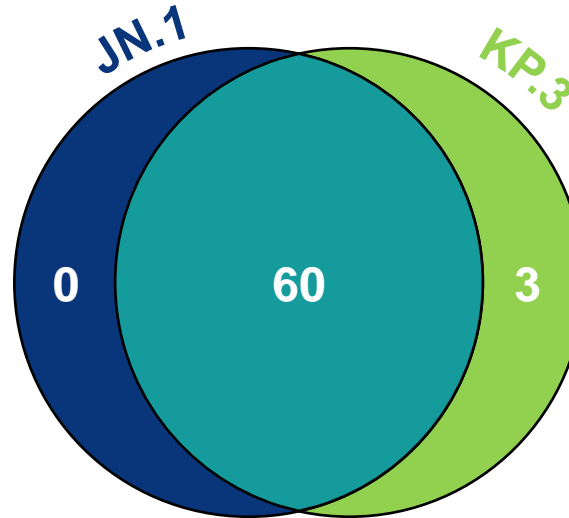
Minimal Antigenic Differences Between Circulating JN.1 Variants

JN.1 vs KP.2



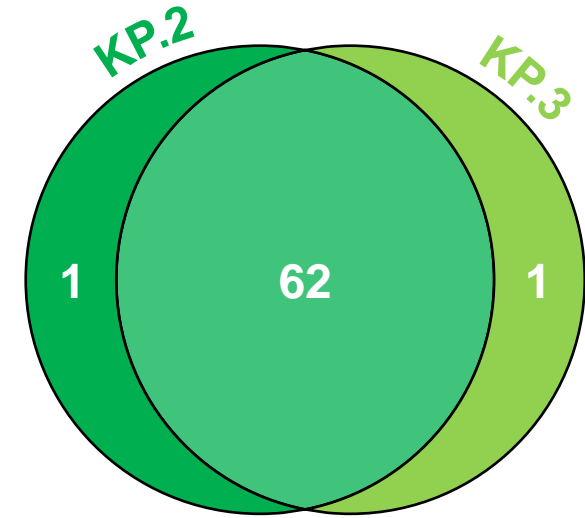
$0 + 3 = 3$ mutations

JN.1. vs KP.3




$0 + 3 = 3$ mutations

KP.2 vs KP.3



$1 + 1 = 2$ mutations

JN.1 or KP.2 vaccines are likely to cross-neutralize



Overview of Preclinical Studies to Assess Investigational JN.1 and KP.2 Vaccines

Preclinical Studies in Mice Comparing JN.1 or KP.2 Vaccine Candidates versus XBB.1.5 Vaccine

