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July 21, 2021

Food and Drug Administration
Center for Food Safety & Applied Nutrition
Office of Food Additive Safety (HFS-200)
5001 Campus Drive
College Park, MD 20740

Attention: Dr. Susan Carlson Re: GRAS Notice - Allulose

Dear Dr. Carlson:



GRAS Associates, LLC, acting as the Agent for Blue California, is submitting for FDA review Form 3667 and the enclosed CD, free of viruses, containing a GRAS Notice for *Allulose* produced by enzymatic bioconversion from D-fructose. Along with Blue California's determination of safety, an Expert Panel of qualified persons was assembled to assess the composite safety information of the subject substance with the intended use as a sugar substitute/sweetener in a variety of applications detailed in Part 3.A.2 of the GRAS dossier. The proposed uses do not include infant formulas or meat and poultry products. The attached documentation contains the specific information that addresses the safe human food uses for the subject notified substance as discussed in the GRAS guidance document.

If additional information or clarification is needed as you and your colleagues proceed with the review, please feel free to contact me via telephone or email.

We look forward to your feedback.

Sincerely.

William J. Rowe, President Agent for Blue California GRAS Associates, LLC 11810 Grand Park Ave Suite 500 North Bethesda, MD 20852 wrowe@nutrasource.ca

Enclosure: GRAS Notice for Blue California - Allulose



GRAS Notification

of

Allulose

Food Usage Conditions for General Recognition of Safety

on behalf of

Blue California

30111 Tomas Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688

7/21/21

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FOREWORD

Blue California based our Generally Recognized as Safe (GRAS) assessment of Allulose, also known as "D-allulose" and "D-psicose", primarily on the composite safety information, i.e., scientific procedures with corroboration from history of use. The safety/toxicity of Allulose, history of use of Allulose, and compositional details, specifications, and method of preparation of the subject ingredient were reviewed. In addition, a search of the scientific and regulatory literature was conducted through April 2021, with particular attention paid to adverse reports, as well as those that supported conclusions of safety. Those references that were deemed pertinent to this review are listed in Part 7. The composite safety/toxicity studies, in concert with dietary exposure information, ultimately provide the specific scientific foundation for the GRAS conclusion.

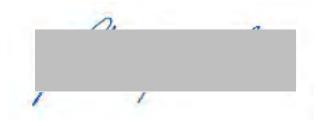
At Blue California's request, GRAS Associates, LLC ("GA") convened an Expert Panel to complete an independent safety evaluation of Blue California's Allulose product. Blue California manufactures Allulose via enzymatic bioconversion from D-fructose using an enzyme from *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*). The purpose of the evaluation is to ascertain whether Blue California's Allulose is generally recognized as safe, i.e., GRAS, under the intended conditions of use. In addition, Blue California has asked GA to act as Agent for the submission of this GRAS notification.

PART 1. SIGNED STATEMENTS AND CERTIFICATION

A. Basis of Exclusion from the Requirement for Premarket Approval Pursuant to 21 CFR 170

Blue California has concluded that our Allulose preparation, also referred to as "D-allulose", and which meets the specifications described below, is GRAS in accordance with Section 201(s) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act). This determination was made in concert with an appropriately convened panel of experts who are qualified by scientific training and experience. The GRAS determination is based on scientific procedures as described in the following sections. The evaluation accurately reflects the intended conditions of food use for the designated Allulose preparation.

Signed:



¹ See 81 FR 54960, 17 August 2016. Accessible at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-08-17/pdf/2016-19164.pdf (Accessed 5/20/21)

Agent for Blue California

William J. Rowe President GRAS Associates, LLC 11810 Grand Park Ave Suite 500 North Bethesda, MD 20852 Date: July 21, 2021

B. Name and Address of Responsible Parties

Blue California 30111 Tomas Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688

As the Responsible Party, Blue California accepts responsibility for the GRAS conclusion that has been made for our Allulose ingredient as described in the subject safety evaluation; consequently, the Allulose ingredient having an acceptable composition which meets the conditions described herein, is not subject to premarket approval requirements for food ingredients.

C. Common Name and Identity of Notified Substance

The common name of the ingredient to be used on food labels is "Allulose" and Blue California also plans to market this product as Allulose. Allulose is also known as "D-allulose" and "D-psicose."

D. Conditions of Intended Use in Food

Blue California's Allulose is intended for use as a sugar substitute/sweetener in a variety of applications as detailed in Part 3.A.2 Table 5 at levels determined by current good manufacturing practices (CGMP). The proposed uses do not include meat and poultry products or infant formulas.

E. Basis for GRAS Conclusion

Pursuant to 21 CFR 170.30(a) and (b)², Blue California's Allulose preparation has been concluded to be GRAS on the basis of scientific procedures as discussed in the detailed description provided below.

Allulose is not subject to premarket approval requirements of the FD&C Act based on Blue California's conclusion that the substance is GRAS under the conditions of its intended food use.

Blue California certifies, to the best of our knowledge, that this GRAS notice is a complete, representative, and balanced assessment that includes all relevant information, both favorable and

² See 21 CFR 170.30(a) and (b). Accessible at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?fr=170.30 (Accessed 5/20/21)

unfavorable, available and pertinent to the evaluation of the safety and GRAS status of Allulose. This safety evaluation included a comprehensive search of the literature published through April 2021.

F. Availability of Information

The data and information that serve as the bases for this GRAS Notice will be maintained at the offices of Blue California, located at 30111 Tomas, Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688, and will be made available during customary business hours.

Blue California certifies that no data or information contained herein are exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). No non-public, safety-related data were used by the Expert Panel to reach a GRAS conclusion.

PART 2. IDENTITY, METHOD OF MANUFACTURE, SPECIFICATIONS, AND PHYSICAL OR TECHNICAL EFFECT

A. Chemical Identity of Ingredient

A C-3 epimer of D-fructose, allulose³ is low in energy and has a sweetness of approximately 70% of that of sucrose (Oshima et al., 2006). Allulose is a ketohexose naturally present at low levels in processed cane and beet molasses (Binkley, 1963), and wheat (Hough and Stacey, 1963; Tsukamoto, 2014). It is also formed from fructose or foods that contain fructose, such as fruit juice, fruit cereal, and Worcestershire sauce during the cooking process (Chung et al., 2012). Trace levels of allulose have been found in human urine (Strecker et al., 1965) and human skin. The structure of allulose is shown in Figure 1.

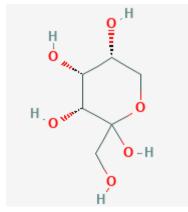


Figure 1. Structure of Allulose^a

a From PubChem.4

³ The synonyms "allulose", "psicose", "D-allulose", and "D-psicose" are often used interchangeably in the published literature. For consistency, "allulose" will be used throughout this dossier to describe the compound in general and "Allulose" will be used to describe Blue California's high purity allulose preparation.

⁴ Accessible at: https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound/441036#section=2D-Structure (Access date July 13, 2021)

Common or Usual Name: Allulose

Chemical Name: D-Ribo-2-hexulose,

(hydroxymethyl)tetrahydropyran-2,3,4,5-tetrol

D-Psicose, D-Allulose, D-Altrulose, D-Pseudofructose, D-

Synonyms: Erythro-hexulose, Psicopyranose, D-Psicopyranose, D-Ribo-

2-ketohexulose, Psicopyranoside

CAS Number: 551-68-8

Molecular Formula: C₆H₁₂O₆

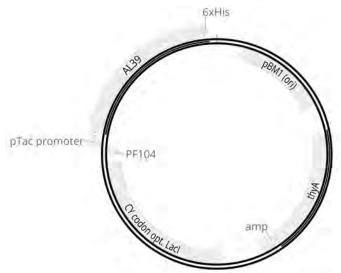
Molecular Weight (MW): 180.16 g per mole

B. Manufacturing Processes

Blue California manufactures its high purity Allulose in an enzymatic bioconversion process, using D-allulose 3-epimerase (DAE), to produce allulose from D-fructose. The biosynthesis pathway process involves production in and extraction of DAE from *E. coli*, and subsequent bioconversion of D-fructose to allulose by the enzyme.

The fragment coding D-allulose 3-epimerase (also referred to as D-psicose 3-epimerase), derived from *Thermoclostridium caenicola*, with a C-terminal Hisx6 tag fusion enzyme was inserted into *E. coli* expression construct through golden gate cloning strategy. The sequence coding DAE enzyme was expressed under the control of the pTAC promoter. The generated *E. coli* expression construct was transformed into *E. coli* K-12 strain for DAE enzyme production. The expression construct map for the production of DAE is shown in Figure 2.





Most *E. coli* are harmless and are important components of the healthy human intestinal tract. The microbe is gram-negative, non-spore forming, facultative anaerobe, is nonpathogenic and nontoxigenic, and has a long history of safe industrial use. The *E. coli* K12 strain is the most commonly used industrial strain, and has GRAS status [21 CFR 170.36 (62 FR 18938; April 17, 1997)].

E. coli K12 is not considered a human, animal or plant pathogen, nor is it toxicogenic (EPA, 1997a). It has a history of safe use in the production of specialty chemicals and human drugs and was exempted from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) review under the Toxic Substance Control Act (EPA, 1997b). In addition, *E. coli* K12 derivatives have been used in the production of GRAS notified food ingredients, *e.g.*, α-cyclodextrin (GRN 000155), L-leucine (GRN 000308), and lycopene (GRN 000299). *E. coli* K12 JM109 strain, which is used to manufacture allulose, is expected to be non-pathogenic and non-toxigenic. The production organism is not known to produce any toxic amines (Appendix 1).

The manufacturing process for Blue California's Allulose is summarized in Figure 3.

1. Fermentation Process

The glycerol stocks of *E. coli* JM109 strain carrying the gene for D-allulose 3-epimerase that converts D-fructose to allulose are removed from a -70°C freezer, thawed to room temperature and grown in 50 mL Luria Broth (LB) culture seed media at 37°C. After 16 hours, the growing Seed Culture 1 is transferred to 2-L LB culture seed media as Seed Culture 2. When the cells read $OD_{600} = 5$, they are transferred to 500-L fermenters⁵. This level 3 Seed Culture is then transferred to a 5-ton production fermenter.

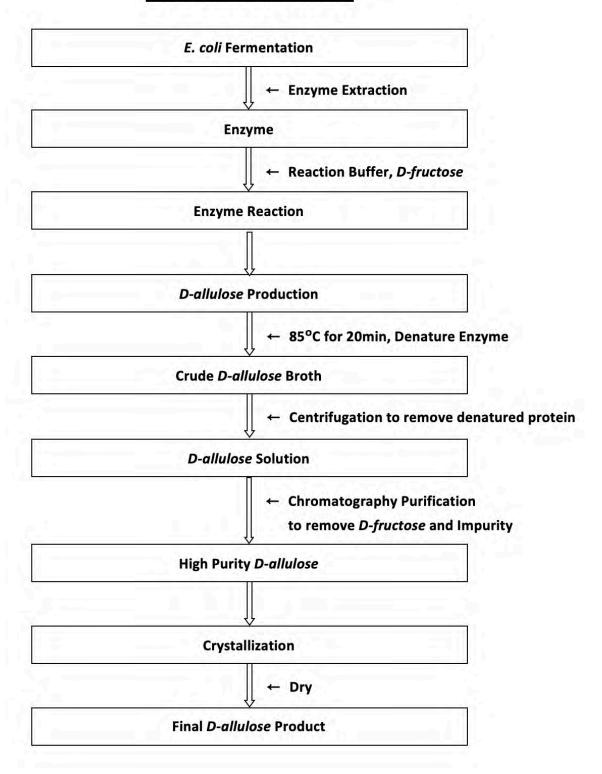
The *E. coli* cells are cultured for 24 hours and harvested along with the plasmid by centrifugation. The cells are then passed through a homogenizer. The homogenized mixtures are separated by another centrifugation step and the supernatant is passed over a column, which binds the enzymes. The enzymes are subsequently eluted and are ready for bioconversion.

For the catalytic reaction needed to convert D-fructose to allulose, the enzymes are mixed in the reaction buffer in a large 60-ton reaction tank with slow agitation. The D-fructose substrate is fed into the tank and the reaction is allowed to proceed for 12 hours. The reaction mixture is then heated to 85°C for 20 minutes to denature the enzymes in the supernatant, which is then removed for downstream processing.

⁵ Blue California uses older, larger cells to perform the measurement.

Figure 3. Flow Chart of Blue California's Allulose Manufacturing Process

PROCESS DIAGRAM



2. Extraction and Purification

The crude allulose broth is centrifuged/filtered to remove denatured protein and the clarified liquid is passed through a column filled with active carbon to remove certain ions and colored materials. The resulting allulose solution is then treated through an ion exchange process with a cationic exchange resin and an anion exchange resin to remove impurities. The treated allulose solution is then subjected to a separation chromatography system to separate allulose from the substrate, fructose. The purified allulose solution is concentrated into a high-purity allulose preparation prior to crystallization from an ethanol/water mixture. The crystalline allulose is subsequently collected and dried in a rotary dryer.

The absence of plasmid in the finished product is confirmed by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) analysis.

All raw materials, processing aids, and additives used to manufacture Blue California's Allulose are food-grade ingredients permitted by U.S. regulations or have previously been determined to be GRAS for their respective uses, as detailed in Appendix 2. Blue California's Allulose is produced in accordance with FDA's CGMP principles. CGMP certification is provided in Appendix 3.

C. Product Specifications

1. Specifications for Allulose

There are no established standardized specifications for allulose per JECFA/FCC/21 CFR. Therefore, specifications for Blue California's Allulose were developed based on the review of specifications for allulose in GRNs 693 and 828, which received "no questions" responses from FDA. The specifications for Blue California's Allulose are compared to those for GRN 693 and 828 in Table 1. Blue California notes that the chemical composition and specifications of our Allulose is of equivalent quality to the allulose preparations described in GRNs 693 and 828. Some parameters established by other manufacturers, such as specifications for protein and fat, do not alter the conclusion that Blue California's Allulose is substantially equivalent to the allulose preparations described in GRNs 693 and 828.

Table 1. Blue California's Specifications for Allulose Compared to Specifications for Allulose in GRNs 693 and 828

Physical and Chemical	Specifications California's		•	for Allulose in N 693	Specifications for D-Allulose in GRN 828		
Parameters	Specification	Method	Specification	Method	Specification	Method	
Appearance	Off white to white powder	Visual	Powder	Visual	White Powder	Visual	
Odor	Characteristic	Olfactory	No odor	NS	No odor	NS	
Foreign Matter	Absent	Visual	NS	NS	NS	NS	

Physical and Chemical	Specifications for Blue California's Allulose		•	for Allulose in N 693	Specifications for D-Allulose in GRN 828		
Parameters	Specification	Method	Specification	Method	Specification	Method	
Taste	Characteristic	Gustatory	NS	NS	NS	NS	
D-allulose (%wt/wt)	≥97	HPLC	≥98	HPLC	≥98	HPLC	
Loss on drying (%)	≤5	USP 34	≤2 ^a	AOAC 941.14	≤2 ^a	AOAC 941.14	
рН	3.0-7.0	USP 34	3.0 - 7.0	pH meter	NS	NS	
Protein (% wt/wt)	NS	NS	NS	NS	≤1	AOAC 945.23	
Fat (% wt/wt)	NS	NS	NS	NS	≤1	AOAC 920.39	
Ash (%wt/wt)	≤0.5%	USP 34	≤0.1	AOAC 900.02	≤0.1	AOAC 900.02	
Residual Ethanol	<1,000 ppm	USP 34	NS	NS	NS	NS	
Methanol (µg/g)	<200 ppm	USP 34	NS	NS	NS	NS	
Heavy Metals (ppm)	<10	USP 34	NS	NS	NS	NS	
Lead (ppm)	< 0.5	ICP-MS	≤0.5	AOAC 2015.01	≤0.5	AOAC 2015.01	
Mercury (ppm)	< 0.5	ICP-MS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
Cadmium (ppm)	< 0.5	ICP-MS	≤0.5	AOAC 2015.01	≤0.5	AOAC 2015.01	
Arsenic (ppm)	< 0.5	ICP-MS	≤0.5	AOAC 2015.01	≤0.5	AOAC 2015.01	
Total Plate Count (CFU/g)	<1,000	AOAC 988.18	≤1,000	AOAC 2002.07	≤1,000	AOAC 2002.07	
Total Coliforms (CFU/g)	<100	AOAC 991.14	Negative	AOAC 991.14	Negative	AOAC 991.14	
Yeast and Molds	<100 (CFU/g)	AOAC 997.02	NS	NS	Negative (MPN/g)	AOAC 997.02	
E. coli (CFU/g)	Negative	AOAC 991.14	NS	NS	NS	NS	
Salmonella	Negative	AOAC 2004.3	Negative	AOAC 989.14	Negative (CFU/25 g)	AOAC 989.14	
Staphylococcus aureus	NS	NS	Negative	AOAC 987.09	Negative (CFU/g)	AOAC 987.09	

a as moisture (%wt/wt)

AOAC – Association of Official Agricultural Chemists; CFU – colony forming unit; g – gram; HPLC – high performance liquid chromatography; ICP-MS – inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry; mL – milliliter; MPN – Most Probably Number; NS – not specified; ppm – parts per million; µg – microgram; USP – United States Pharmacopoeia; wt – weight

2. Nutritional Profile for Blue California's Allulose

The nutritional profile for Blue California's Allulose is shown in Table 2.

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Table 2. Nutritional Profile for Blue California's Allulose

Attributes	Methods	Results
Protein-Combustion	AOAC 992.23	0.62%
Ash	AOAC 945.46	<0.04%
Calories, Calculated	Atwater Factors	428 kcal/100 g
Carbohydrates (Calculated)	Calculation	93.27%
Crude Fat (By Acid Hydrolysis)	AOAC	5.83%
Moisture (By Vacuum Oven)	AOAC	0.28%

AOAC – Association of Official Agricultural Chemists; g – gram; kcal – kilocalories

3. Specifications for Blue California's Allulose Preparation and Supporting Methods

Results of analyses performed by Blue California demonstrate that five representative, non-consecutive production batches meet the designated specifications, as shown in Table 3. Certificates of Analysis for 5 lots of Blue California's Allulose are found in Appendix 4. Validation Reports and Protein Assay Reports are found in Appendix 5 and Appendix 6, respectively. The collection of these reports demonstrates that the substance is well-characterized and meets the established purity criteria.

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Table 3. Specifications for Blue California's Allulose

	Blue California's	Representative Lots of Allulose						
Physical & Chemical Parameters	Specifications for Allulose	Lot # 833- 20180925	Lot # 833- 20181109	Lot # 833- 20190123	Lot # 833- 20190411	Lot # 833- 20190617		
Appearance	Off white to white powder	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		
Odor	Characteristic	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		
Foreign Matter	Absent	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		
Taste	Characteristic	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		
D-Allulose (% wt/wt, dry basis)	97	98	97.8	97.2	99.8	98.9		
Loss on Drying (%)	≤ 5	3.20	3.10	3.10	3.20	3.30		
Ash	<0.5	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		
рН	3-7	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		
Residual Ethanol (ppm)	<1,000	<200	<200	<200	<200	<200		
Residual Methanol (ppm)	<200	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100		
Heavy Metals (ppm)	<10	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		
Arsenic (ppm)	<0.5	< 0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02		
Lead (ppm)	<0.5	< 0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02		
Mercury (ppm)	<0.5	< 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		
Cadmium (ppm)	<0.5	< 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		
Total Plate Count (CFU/g, max)	≤1,000	<1,000	<1,000	<1,000	<1,000	<1,000		
Total Coliform (CFU/g)	<100	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3		
Yeast and Molds (CFU/g)	<100	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10		
<i>E. coli</i> (in 10 g)	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative		
Salmonella spp. (in 25 g)	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative		

CFU – colony forming unit; g – gram; ppm – parts per million; wt – weight

D. Physical or Technical Effect

Allulose will be added as a food ingredient for low calorie and/or dietetic foods due to its technological properties (e.g., functions as a sweetener and humectant) and nutritional benefits (such as low calorie and glycemic control) in conventional foods.

E. Stability

1. Stability Data for Allulose

GRN 893 reported that crystalline allulose was stable for up to 30 months and that liquid allulose is stable under conditions of 4°C, 25°C, and 35°C through the end of the product's shelf life for up to 9 months.

2. Stability Data for Blue California's Allulose

Blue California has conducted an accelerated stability study on our Allulose preparation. The study was conducted on 5 non-consecutive lots of Allulose for 6 months under storage condition of 40° C ± 2° C and $75\% \pm 5\%$ relative humidity (RH) (See Appendix 7). The data show that Blue California's Allulose is stable under the described conditions.

PART 3. DIETARY EXPOSURE

A. Estimate of Dietary Exposure to Allulose

1. Estimated Background Intake of Allulose from the Diet

Allulose occurs naturally in small amounts in the diet. It is present in bakery products, sweets, and fruits (FDA, 2017b; Oshima et al., 2006). The allulose content in certain foods is listed in Table 4. The mean and 90th percentile Estimated Daily Intakes (EDIs) of naturally occurring allulose reported in GRN 693 were 94.8 and 260.7 mg of allulose per person per day (FDA, 2017b).

Table 4. Occurrence of Allulose in the Diet

Food	mg Allulose/100 g Food						
Bakery Products							
Sponge Cake	11.0						
Corn-snack	47.0						
Rice cracker	27.3						
Cookie	26.7						
Brown sugar drop	76.5						
Fried dough cake	95.6						
Chocolate chip cookie	6.4						
Cereal	2.2						

Food	mg Allulose/100 g Food
Seasonings	and Beverages
Caramel sauce	83.0
Brown sugar	71.1
Meat sauce	15.8
Demiglace	16.3
Maple syrup	57.9
Ketchup	39.8
Worcestershire sauce	130.6
Coke	38.3
Coffee	0.5
Fruit juice	21.5
Tomato juice	2.4
Fr	uits
Dried fig	29.6
Dried kiwi	9.4
Raisin	38.7
Canned peaches	1.5
Canned mandarin oranges	8.4
Canned cherries	2.0

^a Adapted from Oshima (2006) and FDA (2017b).

2. Estimated Dietary Intakes of Allulose from Intended Use in Foods

Blue California's Allulose preparation is intended to be used as a sweetener in select foods and beverages and is not intended for use in infant formulas or meat and poultry. The amounts of Blue California's Allulose to be added to foods will not exceed the amounts reasonably required to accomplish the intended technical effect in foods. The proposed uses and use levels of allulose described in GRAS Notices that have received "no questions" letters from FDA through May 24, 2021 are compared to the proposed uses and use levels for Blue California's Allulose in Table 5. It should be noted that the intended use for Blue California's Allulose is as a substitute for existent uses of allulose, as well as proposed expanded uses in: grain based cereal and protein bars; low-sugar, reduced-sugar, and diet fruit juices; and low- and reduced-calorie alcoholic beverages.

[Remainder of page intentionally blank]

Table 5. Proposed Uses and Use Levels of Allulose

Food Category	GRN 400	GRN 498	GRN 693 (w/w)	GRN 828	Blue California's Allulose
Bakery products (rolls, cakes, pies, pastries, and cookies) rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetic	10%	NS	10%*	10%	10%
Beverages (non-alcoholic) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free	2.1%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cereals	10%				
Regular cereals,		2%	2%	2%	2%
low calories, reduced sugar, sugar-free		5%	5%	5%	5%
Chewing gum	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Confections and frostings	NS	5%	5%	5%	5%
Frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet: low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Yogurt (regular and frozen), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Dressings for salads	NS	5%	5%	5%	5%
Gelatins, pudding, and fillings; low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Hard candies Hard candies (including pressed candy, mints)	70%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Soft candies (non-chocolate, plain chocolate, chocolate coated) (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Jams and jellies	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Sugar	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Sugar substitutes	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Sweet sauces and syrups low calorie, reduced calorie and sugar free	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Fat based creams	10%	NS	5%	5%	10%
Coffee mix	30%	NS	NS	NS	30%
Grain based cereal bars, protein bars	NS	NS	NS	NS	15%
Fruit Juices (low/reduced sugar, diet, low/reduced kcal only)	NS	NS	NS	NS	5%
Alcoholic beverages (pre-mixed cocktails, wine coolers, and malt beverages) (low/reduced kcal only)	NS	NS	NS	NS	3.5%
Medical foods	15%	NS	NS	NS	NS

^{* =} GRN 828 states that these values were accidentally noted as 10-100% in GRN 693

NS – not specified

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B. Estimate of Dietary Exposure to the Substance

1. Estimated Dietary Intakes (EDIs) of Allulose From Intended Use in Foods

It is currently impossible to determine the actual intake levels of allulose from commercial applications as no publicly available consumption data are available. However, this is not a concern since the use of Blue California's Allulose is expected to be a substitute for equivalent products already in the marketplace.

For exposure estimates for allulose under the intended uses, the National Nutrition and Health Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2018 dietary data were used after exclusions for pregnant or lactating females and unreliable data. SAS 9.4 along with strata, primary sampling units (PSUs), and day 2 dietary weights were used for analyses.⁶

Intake of allulose was examined for intended use within NHANES food codes. Intake was calculated as the average of day 1 and day 2 intakes. The sample population was limited to subjects with both day 1 and day 2 dietary data. Intake was reported in g per day and in g per kg body weight per day. The estimated mean and 90th percentiles are given for the total population and for consumers only.

The results of the EDI assessment under the intended uses are summarized in Table 6 and Table 7. Table 6 shows the results of the mean and the 90th percentile intakes in g per day and mg per kg body weight (bw) per day for all-users and Table 7 shows the mean and the 90th percentile intakes in g per day and mg per kg bw per day for the total population. The mean and 90th percentile EDIs of all users aged 2 years and older were 8.6 and 19.1 g per person per day, respectively. All users aged 2 to 99 years had EDIs equal to or below 0.30 g per kg bw per day. These results reveal an average maximum exposure would occur in males 19 years of age or older, with a 90th percentile value of 30.4 g per day or 0.33 g per kg bw per day. On a body weight basis, children ages 2-5 years had the highest 90th percentile EDI at 0.50 g per kg bw per day.

Table 6. Maximum EDIs of Allulose Based on NHANES [2015-2018] Survey Data (All Users)

Age/gender	N of	0/ 11	g/pers	on/day	g/kg bw/day		
group	Users	% Users	Mean	90 th percentile	Mean	90 th percentile	
2-5 y	936	94.22	3.8±0.2	8.6±0.5	0.22±0.01	0.50 ± 0.03	
6-12 y	1,617	93.07	4.9±0.3	11.3±0.8	0.15±0.01	0.34±0.02	
13-18 y, M+F	1,171	82.77	4.6±0.3	10.6±0.8	0.07±0.00	0.18±0.01	
13-18 y, M	567	80.54	4.6±0.3	11.0±0.7	0.07±0.00	0.18±0.01	
13-18 y, F	604	84.99	4.5±0.3	10.1±1.5	0.08±0.01	0.17±0.03	
19-99 y, M+F	7,474	90.15	9.8±0.4	22.8±1.9	0.12±0.00	0.27±0.01	

⁶ The analyses for exposure estimates for allulose under the intended uses were performed on September 14, 2020, by AceOne RS, Inc. The full report is on file at Blue California's offices in Rancho Santa Margarita, California.

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Age/gender	gender N of g/H g/person/day			g/kg b	w/day						
group	Users	% Users	Mean		90 th percentile		Mean		90 th percentile		
19-99 y, M	3,568	88.73	12.1±0.6	ó	30.4±1.7		30.4±1.7		0.14	4±0.01	0.33±0.03
19-99 y, F	3,906	91.53	7.7±0.3	18	3.0±0.9	0.10=	±0.00	0.	24±0.01		
2-99 y, M+F	11,198	90.02	8.6±0.3	19	9.1±1.0 0.12		9.1±1.0 0.12±		±0.00	0.	30±0.01

bw – body weight; F – female; g = grams; kg – kilogram; M – male; N – number; y – years

Table 7. Maximum EDIs of Allulose Based on NHANES [2015-2018] Survey Data for the Total Population)

Age/gender	N of		g/pers	on/day	g/kg b	w/day
group	Users	% Users	Mean	90 th percentile	Mean	90 th percentile
2-5 y	999	100	3.6±0.2	8.5±0.4	0.21±0.01	0.50±0.02
6-12 y	1,744	100	4.5±0.2	10.7±0.7	0.14±0.01	0.33±0.02
13-18 y, M+F	1,433	100	3.8±0.2	9.8±0.7	0.06±0.00	0.16±0.01
13-18 y, M	720	100	3.7±0.2	10.1±0.7	0.06 ± 0.00	0.16±0.01
13-18 y, F	713	100	3.8±0.3	9.6±1.1	0.06±0.01	0.16±0.02
19-99 y, M+F	8,374	100	8.9±0.4	21.4±1.7	0.11±0.00	0.26±0.01
19-99 y, M	4,080	100	10.8±0.5	28.3±1.8	0.12±0.01	0.30±0.02
19-99 y, F	4,294	100	7.0±0.3	17.3±1.0	0.09±0.00	0.23±0.01
2-99 y, M+F	12,550	100	7.8±0.3	18.2±0.7	0.11±0.00	0.27±0.01

bw – body weight; F – female; g = grams; kg – kilogram; M – male; N – number; y – years

As reported in GRN 828, the mean and 90th percentile EDI of allulose in the total population aged 2 years and older, based upon the 2011-2014 NHANES dataset, was 11.0 and 30.0 g per person per day. These estimated intakes are higher than the corresponding mean and 90th percentile EDIs determined by Blue California of 8.6 and 19.1 g per person per day, respectively, determined using more recent NHANES survey data. GRN 828 notes that "males older than 19 years of age would have the highest 90th percentile intake among user groups, with the 90th percentile value of 36.3 g per person per day in all-uses." Blue California's intake assessment data also indicates that exposure would be greatest for males 19 years of age or older, with a lower estimated 90th percentile value of 30.4 g per person per day. It should be noted that Blue California's lower EDI estimates were obtained for the intended use as a substitute for existent uses of allulose, as well as proposed expanded uses in: grain based cereal and protein bars; low-sugar, reduced-sugar, and diet fruit juices; and low- and reduced-calorie alcoholic beverages. On a body weight basis, both GRN 828 and Blue California note that children ages 2-5 years have the highest 90th percentile EDI, calculated to be 0.5 g per kg bw per day in both intake assessments.

Furthermore, Blue California's EDI estimates are highly amplified since it is not likely that allulose will be used at the maximum levels for all food categories under the intended uses. In addition, short-term surveys, such as the typical 2-day dietary surveys, may overestimate the consumption of food products that are consumed relatively infrequently. Even if some consumers consumed full servings from all categories on a given day, it is highly unlikely that they would do so 365 days per year.

C. Estimated Dietary Exposure to Any Other Substance That is Expected to be Formed in or on Food

This section is not applicable to Blue California's Allulose as it would be chemically stable under the proposed conditions of use.

D. Dietary Exposure to Contaminants, Byproducts, and Bioactives

No concerns regarding dietary exposure to contaminants, byproducts, or bioactives have been raised by FDA upon review of previous GRAS Notices for allulose preparations.

PART 4. SELF-LIMITING LEVELS OF USE

There are no published data on a self-limiting level for allulose.

PART 5. EXPERIENCE BASED ON COMMON USE IN FOOD BEFORE 1958

The statutory basis for Blue California's conclusion of GRAS status of Allulose in this document is not based on common use in food before 1958. The GRAS conclusion is based on scientific procedures.

PART 6. NARRATIVE

A. Summary of Regulatory History

1. U.S. Regulatory History

A search of FDA's GRAS Notice Inventory website⁷ using the search terms "D-allulose", "D-psicose", "allulose", and "psicose" identified a number of GRAS Notices submitted to FDA. As of May 24, 2021, FDA has filed four GRAS notices relating allulose, which have received "no questions" responses. In addition, three other GRAS notices were filed and subsequently ceased evaluation by FDA at the notifier's request due to submission issues. The GRAS submissions are summarized in Table 8.

⁷ GRAS Notice Inventory. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/fdcc/?set=GRASNotices (accessed on July 13, 2021)

Table 8. Summary of Allulose Submissions in FDA's GRAS Notice Inventory

GRN#/	Intended Use	Use Rate	Company (Year)	FDA Response
Closure Date		O SC Nate	Joinparty (Tear)	. Dr. Response
400 / June 18, 2012	As a sugar substitute in rolls, cakes, pies, pastries, and cookies, dietetic or low calories; chewing gum; fat-based cream used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, and pastries; hard candies, low calorie (including pressed candy, mints); frozen dairy desserts (regular ice cream, soft serve, sorbet), low calorie; carbonated beverages, low calorie; non-carbonated beverages, reduced and low calorie; soft candies, low-calorie (non-chocolate, plain chocolate, chocolate coated); sugar substitutes (carrier); yogurt (regular and frozen), low calorie; medical foods; ready-to-eat cereals (< 5 percent sugar); coffee mix	2.1–100%	CJ Cheiljedang (2011)	FDA has no questions FDA (2012)
498 / June 12, 2014	Chewing gum; confections and frostings; dressings for salads; jams & jellies; sugar; sugar substitutes (carrier), and various low-calorie or dietetic foods including low-calorie, reduced-calorie, sugar-free beverages (non-alcoholic) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free; cereals (regular, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free); frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; yogurt and frozen yogurt, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; gelatins, pudding and fillings, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; soft candies, ;low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; soft candies, ;low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free soft candies, ;low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free	2–100%	Matustani Chemical Industry Company (2013)	FDA has no questions FDA (2014)
647 / October 11, 2016	Baked products (bread, muffin, cake and cookies), dietetic or low calorie; baked products (pastries); alcohol beverages, reduced calorie; soft drinks, cola type, low or reduced calorie; soft drinks, pepper type, low or reduced calorie; fruit juice drinks, low or reduced calorie; fruit flavored drinks, low or reduced calorie; yogurt, low or reduced calorie; hard candy, low or reduced calorie; soft candy, low or reduced calorie; chocolate, low or reduced calorie; chewing gum; coffee mix; sauce, low or reduced calorie; fat-based cream used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries, pie; sugar substitutes; nutrition bars (meal replacement bars, protein bars, and energy bars); meal replacement shakes, liquid; and medical foods	1 to 100%	Samyang Corporation (2016)	At the notifier's request, FDA ceased to evaluate this notice
693 / August 28, 2017	Bakery products (rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetics); beverages (non-alcoholic), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; cereals, regular cereals, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; chewing gum; confections and frostings; frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet),	2–100%	SamYang Corporation (2017a)	FDA has no questions FDA (2017a)

GRN # / Closure Date	Intended Use	Use Rate	Company (Year)	FDA Response
	low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; yogurt and frozen yogurt, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; dressings for salads; gelatins, pudding and fillings, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; hard candies, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free, soft candies, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; jams and jellies; sugar; sugar substitutes; sweet sauces and syrups, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; fat based cream (used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries, and pie)			
755 / May 10, 2018	For use as a sugar substitute in bakery products (rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetics); beverages (non-alcoholic), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; cereals, regular cereals, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; chewing gum; confections and frostings; frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; yogurt and frozen yogurt, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; dressings for salads; gelatins, pudding and fillings, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; hard candies, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; soft candies, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; jams and jellies; sugar; sugar substitutes; sweet sauces and syrups, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; fat-based cream (used in modified fat/calorie cookies cakes, pastries and pies)	2–100%	Samyang Corporation (2017b)	At the notifier's request, FDA ceased to evaluate this notice
828 / March 2, 2020	Bakery products -rolls, pastries, cakes (low calorie or dietetics); beverages - non-alcoholic (low-and reduced-calorie, sugar-free); cereals, regular; cereals (low-and reduced calorie, sugar-free); chewing gum; confections and frostings; frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet; low- and reduced calorie, sugar free); yogurt and frozen yogurt (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); dressings for salads; gelatins, puddings and fillings (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); hard candies (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); soft candies (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); jams and jellies; sugar; sugar substitutes, sweet sauces and syrups (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); fat-based cream (used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries and pie)	2–100 percent	Samyang Corporation (2018)	FDA has no questions. (FDA, 2020a)
GRN 893 / June 5, 2020	Intended for use as a sweetener in alcoholic beverages, meat and poultry products, grain-based cereal bars, dried cranberries, and pre-sweetened cereals	At levels ranging from 2 to 25 percent of the finished food	Tate & Lyle (2019)	At the notifier's request, FDA ceased to evaluate this notice. (FDA, 2020b)

In October 2020, FDA issued a guidance document that indicated that they intend to exercise enforcement discretion for excluding allulose from the amount of "Total Sugars" and "Added Sugars" declared on the label and for the use of a general factor of 0.4 calories per gram for allulose to determine "Calories" on the Nutrition and Supplement Facts Labels pending review of the issues in a rulemaking.⁸

The search of FDA's GRAS Notice Inventory using the term "allulose" revealed that GRN 624 for D-allulose 3-epimerase from *Arthrobacter globiformis* M30 produced in *E. coli* received a "no questions" response from FDA.

2. Canadian Regulatory History

Health Canada lists allulose in the Natural Health Products Ingredient Database as a sweetening agent⁹. Allulose is not listed in the list of permitted sweeteners.¹⁰

3. European Regulatory History

In 2018, an application was submitted by Petiva Europe SA in 2019 to include allulose in the Union list of novel foods. In April 2018, CJ-Tereos Sweeteners Europe SAS, submitted an application to support the approval allulose as a Novel Food Ingredient in the European Union (EU). In 2019, Tate & Lyle Ingredients France SAS, submitted an application to market allulose as a novel food for use as a low-calorie sweetener in food and beverage products in the EU. No updates on the status of these applications were available as of May 2021.¹¹

The enzyme D-allulose-3-epimerase from *Arthrobacter globiformis* expressed in *E. coli* was evaluated by the Joint Expert Committee on Food Additives (JECFA). An acceptable daily intake (ADI) was not specified at the 89th JECFA meeting.¹²

4. United Kingdom Regulatory History

No information was returned following a search of the Food Standards Agency website using the terms "allulose" and "psicose."

5. Danish Veterinary and Food Administration (DVFA)

No information was returned following a search of the Danish Veterinary and Food Administration using the terms "allulose" and "psicose."

⁸ Available at: https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/guidance-industry-declaration-allulose-and-calories-allulose-nutrition-and-supplement-facts-labels (Accessed May 24, 2021)

⁹ Available at: http://webprod.hc-sc.gc.ca/nhpid-bdipsn/pfReg.do?id=85&lang=eng (Accessed May 24, 2021)

¹⁰ Available at: https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/food-nutrition/food-safety/food-additives/lists-permitted/9-sweeteners.html (Accessed May 24, 2021)

¹¹ Available at: https://ec.europa.eu/food/safety/novel_food/authorisations/summary-applications-and-notifications_en (Accessed May 24, 2021)

¹² Available at: https://apps.who.int/food-additives-contaminants-jecfa-database/chemical.aspx?chemID=6508 (Accessed May 24, 2021)

6. Spanish Agency for Food Safety and Nutrition (AESAN)

No information was returned following a search of the Agency for Food Safety and Nutrition's website using the terms "allulose" and "psicose."

7. Norwegian Scientific Committee for Food Safety (Vitenskapskomiteen for mattrygghet, VKM)

No results were returned following a search of the Norwegian Scientific Committee for Food Safety website using the terms "allulose" and "psicose."

8. Korean Regulatory History

In 2018, the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety of Korea canceled the temporary requirements for allulose. Allulose is now registered in the Korean Food Standards Codex¹³.

9. Japanese Regulatory History

Allulose has been available for commercial use in Japan since 2011. In February 2016, the Food Safety Commission of Japan designated allulose as a Food for Specified Health Uses (FS/97/2016). As of January 15, 2021, the Japan Ministry of Health and Welfare's List of Existing Food Additives includes psicose epimerase¹⁴.

10. Australia and New Zealand Regulatory History

No information was identified following a search of the Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ) website.

B. Discussion of Safety of Allulose

FDA has responded with "no questions" following the submission of four of a total of seven GRAS Notices on allulose that have been submitted to date (FDA, 2012; FDA, 2014; FDA, 2017a; FDA, 2020a). As noted in Part 2.C.1., the chemical composition and specifications for Blue California's Allulose is substantially equivalent to the allulose preparations described in GRNs 693 and 828. Therefore, the safety data discussed in GRNs 693 and 828, as well as the safety data reported and published for allulose in the published literature, are pertinent to the safety conclusion for Blue California's Allulose. The intended uses and intended use levels for Blue California's Allulose are similar to those found GRNs 400, 498, 693, and 828, with additional proposed uses in grain based cereal and protein bars; low-sugar, reduced-sugar, and diet fruit juices; and low- and reduced-calorie alcoholic beverages. As discussed in Part 3.B.1, the expanded proposed uses do not result in EDIs greater than those presented in GRN 828 based on the most recent NHANES datasets. In addition,

¹³ Available at: https://mfds.go.kr/eng/brd/m_60/view.do?seg=73753 (Accessed May 25, 2021)

¹⁴ Available at: https://www.ffcr.or.jp/en/tenka/list-of-designated-additives/list-of-designated-additives.html (Accessed June 3, 2021).

FDA conducted a scientific review of the evidence on the metabolism, caloric value, glycemic response and cariogenic potential of allulose.

A literature search covering the time period from 2017 to April 2021 was conducted in PubMed and Google Scholar using the search terms "D-allulose", "allulose", "D-psicose", or "psicose." These searches identified a reproductive study in rats (Kim et al., 2019), and efficacy study (Ochiai et al., 2017), and multiple new reports on human clinical trials (Noronha et al., 2018a; Tanaka et al., 2020; Tanaka et al., 2019). In addition, GRN 828 cites an unpublished acute toxicity study in male and female Sprague-Dawley rats (FDA, 2020b).

1. Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism & Excretion (ADME) Studies

After oral administration, allulose undergoes absorption in the small intestine and enters the blood stream. According to Tsukamoto et al., 2014, the maximum concentration of allulose in blood of rats was measured at one hour. Urinary excretion was at 20% within one hour and at 33% within three hours. Matsuo (2003) also conducted a study in rats and found that. In addition, a human study reported that allulose was absorbed but was not metabolized (Williamson et al., 2014).

No new studies were identified regarding metabolism of allulose other than those described in previous GRAS Notices; therefore, the metabolism of allulose will not be discussed in detail herein. A few key studies on the metabolism of allulose are summarized below.

a. Animal Studies

A key study by Tsukamoto (2014), discussed in detail in GRN 693, confirms data from earlier studies that, following oral administration in laboratory rats, allulose is absorbed in the small intestine and then rapidly excreted in urine. Radioactive allulose (100 mg per kg bw) was administered orally by gavage and intravenously to male Wistar rats (n=10), and concentrations of allulose in the blood, urine, liver, kidney, lung, thymus, spleen, heart, brain, skin, muscle, stomach, small intestine, cecum, large intestine and the gastrointestinal contents were subsequently determined at 10, 30, 60, and 120 minutes post-administration. Following oral dosing, allulose rapidly entered the bloodstream with the maximum concentration (48.5±15.6 µg per g) observed at one hour after dosing. Excretion in the urine was at 20% within one hour and at 33% within two hours. The liver was the only organ where accumulation was noted. At seven days after a single oral dose, the remaining amounts of allulose observed in the body were less than 1%. Following intravenous administration, blood concentration had a half-life of 57 minutes with the excretion in urine at almost 50% within one hour. As with oral administration, accumulation was only observed in the liver.

Matsuo (2003) investigated the metabolism of allulose in a series of studies. In the first study, 6-week-old male Wistar rats (n=58) were orally administered a single dose of 5 mg per kg bw of allulose. Urine and feces samples were collected at 24-hour intervals for the first 72 hours of the study. The animals had *ad libitum* access to food during the collection period. At 24 hours, allulose was present in urine at 11-15% of the initial dosage and in feces at 8-13% of the initial dosage. No

allulose was detected in the urine or feces samples collected at 24-48 hours and 48-72 hours after dosing.

In a second study, Matsuo (2003) evaluated the absorption of allulose from the gastrointestinal tract of 5-week-old male Wistar rats (n=18) following a single oral dose (5 mg per kg). Animals were fed a standard diet *ad libitum* for one week prior to dosing and then euthanized at 1, 3, and 7 hours post dose (n=6 per timepoint). Following euthanasia at each timepoint, blood was collected, and the serum extracted to evaluate allulose levels. Residual food in the stomach, small intestine and cecum was also collected at each timepoint and evaluated for allulose levels. Allulose levels decreased rapidly in the blood at one hour after administration. In the stomach, allulose levels were higher at one hour (26 – 37% of initial dose) after dosing than at three hours (0.4 - 0.6% of initial dose) after dosing, while none was detected at seven hours after administration. In the small intestine, allulose levels were 6 – 10%, 2 - 3%, and 1 - 3% of the initial dose at 1, 3, and 7 hours, respectively. The allulose levels in the cecum at 1, 3, and 7 hours was 0%, 11 - 18%, and 10 - 19%, respectively.