Primary Series

Antigen naïve mice

2 Doses of Monovalent
JN.1 Vaccine

vs

2 Doses of Monovalent
XBB.1.5 Vaccine

Booster (3rd) Dose

*Mice previously immunized with a
2-dose primary series of mRNA-1273*

+ 1 Dose of Monovalent
JN.1 Vaccine

vs

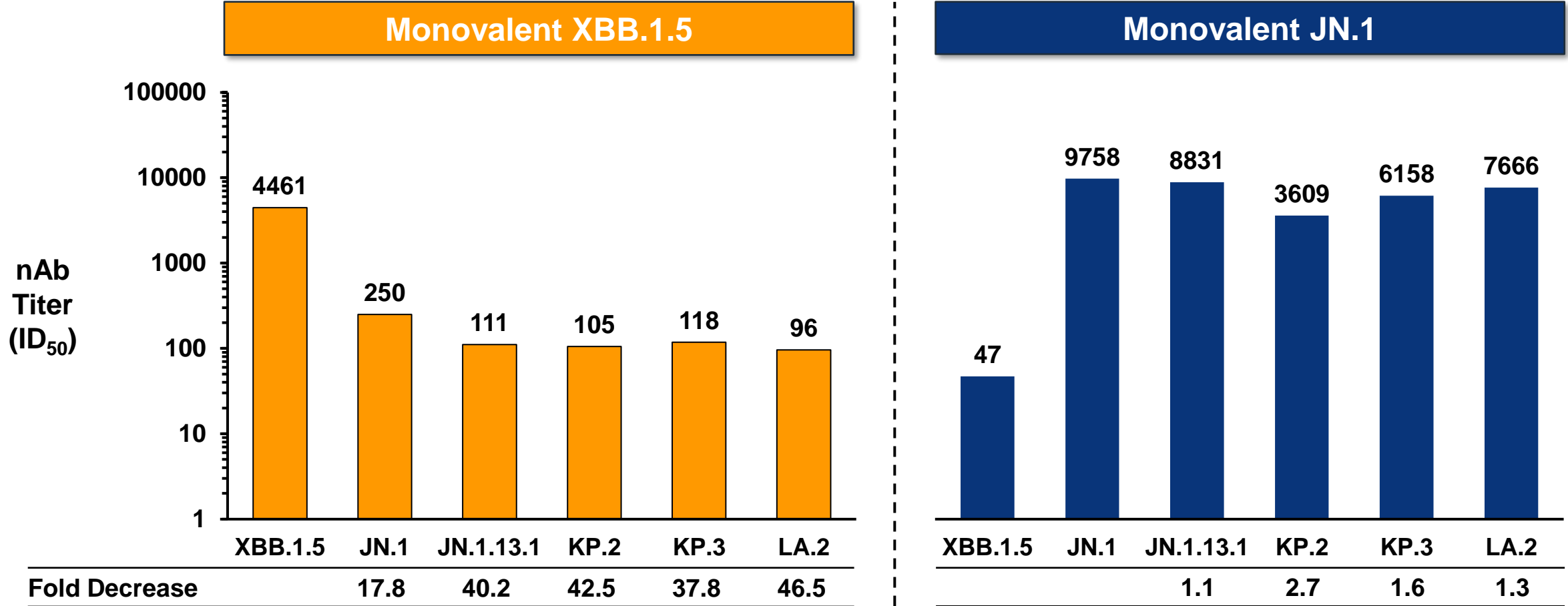
+ 1 Dose of Monovalent
XBB.1.5 Vaccine

+ 1 Dose of Monovalent
KP.2 Vaccine

vs

+ 1 Dose of Monovalent
XBB.1.5 Vaccine

Neutralizing Antibody Titers in Mice 14 Days after Primary Series of XBB.1.5 Vaccine or JN.1 Vaccine

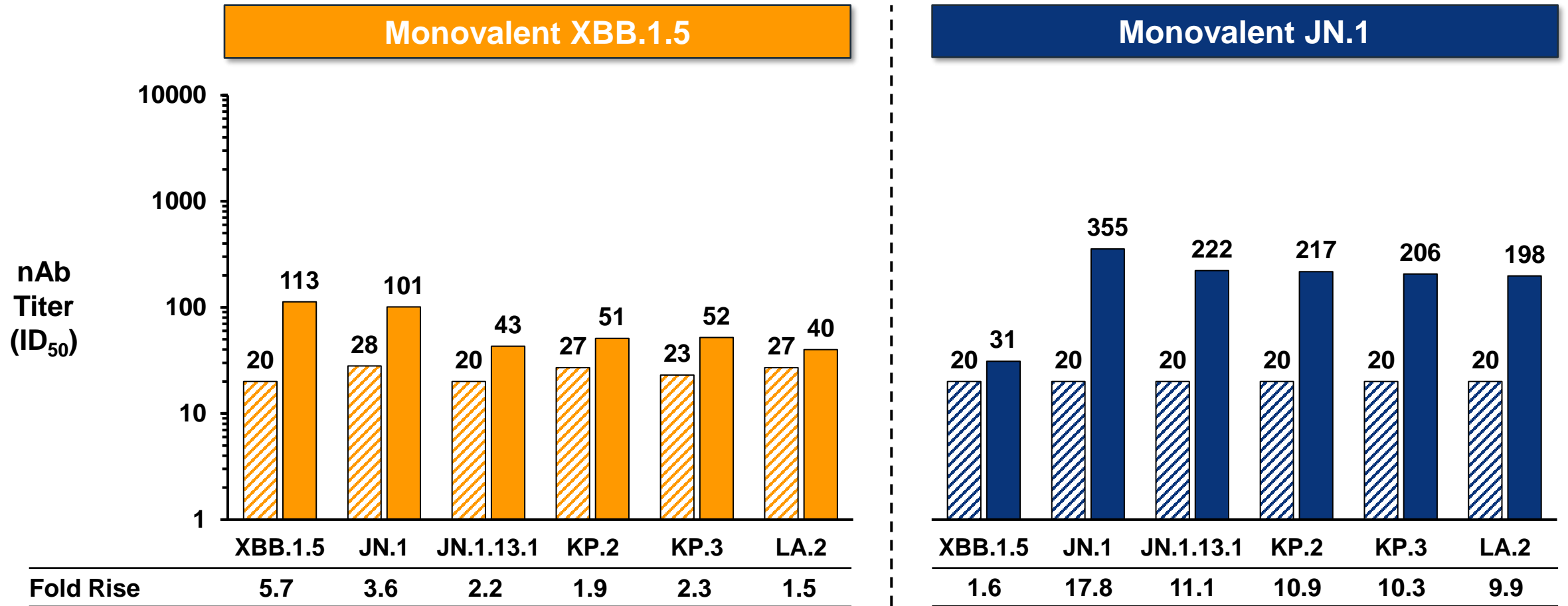


Monovalent JN.1 vaccine effectively neutralizes JN.1 and cross-neutralizes subvariants of JN.1 (KP.2, KP.3, etc)

1µg dose, D1 and D22, n = 8 per group

Neutralizing Antibody Titers in Mice 14 Days after Booster (3rd) Dose of XBB.1.5 Vaccine or JN.1 Vaccine

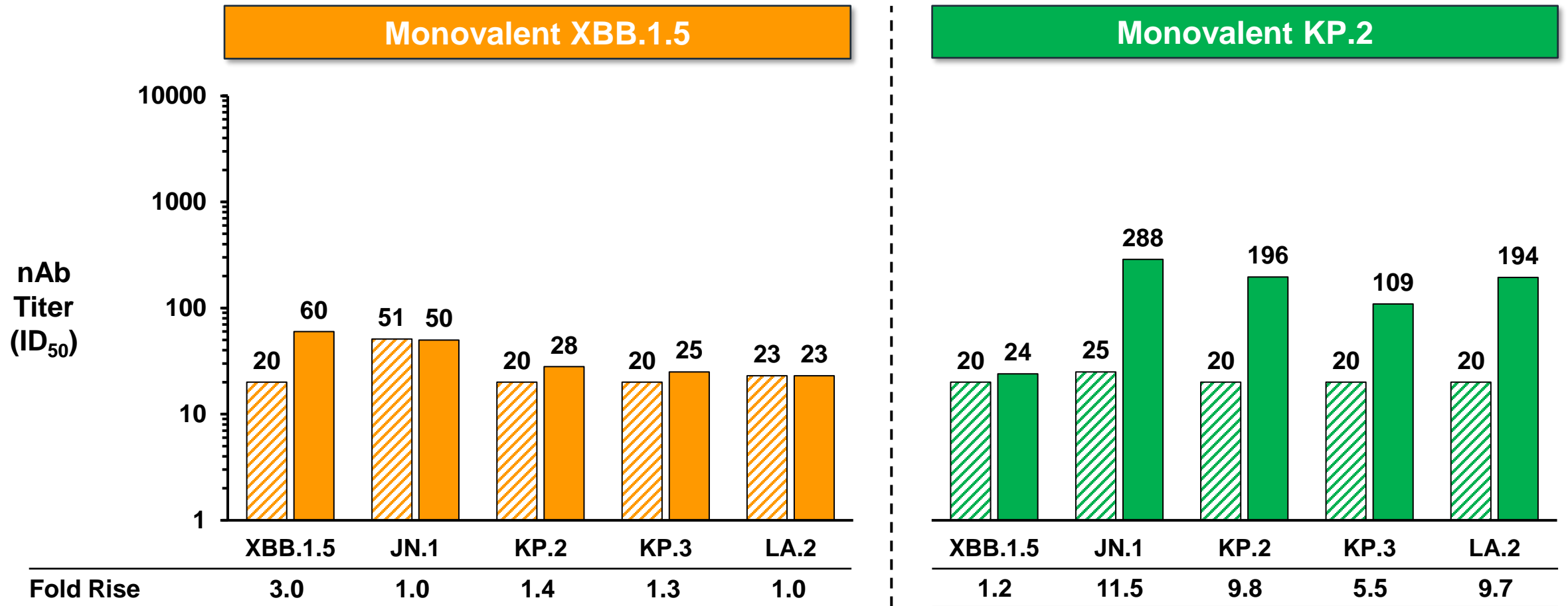
▨ Pre-Boost ■ 14 Days Post Boost



Monovalent JN.1 vaccine effectively increases neutralization of JN.1 and cross-neutralizes JN.1 subvariant viruses

Neutralizing Antibody Titers in Mice 14 Days after Booster (3rd) Dose of XBB.1.5 Vaccine or KP.2 Vaccine

▨ Pre-Boost ■ 14 Days Post Boost



Monovalent KP.2 vaccine effectively increases neutralization of KP.2 and cross-neutralizes other JN.1 subvariants

Summary of Pre-Clinical Data

- Data suggest that both a JN.1 and a KP.2 new variant vaccine increase neutralization against JN.1, KP.2, KP.3, and other currently circulating JN.1 subvariants
- Moderna is prepared to:
 - Submit for approval either a JN.1 or KP.2 new variant vaccine dossier
 - Supply the US market by mid-August, 2024



Conclusions

Summary

Currently Licensed 2023-2024 Vaccine (XBB.1.5)

- Moderna mRNA Vaccine (XBB.1.5) effective against COVID-19 during the period when XBB was predominant
- No new safety concerns identified; vaccine continues to be well tolerated

Preclinical and Clinical Studies of JN.1 and KP.2 Vaccines

- Pre-clinical data suggest a JN.1 or KP.2 vaccine is more immunogenic against currently circulating JN.1 subvariants than the licensed XBB.1.5 vaccine
- Small clinical trial with the selected new variant vaccine will be conducted post licensure to allow testing against future variants

Moderna's Vaccine Preparedness

- Moderna is prepared to supply either a JN.1 or KP.2 new variant vaccine in the US by mid-August 2024, if recommended by FDA

THANK YOU to Our Study Collaborators, Investigators, and Participants

- **All investigators**
- **Study site personnel**
- **Laboratories**
- **Most importantly, the individuals who participated in these trials**