In an additional study by the same authors, twenty-six 3-week-old male Wistar rats were randomized into four groups and fed a basal diet until they were four weeks old (Matsuo, 2003). Rats were then fed a synthetic high carbohydrate diet that contained 5% corn oil, 0, 10, 20, or 30% allulose, and 65, 55, 45, or 35% corn starch. Each group was given *ad libitum* access to the allulose containing diets and water for 34 days, after which the rats were fasted overnight and euthanized. The cecum was removed immediately, and residual food collected, cecal weight, surface area and cecal content weight was measured. Body weight gain, food intake and food efficiency were evaluated throughout the study, and all decreased with increasing amounts of allulose in the diets. Cecal weight and surface area increased with increasing levels of allulose in the diet as did the short chain fatty acids (SCFA), and acetic, propionic and butyric acid. Cecal density did not differ between groups. The authors of these studies concluded that allulose is partly absorbable in the digestive tract and is excreted in the urine and feces, and that allulose is a fermentable saccharide as evidenced by the SCFAs produced in the cecum.

b. Human Studies

Williamson et al. (2014) (abstract only) investigated the mass balance recovery of allulose ¹⁵. Eight healthy men were fed a light breakfast and were orally administered 776 nCi [14C(U)] of allulose (99% purity) in a beverage that included 15 g of unlabeled sweetener. Samples of blood, urine, feces, and expired air were collected at baseline and at multiple time points up to 168 hours post dosing. The maximum plasma concentration (C_{max}) was observed at approximately 1.5 hours following administration. The study reported that most of the radiotracer remained intact (80.3% in plasma, 83.6% urine, and 16% fecal) and the ¹⁴C rare sugar was the most abundant ¹⁴C-labeled compound in the plasma and excreta. This study demonstrated that radio-labeled allulose was absorbed but was not metabolized.

¹⁵ This sugar was not defined as allulose in the abstract; however, the rare sugar was identified as allulose in the following document: https://www.tateandlyle.com/sites/default/files/2017-12/tate-lyle-sweetener-brochure-2017%20%281%29 2.pdf (Accessed June 3, 2021)

7/21/21

2. Toxicity Studies

a. Acute, Subchronic, and Chronic Toxicity Studies

In an acute oral administration study by Matsuo et al. (2002), male Wistar rats were give single doses of 8, 11, 14, 17, or 20 g per kg bw allulose. All rats displayed diarrhea within 24 hours of allulose administration. Three of eight rats in the 14 g per kg bw group, three of eight rats in the 17 g per kg bw group, and all eight rats in the 20 g per kg bw group died within 48 hours of administration. Deceased rats in the 17 and 20 g per kg bw dose groups displayed bleeding in the mucous layers of the stomach or small intestine. Based on these observations, Matsuo et al. determined that the LD50 of allulose is 16.3 g per kg bw and 15.8 g per kg bw using the Behrens-Karber and Litchfield-Wilcoxon methods, respectively. The authors also conducted a 34-day subchronic feeding study in rats with levels of allulose at 0, 10, 20, 30, and 40% allulose in the diet. One rat out of seven fed the 30% diet and five rats out of seven fed the 40% diets died during the experimental period. The authors noted only that high consumption of allulose "appeared harmful to the intestinal tract." Rats fed the 20%, 30%, and 40% diets had diarrhea for the first eight days and body weight gain was more suppressed by feeding the higher levels of allulose. Food intake and food efficiency were lower in the rats fed the higher allulose diets and carcass fat content and percentage of carcass fat decreased significantly with increasing allulose levels in the diet. The weights of the heart, spleen and abdominal adipose tissue were smaller in rats fed the higher concentrations but cecal weight increased with increasing allulose concentrations and cecal hypertrophy was observed in those fed 10 – 40% allulose.

Nishii et al. (2017) conducted a study in which healthy dogs were given 200 mg per kg bw per day of allulose orally for 12 weeks. Exposure to allulose did not cause any adverse clinical signs or changes in hematological and biochemical endpoints except for lipids. There was no adverse effect on body weight noted. No cumulative effects on glucose metabolism were reported. The authors concluded that long-term dosing with allulose caused no harmful effects in dogs.

Nishii et al. (2016b) conducted a study in which healthy dogs were given a single acute oral dose of either a placebo or allulose at 1 or 4 g per kg. Some transient clinical signs were noted following the 4 g per kg dose and clinical pathology changes were noted in both allulose groups. The authors concluded that a single oral dose of allulose up to 4 g per kg bw did not show severe toxicity in dogs.

In a chronic study performed by Yagi and Matsuo (2009), male Wistar rats were fed a diet containing 3% allulose for 18 months. The authors concluded that no adverse effects were noted when rats were exposed to 3% allulose in the diet, equivalent to 1.28 g per kg bw per day, for up to 18 months.

A study described in GRN 828 reported that 5-week-old male and female Sprague Dawley rats were given a single dose of 0 or 5 mg per kg bw per day of allulose and were then observed for 14 days. The authors concluded that the median lethal dose (LD₅₀) was higher than 5 g per kg bw, the highest dose tested, which does not alter the LD₅₀ conclusion that was previously reported in the published literature.

Study details of the acute, subchronic, and chronic toxicity studies identified in GRN 693 and one additional study identified, are presented in Table 9.

Table 9. Summary of Pre-Clinical Safety Studies for Allulose

Study Setup and Details	Pre-Clinical Study Details and Results	Reference
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 90 days Animals: n = 32; male and female (n=4/sex/group) Dose/Concentration: 0, 1,250, 2,500, 5,000 mg/kg bw Delivery/Vehicle: gavage/distilled water Frequency: daily	 Outcome Measurements: OECD guideline 408 compliant Allulose was manufactured from an aqueous solution of fructose via enzymatic epimerization using a non-GMO <i>M. foliorum</i> SYG27B-MF Animals were observed once daily for clinical signs of toxicity, twice daily for mortality, and weighed on a weekly basis. The eyes of all animals in the study were examined prior to dosing and then again during the last week of dosing Food consumption was measured every 7 days for the first 13 weeks and then every 6 days, the average intake per day was calculated. A complete urinalysis was performed on 5 rats per group after week 13 of dosing. At the end of the dosing period, all animals were anesthetized, and blood collected for a complete blood count and a blood chemistry evaluation. Animals were then exsanguinated and underwent a complete gross necropsy. Select organs and tissues were weighed and included the ovaries, adrenal glands, pituitary gland, prostate gland, testes, epididymides, spleen, kidneys, heart, lungs, brain and liver. The following tissues and organs were collected, fixed and prepared for histopathological examination: testes, epididymides, prostate gland, ovaries, uterus, vagina, urinary bladder, spleen, stomach, pancreas, duodenum, jejunum, ileum, cecum, colon, rectum, mesenteric lymph nodes, adrenal glands, kidneys, liver, femurs, submandibular lymph nodes, salivary glands, sternum, thymus, heart, lungs, aorta, spinal cord, tongue, trachea, esophagus, thyroid gland, eyes, Harderian gland, brain, pituitary gland and skin/mammary gland. Blood was evaluated for white and red blood cell numbers, hemoglobin, mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration, platelets, red cell distribution width, hemoglobin distribution width, reticulocytes, neutrophils, lymphocytes, monocytes, eosinophils, basophils and large unstained cells. Serum was collected and evaluated for th	An et al. (2019)

Study Setup and Details	Pre-Clinical Study Details and Results	Reference
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 144 hours for each dose Animals: n = 6 dogs (1 neutered male; 5 spayed females) Dose/Concentration: 1 and 4 g/kg bw Delivery/Vehicle: oral with plastic syringe/water Frequency: single dose/2 dosage levels each; Latin square design with 7 intervals of at least 7 days between	 Results and Significance: No mortalities were reported, and no obvious adverse clinical signs were seen in either sex. There was no significant difference in body weight between the treated and control animals except for the high dose males. The body weight significantly decreased by 11.9% as compared to controls. There were no differences in food consumption. No allulose related changes in any of the hematology or clinical chemistry parameters were noted. No allulose related abnormalities were noted at gross necropsy or histopathological examination. Significant changes were observed in the absolute weight of the thymus in the males (decreased), and the liver and kidneys in females (increased). The authors concluded that the NOAEL of allulose in both male and female rats was determined to be 5,000 mg per kg per day. Outcome Measurements: Blood samples collected before dosing and at 20 minutes, 40 minutes, 1, 2, 4, 8, 12, 24, 48, 96, and 144 hours after dosing. Plasma concentrations of alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), alkaline phosphatase (ALP), total bilirubin, urea nitrogen, creatinine, total protein, albumin, total cholesterol and triglyceride were determined at the 0, 4, 8, 12, 24, 48, 96, and 144-hour timepoints. Plasma insulin concentrations were determined at 0, 20 minutes, 40 minutes, 1, and 2 hours after dosing Plasma concentrations of glucose, total calcium, inorganic phosphorus, sodium, potassium, and chlorine were determined at 0, 20 minutes, 40 minutes, 1, 2, 4, 8, 12, 24, 48, 96, and 144-hour timepoints. Dogs were fed at 12 hours after dosing and then twice daily thereafter 	FDA (2017b); Nishii et al. (2016b)
	 Results and Significance: One dog was vomiting shortly after dosing with 4 g/kg of allulose and was removed from the study. The remaining 5 animals in the group did not exhibit vomiting but did experience transient diarrhea between 2 and 24 hours after dosing. Two dogs exhibited transient nausea within 1 hour of dosing with 1 g/kg allulose. No other adverse clinical signs were noted, dogs were active and had good appetite throughout the rest of the study period. Physiological Findings: Blood glucose concentrations decreased slightly at 2 hours after dosing of both 1 and 4 g/kg bw allulose. Plasma alkaline phosphatase activities showed were mildly increased in a dose dependent manner between 12 and 48 hours after allulose administration. Plasma inorganic phosphorus was mildly decreased, 	

Study Setup and Details	Pre-Clinical Study Details and Results	Reference
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 14 days Animals: n = 40 male Wistar rats (n=8/group); 4 weeks old Dose/Concentration: 8, 11, 14, 17, and 20 g/kg bw Delivery/Vehicle: gavage; water Frequency: once	which was followed by a transient increase within 12 hours and the concentration at the 8-hour timepoint in the dogs that received 4 g/kg bw allulose was significantly higher when compared to the control dogs. There were no significant differences found in any other parameters between the dose rates. • The transient adverse gastrointestinal effects noted were not considered to be signs of serious toxicity but were assumed to be due to a rise in the enteric osmotic pressure caused by the administration of allulose. The authors did not consider the drop in blood glucose levels to be significant enough to be considered significant hypoglycemia. The authors noted that the increase in plasma ALP activity was mild and transient without a significant rise in other hepatic enzymes and was therefore not considered a serious toxic effect. The pattern of change in the plasma inorganic phosphorus concentration was similar to normal diurnal patterns found in dogs but the authors concluded that the administration of allulose may mildly exaggerate the pattern in dogs but did not consider this a serious sign of toxicity. • The authors concluded that a single oral dose of allulose up to 4 g/kg bw did not show severe toxicity in dogs. Outcome Measurements: • Rats were observed daily for clinical signs and mortality • Animals were fasted for 12 hours prior to dosing and for 4 hours after, then had ad libitum access to certified diet and water. • LD ₅₀ was calculated from the mortality using the Behrens-Karber method and Litchfield-Wilcoxon method Results and Significance: • All rats had diarrhea at 1-24 hours after dosing with allulose with the animals in the 17 and 20 g/kg bw groups becoming very weak. • Three rats in the 14 g/kg bw, three rats in the 17 g/kg bw, and all rats in the 20 g/kg bw group died in the first 48 hours following dosing. All rats that died in the 17 and 20 g/kg bw groups exhibited bleeding in the mucous layers of the stomach and small intestine. • No mortalities were noted after 48 hours and all	Matsuo et al. (2002)
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 34 days Animals: n = 30 male Wistar rats (n=7/group); 4 weeks old Dose/Concentration: 0, 10, 20, 30, and 40%	 Outcome Measurements: Body weight gain and food intake were recorded daily The number of rats with diarrhea were noted Following euthanasia on day 34, blood was collected, and the serum was analyzed for glucose and triacylglycerol. 	Matsuo et al. (2002)

Study Setup and Details	Pre-Clinical Study Details and Results	Reference
Delivery/Vehicle: diet Frequency: daily in the diet	 The liver, heart, spleen, kidneys, cecum and intra-abdominal adipose tissues were removed immediately following euthanasia and weighed The remaining organs and tissues were removed, and the carcass stored at -20°C until analysis of carcass composition. Total liver lipid and liver triacylglycerol were determined as well as carcass fat and protein. 	
	 Results and Significance: One rat in the 30% group and five rats in the 40% group died during the study Rats in the 20, 30, and 40% diet groups had diarrhea for the first 8 days. Body weight gain decreased as the level of allulose in the diet increased. A significant difference in weight gain was noted between the 0, 10, 20, and 30% allulose groups. Food intake and food efficiency were lower in rats fed higher allulose levels Carcass fat content and percentage of carcass fat decreased significantly with increasing allulose levels in the diet. Carcass protein content decreased as the level of allulose in the diet increased; the level was significantly higher in the 0 and 10% groups as compared to the 20 and 30% groups. The weights of heart, spleen and abdominal adipose tissue were decreased as the level of allulose increased in the diet. Cecal weights increased as the level of allulose increased in the diet and cecal hypertrophy was observed in the rats fed diets with 10 – 40% allulose. 	
	 The authors concluded that feeding diets extremely high in allulose is harmful to the intestinal tract. 	
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 12 weeks Animals: n = 10 beagle dogs (1 neutered male + 4 spayed females/group) Dose/Concentration: 0.2 g/kg Delivery/Vehicle: oral/vehicle not specified Frequency: daily	 Outcome Measurements: Animals were fed a maintenance diet and had free access to water Control group received water rather than the allulose solution Food consumption, feces characteristics, activity and clinical signs were recorded daily. Body weight was measured at 0, 2, 4, 8, and 12 weeks. Blood samples were collected before the study started and during week 12 for complete blood counts and the following biochemical analyses: ALT, AST, ALP, total bilirubin, urea nitrogen, creatinine, total protein, albumin, total cholesterol, triglyceride, total calcium, inorganic phosphorus, sodium, potassium, and chlorine concentrations. An intravenous glucose tolerance test was conducted before the start of dosing and one day after the last allulose dose. A 50% glucose solution was injected intravenously at a rate of 0.5 g glucose/kg bw and blood samples collected at 0, 5, 10, 15, 30, and 60 minutes after for measurement of glucose and insulin concentrations. 	Nishii et al. (2017)

Study Setup and Details	Pre-Clinical Study Details and Results	Reference
	 Pesults and Significance: During the experimental period, all dogs had a normal appetite, normal feces, and were active with no adverse clinical signs. Body weights were stable in both groups and there was no significant difference between controls and experimental groups. Allulose administration did not cause clinical signs, body weight or changes in the hematological or biochemical levels, with the exception of significantly decreasing the total cholesterol. Plasma glucose and insulin concentrations in the glucose tolerance test were not significantly different between groups. The authors concluded that this was evidence that allulose did not have cumulative effects on glucose metabolism in healthy dogs. The authors concluded that long-term administration of allulose caused no harmful effects in healthy dogs. 	
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 90-days Animals: n = 20 male Wistar rats (n=10/group); 4 weeks old Dose/Concentration: 3% in the diet Delivery/Vehicle: diet Frequency: daily	 Outcome Measurements: Sucrose was used as a control Animals had free access to the control or allulose-containing diets and water for 90-days At the end of the dosing period, animals were euthanized, and blood collected. The brain, heart, lungs, liver, pancreas, kidneys, adrenal glands, spleen, testicles, intra-abdominal adipose tissues and muscle tissues were removed. The stomach, small intestine, large intestine and cecum were also removed and weighed. Pieces of liver, kidneys and jejunum were placed in 10% neutral buffered formalin and examined histologically. The small and large intestine length, surface area and cecal content weight were measured. The following hematological and clinical chemistry parameters were evaluated: white blood cell and red blood cell count, hemoglobin, hematocrit, mean cell volume, mean cell hemoglobin, mean cell hemoglobin concentration, platelet, total protein, albumin/globulin ratio, albumin, globulin, AST, uric acid, blood urea nitrogen, creatine, calcium, iron, cholesterol, triglycerides, glucose and free fatty acid. 	Matsuo et al. (2012); FDA (2017b)
	 Final body and tissue weights, food intake, and digestive tract size did not differ between control and allulose groups. Actual allulose ingestion was 1.67 g/kg bw per day Mean liver and kidney weights were significantly higher in the allulose group as compared to the sucrose group. No other tissue weight differences were noted. Total protein, albumin, white blood cell and red blood cell count, mean cell hemoglobin concentration, and platelet count were all significantly higher and the uric acid, mean cell volume and mean cell hemoglobin 	

Study Setup and Details	Pre-Clinical Study Details and Results	Reference
Study Docian: In vivo	 were significantly lower in the allulose group as compared to the sucrose group. These were not considered toxicologically significant. No histological differences were noted between groups in the liver and kidneys. The authors concluded that there were no adverse effects found following the consumption of a diet containing 3% allulose for 90 days Outcome Measurements: 	Vagi and
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 12-18 months Animals: n = 36 male Wistar rats (n=18/group); 4 weeks old Dose/Concentration: 1.28 g/kg bw per day; 3% in the diet Delivery/Vehicle: diet Frequency: daily	 Control diet contained 3% sucrose (actual dose consumed was 1.22 g/kg bw per day) Animals had ad libitum access to the diets and water Body weight and feed consumption was recorded during the study, but the frequency was not specified At the end of 12 months, 8 animals/group were fasted for 4.5 hours, anesthetized and blood was collected for hematological and clinical chemistry analysis. Samples were analyzed for platelet count, hemoglobin, erythrocyte count, leukocyte count, hematocrit, mean corpuscular volume, mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration, glucose, insulin, triglycerides, free fatty acids, total cholesterol, AST, ALT, total bilirubin, direct bilirubin, indirect bilirubin, creatinine, urea nitrogen, uric acid, albumin, total protein, ratio of albumin and globulin, lipid peroxide, calcium and iron. The remaining animals (10/group) underwent the same procedures at the end of 18 months The brain, heart, lungs, liver, pancreas, kidneys, adrenals, spleen, testicles, intra-abdominal adipose tissues and muscle tissues were quickly removed and weighed following exsanguination. Sections of the liver and kidney were placed in 10% neutral buffered formalin for histopathological examination. 	Yagi and Matsuo (2009); FDA (2017b)
	 Final body weight, weight gain, and energy intake did not differ between the allulose and sucrose groups at the end of 12 months. Body weight and body weight gain and intra-abdominal adipose tissue weight was significantly reduced in the rats on the allulose-containing diet as compared to those on the sucrose containing diet at 18 months No toxicologically significant differences were found in any of the hematological or clinical chemistry parameters evaluated Relative liver and kidney weights were significantly higher in the allulose group as compared to the sucrose group, but no gross pathological findings were evident which correlated with hypertrophy of the liver or kidney. No toxicologically significant histopathological lesions were noted in the liver or kidneys. 	

Study Setup and Details	Pre-Clinical Study Details and Results	Reference
	 The authors concluded that no adverse effects were noted in the current study when rats were exposed to 3% allulose in the diet for up to 18 months 	

bw – body weight; g – grams; kg – kilograms

Blue California has reviewed these studies and concludes that, while adverse effects on the intestinal tract were noted in Matsuo et al. (2002), the doses utilized in the acute study (ranging from 8 to 20 g per kg bw per day) were much higher than those anticipated from the intended use of Blue California's Allulose, where the highest 90th percentile EDI for any population group is determined to be 0.5 g per kg bw per day. The other studies reviewed show that oral allulose is well tolerated.

b. Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity Studies

Reproductive and development studies are important for GRAS assessments because the concept of GRAS presumes safety for the general population. No reproductive or developmental studies were reviewed in the previous GRNs (GRN 400, 498, 693 and 828). One new study was found in the literature.

Kim et al. (2019) investigated the reproductive toxicity of allulose in rats in a one generation study that was conducted in accordance with OECD Test Guideline 415. The females were continuously dosed from two weeks prior to mating until day 21 of lactation and males were dosed for the ten weeks prior to mating. Animals were exposed to either 0, 500, 1,000, or 2,000 mg allulose per kg bw per day. Animals were observed daily, and the males were euthanized when the mating period was completed. Females were allowed to give birth and rear their young until weaning at lactation day 21. All euthanized animals underwent a gross necropsy and special attention was given to the reproductive tissues. The ovaries, uterus, cervix, vagina, testes, epididymides, seminal vesicles, prostate, coagulating gland, and pituitary gland were all fixed, prepared for histopathological examination, and then evaluated. On the day of birth [postnatal day (PND) 0], the pups were examined, and the number of live and stillborn pups was recorded. The live pups were then sexed, weighed, and underwent an external examination. The pups were then examined daily on PND 4, 7, 14 and 21. On PND 4, litters were reduced to 4 males and 4 females when possible. Any deceased pups were evaluated for any structural or pathological findings. On PNDs 0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, and 21, the body weights of the F₁ pups were measured and physical findings were assessed for one random male and female in each litter.

There was no evidence of toxicity or mortality linked with treatment and there were no significant differences in the body weights in rats of any sex or at any time relative to the mating period. There were no treatment related effects on pregnancy rates, implantation, length of pregnancy, gender ratios, viability and lactation indexes, prenatal death rates, or the number of live young at birth. There were no treatment related changes identified at gross necropsy, with organ weights or with histopathological examination in the study rats. The body weights of the F₁ pups from the treated

parents were slightly higher up to day 9, but the authors reported the "changes were small, with no obvious dose dependence." No malformed pups were observed in any group. The authors concluded that the No Observed Adverse Effects Level (NOAEL) for both the parental generation and the offspring was equal to or greater than 2,000 mg per kg bw per day, the highest dose tested.

c. Genotoxicity/Mutagenicity Studies

No new studies were identified in the literature search since GRN 693 or GRN 828 were submitted to FDA. No genotoxicity or mutagenicity studies were reviewed in GRN 693 or GRN 828, but some studies were reviewed in GRN 400. Genotoxicity studies reviewed in GRN 400 included an Ames test, a micronucleus test and a chromosomal aberration test. No mutagenic potential for allulose was observed at levels up to 5,000 µg per plate in the Ames study and no significant increase in micronucleated polychromatic erythrocytes were noted at concentrations up to 2,000 mg per kg per day of allulose in a micronucleus test. In the chromosomal aberration test reported in GRN 400, allulose did not induce an increase in the number of chromosomal aberrations at a dosage of 1,800 µg per mL.

Blue California has reviewed these studies and concludes our material is substantively similar to the allulose preparations described in GRN 693 and GRN 828, and that the results of the genotoxicity and mutagenicity studies detailed in the previous GRNs are relevant to the safety conclusion of Blue California's Allulose.

3. Carcinogenicity

No carcinogenicity studies were reviewed in GRN 693 or 828, but three studies were reviewed in GRN 400 that demonstrated allulose is not carcinogenic. Furthermore, no new studies were identified in a literature search since GRN 693 and 828 were submitted to FDA.

4. In vitro Studies with Allulose

No *in vitro* studies for allulose were found in the published literature and none were included in previous GRAS Notices submitted to FDA.

5. Animal Efficacy Studies with Allulose

Studies on the efficacy of allulose did not assess safety but provide supportive evidence. Ochiai et al. (2017) assessed the anti-obesity effect of a "rare sugar" syrup that contained 5.62% allulose and a modified glucose syrup that contained allulose at 12.83% of the diet rats. Because allulose was present at a low level in both syrups, the study was not considered to have a significant bearing on safety.

Details of recent studies conducted by Choi et al. (2018) and Nishii et al. (2016b) were found to be relevant, and details about these studies as well as those discussed in related allulose GRNs are presented in Table 10.

Table 10. Summary of Animal Efficacy Studies for Allulose

Study Setup and Details	Animal Efficacy Study Details and Results	Reference
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 12 weeks Animals: n = 70; male C57BL/6J mice Dose/Concentration: 3% allulose in the diet Delivery/Vehicle: Diet Frequency: daily	 Outcome Measurements: Mice were fed a normal diet for 16 weeks and then a high-fat diet (HFD) for 4 weeks to induce obesity. Following this, the mice were divided into seven groups (n=10/group) and fed: 1) HFD; 2) HFD with Lactobacillus sakei; 3) HFD with Leuconostoc kimchi; 4) 3% allulose with HFD; 5) HFD with allulose and Lactobacillus sakei; 6) HFD with allulose and Leuconostoc kimchi; or 7) HFD with allulose, Lactobacillus sakei, and Leuconostoc kimchi; all for 12 weeks. The body weights were evaluated throughout the experimental period and used to determine the feed efficiency ratio throughout the experimental period. At the end of 12 weeks, the animals were euthanized following a 16 hour fast, blood was collected, and the liver and adipose tissue were removed and stored for analysis. Plasma triglycerides, total cholesterol, high-density lipoprotein cholesterol, glutamic oxaloacetic transaminase (AST) and glutamic pyruvic transaminase (ALT) levels, plasma apolipoprotein Al and apolipoprotein B, plasma free fatty acid, plasma adipokines and cytokines were measured. Hepatic lipid content including triglycerides, cholesterol and fatty acid contents, were determined. Hepatic lipid-regulating enzyme activities were also evaluated. The livers were examined histopathologically. 	Choi et al. (2018)
	Results and Significance: The authors concluded that this study demonstrated that the symbiotic mixture with allulose was more effective in suppressing diet-induced obesity and its complications via the regulation of lipid metabolism than either the probiotics or allulose alone. They suggest that this may mean the allulose acts as a prebiotic for the two probiotics tested. Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: A No specific sefety outcomes were reported in this study.	
Study Design: In vivo	 No specific safety outcomes were reported in this study. Outcome Measurements: 	Nagata et
Study Length: 4 weeks Animals: n = 30; Sprague- Dawley rats (n=6/group) Dose/Concentration: control diet or diet containing 3% allulose, D- tagatose or D-sorbose Delivery/Vehicle: diet Frequency: daily	 Body weight and food intake were determined and used to calculate body weight gain and food efficiency ratio. Animals were then euthanized without fasting. The liver and mesenteric, perirenal and epididymal adipose tissue were weighed and stored at -80°C prior to tissue lipid, enzyme or gene expression analysis. The small intestine was collected and flushed with ice-cold saline. The jejunum and ileum were isolated and the jejunum was used for real-time quantitative PCR analysis. Serum was collected to determine lipid levels and feces were collected for 2 days prior to euthanasia and analyzed for lipid excretion 	al. (2018)

Study Setup and Details	Animal Efficacy Study Details and Results	Reference
	 Results and Significance: No differences in body weight gain, food efficiency and liver weight were reported between groups. No difference in food intake was noted, which the authors concluded to mean there was no differences in caloric intake. Hepatic lipogenic enzyme activity was lower for animals who consumed diets supplemented with allulose and D-sorbose but increased for animals that consumed diets supplemented with D-tagatose. Fecal fatty acid excretion was not significantly decreased by allulose. There was a trend towards reduced adipose tissue weight observed in the rare sugars' groups. Allulose tended to down-regulate the gene expression of cholesterol metabolism-related liver proteins. 	
	 Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: No effects on body weight or food efficiency were noted. There was no reporting on any other safety measurements or any reports of mortalities. The average feed intake in the allulose group was 24.5±0.88g/day; therefore, approximately 0.74g of allulose was ingested/mouse/day. 	
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 16 weeks Animals: n = 60; male C57BL/6J mice (n=10/group) Dose/Concentration: 5% in the diet	 Outcome Measurements: Groups included in the study were control, high fat diet, 5% allulose, 5% erythritol, 5% D-glucose, and 5% D-fructose. The allulose, erythritol, D-glucose, and D-fructose were substituted for sucrose in the high fat diet to make the test diets. All animals were given isocaloric diets based on the energy intake of the allulose fed groups Food intake was recorded daily, and body weights were collected every two weeks Plasma, hepatic and fecal lipid profiles (triglycerides, high density lipoprotein cholesterol and total cholesterol) were determined for all animals at the end of the 16-week experimental period Plasma leptin, resistin and adiponectin were determined at the end of the experimental period The liver and epididymal white adipose tissue were collected from all animals at the end of the experimental period and fixed in 10% formalin for histopathological evaluation. 	Han et al. (2016)
	 Results and Significance Body weights and the fat-pad mass in the allulose group were lower than that in the control group with a decrease in plasma leptin and resistin concentrations. Allulose lowered plasma and hepatic lipids but elevated fecal lipids with a decrease in mRNA expression of CD36, ApoB48, FATP4 in the small intestine Both liver fatty acid synthase and β-oxidation were downgraded in the liver by allulose to the level of that in the normal group but in the 	

Study Setup and Details	Animal Efficacy Study Details and Results	Reference
	 epididymal white adipose tissue, fatty acid synthase was decreased while β-oxidation activity was enhanced The authors concluded that 5% dietary allulose led to the normalization of the metabolic status of diet-induced obesity by altering lipid-regulation enzyme activities and their gene expression levels as well as fecal lipids 	
	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported:	
Charles Daraham In when	No specific adverse events were reported.	O alaiai at al
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 8 weeks Animals: n = 31; male Wistar rats Dose/Concentration: 5% allulose in the diet Delivery/Vehicle: Diet Frequency: Daily	 Base diet was a high sucrose diet; control diet had 5% added cellulose and the experimental diet had 5% added allulose (n=10). The cellulose group (n=21) was again divided into two groups: one fed the cellulose diet ad libitum (n=11) and a second group that was pair fed the cellulose + allulose diets (n=10). Body weight and dietary intake were monitored daily. Rats in both the cellulose + allulose and the allulose groups consumed equal amounts of the metabolizable energy during the experimental period Between weeks 5 and 7, energy expenditure was measured At the end of the experimental period, the rats were fasted for 4 hours, euthanized, and blood was collected and the serum harvested. Heart, liver, kidney, abdominal adipose tissues, brown adipose tissue, and muscles were rapidly removed, weighed, and stored at -80°C until analyzed. 	Ochiai et al. (2014)
	 Results and Significance: The resting energy expenditure during darkness and the lipoprotein lipase activity in the soleus muscle were significantly higher in the allulose group than in the cellulose + allulose group Serum levels of glucose, leptin and adiponectin were significantly lower in the allulose group as compared with the cellulose + allulose group. The glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase activities in the liver and perirenal adipose tissue and body fat accumulation were significantly lower in the allulose group as compared with the cellulose + allulose group. The authors concluded that the anti-obesity effects of allulose could be induced by suppressing lipogenic enzyme activity and by increasing energy expenditure in a high sucrose induced obese rat model. 	
	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported:	
Study Dociona In which	 No specific adverse events were reported. Outcome Measurements: 	Magata at
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 4 weeks	Experiment 1: Rats were provided ad libitum a diet with 3% allulose or without allulose (control) for 4 weeks and then five to six animals were euthanized every 6 hours for 4 timepoints. Blood was collected and the	Nagata et al. (2015)

Study Setup and Details	Animal Efficacy Study Details and Results	Reference
Animals: Exp 1: n = 48 (n=24/group); Sprague- Dawley rats Exp 2: n = 16 (n=8/group); Sprague-Dawley rats Dose/Concentration: 3% allulose in the diet Delivery/Vehicle: diet Frequency: daily	liver, soleus muscle and adipose tissue collected. Intrascapular brown adipose tissue was also collected for enzyme activity measurement. The small intestine was collected. Serum glucose and lipid levels, serum insulin and leptin levels, and the cholesterol, phospholipid and triglyceride levels in the liver were measured. The activity of lipid metabolism-related enzymes in the liver and brown adipose tissue were also measured. Gene expression of enzymes and proteins involved in lipid metabolism in the liver, jejunum soleus muscle and mesenteric adipose tissue was measured. • Experiment 2: Rats were fed the appropriate diet (3% allulose or control) for 4 weeks and then the 24-hour energy expenditure was measured. Rats were placed in a metabolic chamber and maintained on the appropriate diet. Energy expenditure and oxidation of carbohydrate and fat were measured over a 24-hour period.	
	 Results and Significance: In the first experiment, rats fed allulose had significantly lower serum insulin and leptin levels as well as liver enzyme activity involved in lipogenesis. Gene expression of a transcriptional modulator of fatty acid oxidation was enhanced. In the second experiment, rats fed the allulose diet had significantly lower body weights and food intake as compared with controls. The rats in the allulose group had significantly higher energy expenditure during the light period and fat oxidation in the dark period, as compared with controls and carbohydrate oxidation was lower. The authors concluded that allulose decreased lipogenesis, increased fatty acid oxidation and enhanced 24-hour energy expenditure, which could demonstrate a potential for weight management. 	
	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: • No specific safety endpoints were included in the study and no reports	
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: Single dose Animals: n = 7; dogs (one male; five females used in both experiments and one additional male for the oral administration study) Dose/Concentration: 0.2 g/kg bw allulose Delivery/Vehicle: oral Frequency: once	 Outcome Measurements: The same dogs were used for all experiments with a minimum of a 1-week washout period between studies Dogs were determined to be healthy prior to dosing. All dogs were fasted overnight with free access to water. Oral study: Seven dogs were administered a 50% glucose (2.0 g/kg bw) solution or a 50% maltose (2.0 g/kg bw) solution, with oral allulose (0.2 g/kg bw) or the equivalent water dose. Blood samples were collected before dosing and at 30, 60, 90, and 120 minutes after dosing for determination of plasma glucose and insulin concentrations. Intravenous study: The same dose rate was used as in the oral study. Six dogs were given an oral allulose solution (0.2 g/kg bw) or the equivalent volume of water 60 minutes before the intravenous 	(Nishii et al., 2016a)

Study Setup and Details	Animal Efficacy Study Details and Results	Reference
	 administration of 50% glucose (0.5 g/kg bw). Blood samples were collected before dosing and at 5, 10, 15, 30, and 60 minutes after the glucose dose, for the determination of plasma glucose and insulin concentrations. Feeding study: Six dogs were fed a commercial maintenance dry food and given allulose (0.2 g/kg bw) or water. Blood samples were taken before feeding and at 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8 hours after feeding for determination of glucose and insulin concentrations. 	
	 Oral study: Oral dosing with glucose or maltose increased plasma glucose and insulin levels. Administration of allulose after dosing with glucose or maltose significantly diminished the rise in plasma glucose. The concentration of plasma insulin was significantly lower as well. The area under the curves (AUCs) for plasma glucose and insulin concentrations after oral dosing with glucose and maltose were significantly lower in the allulose group as compared with the water control group. Intravenous study: The concentration of plasma glucose was lower at 5, 10, and 15 minutes after intravenous dosing with glucose when allulose was also given. There was no significant difference in the plasma insulin levels between the control and allulose groups. Feeding study: After feeding, the level of plasma insulin increased while the level of plasma glucose did not fluctuate. Oral administration of allulose did not alter these parameters. 	
	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported:	
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 60 weeks Animals: n = 20 (n=10/group); Otsuka Long- Evans Tokushima Fatty (OLETF) rats Dose/Concentration: 0 or 5% allulose Delivery/Vehicle: tap water Frequency: daily/ad libitum	 No specific safety outcomes were reported in this study. Outcome Measurements: Animals were divided into two groups: control receiving tap water only and treatment group receiving 5% allulose in the water Body weights were measured daily Food and water intake were determined for three consecutive days each week and the average rat/day intake was calculated Periodic fasting and postprandial blood glucose levels were measured; plasma was also collected. Rats were fasted for 12 hours for an oral glucose tolerance test. Additional blood was collected for plasma, which was tested for insulin, total cholesterol, triglycerides, and high- and low-density lipoproteins. At the end of the experimental period, animals were fasted for 12 hours, anesthetized, blood collected, and organs/tissues removed. Abdominal fat was collected from the epididymal, retroperitoneal and mesenteric areas and weighed. Serum was analyzed for glutathione, IL-6, tissue necrosis factor alpha, leptin and adiponectin levels. Total fat mass, fatfree body mass and body mass index were estimated. To measure 	Hossain (2015)

Study Setup and Details	Animal Efficacy Study Details and Results	Reference
	 inflammatory profile, the pancreas and adipose tissues were fixed in formalin and prepared for histopathological evaluation. Results and Significance: Allulose prevented the start and progression of type II diabetes until week 60 by maintaining blood glucose levels, decreasing body weight gain and the control of postprandial hyperglycemia as compared with control rats. The improvement of glycemic control was accompanied by the maintenance of plasma insulin levels and preservation of pancreatic beta cells with a reduction in inflammatory markers. Body fat accumulation was significantly lower in the treatment group. The authors concluded that allulose could be beneficial in the prevention and control of obesity and hyperglycemia. 	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	 Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: No specific safety endpoints were included in this study and no adverse effects were reported. 	
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 13 weeks Animals: n = 45 Otsuka Long-Evans Tokushima Fatty (OLETF) rats and non- diabetic Long-Evans Tokushima Otsua (LETO) as controls (n=15) Dose/Concentration: 5% allulose in water Delivery/Vehicle: drinking water Frequency: daily	 Outcome Measurements: Treated OLETF rats were fed with 5% allulose (n=15) or 5% D-glucose (n=15) supplemented drinking water, and only water (n=15) in the control for 13 weeks. A non-diabetic Long-Evans Tokushima Otsuka (LETO), given water only served as a counter control of OLETF. Animals were allowed free access to water and food, and food intake for 3 consecutive days each week was measured to calculate the average of g/100g body weight consumption and amount of water consumption was also calculated. Multiple measurements of obesity, characterization of glucose metabolism and inflammatory profile were also evaluated Results and Significance: Consumption of allulose significantly attenuated progressive beta-islet fibrosis and preserved the islets. Allulose significantly reduced increase in body weight and abdominal fat deposition. The oral glucose tolerance test showed a reduced blood glucose level which suggests the improvement of insulin resistance. The authors concluded that the data suggested that allulose protected 	Hossain et al. (2012)
	and preserved pancreatic beta-islets through the maintenance of hyperglycemia and the prevention of fat accumulation in OLETF rats. Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: No behavior changes were observed during the study, weight gain tended to be lower in the allulose treated group and food intake was lower during the first weeks but was then not different from other groups.	

Study Setup and Details	Animal Efficacy Study Details and Results	Reference
Study Design: In vivo Study Length: 15 weeks Animals: n = not specified; mice – Lepob/Lepob and C57BL/6J wildtype Dose/Concentration: 0, 2.5, or 5% in the diet Delivery/Vehicle: diet Frequency: daily	 Outcome Measurements: This study investigated the benefits of dietary supplementation of allulose in inherited leptin-deficient mice with severe obesity. Animals were allowed free access to both food and water with intake measurements and body weights determined weekly. Body composition was assessed <i>in vivo</i> and then mice were euthanized, the abdominal visceral fat and the liver and kidneys excised, and the wet weight was measured. Hepatic steatosis and abdominal visceral fat were evaluated using magnetic resonance imaging (MRI). The liver was examined histologically for changes in hepatic steatosis. 	Itoh et al. (2015)
	 Results and Significance: The subchronic ingestion in the <i>ob/ob</i> mice significantly decreased body and liver weights. The loss of body weight was linked with the reduction of total fat mass including abdominal visceral fat but not fat-free body mass, including muscle. In addition, ingestion of allulose improved hepatic steatosis in the <i>ob/ob</i> mice. None of these parameters were influenced by ingestion of allulose in the wildtype mice. The authors concluded that allulose may be useful as a supplement for preventing and improving obesity and obesity-related disorders. 	
	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: • No specific safety endpoints were included in this study and no adverse effects were reported.	

6. Reviews

Chung et al. (2012) reviewed the properties, absorption, and excretion of allulose, as well as its biological production, function, and safety. The study reported that although extremely high levels of allulose (> 20% of the diet for 34 days) may prove harmful to rats and induce diarrhea (Matsuo et al., 2002), chronic intake of allulose at 3% of the diets of young rats for 12 to 18 months was well tolerated (Yagi and Matsuo, 2009). Chung et al. noted that "the dosage selected by Matsuo et al. (2002) was likely too high because their observation is contradicted" by more recent studies. The authors also reported that ingestion of 5 g of allulose with meals for 12 weeks did not result in toxicity issues with respect to hepatic function and physical symptoms in healthy humans with normal blood glucose levels (Hayashi et al., 2010). It was also noted that doses of allulose below 0.5 g per kg bw for males and 0.6 g per kg bw for females did not induce diarrhea (lida et al., 2007). In addition, the LD₅₀ value for allulose is 16 g per kg in rats and is similar to the LD₅₀ of D-sucralose for mice (16 g per kg) and rats (10 g per kg) (Goldsmith, 2000). In summary, the review reported that allulose is

generally considered to be safe but noted that additional studies should be conducted about the upper safety level of allulose.

7. Human Studies and Experience

A number of human studies were reviewed in other GRNs for allulose. A study discussed in GRN 693, lida et al. (2007) indicated that allulose is safe to ingest at 0.5 - 0.6 g per kg bw as a single dose, while a more recent gastrointestinal tolerance study by Han et al. (2018a) recommended that the maximum single dose of allulose should be 0.4 g per kg bw and that the maximum total daily intake of allulose be 0.9 g per kg bw. These recommendations were based on incidences of severe nausea, abdominal pain, headache, anorexia, and diarrheal symptoms when the total daily intake of allulose was gradually increased to 1.0 g per kg bw. These symptoms of gastrointestinal discomfort are transient and generally not considered to be of toxicological significance.

a. Clinical Trials

Numerous clinical trials have been conducted on allulose for various health related endpoints. While these studies were not designed with safety-related endpoints, they are summarized in Table 11 to outline the relevant study details in order to assess tolerability and safety. Blue California has reviewed the data and agrees with the safety conclusions of these studies.

Table 11. Summary of Clinical Studies

Study Setup and Details	Human Study Results, Significance, Safety	Reference
Study Design: Randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled trial Study Length: 52 weeks total; 48 weeks consumption and 4-week post-consumption observation period Subjects: Men and women with high LDL-C levels ranging from 120-159 mg/dL, fasting blood glucose ranging from 100-125 mg/dL, or hemoglobin HbA1c levels of 6.0-6.5%; ages 20-65 years, Dose, Delivery, and Frequency: Placebo – no allulose (n=28); low dose - 5 g/day allulose (n=27), and high dose: 15 g/day allulose (n=27). Allulose was	 Outcome Measurements Physical examination, blood biochemical marker analysis, and urine analysis (protein, lipid, saccharide, electrolyte, hepatic function and renal function), hematological parameters, urine analysis were performed at each examination. On examination day, fasting morning urine and blood were collected, physical measurements were taken. Routine blood biochemical marker analysis, hematological parameter measurements and urine analysis were performed at each examination timepoint. Additional endpoints were evaluated at various timepoints as detailed in the publication including the absolute risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) which was calculated and divided into three groups (low risk, moderate risk, and high risk). Examinations were performed 4 weeks prior to the start of consumption, on the first day of consumption, and then on week 8, 16, 24, 32, 40, and 48 after starting consumption. A 75 g oral glucose tolerance test was performed on the first day of the consumption period and at 48 weeks after starting consumption 	Tanaka et al. (2020)

Study Setup and Details	Human Study Results, Significance, Safety	Reference
administered as a beverage 30 min. before breakfast	 Results and Significance No significant increase in total cholesterol and LDL-C for the allulose group in comparison with the placebo group, no change in risk factors for atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease No clinical issues for other parameters Small declines of DAST, DALT, DALP, and Dg-GTP observed in the allulose groups compared to placebo were not of toxicological significance. Changes in fatty liver significantly improved in the allulose groups compared to placebo. 	
	 Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: Adverse events were observed during the dosing period: 42 episodes in 19 subjects in the placebo group, 34 episodes in 22 subjects in the 5 g/day group, and 38 episodes in 21 subjects in the 15 g/day group were observed, respectively. No significant differences in the incidence of adverse events were found between the placebo and treatment groups. The principal physician determined none of the adverse events were treatment-related. No increase in ASCVD risks was reported. The authors concluded that allulose consumption is safe for long-term intake 	
	up to a year, and allulose may be effective for improving hepatic functions and glucose metabolism.	
Study Design: Open trial Study Length: 16 weeks (12- week consumption period followed by a 4-week observation period) Subjects: n=18; 9 men and 9 women; 12 subjects had borderline type 2 diabetes and 6 had Type 2 diabetes; ages 20-75 years Dose, Delivery, and Frequency: 5 g/subject three	Outcome Measurements: General physical parameters included height, body weight, body mass index, body fat percentage, waist circumference, systolic blood pressure, diastolic blood pressure and pulse. Biochemical, hematological, and general urine analysis parameters were also evaluated. Living habits were also recorded. The authors note that there are limitations with this study – small sample size and influencing factors could not be excluded because of study design (open study/no control group). Results and Significance: One woman was removed from the study because she was found	Tanaka et al. (2019)
times daily with meals	 One woman was removed from the study because sne was found to be ineligible after 2 weeks. One man was dropped from the study because he had increased hepatic markers (total bilirubin, direct bilirubin, AST, ALT, and γ-GTP). There were improvements in uric acid and B2-microglobulin values over time. There were significant increases in total cholesterol and LDL-C compared with the first day of consumption; however, they were short term and attributed to seasonal variation and not considered to be a serious issue. 	

Study Setup and Details	Human Study Results, Significance, Safety	Reference
	 There were significant improvements in hepatic functions (γ-GTP and ALP There were no significant changes in urine values. Positive urine protein and occult blood were not related to changes in renal blood parameters and were therefore not thought to be related to allulose intake 	
	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported:	
	No serious clinical symptoms occurred. Twenty-nine adverse events were reported by 10 subjects and, of them, only constipation was thought to potentially be related to allulose consumption.	
Study Design: randomized double-blind, placebo-controlled trial Study Length: 12 weeks Subjects: n=121 (n=48/group);	Outcome Measurements: Sucralose was included as the placebo control Parameters for body composition, nutrient intake, computed tomography scan and plasma lipid profiles were assessed.	Han et al. (2018b)
male and females with a BMI ≥23 kg/m² (20-40 years) Dose, Delivery, and Frequency: low dose = 4 g/subject twice daily and high	Results and Significance: There was no significant difference in nutrient intake, plasma lipid profiles, markers of liver and kidney function and major inflammation markers between groups.	
dose = 7 g/subject twice daily; given as a grapefruit flavored non-carbonated drink	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: • The authors did not report that adverse events were monitored.	
Study Design: non-randomized control trial Study Length: Experiment 1: 11 acute exposures separated by 1 week washouts; Experiment 2: 6 days Subjects: Experiment 1: n=30 healthy men (n=15) and women (n=15) with a BMI of ≤23 kg/m² (21-30 yrs). Experiment 2: n=19 healthy men (n=10) and women (n=9) Dose, Delivery, and Frequency: dose gradually increased in steps; given as a grape-flavored non-carbonated	 Outcome Measurements: Two single-group open studies were done, with a separation of 7 days Experiment 1: the dose gradually increased in steps of 0.1 g/kg bw, with a 1-week washout between doses, to a dose of 0.6 g/kg bw during week 11, to identify the maximum single dose for occasional ingestion. Each dose level was consumed once daily for 7 days When the maximum dose for occasional consumption was identified in Experiment 1, Experiment 2 was conducted to determine the maximum total daily intake for regular ingestion. The subjects consumed increasing doses of allulose each day. For both studies, the subjects were asked to record the incidences and magnitudes of the gastrointestinal (GI) responses for the 24-hour period following the consumption of the test products. 	Han et al. (2018a)
drink.	Results and Significance: • In Experiment 1, no severe diarrhea or GI symptoms were noted until a dose of 0.4 g/kg. Severe symptoms of diarrhea were noted at 0.5 g/kg bw.	

Study Setup and Details	Human Study Results, Significance, Safety	Reference
	 In Experiment 2, increasing the total daily allulose intake gradually to 1.0 g/kg bw for regular ingestion resulted in incidences of severe nausea, abdominal pain, headache, anorexia, and diarrhea. The authors concluded that the maximum single dose and maximum total daily intake of allulose should be 0.4 g/kg bw and 0.9 g/kg bw, respectively. 	
	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported:	
	GI effects were observed during these studies.	
Study Design: double-blind,	Outcome Measurements:	Noronha et
multiple crossover, randomized, controlled, acute feeding,	 Each participant was randomly assigned to six treatments separated by ≥1-week washout period. 	al. (2018b) and
equivalence trial Study Length: multiple crossover; 1 week wash out Subjects: n=24 male and female subjects (ages 18-75 yrs) with	 A standard oral glucose tolerance test protocol was followed and blood samples were collected 30 minutes before dosing and at 0, 30, 60, 90, and 120 minutes post dosing. The main outcome measured was the plasma glucose incremental 	Braunstein et al. (2018)
type II diabetes	area under the curve.	
Dose, Delivery, and	Results and Significance	
Frequency: single dose of 0, 5, or 10 g allulose or fructose added to a 75 g glucose drink	Allulose significantly reduced plasma glucose incremental area under the curve by 8% at 10 g dose with a linear dose response.	
	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported:	
	It was reported that most participants tolerated the treatments well	
	and there were no specific reports of adverse effects with allulose.	
Study Design: randomized,	Outcome Measurements:	Kimura et
single-blind crossover design with a 1-week washout period between treatments Study Length: acute Subjects: n=13 healthy male and female subjects (mean age	 At 30 minutes after taking 5 g of allulose or 10 mg aspartate without sugar as a control, the overnight-fasted subjects ingested a standardized meal. The energy metabolism was evaluated by a breath-by-breath method. Blood was collected during the experiment and biochemical parameters were analyzed. 	al. (2017)
35.7±2.1 years)	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported:	
Dose, Delivery, and Frequency: 5 g allulose, or 10 mg of aspartate once per subject	No adverse effects were reported.	
Study Design: randomized	Outcome Measurements:	Hayashi et
double-blind, placebo-controlled	Meal-loading experiment, single meal with a one-week washout	al. (2010)
parallel-group	period	
Study Length: single dose	Each subject was given tea with test or control substance (apportune) and a standard most. After the one week they were	
Subjects: n=26 randomly assigned to two groups; healthy	(aspartame) and a standard meal. After the one week they were	
male and female subjects with	given another sample of tea with the same standard meal. They were not allowed to eat or drink anything else until the next day.	
fasting blood glucose levels between 100 - 126 mg/dL	were not anowed to eat of units anything else until the next day.	

Study Setup and Details	Human Study Results, Significance, Safety	Reference
Dose, Delivery, and Frequency: 5 g allulose in tea three times daily with a meal	 Fasting blood was collected within 1 hour prior to the meal and then blood was collected at 30, 60, 90, and 120 minutes after the meal. Blood glucose level and insulin level were evaluated. 	
	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported:	
	 Adverse events were not monitored in the single dose portion of the study. 	
Study Design: randomized double-blind, parallel group Study Length: 12 weeks Subjects: n=18 randomized to 2 groups; healthy male and female subjects with fasting blood glucose levels below 110 mg/dL Dose, Delivery, and Frequency: 5 g allulose in tea three times daily with a meal	 Outcome Measurements: The study involved a 2-week observation period before starting the treatment and a 4-week observation period following the 12-week treatment period. Each subject consumed 5 g of either allulose or aspartame, three times daily, for 12 weeks. Fasting morning urine and blood were collected 2 weeks before treatment, on the first day of treatment, 2, 4, 8 and 12 weeks after start of the treatment and 4 weeks after completing the treatment. Physical examinations (height, body weight, body mass index, body fat percentage, waist circumference, systolic blood pressure, diastolic blood pressure and pulse rate), blood sample analysis (total protein, albumin, albumin, globulin ratio, total bilirubin, direct bilirubin, indirect bilirubin, alkaline phosphatase, aspartate aminotransferase, alanine aminotransferase, lactase dehydrogenase, gamma glutamyl transpeptidase, cholinesterase, creatine phosphokinase, total cholesterol, high-density lipoprotein cholesterol, low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, remnant-like particle cholesterol, triglyceride, free fatty acid, phospholipids, urea nitrogen, uric acid, creatinine, sodium, potassium, chlorine, calcium, inorganic phosphate, magnesium, serum amylase, glucose, insulin, glycoalbumin, white blood cells, red blood cells, hemoglobin, hematocrit, mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration and platelets), urine analysis (protein, glucose, urobilinogen, specific gravity and occult blood) were measured. Interviews were conducted on each examination day. Body weight and percentage of body fat were determined, as well as body mass index two weeks prior to the experiment. 	Hayashi et al. (2010)
	 No abnormal effects or clinical problems were noted during the continuous ingestion of 15 g allulose/day for 12 weeks. 	
	 Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: Subjects were examined throughout the study. One male in the test group had moderate symptoms in the lower digestive tract (diarrhea, borborygmus, and increased defecation frequency) starting at 4 weeks of treatment. One female in the control group 	

Study Setup and Details	Human Study Results, Significance, Safety	Reference
	had moderate borborygmus and flatus throughout the treatment period. The frequency of adverse events was the same in both treatment groups.	
Study Design: Crossover Study Length: acute Subjects: n=21 healthy male and female subjects Dose, Delivery, and Frequency: Study 1: allulose 0.35 g/kg bw once (20 g per subject); Study 2 and 3: 20, 10, or 5 g per subject; Study 4: 15 g allulose per subject per day	 Outcome Measurements: Study 1: six subjects participated, they ingested either starch hydrolysate, allulose, or water alone at intervals of at least 1 week. Subjects consumed an evening meal the day before the study and then did not consume any food or drink other than water from then to the completion of measurements. Respiratory exchange was measured shortly after ingestion for 180 minutes. Urine was collected at the end of the measurement. Studies 2 and 3: fourteen subjects participated in these two studies; Fructooligosaccharides (FOS) was used as a positive control. Subjects ingested either 20, 10, or 5 g of allulose or FOS and no ingestion was used as a negative control. Each measurement was randomly performed at intervals of at least one week. Standard meals were given during the study at 4 and 8 hours after test sample ingestion. End expiratory gas was collected at 1-hour intervals for 10 hours. Urine was collected for 48 hours. Study 4: eight subjects participated and ingested 5 g of allulose three times daily for 8 weeks. End-expiratory gas collection was collected on the first and last day of ingestion where they ingested 15 g of allulose before collection. 	lida et al. (2010)
	Results and Significance: • Based on the results of the plot of breath hydrogen concentration versus the calories ingested, the energy value of allulose was expected to be less than 1.6 kJ/g. Incremental allulose fermentability subsequent to an adaptation period was not observed.	
	Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: • The authors did not report that adverse events were monitored.	
Study Design: crossover; 1- week washout Study Length: acute Subjects: n=20; healthy male and female subjects (ages 20-39 years) with fasting plasma glucose of 100 mg/100 mL or less Dose, Delivery, and Frequency: single dose of 7.5 g allulose	 Outcome Measurements: Subjects consumed one of five test beverages: 7.5 g allulose alone, 75 g maltodextrin alone, 75 g maltodextrin with either 2.5, 5, or 7.5 g allulose, with a 1-week washout period between. The order of intake was randomly assigned. The subjects were fasted for 12 hours, blood was collected, and then the subjects consumed the test beverage. Blood was again collected at 30, 60, 90, and 120 minutes after intake. Plasma glucose was determined for each timepoint. Safety Measurements/Adverse Events Reported: 	lida (2008)
	The authors did not report that adverse events were monitored.	

Study Setup and Details	Human Study Results, Significance, Safety	Reference
Study Design: Microtracer study Study Length: one week Subjects: 8 healthy men Dose, Delivery, and Frequency: Single oral dose of 776nCi[14C(U)} rare sugar ¹⁴ C radio labeled tracer ¹ in a beverage	 Outcome Measurements: Subjects consumed a beverage containing 15 g of 776nCi [14C(U)-rare sugar (99% purity). Blood, urine, fecal, and expired air samples collected at baseline and at multiple points during the study through 168 h. Plasma C_{max} occurred approximately 1.5 hours after dosing. Urinary total radioactivity was 48.02-90.25% of the dose over the collection period. Fecal total radioactivity was 1.79-5.65% of the dose. Expired air radioactivity detection over 6 hours was negligible. Results indicate the ¹⁴C-rare sugar is absorbed but not metabolized 	Williamson et al. (2014) (Abstract only)

¹ This sugar was not defined as allulose in the abstract; however, the rare sugar was identified as allulose in the following document: https://www.tateandlyle.com/sites/default/files/2017-12/tate-lyle-sweetener-brochure-2017%20%281%29 2.pdf

C. GRAS Criteria

FDA defines "safe" or "safety" as it applies to food ingredients as:

"...reasonable certainty in the minds of competent scientists that the substance is not harmful under the intended conditions of use." 16

Amplification is provided in that the conclusion of safety is to include probable consumption of the substance in question, the cumulative effect of the substance and appropriate safety factors. It is FDA's operational definition of safety that serves as the framework against which this evaluation is provided.

Furthermore, in discussing GRAS criteria, FDA notes that:

"...General recognition of safety requires common knowledge, throughout the expert scientific community knowledgeable about the safety of substances directly or indirectly added to food, that there is reasonable certainty that the substance is not harmful under the conditions of its intended use."

"Common knowledge' can be based on either "scientific procedures" or on experience based on common use of a substance in food prior to January 1, 1958."

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¹⁶ See 21 CFR 170.3 (e)(i) and 81 FR 54959 Available at: https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2016/08/17/2016-19164/substances-generally-recognized-as-safe (Accessed on 9/8/18).

¹⁷ See 81 FR 54959 Available at: https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2016/08/17/2016-19164/substances-generally-recognized-as-safe (Accessed on 8/26/19).

FDA discusses in more detail what is meant by the requirement of general knowledge and acceptance of pertinent information within the scientific community, i.e., the so-called "common knowledge element," in terms of the two following component elements:¹⁸

- Data and information relied upon to establish safety must be generally available, and this is most commonly established by utilizing published, peer-reviewed scientific journals; and
- There must be a basis to conclude that there is consensus (but not unanimity) among qualified scientists about the safety of the substance for its intended use, and this is established by relying upon secondary scientific literature such as published review articles, textbooks, or compendia, or by obtaining opinions of expert panels or opinions from authoritative bodies, such as JECFA and the National Academy of Sciences.

General recognition of safety based upon scientific procedures shall require the same quantity and quality of scientific evidence as is required to obtain approval of a food additive. General recognition of safety through scientific procedures shall be based upon the application of generally available and accepted scientific data, information, or methods, which ordinarily are published, as well as the application of scientific principles, and may be corroborated by the application of unpublished scientific data, information, or methods.

The apparent imprecision of the terms "appreciable," "at the time," and "reasonable certainty" demonstrates that the FDA recognizes the impossibility of providing absolute safety in this or any other area (Lu, 1988; Renwick, 1990; Rulis and Levitt, 2009).

As noted below, this safety assessment to ascertain GRAS status for the specified food uses meets FDA criteria for reasonable certainty of no harm by considering both the technical and common knowledge elements.

D. Expert Panel Findings on Safety of Blue California's Allulose

An evaluation of the safety and GRAS status of the intended use of Blue California's Allulose has been conducted by an Expert Panel convened by GRAS Associates; the Panel consisted of Margitta Dziwenka, DVM, DABT; Michael Falk, Ph.D.; and Katrina Emmel, Ph.D., as Panel Chair. The Expert Panel reviewed Blue California's dossier as well as other publicly available information available to them. The individuals who served as Expert Panelists are qualified to evaluate the safety of foods and food ingredients by merit of scientific training and experience.

The GRAS Expert Panel report is provided in Appendix 8.

¹⁸ See Footnote 1.

E. Common Knowledge Elements for GRAS Conclusions

The first common knowledge element for a GRAS conclusion requires that data and information relied upon to establish safety must be generally available; this is most commonly established by utilizing studies published in peer-reviewed scientific journals. The second common knowledge element for a GRAS conclusion requires that consensus exists within the broader scientific community.

1. Public Availability of Scientific Information

With regard to the safety documentation, the key data evaluated to establish safety is published in the scientific literature. In addition, FDA has reviewed GRAS notices that describe the scientific basis for the conclusion of the GRAS status of allulose with similar proposed uses and use levels and has responded with "no questions". There are publicly available GRAS notices and "no questions" responses from FDA to these GRAS notices on FDA's website.

2. Scientific Consensus

The second common knowledge element for a GRAS conclusion requires that there be a basis to conclude that consensus exists among qualified scientists about the safety of the substance for its intended use.

The enzyme used in the manufacturing of Blue California's Allulose is manufactured from a strain of *E. coli* K12 that is expected to be non-toxigenic and non-pathogenic and is not known to produce biogenic amines. Analysis of the finished product confirms the absence of residual enzyme in the finished product. Blue California affirms that Allulose is manufactured under CGMP conditions with raw materials and processing aids that meet the appropriate food grade regulations. Blue California has established sufficient rigorous product specifications and has demonstrated batch-to-batch consistency against these specifications. In addition, the stability of Blue California's Allulose has been demonstrated in studies conducted on five lots of Allulose for 6 months under storage conditions of 40°C±2°C and 75%±5% RH.

Blue California notes that the chemical composition and specifications of our Allulose is of equivalent quality to the allulose preparations described in GRNs 693 and 828. Some parameters established by other manufacturers, such as specifications for protein and fat, do not alter the conclusion that Blue California's Allulose is substantially equivalent to the allulose preparations described in GRNs 693 and 828, which received "no questions" letters from FDA.

In addition, Blue California has reviewed safety information about allulose, including information about the absorption, metabolism, distribution and excretion of allulose as well as *in vitro*, acute, subacute, subchronic, chronic, and reproductive toxicity studies of allulose. The LD₅₀ of allulose ranges from 15.8 to 16.3 g per kg in rats. A subchronic toxicity study in which rats were administered allulose for 90 days reported that the NOAEL was 3% of the diet, which is equivalent to 1.67 g per kg bw per day and was the highest dose tested (Matsuo et al., 2012). A subchronic toxicity study in Sprague Dawley

rats reported a NOAEL of 5,000 mg per kg bw per day (An et al., 2019). A reproductive toxicity study reported that the NOAEL for parental animals and their offspring was 2,000 mg per kg bw, the highest dose tested (Kim et al., 2019). A chronic toxicity study in rats reported that the NOAEL for allulose was 1,280 mg per kg bw per day (Yagi and Matsuo, 2009).

Multiple human studies demonstrate the safety and lack of adverse events in humans at intake levels up to 15 g per day for 12 weeks (Han et al., 2018b; Hayashi et al., 2010; Tanaka et al., 2019) and 48 weeks (Tanaka et al., 2020), respectively.

Using 2015-2018 NHANES data, Blue California determined that the EDI for individuals ages 2 years or greater is 8.6 g per person per day at the mean and 19.1 g per person per day at the 90th percentile, based on the proposed uses and use levels detailed in Part 3.A.2. On a mg per kg bw per day basis, for an individual weighing 70 kg, this intake is equivalent to 0.12 g per kg bw per day for an individual at the mean and 0.27 mg per kg bw per day for an individual in the 90th percentile. The maximum tolerable single dose level of allulose in humans was reported to be 0.5 g per kg bw for males and 0.6 g per kg bw for females (lida et al., 2007), which is higher than the calculated EDIs determined for Blue California's Allulose. Furthermore, Han et al. (2018a) concluded that the maximum single dose of allulose and the maximum daily intake of allulose should be 0.4 g per kg bw and 0.9 g per kg bw per day, respectively. Blue California notes that the highest 90th percentile estimated daily intake for Allulose for any subpopulation is 0.50 g per kg bw per day, which is well-below the maximum daily intake reported by Han et al. (2018a). FDA has previously determined that such exposures to allulose resulting from the similar uses and use levels are GRAS. Exposure from consuming doses of allulose that occur naturally in foods is negligible. Blue California's Allulose would be expected to be used in place of other allulose products that are currently on the market.

The proposed uses and use levels of Blue California's Allulose are similar to those that have been proposed in GRAS notices which have received "no questions" responses from FDA, with the addition of proposed uses in grain based cereal and protein bars; low-sugar, reduced-sugar, and diet fruit juices; and low- and reduced-calorie alcoholic beverages. While Blue California proposes expanded uses, it should be noted that the resulting EDIs determined using 2015-2018 NHANES data are lower than those presented in GRN 828, the most recent GRAS Notice to receive a "no questions" letter from FDA. A number of well-respected regulatory agencies, including FDA and Health Canada, as well as numerous well-respected individual scientists, have concluded that allulose is safe for human consumption at levels similar to those proposed for Blue California's Allulose.

In summary, a compelling case can be made that scientific consensus exists regarding the safety of allulose. Based on the information reviewed herein, Blue California has concluded that our Allulose preparation is generally recognized as safe for the proposed uses at the proposed use levels for the specified food applications and maintains that well-qualified scientists would concur.

7/21/21

F. Conclusion

In consideration of the aggregate safety information available on allulose, Blue California concludes that Allulose as defined in the subject notification and produced in accordance with FDA Current Good Manufacturing Practices, is safe for use as a sugar substitute or sweetener, in foods other than infant formulas or meat and poultry products. The dietary levels from anticipated food consumption are not likely to exceed the ADI when Allulose is used as proposed in this notification.

This declaration has been made in accordance with FDA's standard for food ingredient safety, i.e., reasonable certainty of no harm under the intended conditions of use as described in this dossier and, therefore, Blue California's Allulose is generally recognized as safe (GRAS) within the meaning of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

PART 7. LIST OF SUPPORTING DATA AND INFORMATION IN THE GRAS NOTICE

A. References

1. List of Acronyms

µg Microgram

ADI Acceptable Daily Intake

ADME Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion

ALP Alkaline phosphatase ALT Alanine aminotransferase

AOAC Association of Official Agricultural Chemists

AST Aspartate aminotransferase AUCs Area under the curves

bw Body weight

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
CFU Colony Forming Unit

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{CGMP} & \text{Current Good Manufacturing Practice} \\ \text{C}_{\text{max}} & \text{Maximum plasma concentration} \end{array}$

D-allulose 3-epimerase

dL Deciliter

EDIs Estimated Daily Intakes

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

EU European Union

F Female

FD&C Act Federal Food Drug and Cosmetics Act

FOIA Freedom of Information Act FOS Fructooligosaccharide

FSANZ Food Standards Australia New Zealand

g gram

GI Gastrointestinal

GRAS Generally Recognized as Safe

HPLC High Performance Liquid Chromatography
ICP-MS Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry
JECFA Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

kcal Kilocalories kg kilogram kJ Kilojoules LB Luria Broth

LETO Median (50%) lethal dose LETO Long-Evans Tokushima Otsua

M Male mL milliliter

MPN Most probable number
MRI Magnetic resonance imaging

MW Molecular weight

N Number

NHANES National Nutrition and Health Examination Survey

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effects Level

NS Not specified

OLETF Otsuka Long-Evans Tokushima Fatty

PCR Polymerase chain reaction

Blue California 7/21/21

parts per million ppm **PSUs Primary Sampling Units** Relative humidity RH **SCFA** Short chain fatty acids **United States** U.S.

USP United States Pharmacopoeia

wt weight years У

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B. Appendices

Appendix 1 Manufacturing Declaration



30111 Tomas Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688 T: 949.635.1990 F: 949.635.1986

May 19, 2021

Manufacturing Declaration

We hereby declare that the strain of E coli used in the enzyme production of Allulose manufacturing process does not produce any toxic amines.

We certify this to be true to the best of our knowledge.

Sincerely,

Hadi Omrani

Hadi Omrani Director, Technical and Regulatory Affairs

CAPACITY FOR GOODNESS"

Appendix 2 Raw Materials, Processing Aids, and Additives Used to Manufacture Allulose

Name	CAS#	Function	Grade
Sodium phosphate, monobasic	7558-80-7	Fermentation	Food grade
Sodium phosphate, dibasic	7558-79-4	Fermentation	Food grade
NaCl, non-iodized	7647-14-5	Fermentation	Food grade
NaOH	1310-73-2	Fermentation Extraction	Food grade
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	Fermentation	Food grade
Yeast extract		Fermentation	Food grade
Yeast peptone		Fermentation	Food grade
Glycerin	56-81-5	Fermentation	Food grade
Trizma® base	77-86-1	Bioconversion	
HCI	7647-01-0	Bioconversion Extraction	Food grade
Manganese sulfate	15244-36-7	Bioconversion	Food grade
D-fructose	57-48-7	Bioconversion	Food grade
Ethanol	64-17-5	Extraction	Food grade
Calcium chloride	10043-52-4	Extraction	Food grade
Calcium acetate	62-54-4	Extraction	Food grade

Appendix 2.1 Sodium Phosphate, Monobasic

Certificate of Analysis

Page 1 of 1



1 Reagent Lane Fairlawn, NJ 07410 201.796.7100 tel 201.796.1329 fax

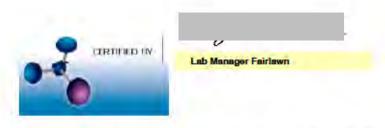
Certificate of Analysis

Fisher Scientific's Quality System has been found to conform to Quality Management System Standard ISO9001:2008 standard by DNV Certificate number CERT-08052-2006-AQ-HOU-ANAB

This is to certify that units of the above mentioned lot number were tested and found to compty with the specifications of the grade listed. Certain data have been supplied by third parties. Fisher Scientific expressly disclaims all warranties, expressed or implied, including the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a pericular purpose. Certain products (USP/FCC/NF/EP/BP/JP grades) are sold for use in food, drug, or medical device manufacturing. Fisher does not claim regulatory coverage under 21 CFR nor maintain DMP's with the FDA. The following are the actual analytical results obtained:

Catalog Numb	er BP3	29		Mfg. Date	4/6/2010
Lot Number	100	393		1	
Description	SODIL	IM PHOSP	HATE, MONOBASIC, A	NHYDROUS	
Country of Ori	igin	Israel			
Chemical Orig	jin	Inorganie	-non animal		
BSE/TSE Comment No animal products processing, including			ubricants, proces	raw material ingredients, or used in sing aids, or any other material that might	

Result name	Units	Specifications	Test Value
APPEARANCE	N. A. C.	REPORT	Colorless to white crystals
ASSAY	%	>= 99	100.1
HEAVY METALS (as Pb)	%	<= 0.001	<0.0010
IDENTIFICATION	PASS/FAIL	= PASS TEST	PASS TEST
INSOLUBLE MATTER	%	<= 0.03	0.010
MOISTURE CONTENT	%	<= 0.5	0.10
pH OF A 1 MOLAR SOLN		Inclusive Between 4.0 6.0	4.1



Note: The data-listed is valid for all package sizes of this lot of this product, expressed as a extension of this catalog number listed above. If there are any questions with this certificate, please call Chemical Services at (800) 227-6701.

Appendix 2.2 Sodium Phosphate, Dibasic



sigma-aldrich.com

3050 Spruce Street, Saint Louis, MO 63103, USA

Website: www.sigmaaldrich.com Email USA: techserv@sial.com Outside USA: eurtechserv@sial.com

Certificate of Analysis

Na₂HPO₄

Sodium phosphate dibasic - for molecular biology, 298.5% (titration)

Product Number: \$3264

Batch Number: \$LBT7509

Brand: \$IGMA

CAS Number: 7558-79-4

Product Name:

 MDL Number:
 MFCD00003496

 Formula:
 HNa2O4P

 Formula Weight:
 141.96 g/mol

 Quality Release Date:
 13 APR 2017

 Recommended Retest Date:
 APR 2020

Test	Specification	Result
Appearance (Color)	White	White
Appearance (Form)	Powder	Powder
Solubility (Color)	Colorless	Colorless
Solubility (Turbidity)	Clear	Clear
100 mg/mL, H2O		
Loss on Drying	≤ 0.1 %	0.0 %
Chloride (CI)	≤ 40 ppm	20 ppm
Iron (Fe)	≤ 20 ppm	20 ppm
Heavy Metals (as Lead)	≤ 10 ppm	10 ppm
Titration with HCI	≥ 98.5 %	99.6 %
DNase, Exonuclease Detection	None Detected	None Detected
RNase Detection	None Detected	None Detected
NICKase, Endonuclease Detection	None Detected	None Detected
Protease Detection	None Detected	None Detected

Rodney Burbach, Manager Analytical Services St. Louis, Missouri US

Sigma-Aidrich warrants, that at the time of the quality release or subsequent retest date this product conformed to the information contained in this publication. The current Specification sheet may be available at Sigma-Aidrich.com. For further inquiries, please contact Technical Service. Purchaser must determine the suitability of the product for its particular use. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

Version Number: 1

Page 1 of 1

Appendix 2.3 Sodium Chloride, Non-ionized

Test Report

(2015) Commission Checked No. 4

Product Name: Non-iodized refined salt

Specifications and Model: N/A

Trademark: N/A

Trust Unit: Zhongyan Dongxing Yanhua Co., Ltd. Manufacture: Zhongyan Dongxing Yanhua Co., Ltd.

Test Category: Commissioned inspection

QUALITY SUPERVISION INSPECTION CENTER OF NATIONAL LIGHT INDUSTRY WELL MINERAL SALT ADMINISTRATION

Description

- 1. Entrusted inspection is only responsible for the sample.
- 2. This Inspection Report is invalid if no official seal of the inspection unit.
- 3. The copy of this Inspection Report is invalid if no official seal of the re-stamped inspection unit.
- 4. Altered "Inspection Report" is invalid.
- 5. If there is any objection to the Inspection Report, please submit written opinions to the inspection unit within 15 days from the date of receipt of the Inspection Report, and shall be deemed to recognize the Inspection Report.
- 6. If no preparation, inspection, review, and approval of the signature, the Inspection Report is invalid.
- 7. If no objection to the Inspection Report within one month after receipt, the sample should be taken back, otherwise it will be dealt with in accordance with the relevant provisions.

Brief Introduction of Quality Supervision and Testing Center of National Light Industry Well Salt

The Center has passed the China National Accreditation Board for accreditation of Conformity Assessment Laboratory and Food Inspection Agency. The laboratory is in good condition and well equipped, mainly to carry out salt products, food, chemical products, food additives, and feed additives testing, but also bear the quality supervision and inspection, revision of national standards, industry standards and test methods of research, testing personnel technical training, and technical advice business.

Address: No. 11 Dongxing Temple, Zigong City, Sichuan Province

Zip code: 643000 Tel: (0813) 8104587 Fax: (0813) 8207279

QUALITY SUPERVISION INSPECTION CENTER OF NATIONAL LIGHT INDUSTRY WELL MINERAL SALT ADMINISTRATION Test Report

Page 3 out of 4

			Page 3 out of 4	
Product Name	Non-iodized refined salt	Trademark	N/A	
Trust Unit	Zhongyan Dongxing Yanhua Co., Ltd.	Specifications and Model	N/A	
Address	Dindyuan Salt Mine, Dingyuan County, Chuzhou City, Anhui Province	Sampling Batch	80t	
Zip Code	N/A	Sample Amount	500g	
Product Unit	Zhongyan Dongxing Yanhua Co., Ltd.	Sample Grade	N/A	
Sampling Date and Site	N/A	Sent Date	01/07/2015	
Production Date / Lot Number	2015.01.05	Sent By	Sufang Chen	
Test Date	01/13/2015	Test Category	Commissioned inspection	
Test Standard(s)	GB5461-2000 GB/T5009.15-2003 GB/T5009.17-2003	Environment	11°C	
Sample Reception Description	Mailed, plastic bag packaging, packaging intact, the sample is white granula solid.			
Test Conclusion	Based on GB 5461-2000 and GB2762-2012, the sample meets the requirement of non-iodized refined edible salt excellent grade.			
		(Stam	p)	
		Date of Issue:	01/20/2015	
Remarks	All information related to the provided by the client, who is information provided.			

Approver: Wenjie Lei

Examiner: Shuying Fu Major Tester: Qian Tan

Prepared by: Zhiyong Chen

QUALITY SUPERVISION INSPECTION CENTER OF NATIONAL LIGHT INDUSTRY WELL MINERAL SALT ADMINISTRATION Test Report

Page 3 out of 4

Test Items	Specification	Test Results	Evaluation
Level of whiteness, degree	>= 80	88	Pass
Granularity (0.15 – 0.85) mm, %	>= 85	99	Pass
NaCl, %	>= 99.10	99.45	Pass
Moisture, %	<= 0.30	< 0.01	Pass
Water-insoluble, %	<= 0.05	< 0.01	Pass
As, mg/kg	<= 0.5	< 0.5	Pass
Pb, mg/kg	<= 2.0	< 2.0	Pass
Cd, mg/kg	<= 0.5	< 0.005	Pass
Total Hg, mg/kg	<= 0.1	< 0.025	Pass
Ba, mg/kg	<= 15.0	< 15.0	Pass
[Fe(CN) ₆] ⁴⁻ , mg/kg	<= 10.0	4.8	Pass
I, mg/kg	< 5	0.1	Pass
Sensation: white, taste salty, no strange smell, no obvious foreign substance that is not related to salt.	Meet the requirements	Meet the requirements	Pass

Blank Below

Appendix 2.4 Sodium Hydroxide

Binzhou Product Quality Supervision and Inspection Institute

Test Report

No. I	H2017- W-1	10002	2 L			Page 1 of 1		
Samp	ole Name	Food Additive NaOH	Specifications & Model	98.0-100.5%	Registered Trademark			
Cor	nsignor	Befar Group Co., Ltd.	ıp Co., Ltd.		Test Type	Consigned Inspection		
Pro	oducer	Befar Group Co., Ltd.	o., Ltd.		Sample Grade	Qualified product		
Samp	oling Site	/	12 - 7		Consigned Person	Tian Yuhong		
Samp	ling Base		Quantity of Sample	1,000 g	Date of Collection	February 7, 2017		
1 4 0 V	nspection quirements Total alkali, sodium carbonate		n carbonate		Total alkali, sodium carbonate		Batch No. or Date of Production	20170125B January 25, 2017
Test St	tandard(s)	GB 1886. 20-2016			Sample State	Solid		
Til	Serial No.	Test Item	Standard Re	equirements	Test Result	Individual Judge		
	1	Color	White or al	most white	White	Qualified		
	2	Status	So	lid	Solid	Qualified		
	3	Total alkali (measuring in NaOH), ω/%	98.0-	100.5	99.1	Qualified		
Test Content-	4	Sodium carbonate (measuring in Na ₂ CO ₃), ω/%	≤:	2.0	0.6	Qualified		
Content	5	As, mg/kg	€:	3.0	< 0.01	Qualified		
	6	Heavy metal (measuring in Pb), mg/kg	<	5	<5	Qualified		
	7	Insoluble substance and organic impurity	Pa	iss	Pass	Qualified		
	8	Hg, mg/kg	<	0.1	0.002	Qualified		
	Conclusion	Upon testing, the sample (Special Seal of Testing and Inspection 1. "/" means no content. 2. The sample information is provided responsible for the authenticity of such in	on of Binzhou P	roduct Quality	Signature Date: Supervision and In	February 16, 2017 spection Institute,		

Approver: (Signature of Liu Xitao), February 16, 2017)
Reviewer: (Signature of Tao Gongting), February 16, 2017
Chief Inspector: (Signature of Wu Linmen), February 16, 2017

申明

Statement

敬启者,

To whom it may concern,

我公司供应的液体氢氧化钠符合 Food Chemicals Codex (FCC), 3d Ed. (1981)要求,特此申明。

We hereby declare that this ingredient, Sodium Hydroxide Solutions meets the specification of the Food Chemicals Codex (FCC), 3d Ed. (1981).



Appendix 2.5 Phosphoric Acid

Jiangsu ChengXing Phosph-Chemicals Co.

Inspection Report CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product Name	85% Phos	phoric Acid	Product Performance Standards	GB/T 20	091-2008
Production Batch	17020702	Production Date	2017.02.07	Package	500 ml

Sensory requirements

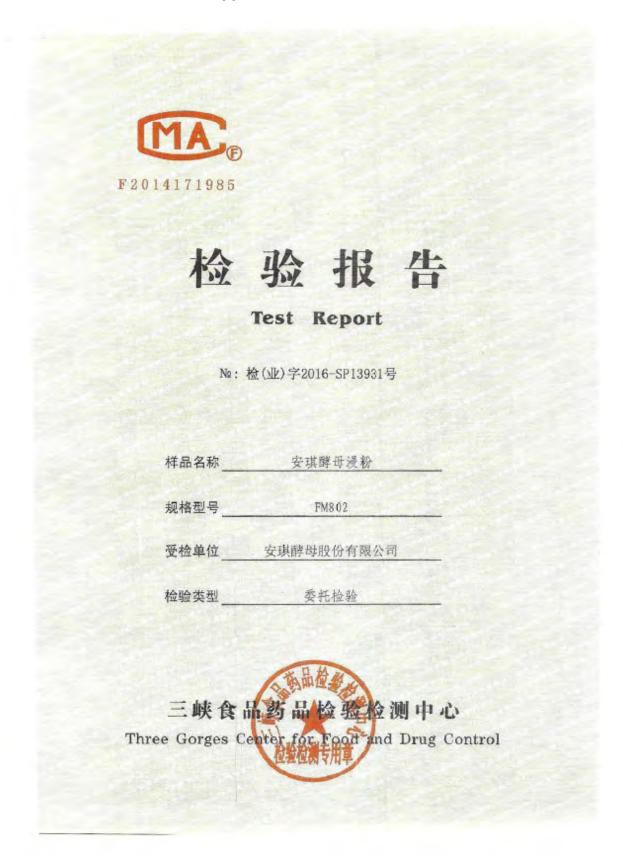
Test Items	Claim	Testing Method	Test Value	Determination
Color	Color Hazen ≤ 20	UV/VIS Spectrophotometer,	< 20	PASS
Appearance	Transparent,	VISUAL	Liquid	PASS

Quality Index

Proj	ect	Index	Test Value	Test Based On	Determination
Phosphoric Acid	d (H₃PO₄), %	> 85.0	85.5	GB/T 2091-2008	PASS
Chloride (to	Cl meter),%	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	GB/T 2091-2008	PASS
Sulfate (to SC	O ₄ meter), %	< 0.003	< 0.003	GB/T 2091-2008	PASS
Iron, (I	Fe), %	< 0.002	< 0.002	GB/T 2091-2008	PASS
Arsenic	(AS), %	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	GB/T 2091-2008	PASS
Heavy Metal (to	o Pb meter), %	< 0.001	< 0.001	GB/T 2091-2008	PASS

Inspector : Juan Di Reviewer : Yeqing Du

Appendix 2.6 Yeast Extract



三峡食品药品检验检测中心 检验报告

样品名称	安琪静埗浸粉	规格 型 号	FM802
样品等级		商 标 (标 称)	安珠
受 栓 単 位 名	安琪酵母股份有限公司	受 检 单 位 地 地	
委托 単 位 名 称	安琪解母股份有限公司	检验类型	委扎根地
生产单位 (标 称)	安與酵母股份有限公司	生产日期 成 批 号	2016110303B9
面样人员	-	委托人员	罗必英
世样地点		抽粹日助	
羊品数量	500g×2	到科日期	2016-12-21
华从基数		检验日期	2016-12-22-2017-01-13
金河项目	详见附页	村 品 描 述	样品正常,符合检测要求
途 瑜 依 据 料 定 原 则		Q/YB 21475-2016	
检验 結论	该样品所检指标符合0/YB 214	78-2016 标准要求。 签发日期: 2	1011-1011 11111111111111111111111111111
各 拉一			11.74 T. 71.75

序号	检验项目		单位	标准(技术)要求	实测结果	单项结论
1	感官要求	色泽		黄色至淡黄色	黄色	合格
		性状	-	粉状	粉状	合格
		气、滋味	-	具有酵母浸出物所特有 的气味, 无腐败异臭	具有逐步吊特有的 "C里和世味	合格
		杂质	-	无肉眼可见外來染质	无肉腿可见杂质	合格
2	总额(以干基计)		\$	≥9.0	12.0	合格
3	氨基氮(以干基计)		%	≥3.0	5, 3	合格
d.	水分		8	≤6.0	3.8	合格
ā	灰分		51	≤15.0	9.8	合格
B	pH值(28水溶液)		-	5.3~7.2	5.6	合格
7	铅		mg/kg	\$1.0	0.11	合格
8	总砷(以As计)		mg/kg	≤0.5	0.12	合格
g	茜落总数		CFU/s	≤ā0000	1600	合格
10	大肠菌群		MPN/g	≤0.5	₹0. ≾	合格
ir	致病菌	沙门氏菌	/2ng	不得检出	未检出, /258	合格
		金黄色葡萄球菌	/25g	不得检出	未检出, /25g	合格
			以	下空白		

Test Report

No.2016-SO13931

Product Name: Angel Yeast Extract Powder

Specification: FM802

Requestor: Angel Yeast Co., Ltd

Test type: Analysis Request

Three Gorges Center for Food and Drug Control

Test Report

No: 2016-SP13931

Total 2 Pages / Page 1

Sample Name	Angel Yeast Extract Powder	Specification Type	FM802
Sample Grade	1. 1.	Trademark	Angel
Test Unit Name	Angel Yeast Co., Ltd	Test Unit Address	-
Requestor Name	Angel Yeast Co., Ltd	Test Type	Analysis Request
Manufacturer (trademark)	Angel Yeast Co., Ltd	Manufacturing Date or Batch Number	2016110303B9
Sampling Personnel		Requestor	Ruo, Biying
Sampling Location		Sampling Date	
Sampling Quantity	500g x 2	Received Date	2016-12-21
Sampling Base		Testing Date	2016-12-22~ 2017-01-13
Test Item	See attached	Sample Description	Normal, requirement met
Test Compliance		Q/YB2147S-2016	
Test Conclusion	Sample meets the standa	ard of Q/YB2147S-2010 Inspection Approval Date:	
Notes			

Approved by:

Reviewed by:

Analyzed by:

Three Gorges Center for Food and Drug Control

Test Results

No. 2016-SP13931

Total 2 Pages / Page 2

No.	To	est Items	Units	Standard/Technical Requirements	Test Results	Evaluation
		Color	1	Yellow to light yellow	Yellow	PASS
		Traits		Powder	Powder	PASS
1	Appearance	Odor, taste		Standard odor of yeast extract, no corrupt smell	Standard odor and taste of item tested	PASS
		Impurities		No visible impurities	No visible impurities	PASS
2	Total Nitro	ogen (dry basis)	%	≥9.0	12	PASS
3	Amino Nitrogen (dry basis)		%	≥3,0	5.2	PASS
4	Moisture Content		%	≤6.0	3.8	PASS
5		Ash	%	≤15.0	9.8	PASS
6	pH (2	% solution)		5.3~7.2	5.6	PASS
7	Lead (b	pased on Pb)	mg/kg	⊴2	<0.1	PASS
8	Arsenic	(based on As)	mg/kg	≤2	0.13	PASS
9	Total Num	ber of Colonies	cfu/g	≤50000	1600	PASS
10	Co	liforms	MPN/g	≤0.3	<0.3	PASS
11	Pathogens	Staphylococcus aureus	mg/L	Negative	Negative, /25g	PASS
11	autogens	Salmonella		Negative	Negative, /25g	PASS

Appendix 2.7 Yeast Peptone



检验报告

Test Report

№: 检(业)字2016-SP13935号

样品名称 安琪酵母蛋白胨 (酵母浸出物)

规格型号______ 粉状

受检单位 安琪酵母股份有限公司

检验类型 委托检验

三峡食品药品检验检测中心 Three Gorges Center for Food and Drug Control

三峡食品药品检验检测中心 检验报告

序品名称	安琪酵母蛋白胨(酵母浸出物)	規格母母	符状
样品等级		商 标 (标 称2	安則
受 检 单 位 名 務	安琪醉母般存有限公司	受 检 単 位 地	
委托唯 份 名 称	安琪酵母股分育观公司	检验类型	委托检验
生产单位(标 称)	安琪酵母股份有限公司	生产甘期或批开	2016112302B8
由样人员		委托人员	罗必英
山科地点		狮神世鲷	
羊品数量	500g×2	到科目期	2016-12-21
半品壶数		检验日期	2016-12-22-2017-01-19
生物项目	洋规服页	将品面述	科品正常,符合核謝要求
â 驗依据 則定原则		1/YB 21875-2015	
	该样品所检指标符合G/YB 2187S	-2015标准要求。	
空整新 论		6	医
		學數日期: 2	4個专用書
2 建一			171

三峡食品药品检验检测中心 检验结果

Marker 142-21028 File Spirites F

八川 瓦第 2 页

序号	检	验项目	单位	标准(技术)要求	实测结果	单项结论
Ĭ		色泽	-	候黃色至浅除色	效色	合格
2		气味	-	具有酵母蛋白胨应有的 气味	无异味	合格
3		外观	-	粉末或青坎	粉粒	合格
4		杂质	-	无肉眼可见的外来杂质	无肉眼可是异物	合格
5	总额	((以干基计)	16	≥8.0	188	合格
6	页基酸:	态氮(以干基计)	%	≥1.5	3, 3	合格
7		水分	%	≤6.0	3, 8	全格
8		灰分	%	€15.0	9, 0	合格
9		氯化钠	%	≤2.0	0.5	合格
10		pit	-	5, 3~7, 1	5.6	合格
11	料	(以附升)	mg/kg	€2	<0.1	合格
12	趋制	(Dlacit)	mg/ko	<2	0.13	合緣
13	-	勤落总数	cfu/g	≤50000	4200	合格
14	3	大肠菌群	MPN/g	≤0.3	<0.3	合格
1	75-101 75c	金黄色葡萄球菌	/25g	不得橙田	末億出, /25g	合格
15	至病菌	沙门氏菌	/25g	不得检出	未检出: /25g	合格

Test Report

No.2016-SO13935

Product Name: Angel Yeast Pepione (Yeast Extract)

Specification: Powder

Requestor: Angel Yeast Co., Ltd

Test type: Analysis Reques.

Three Gorges Center for Food and Drug Control

Test Report

No. 2016 SP13935

Total 2 Pages / Page 1

Sample Name	Angel Yeast Peptone (Yeast Extract)	Specification Type	Powder
Sample Grade	1	Trademark	Aigel
Test Unit Name	Angel Yeast Co., Ltd	Test Unit Address	1
Requestor Name	Angel Yeast Co., Ltd	Test Type	Analysis Request
Manufacturer (trademark)	Angel Yeast Co., Ltd	Manufacturing Date or Batch Number	2016112302B8
Sampling Personnel		Requestor	Ruo, Biying
Sampling Location		Sampling Date	
Sampling Quantity	500g x 2	Received Date	2016-12-21
Sampling Base		Testing Date	2016-12-22- 2017-01-19
Test Item	See attached	Sample Description	Normal, requirements
Test Compliance		Q/YE2187S-2015	
Test Conclusion	Sample meets the standa	Inspectio	
Notes			

Approved by:

Reviewed by:

Analyzed by:

Three Garges Center for Food and Drug Control

Test Results

No: 2016/SP13935

Total 2 Pages / Page 2

No.	T	est Items	Units	Standard/Technical Requirements	Test Results	Evaulation
1	1	Color		Light yellow to light brown	Yellow	PASS
2	11	Odor		Standard odor of yeast peptone	No odor	PASS
3	Ap	pearance		Powder or piste	Powder	PASS
4	Impurities			No visible impurities	No visible impurities	PASS
5	Total Nitr	ogen (dry basis)	%	≥8.0	11.8	PASS
6	Amino Nitrogen (dry basis)		%	≥1.5	3.3	PASS
7	Moisture Content		%	≤6.0	3.8	PASS
8	Asli		96	⊴15.0	9.0	PASS
9	Sodiu	m Chloride	%	≤2.0	0.5	PASS
10		pH		5.3~7.2	5.8	PASS
11	Lead (based on Pb)	mg/kg	2	<0.1	PASS
12	Arsenic	(based on As)	mg/kg	⊴2	0.13	PASS
13	Total Num	ber of Colonies	cfu/g	≤50000	4200	PASS
14	Co	oliforms	MPN/g	≤0.3	<0.3	PASS
15	Pathogens	Staphylococcus aureus	mg/L	Negative	Negative, /25g	PASS
13	ranogens	Salmonella		Negative	Negative, /25g	PASS

Appendix 2.8 Glycerin



中华人民共和国出入境检验检疫 入境货物检验检疫证明

签字	113	朝: 2016 年 **********	12 并 20 和 至 1
签字	. 113	朝: 2016年	12 H 20 H
	该批"食品添加剂按照GB291	950-2013艘強检疫监1 ********	容答理。准予进口。
	And the second second	数量 生产日期 50種 2016.10.31/2	
入境日期	2016年12月07日		
入境口岸	黄岛		
拠/运草号	NYKSPKGS15763700		
合同号	SY-160928	标记及号码 NIL	
包装种类及数量	**160種	输出国家或地区	马来西亚
品名	甘油	报位数/重量	**40000千克
发货人	***PROCTER AND GAMBLE BRANCH	INTERNATIONAL	PERATIONA SA SINGAPORE
		6JXIAMEN FANGSH	ENGHUA IMPORT AND EXPORT
收货人	厦门方播华进出口贸易有限公 TRADE COLLTD		

Entry-Exit Inspection and Quarantine of the People's Republic of China Inspection and Quarantine Certificate of Import and Export goods

No.116000002196054001

Consignee; Xiamen Fangshenghua Import and Export Trade Co., LTD.

Consignor: Proctor and Gamble International Operations SA Singapore Branch

liem Name; Glycerin Net Weight: 40,000kg

Number and Kind of Packages: 160 Drums Country/Place of Export: Malaysia

Contract No: SY-160928 Marks and Number: NIL

Bill of Lading No: NYKSPKGS15763700

Port of Entry: Huangdao

Entry Date: December 07, 2016

Certification

Item Description	Brand	Place of Origin	Specification	Quantity	Date of Manufacturing
Glycerin	None	Malaysia	250KG/Drum	160 Drums	2016.10.31/ 2016.11.22

This batch of food additive is approved for import in accordance to GB29950-2013 inspection and quarantine supervision.

Signature: Date: December 20, 2016

Notes:

(1) For Consignee

Appendix 2.9 Trizma® Base



siama-aldrich.com

3050 Spruce Street, Saint Louis, MO 83103, USA

Website: www.sigmaaldrich.com Email USA: techserv@sial.com Outside USA: eurtechserv@sial.com

Certificate of Analysis

Product Name: Certificate (
Trizma® base - anhydrous, free-flowing, Redi-Dri* , ≥99.9%

 Product Number:
 RDD008

 Batch Number:
 SLBK9274V

 Brand:
 SIGMA

 CAS Number:
 77-86-1

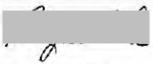
 Formula:
 C4H11NO3

 Formula Weight:
 121.14 g/mol

 Quality Release Date:
 27 JUN 2014

HO-	1	-OH
HO-	_	NH ₂

Test	Specification	Result
Appearance (Color)	White	White
Appearance (Form)	Crystalline Powder	Crystalline Powder
Solubility (Color)	Colorless	Colorless
Solubility (Turbidity) 200 g plus 300 mL of H2O	Clear	Clear
Water (by Karl Fischer)	≤ 0.2 %	0.1 %
Infrared spectrum	Conforms to Structure	Conforms
A290 UV absorbance 40% (W/W)	≤ 0.05	0.02
Heavy Metal as Lead	<= 2 ppm	<= 2 ppm
Iron (Fe) ICP atomic emission	≤ 1 ppm	< 1 ppm
Initial Melting Point	≥ 168 ℃	169 ℃
Final Melting Point	≤ 172 ℃	172 ℃
Titration with H2SO4	> 99.9 %	100.0 %



Rodney Burbach, Manager Analytical Services St. Louis, Missouri US

Sigma-Aidrich warrants, that at the time of the quality release or subsequent retest date this product conformed to the information contained in this publication. The current Specification sheet may be available at Sigma-Aidrich.com. For further inquiries, please contact Technical Service. Purchaser must determine the suitability of the product for its particular use. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

Version Number: 2

Page 1 of 1

Appendix 2.10 Hydrochloric Acid

Certificate of Analysis

Product Name:

HYDROCHLORIC ACID, 37%, REAGENT

(ACS)

Item#: Lot#: 625 18303026

Certified Values:



Specifications (Max Limits or as Specified)	Pass/Fail	Numerical Results
Assay (as HCI) (%) 36.5 - 38.0 %	Pass	37.6
Appearance	Pass	Conforms
Color (APHA) 10 Max	Pass	< 10
Residue after ignition 0.0005 % Max	Pass	< 0.0005
Bromide 0.005 % Max	Pass	< 0.005
Sulfate 0.0001 % Max	Pass	< 0,0001
Sulfite 0.0001 % Max	Pass	< 0.0001
Free chlorine (%) 0.0001 % Max	Pass	< 0.0001
Ammonium 0.0003 % Max	Pass	< 0,0003
Arsenic 0.000001 % Max	Pass	< 0.000001
Heavy Metals (by ICP-DES) 0.0001 % Max	Pass	< 0.0001
ron 0.00002 % Max	Pass	< 0.00002

Comments

Certificate Create By:

Jacob Watson

Certifying Officer:

Jacob Watson

Best by:

August 2, 2023

Signature on File

Signature on File

Certificate of Analysis

Product Name: HYDROCHLORIC ACID, 37%, REAGENT

(ACS)

Item#: 625 Lot #: 18303026

CHEMICALS 16/1 Will dist Herelevier of Conduct Products Scribiated National Test James No. 1 (SO 1997) 2019 Specials, Distributes, and Monthlemory of Place Chemicals Confidence of Conf

Certified Values:

Not for direct use in food,cosmetics,finished pharmaceuticals or drug products. Supplier is not responsible for compliance with FDA Current Good Manufacturing Practice(cGMP) requirements, including without limitation those for finished drug products in 21 C.F.R Parts 210 and 211. Consult warrantly limitations at

www.qfschemicals.com/statics/documents/aboutus/termsandconditions.html

For resale by GFS authorized distributors only.

GFS Chemicals,Inc.P.O. Box 245 Powell, OH 43065 * Signed Orig. Doc. On File 1-800-858-9682 (U.S. and Canada) 1-740-881-550(International) 1-70-881-5989(Fax)

18303026

Appendix 2.11 Manganese Sulfate



Jiangsu Kelundo Food Ingredients Co., Ltd.

Inspection Report CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product Name	Manganes	e Sulfate	Product Performance Standards	GB 292	08-2012
Production Batch	21043001	Production Date	2021.04.30	Package	0.5 T

Sensory requirements

Test Items	Claim	Testing Method	Test Value	Determination
Color	Light pink	Take an appropriate amount of sample and place it in a 50mL beaker Medium, observe	Light pink	PASS
Organization Status	Granules or Powder	the color and composition under natural light Weaving state	Granule	PASS

Quality Index

Project	Index	Test Value	Test Based On	Determination
Manganese sulfate (MnSO4+H2O) Content, w/%	98.0~102.0	98.85	Appendix A in A. 4	PASS
Lead (Pb) /mg/kg ≤	4	<4	GB/T 5009.76	PASS
Arsenic (As) /mg/kg ≤	3	<3	Appendix A in A.5	PASS
Selenium(Se)/mg/kg ≤	30	<30	Appendix A in A.6	PASS
Ignition Loss, w/%	10.0~13.0	11.60	Appendix A in A.7	PASS

Inspector: Shi Jinming Reviewer: Xu Guangsheng

Appendix 2.12 D-Fructose

苏州天可贸易有限公司

CERTIFICATION OF ANALYSIS

Product Name	D-(-)Fructose	
Quantity	5kg	
Batch number	0804K2020	
Date of production	2020. 08. 02	
Date of Analysis	2020. 08. 02	
Formula	C6H12O6	
Molecular Weight	180. 16	
Specification	For Molecular Biology	

Items Apperarance	Requirements White crystalline powder	Results Complies
Assay (HPLC)	≥99%	≥99%
Loss on drying	<0.5%	0. 05%
Sulphate ASH	<0.05%	0.01%
Chloride	≤0.1%	<0.1%

QC Dept. Manager: zhanghua

Checker: xujia

申明

Statement

敬启者,

To whom it may concern,

我公司供应的果糖符合 Food Chemicals Codex (FCC), 3d Ed. (1981)要求,特此中明。

We hereby declare that this ingredient, Fructose meets the specification of the Food Chemicals Codex (FCC), 3d Ed. (1981).



Appendix 2.13 Ethanol











太仓市检验检测中心

Taicang Inspection and Testing Center



报告 验 20172300017 Test Report No: 20172300017 (2) 检验类别: 委托送样稳龄 **从 2. 页** 第) 页 样品编号 規格網段 20172300017 散装 Senal Number Specification Type 产品名称 F614. 食用酒精 Product Name Trademark 菱托单位名称\迫址\电话\邮编 Consigner\Address\Tel\Post Code 太仓新太阳精有限公司 太仓进港口开发区协会网络 2 号\0512-53524458\215400 生产单位名称/地址/电话/解编 太仓箭太酒精有限公司 Manufacturer\Address\Tel\Post Code 太仓港港口开发区协鑫西路 2 号\0512-53524458\215400 ,作品数量(n) 生产日期/批号 2 能 -/17010312 Sum of Sample(n) Producing Date/Batch No. 样品等级 到样日期 特级 2017-01-17 Sample Grade Sampling Date 祥品状态描述 符合检验要求 Sample Description 检验日期 检验地点 太仓市检验检制中心 2017-01-17~2017-02-03 Date of Test Test Place 检验依据 GB 10343-2008 《食用酒精》 GB/T 394.2-2008 《酒精通用分析方法》 Test Standard(s) 经送样检验,所检项目符合 GB 10343-2008 标准和 GB/T 394,2-2008 标准要求。 检验结论 Test Conclusion ((高章) 签发日期: 2017-02-06 Signature Date 检验说明 此栏空白。 Test Explain **新 签:** 伙 成 编 制: Tested by Approved By Checked by

地址: 江苏省太仓市城州机车空间第554) 电话: 0512-53542648/82786000-8908 | 作具: 0512-53541808 电子邮節: tanjazh@163.com



检验结果

No: 20172300017

Test Results

A 2 页 第 2 页

13-13 Serial	1,000	ig [] Rems	ጥ (ስ Units	技术要求 Technical Requirements	格別の対象 Test Results	作填译作 Individual Judge
		外班	-	无色透明	无色透明	
1	透音器 作	"体		具有乙醇周有的香气。 香气和正	具有乙醇阿有的 香气,香气经点	合桦
	1.198	Link — 纯净,微甜	Mar. Mel			
2	@	应	學	≤10	ā	香格
3		(20°C)	÷	≥96,0	96, 9	±48
4	硫酸 (與智	试验 单位)	-	≤10	5.	会格
5	氧化	时间	min	≥40	50	台格
6	(以乙)	(()	ng/L	≤7	4	台格
7.	W.		mg/L	≤1	0.4	合格
8	甲	(¢	mg/L	≤2	未检出(检出限 0.5 mg/L)	合格
9	正四	182	mg/L	≤2	未检出 (检出限 0.5 mg/L)	合格
10	异丁醇+	异戊醇	mg/L	\$1	未检出(检出限 0.5 mg/L)	合格
11	所(以乙酸2	the second second	mg/L	≤10	6	合格
12	重金 (以内)		mg/L	€1	<1	合格
13	不抓2	249	mg/1.	≤10	2	合格
14	氰化	25)	ng/L	≪5	未检出(检出限 0,2 mg/L)	合格

(仅对来样负责)

(Only responsible for the submitted samples)

地址: 江游省太仓市时期60年享得路55号 电话: 0512-53542848/82786000-8908 传真: 0512-53541808 电子邮箱: tetesstb@163.com

Test Report

No: 2017230017 (2)

Test Kind: Sample Analysis Request

Total 2 Pages / Page 1

Serial Number	20172300017	Specification Type	Bulk
Product Name	Edible Alcohol	Trademark	
Consigner/Address/Tel/Post Code	Taicang Xintai Jiujing 2 Xie Xin Road, Jiang Zone/0512-53524458/	gsu Province, Taicang Cit	y Port Development
Manufacturer/Address/Tel/Post Code	Taicang Xintai Jiujing 2 Xie Xin Road, Jiang Zone/0512-53524458/	su Province, Taicang Cit	y Port Development
Sum of Samples (n)	2 Bottles	Producing Date/ Batch No.	-/17010312
Sample Grade	Premium	Sampling Date	2017-01-17
Sample Description	Analysis requirements	met	
Date of Test	2017-01-17~ 2017-02-03	Test Place	Taicang Inspection and Testing Center
Test Standard(s)	GB 10343-2008 Ediab GB/T 394.2-2008 Gen	le Alcohol eral Alcohol Analysis Me	thod
Test Conclusion	After analysis, item me 394.2-2008.	eets the standard of GB 10	0343-2008 and GB/T
Test Explain	Blank		

Test Results

No: 20172300017

Total 2 Pages / Page 2

Serial	Test Items		Units	Technical Requirements	Test Results	Individua Judge
		Color	-	Clear	Clear	PASS
à	Appearance	Odor		Inherent ethanol pure aroma	Inherent ethanol pure aroma	PASS
		Taste		Pure, slightly sweet	Pure, slightly sweet	PASS
2	Chroma		No.	≤10	5	PASS
3	Ethanol % (V/V) (20°C)			≥96.0	96.9	PASS
4	Sulfuric Acid Test (Black Unit)			≤10	5	PASS
5	Oxidation Time		min	≤40	50	PASS
6	Acid (based on acetic acid)		mg/L	≤7	4	PASS
7	Aldehyde		mg/L	≤1	0.4	PASS
8	Methanol		mg/L	2	4	PASS
9	N-propanol		mg/L	≤2	Negative (Detection limit of 0.5 mg/L)	PASS
10	Isobutanol / isoamyl	alcohol	mg/L	≤l	Negative (Detection limit of 0.5 mg/L)	PASS
П	Ester (based on ethyl	acetate)	mg/L	≤10	Negative (Detection limit of 0.5 mg/L)	PASS
12	Heavy Metal		mg/L	≤l	<1	PASS
13	Non-volatile matter		mg/L	≤10	2	PASS
14	Cyanide		mg/L	≤5	Negative (Detection limit of 0.2 mg/L)	PASS

Address: 55 S. Dongting Rd, ChenXiang Town, Taicang City, Jiangsu Province

Tel: Fax: Email:

申明

Statement

敬启者,

To whom it may concern,

我公司供应的乙醇符合 Food Chemicals Codex (FCC), 3d Ed. (1981)要求,特此申明。

We hereby declare that this ingredient, Ethyl Alcohol meets the specification of the Food Chemicals Codex (FCC), 3d Ed. (1981).



Appendix 2.14 Calcium Chloride



Jiangsu Kelundo Food Ingredients Co., Ltd.

Inspection Report CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product Name	e Calcium chloride(Anhydrous)		Name Calcium chloride (Anhydrous) Product Performance Standards		GB 1886.45-2016	
Production Batch	21040301	Production Date	2021.04.03	Package	5 T	

Sensory requirements

Test Items	Claim	Testing Method	Test Value	Determination
Color	White, off-white or light yellow	Take an appropriate amount of sample and place it in a 50mL beaker Medium, observe	White	PASS
Organization Status	Needle crystal or powder	the color and composition under natural light Weaving state	Granule	PASS

Quality Index

Project	Index	Test Value	Test Based On	Determinatio
Calcium chloride (To CaCl₂ meter) w/%≥	93.0	93.21	Appendix A in A. 4	PASS
Free Base [Ca(OH)2]。w/% ≤	0.25	0.11	Appendix A in A.5	PASS
Magnesium and alkali metal salts , w/% ≤	5.0	3.54	Appendix A in A. 6	PASS
Heavy Metal (To Pb meter) /mg/kg ≤	20	<20	GB 5009.74	PASS
Lead (Pb) /mg/kg ≤	5	<5	GB 5009.75	PASS
Arsenic (As) /mg/kg ≤	3	<3	GB 5009.76	PASS
Fluorine (F), w/% ≤	0.004	0.0019	Appendix A in A.7	PASS

Inspector: Wang Tiantian Reviewer: Xu Guangsheng

申明

Statement

敬启者,

To whom it may concern,

我公司供应的氯化钙符合 Food Chemicals Codex (FCC), 3d Ed. (1981)要求,特此申明。

We hereby declare that this ingredient, Calcium Chloride meets the specification of the Food Chemicals Codex (FCC), 3d Ed. (1981).



Appendix 2.15 Calcium Acetate



Jiangsu Kelundo Food Ingredients Co., Ltd.

Inspection Report CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product Name	uct Name Calcium		acetate Product Performance Standards		GB 15572-1995		
Production Batch	17020401	Production Date	2017.02.04	Package	0.025T		

Sensory requirements

Test Items	Claim	Testing Method	Test Value	Determination
Color	White	Take an appropriate amount of test sample and place it in a 50mL beaker	White	PASS
Organization Status	Needle crystal or powder	Medium, observe the color and composition under natural light Weaving state	Powder	PASS

Quality Index

Project	Index	Test Value	Test Based On	Determination
Content (To $C_4H_6O_4C_a$ meter) , w /%	98.0~102.0	99.21	GB 15572-1995	PASS
pH Value	6.0~8.0	7.30	GB 15572-1995	PASS
Sulfate,%≤	0.1	< 0.1	GB 15572-1995	PASS
Chloride, %≤	0.05	< 0.05	GB 15572-1995	PASS
Heavy Metal (To Pb meter) , % \leq	0.0025	< 0.0025	GB 15572-1995	PASS
Arsenic (To As meter) , $\% \le$	0.0002	< 0.0002	GB 15572-1995	PASS
Magnesium Salt & Alkali Metal Salt,%≤	1.0	<1.0	GB 15572-1995	PASS
Barium Salt	Compliance	PASS	GB 15572-1995	PASS
Moisture,%≤	7	4.32	GB 15572-1995	PASS
Fluoride, %≤	0.005	< 0.005	GB 15572-1995	PASS
Test Result Meets the GB 15572-1995 (Food Additives Calcium Acetate) Claim.				

Inspector : Huang Yalin Reviewer : Xu Guangsheng

申明

Statement

敬启者,

To whom it may concern,

我公司供应的乙酸钙符合 Food Chemicals Codex (FCC), 3d Ed. (1981)要求,特此申明。

We hereby declare that this ingredient, Calcium Acetate meets the specification of the Food Chemicals Codex (FCC), 3d Ed. (1981).



2021.06.17

Appendix 3 Documentation for CGMP for Allulose



A Perfect Blend of Science and Nature

March 11, 2020

CERTIFICATE OF FOOD GRADE AND CONTINUING GUARANTEE

Product Name: Allulose 97%

Blue California hereby certifies that **Allulose 97%** is produced and stored under strict GMP quality requirements. The product is produced in a manufacturing facility that is certified by BRC- Global Standard for Food Safety.

We further certify our product is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the United States Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, or any amendment thereto. Furthermore, our product has been tested to meet the necessary requirements for use in human food.

Additionally, Blue California is in compliance with section 404/405 of the FD&C Act and any regulation mandated by Interstate Commerce Act.

Regards,

Hadi Omrani

Hadi Omrani

Director, Technical and Regulatory Affairs

Corporate Headquarters

30111 Tomas, Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688 Tel: 949-635-1990 Fax: 949-635-1986

Website: www.bluecal-ingredients.com

Appendix 4 Certificates of Analysis for Multiple Lots of Blue California's Allulose

Appendix 4.1 Allulose Lot 833-20180925



3011 Tomas Rancho Santa Margorita, CA 92688 Tal: 949.615.1990 Fax: 949.615.1988

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product: Allulose 97%

Lot No: 833-20180925 Original Manufacturer: Blue California
Date of Manufacturing: September 28-2018 Expiration/Re-test date: September 11-2020
QC acceptance date: October 16-2019 Country of Origin of Raw Material: China
This product has NOT been treated by Irradiation or ETO

ATTRIBUTES	SPECIFICATION	METHODS	RESULTS
APPEARANCE	Off white to white powder	VISUAL	PASS
FOREIGN MATTER	ABSENT	VISUAL	PASS
ODOR	CHARACTERISTIC	OLFACTORY	PASS
TASTE	CHARACTERISTIC	GUSTATORY	PASS
D-ALLULOSE	≥97%	HPLC	98% (dry-basis)
LOSS ON DRYING	< 5%	USP 34	3.20%
HEAVY METALS	< 10 ppm	USP 34	PASS
ARSENIC	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.02 ppm
CADMIUM	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.01 ppm
LEAD	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.02 ppm
MERCURY	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.01 ppm
ETHANOL	< 1,000 ppm	USP 34	< 200 ppm
METHANOL	< 200 ppm	USP 34	< 100 ppm
ASH	< 0.5	USP 34	PASS
PH	3-7	USP 34	PASS
TOTAL PLATE COUNT	≤ 1,000 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 1,000 cfu/gm
TOTAL COLIFORM	< 100 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 3 cfu/gm
YEAST AND MOLDS	< 100 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 10 cfu/gm
E. COLI:	NEGATIVE	AOAC	NEGATIVE
SALMONELLA	NEGATIVE	AOAC	NEGATIVE
SHELF LIFE	2 YEARS	HPLC	PASS

Appendix 4.2 Allulose Lot 833-20181109



30111 Tomas Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688 Tel: 949.635.1990 Fax: 949.635.1988

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product: Allulose 97%

Lot No: 833-20181109 Original Manufacturer: Blue California
Date of Manufacturing: November 09-2018 Expiration/Re-test date: September 09-2020

QC acceptance date: December 10-2018 Country of Origin of Raw Material: China This product has NOT been

treated by Irradiation or ETO

ATTRIBUTES	SPECIFICATION	METHODS	RESULTS
APPEARANCE	Off white to white powder	VISUAL	PASS
FOREIGN MATTER	ABSENT	VISUAL	PASS
ODOR	CHARACTERISTIC	OLFACTORY	PASS
TASTE	CHARACTERISTIC	GUSTATORY	PASS
D-ALLULOSE	> 97%	HPLC	97.8% (dry-basis)
LOSS ON DRYING	< 5%	USP 34	3.10%
HEAVY METALS	< 10 ppm	USP 34	PASS
ARSENIC	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.02 ppm
CADMIUM	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.01 ppm
LEAD	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.02 ppm
MERCURY	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.01 ppm
ETHANOL	< 1,000 ppm	USP 34	< 200 ppm
METHANOL	< 200 ppm	USP 34	< 100 ppm
ASH	< 0.5	USP 34	PASS
PH	3-7	USP 34	PASS
TOTAL PLATE COUNT	< 1,000 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 1,000 cfu/gm
TOTAL COLIFORM	< 100 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 3 cfu/gm
YEAST AND MOLDS	< 100 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 10 cfu/gm
E. COLI:	NEGATIVE	AOAC	NEGATIVE
SALMONELLA	NEGATIVE	AOAC	NEGATIVE
SHELF LIFE	2 YEARS	HPLC	PASS

Appendix 4.3 Allulose Lot 833-20190123



30111 Tomas Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688 Tel: 949.635.1990 Fax: 949.635.1988

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product: Allulose 97%

Lot No: 833-20190123 Original Manufacturer: Blue California
Date of Manufacturing: January 23-2019 Expiration/Re-test date: January 23-2021

QC acceptance date: February 02-2019 Country of Origin of Raw Material: China This product has NOT been

treated by Irradiation or ETO

ATTRIBUTES	SPECIFICATION	METHODS	RESULTS
APPEARANCE	Off white to white powder	VISUAL	PASS
FOREIGN MATTER	ABSENT	VISUAL	PASS
ODOR	CHARACTERISTIC	OLFACTORY	PASS
TASTE	CHARACTERISTIC	GUSTATORY	PASS
D-ALLULOSE	> 97%	HPLC	97.2% (dry-basis)
LOSS ON DRYING	< 5%	USP 34	3.10%
HEAVY METALS	< 10 ppm	USP 34	PASS
ARSENIC	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.02 ppm
CADMIUM	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.01 ppm
LEAD	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.02 ppm
MERCURY	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.01 ppm
ETHANOL	< 1,000 ppm	USP 34	< 200 ppm
METHANOL	< 200 ppm	USP 34	< 100 ppm
ASH	< 0.5	USP 34	PASS
PH	3-7	USP 34	PASS
TOTAL PLATE COUNT	< 1,000 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 1,000 cfu/gm
TOTAL COLIFORM	< 100 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 3 cfu/gm
YEAST AND MOLDS	< 100 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 10 cfu/gm
E. COLI:	NEGATIVE	AOAC	NEGATIVE
SALMONELLA	NEGATIVE	AOAC	NEGATIVE
SHELF LIFE	2 YEARS	HPLC	PASS

Appendix 4.4 Allulose Lot 833-20190411



30111 Tomas Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688 Tel: 949.635.1990 Fax: 949.635.1988

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product: Allulose 97%

ATTRIBUTES	SPECIFICATION	METHODS	RESULTS
APPEARANCE	Off white to white powder	VISUAL	PASS
FOREIGN MATTER	ABSENT	VISUAL	PASS
ODOR	CHARACTERISTIC	OLFACTORY	PASS
TASTE	CHARACTERISTIC	GUSTATORY	PASS
D-ALLULOSE	> 97%	HPLC	99.8% (dry-basis)
LOSS ON DRYING	< 5%	USP 34	3.20%
HEAVY METALS	< 10 ppm	USP 34	PASS
ARSENIC	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.02 ppm
CADMIUM	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.01 ppm
LEAD	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.02 ppm
MERCURY	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.01 ppm
ETHANOL	< 1,000 ppm	USP 34	< 200 ppm
METHANOL	< 200 ppm	USP 34	< 100 ppm
ASH	< 0.5	USP 34	PASS
PH	3-7	USP 34	PASS
TOTAL PLATE COUNT	< 1,000 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 1,000 cfu/gm
TOTAL COLIFORM	< 100 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 3 cfu/gm
YEAST AND MOLDS	< 100 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 10 cfu/gm
E. COLI:	NEGATIVE	AOAC	NEGATIVE
SALMONELLA	NEGATIVE	AOAC	NEGATIVE
SHELF LIFE	2 YEARS	HPLC	PASS

Lot No: 833-20190411 Original Manufacturer: Blue California Date of Manufacturing: April 11-2019 Expiration/Re-test date: April 11-2021 QC acceptance date: April 16-2019 Country of Origin of Raw Material: China This product has NOT been treated by Irradiation or ETO

Appendix 4.5 Allulose Lot 833-20190617



30111 Tomas Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688 Tel: 949.635.1990 Fax: 949.635.1988

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product: Allulose 97%

ATTRIBUTES	SPECIFICATION	METHODS	RESULTS
APPEARANCE	Off white to white powder	VISUAL	PASS
FOREIGN MATTER	ABSENT	VISUAL	PASS
ODOR	CHARACTERISTIC	OLFACTORY	PASS
TASTE	CHARACTERISTIC	GUSTATORY	PASS
D-ALLULOSE	> 97%	HPLC	98.9% (dry-basis)
LOSS ON DRYING	< 5%	USP 34	3.30%
HEAVY METALS	< 10 ppm	USP 34	PASS
ARSENIC	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.02 ppm
CADMIUM	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.01 ppm
LEAD	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.02 ppm
MERCURY	< 0.5 ppm	ICP-MS	< 0.01 ppm
ETHANOL	< 1,000 ppm	USP 34	< 200 ppm
METHANOL	< 200 ppm	USP 34	< 100 ppm
ASH	< 0.5	USP 34	PASS
PH	3-7	USP 34	PASS
TOTAL PLATE COUNT	< 1,000 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 1,000 cfu/gm
TOTAL COLIFORM	< 100 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 3 cfu/gm
YEAST AND MOLDS	< 100 cfu/gm	AOAC	< 10 cfu/gm
E. COLI:	NEGATIVE	AOAC	NEGATIVE
SALMONELLA	NEGATIVE	AOAC	NEGATIVE
SHELF LIFE	2 YEARS	HPLC	PASS

Lot No: 833-20190617 Original Manufacturer: Blue California Date of Manufacturing: June 17-2019 Expiration/Re-test date: June 17-2021 QC acceptance date: July 02-2019 Country of Origin of Raw Material: China This product has NOT been treated by Irradiation or ETO



Eurofins Scientific Inc. Supplement Analysis Center 1365 Redwood Way Petaluma, CA 94954 Tel.+1 707 792 7300

October 10, 2019

Hadi Omrani Blue California Co. 30111 Tomas Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

AR-19-KK-012776-01 Batch #: EUCAPE-00116045

Sample Identification:

Sample #: 740-2019-08300059

Description: Allulose Food Grade Ingredient, Powder, Lot# 833-20180925

Condition: Acceptable
Date Received: August 30, 2019

KK04H: Validation of method for a Nutritional Supplement

Method Reference: N/A
Completed: 10/10/2019
Result
Level

See Validation Report DONE

KK987: Special Analysis (R&D)

 Method Reference:
 N/A
 Theoretical Level

 Completed:
 10/10/2019
 Result
 Level

 Allulose (dry-basis)
 98.0 % (w/w)
 >95 (dry-basis)

 % (w/w)
 % (w/w)

Appendix 5 Validation Report

Please refer to the Appendix 5 report, provided as a separate file:

Validation Report of Allulose – Blue California.pdf

[Remainder of page intentionally blank]

Appendix 6 Protein Assay Reports

Certificate Issued To: Work performed at: Blue California International RINP, Inc. 23151 Verdugo Dr., Suite 101 Laguna Hills, CA 92653 Phone: (949) 916-0780 30111 Tomas Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688 FAX: (949) 916-2820 E-mail: rinp1@live.com Phone:949-635-1990 Website:www.internationalrinp.com Fax: 949-635-1986 FDA Registration No. 18174842550 Determination of Protein in Allulose 97% by UV Method (BCA Certificate of Analysis: Method) Company Name: Blue California Sample Description: Allulose 97% Received Date: 03-04-21 Lot Number: 833-20201015 Lab Number: L#17560 The Analysis Results Limit of Sample Lab# Analyte Target Results Detection 5 µg/ml N/A Allulose 97% L#17560 Protein Not Detected (5 ppm) Analyzed by: Approved by: Hongyan Wang, President/PhD 03-09-2021 Report Date:

Certificate Issued To:

Blue California

30111 Tomas

Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688

Phone:949-635-1990 Fax: 949-635-1986



Work performed at:

International RINP, Inc. 23151 Verdugo Dr., Suite 101 Laguna Hills, CA 92653 Phone: (949) 916-0780

FAX: (949) 916-2820 E-mail: rinp1@live.com

Website:www.internationalrinp.com FDA Registration No. 18174842550

Determination of Protein in Allulose 97% by UV Method (BCA Certificate of Analysis:

Hongyan Wang, President/PhD

Method)

Company Name: Blue California Sample Description: Allulose 97% 03-04-21 Received Date:

Lot Number: 833-20200512

Lab Number: L#17561

The Analysis Results

Sample	Lab#	Analyte	Limit of Detection	Target	Results
Allulose 97%	L#17561	Protein	5 μg/ml (5 ppm)	N/A	Not Detected

Report Date:

GRAS ASSOCIATES, LLC

Analyzed by:

Approved by:

03-09-2021

Certificate Issued To:

Blue California

30111 Tomas

Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688

Phone:949-635-1990

Fax: 949-635-1986



Work performed at:

International RINP, Inc. 23151 Verdugo Dr., Suite 101 Laguna Hills, CA 92653 Phone: (949) 916-0780

FAX: (949) 916-2820 E-mail: rinp1@live.com Website:www.internationalrinp.com

FDA Registration No. 18174842550

Determination of Protein in Allulose 97% by UV Method (BCA Certificate of Analysis:

Method)

Company Name: Blue California Sample Description: Allulose 97%

Received Date: 03-04-21

Lot Number: 833-20200924

Lab Number: L#17562

The Analysis Results

Sample	Lab#	Analyte	Limit of Detection	Target	Results
Allulose 97%	L#17562	Protein	5 μg/ml (5 ppm)	N/A	Not Detected

Hongyan Wang, President/PhD

Analyzed by:

Approved by:

03-09-2021

Report Date:

Appendix 7 Stability



Product Name: Allulose 97%

Batch No.: 833-20190411, 833-20180925, 833-20181109, 833-20190123 and 833-20190617

Observation Method: Accelerated stability test (0, 1,2,3,4, 5, 6 months) Storage condition: 40°C±2°C / 75% RH ±5%

Item		Appearance	Moisture	Allulose (HPLC)
Time			(%)	(%)
(month)				
	0	Off White to White Powder	3.46	99.5
	1	Off White to White Powder	3.41	99.5
	2	Off White to White Powder	3.41	98.8
833-20190411	3	Off White to White Powder	3.40	98.2
	4	Off White to White Powder	3.40	98.2
	5	Off White to White Powder	3.38	98.5
	6	Off White to White Powder	3.30	97.9
	average	Off White to White Powder	3.39	98.65
	0	Off White to White Powder	3.01	98.2
	1	Off White to White Powder	3.11	98
	2	Off White to White Powder	2.85	98
833-20180925	3	Off White to White Powder	2.93	97.8
	4	Off White to White Powder	2.90	97.9
	5	Off White to White Powder	2.78	96.5
	6	Off White to White Powder	2.77	96.5
	average	Off White to White Powder	2.90	97.55

	0	Off White to White Powder	2.33	98
833-20181109	1	Off White to White Powder	2.58	97.8
	2	Off White to White Powder	2.62	97.8
	3	Off White to White Powder	2.66	97.5
	4	Off White to White Powder	2.63	97.5
	5	Off White to White Powder	2.71	97.6
	6	Off White to White Powder	2.72	97.2
	average	Off White to White Powder	2.82	97.62

Appendix 8 GRAS Associates Expert Panel Report



11810 Grand Park Ave Suite 500 North Bethesda, MD 20852

THE GENERALLY RECOGNIZED AS SAFE (GRAS) STATUS OF THE PROPOSED USES OF BLUE CALIFORNIA'S ALLULOSE

July 21, 2021

Foreword

An independent panel of experts ("Expert Panel") was convened by GRAS Associates, LLC on behalf of their client, Blue California, to evaluate the safety and Generally Recognized as Safe (GRAS) status of Blue California's proposed uses of allulose in conventional foods. The members of this Expert Panel[†] are qualified to serve in this capacity by their scientific training and experience in the safety of food and food ingredients.

Discussion

A significant amount of safety information related to the consumption of allulose is generally available, and has been discussed in Part 6 of Blue California's allulose GRAS dossier. First, there is a history of safe consumption of allulose when used as an ingredient in food products in the US, Japan, and Korea. Second, a number of experimental studies have investigated the safety of allulose. The composite evidence from historical safe consumption and experimental studies demonstrates the safety of allulose preparations for human food consumption.

Blue California's manufacturing process utilizes D-allulose 3-epimerase (DAE) derived from Thermoclostridium caenicola and produced by E. coli K-12 to manufacture allulose from neutralized fructose syrup. E. coli K-12 is a gram-negative, non-spore forming, facultative anaerobe, is nonpathogenic and nontoxigenic, and has a long history of safe industrial use. Blue California has confirmed the absence of residual protein in the finished product, as demonstrated by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) assay results provided in Appendix 6 of their GRAS dossier.

Blue California states that their allulose is manufactured under Current Good Manufacturing Practices (CGMP) and it has been demonstrated that their manufacturing process consistently yields a reproducible product, as detailed in Table 3 of Blue California's GRAS dossier. The specifications for allulose are consistent with industry-established parameters and values, and are

Page 1 of 5

[†] Dr. Emmel, Chair of the Expert Panel, is a chemist with substantial food safety experience in addressing steviol glycosides and other food ingredients. Dr. Dziwenka holds a Doctor of Veterinary Medicine degree from the University of Saskatchewan and is a Diplomat with the American Board of Toxicology. She has over 23 years' experience as a practicing veterinarian and 20 years of experience in research, preclinical regulatory toxicology, and safety evaluation in food and animal feed additives and GRAS dossier preparation. Dr. Falk is an independent consultant with over 22 years of experience in reviewing food safety issues, GRAS reviews, and new dietary ingredient notifications at the Life Science Research Office (LSRO) and LSRO Solutions. All three panelists have extensive technical backgrounds in the evaluation of food ingredient safety and in participating in deliberations of GRAS Expert Panels.



appropriate and sufficient for an ingredient intended for human consumption. Furthermore, the specifications for Blue California's allulose are substantially equivalent to those described in GRNs 693 and 828, respectively, which received "no questions" letters from FDA. Therefore, the safety data presented in GRNs 693 and 828, as well as in the published literature, are applicable to the GRAS conclusion for Blue California's Allulose preparation.

The majority of studies reviewed on allulose (syn. D-psicose) have been discussed in detail in previous GRAS Notices (GRNs) that received "no questions" letters from FDA: GRN 400, GRN 498, GRN 693, and GRN 828.

The key pharmacokinetic data presented by Tsukamoto (2014) establish that allulose is absorbed in the small intestine and then rapidly excreted in the urine. The liver was noted to be the only organ with allulose accumulation following oral and intravenous administration. No pathology linked to liver concentration has been reported. Rapid excretion of allulose was confirmed by Matsuo (2003), who concluded that allulose is partially absorbed in the digestive tract and rapidly excreted in the urine and feces. In addition, the presence of short chain fatty acids in the cecum indicates that allulose is a fermentable saccharide.

The median lethal dose (LD₅₀) of allulose was determined to be 16.3 g per kg body weight (bw) in rats (Matsuo, 2002). A 90-day repeat dose study conducted by An et al. (2019) in male and female Sprague-Dawley rats determined the No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL) for allulose to be equal to or greater than 5,000 mg per kg bw per day, the highest dose tested. Previous studies by Yagi and Matsuo (2009) and Matsuo et al. (2012) determined the NOAEL of allulose to be 3% of the diet, the highest dose tested (equivalent to 1,280 mg D-allulose per kg bw day), in male Wistar rats.

Allulose was not observed to cause any adverse effects in healthy dogs when administered as a single dose of 1 or 4 g per kg bw or administered at 200 mg per kg bw per day for 12 weeks (Nishii et al., 2016, 2017).

Kim et al. (2019) investigated the reproductive toxicity of allulose in rats (strain unspecified). No treatment-linked toxicity, mortality, or adverse effects on reproduction were observed. The authors determined the NOAEL to be equal to or greater than 2,000 mg per kg bw per day for the parental and offspring generations.

As reviewed in GRN 400, genotoxicity and mutagenicity studies indicate that allulose is not mutagenic at levels of up to 5,000 μ g per plate (Ames study), no significant increase in micronucleated polychromatic erythrocytes was noted at levels of up to 2,000 mg per kg per day (micronucleus test), and no significant increase in the number of chromosomal aberrations was observed at 1,800 μ g per mL.

Numerous studies did not detect any adverse effects in humans with doses as much as 15 g total intake for as many as 48 weeks. Products with as much as 30.0 g per person per day allulose, equivalent to 0.4 g per kg bw per day allulose for 70 kg individual, have been in commerce for as many as four years without any causal connections to adverse health effects. Furthermore, Han et

Page 2 of 5



al. (2018) recently recommended a maximum single dose of 0.4 g per kg bw allulose and a maximum total daily intake of 0.9 g per kg bw of allulose, as transient gastrointestinal discomfort, including severe nausea, abdominal pain, headache, anorexia, and diarrhea, is reported when total daily intake approaches 1.0 g per kg bw.

Blue California states in their GRAS dossier that their D-allulose preparation is intended to be used as a sweetener in the food products and at use levels to those presented in Table 5 of their GRAS dossier. Blue California determined the mean and 90th percentile estimated daily intake (EDI) of all users aged 2 years and older of their D-allulose to be 8.6 and 19.1 g per person per day, respectively. All users aged 2 to 99 years had EDIs equal to or below 0.30 g per kg bw per day. The average maximum exposure was estimated in males 19 years of age or older, with a 90th percentile value of 30.4 g per day or 0.33 g per kg bw per day. On a body weight basis, children ages 2-5 years had the highest 90th percentile EDI, at 0.50 g per kg bw per day.

The Expert Panel notes that even with the additional proposed uses, the EDIs are well below the maximum single dose and maximum total daily intake levels recommended by Han et al. (2018). Blue California's Allulose preparation is expected to replace products currently on the market and the additional proposed uses in grain based cereal and protein bars, low-sugar, reduced-sugar, and diet fruit juices, and low- and reduced-calorie alcoholic beverages are not expected to considerably alter exposure. The estimate for cumulative exposure from all uses determined with 2015-2018 NHANES intake data was found to be lower than the EDIs in GRN 828. In addition, the Expert Panel agrees with Blue California's assessment that it is unlikely that allulose will be used at the maximum levels in all food categories and that a consumer would ingest products from all categories on a daily basis. Therefore, allulose preparations are expected to be safe within established allowable limits.

Conclusion

In summary, sufficient qualitative and quantitative scientific evidence in the composite is available to support the safety-in-use of Blue California's allulose given the following conditions:

- Blue California's allulose continues to meet the designated specifications;
- The proposed uses and use levels of Blue California's allulose remain unchanged; and
- Blue California's allulose is produced in accordance with Current Good Manufacturing Practices (CGMPs) using raw materials and processing aids that comply with applicable US federal regulations and are of appropriate purity for food manufacturing purposes.

The Expert Panel critically reviewed the data provided by Blue California for their allulose, as well as publicly available published information obtained from peer-reviewed journals and other safety assessments prepared by other Expert Panels and well-respected international regulatory bodies.

The ingestion of Blue California's allulose from the intended uses results in intakes that are expected to be safe within the limits of established historical use and published safety studies. Furthermore, Blue California determined that the EDI for individuals 2 years or older is 8.6 g per

Page 3 of 5



person per day at the mean and 19.1 g per person per day at the 90th percentile, which is lower than the EDIs reported in GRN 828 of 11.0 and 30.0 g per person per day for the mean and 90th percentile, respectively.

On the basis of scientific principles, the Expert Panel unanimously concludes that the proposed uses of Blue California's allulose preparation, manufactured under GMP standards using raw materials and processing aids in compliance with applicable US federal regulations and as described in Part 2.B. of Blue California's GRAS dossier, and declared within the subject assessment meets the FDA definition of safety in that there is "reasonable certainty of no harm under the intended conditions of use" as described herein, and Blue California's allulose preparation is generally recognized as safe (GRAS).



References

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Yagi, K. and Matsuo, T. (2009) 'The study on long-term toxicity of d-psicose in rats', J Clin Biochem Nutr, 45(3), pp. 271-7.

END

Page 5 of 5

END

			Form	Approved: OMB No.	; Expiration Date: (See last page for OMB Statement)
				FDA US	
555457	45NT 05 U5 N TU AN		GRN NUMBER 001024		DATE OF RECEIPT 07/21/2021
	Food and Drug Adm		ESTIMATED DAI	LY INTAKE	INTENDED USE FOR INTERNET
GENER	(GRAS) NO	NIZED AS SAFE OTICE	NAME FOR INTE	RNET	'
			KEYWORDS		
completed form	and attachments in p	nents electronically via the El aper format or on physical mood and Drug Administration	nedia to: Office	of Food Additive S	
·	PART I – II	NTRODUCTORY INFORM	ATION ABOU	T THE SUBMISS	SION
1. Type of Submis	ssion (Check one)				
New	Amendment	to GRN No	Supple	ement to GRN No.	
		is submission have been ched		to be virus free. (Ch	neck box to verify)
3a. For New Subr		recent presubmission meetin on the subject substance (yy)		N/A	_
amendment o	ents or Supplements: Is a supplement submitted communication from I	d in Yes If yes,	enter the date of unication (yyyy/l		
		PART II – INFORMATIO	N ABOUT TH	E NOTIFIER	
	Name of Contact Per Hadi Omrani	son		Position Director-Technica	al & Regulatory Affairs
1a. Notifier	Company (if applicab Blue California	le)			
	Mailing Address (nun 30111 Tomas	nber and street)			
City	<u> </u>	State or Province	Zip Code/Po	ostal Code	Country
Rancho Santa Ma	argarita	California	92688		United States of America
Telephone Numbe 949-635-1990 X1:		Fax Number 949-635-1984	E-Mail Addr hadi@blued	ess cal-ingredients.cor	n
	Name of Contact Per William J. Rowe	rson		Position President	
1b. Agent or Attorney (if applicable)	Company (if applicab	ele)			
	Mailing Address (num 11810 Grand Park A	•			
City North Bethesda	1	State or Province Maryland	Zip Code/Po	ostal Code	Country United States of America
Telephone Numbe 519-341-3367	er	Fax Number 888-531-3466	E-Mail Addr wrowe@nu	ess trasource.ca	

PART III – GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE INFOR	MATION
1. Name of Substance	
Alluose (D-allulose, D-psicose, psicose)	
2. Submission Format: (Check appropriate box(es))	3. For paper submissions only:
☐ Electronic Submission Gateway ☐ Paper ☐ Baper ☐ Electronic files on physical media with paper signature page	Number of volumes
Paper If applicable give number and type of physical media	
	Total number of pages
4. Does this submission incorporate any information in FDA's files by reference? (Check one Yes (Proceed to Item 5) No (Proceed to Item 6)	ə)
5. The submission incorporates by reference information from a previous submission to FDA	as indicated below (Check all that apply)
a) GRAS Notice No. GRN	
b) GRAS Affirmation Petition No. GRP	
c) Food Additive Petition No. FAP	
d) Food Master File No. FMF	
e) Other or Additional (describe or enter information as above)	
6. Statutory basis for determination of GRAS status (Check one)Scientific Procedures (21 CFR 170.30(b))Experience based on common use in the common of the com	n food (21 CER 170 20(c))
Scientific Procedures (21 CFR 170.30(b)) Experience based on common use in T. Does the submission (including information that you are incorporating by reference) contains	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
or as confidential commercial or financial information?	an information that you view as trade scoret
Yes (Proceed to Item 8)	
No (Proceed to Part IV) 8. Have you designated information in your submission that you view as trade secret or as c	onfidential commercial or financial information
(Check all that apply)	onidential commercial of infancial information
Yes, see attached Designation of Confidential Information	
Yes, information is designated at the place where it occurs in the submission No	
9. Have you attached a redacted copy of some or all of the submission? (Check one)	
Yes, a redacted copy of the complete submission	
Yes, a redacted copy of part(s) of the submission	
□ No	
PART IV – INTENDED USE	
1. Describe the intended use of the notified substance including the foods in which the subst foods, the purpose for which the substance will be used, and any special population that will stance would be an ingredient in infant formula, identify infants as a special population). Blue California's Allulose is intended for use as a sugar substitute/sw	consume the substance (e.g., when a subveetener in a variety of applications
as detailed in Part 3.A.2. Table 5 of the GRAS dossier at levels determanufacturing practices (CGMP). The proposed uses do not include formulas.	,
2. Does the intended use of the notified substance include any use in meat, meat food produ (Check one) Yes No	uct, poultry product, or egg product?

PΔF	₹T /	/ _ I	DEI	YTITL

1. Information about the Identity	of th	ne Substan	CE
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	Name of Substance ¹	Registry Used (CAS, EC)	Registry No. ²	Biological Source (if applicable)	Substance Category (FOR FDA USE ONLY)
1	Allulose	CAS		Biosynthesized with D-allulose 3- epimerase	
2					
3					

¹ Include chemical name or common name. Put synonyms *(whether chemical name, other scientific name, or common name)* for each respective item (1 - 3) in Item 3 of Part V *(synonyms)*

2. Description

Provide additional information to identify the notified substance(s), which may include chemical formula(s), empirical formula(s), structural formula(s), quantitative composition, characteristic properties (such as molecular weight(s)), and general composition of the substance. For substances from biological sources, you should include scientific information sufficient to identify the source (e.g., genus, species, variety, strain, part of a plant source (such as roots or leaves), and organ or tissue of an animal source), and include any known toxicants that could be in the source.

Molecular formula: C6H12O6 Chemical name: D-Ribo-2-hexulose Molecular weight: 180.16 g per mole

Allulose is synthesized from D-fructose in an enzymatic bioconversion process by D-allulose 3-epimerase produced by a strain of *E. coli* K-12. The resulting product is purified to yield a > 97% allulose (%wt/wt) finished product.

There are no known toxicants.

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J.	OV	\mathbf{I}			

Provide as available or relevant:

1	D-psicose or psicose
2	D-Altrulose
3	D-erythro-hexulose

² Registry used e.g., CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) and EC (Refers to Enzyme Commission of the International Union of Biochemistry (IUB), now carried out by the Nomenclature Committee of the International Union of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (IUBMB))

(check list to help ensure your submission is complete – check all that apply)	
Method of Manufacture	
Specifications for food-grade material	
Information about dietary exposure	
Information about any self-limiting levels of use (which may include a statement that the intended use of the no	tified substance is
not-self-limiting) ∏ Use in food before 1958 (which may include a statement that there is no information about use of the notified statement.	substance in food
prior to 1958)	
Comprehensive discussion of the basis for the determination of GRAS status	
∑ Bibliography	
Other Information	
Did you include any other information that you want FDA to consider in evaluating your GRAS notice?	
∑ Yes	
Did you include this other information in the list of attachments?	
PART VII – SIGNATURE	
1. The undersigned is informing FDA that Blue California	
(name of notifier)	
has concluded that the intended use(s) of Alluose (D-allulose, D-psicose, psicose)	
(name of notified substance)	
described on this form, as discussed in the attached notice is (are) exempt from the promorted approval requirem	anta of agatian 400 of the
described on this form, as discussed in the attached notice, is (are) exempt from the premarket approval requirem	ents of section 409 of the
Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act because the intended use(s) is (are) generally recognized as safe.	
2. Solution Blue California agrees to make the data and information that are	
determination of CDAS status available to EDA	
(name of notifier) determination of GRAS status available to FDA	
(name of notifier) determination of GRAS status available to FDA	if FDA asks to see them.
(name of notifier) determination of GRAS status available to FDA Blue California agrees to allow FDA to review and copy these data	if FDA asks to see them. and information during
(name of notifier) determination of GRAS status available to FDA	if FDA asks to see them. and information during
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Blue California agrees to allow FDA to review and copy these data customary business hours at the following location is (name of notifier) 30111 Tomas, Rancho Santa Margarita, A 92688 (address of notifier or other location)	if FDA asks to see them. and information during FDA asks to do so.
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Blue California agrees to allow FDA to review and copy these data customary business hours at the following location is	and information during FDA asks to do so. A if FDA asks to do so. I notice and in GRP No. Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
Blue California agrees to allow FDA to review and copy these data customary business hours at the following location is 30111 Tomas, Rancho Santa Margarita, A 92688 (address of notifier or other location) Blue California agrees to send these data and information to FD (name of notifier) agrees to send these data and information to FD OR The complete record that supports the determination of GRAS status is available to FDA in the submitted (GRAS Affirmation Petition No.) 3. Signature of Responsible Official, Printed Name and Title	and information during FDA asks to do so. A if FDA asks to do so.

PART VIII - LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

List your attached files or documents containing your submission, forms, amendments or supplements, and other pertinent information. Clearly identify the attachment with appropriate descriptive file names (or titles for paper documents), preferably as suggested in the guidance associated with this form. Number your attachments consecutively. When submitting paper documents, enter the inclusive page numbers of each portion of the document below.

Attachment Number	Attachment Name	Folder Location (select from menu) (Page Number(s) for paper Copy Only)		
	Appendices 1-4 and 6-8 in the body of the dossier			
	Appendix 5 as a separate file on the CD			

OMB Statement: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average XX hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to: Department of Health and Human Services, Food and Drug Administration, Office of Chief Information Officer, 1350 Piccard Drive, Room 400, Rockville, MD 20850. (Please do NOT return the form to this address.). An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

From: Amy Mozingo
To: Hice, Stephanie

Cc: <u>William J. Rowe</u>; <u>Katrina Emmel</u>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] RE: GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

Date: Friday, March 18, 2022 8:13:23 AM

Attachments: image009.png

image011.png image013.png image014.png image015.png image016.png image017.png image018.png

FDA Questions Ltr GRN 1024 Response 18Mar2022.pdf

Importance: High

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Dr. Hice,

Please find attached the responses to questions posed in the FDA letter dated March 7, 2022 for GRN 001024.

We remain at your disposal should you have any additional questions.

Regards,

Amy

Amy Mozingo, MS

VP US Nutra Regulatory Sciences

GRAS Associates a Nutrasource Pharmaceutical and Nutraceutical Services company

O: 301-461-8929 | C: 772-532-3454





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From: William J. Rowe < wrowe@nutrasource.ca>

Sent: Monday, March 7, 2022 9:03 AM

To: Amy Mozingo <amozingo@gras-associates.com> **Subject:** FW: GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

Importance: High

William J. Rowe, BA
President, CEO and Co-founder
0: 519-341-3360 | C: 519-827-8129



<u>LinkedIn</u> | <u>Twitter</u> | <u>Blog</u>



http://www.nutrasource.ca/resources/events/natural-products-expo-west/

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From: Hice, Stephanie < Stephanie. Hice@fda.hhs.gov>

Sent: March 7, 2022 9:02 AM

To: William J. Rowe < <u>wrowe@nutrasource.ca</u>> **Subject:** GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

Dear Mr. Rowe,

During our review of GRAS Notice No. 001024, we noted questions that need to be addressed and are attached to this email.

We respectfully request a response within **10 business days**. If you are unable to complete the response within that time frame, please contact me to discuss further options. Please do not include any confidential information in your response.

If you have questions or need further clarification, please feel free to contact me. Thank you in advance for your attention to our comments.

Sincerely,

Stephanie Hice

Stephanie Hice, Ph.D. (they/them/their)

Regulatory Review Scientist & Microbiology Reviewer

Division of Food Ingredients
Office of Food Additive Safety
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
stephanie.hice@fda.hhs.gov

Pronouns: They-Them-Their (what is this?)















GRAS Associates, LLC
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March 18, 2022

Food and Drug Administration
Center for Food Safety & Applied Nutrition
Office of Food Additive Safety
Division of Petition Review
5001 Campus Drive
College Park, MD 20740-3835

Attention: Dr. Stephanie Hice

Re: GRN 1024—Allulose–Response to Questions Posed in an Email Dated 3/7/2022

Dear Dr. Hice:

Per your request, GRAS Associates, LLC, acting as the agent for Blue California, is providing a response to FDA's request for additional clarification as denoted in your email dated March 7, 2022, as follows:

1. The notifier states, "Most E. coli are harmless and are important components of the healthy human intestinal tract. The microbe is gram-negative, non-spore forming, facultative anaerobe, is nonpathogenic and nontoxigenic, and has a long history of safe industrial use" (page 7). We note that not all strains of Escherichia coli are non-pathogenic and non-toxigenic and are used industrially. For the administrative record, please clarify this statement.

Blue California wishes to clarify, as follows:

Most *E. coli* are harmless and are important components of the healthy human intestinal tract. While not all strains of *E. coli* are non-pathogenic and non-toxigenic, the *E. coli* K12 strain used to develop Blue California's production strain in the manufacturing process is a gramnegative, non-spore forming, facultative anaerobe that is non-pathogenic and non-toxigenic, and has a long history of safe industrial use, including in food ingredient manufacturing applications.

2. The notifier states, "The E. coli K12 strain is the most commonly used industrial strain, and has GRAS status [21 CFR 170.36 (62 FR 18938; April 17, 1997)]" (page 7). Please note that 21 CFR 170.36 does not correspond to a citation in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Additionally, 62 FR 18938, April 17, 1997, corresponds to the proposed rule, Substances

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Generally Recognized as Safe. For the administrative record, please remove the citation to these references and briefly discuss the safety of E. coli K-12 (e.g., safe strain lineage).

Blue California would like to revise the statement quoted above in item 2, as follows:

E. coli K12 is the most commonly used industrial strain and has undergone substantial research and development studies since it was first isolated in 1922. It has been shown that *E. coli* K12 is unable to colonize the human gastrointestinal system and does not produce toxins in significant quantities to affect humans (US EPA, 1997). Research and development of subcultures and derivatives of *E. coli* K12 began in 1944 (Kuhnert et al., 1995). The complete genome sequence was reported by Blattner et al. (1997) and an updated version of the annotated chromosome was generated by Serres et al. (2001).

E. coli K12 derivatives have a long history of use in the production of GRAS notified food ingredients, as summarized in the table below. Since 2000, 31 GRAS Notices have been filed by FDA for ingredients manufactured by *E. coli* K12 derivatives or with enzymes produced by *E. coli* K12 derivatives. Of these, 26 received "no questions" letters from FDA, 4 were withdrawn from review by the notifier, ¹ and GRN 1024 (the subject of this letter) is pending review.

GRN	Ingredient	Status
46	Gamma-cyclodextrin	No questions (9/22/00)
74	Beta-cyclodextrin	No questions (10/25/01)
155	Alpha-cyclodextrin	No questions (12/22/04)
299	Lycopene	Withdrawn (9/22/09)
302	1,3-propanediol	No questions (3/5/10)
308	L-leucine	No questions (4/30/10)
498	Psicose	No questions (6/12/14)
602	N-acetyl-D-neuraminic acid	No questions (2/1/16)
624	D-psicose 3-epimerase	No questions (8/18/16)
650	2'-O-fucosyllactose	No questions (11/23/16)
659	Lacto-N-neotetraose	No questions (11/23/16)
678	Alpha-cyclodextrin	Withdrawn (4/14/17)
735	2'-Fucosyllactose	No questions (4/6/18)
734	Ergothioneine	No questions (5/7/18)
745	Enzyme modified steviol	No questions (4/20/18)
	glycosides	
749	2'-Fucosyllactose	No questions (4/23/18)
780	Rebaudioside M	No questions (7/31/18)

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¹ It should be noted that GRN 826 was withdrawn from review by Blue California and resubmitted and filed and GRN 916, which subsequently received a "no questions" letter from FDA.

GRN	Ingredient Status		
815	2'-fucosyllactose/difucosyllactose	No questions (8/20/19)	
826	Dihydroquercetin	Withdrawn (9/25/19)	
833	Lacto-N-tetraose	No questions (10/7/19)	
846	Rebaudioside M	No questions (8/23/19)	
852	2'-Fucosyllactose	No questions (11/15/19)	
881	6'-sialyllactose sodium salt	No questions (2/24/20)	
880	3'-sialyllactose sodium salt	No questions (2/21/20)	
897	2'-O-fucosyllactose	No questions (6/12/20)	
895	Lacto-N-neotetraose	No questions (12/3/20)	
912	Trehalose	Withdrawn (10/1/21)	
916	Dihydroquercetin	No questions (5/19/21)	
951	3-fucosyllactose	No questions (8/12/21)	
1010	Rebaudioside M	No questions (1/26/22)	

Furthermore, EFSA raised no safety concerns regarding the use of genetically modified *E. coli* K12 W3110 carrying a gene encoding D-psicose 3-eipmerase from *Arthrobacter globiformis* for the production of D-allulose (EFSA Panel on Food Contact Materials et al., 2021).

3. Please state whether E. coli K-12 strain "JM109" has been deposited in a recognized culture collection and provide the corresponding deposit designation. If it has not been deposited, please discuss how the strain was taxonomically identified and verified.

JM109 was deposited in the Addgene culture collection by the Joachim Messing Lab as bacterial strain #49761 (https://www.addgene.org/49761/).

4. The notifier states, "The fragment coding D-allulose 3-epimerase (also referred to as D-psicose 3-epimerase), derived from Thermoclostridium caenicola, with a C-terminal Hisx6 tag fusion enzyme was inserted into E. coli expression construct through golden gate cloning strategy" (page 7). Please briefly discuss the genotypic and phenotypic characteristics (e.g., pathogenicity, toxigenicity) of T. caenicola and whether this poses a safety concern.

Clostridium bacteria are distributed in the soil, intestinal tracts of animals, water, and other ecological habitats. The genus is classified into 19 clusters. While certain species are known to be pathogenic (e.g., C. perfringens, C. difficile, and C. botulinum), most Clostridium species are commensal bacteria and are not known to be pathogenic or toxigenic (Guo et al., 2020). The majority of pathogenic species are found in the XIVa cluster (Stackebrandt et al., 1999).

T. caenicola (syn. *Clostridium caenicola*) was first isolated from the methanogenic sludge of a cellulose-degrading bioreactor. *T. caenicola* is anaerobic and thermophilic, is spore-forming, and has flagellated rods (Shiratori et al., 2009). It belongs to *Clostridium* cluster III (Zhang et

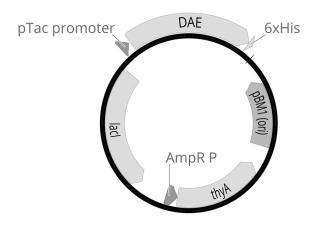
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al., 2018) and is classified in Risk Group 1 under DSMZ-German Collection of Microorganisms and Cell Cultures², which indicates that it is of low biological risk. The use of recombinant D-allulose 3-epimerase (DAE) from *E. coli* BL21(DE3) expressing a D-allulose 3-epimerase gene from *T. caenicola* to produce D-allulose was reported by Chen et al. (2021).

There is prior precedent for the use of *Clostridium* sp. derived genes in transgenic organisms used to manufacture D-psicose. GRN 693 for D-psicose (SamYang Corp.), which received a "no questions" letter from FDA on August 28, 2017, describes the use of recombinant DAE produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* expressing a DAE gene from *Clostridium scindens*. *Clostridium scindens* is affiliated with the XIVa cluster, which contains the majority of pathogenic *Clostridium* strains (Stackebrandt et al., 1999). No questions regarding the safety of recombinant DAE from *C. scindens* expressed in *C. glutamicum* were raised by the notifier, the Expert Panel, or FDA in their response letter.

- 5. Please describe the construction of E. coli K-12 strain "JM109" in more detail, including the following:
- a. please state whether any antibiotic resistance genes are present on the expression construct (we note that "amp" is labeled in Figure 2 (page 7), however, it is unclear if this corresponds to an ampicillin resistance gene). Additionally, please clarify if you have added any other genes on the plasmid that are not notated in Figure 2; if so, please briefly describe

No antibiotic resistance genes are present in the expression construct; "amp" is a promoter to drive ThyA gene expression. For clarification, Blue California refers to the promoter as "AmpR p" in the revised DAE expression construct provided below. No other genes are inserted into the plasmid.



² Available at: https://www.dsmz.de/collection/catalogue/details/culture/DSM-19027 (Accessed 3/14/22)

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b. please state whether the donor gene is de novo synthesized

The donor DAE gene was *de novo* synthesized prior to inclusion in the expression construct.

c. please provide a brief discussion on the oral allergenic potential of D-allulose 3-epimerase (as an example, please see section 7.2.1 of GRN 000624)

The oral allergenic potential of 19 commercially available native and recombinant enzymes used in the food industry was investigated by Bindslev-Jensen et al. (2006). Four hundred adult patients with documented allergy to inhaled allergens, food allergens, and bee or wasp stings were included in the study. Study participants with a positive result in a skin prick test were subsequently challenged with oral administration of "exaggerated doses" of purified enzyme in a double-blind, placebo-control protocol. No allergenic findings of clinical relevance were observed, and the authors concluded "that ingestion of food enzymes in general is not conserved to be a concern with regard to food allergy."

GRN 624 evaluated the potential allergenicity of DAE and found no indication that the enzyme would be expected to illicit an allergenic response. EFSA noted that no allergic reactions to ingestion or respiratory exposure to epimerases have been reported in the literature (EFSA Panel on Food Contact Materials et al., 2021).

In addition, no concerns regarding potential allergenicity to the DAE enzymes used in the production of D-allulose were raised in GRN 400, GRN 498, GRN 693, and GRN 828 or the corresponding "no questions" letters issued by FDA.

Blue California notes that DAE is a processing aid, and that enzyme denaturation and subsequent purification steps significantly minimize consumer exposure to any potential residual levels of enzyme in the finished product.

d. please state the function of the Hisx6 tag fusion enzyme that is used in the production strain construct

The hexa histidine-tag (HisX6 tag) fusion enzyme can be purified by affinity resin, and the fusion enzyme exhibits full activity for D-allulose production.

e. please state how the integration of the insert was confirmed. Also please provide a narrative on the stability and ability of transfer of the introduced gene sequences

The inserted DAE gene in the expression construct was confirmed by DNA sequencing. The confirmed plasmid can be transformed into *E. coli* by heat shock transformation. Because the Thymidylate synthase (ThyA) gene was deleted in JM109, the non-transformed cell cannot grow in media without thymidine supplementation. The transformed strain can produce thymidine and grow on media without thymidine supplementation because the expression construct contains the ThyA gene. When the strain loses the plasmid, the cells cannot grow in the culture media. In Blue California's fermentation process, the cells grow and produce the DAE enzyme. The produced DAE enzyme catalyzes D-allulose production efficiently, indicating the stability of the DAE gene in the expression construct.

f. description of how the notifier confirms the expression construct was transformed into E. coli K-12 strain "JM109"

The ThyA gene was deleted in JM109. The plasmid contained a Thy A gene for selection on LB plate without thymidine addition. The transformed strain produced thymidine and grew on media without thymidine supplementation. The transformed strain was also confirmed by PCR to identify the inserted DAE gene in the expression construct.

6. Please state whether E. coli K-12 strain "JM109" is capable of DNA transfer to other organisms.

There are no reports that indicate JM109 is capable of DNA transfer to other organisms.

7. For the administrative record, please briefly specify how the purity of E. coli K-12 strain "JM109" is ensured during manufacturing, and state whether the fermentation process is conducted in a contained, sterile environment.

All media materials, containers, and fermenters are sterilized. During the fermentation process, the culture is monitored by microscopy to ensure no contamination by other microorganisms.

8. The notifier states that they use Luria-Bertani media during fermentation. We note, that Luria-Bertani media commonly consists of tryptone, yeast extract, and sodium chloride. Tryptone is generally produced as a digest of casein. As such, please state whether any of the raw materials used in the fermentation are major allergens or derived from major allergens. If any of the raw materials used are major allergens or derived from major allergens, please discuss why these materials do not pose a safety concern.

Blue California uses modified Luria-Bertani media during fermentation. Tryptone is replaced by yeast peptone. As such, the media does not contain raw materials that are major allergens or that are derived from major allergens, and therefore does not pose a safety concern.

9. Please clarify if the enzyme, D-allulose 3-epimerase is intracellular and is not transported to the growth medium.

The DAE enzyme is intracellular and is not transported to the growth medium.

10. The notifier states, "The absence of plasmid in the finished product is confirmed by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) analysis" (page 9). For the administrative record, please clarify whether the final formulation contains DNA from any antibiotic resistance genes.

The final formulation does not contain any DNA from any antibiotic resistance genes because no antibiotic resistance genes are present in the expression construct or engineered strain.

- 11. In Table 1 (page 11), the notifier lists the following specifications:
- a. E. coli "Negative (CFU/g)". We note that Table 3 (page 13) lists the specification as negative in 10 g. For the administrative record, please clarify the sample size for this specification.

Blue California clarifies that the *E. coli* is Negative in 1 g.

b. Salmonella serovars "Negative (CFU/g)". We note that Table 3 (page 13) lists the specification as negative in 25 g. For the administrative record, please clarify the sample size for this specification.

Blue California clarifies that the Salmonella is Negative in 25 g.

12. The method referenced for the Salmonella serovars specification is AOAC 2004.3 (Table 1, page 11). AOAC 2004.3 does not correspond to an AOAC method. Please clarify if the correct reference is AOAC 2004.03, which corresponds to "AOAC Official Method 2004.03 Salmonella in Foods Enzyme-Linked Fluorescent Assay (ELFA) Screening Method".

Blue California wishes to correct a typo and clarify that the correct method is AOAC 2004.03.

13. The total heavy metal specification provided is much higher than the results of the individual values from the batch analyses. Please remove the total heavy metals specifications from Table 3 (page 13). Limits for individual heavy metals are more appropriate.

Blue California has revised Table 3 to remove total heavy metals, as shown in the table below.

Specifications for Blue California's Allulose

Physical & Chemical	Blue California's	Representative Lots of Allulose				
Parameters	Specifications for	Lot # 833-	Lot # 833-	Lot # 833-	Lot # 833-	Lot # 833-
raidillelei5	Allulose	20180925	20181109	20190123	20190411	20190617
Appearance	Off white to white powder	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Odor	Characteristic	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Foreign Matter	Absent	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Taste	Characteristic	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
D-Allulose (% wt/wt, dry	97	98	97.8	97.2	99.8	98.9
basis)	51	30			33.0	
Loss on Drying (%)	≤5	3.20	3.10	3.10	3.20	3.30
Ash	<0.5	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
pН	3-7	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Residual Ethanol (ppm)	<1,000	<200	<200	<200	<200	<200
Residual Methanol (ppm)	<200	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Arsenic (ppm)	<0.5	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Lead (ppm)	<0.5	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Mercury (ppm)	<0.5	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Cadmium (ppm)	<0.5	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Total Plate Count (CFU/g, max)	≤1,000	<1,000	<1,000	<1,000	<1,000	<1,000
Total Coliform (CFU/g)	<100	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3
Yeast and Molds (CFU/g)	<100	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
E. coli (in 10 g)	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative
Salmonella spp. (in 25 g)	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative

CFU – colony forming unit; g – gram; ppm – parts per million; wt – weight

Regarding the specifications for individual heavy metals that the notifier has provided: a. Please indicate what analytical methods are used for the individual metal analyses.

The analytical method used to determine individual heavy metals is AOAC 2013.

b. Please consider reducing the individual heavy metal limits to reflect the levels found in batch analyses.

Blue California notes that although actual batch analysis indicates individual heavy metals at levels lower than 0.5 ppm, the specifications are aligned with the heavy metal specifications

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for comparative D-allulose preparations, as described in GRAS Notices which have received "no questions" letters from FDA and are summarized in the table below and are therefore reflective of an accepted industry standard.

	Specification						
Heavy Metal	GRN 400	GRN 498	GRN 693	GRN 828	Blue California in GRN 1024		
Lead	<0.5 ppm	<1.0 ppm	≤0.5 ppm	≤0.5 ppm	<0.5 ppm		
Arsenic	<1.0 ppm	<1.0 ppm	≤0.5 ppm	≤0.5 ppm	<0.5 ppm		
Cadmium	NS	NS	≤0.5 ppm	≤0.5 ppm	<0.5 ppm		
Mercury	NS	NS	NS	NS	<0.5 ppm		

14. Please state whether all analytical methods used to analyze the batches for conformance with the stated specifications have been validated for that particular purpose.

Blue California confirms that all analytical methods used to analyze the representative batches for specification conformance have been validated for that purpose.

15. In Table 5 (page 15), the notifier lists the intended use and use levels of allulose (in this notice (GRN 001024) and in GRNs 000400, 000498, 000693, and 000828). For GRN 001024, the intended use level listed for medical foods is "NS" (not specified). Please clarify if the intended use in GRN 001024 includes use in medical foods (page 15).

Blue California wishes to clarify that the use in medical foods is not an intended use in GRN 1024.

16. The dietary exposure estimates provided appear to be lower than those reported in GRN 000828 for the mean and 90th percentile (US 2 years and older). Based on the information provided, we cannot confirm this estimate. We request that the notifier provide additional information to support this estimate.

The full analysis report prepared by AceOne is on file at Blue California's offices, as referenced on page 17 of GRN 1024. The report contains a foodcodes table that specifies allulose's intended use for each individual NHANES foodcode and shows which intended use category each foodcode is assigned to.

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a. Is this a cumulative dietary exposure estimate that includes background allulose (from naturally occurring and ingredient uses of allulose described in previous GRNs) and the intended uses in GRN 001024?

The background estimates are addressed separately in Part 3 Dietary Exposure Section A.1 and are not included in the tables of dietary exposure for GRN 1024.

b. Please provide additional details about food categories and assumptions used in preparing these exposure estimates. For example, please clarify: i. For "sugar" and "sugar substitute" categories, are these table-top sweeteners, for home baking uses, as a carrier or high-intensity sweetener, please specify how these categories are distinguished from other uses listed.

The following foodcodes were selected for the "sugar" and "sugar substitute" category:

Sugar

91101000	Sugar, NFS
91101010	Sugar, white, granulated or lump
91101020	Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered
91102010	Sugar, brown
91104100	Sugar, cinnamon
91302010	Honey
91303000	Molasses

Sugar Substitute

91106010	Sugar substitute and sugar blend
91107000	Sugar substitute, sucralose, powder
91108000	Sugar substitute, stevia, powder
91108010	Sugar substitute, stevia, liquid
91108020	Sugar substitute, monk fruit, powder
91200000	Sugar substitute, powder, NFS
91200005	Sugar substitute, liquid, NFS
91200040	Sugar substitute, saccharin, powder
91200110	Sugar substitute, saccharin, liquid
91201010	Sugar substitute, aspartame, powder
91302020	Agave liquid sweetener

ii. For "coffee mix", does this refer to instant coffee or a dairy/non-dairy creamer for coffee?

For "coffee mix", the following foodcodes were selected:

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Coffee, instant, reconstituted
Coffee, instant, 50% less caffeine, reconstituted
Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, reconstituted
Coffee, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, reconstituted
Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, reconstituted
Coffee, instant, pre-sweetened with sugar, reconstituted
Coffee, mocha, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, reconstituted
Coffee, mocha, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, reconstituted
Coffee, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, reconstituted
Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, reconstituted
Coffee, instant, not reconstituted
Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, not reconstituted
Coffee, instant, pre-sweetened with sugar, not reconstituted
Coffee, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, not reconstituted

iii. For jams and jellies, are these for reduced calorie only?

For "jams and jellies", the following foodcodes were selected:

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91401000 Jelly, all flavors
91402000 Jam, preserve, all flavors
91403000 Fruit butter, all flavors
91404000 Marmalade, all flavors
91405000 Jelly, sugar free, all flavors
91405500 Jelly, reduced sugar, all flavors
91406000 Jam, preserve, marmalade, sugar free, all flavors
91406500 Jam, preserve, marmalade, sweetened with fruit juice concentrates, all flavors
91406600 Jam, preserve, marmalade, reduced sugar, all flavors
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iv. Which foods are considered within the category of fat-based creams?

For "fat-based creams", the following foodcode was selected:

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12140000 Cream, whipped
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17. Please provide clarification of the statements the notifier made in regard to changes in eating patterns between the survey time periods. For example, were the same food codes used between the two exposure estimates? If there were other differences in assumptions made when preparing the two estimates please discuss in detail.

The intake assessment in GRN 828 is based on NHANES 2011-2014 data, while GRN 1024 is based on NHANES 2015-2018 data.

The differences in the EDI values between our analysis and GRN 828 are likely due to the following reasons:

- The analysis for GRN 1024 used NHANES 2015-2018 data and GRN 828 used NHANES 2011-2014 data.
- There have been many new foodcodes added during 2015-2018 and many foodcodes used from 2011-2014 were not used during 2015-2018. That is, 38 of the 622 foodcodes with intended use were not in NHANES 2011-201 and 23.8% of the foodcodes occurring in 2011-2014 do not occur in 2015-2018.

18. Please provide an updated literature search that discusses the safety of allulose, including the date (month and year) the literature search was performed and discuss whether there are any study results that may be contradictory to a GRAS conclusion.

Per FDA's request, an updated literature search was conducted to identify any new studies regarding the safety of allulose published in the period between April 2021 and March 15, 2022.

A search of FDA's GRAS Notice Inventory Website³ identified no GRAS Notices regarding "D-allulose", "D-psicose", "allulose," or "psicose" have been filed by FDA in the interim since GRN 1024 was filed.

A search of the published literature using the terms "D-allulose", "D-psicose", "allulose," or "psicose" using GoogleScholar and PubMed indicates that no pivotal safety studies have been published from April 2021 to date.

In a randomized, controlled, double-blind, crossover study, healthy adult subjects (n=5 men; n=13 women) received intragastric administration of 25 g D-allulose, 50 g erythritol, or tap water, with or without 450 parts per million (ppm) lactisole. All participants tolerated the test materials, and no subjects withdrew due to GI-related symptoms. Symptoms were reported to be mild and short-lasting, and included abdominal pain, nausea, diarrhea, bowel sounds, bloating, eructation, and flatulence (Teysseire et al., 2022).

In a year-long, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study with adult subjects (n= 10 men, n= 8 women) with hypercholesterolemia and on statin treatments received either 15 g placebo (erythritol) or D-allulose daily, consumed with breakfast, over the course of 48 weeks. Adverse events were observed in 5 subjects in the placebo group and 8 subjects in the D-allulose group. No significant difference in the incidence of adverse events was found between

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³ Available at: https://www.cfsanappsexternal.fda.gov/scripts/fdcc/index.cfm?set=GRASNotices (Accessed March 15, 2022)

the treatment groups and the principal physician determined that none of the adverse events were attributed to the test materials (Tanaka et al., 2021).

No safety-related concerns were raised in a review in recent research and development advances in allulose production (Xia et al., 2021) or in a review on rare sugars by Ahmed et al. (2022).

A review by Daniel et al. (2021) noted that in *in vitro* studies, certain bacteria, including *Klebsiella pneumonia*, are able to utilize allulose as a substrate, which could lead to undesirable growth in the intestine or at other mucosal sites. However, no *in vivo* case studies were found in the published literature using the search terms "allulose" and "Klebsiella pneumonia" or "psicose" and "Klebsiella pneumonia," indicating that this is unlikely to be a safety concern for consumers.

No study results were identified that are contradictory to a GRAS conclusion for Blue California's D-allulose preparation.

19. Please clarify if the "14C rare sugar" discussed in Part 6.B.1.b. (page 25) refers to allulose.

Blue California would like to clarify that "14C rare sugar" refers to allulose.

20. The 90th percentile EDI calculated on page 51 is 0.27 mg/kg body weight (bw)/day. Please confirm if this should read g/kg bw/day.

Blue California notes that there is a typo on page 51 as noted by FDA, and the calculated 90th percentile EDI should be reported as 0.27 g per kg bw per day.

If additional information or clarification is needed as you and your colleagues proceed with the review, please feel free to contact me via email.

Sincerely,

Katrina V. Emmel, Ph.D. Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate

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END

From: <u>Katrina Emmel</u>
To: <u>Hice, Stephanie</u>

Cc: <u>Amy Mozingo</u>; <u>William J. Rowe</u>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] GRN 001024- Response from Notifier

Date: Friday, April 29, 2022 8:14:50 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

FDA Questions Response Ltr GRN 1024 4-29-2022.pdf

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Dr. Hice,

Attached you will find a response letter addressing the questions provided by FDA dated April 22, 2022 regarding GRN 1024. Please let me know if you have any further questions.

Thank you,

Katrina

Katrina Emmel, Ph.D.

Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate at GRAS Associates



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April 29, 2022

Food and Drug Administration
Center for Food Safety & Applied Nutrition
Office of Food Additive Safety
Division of Petition Review
5001 Campus Drive
College Park, MD 20740-3835

Attention: Dr. Stephanie Hice

Re: GRN 1024—Allulose–Response to Questions Posed in an Email Dated 4/22/2022

Dear Dr. Hice:

Per your request, GRAS Associates, LLC, acting as the agent for Blue California, is providing a response to FDA's request for additional clarification as denoted in your email dated April 22, 2022, as follows:

1. FDA has performed a cumulative dietary exposure assessment for allulose from the background, current and intended uses and our results are significantly higher than those reported by the notifier. In their notice, the notifier describes the determination of dietary exposure estimates for allulose using the NHANES 2015-2018 dietary survey data and a SAS statistical software package version 9.4. Please provide the NHANES food codes and corresponding use level for allulose that were used for the dietary exposure estimate. FDA notes some concerns with the notifier's dietary exposure estimate, such as exclusion of certain food codes for a particular food category. For example, it appears that only one food code was included to represent the fat based creams (whipped cream), but in reality there are multiple food codes for whipped cream that should be included when estimating dietary exposure. Furthermore, when estimating the dietary exposure to allulose, the notifier should provide the cumulative dietary exposure from background sources, and all current and intended uses, for the US population 2 years and older.

The estimated dietary intake assessment for Blue California's allulose preparation was performed by AceOne RS, Inc. A report providing the NHANES food codes and other details regarding the intake assessment is provided in Appendix A.

2. From the notifier's updated literature search, Daniels [sic] et al. (2021) state: "There is

clearly a lack of human studies that analyse allulose effects in realistic dosing regimens and with clearly defined endpoints or intermediate markers." Please discuss how this statement is consistent with the notifier's conclusion that allulose is safe for its intended uses based on information that is publicly available and generally recognized by experts.

While the publication by Daniel et al. (2021) notes that there is a lack of human studies on allulose, there is a broad consensus by experts that allulose is safe for its intended uses.

As of April 26, 2022, FDA has filed 9 GRAS Notices relating to allulose: 4 received "no questions" responses; 3 were withdrawn from review at the notifier's request; and two, including GRN 1024, are currently pending review. A summary of the GRAS submissions is provided in the table below.

GRN # / Closure Date	Intended Use	Use Rate	Company (Year)	FDA Response
400 / June 18, 2012	As a sugar substitute in rolls, cakes, pies, pastries, and cookies, dietetic or low calories; chewing gum; fat-based cream used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, and pastries; hard candies, low calorie (including pressed candy, mints); frozen dairy desserts (regular ice cream, soft serve, sorbet), low calorie; carbonated beverages, low calorie; non-carbonated beverages, reduced and low calorie; soft candies, low-calorie (non-chocolate, plain chocolate, chocolate coated); sugar substitutes (carrier); yogurt (regular and frozen), low calorie; medical foods; ready-to-eat cereals (< 5 percent sugar); coffee mix	2.1–100%	CJ Cheiljedang (2011)	FDA has no questions FDA (2012)
498 / June 12, 2014	Chewing gum; confections and frostings; dressings for salads; jams & jellies; sugar; sugar substitutes (carrier), and various low-calorie or dietetic foods including low-calorie, reduced-calorie, sugar-free beverages (non-alcoholic) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free; cereals (regular, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free); frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; yogurt and frozen yogurt, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; gelatins, pudding and fillings, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; hard candies, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; soft candies, ;low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; and sweet sauces & syrups, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free	2–100%	Matustani Chemical Industry Company (2013)	FDA has no questions FDA (2014)
647 / October 11, 2016	Baked products (bread, muffin, cake and cookies), dietetic or low calorie; baked products (pastries); alcohol beverages, reduced calorie; soft drinks, cola type, low or reduced calorie;	1 to 100%	Samyang Corporation (2016)	At the notifier's request, FDA ceased to

GRN # / Closure Date	Intended Use	Use Rate	Company (Year)	FDA Response
	soft drinks, pepper type, low or reduced calorie; fruit juice drinks, low or reduced calorie; fruit flavored drinks, low or reduced calorie; yogurt, low or reduced calorie; hard candy, low or reduced calorie; soft candy, low or reduced calorie; chocolate, low or reduced calorie; chewing gum; coffee mix; sauce, low or reduced calorie; fat-based cream used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries, pie; sugar substitutes; nutrition bars (meal replacement bars, protein bars, and energy bars); meal replacement shakes, liquid; and			evaluate this notice FDA (2016)
693 / August 28, 2017	medical foods Bakery products (rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetics); beverages (non-alcoholic), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; cereals, regular cereals, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; chewing gum; confections and frostings; frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; yogurt and frozen yogurt, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; dressings for salads; gelatins, pudding and fillings, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; hard candies, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free, soft candies, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; jams and jellies; sugar; sugar substitutes; sweet sauces and syrups, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; fat based cream (used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries, and pie)	2–100%	SamYang Corporation (2017a)	FDA has no questions FDA (2017)
755 / May 10, 2018	For use as a sugar substitute in bakery products (rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetics); beverages (non-alcoholic), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; cereals, regular cereals, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; chewing gum; confections and frostings; frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; yogurt and frozen yogurt, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; dressings for salads; gelatins, pudding and fillings, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; hard candies, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; soft candies, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; jams and jellies; sugar; sugar substitutes; sweet sauces and syrups, low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free; fat-based cream (used in modified fat/calorie cookies cakes, pastries and pies)	2—100%	Samyang Corporation (2017b)	At the notifier's request, FDA ceased to evaluate this notice
828 / March 2, 2020	Bakery products -rolls, pastries, cakes (low calorie or dietetics); beverages - non-alcoholic (low-and reduced-calorie, sugar-free); cereals, regular; cereals (low-and reduced calorie,	2-100 percent	Samyang Corporation (2018)	FDA has no questions. (FDA, 2020a)

GRN # / Closure Date	Intended Use	Use Rate	Company (Year)	FDA Response
	sugar-free); chewing gum; confections and frostings; frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet; low- and reduced-calorie, sugar free); yogurt and frozen yogurt (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); dressings for salads; gelatins, puddings and fillings (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); hard candies (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); soft candies (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); jams and jellies; sugar; sugar substitutes, sweet sauces and syrups (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); fat-based cream (used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries and pie)			
GRN 893 / June 5, 2020	Intended for use as a sweetener in alcoholic beverages, meat and poultry products, grain-based cereal bars, dried cranberries, and pre-sweetened cereals	At levels ranging from 2 to 25 percent of the finished food	Tate & Lyle (2019)	At the notifier's request, FDA ceased to evaluate this notice. (FDA, 2020b)
GRN 1024/ Pending	Bakery products -rolls, pastries, cakes (low calorie or dietetics); beverages - non-alcoholic (low-and reduced-calorie, sugar-free); cereals, regular; cereals (low-and reduced calorie, sugar-free); chewing gum; confections and frostings; frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet; low- and reduced-calorie, sugar free); yogurt and frozen yogurt (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); dressings for salads; gelatins, puddings and fillings (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); hard candies (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); soft candies (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); jams and jellies; sugar; sugar substitutes, sweet sauces and syrups (low and reduced calorie, sugar free); fat-based cream (used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries and pie); coffee mix; grain based cereal bars, protein bars; fruit juices (low/reduced sugar, diet, low/reduced kcal only); alcoholic beverages (pre-mixed cocktails, wine coolers, and malt beverages, low/reduced kcal only)	2-100%	Blue California (2021)	Pending review
GRN 1029/ Pending	Intended for use as an ingredient in reduced or low-calorie foods, including bakery products, chewing gums, fat-based creams, hard and soft candies, frozen dairy desserts, beverages, sugar substitutes, yogurt, ready-to-eat breakfast cereals, coffee mix, and medical foods	2.1-100%	L&P Food Ingredient Co., Ltd (Date unknown)	Pending review

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Based on information available on FDA's GRAS Notice Inventory website¹, GRN 647, submitted by Samyang Corporation, was withdrawn by the notifier on October 14, 2016. In the response letter, FDA noted that the cease to evaluate request was submitted so that the notifier could "revise the notice in response to issues raised by FDA." Subsequently, Samyang Corporation submitted GRN 693, which received a "no questions" letter from FDA on August 28, 2017.

On April 11, 2018, GRN 755, submitted by SamYang Corporation, was withdrawn by the notifier. In the cease to evaluate letter, FDA noted that the notifier supplied three amendments and that FDA was "unable to replace parts of the notice with data or information submitted in an amendment." FDA further noted that information regarding the safety of the production microorganism –in this case, *Microbacterium foliorum* SYG27B-MF – must be publicly available. FDA did not raise questions regarding the safety of allulose, *per se*; rather, the withdrawal request was procedural in nature. Subsequently, Samyang Corporation submitted GRN 828, which received a "no questions" letter from FDA.

On May 6, 2020, GRN 893, submitted by Tate & Lyle, was withdrawn by the notifier. In the cease to evaluate letter, FDA note that concerns were raised regarding the dietary exposure assessment and that the notifier was "advised...to conduct a cumulative dietary exposure assessment using the most recent food consumption data."

From the documentation available on FDA's GRAS Notice Inventory website for allulose submissions, there is no indication that FDA has raised concerns regarding the safety allulose under its intended uses.

There is precedent for relying on animal studies to support the safe use of an ingredient intended for human foods. As noted by Rulis and Levitt (2009), the Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) is usually derived from animal feeding studies, and the safety of an additive with "considerable population exposure, such as an intense sweetener" is often assessed by genetic toxicity, metabolism and pharmacokinetic studies, short-term toxicity tests in rodents, sub-chronic toxicity tests with rodents and nonrodents, reproductive toxicity studies with animals, one-year toxicity studies with nonrodents, and chronic toxicity and carcinogenicity studies with rodents. These studies are used to identify the exposure levels "without adverse effect", and then a 100-fold "safety factor" is used to account for the fact that the studies were conducted in test animals instead of humans and to account for genetic variations and susceptibility range in humans. The ADI is then compared to the calculated estimated daily exposure (EDI) to ensure the proposed use of the ingredient will not exceed the ADI. The authors note that "the invocation of a simple ADI/EDI comparison has been found consistently

¹ https://www.cfsanappsexternal.fda.gov/scripts/fdcc/index.cfm?set=GRASNotices (Accessed April 26, 2022)

5

to be an adequate and effective approach to reaching a final decision of the safety of a given additive."

With regard to allulose, there is an established history of using a maximum tolerable level of orally administered allulose for humans as an upper intake limit, which is based upon published clinical studies, instead of an ADI. The maximum tolerable levels reported in GRNs that received "no questions" letters from FDA are based on a study by lida et al. (2007), which reported maximum tolerable single dose levels of 0.5 g per kg bw and 0.6 g per kg bw for men and women, respectively. The differences in the maximum tolerable levels, reported on a g/day basis and summarized in the table below, are due to differences in the typical individual body weight (i.e., 60 kg vs. 70 kg) use for the calculations.

GRN#	Maximum Tolerable Level	Study
400	33.3 g/d men and 31.0 g/d women	lida et al. (2007)
498	31-33 g/d	Matsuo et al. (2002)
693	45-46 g/d	lida et al. (2007)
828	33.0-36.0 g/d	lida et al. (2007)

As noted in GRN 1024, a more recent study by Han et al. (2018) indicated that the maximum single dose of allulose and the maximum daily intake of allulose should be 0.4 g/kg bw and 0.9 g/kg bw/day, respectively.

Although Daniel et al. (2021) state that there is a "lack of human studies...in realistic dosing regimens and with clearly defined endpoints and markers," there is a general consensus amongst experts—as evidenced in GRNs 400, 498, 693, and 828 and the subsequent "no questions" letters from FDA—that the maximum tolerable levels reported by lida et al. (2007), in concert with published studies on the absorption, metabolism, distribution, and excretion of allulose as well as *in vitro*, acute, subacute, subchronic, chronic, and reproductive studies on allulose, support the safety of allulose under the proposed uses and use levels.

If additional information or clarification is needed as you and your colleagues proceed with the review, please feel free to contact me via email.

Sincerely,

Katrina V. Emmel, Ph.D. Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate

GRAS Associates, LLC 11810 Grand Park Ave Suite 500 North Bethesda, MD 20852 emmel@gras-associates.com

References

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FDA (2016) 'Agency Response Letter GRAS Notice No. GRN 000647'.

FDA (2017) 'Agency Response Letter-GRAS Notice No. GRN 000693-D-psicose'.

FDA (2018) 'Agency Response Letter GRAS Notice No. GRN 000755'.

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Han, Y., Kwon, E. Y., Yu, M. K., Lee, S. J., Kim, H. J., Kim, S. B., Kim, Y. H. and Choi, M. S. (2018) 'A Preliminary Study for Evaluating the Dose-Dependent Effect of d-Allulose for Fat Mass Reduction in Adult Humans: A Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Trial', *Nutrients*, 10(2).

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Samyang Corporation (2017b) 'GRN 000755 - Generally Recognized as Safe (GRAS) Notice for D-Allulose (D-Psicose) aa a Food Ingredient'.

Samyang Corporation (2018) 'GRN 828'.

Appendix A



April 28, 2022

To: Blue California

Subject: Cumulative EDIs and Foodcodes

From: AceOne RS, Inc. (formerly NutraSource, Inc. based in Maryland, USA)

In this report, cumulative Estimated Daily Intakes (EDIs) and foodcodes used in the calculation of EDIs are presented.

Annex A showing all NHANES foodcodes used along with proposed use levels for allulose has been created for this submission. This shows the foodcodes used for the dietary exposure estimate and includes all codes including those with zero consumptions in the NHANES 2015-2018 sample. The list in the previous submission only showed foodcodes used that were consumed in the NHANES sample of subjects for 2015-2018. For example, there was only one foodcode 12140000 'Cream, whipped' in the previous list for whipped cream. Other foodcodes for whipped cream were not associated with D-allulose consumption.

Cumulative EDIs

Intended use categories

Table 1-1 displays food categories and use levels under the intended use (GRN 1024) and cumulative use.

NHANES 2015-2018 dietary data after exclusions for pregnant or lactating females and unreliable data was used to estimate Allulose intake under proposed use levels. SAS 9.4 along with strata, psus and day 2 dietary weights were used for analyses. Intake of allulose was examined for intended use within NHANES foodcodes. Intake was calculated as average of day 1 and day 2 intake. The sample population was limited to subjects with both day 1 and day 2 dietary data.

Note that for coffee mix the intended use is adjusted for those foodcodes which are coffee mix reconstituted. The adjustment is for 1 gram coffee mix per 240 grams reconstituted.

Foodcodes table

Displays NHANES foodcodes within intended use categories. Consumers and consumptions on either day 1 or day 2 are shown (Annex A). All foodcodes identified in the various use groups are shown. For some of the foodcodes NHANES did not identify any consumptions for the sample subjects for 2015-2018.

Statistics

Displays estimated mean daily intake. Intake is given in g/day and in g per kg body weight per day. The estimated mean and 90th percentile are given for the total population and within consumers only.

Percent of Total column denotes the contribution of allulose intake for the food category as a percentage of allulose intake from all food categories.

Table 1-1. Intended Use and Use Levels

Table 1-	. Intended Use and Use Levels	ODNIAGOA	Oumand - Aire	ODNIGOG
Group No	Description	GRN1024 Use Level (%)	Cumulative Use (%)	GRN828 Use Level (%)
1	Bakery products (rolls, cakes, pies, pastries, and cookies) rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetic	10	10	10
2	Beverages (non-alcoholic) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free)	3.5	3.5	3.5
	Cereals		10	
3	Cereals, regular	2		2
4	Cereals, low and reduced calorie, sugar-free	5		5
5	Chewing gum	50	50	50
6	Frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet: low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	5	5	5
7	Yogurt (regular and frozen), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free	5	5	5
8	Hard candies (including pressed candy, mints)	50	70	50
9	Soft candies (non-chocolate, plain chocolate, chocolate coated) (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	25	25	2 5
10	Sugar	10	10	10
11	Sugar substitutes	100	100	100
12	Sweet sauces and syrups low calorie, reduced calorie and sugar free	10	10	10
13	Fat-based cream - used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries and pie	10	10	10
14	Coffee mix	30	30	NS
15	Grain based cereal bars, protein bars	15	15	NS
16	Fruit Juices (low/reduced sugar, diet, low/reduced kcal only)	5	5	NS
17	Alcoholic beverages (pre-mixed cocktails, wine coolers, and malt beverages) (low/reduced kcal only)	3.5	3.5	NS
18	Confections and frostings	5	5	5
19	Dressings for salads	5	5	5
20	Gelatins, pudding, fillings (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	10	10	10
21	Jams and jellies	10	10	10
	:Ed			

NA=not specified.

Results

As shown in Tables 1-2 and 1-3, approximately 90% of the population were the users of D-allulose. The cumulative mean and 90th percentile all-user intakes of D-allulose were determined to be 10.2 and 24.2 g/person/day, respectively, under the cumulative use when the average of 2-day 2015-2018 NHANES dataset was used for calculation of EDIs. Males older than 19 years of age would have the highest 90th percentile intake among the various age/gender groups, with the 90th percentile value of 37.8 g/person/day in all-users.

On a body weight basis, the cumulative mean and 90th percentile all-user intakes of D-allulose were determined to be 0.17 and 0.40 g/kg bw/day, respectively. Children aged 2-5 years had the highest 90th percentile EDI at 0.82 g/kg bw/day in all-users.

Table 1-2. Maximum Cumulative EDIs of D-Allulose, g/day * (Assuming All the Foods will be Used at

the Maximum Use Levels and When Averages of 2-day Survey Data Were Used)

	N of % of		N of Per User (g/day)		Per Capi	ta (g/day)
	users	users		90 th		90 th
Population			Mean	Percentile	Mean	Percentile
2+ y	11,198	90.0	11.4±0.30	10.3±0.28	26.8±0.96	25.2±0.93
2-5 y	936	94.2	6.4 ±0.39	13.6± 1.1	6.0 ± 0.37	13.1± 1.0
6-12 y	1617	93.1	7.3±0.30	15.7±0.80	6.8±0.27	15.0±0.67
13-18 M+F	1,171	82.8	7.2±0.34	5.9±0.26	16.0±1.3	14.4±1.2
13-18 M	567	80.5	7.6±0.39	17.2±1.4	6.2±0.33	14.6±1.4
13-18 y F	604	85.0	6.7±0.42	5.7±0.38	15.2±1.6	14.3±1.2
19-99 M+F	7,474	90.2	12.7±0.40	11.4±0.37	30.4±1.2	28.6±1.3
19-99 M	3,568	88.7	15.3±0.57	13.6±0.51	37.8±1.8	34.6±1.8
19-99 F	3,906	91.5	10.2±0.34	9.4±0.33	24.2±0.97	23.2±0.84

^{*} Based on NHANES 2015-2018.

Table 1-3. Maximum Cumulative EDIs of D-Allulose, g/kg bw/day (Assuming All the Foods will be Used at the Maximum Use Levels and When Averages of 2-day Survey Data Were Used)

Osca at the Maximum Osc Levels and When Averages of 2-day Survey Data Were Osca)						
	N of	% of	Per Use	Per User (g/day)		ta (g/day)
	users	users		90 th		90 th
Population			Mean	Percentile	Mean	Percentile
U.S. 2+ y	11,099	89.4	0.17±0.004	0.16±0.004	0.40±0.012	0.38±0.011
2-5 y	922	92.9	0.38±0.022	0.36±0.021	0.82±0.050	0.81±0.045
6-12 y	1610	92.7	0.23±0.011	0.21±0.010	0.47±0.021	0.46±0.020
13-18 M+F	1,162	82.1	0.11±0.006	0.09±0.005	0.25±0.021	0.22±0.017
13-18 M	565	80.1	0.11±0.006	0.09±0.005	0.28±0.023	0.23±0.024
13-18 y F	597	84.0	0.11±0.007	0.09±0.006	0.24±0.025	0.22±0.021
19-99 M+F	7,405	89.6	0.16±0.005	0.14±0.004	0.37±0.015	0.35±0.014
19-99 M	3,534	88.2	0.17±0.006	0.16±0.006	0.41±0.021	0.39±0.017
19-99 F	3,871	91.0	0.14±0.005	0.13±0.005	0.33±0.013	0.31±0.012

^{*} Based on NHANES 2015-2018.

The cumulative EDI values in this GRAS determination are lower than those described in GRN 828 in which the mean and 90th percentile EDIs were 11.0 and 30.0 g/day in all-users, respectively, despite the fact that the cumulative use includes 4 additional food categories (Coffee mix; Grain based cereal bars, protein bars; fruit Juices, low/reduced sugar, diet, low/reduced kcal only; Alcoholic beverages, pre-mixed cocktails, wine coolers, and malt beverages, low/reduced kcal only) and higher use levels for some foods (for example, cereals and hard candies) than those described in GRN 828.

The differences in the EDI values between cumulative EDI analysis and GRN 828 are probably due to the following reasons:

- Many food codes (approximately 23.8%) used in GRN 828 (NHANES 2011-2014) have been dropped and are no longer available in the 2015-2018 NHANES dataset.
- 2) The EDIs reported in GRN 828 were based on day 1 survey data and the cumulative EDIs in this GRAS determination are based on two-day averages per subject. This would account for larger percentages of consumers in cumulative EDIs because a consumer is anyone that had intake of D-allulose on either day (in this case, 89.4% vs. 78.3% of the total population were users of D-allulose when averages of 2 days and day-1 data only were used, respectively). In GRN 828, a consumer was anyone that had intake on specifically day 1. This likely also affects differences in EDIs.

For example, the cumulative mean and 90th percentile all-user intakes of D-allulose were determined to be 13.0 and 31.5 g/person/day, respectively, when the day 1 survey data were used for EDI calculations. The way of calculation alone resulted in approximately 30% variations in the 90th percentile EDI values.

Table 1-3. Maximum Cumulative EDIs of D-Allulose, g/day * (Assuming All the Foods will be Used at the Maximum Use Levels and When Day 1 Survey Data Were Used)

	N of	% of	Per User (g/day)		Per Capita (g/day)	
	users	users		90 th		90 th
Population			Mean	Percentile	Mean	Percentile
2+ y	9,553	78.3	13.0±0.40	31.5±1.3	10.2±0.35	26.4±0.80
2-5 y	836	84.0	6.9±0.44	16.2±1.8	5.8±0.39	14.7±1.2
6-12 y	1,354	79.7	8.8±0.45	19.3±1.4	7.0±0.35	17.6±1.3
13-18 M+F	939	69.4	8.9±0.52	20.0±1.3	6.2±0.38	16.3±1.4
13-18 M	464	67.4	9.7±0.73	20.7±1.8	6.5±0.52	16.7±1.5
13-18 y F	475	71.4	8.1±0.53	18.2±1.7	5.8±0.45	15.4±2.3
19-99 M+F	6,424	79.7	14.4±0.54	35.9±1.4	11.3±0.46	29.9±1.5
19-99 M	3,078	77.2	17.4±0.82	46.9±2.6	13.4±0.67	37.5±2.4
19-99 F	3,346	80.1	11.6±0.43	28.3±1.3	9.3±0.37	25.8±1.1

^{*} Based on NHANES 2015-2018.

Table 1-3. Maximum Cumulative EDIs of D-Allulose, g/kg bw/day (Assuming All the Foods will be

Used at the Maximum Use Levels and When Day 1 Survey Data Were Used)

	N of	% of	Per Use	r (g/day)	Per Capi	ta (g/day)
	users	users		90 th		90 th
Population			Mean	Percentile	Mean	Percentile
U.S. 2+ y	9,468	77.8	0.20±0.005	0.15±0.005	0.49±0.018	0.41±0.019
2-5 y	826	83.1	0.41±0.025	0.35±0.023	0.97±0.085	0.89±0.084
6-12 y	1,347	79.4	0.27±0.014	0.22±0.011	0.61±0.037	0.52±0.041
13-18 M+F	932	68.8	0.14±0.009	0.10±0.006	0.32±0.027	0.26±0.021
13-18 M	462	67.0	0.15±0.012	0.10±0.008	0.34±0.042	0.27±0.025
13-18 y F	470	70.7	0.13±0.009	0.10±0.008	0.30±0.028	0.25±0.032
19-99 M+F	6,363	78.2	0.18±0.006	0.14±0.005	0.45±0.026	0.38±0.019
19-99 M	3,048	76.8	0.20±0.009	0.15±0.007	0.51±0.028	0.45±0.028
19-99 F	3,315	79.6	0.16±0.006	0.13±0.005	0.38±0.021	0.34±0.017

^{*} Based on NHANES 2015-2018.

Additionally, methods and participants of different dietary survey sets may have contributed some variability in the analytical results of the survey.

In any case, these estimates are over inflated because it is not likely that D-allulose will be used at the maximum levels for all food categories under the intended uses.

Estimated Daily Intakes (EDIs) of Naturally Occurring D-Allulose from the Diet

It was stated in GRN 828 that, compared to EDIs under the intended use, exposure to D-allulose from the diet is negligible: the mean and 90th percentile EDIs from the diet were estimated to be 94.8 and 260.7 mg D-allulose/person/day in all users.

Annex A. Food codes used in the calculation of EDIs

53420210 Cream puff, eclair, custard or cream filled, iced, reduced fat

Bakery products (rolls, cakes, pies, pastries, and cookies) rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetic (proposed usage = 10%) 51152000 Roll, white, soft, reduced calorie and/or high fiber 51152100 Roll, white, soft, reduced calorie and/or high fiber, toasted 51154510 Roll, diet 51165100 Coffee cake, yeast type, fat free, cholesterol free, with fruit 53102300 Cake, applesauce, diet, without icing 53104300 Cake, carrot, diet 53104520 Cheesecake, diet 53104570 Cheesecake diet with fruit 53104650 Cheesecake, chocolate, reduced fat 53105500 Cake, chocolate, with icing, diet 53105600 Cake, chocolate, devil's food, or fudge, pudding-type mix, made by "Lite" recipe (eggs and water added to dry mix, no oil added to dry mix), with icing, coating, or filling 53108220 Snack cake, chocolate, with icing or filling, reduced fat and calories 53109210 Cake, cupcake, not chocolate, with icing or filling, lowfat, cholesterol free 53109220 Snack cake, not chocolate, with icing or filling, reduced fat and calories 53109270 Cake, cupcake, chocolate, with or without icing, fruit filling or cream filling, lowfat, cholesterol free 53115500 Cake, pineapple, fat free, cholesterol free, without icing 53116280 Cake, pound, chocolate, fat free, cholesterol free 53116380 Cake, pound, fat free, cholesterol free 53116390 Cake, pound, reduced fat, cholesterol free 53120400 Cake, white, eggless, lowfat 53204800 Cookie, brownie, diet, NS as to icing 53204830 Cookie, brownie, lowfat, with icing 53204840 Cookie, brownie, reduced fat, NS as to icing 53204850 Cookie, brownie, fat free, cholesterol free, with icing 53204860 Cookie, brownie, fat free, NS as to icing 53206030 Cookie, chocolate chip, reduced fat 53207050 Cookie, chocolate, with chocolate filling or coating, fat free 53209020 Cookie, chocolate sandwich, reduced fat 53220010 Cookie, fruit-filled bar, fat free 53220040 Cookie, fig bar, fat free 53233030 Cookie, oatmeal, fat free, with raisins 53233040 Cookie, oatmeal, reduced fat, NS as to raisins 53239010 Cookie, shortbread, reduced fat 53243050 Cookie, vanilla sandwich, reduced fat 53260000 Cookie, dietetic, nfs 53260030 Cookie, chocolate chip, sugar free 53260050 Cookie, dietetic, chocolate flavored 53260100 Cookie, dietetic, fruit types 53260150 Cookie, lemon wafer, lowfat 53260200 Cookie, oatmeal, sugar free 53260300 Cookie, sandwich, sugar free 53260400 Cookie, sugar or plain, sugar free 53260500 Cookie, sugar wafer, sugar free 53260600 Cookie, peanut butter, sugar free

53511500	Danish pastry, with cheese, fat free, cholesterol free
53530010	Breakfast tart, lowfat
53610120	Coffee cake, crumb or quick-bread type, reduced fat, cholesterol free
Beverage	es (non-alcoholic) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free) (proposed usage = 4%)
11613000	Instant breakfast, powder, sweetened with low calorie sweetener, milk added
28401200	Gelatin drink, powder, flavored, with low-calorie sweetener, reconstituted
92400100	Soft drink, NFS, diet
92410320	Soft drink, cola, diet
92410350	Soft drink, cola, decaffeinated, diet
92410370	Soft drink, pepper type, diet
92410400	Soft drink, pepper type, decaffeinated, diet
92410420	Soft drink, cream soda, diet
92410520	Soft drink, fruit flavored, diet, caffeine free
92410560	Soft drink, fruit flavored, caffeine containing, diet
92410620	Soft drink, ginger ale, diet
92410720	Soft drink, root beer, diet
92410820	Soft drink, chocolate flavored, diet
92411610	Soft drink, cola, fruit or vanilla flavored, diet
92411620	Soft drink, cola, chocolate flavored, diet
92513010	Slush frozen drink, no sugar added
92541040	Lemonade-flavored drink, made from powdered mix, low calorie
92541120	Apple cider-flavored drink, made from powdered mix, low calorie, with vitamin C added
92550030	Fruit juice drink, with high vitamin C, light
92550035	Fruit juice drink, light
92550040	Fruit juice drink, diet
92550050	Apple-white grape juice drink, low calorie, with vitamin C added
92550110	Cranberry juice drink, with high vitamin C, light
92550200	Grape juice drink, light
92550210	Cranberry-apple juice drink, low calorie, with vitamin C added
92550300	Grapefruit juice drink, low calorie, with vitamin C added
92550350	Orange juice beverage, 40-50% juice, light
92550360	Apple juice beverage, 40-50% juice, light
92550370	Lemonade, fruit juice drink, light
92550380	Pomegranate juice beverage, 40-50% juice, light
92550400	Vegetable and fruit juice drink, with high vitamin C, diet
92550405	Vegetable and fruit juice drink, with high vitamin C, light
92550610	Fruit flavored drink, with high vitamin C, diet
92550620	Fruit flavored drink, diet
92551600	Citrus juice drink, low calorie
92551700	Juice drink, low calorie
92552000	Fruit flavored drink, with high vitamin C, powdered, reconstituted, diet
92552010	Fruit flavored drink, powdered, reconstituted, diet
92552020	Fruit juice drink, reduced sugar (Sunny D)
92552050	Orange breakfast drink, low calorie
92552100	Orange-cranberry juice drink, low calorie, with vitamin C added
92553000	Fruit-flavored thirst quencher beverage, low calorie
92565000	Fruit-flavored sports drink or thirst quencher beverage, low calorie
92565100	Gatorade G2 thirst quencher sports drink, low calorie
92565200	Powerade Zero sports drink, low calorie

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92582120 Fruit flavored drink, reduced sugar, with high vitamin C, plus added calcium
92650005 Red Bull Energy Drink, sugar-free
92650210 Mountain Dew AMP Energy Drink, sugar-free
92650705 Rockstar Energy Drink, sugar-free
92650805 Vault Zero Energy drink
92741000 Fruit-flavored drink, non-carbonated, made from low calorie powdered mix
95312400 Energy drink, low calorie (Monster)
95312410 Energy drink, sugar free (Monster)
95312500 Energy drink, sugar free (Mountain Dew AMP)
95312550 Energy drink, sugar free (No Fear)
95312555 Energy drink, sugar-free (NOS)
95312600 Energy drink, sugar-free (Red Bull)
95312700 Energy drink, sugar free (Rockstar)
95312800 Energy drink, sugar free (Vault)
95313200 Energy drink, sugar free
95322200 Sports drink, low calorie (Gatorade G2)
95322500 Sports drink, low calorie (Powerade Zero)
95323000 Sports drink, low calorie
95341000 FUZE Slenderize fortified low calorie fruit juice beverage
Cereals, regular (proposed usage = 2%)
56200300 Cereal, cooked, NFS
56200350 Cereal, cooked, instant, NS as to grain
56200990 Grits, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, NS as to fat
56201000 Grits, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, no added fat
56201010 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, regular, fat not added in cooking
56201020 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, regular, fat added in cooking
58201030 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, regular, NS as to fat added in cooking
56201040 Grits, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, fat added
56201050 Grits, regular or quick, made with water, NS as to fat
56201051 Grits, regular or quick, made with water, no added fat
56201052 Grits, regular or quick, made with water, fat added
56201055 Grits, regular or quick, made with milk, NS as to fat
56201056 Grits, regular or quick, made with milk, no added fat
56201057 Grits, regular or quick, made with milk, fat added
56201060 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, with cheese, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, NS as to fat added in cooking
56201061 Grits, cooked, com or hominy, with cheese, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, fat not added in cooking
56201062 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, with cheese, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, fat added in cooking
56201065 Grits, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, NS as to fat
56201066 Grits, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, no added fat
58201087 Grits, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, fat added
56201070 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, with cheese, regular, NS as to fat added in cooking
56201071 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, with cheese, regular, fat not added in cooking
56201072 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, with cheese, regular, fat added in cooking
56201080 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, with cheese, quick, NS as to fat added in cooking
56201081 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, with cheese, quick, fat not added in cooking
56201082 Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, with cheese, quick, fat added in cooking
56201090 Grits, with cheese, NS as to fat
56201091 Grits with cheese no added fat
56201092 Grits, with cheese, fat added
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56201110	Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, quick, fat not added in cooking
56201120	Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, quick, fat added in cooking
56201130	Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, quick, NS as to fat added in cooking
56201210	Grits, instant, made with water, no added fat
56201220	Grits, instant, made with water, fat added
56201230	Grits, instant, made with water, NS as to fat
56201240	Grits, cooked, flavored, corn or hominy, instant, fat not added in cooking
56201250	Grits, cooked, flavored, corn or hominy, instant, fat added in cooking
56201260	Grits, cooked, flavored, corn or hominy, instant, NS as to fat added in cooking
56201296	Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, made with milk, fat added in cooking
56201298	Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56201300	Grits, cooked, com or hominy, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56201320	Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, regular, made with milk, fat added in cooking
56201322	Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, regular, made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56201324	Grits, cooked, com or hominy, regular, made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56201330	Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, quick, made with milk, fat added in cooking
56201332	Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, quick, made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56201334	Grits, cooked, corn or hominy, quick, made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56201340	Grits, instant, made with milk, fat added
56201342	Grits, instant, made with milk, no added fat
56201344	Grits, instant, made with milk, NS as to fat
56201350	Grits, instant, made with non-dairy milk, NS as to fat
56201355	Grits, instant, made with non-dairy milk, no added fat
56201360	Grits, instant, made with non-dairy milk, fat added
56201510	Commeal mush, made with water
56201515	Commeal mush, NS as to fat
56201516	Cornmeal mush, no added fat
56201517	Commeal mush, fat added
56201520	Commeal mush, fried
56201530	Commeal mush, made with milk
56201540	Cornmeal, Puerto Rican Style
56201600	Masa harina, cooked
56201700	Cornstarch with milk, eaten as a cereal (2 tbsp cornstarch in 2-1/2 cups milk)
56202900	Oatmeal, from fast food, plain
56202905	Oatmeal, from fast food, maple flavored
56202910	Oatmeal, from fast food, fruit flavored
56202920	Oatmeal, from fast food, other flavors
56202960	Oatmeal, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, NS as to fat
56202970	Oatmeal, cooked, quick (1 or 3 minutes), NS as to fat added in cooking
56202980	Oatmeal, cooked, regular, NS as to fat added in cooking
56203000	Oatmeal, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, no added fat
56203010	Oatmeal, cooked, regular, fat not added in cooking
56203020	Oatmeal, cooked, quick (1 or 3 minutes), fat not added in cooking
56203030	Oatmeal, cooked, instant, fat not added in cooking
56203040	Oatmeal, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, fat added
56203050	Oatmeal, cooked, regular, fat added in cooking
56203055	Oatmeal, regular or quick, made with water, NS as to fat
56203056	Oatmeal, regular or quick, made with water, no added fat
56203057	Oatmeal, regular or quick, made with water, fat added

56203060	Oatmeal, cooked, quick (1 or 3 minutes), fat added in cooking
56203065	Oatmeal, regular or quick, made with milk, NS as to fat
56203066	Oatmeal, regular or quick, made with milk, no added fat
56203067	Oatmeal, regular or quick, made with milk, fat added
56203070	Oatmeal, cooked, instant, fat added in cooking
56203075	Oatmeal, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, NS as to fat
56203076	Oatmeal, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, no added fat
56203077	Oatmeal, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, fat added
56203080	Oatmeal, cooked, instant, NS as to fat added in cooking
56203085	Oatmeal, instant, plain, made with water, NS as to fat
56203086	Oatmeal, instant, plain, made with water, no added fat
56203087	Oatmeal, instant, plain, made with water, fat added
56203090	Oatmeal, fortified, instant, no fat added
56203095	Oatmeal, instant, plain, made with milk, NS as to fat
56203096	Oatmeal, instant, plain, made with milk, no added fat
56203097	Oatmeal, instant, plain, made with milk, fat added
56203100	Oatmeal, fortified, instant, fat added
56203105	Oatmeal, instant, plain, made with non-dairy milk, NS as to fat
56203106	Oatmeal, instant, plain, made with non-dairy milk, no added fat
56203107	Oatmeal, instant, plain, made with non-dairy milk, fat added
56203110	Oatmeal with maple flavor, cooked
56203125	Oatmeal, instant, maple flavored, NS as to fat
56203130	Oatmeal, instant, maple flavored, no added fat
56203135	Oatmeal, instant, maple flavored, fat added
56203150	Oatmeal, instant, fruit flavored, NS as to fat
56203155	Oatmeal, instant, fruit flavored, no added fat
56203160	Oatmeal, instant, fruit flavored, fat added
56203170	Oatmeal, instant, other flavors, NS as to fat
56203175	Oatmeal, instant, other flavors, no added fat
56203180	Oatmeal, instant, other flavors, fat added
56203200	Oatmeal with fruit, cooked
56203210	Oatmeal, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56203211	Oatmeal, cooked, regular, made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56203212	Oatmeal, cooked, quick (1 or 3 minutes), made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56203213	Oatmeal, cooked, instant, made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56203220	Oatmeal, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, made with milk, fat added in cooking
56203221	Oatmeal, cooked, regular, made with milk, fat added in cooking
56203222	Oatmeal, cooked, quick (1 or 3 minutes), made with milk, fat added in cooking
56203223	Oatmeal, cooked, instant, made with milk, fat added in cooking
56203230	Oatmeal, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56203231	Oatmeal, cooked, regular, made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56203232	Oatmeal, cooked, quick (1 or 3 minutes), made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56203233	Oatmeal, cooked, instant, made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56203540	Oatmeal, made with milk and sugar, Puerto Rican style
56203600	Oatmeal, multigrain, NS as to fat
56203610	Oatmeal, multigrain, no added fat
56203620	Oatmeal, multigrain, fat added
56205050	Rice, cream of, cooked, no added fat
56205080	Rice, creamed, made with milk and sugar, Puerto Rican style

56205090	Rice, cream of, cooked, fat added
56205092	Rice, cream of, cooked, NS as to fat
56205094	Rice, cream of, cooked, made with milk
56206970	Wheat, cream of, cooked, quick, NS as to fat added in cooking
56206980	Wheat, cream of, cooked, regular, NS as to fat added in cooking
56206990	Cream of wheat, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, NS as to fat
56207000	Cream of wheat, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, no added fat
56207005	Cream of wheat, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, fat added
56207010	Wheat, cream of, cooked, regular, fat not added in cooking
56207015	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with water, NS as to fat
56207016	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with water, no added fat
56207017	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with water, fat added
56207020	Wheat, cream of, cooked, quick, fat not added in cooking
56207021	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with milk, NS as to fat
56207022	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with milk, no added fat
56207023	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with milk, fat added
56207025	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, NS as to fat
56207026	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, no added fat
56207027	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, fat added
56207030	Cream of wheat, instant, made with water, no added fat
56207040	Wheat, cream of, cooked, made with milk
56207050	Wheat, cream of, cooked, made with milk and sugar, Puerto Rican style
56207060	Cream of wheat, instant, made with water, fat added
56207070	Cream of wheat, instant, made with water, NS as to fat
56207080	Wheat, cream of, cooked, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, fat added in cooking
56207082	Wheat, cream of, cooked, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, made with milk, fat added in cooking
56207083	Wheat, cream of, cooked, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56207084	Wheat, cream of, cooked, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56207086	Wheat, cream of, cooked, regular, made with milk, fat added in cooking
56207087	Wheat, cream of, cooked, regular, made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56207088	Wheat, cream of, cooked, regular, made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56207091	Wheat, cream of, cooked, quick, made with milk, fat added in cooking
56207092	Wheat, cream of, cooked, quick, made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56207093	Wheat, cream of, cooked, quick, made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56207094	Cream of wheat, instant, made with milk, fat added
56207095	Cream of wheat, instant, made with milk, no added fat
56207096	Cream of wheat, instant, made with milk, NS as to fat
56207100	Wheat, rolled, cooked, fat not added in cooking
56207101	Cream of wheat, instant, made with non-dairy milk, NS as to fat
56207102	Cream of wheat, instant, made with non-dairy milk, no added fat
56207103	Cream of wheat, instant, made with non-dairy milk, fat added
56207140	Wheat, rolled, cooked, NS as to fat added in cooking
56207190	Whole wheat cereal, cooked, NS as to fat
56207200	Whole wheat cereal, cooked, no added fat
56207210	Whole wheat cereal, cooked, fat added
56207212	Whole wheat cereal, cooked, made with milk
56207220	Wheat, cream of, cooked, regular, fat added in cooking
56207230	Wheat, cream of, cooked, quick, fat added in cooking
58207200	Wheat hearts cooked NS as to fat added in cooking

56207300	Whole wheat cereal, wheat and barley, cooked, fat not added in cooking
56207310	Wheat hearts, cooked, fat not added in cooking
56207330	Whole wheat cereal, wheat and barley, cooked, fat added in cooking
56207340	Whole wheat cereal, wheat and barley, cooked, NS as to fat added in cooking
56207342	Whole wheat cereal, wheat and barley, cooked, made with milk
56207350	Wheat cereal, chocolate flavored, cooked, made with milk
56207360	Wheat cereal, chocolate flavored, cooked, fat not added in cooking
56207365	Wheat cereal, chocolate flavored, cooked, fat added in cooking
56207370	Wheat cereal, chocolate flavored, cooked
56208500	Oat bran cereal, cooked, no added fat
56208510	Oat bran cereal, cooked, fat added
56208520	Oat bran cereal, cooked, NS as to fat
56208530	Oat bran cereal, cooked, made with milk, fat not added in cooking
56208540	Oat bran cereal, cooked, made with milk, fat added in cooking
56208550	Oat bran cereal, cooked, made with milk, NS as to fat added in cooking
56209000	Cream of rye
57000000	Cereal, NFS
57000050	Kashi cereal, NS as to ready to eat or cooked
57000100	Cereal, oat, NFS
57100100	Cereal, ready-to-eat, NFS
57100400	Character cereals, TV or movie, General Mills
57100500	Character cereals, TV or movie, Kellogg's
57101000	Cereal (Kellogg's All-Bran)
57101020	All-Bran with Extra Fiber
57101500	Almond delight cereal
57102000	Cereal (Alpen)
57103000	Cereal (Post Alpha-Bits)
57103020	Alpha-bits with marshmallows
57103050	Amaranth Flakes
57103100	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Apple Cinnamon)
57103400	Apple cinnamon oh's cereal
57103500	Apple Cinnamon Squares Mini-Wheats, Kellogg's (formerly Apple Cinnamon Squares)
57104000	Cereal (Kellogg's Apple Jacks)
57106050	Cereal (Post Great Grains Banana Nut Crunch)
57106060	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Banana Nut)
57106100	Cereal (General Mills Basic 4)
57106250	Cereal (General Mills Kix Berry Berry)
57106260	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Berry Burst)
57106530	Cereal (Post Selects Blueberry Morning)
57107000	Cereal (General Mills Boo Berry)
57110000	Cereal (Kellogg's All-Bran Bran Buds)
57111000	Bran Chex
57117000	Cereal (Quaker Cap'n Crunch)
57117500	Cereal (Quaker Christmas Crunch)
57119000	Cereal (Quaker Cap'n Crunch's Crunchberries)
57120000	Cereal (Quaker Cap'n Crunch's Peanut Butter Crunch)
57123000	
57124000	Chex cereal, NFS Cornel (General Mills Chex Checelete)
E (1:24020	Coroni (Geoporal Mills Choy Chopolato)

57124050	Cereal (General Mills Chex Cinnamon)
57124100	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Chocolate)
57124200	Cereal, chocolate flavored, frosted, puffed corn
57124300	Cereal (General Mills Lucky Charms Chocolate)
57124500	Cinnamon Grahams, General Mills
57124900	Cereal (Kellogg's Cinnabon)
57125000	Cereal (General Mills Cinnamon Toast Crunch)
57125900	Cereal (General Mills Honey Nut Clusters)
57126000	Cereal (Kellogg's Cocoa Krispies)
57126500	Cocoa Blasts, Quaker
57127000	Cereal (Post Cocoa Pebbles)
57128000	Cereal (General Mills Cocoa Puffs)
57128880	Complete Oat Bran Flakes, Kellogg's (formerly Common Sense Oat Bran, plain)
57130000	Cereal (General Mills Cookie Crisp)
57131000	Cereal (Quaker Corn Bran Crunch)
57132000	Cereal (General Mills Chex Corn)
57134000	Cereal, corn flakes
57134090	Corn flakes, low sodium
57135000	Cereal (Kellogg's Corn Flakes)
57137000	Cereal, corn puffs
57138000	Total Corn Flakes
57139000	Cereal (General Mills Count Chocula)
57143000	Cereal (Kellogg's Cracklin' Oat Bran)
57143500	Cereal (Post Great Grains, Cranberry Almond Crunch)
57144000	Crisp Crunch
57148000	Cereal (Kellogg's Crispix)
57148500	Cereal, crispy brown rice
57148600	Harmony cereal, General Mills
57151000	Cereal, crispy rice
57152000	Crispy Wheats'n Raisins
57160000	Curves Fruit and Nut Crunch Cereal
57201800	Disney cereals, Kellogg's
57201900	Cereal (General Mills Dora The Explorer)
57206000	Cereal (Famila)
57206700	Cereal (General Mills Fiber One)
57206705	Cereal (General Mills Fiber One Caramel Delight)
57206710	Cereal (General Mills Fiber One Honey Clusters)
57206715	Cereal (General Mills Fiber One Raisin Bran Clusters)
57206800	Cereal (Healt Valley Fiber 7 Flakes)
57207000	Cereal, bran flakes
57208000	Cereal (Kellogg's All-Bran Complete Wheat Flakes)
57209000	Cereal (Post Bran Flakes)
57211000	Cereal (General Mills Frankenberry)
57212100	French Toast Crunch, General Mills
57213000	Cereal (Kellogg's Froot Loops)
57213005	Froot Loops Cereal Straws
57213010	Cereal (Kellogg's Froot Loops Marshmallow)
57213800	Frosted bran,kellogg's

57213850 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Frosted)

57213900 Frosted Chex 57214000 Cereal (Kellogg's Frosted Mini-Wheats) 57214100 Frosted Wheat Bites 57215000 Frosty O's 57216000 Cereal, frosted rice 57218000 Cereal (Kellogg's Frosted Krispies) 57219000 Cereal, fruit and fiber 57221000 Cereal, fiber and fruit 57221650 Fruit Harvest cereal, Kellogg's 57221700 Cereal, fruit rings 57221800 Cereal, fruit whirls 57221810 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Fruity) 57223000 Cereal (Post Fruity Pebbles) 57224000 Cereal (General Mills Golden Grahams) 57227000 Cereal, granola 57228000 Granola, homemade 57230000 Cereal (Post Grape-Nuts) 57231000 Cereal (Post Grape-Nuts Flakes) 57231100 Grape-Nuts Trail Mix Crunch 57231200 Cereal (Post Great Grains Raisins, Dates, and Pecans) 57231250 Cereal (Post Great Grains Double Pecan Whole Grain Cereal) 57232100 Healthy Choice Almond Crunch with raisins, Kellogg's 57232120 Healthy choice multi-grain flakes cereal, kellogg's 57237100 Cereal (Post Honey Bunches of Oats Honey Roasted) 57237200 Cereal (Post Honey Bunches of Oats with Vanilla Bunches) 57237300 Cereal (Post Honey Bunches of Oats with Almonds) 57237310 Cereal (Post Honey Bunches of Oats wth Pecan Bunches) 57237900 Cereal (Post Honey Bunches of Oats Just Bunches) 57238000 Cereal (Post Honeycomb) 57239000 Honeycomb, strawberry 57239100 Cereal (Kellogg's Honey Crunch Corn Flakes) 57240100 Cereal (General Mills Chex Honey Nut) 57241000 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Honey Nut) 57241200 Cereal (Post Shredded Wheat Honey Nut) 57243000 Cereal (Kellogg's Honey Smacks) 57243870 Jenny O's 57244000 Just Right 57245000 Just Right Fruit and Nut (formerly Just Right with raisins, dates, and nuts) 57250000 Pokemon, Kellogg's 57301100 Kaboom 57301500 Cereal (Kashi 7 Whole Grain Puffs) 57301505 Cereal (Kashi Autumn Wheat) 57301510 Cereal (Kashi GOLEAN) 57301511 Cereal (Kashi GOLEAN Crunch) 57301512 Cereal (Kashi GOLEAN Crunch Honey Almond Flax) 57301520 Cereal (Kashi Good Friends) 57301530 Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) 57301535 Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Oat Flakes and Blueberry Clusters) 57301540 Cereal (Kashi Honey Sunshine Squares)

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57302100	Cereal (Quaker King Vitaman)
57303100	Cereal (General Mills Kix)
57303105	Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix)
57303200	Cereal (Kellogg's Krave)
57304100	Cereal (Quaker Life)
57305100	Cereal (General Mills Lucky Charms)
57305150	Cereal, frosted oat cereal with marshmallows
57305160	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops)
57305165	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cinnamon Toasters)
57305170	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Coco-Roos)
57305174	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Colossal Crunch)
57305175	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cocoa Dyno-Bites)
57305180	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts)
57305200	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Crispy Rice)
57305210	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes)
57305215	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Mini Spooners)
57305300	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites)
57305400	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares)
57305500	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's)
57305600	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys)
57306100	Malt-O-Meal Puffed Rice
57306120	Malt-O-Meal Puffed Wheat
57306130	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Raisin Bran)
57306500	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs)
57306700	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal)
57306800	Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57307010	Cereal (Post Maple Pecan Crunch)
57307100	Fruity marshmallow krispies cereal
57307150	Marshmallow Safari, Quaker
57307500	Cereal, millet, puffed
57307550	Mini buns cereal (cinnamon)
57307600	Mini-Swirlz Cinnamon Bun Cereal, Kellogg's
57308150	Mueslix cereal, NFS
57308190	Cereal, muesli
57308300	Multi Bran Chex
57308400	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain)
57308900	Natural Muesli, Jenny's Cuisine
57309100	Cereal (Nature Valley Granola)
57311700	Nu System Cuisine Toasted Grain Circles
57311800	Nut and honey crunch flaked cereal
57315000	Nutri-grain golden wheat cereal (formerly nutri-grain wheat)
57316100	Nutri-grain almond raisin cereal
57316200	Cereal, nutty nuggets
57316300	Cereal (Health Valley Oat Bran Flakes)
57316380	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Oat Cluster Crunch)
57316385	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Protein)
57316410	Oatmeal Crisp, Apple Cinnamon (formerly Oatmeal Crisp with Apples)
57316450	Cereal (General Mills Oatmeal Crisp with Almonds)
57318500	Cereal (General Mills Oatmeal Crisp with Raisins)

57316710 Cereal (Quaker Honey Graham Oh's) 57316750 Oh's, Fruitangy, Quaker 57317200 Oat flakes cereal, post 57318000 100% Bran 57319000 100% Natural Cereal, plain, Quaker 57319500 Sun Country 100% Natural Granola, with Almonds 57320500 Cereal (Quaker Granola with Oats, Honey, and Raisins) 57321700 Optimum, Nature's Path 57321800 Optimum Slim, Nature's Path 57321900 Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) 57321905 Organic Flax Plus, Pumpkin Granola, Nature's Path 57322500 Oreo O's cereal, Post 57323000 Cereal (Quaker Sweet Crunch) 57323050 Sweet Puffs, Quaker 57323200 Pop tarts crunch cereal 57324000 Peanut Butter Toast Crunch, General Mills 57325000 Cereal (Kellogg's Product 19) 57326000 Cereal (Barbara's Puffins) 57327450 Cereal (Quaker Toasted Oat Bran) 57327500 Cereal (Quaker Oatmeal Squares) 57328000 Cereal (Quaker Quisp) 57329000 Cereal, raisin bran 57330000 Cereal (Kellogg's Raisin Bran) 57330010 Cereal (Kellogg's Raisin Bran Crunch) 57331000 Cereal (Post Raisin Bran) 57332050 Cereal (General Mills Total Raisin Bran) 57332100 Cereal (General Mills Raisin Nut Bran) 57335500 Raisin Mini-Wheats, Kellogg's (formerly Raisin Squares Mini-Wheats; Raisin Squares) 57335550 Cereal (General Mills Reese's Puffs) 57336000 Cereal (General Mills Chex Rice) 57337000 Cereal, rice flakes 57339000 Cereal (Kellogg's Rice Krispies) 57339100 Rice Krispies with Real Strawberries, Kellogg's 57339500 Cereal (Kellogg's Rice Krispies Treats Cereal) 57340000 Cereal, puffed rice 57340700 Scooby Doo cereal, Kellogg's 57341000 Cereal (Post Shredded Wheat'n Bran) 57341200 Cereal (Kellogg's Smart Start Strong) 57341300 Cereal (Kellogg's Smorz) 57342010 Smorz, Kellogg's 57344000 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K) 57344001 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Blueberry) 57344005 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Chocolatey Delight) 57344010 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Red Berries) 57344015 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Fruit & Yogurt) 57344020 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Vanilla Almond) 57344025 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Cinnamon Pecan) 57346500 Oatmeal Honey Nut Heaven, Quaker (formerly Toasted Oatmeal, Honey Nut) 57347000 Cereal (Kellogg's Corn Pops)

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57347500 Strawberry Squares Mini-Wheats, Kellogg's (formerly Strawberry Squares)
57348000 Cereal, frosted com flakes
57349000 Cereal (Kellogg's Frosted Flakes)
57349020 Cereal (Kellogg's Frosted Flakes, Reduced Sugar)
57354000 Sun flakes cereal
57355000 Cereal (Post Golden Crisp)
57401100 Cereal, toasted oat
57402610 Temptations cereal, honey roasted pecan, kellogg's
57403100 Toasties, Post
57404100 Malt-O-Meal Toasty O's
57404200 Malt-O-Meal Apple and Cinnamon Toasty O's
57406100 Cereal (General Mills Total)
57406105 Total Cranberry Crunch
57407100 Cereal (General Mills Trix)
57408100 Cereal (Uncle Sam)
57409100 Cereal (Post Waffle Crisp)
57410000 Cereal (Weetabix Whole Grain)
57411000 Cereal (General Mills Chex Wheat)
57413000 Wheat germ, with sugar and honey
57416000 Cereal, puffed wheat, plain
57416010 Cereal, puffed wheat, sweetened
57417000 Cereal (Post Shredded Wheat)
57418000 Cereal (General Mills Wheaties)
57418200 Wheaties cereal, honey frosted (formerly wheaties honey gold
57419000 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Yogurt Burst)
58174000 Upma, Indian breakfast dish
75217490 Hominy, cooked, NS as to fat added in cooking
75217500 Hominy, cooked, fat not added in cooking
75217520 Hominy, cooked
Cereals, low and reduced calorie, sugar-free (proposed usage = 5%)
56203500 Oatmeal, reduced sugar, plain, NS as to fat
56203510 Oatmeal, reduced sugar, plain, no added fat
56203520 Oatmeal, reduced sugar, plain, fat added
56203550 Oatmeal, reduced sugar, flavored, NS as to fat
56203555 Oatmeal, reduced sugar, flavored, no added fat
56203560 Oatmeal, reduced sugar, flavored, fat added
57125010 Cereal (General Mills 25% Less Sugar Cinnamon Toast Crunch)
57128005 Cereal (General Mills 25% Less Sugar Cocoa Puffs)
57229000 Cereal (Kellogg's Low Fat Granola)
57229500 Cereal (Kellogg's Low Fat Granola with Raisins)
57321500 100 % Natural Wholegrain Cereal with raisins, lowfat, Quaker
57344007 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Low Fat Granola)
57407110 Cereal (General Mills 25% Less Sugar Trix)
Chewing gum (proposed usage = 50%)
91800100 Chewing gum, NFS
91801000 Chewing gum, regular
91802000 Chewing gum, sugar free
Frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet: low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free) (proposed
usage = 5%)
13110310 Ice cream, no sugar added, NS as to flavor
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13110320	Ice cream, no sugar added, flavors other than chocolate
13110330	Ice cream, no sugar added, chocolate
13130100	Light ice cream, NFS
13130300	Light ice cream, vanilla
13130310	Light ice cream, chocolate
13130320	Light ice cream, no sugar added, NS as to flavor
13130330	Light ice cream, no sugar added, flavors other than chocolate
13130340	Light ice cream, no sugar added, chocolate
13130350	Light ice cream, premium, not choc (formerly ice milk)
13130590	Light ice cream, soft serve, NS as to flavor
13130600	Light ice cream, soft serve, flavors other than chocolate
13130610	Light ice cream, soft serve, chocolate
13130620	Light ice cream, soft serve cone, flavors other than chocolate
13130630	Light ice cream, soft serve cone, chocolate
13130640	Light ice cream, soft serve cone, NS as to flavor
13135000	Light ice cream sandwich, vanilla
13135010	Light ice cream sandwich, chocolate
13136000	Ice cream sandwich, made with light, no sugar added ice cream
13140000	Light ice cream bar, vanilla
13140100	Light ice cream bar, vanilla, chocolate coated
13140110	Light ice cream, bar or stick, chocolate covered, with nuts
13140115	Light ice cream bar, chocolate
13140450	Light ice cream, cone, NFS
13140500	Light ice cream, cone, flavors other than chocolate
13140550	Light ice cream, cone, chocolate
13140570	Light ice cream, no sugar added, cone, NS as to flavor
13140575	Light ice cream, no sugar added, cone, flavors other than chocolate
13140580	Light ice cream, no sugar added, cone, chocolate
13140600	Light ice cream, sundae, soft serve, chocolate or fudge topping, with whipped cream
13140630	Light ice cream, sundae, soft serve, fruit topping, with whipped cream
13140650	Light ice cream, sundae, soft serve, not fruit or chocolate topping, with whipped cream
13140660	Light ice cream, sundae, soft serve, chocolate or fudge topping, without whipped cream
13140670	Light ice cream, sundae, soft serve, fruit topping, without whipped cream
13140680	Light ice cream, sundae, soft serve, not fruit or chocolate topping, without whipped cream
13140710	Creamsicle, light
13141100	Light ice cream,w/ sherbet or ice cream (formerly ice milk)
13142100	Light ice cream cone, vanilla, prepackaged
13142110	Light ice cream cone, chocolate, prepackaged
13150000	Sherbet, all flavors
13160000	Milk dessert, frozen, made from lowfat milk
13160100	Milk dessert,fzn,lowfat,w/low cal sweet,not choc
13160150	Fat free ice cream, no sugar added, chocolate
13160160	Fat free ice cream, no sugar added, flavors other than chocolate
13160200	Milk dessert,frozen,lowfat,not chocolate
13160210	Milk dessert, frozen, lowfat, chocolate
13160400	Fat free ice cream, flavors other than chocolate
13160410	
13160420	Fat free ice cream, NS as to flavor
13160550	Milk dsrt,froz,milk-fat free,w/simplesse, not choc

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13160600 Milk dessert, froz. w/ low cal sweetener, not choo
13160650 Milk dessert, froz. w/ low cal sweetener, chocolate
13161000 Milk dessert bar, frozen, made from lowfat milk
13161500 Milk dessert sandwich bar, frozen, made from lowfat milk
13161520 Milk dessert sandwich bar, frozen, with low-calorie sweetener, made from lowfat milk
13161600 Fudgesicle, light
13161630 Light ice cream, bar or stick, with low-calorie sweetener, chocolate coated
Yogurt (regular and frozen), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free (proposed usage = 5%)
11422000 Yogurt, vanilla, low fat milk
11422100 Yogurt, vanilla, low fat milk, light
11423000 Yogurt, vanilla, nonfat milk
11424000 Yogurt, vanilla, nonfat milk, light
11424510 Yogurt, Greek, vanilla, low fat
11424520 Yogurt, Greek, vanilla, nonfat
11427000 Yogurt, chocolate, nonfat milk
11428000 Yogurt, Greek, chocolate, nonfat
11432000 Yogurt, low fat milk, fruit
11432500 Yogurt, fruit, low fat milk, light
11433000 Yogurt, nonfat milk, fruit
11433500 Yogurt, fruit, nonfat milk, light
11434010 Yogurt, Greek, low fat milk, fruit
11434020 Yogurt, Greek, nonfat milk, fruit
11434200 Yogurt, low fat milk, flavors other than fruit
11434300 Yogurt, nonfat milk, flavors other than fruit
11435020 Yogurt, Greek, low fat milk, flavors other than fruit
11435030 Yogurt, Greek, nonfat milk, flavors other than fruit
11446000 Yogurt parfait, low fat, with fruit
11460150 Yogurt, frozen, NS as to flavor, lowfat milk
11460160 Yogurt, frozen, chocolate, lowfat milk
11460170 Yogurt, frozen, flavors other than chocolate, lowfat milk
11460190 Yogurt, frozen, NS as to flavor, nonfat milk
11460200 Yogurt, frozen, chocolate, nonfat milk
11460300 Yogurt, frozen, flavors other than chocolate, nonfat milk
11460400 Yogurt, frozen, chocolate, nonfat milk, with low-calorie sweetener
11460410 Yogurt, frozen, flavors other than chocolate, nonfat milk, with low-calorie sweetener
11461270 Yogurt, frozen, cone, flavors other than chocolate, lowfat milk
11461280 Yogurt, frozen, cone, chocolate, lowfat milk
Hard candies (including pressed candy, mints) (proposed usage = 50%)
91718000 Honey-combed hard candy with peanut butter
91718050 Honey-combed hard candy with peanut butter, chocolate covered
91745020 Hard candy
91745040 Butterscotch hard candy
91770020 Dietetic or low calorie hard candy
91770050 Dietetic or low calorie mints
Soft candies (non-chocolate, plain chocolate, chocolate coated) (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)
(proposed usage = 25%)
91703080 Caramel, all flavors, sugar free
91770000 Dietetic or low calorie candy, NFS
91770010 Dietetic or low calorie gumdrops
91770030 Dietetic or low calorie candy, chocolate covered
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Sugar (proposed usage = 10%) 91101000 Sugar, NFS 91101010 Sugar, white, granulated or lump 91101020 Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered 91102010 Sugar, brown 91103010 Sugar, maple 91104100 Sugar, cinnamon 91104200 Sugar, raw 91301120 Sugar, carmelized 91302010 Honey 91303000 Molasses 91303500 Sugar, brown, liquid Sugar substitutes (proposed usage = 100%) 91105010 Fructose sweetener, sugar substitute, dry powder 91106000 Sugar substitute, sugar-aspartame blend, dry powder 91106010 Sugar substitute and sugar blend 91107000 Sugar substitute, sucralose, powder 91108000 Sugar substitute, stevia, powder 91108010 Sugar substitute, stevia, liquid 91108020 Sugar substitute, monk fruit, powder 91109000 Blue Agave liquid sweetener, sugar substitute 91200000 Sugar substitute, powder, NFS 91200005 Sugar substitute, liquid, NFS 91200020 Sugar substitute, saccharin-based, dry powder 91200030 Brown sugar substitute, saccharin-based, dry powder 91200040 Sugar substitute, saccharin, powder 91200110 Sugar substitute, saccharin, liquid 91201010 Sugar substitute, aspartame, powder 91302020 Agave liquid sweetener Sweet sauces and syrups low calorie, reduced calorie and sugar free (proposed usage = 10%) 44202000 Carob syrup 91300010 Syrup, NFS 91300100 Pancake syrup 91301020 Cane and corn pancake syrup 91301030 Com syrup 91301040 Buttered blends syrup 91301050 Blueberry syrup 91301060 Maple syrup 91301080 Chocolate syrup 91301081 Chocolate syrup, light 91301082 Chocolate syrup, thin type, sugar free 91301090 Sorghum syrup 91301100 Simple syrup 91301130 Strawberry drink syrup 91301200 Sugar, brown, and water syrup 91301250 Maple and corn and/or cane pancake syrup blends 91301510 Pancake syrup, light 91303750 Chocolate gravy 91304010 Topping, butterscotch or caramel

91304020	Topping, chocolate
91304040	Topping, marshmallow
91304050	Hard sauce
91304060	Topping, nuts and syrup
91304070	Topping, peanut butter, thick, fudge type
91304080	Topping, fruit, unsweetened
91304090	Topping, chocolate flavored hazelnut spread
91306020	Caramel dip, regular
91306025	Caramel dip, light
91306030	Chocolate dip
91306040	Dessert dip
91351010	Syrup, dietetic
91351020	Topping, dietetic
91361020	Fruit sauce
91361030	Raisin sauce
91361040	Dessert sauce
Fat-based	I cream - used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries and pie (proposed usage = 10%)
	Cream, light, whipped, unsweetened
	Cream, heavy, whipped, unsweetened
	Cream, whipped
	Cream, whipped, pressurized container
	Cream, whipped, pressurized container, light
	x (proposed usage = 30%)
	Coffee, instant, reconstituted
92104000	Coffee, instant, 50% less caffeine, reconstituted
	Coffee, acid neutralized, from powdered instant
	Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, reconstituted
92121000	Coffee, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, reconstituted
92121001	Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, reconsitituted
92121010	Coffee, instant, pre-sweetened with sugar, reconstituted
92121020	Coffee, mocha, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, reconstituted
92121030	Coffee, mocha, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, reconstituted
92121040	Coffee, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, reconstituted
92121041	Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, reconstituted
92121050	Coffee, mocha, instant, decaffeinated, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener,
	reconstituted
92191000	Coffee, dry instant powder, NS as to regular or decaffeinated
92191100	Coffee, instant, not reconstituted
92191105	Coffee, instant, 50% less caffeine, not reconstituted
92191200	Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, not reconstituted
92191250	
92191400	•
92191500	
	Coffee, decaffeinated, and chicory, dry instant powder
	Coffee, mocha, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, not reconstituted
	Coffee, mocha, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, not reconstituted
92192040	Coffee, mocha, instant, decaffeinated, pre-lightened and pre-sweetend with low calorie sweetener, not reconstituted
92193000	
92193005	Coffee instant decaffeinated pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, not reconstituted

92193020	Coffee, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, not reconstituted
92193025	Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, not reconstituted
Grain bas	ed cereal bars, protein bars (proposed usage = 15%)
41435000	Fiber One Fulfill Bar
41435010	High protein bar, soy base
41435110	High protein bar, candy-like, soy and milk base
41435120	Zone Perfect Classic Crunch nutrition bar
41435300	Balance Original Bar
41435500	Clif Bar
41435700	South Beach Living High Protein Cereal Bar
41435710	South Beach Living Meal Replacement Bar
41460010	Hi-protein wafers
53540000	Breakfast bar, NFS
53540100	Breakfast bar, cake-like
53540200	Breakfast bar, cereal crust with fruit filling, lowfat
53540250	•
53540300	
53540400	
53540402	Kellogg's Nutri-Grain Yogurt Bar
53540404	
53540500	
53540600	
53540700	Kellogg's Special K bar
53540800	Kashi GOLEAN Chewy Bars
	Kashi TLC Chewy Granola Bar
	Kashi GOLEAN Crunchy Bars
	Kashi TLC Crunchy Granola Bar
53540900	
53540902	, ,
53540904	
53540906	
	Quaker Chewy Granola Bar
	Quaker Chewy 90 Calorie Granola Bar
	Quaker Chewy 25% Less Sugar Granola Bar
	Quaker Chewy Dipps Granola Bar
53541100	Breakfast bar, diet meal type
53541200	Meal replacement bar
53541300	Slim Fast Original Meal Bar
53542000	Snack bar, oatmeal
53542100	Granola bar, NFS
53542200	Granola bar, lowfat, NFS
53542210 53543000	Granola bar, nonfat
53543100	Granola bar, reduced sugar, NFS Granola bar, recourts, cate, sugar, wheat com
	Granola bar, peanuts, oats, sugar, wheat germ
53544200	Granola bar, chocolate-coated, NFS
53544210	Granola bar with coconut, chocolate-coated
53544220	Granola bar with nuts, chocolate-coated
53544230	Granola bar, coated with non-chocolate coating
53544250	Granola bar, coated with non-chocolate coating

53544300	Granola bar, high fiber, coated with non-chocolate yogurt coating
53544400	Granola bar, with rice cereal
53544410	Quaker Granola Bites
53544450	PowerBar (fortified high energy bar)
53710400	Cereal or granola bar (General Mills Fiber One Chewy Bar)
53710500	Cereal or granola bar (Kellogg's Nutri-Grain Cereal Bar)
53710502	Cereal or granola bar (Kellogg's Nutri-Grain Yogurt Bar)
53710504	Cereal or granola bar (Kellogg's Nutri-Grain Fruit and Nut Bar)
53710600	Milk 'n Cereal bar
53710700	Cereal or granola bar (Kellogg's Special K bar)
53710800	Cereal or granola bar (Kashi Chewy)
53710802	Cereal or granola bar (Kashi Crunchy)
53710804	Kashi GOLEAN Crunchy Bars
53710806	Kashi TLC Crunchy Granola Bar
53710810	Cereal or granola bar (KIND Fruit and Nut Bar)
53710900	Cereal or granola bar (General Mills Nature Valley Chewy Trail Mix)
53710902	Cereal or granola bar, with yogurt coating (General Mills Nature Valley Chewy Granola Bar)
53710904	Cereal or granola bar (General Mills Nature Valley Sweet and Salty Granola Bar)
53710906	Cereal or granola bar (General Mills Nature Valley Crunchy Granola Bar)
53711000	Cereal or granola bar (Quaker Chewy Granola Bar)
53711002	Cereal or granola bar (Quaker Chewy 90 Calorie Granola Bar)
53711004	Cereal or granola bar (Quaker Chewy 25% Less Sugar Granola Bar)
53711006	Cereal or granola bar (Quaker Chewy Dipps Granola Bar)
53711100	Cereal or granola bar (Quaker Granola Bites)
53712000	Snack bar, oatmeal
53712100	Cereal or Granola bar, NFS
53712200	Cereal or granola bar, lowfat, NFS
53712210	Cereal or granola bar, nonfat
53713000	Cereal or granola bar, reduced sugar, NFS
53713010	Cereal or granola bar, fruit and nut
53713100	Cereal or granola bar, peanuts , oats, sugar, wheat germ
53714200	Cereal or granola bar, chocolate coated, NFS
53714210	Cereal or granola bar, with coconut, chocolate coated
53714220	Cereal or granola bar with nuts, chocolate coated
53714230	Cereal or granola bar, oats, nuts, coated with non-chocolate coating
53714250	Cereal or granola bar, coated with non-chocolate coating
53714300	Cereal or granola bar, high fiber, coated with non-chocolate yogurt coating
53714400	Cereal or granola bar, with rice cereal
53714500	Breakfast bar, NFS
53714510	Breakfast bar, date, with yogurt coating
53714520	Breakfast bar, cereal crust with fruit filling, lowfat
53720100	Nutrition bar (Balance Original Bar)
53720200	Nutrition bar (Clif Bar)
53720210	Nutrition bar (Clif Kids Organic Zbar)
53720300	Nutrition bar (PowerBar)
53720400	Nutrition bar (Slim Fast Original Meal Bar)
53720500	Nutrition bar (Snickers Marathon Protein Bar)
53720510	Snickers Marathon Energy bar
53720600	Nutrition bar (South Beach Living Meal Bar)

53720610	Nutrition bar (South Beach Living High Protein Bar)
53720700	Nutrition bar (Tiger's Milk)
53720800	Nutrition bar (Zone Perfect Classic Crunch)
53729000	Nutrition bar or meal replacement bar, NFS
91780010	Snickers Marathon Energy bar
91781010	Snickers Marathon Protein bar
Fruit Juic	es (low/reduced sugar, diet, low/reduced kcal only) (proposed usage = 5%)
63420105	Frozen fruit juice bar
63420205	Frozen fruit juice bar, no sugar added
63430150	Sorbet
(proposed	beverages (pre-mixed cocktails, wine coolers, and malt beverages) (low/reduced kcal only) i usage = 4%) Beer, light
	Beer, low carb
93301183	Whiskey and diet cola
	Rum and diet cola
93301215	Vodka and diet cola
Confectio	ns and frostings (proposed usage = 5%)
	Carob powder or flour
44201000	Carob chips
91700010	Candy, NFS
91700500	M&M's Almond Chocolate Candies
91701010	Almonds, chocolate covered
91701020	Almonds, sugar-coated
91701030	Almonds, yogurt-covered
91702010	Butterscotch morsels
91703010	Caramel, chocolate-flavored roll
91703020	Caramel, flavor other than chocolate
91703030	Caramel, with nuts
91703040	Caramel candy, chocolate covered
91703050	Caramel with nuts and cereal, chocolate covered
91703060	Caramel with nuts, chocolate covered
91703070	Rolo
91703150	Toblerone, milk chocolate with honey and almond nougat
91703200	TWIX Caramel Cookie Bars
91703250	TWIX Chocolate Fudge Cookie Bars
91703300	TWIX Peanut Butter Cookie Bars
91703350	Bar None candy bar
91703400	Whatchamacallit
91703500	Nuts, carob-coated
91703600	Espresso coffee beans, chocolate-covered
91705010	Milk chocolate candy, plain
91705020	Milk chocolate candy, with cereal
91705030	Kit Kat
91705040	Chocolate, milk, with nuts, not almond or peanuts
91705050	Milk chocolate candy, with fruit and nuts
91705060	Milk chocolate candy, with almonds
91705070	Chocolate, milk, with peanuts
91705090	Chocolate candy with fondant and caramel
91705200	Chocolate, semi-sweet morsel

91705300	Chocolate, sweet or dark
91705310	Chocolate, sweet or dark, with almonds
91705400	Chocolate, white
91705410	Chocolate, white, with almonds
91705420	Chocolate, white, with cereal
91705430	Kit Kat White
91705500	Mexican chocolate, tablet
91706000	Coconut candy, chocolate covered
91706100	Coconut candy, no chocolate covering
91706400	Coconut candy, Puerto Rican style
91707000	Fondant
91707010	Fondant, chocolate covered
91708000	Fruit peel, candied
91708010	Date candy
91708020	Soft fruit confections
91708030	Fruit leather and fruit snacks candy
91708040	Fun Fruits Creme Supremes
91708070	Tamarind candy
91708100	Fruit snacks candy, with high vitamin C
91708150	Yogurt covered fruit snacks candy, with added vitamin C
91708160	Yogurt covered fruit snacks candy rolls, with high vitamin C
91709000	Gumdrops, chocolate covered
91713010	Fudge, chocolate, chocolate-coated
91713020	Fudge, chocolate, chocolate-coated, with nuts
91713030	Fudge, chocolate
91713040	Fudge, chocolate, with nuts
91713050	Fudge, peanut butter
91713060	Fudge, peanut butter, with nuts
91713070	Fudge, vanilla
91713080	Fudge, vanilla, with nuts
91713090	Fudge, divinity
91713100	Fudge, brown sugar, penuche
91715000	Fudge, caramel and nut, chocolate-coated candy
91715100	SNICKERS Bar
91715200	Baby Ruth
91715300	100 GRAND Bar
91716010	Halvah, plain
91716110	Halvah, chocolate covered
91718100	Butterfinger
91718110	Butterfinger Crisp
91718200	Chocolate-flavored sprinkles
91718300	Ladoo, round ball, Asian-Indian dessert
91721000	Licorice
91723000	Marshmallow
91723010	Marshmallow, chocolate covered
91723020	Marshmallow, candy-coated
91723050	Marshmallow, coconut-coated
91726000	Nougat, plain
91726110	Nougat, with caramel, chocolate covered

91726120 Milky way ii 91726130 MILKY WAY Bar 91726140 MILKY WAY MIDNIGHT Bar 91726150 MARS Almond Bar 91726410 Nougat, chocolate covered 91726420 3 MUSKETEERS Bar 91726425 3 Musketeers Truffle Crisp Bar 91727010 Nuts, chocolate covered, not almonds or peanuts 91728000 Nut roll, fudge or nougat, caramel and nuts 91728500 Sugared pecans, sugar and egg white coating 91731000 Peanuts, chocolate covered 91731010 M&M's Peanut Chocolate Candies 91731060 M&M's Peanut Butter Chocolate Candies 91731100 Peanuts, sugar-coated 91731150 Peanuts, yogurt covered 91732000 Peanut bar 91732100 Planters Peanut Bar 91733000 Peanut brittle 91733200 Peanut Bar, chocolate covered candy 91734000 Peanut butter, chocolate covered 91734100 Reese's Peanut Butter Cup 91734200 Reese's Pieces 91734300 Reese's Sticks 91734400 Reese's Fast Break 91734450 Reese's Crispy Crunchy Bar 91734500 Peanut butter morsels 91735000 Pralines 91736000 Pineapple candy, Puerto Rican style 91739010 Raisins, chocolate covered 91739510 Raisins, carob covered 91739600 Raisins, yogurt covered 91742010 Sesame Crunch, Sahadi 91745010 Gumdrops 91745100 Skittles 91746010 Sugar-coated chocolate discs 91746100 M&M's Milk Chocolate Candies 91746120 Sixlets 91746150 Easter egg, candy coated chocolate 91746200 M&M's Pretzel Chocolate Candies 91750000 Taffy 91760000 Toffee, plain 91760100 Toffee, chocolate covered 91760200 Toffee, chocolate-coated, with nuts 91760500 Truffles 91760700 Wax candy, liquid filled Dressings for salads (proposed usage = 5%) 82101000 Vegetable oil, NFS 82101300 Almond oil

82101500 Coconut oil

82102000	Com oil
82102500	Corn and canola oil
82103000	Cottonseed oil
82103500	Flaxseed oil
82104000	Olive oil
82105000	Peanut oil
82105500	Canola oil
82105750	Canola and soybean oil
82105800	Canola, soybean and sunflower oil
82106000	Safflower oil
82107000	Sesame oil
82108000	Soybean oil
82108250	Soybean and sunflower oil
82108500	Sunflower oil
82108700	Walnut oil
82109000	Wheat germ oil
83100100	Salad dressing, NFS, for salads
83101000	Blue or roquefort cheese dressing
83101500	Bacon dressing (hot)
83101600	Bacon and tomato dressing
83102000	Caesar dressing
83103000	Coleslaw dressing
83103500	Feta Cheese Dressing
83104000	French or Catalina dressing
83105000	Fruit dressing, made with fruit juice and cream
83105100	Fruit dressing, made with honey, oil, and water
83105500	Honey mustard dressing
83106000	Italian dressing, made with vinegar and oil
83109000	Russian dressing
83111000	Boiled, cooked-type dressing
83112000	Avocado dressing
83112500	Creamy dressing
83112600	Cream cheese dressing
83112900	Milk, vinegar, and sugar dressing
83112950	Poppy seed dressing
83112960	Peppercorn Dressing
	Celery seed dressing
83112990	Sesame dressing
83113000	Sweet and sour dressing
83114000	Thousand Island dressing
83115000	Yogurt dressing
83200100	Salad dressing, light, NFS
83201000	Blue or roquefort cheese dressing, light
83201050	Blue or roquefort cheese dressing, reduced calorie
83201200	Blue or roquefort cheese dressing, reduced calorie, fat-free, cholesterol-free
83201400	Coleslaw dressing, light
83202000	French dressing, low-calorie
83202010	French dressing, reduced calorie, fat-free, cholesterol-free
83202020	French or Catalina dressing, light

83203000	Caesar dressing, light
83204500	Honey mustard dressing, light
83205000	Italian dressing, low calorie
83205450	Italian dressing, light
83205500	Italian dressing, reduced calorie, fat-free
83206000	
83206500	
83207000	Thousand Island dressing, light
83207100	Thousand Island dressing, reduced calorie, fat-free, cholesterol-free
83208000	
83208500	
83209000	Milk, vinegar, and artificial sweetener dressing
83210000	Creamy dressing, made with sour cream and/or buttermilk and oil, diet, NS as to low or reduced calorie
83210050	Creamy dressing made with sour cream and/or buttermilk and oil, low calorie
83210100	
83210200	
83210250	
83220000	Salad dressing, low calorie, oil-free
83300100	_
83300200	
83300300	
83300400	
83300500	
83300600	•
83300800	
83300900	Salad dressing, fat free, NFS
83301000	Thousand Island dressing, fat free
89901010	Cream sauce, for use with vegetables
	pudding, fillings (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free) (proposed usage = 10%)
13210190	
13210250	
13210290	Pudding, flavors other than chocolate, low calorie, containing artificial sweetener, NS as to from dry mix or ready-to-eat
13220210	•
13220220	Pudding, chocolate, made from dry mix, sugar free
13220230	Pudding, ready-to-eat, chocolate, reduced fat
13220235	Pudding, ready-to-eat, chocolate, fat free
13220240	Pudding, ready-to-eat, flavors other than chocolate, reduced fat
13220245	Pudding, ready-to-eat, flavors other than chocolate, fat free
13230120	Pudding, flavors other than chocolate, ready-to-eat, sugar free
13230140	Pudding, chocolate, ready-to-eat, sugar free
13230510	Pudding, ready-to-eat, tapioca, fat free
13250200	Mousse, chocolate, lowfat, reduced calorie, prepared from dry mix, water added
91511010	Gelatin dessert, sugar free
91511020	Gelatin dessert, sugar free, with fruit
91511030	Gelatin dessert, dietetic, with whipped topping, sweetened with low calorie sweetener
91511050	Gelatin dessert, dietetic, with cream cheese, sweetened with low calorie sweetener
91511060	Gelatin dessert, dietetic, with sour cream, sweetened with low calorie sweetener
91511070	Gelatin dessert, dietetic, with fruit and sour cream, sweetened with low calorie sweetener
91511080	Gelatin dessert, dietetic, with fruit and cream cheese, sweetened with low calorie sweetener

91511090	Gelatin dessert, dietetic, with fruits and vegetables, sweetened with low calorie sweetener
91511100	Gelatin salad, dietetic, with vegetables, sweetened with low calorie sweetener
91511110	Gelatin dessert, dietetic, with fruit and whipped topping, sweetened with low calorie sweetener
Jams and	jellies (proposed usage = 10%)
91401000	Jelly, all flavors
91402000	Jam, preserve, all flavors
91403000	Fruit butter, all flavors
91404000	Marmalade, all flavors
91405000	Jelly, sugar free, all flavors
91405500	Jelly, reduced sugar, all flavors
91406000	Jam, preserve, marmalade, sugar free, all flavors
91406500	Jam, preserve, marmalade, sweetened with fruit juice concentrates, all flavors
01408800	lam preserve marmalade reduced sugar all flavors

END

From: <u>Katrina Emmel</u>
To: <u>Hice, Stephanie</u>

Cc: <u>Amy Mozingo</u>; <u>William J. Rowe</u>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] RE: GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

Date: Thursday, October 6, 2022 2:22:18 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

FDA Questions Response Ltr GRN 1024 10-6-22.pdf

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Dr. Hice,

Attached you will find a response letter addressing the questions provided by FDA dated September 27, 2022 regarding GRN 1024. Please let me know if you have any further questions.

Thank you,

Katrina

Katrina Emmel, Ph.D.

Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate at GRAS Associates



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October 6, 2022

Food and Drug Administration
Center for Food Safety & Applied Nutrition
Office of Food Additive Safety
Division of Petition Review
5001 Campus Drive
College Park, MD 20740-3835

Attention: Dr. Stephanie Hice

Re: GRN 1024—Allulose–Response to Questions Posed in an Email Dated 9/27/2022

Dear Dr. Hice:

Per your request, GRAS Associates, LLC, acting as the agent for Blue California, is providing a response to FDA's request for additional clarification as denoted in your email dated September 27, 2022 as follows:

1. In the amendment dated April 29, 2022, the notifier describes that "The cumulative mean and 90th percentile all-user intakes of D-allulose were determined to be 10.2 and 24.2 g/person/day, respectively..." and that "On a body weight basis, the cumulative mean and 90th percentile all-users intakes of D-allulose were determined to be 0.17 and 0.40 g/kg bw/day, respectively" (page 11). However, we noted that results of the cumulative estimated dietary intake (EDI) presented in Tables 1-2 and 1-3 on page 11 do not match with the notifier's statements. For the administrative record, please clarify this statement including revised Tables 1-2 and 1-3.

The estimated dietary intake assessment for Blue California's allulose preparation was performed by AceOne RS, Inc. For the administrative record, a report addressing the discrepancies in intake assessment provided in the April 29th, 2022 amendment is provided in Appendix A.

If any additional information or clarification is needed as you and your colleagues proceed with the review, please feel free to contact me via email.

Sincerely,

/ WV ... W =

Katrina V. Emmel, Ph.D. Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate

GRAS Associates, LLC 11810 Grand Park Ave Suite 500 North Bethesda, MD 20852 emmel@gras-associates.com

• • •

Appendix A



September 29, 2022

To Blue California

From: AceOne RS, Inc.

Subject: GRN 1024 D-psicose, Revised EDIs

We found that the Tables 1-2 and 1-3 presented earlier (April 29, 2022) had clerical errors; for many age groups, we accidently switched the user 90th percentile and per capita mean values. Please find the revised Tables 1-2 and 1-3 (page 11 of the April 2022 report) and Table 1-3 (page 13; now Table 1-5). We also revised the statement related to EDIs. We apologize for the inconvenience associated with this amendment.

Results

As shown in Tables 1-2 and 1-3, approximately 90% of the population were users of D-allulose. The cumulative mean and 90th percentile all-user intakes of D-allulose were determined to be 11.4 and 26.8 g/person/day, respectively, under the cumulative use when the average of 2-day 2015-2018 NHANES dataset was used for calculation of EDIs.

Males older than 19 years of age would have the highest 90th percentile intake among the various age/gender groups, with the 90th percentile value of 37.8 g/person/day in all-users.

On a body weight basis, the cumulative mean and 90th percentile all-user intakes of D-allulose were determined to be 0.17 and 0.40 g/kg bw/day. Children aged 2-5 had the highest 90th percentile EDI at 0.81 g/kg bw/day in all-users.

Table 1-2. Maximum Cumulative EDIs of D-allulose, g/day* (Assuming All the Foods will be Used at the Maximum Use Levels and When Averages of 2-day Survey Data Were Used)

			Per Use	Per User (g/day)		ta (g/day)
	N of	% of		90th		90th
13-18 M+F	Users	Users	Mean	Percentile	Mean	Percentile
U.S. 2+ y	11,198	90.0	11.4 ± 0.30	26.8 ± 0.96	10.3 ± 0.28	25.2 ± 0.93
2-5 y	936	94.2	6.4 ± 0.39	13.6 ± 1.1	6.0 ± 0.37	13.1 ± 1.0
6-12 y	1,617	93.1	7.3 ± 0.30	15.7 ± 0.80	6.8 ± 0.27	15.0 ± 0.67
13-18 M+F	1,171	82.8	7.2 ± 0.34	16.0 ± 1.3	5.9 ± 0.26	14.4 ± 1.2
13-18 M	567	80.5	7.7 ± 0.39	17.2 ± 1.4	6.2 ± 0.33	14.6 ± 1.4
13-18 F	604	85.0	6.7 ± 0.42	15.2 ± 1.6	5.7 ± 0.39	14.3 ± 1.2
19-99 M+F	7,474	90.2	12.7 ± 0.40	30.4 ± 1.2	11.5 ± 0.37	28.7 ± 1.3
19-99 M	3,568	88.7	15.3 ± 0.57	37.8 ± 1.8	13.6 ± 0.51	34.6 ± 1.8
19-99 F	3,906	91.5	10.2 ± 0.34	24.2 ± 0.97	9.4 ± 0.33	23.2 ± 0.84

• • •

Table 1-3. Maximum Cumulative EDIs of D-allulose, g/kg bw/day* (Assuming All the Foods will be Used at the Maximum Use Levels and When Averages of 2-day Survey Data Were Used)

			Per User (g/kg/day)	Per Capita	(g/kg/day)
	N of	% of		90th		90th
Population	Users	Users	Mean	Percentile	Mean	Percentile
U.S. 2+ y	11,099	89.5	0.17 ± 0.004	0.40 ± 0.012	0.15 ± 0.004	0.38 ± 0.011
2-5 y	922	92.9	0.38 ± 0.022	0.81 ± 0.050	0.36 ± 0.021	0.81 ± 0.045
6-12 y	1,610	92.7	0.23 ± 0.011	0.47 ± 0.021	0.21 ± 0.010	0.46 ± 0.020
13-18 M+F	1,162	82.1	0.11 ± 0.006	0.25 ± 0.021	0.09 ± 0.005	0.22 ± 0.017
13-18 M	565	80.1	0.12 ± 0.006	0.28 ± 0.023	0.09 ± 0.005	0.23 ± 0.024
13-18 F	597	84.0	0.11 ± 0.007	0.23 ± 0.025	0.09 ± 0.006	0.22 ± 0.021
19-99 M+F	7,405	89.6	0.16 ± 0.005	0.37 ± 0.015	0.14 ± 0.004	0.35 ± 0.014
19-99 M	3,534	88.2	0.17 ± 0.006	0.41 ± 0.021	0.15 ± 0.006	0.39 ± 0.017
19-99 F	3,871	91.0	0.14 ± 0.005	0.33 ± 0.013	0.13 ± 0.005	0.32 ± 0.012
* Based on NHANES 2015-2018 2 Day Intakes						

Table 1-4. Maximum Cumulative EDIs of D-allulose, g/day* (Assuming All the Foods will be Used at the Maximum Use Levels and When Day 1 Survey Data Were Used)

			<u> </u>			
			Per User (g/day)		Per Capit	a (g/day)
13-18 M+F	N of Users	% of Users	Mean	90th Percentile	Mean	90th Percentile
U.S. 2+ y	9,553	78.3	13.0 ± 0.40	31.5 ± 1.3	10.2 ± 0.35	26.4 ± 0.80
2-5 y	836	84.0	6.9 ± 0.44	16.2 ± 1.8	5.8 ± 0.39	14.7 ± 1.2
6-12 y	1,354	79.7	8.8 ± 0.45	19.3 ± 1.3	7.0 ± 0.35	17.6 ± 1.2
13-18 M+F	939	69.4	8.9 ± 0.52	20.0 ± 1.3	6.2 ± 0.38	16.3 ± 1.4
13-18 M	464	67.4	9.7 ± 0.73	20.7 ± 1.8	6.6 ± 0.52	16.7 ± 1.5
13-18 F	475	71.4	8.1 ± 0.53	18.2 ± 1.7	5.8 ± 0.45	15.4 ± 2.3
19-99 M+F	6,424	78.7	14.4 ± 0.55	35.9 ± 1.4	11.3 ± 0.47	29.9 ± 1.5
19-99 M	3,078	77.2	17.4 ± 0.83	46.9 ± 2.6	13.4 ± 0.67	37.5 ± 2.4
19-99 F	3,346	80.1	11.6 ± 0.43	28.4 ± 1.3	9.3 ± 0.37	25.8 ± 1.1

• • •

Table 1-5. Maximum Cumulative EDIs of D-allulose, g/kg bw/day* (Assuming All the Foods will be Used at the Maximum Use Levels and When Day 1 Survey Data Were Used)

			Per User (g/kg/day)		Per Capita	(g/kg/day)
	N of	% of		90th		90th
Population	Users	Users	Mean	Percentile	Mean	Percentile
U.S. 2+ y	9,468	77.8	0.20 ± 0.005	0.49 ± 0.018	0.15 ± 0.005	0.41 ± 0.019
2-5 y	826	83.1	0.41 ± 0.025	0.97 ± 0.085	0.35 ± 0.023	0.89 ± 0.084
6-12 y	1,347	79.4	0.27 ± 0.014	0.61 ± 0.037	0.22 ± 0.011	0.53 ± 0.041
13-18 M+F	932	68.8	0.14 ± 0.009	0.32 ± 0.027	0.10 ± 0.006	0.26 ± 0.021
13-18 M	462	66.9	0.15 ± 0.012	0.34 ± 0.042	0.10 ± 0.008	0.27 ± 0.025
13-18 F	470	70.7	0.13 ± 0.009	0.30 ± 0.028	0.10 ± 0.008	0.25 ± 0.032
19-99 M+F	6,363	78.3	0.18 ± 0.006	0.45 ± 0.026	0.14 ± 0.005	0.38 ± 0.019
19-99 M	3,048	76.8	0.20 ± 0.009	0.51 ± 0.028	0.15 ± 0.007	0.45 ± 0.028
19-99 F	3,315	79.6	0.16 ± 0.006	0.38 ± 0.021	0.13 ± 0.005	0.34 ± 0.017

If you have any questions, please contact us.

Sincerely,

Susan Cho, Ph.D. AceOne RS, Inc. (301) 875-6454

susanscho1@yahoo.com or scho@aceoners.com

END

From: <u>Hice, Stephanie</u>
To: <u>William J. Rowe</u>

Subject: RE: GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

Date: Tuesday, September 27, 2022 1:02:00 PM

Attachments: 2022-09-27 GRN 1024 - Questions for Notifier.pdf

image001.png image002.png image003.png image004.png image005.png image006.png

Dear Mr. Rowe,

During our review of GRAS Notice No. 001024, we noted an additional question that needs to be addressed and is attached to this email.

We respectfully request a response within **10 business days**. If you are unable to complete the response within that time frame, please contact me to discuss further options. Please do not include any confidential information in your response.

If you have questions or need further clarification, please feel free to contact me. Thank you in advance for your attention to our comments.

Sincerely,

Stiffy Hice

Stephanie (Stiffy) Hice, Ph.D. (they/them/their)

Regulatory Review Scientist & Microbiology Reviewer

Division of Food Ingredients
Office of Food Additive Safety
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
stephanie.hice@fda.hhs.gov

Pronouns: They-Them-Their (what is this?)













September 27, 2022

Questions/Comments Regarding GRN 001024:

1. In the amendment dated April 29, 2022, the notifier describes that "The cumulative mean and 90th percentile all-user intakes of D-allulose were determined to be 10.2 and 24.2 g/person/day, respectively..." and that "On a body weight basis, the cumulative mean and 90th percentile all-users intakes of D-allulose were determined to be 0.17 and 0.40 g/kg bw/day, respectively" (page 11). However, we note that results of the cumulative estimated dietary intake (EDI) presented in Tables 1-2 and 1-3 on page 11 do not match with the notifier's statements. For the administrative record, please clarify this statement including revised Tables 1-2 and 1-3.

From: <u>Katrina Emmel</u>
To: <u>Hice, Stephanie</u>

Cc: Amy Mozingo; William J. Rowe

Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier Date: Wednesday, December 14, 2022 4:05:23 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

Blue Cal Allulose Amendment GRN 1024 12-14-22 revised.pdf

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Good Afternoon, Dr. Hice,

I was just brought to my attention that there were a few inadvertent typos in the Appendix of the Amendment to GRN 1024. I am providing you with a revised Amendment to GRN 1024 with these typos corrected. I apologize for any confusion this may cause and appreciate your patience.

Thank you,

Katrina

Katrina Emmel. Ph.D.

Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate at GRAS Associates



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On Dec 14, 2022, at 11:42 AM, Hice, Stephanie < Stephanie. Hice@fda.hhs.gov wrote:

CAUTION: External email. Don't click on links or open attachments you do not trust. Good afternoon, Dr. Emmel –

Thank you for your attention to our comments.

I am confirming receipt. I will let you know if we have further questions.

Sincerely,

Stiffy Hice

Stephanie (Stiffy) Hice, Ph.D. (they/them/their)

Regulatory Review Scientist & Microbiology Reviewer

Division of Food Ingredients
Office of Food Additive Safety
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
stephanie.hice@fda.hhs.gov

Pronouns: They-Them-Their (what is this?)

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From: Katrina Emmel < emmel@gras-associates.com >

Sent: Wednesday, December 14, 2022 2:32 PM **To:** Hice, Stephanie < Stephanie. Hice@fda.hhs.gov>

Cc: Amy Mozingo ; William J. Rowe

<wre><wre>constraints</re>

Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

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Good Afternoon, Dr. Hice,

Attached you will find an Amendment to GRN 1024, in response to questions in your email dated November 29, 2022. Please let me know if you have further questions.

Thank you,

Katrina

Katrina Emmel, Ph.D.

Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate at GRAS Associates

<image007.png>

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On Dec 13, 2022, at 7:45 AM, Hice, Stephanie Stephanie.Hice@fda.hhs.gov wrote:

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Good morning, Dr. Emmel -

Thank you for your email and for the update. An extension of one business day would be fine.

Sincerely,

Stiffy Hice

Stephanie (Stiffy) Hice, Ph.D. (they/them/their)

Regulatory Review Scientist & Microbiology Reviewer

Division of Food Ingredients
Office of Food Additive Safety
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
stephanie.hice@fda.hhs.gov

Pronouns: They-Them-Their (what is this?)

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ng> <image006.png> <image007.png>

From: Katrina Emmel < emmel@gras-associates.com >

Sent: Monday, December 12, 2022 5:39 PM

To: Amy Mozingo

Cc: Hice, Stephanie < <u>Stephanie.Hice@fda.hhs.gov</u>>; William J. Rowe

<wre>wrowe@nutrasource.ca>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] Re: GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Dr. Hice,

We have been working on preparing the requested amendment to GRN 1024, but have run into an unexpected delay. We are requesting a 1-business day extension, if possible. Can our request be accommodated?

Thank you,

Katrina

Katrina Emmel, Ph.D.

Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate at GRAS Associates

<image008.png>

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On Nov 29, 2022, at 10:09 AM, Amy Mozingo <amozingo@gras-associates.com> wrote:

Dr. Hice,

Thank you very much for the meeting today. We appreciate the opportunity to provide an amendment and will respond within the 10-business day timeframe.

Regards

Amy

Amy Mozingo, MS
VP US Nutra Regulatory Sciences
GRAS Associates a Nutrasource Pharmaceutical and
Nutraceutical Services company

O: 301-461-8929 | C: 772-532-3454

<image007.png>

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From: Hice, Stephanie < Stephanie.Hice@fda.hhs.gov>

Sent: Tuesday, November 29, 2022 12:17 PM

To: Amy Mozingo **Cc:** William J. Rowe wrowe@nutrasource.ca; Katrina

Emmel < emmel@gras-associates.com >

Subject: RE: GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

CAUTION: External email. Don't click on links or open attachments you do not trust.

Good afternoon, Ms. Mozingo –

As discussed this afternoon, during our review of GRAS Notice No. 001024, we noted an additional question that needs to be addressed and is below.

The notifier states on page 51 of their GRAS notice:

"The maximum tolerable single dose level of allulose in humans was reported to be 0.5 g per kg bw for males and 0.6 g per kg bw for females (lida et al. 2007), which is higher than the calculated EDIs determined for Blue California's Allulose."

However, in the amendment dated October 6, 2022, the notifier provided an updated cumulative EDI (Appendix A) that reports the 90th percentile for ages 2-5 years old to be 0.81 g/kg bw/d. For the administrative record, the notifier should provide a robust narrative to elaborate on their conclusion that intakes of the ingredient would be unlikely to result in gastrointestinal effects in young children (i.e., 2-5 years).

We respectfully request a response within **10** business days. If you are unable to complete the response within that time frame, please contact me to discuss further options. Please do not include any confidential information in your response.

If you

have questions or need further clarification, please feel free to contact me. Thank you in advance for your attention to our comment.

Sincerely,

Stiffy Hice

Stephanie (Stiffy) Hice, Ph.D. (they/them/their)

Regulatory Review Scientist & Microbiology Reviewer

Division of Food Ingredients
Office of Food Additive Safety
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
stephanie.hice@fda.hhs.gov

Pronouns: They-Them-Their (what is this?)

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Amendment to GRAS Notification 1024 Allulose

on behalf of

Blue California

30111 Tomas Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688

12/14/22

12/14/22

DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT

The purpose of this Amendment to GRN 1024 is to provide a revised intake assessment for the modified proposed uses and use levels of Blue California's Allulose preparation. No other changes have been made to the manufacturing process, chemical properties, or safety-related information provided in GRN 1024 or in subsequent letters to FDA.

PART 3. DIETARY EXPOSURE

A. Estimate of Dietary Exposure to Allulose

1. Estimated Background Intake of Allulose from the Diet

Allulose occurs naturally in small amounts in the diet. It is present in bakery products, sweets, and fruits (FDA, 2017; Oshima et al., 2006). The allulose content in certain foods is listed in Table 1. The mean and 90th percentile Estimated Daily Intakes (EDIs) of naturally occurring allulose reported in GRN 693 were 94.8 and 260.7 mg of allulose per person per day (FDA, 2017).

2. Estimated Dietary Intakes of Allulose from Intended Use in Foods

Blue California's Allulose preparation is intended to be used as a sweetener in select foods and beverages and is not intended for use in infant formulas or meat and poultry. The amounts of Blue California's Allulose to be added to foods will not exceed the amounts reasonably required to accomplish the intended technical effect in foods. The proposed uses and use levels of allulose described in GRAS Notices that have received "no questions" letters from FDA through May 24, 2021 are compared to the proposed uses and use levels for Blue California's Allulose in Table 2. It should be noted that the intended use for Blue California's Allulose is as a substitute for existent uses of allulose, as well as proposed expanded uses in: grain based cereal and protein bars; and low- and reduced-calorie alcoholic beverages.

[Remainder of page intentionally blank]

Table 1. Occurrence of Allulose in the Diet

Food	mg Allulose/100 g Food			
Bakery F	Products			
Sponge Cake	11.0			
Corn-snack	47.0			
Rice cracker	27.3			
Cookie	26.7			
Brown sugar drop	76.5			
Fried dough cake	95.6			
Chocolate chip cookie	6.4			
Cereal	2.2			
Seasonings a	nd Beverages			
Caramel sauce	83.0			
Brown sugar	71.1			
Meat sauce	15.8			
Demiglace	16.3			
Maple syrup	57.9			
Ketchup	39.8			
Worcestershire sauce	130.6			
Coke	38.3			
Coffee	0.5			
Fruit juice	21.5			
Tomato juice	2.4			
Fru	uits			
Dried fig	29.6			
Dried kiwi	9.4			
Raisin	38.7			
Canned peaches	1.5			
Canned mandarin oranges	8.4			
Canned cherries	2.0			

^a Adapted from Oshima (2006) and FDA (2017).

Table 2. Proposed Uses and Use Levels of Allulose

Food Category	GRN 400	GRN 498	GRN 693 (w/w)	GRN 828	Blue California's Allulose
Bakery products (rolls, cakes, pies, pastries, and cookies) rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetic	10%	NS	10%*	10%	10%
Beverages (non-alcoholic) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free	2.1%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cereals Regular cereals,	10% 	 2%	 2%	 2%	 2%
low calories, reduced sugar, sugar-free		5%	5%	5%	5%
Chewing gum	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Confections and frostings	NS	5%	5%	5%	5%
Frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet: low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Yogurt (regular and frozen), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Dressings for salads	NS	5%	5%	5%	5%
Gelatins, pudding, and fillings; low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Hard candies Hard candies (including pressed candy, mints)	70%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Soft candies (non-chocolate, plain chocolate, chocolate coated) (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Jams and jellies	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Sugar	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Sugar substitutes	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Sweet sauces and syrups low calorie, reduced calorie and sugar free	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Fat based creams	10%	NS	5%	5%	10%
Coffee mix	30%	NS	NS	NS	30%
Grain based cereal bars, protein bars	NS	NS	NS	NS	15%
Alcoholic beverages (pre-mixed cocktails, wine coolers, and malt beverages) (low/reduced kcal only)	NS	NS	NS	NS	3.5%

^{* =} GRN 828 states that these values were accidentally noted as 10-100% in GRN 693

NS - not specified

12/14/22

B. Estimate of Dietary Exposure to the Substance

1. Estimated Dietary Intakes (EDIs) of Allulose From Intended Use in Foods

It is currently impossible to determine the actual intake levels of allulose from commercial applications as no publicly available consumption data are available. However, this is not a concern since the use of Blue California's Allulose is expected to be a substitute for equivalent products already in the marketplace.

The Creme Food Safety® model was used to calculate exposure estimates for allulose under the intended uses using the National Nutrition and Health Examination Survey (NHANES) 2017-2018 dietary data. Intake of allulose was examined for intended use within NHANES food codes. Intake was reported in g per day and in g per kg body weight per day. The estimated mean and 90th percentiles are given for the total population and for consumers only. Individuals were considered "consumers" if they reported consumption of one or more food products from the selected food codes on either Day 1 or Day 2 of the survey. The full estimated dietary intake report is provided in Appendix 1.

The results of the EDI assessment under the intended uses are summarized in Tables 3 and 4. Table 3 shows the results of the mean and the 90th percentile intakes in g per day and mg per kg body weight (bw) per day for all-users and Table 4 shows the mean and the 90th percentile intakes in g per day and mg per kg bw per day for the total population. The mean and 90th percentile EDIs of all users aged 2 years and older were 9.2 and 22.1 g per person per day, respectively. All users aged 2 to 110 years had EDIs equal to or below 0.29 g per kg bw per day. These results reveal an average maximum exposure would occur in males 19 years of age or older, with a 90th percentile value of 30.2 g per day or 0.33 g per kg bw per day. On a body weight basis, children ages 2-5 years had the highest 90th percentile EDI at 0.52 g per kg bw per day.

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Table 3. Maximum EDIs of Allulose Based on NHANES [2017-2018] Survey Data (All Users)

Ago/gondor	N of			g/pe	erson/day			g/k	g bw/day	
Age/gender group	users	% users	Mean	± SE	90 th percentile	± SE	Mean	± SE	90 th percentile	± SE
2-5 y	422	89.8	4.0	0.20	9.2	0.67	0.23	0.01	0.52	0.03
6-12 y	704	88.9	6.0	0.25	13.9	0.55	0.19	0.01	0.45	0.01
13-18 y, M+F	536	78.6	4.8	0.22	12.0	1.00	0.07	0.00	0.19	0.01
13-18 y, M	251	74.7	4.6	0.35	10.8	1.54	0.07	0.00	0.16	0.01
13-18 y, F	285	82.4	5.0	0.34	14.0	1.14	0.08	0.01	0.21	0.02
19-110 y, M+F	3666	86.5	10.4	0.27	25.4	0.73	0.12	0.00	0.29	0.01
19-110 y, M	1730	85.4	12.9	0.45	30.2	1.88	0.14	0.00	0.33	0.02
19-110 y, F	1936	87.4	8.1	0.27	18.2	0.77	0.11	0.00	0.25	0.01
2+ y	5328	86.2	9.2	0.22	22.1	0.76	0.13	0.00	0.32	0.01

bw – body weight; F – female; g = grams; kg – kilogram; M – male; N – number; SE – standard error; y – years

Table 4. Maximum EDIs of Allulose Based on NHANES [2017-2018] Survey Data (Per capita)

Ago/gondor	N of	%		g/pe	erson/day			g/kg	bw/day	
Age/gender group	users	users	Mean	± SE	90 th percentile	± SE	Mean	± SE	90 th percentile	± SE
2-5 y	422	89.8	3.7	0.20	9.1	0.60	0.21	0.01	0.51	0.03
6-12 y	704	88.9	5.5	0.31	13.2	0.60	0.17	0.01	0.43	0.02
13-18 y, M+F	536	78.6	3.9	0.21	10.8	0.61	0.06	0.00	0.17	0.01
13-18 y, M	251	74.7	3.5	0.35	9.0	1.16	0.05	0.00	0.14	0.02
13-18 y, F	285	82.4	4.3	0.35	11.8	1.20	0.07	0.00	0.19	0.01
19-110 y, M+F	3666	86.5	9.0	0.25	23.6	0.85	0.11	0.00	0.27	0.01
19-110 y, M	1730	85.4	11.1	0.49	28.2	1.03	0.12	0.01	0.32	0.01
19-110 y, F	1936	87.4	7.1	0.25	16.5	0.70	0.10	0.00	0.22	0.01
2+ y	5328	86.2	8.0	0.18	19.6	0.74	0.12	0.00	0.29	0.01

bw – body weight; F – female; g = grams; kg – kilogram; M – male; N – number; SE – standard error; y – years

As reported in GRN 828, the mean and 90th percentile EDI of allulose in the total population aged 2 years and older, based upon the 2011-2014 NHANES dataset, was 11.0 and 30.0 g per person per day. These estimated intakes are higher than the corresponding mean and 90th percentile EDIs determined by Blue California of 9.2 and 22.1 g per person per day, respectively, determined using more recent NHANES survey data. GRN 828 notes that "males older than 19 years of age would have the highest 90th percentile intake among user groups, with the 90th percentile value of 36.3 g per person per day in all-uses." Blue California's intake assessment data also indicates that exposure would be greatest for males 19 years of age or older, with a lower estimated 90th percentile value of 30.2 g per person per day. It should be noted that Blue California's lower EDI estimates were obtained for the intended use as a substitute for existent uses of allulose, as well as proposed

12/14/22

expanded uses in: grain based cereal and protein bars; and low- and reduced-calorie alcoholic beverages. On a body weight basis, both GRN 828 and Blue California note that children ages 2-5 years have the highest 90th percentile EDI, calculated to be ~0.5 g per kg bw per day in both intake assessments.

The maximum tolerable single dose level of allulose in humans was reported to be 0.5 g per kg bw for males and 0.6 g per kg bw for females (lida et al., 2007), which are equivalent or higher than the calculated EDIs determined for Blue California's Allulose. Furthermore, Han et al. (2018) concluded that the maximum single dose of allulose and the maximum daily intake of allulose should be 0.4 g per kg bw and 0.9 g per kg bw per day, respectively. Blue California notes that the highest 90th percentile estimated daily intake for Allulose for any subpopulation is 0.52 g per kg bw per day, which is well-below the maximum daily intake reported by Han et al. (2018). FDA has previously determined that comparable exposures to allulose resulting from the similar uses and use levels are GRAS. Exposure from consuming doses of allulose that occur naturally in foods is negligible. Blue California's Allulose would be expected to be used in place of other allulose products that are currently on the market.

Furthermore, Blue California's EDI estimates are highly amplified since it is unlikely that allulose will be used at the maximum levels for all food categories under the intended uses and all of those foods will be consumed in one day. In addition, short-term surveys, such as the typical 2-day dietary surveys, may overestimate the consumption of food products that are consumed relatively infrequently. Even if some consumers consumed full servings from all categories on a given day, it is highly unlikely that they would do so 365 days per year.

C. Conclusion

The proposed uses and use levels of Blue California's Allulose are similar to those that have been proposed in GRAS notices which have received "no questions" responses from FDA, with the addition of proposed uses in grain based cereal and protein bars; and low- and reduced-calorie alcoholic beverages. While Blue California proposes expanded uses, it should be noted that the resulting EDIs determined using 2017-2018 NHANES data are lower than those presented in GRN 828, the most recent GRAS Notice to receive a "no questions" letter from FDA. A number of well-respected regulatory agencies, including FDA and Health Canada, as well as numerous well-respected individual scientists, have concluded that allulose is safe for human consumption at levels similar to those proposed for Blue California's Allulose.

In summary, a compelling case can be made that scientific consensus exists regarding the safety of allulose. Based on the information reviewed herein, Blue California has concluded that our Allulose preparation is generally recognized as safe for the proposed uses at the proposed use levels for the specified food applications and maintains that well-qualified scientists would concur.

e California 12/14/22

PART 2. LIST OF SUPPORTING DATA AND INFORMATION IN THE GRAS NOTICE.

A. References

1. List of Acronyms

bw Body weight

EDIs Estimated Daily Intakes

F Female
g gram
kg kilogram
M Male
N Number

NHANES National Nutrition and Health Examination Survey

NS Not specified

y years

2. References

FDA (2014) GRN No. 498 Psicose. Available at:

https://www.cfsanappsexternal.fda.gov/scripts/fdcc/index.cfm?set=GRASNotices&id=498.

FDA (2017) GRAS Notice 693 D-allulose (D-psicose) as a Food Ingredient. Available at:

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/fdcc/index.cfm?set=GRASNotices&id=693.

Han, Y., Choi, B. R., Kim, S. Y., Kim, S. B., Kim, Y. H., Kwon, E. Y. and Choi, M. S. (2018) 'Gastrointestinal Tolerance of D-Allulose in Healthy and Young Adults. A Non-Randomized Controlled Trial', *Nutrients*, 10(12).

lida, T., Kishimoto, Y., Yoshikawa, Y., Okuma, K., Yagi, K., Matsuo, T. and Izumori, K. (2007) 'Estimation of maximum non effective level of D-psicose in causing diarrhea in human subjects.', *J. Adv. Food Ingred.*, 10, pp. 15–19.

Oshima, H., Kimura, I. and IZUMORI, K. (2006) 'Psicose contents in various food products and its origin', *Food science and technology research*, 12(2), pp. 137-143.

Oshima, H., Kimura, I., Izumori, K. (2006) 'Psicose Contents in Various Food Products and its Origin', *Food Sci Technol Res*, 12(2), pp. 137-143.

B. Appendix

Appendix 1 Estimated Daily Intake Report

Dietary Intake Assessment for Blue California's Allulose

Proposed Use and Food Codes Utilized for Intake Calculation

The dietary exposure distributions were calculated using the Creme Food Safety® modelⁱ, a scientific cloud-based software service designed and developed to calculate dietary intakes of foods, chemicals, and nutrients in populations of consumers. This is achieved by linking food consumption data from the What We Eat In America (WWEIA) portion of the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) to the appropriate food composition and chemical occurrence data using a number of validated and published models, available upon request from Crème Global (https://www.cremeglobal.com/). Calculations for this intake analysis were completed using deterministic (single points) input data. Output calculation types include daily average intakes and acute exposures, as well as population statistics such as mean, percentiles, standard errors, and confidence intervals. Results are reported for "Consumers Only" (i.e., consumers of the food / substance of interest) and *per capita* (i.e., total population of consumers and non-consumers). Results of the exposure assessment are given in absolute terms (g/day) as well as relative to the consumer's body weight (g/kg bw/day). The per unit of bodyweight exposure is calculated on a subject level using the bodyweight recorded by the NHANES data.

The proposed use and food codes used in the intake calculations are comparable to those in GRN 498 for Psicose submitted by the Matusani Chemical Industry Company, Ltd. (FDA, 2014). GRN 498 received a "no questions letter" in 2014 and subsequent GRNs (693 and 828) reference the intake assessments in GRN 498 and GRN 400 as the basis for their intake analysis. While GRN 400 provides food categories with intended use levels, it does not specify the food codes or methodology used to calculate the intake values, beyond the use of the NHANES 2005-2008 data set. In addition, GRN 400 used only single day data from the NHANES survey, whereas GRN 498 used an average of intake over two survey reporting days.

Food Code Comparison with GRN 498

The intake assessment presented in GRN 498 in some cases used multiple recipe databases, including the Food Commodity Intake Database¹ and the Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies² to examine the component ingredients for the food code. This resulted in a selection of food codes that appears to arbitrarily exclude certain related codes within a group. Over time, the food codes included in NHANES have changed, making it difficult to duplicate the intake assessment as more recent survey data becomes available. In order to modernize the intake analysis using

GRAS ASSOCIATES, LLC

¹ https://fcid.foodrisk.org/ (Accessed December 9, 2022)

² https://www.ars.usda.gov/northeast-area/beltsville-md-bhnrc/beltsville-human-nutrition-research-center/food-surveys-research-group/docs/fndds-download-databases/ (Accessed December 9, 2022)

NHANES 2017-18 data, the most recent year available, adjustments to the food code selection were made as follows in Table 1A. The final food code selections are found in Table 2A.

Table 1A. Decision criteria for food codes

Category	Maximum Proposed Use Level %	Updated Decision Criteria
Bakery products (rolls, cakes, pies, pastries, and cookies) rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetic	10	This category included food codes from the cakes and pies; cookies and brownies; and doughnuts, sweet rolls, and pastries categories that are indicated as diet, low fat, reduced fat, or sugar free as proxy food codes for dietetic products in these categories. To provide a conservative intake estimate and because some of the food codes overlap with the confections and frostings category, all food codes in these categories were assumed to have 10% inclusion on the full intake amount.
Beverages (non-alcoholic) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free)	3.5	Included all of the diet sport and energy drinks, diet soft drinks, and other diet drinks and reconstituted coffee beverages. Omitted drinks containing fruit juice.
Cereals, low and reduced calorie, sugar-free	5	All ready-to-eat cereals in both low and higher-sugar categories were included and a 2% inclusion level applied. Only one food code identified a
Cereals, regular	2	"less sugar" option, and it is included in the "higher sugar" category. Many of the oat bran cereal, cream of wheat cereal, and whole wheat cereal food codes have changed in the 2017-18 codes. Total number of food codes has increased. Excluded instant plain oatmeal and regular and quick oats (non-instant varieties that do not indicate a flavor). Included all codes for cream of wheat, whole wheat, and oat bran. Nestum is not included because Blue California's allulose is not intended for use in baby foods.
Chewing gum	50	All codes. Inclusion level for chewing gum used at 50%. Chewing gum, hard and soft candy grouped for calculation purposes.
Frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet: low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	5	Used all food codes in Ice Cream and Frozen Dairy indicating "Light".
Yogurt (regular and frozen), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free	5	Used all frozen yogurt codes as none indicate light or otherwise and are assumed to be inclusive of these options. Included all Greek and regular yogurt that was flavored or with fruit that indicated light, fat free, or NS. Frozen yogurt included in Frozen dairy desserts for calculation purposes.
Hard candies (including pressed candy, mints)	50	Only one dietetic code. Used all codes that referenced hard candy. Chewing gum, hard and soft candy grouped for calculation purposes.
Soft candies (non- chocolate, plain chocolate, chocolate coated) (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	25	Included all dietetic or low-calorie candy. Chewing gum, hard and soft candy grouped for calculation purposes.
Sugar	10	Included all sugars and honey codes, including natural sweeteners.
Sugar substitutes Sweet sauces and syrups low calorie, reduced calorie	100	Included the entire sugar substitutes category. Included icing, flavored syrup, toppings, and dips.
and sugar free		Included with Jams and jellies for calculation purposes

Fat-based cream - used in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries and pie	10	Included all whipped toppings.
Coffee mix	30	Included non-reconstituted coffee powders
Grain based cereal bars, protein bars	15	Included all low calorie, reduced calorie or less sugar cereal bars. Included all nutrition bars.
Alcoholic beverages (pre- mixed cocktails, wine coolers, and malt beverages) (low/reduced kcal only)	3.5	Included lite and low-calorie beer and alcoholic beverages mixed with diet cola.
Confections and frostings	5	Revised to be covered by hard candies, soft candies, and bakery food codes.
Dressings for salads	5	Included all salad dressings. Did not include plain oils.
Gelatins, pudding, fillings (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	10	Included gelatin desserts and puddings indicating sugar free.
Jams and jellies	10	Peanut butter and jelly sandwiches now have own category – included all codes indicating reduced sugar jelly. Calculated on only jelly portion, using a factor of 11% ³ . Three food codes for cakes and doughnuts with jelly were included in the frosting category for calculations due to the structure of the intake analysis software ⁴ .

Table 2A. 2017-2018 Food Codes Used for Intake Analysis

Food Code	Main Food Description
Bakery products	s (rolls, cakes, pies, pastries, and cookies) rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetic
53100100	Cake or cupcake, NS as to type
53101200	Cake, angel food, with icing or filling
53101250	Cake, angel food, with fruit and icing or filling
53102200	Cake or cupcake, applesauce, with icing or filling
53102700	Cake or cupcake, banana, with icing or filling
53104260	Cake or cupcake, carrot, with icing or filling
53104400	Cake or cupcake, coconut, with icing or filling
53105270	Cake or cupcake, chocolate, devil's food or fudge, with icing or filling
53105300	Cake or cupcake, German chocolate, with icing or filling
53105500	Cake, chocolate, with icing, diet
53108200	Snack cake, chocolate, with icing or filling
53108220	Snack cake, chocolate, with icing or filling, reduced fat and calories
53109200	Snack cake, not chocolate, with icing or filling
53109220	Snack cake, not chocolate, with icing or filling, reduced fat and calories
53111000	Cake or cupcake, gingerbread
53114100	Cake or cupcake, lemon, with icing or filling
53115200	Cake or cupcake, marble, with icing or filling
53115320	Cake or cupcake, nut, with icing or filling
53115410	Cake or cupcake, oatmeal
53115450	Cake or cupcake, peanut butter
53116020	Cake, pound, with icing or filling
53116510	Cake or cupcake, pumpkin, with icing or filling

 $^{^3}$ Calculated using the Reference Amounts Customarily Consumed (RACC) for jelly and sandwiches. Assuming 1 mL = 1 g, the RACC for jelly is 15 g, and for sandwiches the RACC is 140 g. 15/140 = 10.7%

⁴ The same inclusion level for bakery was applied to these three codes, as noted in the confections and frostings section. GRAS ASSOCIATES, LLC Page 11 of 34

F2447000	Only an average with internal filtra
53117200	Cake or cupcake, spice, with icing or filling
53118200	Cake, sponge, with icing or filling
53118300	Cake, sponge, chocolate
53120270	Cake or cupcake, white, with icing or filling
53121270	Cake or cupcake, yellow, with icing or filling
53124110	Cake or cupcake, zucchini
53104300	Cake, carrot, diet
53116390	Cake, pound, reduced fat, cholesterol free
53123500	Cake, shortcake, with whipped topping and fruit, diet
53113000	Cake, jelly roll
53204000	Cookie, brownie, NS as to icing
53204100	Cookie, brownie, with icing or filling
53204840	Cookie, brownie, reduced fat, NS as to icing
53204860	Cookie, brownie, fat free, NS as to icing
53209005	Cookie, chocolate, with icing or coating
53209015	Cookie, chocolate sandwich
53209020	Cookie, chocolate sandwich, reduced fat
53209100	Cookie, chocolate, sandwich, with extra filling
53209500	Cookie, chocolate and vanilla sandwich
53210000	Cookie, chocolate wafer
53233050	Cookie, oatmeal sandwich, with creme filling
53237010	Cookie, raisin sandwich, cream-filled
53239050	Cookie, shortbread, with icing or filling
53243000	Cookie, vanilla sandwich
53243010	Cookie, vanilla sandwich, extra filling
53243050	Cookie, vanilla sandwich, reduced fat
53244010	Cookie, butter or sugar, with chocolate icing or filling
53244020	Cookie, butter or sugar, with icing or filling other than chocolate
53206030	Cookie, chocolate chip, reduced fat
53207020	Cookie, chocolate or fudge, reduced fat
53207050	Cookie, chocolate, with chocolate filling or coating, fat free
53220010	Cookie, fruit-filled bar, fat free
53220040	Cookie, fig bar, fat free
53233040	Cookie, oatmeal, reduced fat, NS as to raisins
53240000	Cookie, animal
53247050	Cookie, vanilla wafer, reduced fat
53260030	Cookie, chocolate chip, sugar free
53260200	Cookie, oatmeal, sugar free
53260300	Cookie, sandwich, sugar free
53260400	Cookie, sugar or plain, sugar free
53260500	Cookie, sugar wafer, sugar free
53260600	Cookie, peanut butter, sugar free
54102100	Graham crackers, reduced fat
53239010	Cookie, shortbread, reduced fat
51154510	Roll, diet
51160110	Roll, sweet, cinnamon bun, frosted
51161020	Roll, sweet, with fruit, frosted
51161030	Roll, sweet, with fruit, frosted, diet
51161050	Roll, sweet, frosted
51161270	Pan Dulce, with sugar topping
51161280	Pan Dulce, with raisins and icing
53520135	Doughnut, cake type, with icing
53520140	Doughnut, cake type, with cing Doughnut, cake type, chocolate icing
53520140	Doughnut, cake type, chocolate icing Doughnut, chocolate, with chocolate icing
53521130	Doughnut, chocolate, with chocolate icing Doughnut, yeast type, with chocolate icing
30321130	Doughnut, youst type, with encounterioling

51165000 Coffee cake, yeast type 53420210 Cream puff, eclair, custard or cream filled, iced, reduced fat 53530010 Breakfast art, lowfat 51161000 Pan Duice, with fruit, no frosting 5352140 Doughnut, jely Beverages (non-alcoholic) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free) 32440100 Soft drink, NFS, diet 92410320 Soft drink, cola, decaffeinated, diet 92410370 Soft drink, nepper type, diet 92410370 Soft drink, nepper type, diet 92410400 Soft drink, ream soda, diet 92410520 Soft drink, fruit flavored, diet, caffeinated, diet 92410520 Soft drink, fruit flavored, diet, caffeinated, diet 92410520 Soft drink, fruit flavored, diet, caffeina free 92410520 Soft drink, fruit flavored, diet 92410520 Soft drink, foot-beer, diet 92410520 Soft drink, foot-beer, diet 92410520 Soft drink, cola, chocalet flavored, diet 92410520 Energy drink, low calorie (Monster) 93512400 Energy drink, sugar free (Monster) 9351250 Energy drink, sugar free (No Fear) 93512500 Energy drink, sugar free (No Fear) 93512500 Energy drink, sugar free (Rob Bull) 93512700 Energy drink, sugar free (Rob Sull) 9351200 Energy	53521230	Doughput gustard filled with ising
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56207000 Cream of wheat, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, no added fat		
56207005 Cream of wheat, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, fat added		

56207015	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with water, NS as to fat
56207016	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with water, no added fat
56207017	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with water, fat added
56207021	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with milk, NS as to fat
56207022	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with milk, no added fat
56207023	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with milk, fat added
56207025	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, NS as to fat
56207026	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, no added fat
56207027	Cream of wheat, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, fat added
56207030	Cream of wheat, instant, made with water, no added fat
56207050	Wheat, cream of, cooked, made with milk and sugar, Puerto Rican style
56207060	Cream of wheat, instant, made with water, fat added
56207070	Cream of wheat, instant, made with water, NS as to fat
56207094	Cream of wheat, instant, made with milk, fat added
56207095	Cream of wheat, instant, made with milk, no added fat
56207096	Cream of wheat, instant, made with milk, NS as to fat
56207101	Cream of wheat, instant, made with non-dairy milk, NS as to fat
56207102	Cream of wheat, instant, made with non-dairy milk, no added fat
56207103	Cream of wheat, instant, made with non-dairy milk, fat added
56207190	Whole wheat cereal, cooked, NS as to fat
56207200	Whole wheat cereal, cooked, no added fat
56207210	Whole wheat cereal, cooked, fat added
56207370	Wheat cereal, chocolate flavored, cooked
56208500	Oat bran cereal, cooked, no added fat
56208510	Oat bran cereal, cooked, fat added
56208520	Oat bran cereal, cooked, NS as to fat
56200990	Grits, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, NS as to fat
56201000	Grits, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, no added fat
56201040	Grits, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, fat added
56201050	Grits, regular or quick, made with water, NS as to fat
56201051	Grits, regular or quick, made with water, no added fat
56201052	Grits, regular or quick, made with water, fat added
56201055	Grits, regular or quick, made with milk, NS as to fat
56201056	Grits, regular or quick, made with milk, no added fat
56201057	Grits, regular or quick, made with milk, fat added
56201065	Grits, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, NS as to fat
56201066	Grits, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, no added fat
56201067	Grits, regular or quick, made with non-dairy milk, fat added
56201090 56201091	Grits, with cheese, NS as to fat Grits, with cheese, no added fat
56201091	Grits, with cheese, fat added
56201210	Grits, with cheese, rat added Grits, instant, made with water, no added fat
56201210	Grits, instant, made with water, no added lat
56201230	Grits, instant, made with water, lat added Grits, instant, made with water, NS as to fat
56201340	Grits, instant, made with water, NS as to rat Grits, instant, made with milk, fat added
56201342	Grits, instant, made with milk, no added fat
56201344	Grits, instant, made with milk, NS as to fat
56201350	Grits, instant, made with non-dairy milk, NS as to fat
56201355	Grits, instant, made with non-dairy milk, no added fat
56201360	Grits, instant, made with non-dairy milk, fat added
56201515	Cornmeal mush, NS as to fat
56201516	Cornmeal mush, no added fat
56201517	Cornmeal mush, fat added
56201540	Cornmeal, Puerto Rican Style
56201600	Masa harina, cooked
30201000	I mada mama, dodina

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56205050	Rice, cream of, cooked, no added fat
56205080	Rice, creamed, made with milk and sugar, Puerto Rican style
56205090	Rice, cream of, cooked, fat added
56205092	Rice, cream of, cooked, NS as to fat
56205094	Rice, cream of, cooked, made with milk
56209000	Cream of rye
58174000	Upma, Indian breakfast dish
75217520	Hominy, cooked
56202960	Oatmeal, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, NS as to fat
56203000	Oatmeal, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, no added fat
56203040	Oatmeal, NS as to regular, quick, or instant, fat added
56203150	Oatmeal, instant, fruit flavored, NS as to fat
56203155	Oatmeal, instant, fruit flavored, no added fat
56203160	Oatmeal, instant, fruit flavored, fat added
56203170	Oatmeal, instant, other flavors, NS as to fat
56203175	Oatmeal, instant, other flavors, no added fat
56203180	Oatmeal, instant, other flavors, fat added
56203500 56203510	Oatmeal, reduced sugar, plain, NS as to fat
	Oatmeal, reduced sugar, plain, no added fat
56203520 56203550	Oatmeal, reduced sugar, plain, fat added Oatmeal, reduced sugar, flavored, NS as to fat
56203555	Oatmeal, reduced sugar, flavored, NS as to fat Oatmeal, reduced sugar, flavored, no added fat
56203560	Oatmeal, reduced sugar, flavored, no added fat Oatmeal, reduced sugar, flavored, fat added
56203600	Oatmeal, multigrain, NS as to fat
56203610	Oatmeal, multigrain, no added fat
56203620	Oatmeal, multigrain, no added
56202900	Oatmeal, from fast food, plain
56202905	Oatmeal, from fast food, maple flavored
56202910	Oatmeal, from fast food, fruit flavored
56202920	Oatmeal, from fast food, other flavors
56203125	Oatmeal, instant, maple flavored, NS as to fat
56203130	Oatmeal, instant, maple flavored, no added fat
56203135	Oatmeal, instant, maple flavored, fat added
56203540	Oatmeal, made with milk and sugar, Puerto Rican style
57125010	Cereal (General Mills 25% Less Sugar Cinnamon Toast Crunch)
57229000	Cereal (Kellogg's Low Fat Granola)
57106260	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Berry Burst)
57117000	Cereal (Quaker Cap'n Crunch)
57103100	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Apple Cinnamon)
57104000	Cereal (Kellogg's Apple Jacks)
57106060	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Banana Nut)
57117500	Cereal (Quaker Christmas Crunch)
57119000	Cereal (Quaker Cap'n Crunch's Crunchberries)
57120000	Cereal (Quaker Cap'n Crunch's Peanut Butter Crunch)
57124030	Cereal (General Mills Chex Chocolate)
57124050	Cereal (General Mills Chex Cinnamon)
57124100	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Chocolate)
57124200	Cereal, chocolate flavored, frosted, puffed corn
57124300	Cereal (General Mills Lucky Charms Chocolate)
57125000	Cereal (General Mills Cinnamon Toast Crunch)
57125900	Cereal (General Mills Honey Nut Clusters)
57126000	Cereal (Kellogg's Cocoa Krispies)
57127000	Cereal (Post Cocoa Pebbles)
57128000	Cereal (General Mills Cocoa Puffs)
57130000	Cereal (General Mills Cookie Crisp)

57139000 Cereal (General Mills Count Chocula) 57143000 Cereal (Post Great Grains, Cranberry Almond Crunch) 57206715 Cereal (General Mills Fiber One Raisin Bran Clusters) 57211000 Cereal (General Mills Frankenberry) 57213000 Cereal (Kellogg's Froot Loops) 57213010 Cereal (Kellogg's Froot Loops Marshmallow) 57213050 Cereal (Kellogg's Froot Loops Marshmallow) 57216000 Cereal, fruit rings 57221700 Cereal, fruit rings 57221710 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Fruity) 57221810 Cereal (Post Fruity Pebbles) 5722100 Cereal (Beneral Mills Golden Grahams) 57221700 Cereal, general Mills Golden Grahams) 57221700 Cereal, General Mills Golden Grahams) 57221700 Cereal, General Mills Cheer More Mut) 5722700 Cereal (Post Great Grains Raisins, Dates, and Pecans) 5722700 Cereal (Post Honeycomb) 5723800 Cereal (Post Honeycomb) 57240100 Cereal (General Mills Cheer Noney Nut) 57240100 Cereal (Kellogg's Honey Smacks) 57301511 Cereal (Kallogg's Honey Smacks)<
57143500 Cereal (Post Great Grains, Cranberry Almond Crunch) 57206715 Cereal (General Mills Fiber One Raisin Bran Clusters) 57211000 Cereal (Kellogg's Froot Loops) 57213010 Cereal (Kellogg's Froot Loops) 57213010 Cereal (Kellogg's Froot Loops Marshmallow) 57213850 Cereal (Kellogg's Froot Loops Marshmallow) 57213850 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Frosted) 57216000 Cereal, fruit rings 57221700 Cereal, fruit rings 57221810 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Fruity) 57223000 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Fruity) 57224000 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Fruity) 57224000 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Fruity) 5723100 Cereal (Post Fruity Pebbles) 5723100 Cereal (Post Great Grains Raisins, Dates, and Pecans) 5723100 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Honey Nut) 57241000 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Honey Nut) 57241000 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Honey Nut) 57241000 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Honey Nut) 57243000 Cereal (Kellogg's Honey Smacks) 57301511 Cereal (Kashi GOLEAN Crunch) 57301512 Cereal (Kashi GOLEAN Crunch Honey Almond Flax) 57305100 Cereal (Kellogg's Krave) 57305100 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cinnamon Toasters) 57305170 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Conco Boys) 57305170 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Consol Orus Bursts) 57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Consol Dyno-Bites) 57305100 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Consol Dyno-Bites) 57305000 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Hortis)
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57301511 Cereal (Kashi GOLEAN Crunch) 57301512 Cereal (Kashi GOLEAN Crunch Honey Almond Flax) 57303200 Cereal (Kellogg's Krave) 57305100 Cereal (General Mills Lucky Charms) 57305150 Cereal, frosted oat cereal with marshmallows 57305165 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cinnamon Toasters) 57305170 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Coco-Roos) 57305174 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Colossal Crunch) 57305175 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cocoa Dyno-Bites) 57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts) 57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs)
57301512 Cereal (Kashi GOLEAN Crunch Honey Almond Flax) 57303200 Cereal (Kellogg's Krave) 57305100 Cereal (General Mills Lucky Charms) 57305150 Cereal, frosted oat cereal with marshmallows 57305165 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cinnamon Toasters) 57305170 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Coco-Roos) 57305174 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Colossal Crunch) 57305175 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cocoa Dyno-Bites) 57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts) 57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57303200 Cereal (Kellogg's Krave) 57305100 Cereal (General Mills Lucky Charms) 57305150 Cereal, frosted oat cereal with marshmallows 57305165 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cinnamon Toasters) 57305170 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Coco-Roos) 57305174 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Colossal Crunch) 57305175 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cocoa Dyno-Bites) 57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts) 57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305100 Cereal (General Mills Lucky Charms) 57305150 Cereal, frosted oat cereal with marshmallows 57305165 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cinnamon Toasters) 57305170 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Coco-Roos) 57305174 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Colossal Crunch) 57305175 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cocoa Dyno-Bites) 57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts) 57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305150 Cereal, frosted oat cereal with marshmallows 57305165 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cinnamon Toasters) 57305170 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Coco-Roos) 57305174 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Colossal Crunch) 57305175 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cocoa Dyno-Bites) 57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts) 57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305165 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cinnamon Toasters) 57305170 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Coco-Roos) 57305174 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Colossal Crunch) 57305175 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cocoa Dyno-Bites) 57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts) 57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 5730600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305170 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Coco-Roos) 57305174 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Colossal Crunch) 57305175 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cocoa Dyno-Bites) 57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts) 57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305174 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Colossal Crunch) 57305175 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cocoa Dyno-Bites) 57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts) 57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305175 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Cocoa Dyno-Bites) 57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts) 57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305180 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Corn Bursts) 57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305210 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Frosted Flakes) 57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305300 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Fruity Dyno-Bites) 57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305400 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Graham Squares) 57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Honey Nut Toasty O's) 57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57305600 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Marshmallow Mateys) 57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57306500 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Golden Puffs) 57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57306800 Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Tootie Fruities)
57308190 Cereal, muesli
57309100 Cereal (Nature Valley Granola)
57316380 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Oat Cluster Crunch)
57316385 Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Protein)
57316450 Cereal (General Mills Oatmeal Crisp with Almonds)
57316710 Cereal (Quaker Honey Graham Oh's)
57320500 Cereal (Quaker Granola with Oats, Honey, and Raisins)
57329000 Cereal, raisin bran
57330000 Cereal (Kellogg's Raisin Bran)
57330010 Cereal (Kellogg's Raisin Bran Crunch)
57331000 Cereal (Post Raisin Bran)
57332100 Cereal (General Mills Raisin Nut Bran)
57335550 Cereal (General Mills Reese's Puffs)
57339500 Cereal (Kellogg's Rice Krispies Treats Cereal)
57341200 Cereal (Kellogg's Smart Start Strong)
57341300 Cereal (Kellogg's Smorz)
57344001 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Blueberry)
57344005 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Chocolatey Delight)
57344010 Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Red Berries)

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57344015	
57344020	/ 00 /
57344025	Cereal (Kellogg's Special K Cinnamon Pecan)
57347000	Cereal (Kellogg's Corn Pops)
57348000	Cereal, frosted corn flakes
57349000	Cereal (Kellogg's Frosted Flakes)
57355000	Cereal (Post Golden Crisp)
57407100	Cereal (General Mills Trix)
57416010	Cereal, puffed wheat, sweetened
57100100	Cereal, ready-to-eat, NFS
57000100	Cereal, oat, NFS
57101000	Cereal (Kellogg's All-Bran)
57103000	Cereal (Post Alpha-Bits)
57106050	Cereal (Post Great Grains Banana Nut Crunch)
57123000	Cereal (General Mills Cheerios)
57132000	Cereal (General Mills Chex Corn)
57134000	Cereal, corn flakes
57135000	Cereal (Kellogg's Corn Flakes)
57137000	Cereal, corn puffs
57148000	
57151000	, 17
57206700	Cereal (General Mills Fiber One)
57206710	Cereal (General Mills Fiber One Honey Clusters)
57207000	Cereal, bran flakes
57208000	Cereal (Kellogg's All-Bran Complete Wheat Flakes)
57209000	Cereal (Post Bran Flakes)
57214000	Cereal (Kellogg's Frosted Mini-Wheats)
57228000	Granola, homemade
57230000	Cereal (Post Grape-Nuts)
57237100	Cereal (Post Honey Bunches of Oats Honey Roasted)
57237200	Cereal (Post Honey Bunches of Oats with Vanilla Bunches)
57237300	Cereal (Post Honey Bunches of Oats with Almonds)
57241200	Cereal (Post Shredded Wheat Honey Nut)
57301500	Cereal (Kashi 7 Whole Grain Puffs)
57301505	Cereal (Kashi Autumn Wheat)
57301510	
ドブンハイドンハ	Cereal (Kashi GOLEAN)
57301530	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat)
57303100	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix)
57303100 57303105	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix)
57303100 57303105 57304100	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900 57326000	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) Cereal (Barbara's Puffins)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900 57326000 57327450	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) Cereal (Barbara's Puffins) Cereal (Quaker Toasted Oat Bran)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900 57326000 57327450 57327500	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) Cereal (Barbara's Puffins) Cereal (Quaker Toasted Oat Bran) Cereal (Quaker Oatmeal Squares)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900 57326000 57327450 57327500 57336000	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) Cereal (Barbara's Puffins) Cereal (Quaker Toasted Oat Bran) Cereal (Quaker Oatmeal Squares) Cereal (General Mills Chex Rice)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900 57327450 57327450 57336000 57337000	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) Cereal (Barbara's Puffins) Cereal (Quaker Toasted Oat Bran) Cereal (Quaker Oatmeal Squares) Cereal (General Mills Chex Rice) Cereal, rice flakes
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900 57327450 57327500 57336000 57337000 57339000	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) Cereal (Barbara's Puffins) Cereal (Quaker Toasted Oat Bran) Cereal (Quaker Oatmeal Squares) Cereal (General Mills Chex Rice) Cereal, rice flakes Cereal (Kellogg's Rice Krispies)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900 57326000 57327450 57327500 57336000 57337000 57339000 57340000	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) Cereal (Barbara's Puffins) Cereal (Quaker Toasted Oat Bran) Cereal (Quaker Oatmeal Squares) Cereal (General Mills Chex Rice) Cereal, rice flakes Cereal (Kellogg's Rice Krispies) Cereal, puffed rice
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900 57326000 57327450 57327500 57336000 57337000 57339000 57344000	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) Cereal (Barbara's Puffins) Cereal (Quaker Toasted Oat Bran) Cereal (Quaker Oatmeal Squares) Cereal (General Mills Chex Rice) Cereal (Kellogg's Rice Krispies) Cereal (Kellogg's Special K)
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900 57326000 57327450 57327500 57336000 57337000 57339000 57344000 57344000 57401100	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) Cereal (Barbara's Puffins) Cereal (Quaker Toasted Oat Bran) Cereal (Quaker Oatmeal Squares) Cereal (General Mills Chex Rice) Cereal (Kellogg's Rice Krispies) Cereal (Kellogg's Special K) Cereal (Kellogg's Special K) Cereal, toasted oat
57303100 57303105 57304100 57305160 57306700 57308400 57321900 57326000 57327450 57327500 57336000 57337000 57339000 57344000	Cereal (Kashi Heart to Heart Honey Toasted Oat) Cereal (General Mills Kix) Cereal (General Mills Honey Kix) Cereal (Quaker Life) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Blueberry Muffin Tops) Cereal (Malt-O-Meal Toasted Oat Cereal) Cereal (General Mills Cheerios Multigrain) Cereal (Nature's Path Organic Flax Plus) Cereal (Barbara's Puffins) Cereal (Quaker Toasted Oat Bran) Cereal (Quaker Oatmeal Squares) Cereal (General Mills Chex Rice) Cereal (Kellogg's Rice Krispies) Cereal (Kellogg's Special K)

57416000	Cereal, puffed wheat, plain
57417000	Cereal (Post Shredded Wheat)
57418000	Cereal (General Mills Wheaties)
Chewing gum	
91800100	Chewing gum, NFS
91801000	Chewing gum, regular
91802000	Chewing gum, sugar free
	ts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet: low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)
11459990	Frozen yogurt, NFS
11460000	Frozen yogurt, vanilla
11460100	Frozen yogurt, chocolate
11460500	Frozen yogurt, soft serve, vanilla
11460510	Frozen yogurt, soft serve, chocolate
11461200	Frozen yogurt sandwich
11461210	Frozen yogurt bar, vanilla
11461220	Frozen yogurt bar, chocolate
11461250	Frozen yogurt cone, chocolate
11461260	Frozen yogurt cone, vanilla
11461300	Frozen yogurt cone, vanilla, waffle cone
11461320	Frozen yogurt cone, chocolate, waffle cone
13130100	Light ice cream, NFS
13130300	Light ice cream, vanilla
13130310	Light ice cream, chocolate
13135000	Light ice cream sandwich, vanilla
13135010	Light ice cream sandwich, chocolate
13140000	Light ice cream bar, vanilla
13140100	Light ice cream bar, vanilla, chocolate coated
13140115	Light ice cream bar, chocolate
13140710	Creamsicle, light
13142100	Light ice cream cone, vanilla, prepackaged
13142110	Light ice cream cone, chocolate, prepackaged
13161600	Fudgesicle, light Ice cream candy bar
13120110	Light ice cream, NFS
13130100 13130300	Light ice cream, vanilla
13130310	Light ice cream, chocolate
13135000	Light ice cream sandwich, vanilla
13135010	Light ice cream sandwich, vanilla Light ice cream sandwich, chocolate
13140000	Light ice cream bar, vanilla
13140100	Light ice cream bar, vanilla, chocolate coated
13140115	Light ice cream bar, vanilla, chocolate coated
13140710	Creamsicle, light
13142100	Light ice cream cone, vanilla, prepackaged
13142110	Light ice cream cone, chocolate, prepackaged
13150000	Sherbet, all flavors
13161600	Fudgesicle, light
	frozen), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free
11400010	Yogurt, Greek, NS as to type of milk or flavor
11433990	Yogurt, Greek, NS as to type of milk, fruit
11434010	Yogurt, Greek, low fat milk, fruit
11434020	Yogurt, Greek, nonfat milk, fruit
11435000	Yogurt, Greek, NS as to type of milk, flavors other than fruit
11435020	Yogurt, Greek, low fat milk, flavors other than fruit
11435030	Yogurt, Greek, nonfat milk, flavors other than fruit
11435100	Yogurt, Greek, with oats

	11434010	
1	11434020	Yogurt, Greek, nonfat milk, fruit
1	11435020	Yogurt, Greek, low fat milk, flavors other than fruit
1	11435030	Yogurt, Greek, nonfat milk, flavors other than fruit
1	11400000	Yogurt, NFS
1	11410000	Yogurt, NS as to type of milk or flavor
1	11430000	Yogurt, NS as to type of milk, fruit
	11432000	Yogurt, low fat milk, fruit
	11433000	Yogurt, nonfat milk, fruit
	11434090	Yogurt, NS as to type of milk, flavors other than fruit
	11434200	Yogurt, low fat milk, flavors other than fruit
	11434300	Yogurt, nonfat milk, flavors other than fruit
	11436000	Yogurt, liquid
	11446000	Yogurt parfait, low fat, with fruit
	42401100	Yogurt, coconut milk
	11432000	Yogurt, low fat milk, fruit
	11433000	Yogurt, nonfat milk, fruit
	11434200	Yogurt, low fat milk, flavors other than fruit
	11434300	Yogurt, nonfat milk, flavors other than fruit
	11446000	Yogurt parfait, low fat, with fruit
		ding pressed candy, mints)
91700010		Candy, NFS
		Hard candy
	91745040	
	91718000	Honey-combed hard candy with peanut butter
91718050		Honey-combed hard candy with peanut butter, chocolate covered
	91770020	
	91770050	Dietetic or low calorie mints
		hocolate, plain chocolate, chocolate coated) (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)
91703080		Caramel, all flavors, sugar free
	91770000	
	91770010	
	91770030	Dietetic or low calorie candy, chocolate covered
91760100		Toffee, chocolate covered
Sugar		
	91101000	Sugar, NFS
	91101010	Sugar, white, granulated or lump
	91101020	Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered
	91102010	Sugar, brown
	91104100	Sugar, cinnamon
	91302010	Honey
	91302020	Agave liquid sweetener
	91303000	Molasses
	91101000	Sugar, NFS
6	91101010	Sugar, white, granulated or lump Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered
	91101010 91101020	Sugar, white, granulated or lump Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered
Ç	91101010 91101020 91102010	Sugar, white, granulated or lump Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered Sugar, brown
Q Q	91101010 91101020 91102010 91104100	Sugar, white, granulated or lump Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered Sugar, brown Sugar, cinnamon
9	91101010 91101020 91102010 91104100 91302010	Sugar, white, granulated or lump Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered Sugar, brown Sugar, cinnamon Honey
() ()	91101010 91101020 91102010 91104100 91302010 91302020	Sugar, white, granulated or lump Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered Sugar, brown Sugar, cinnamon
() () () () () () () () () ()	91101010 91101020 91102010 91104100 91302010 91302020 91303000	Sugar, white, granulated or lump Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered Sugar, brown Sugar, cinnamon Honey Agave liquid sweetener
Sugar sub	91101010 91101020 91102010 91104100 91302010 91302020 91303000 postitutes	Sugar, white, granulated or lump Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered Sugar, brown Sugar, cinnamon Honey Agave liquid sweetener Molasses
Sugar sub	91101010 91101020 91102010 91104100 91302010 91302020 91303000	Sugar, white, granulated or lump Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered Sugar, brown Sugar, cinnamon Honey Agave liquid sweetener
Sugar sub	91101010 91101020 91102010 91102010 91104100 91302010 91302020 91303000 postitutes 91106010	Sugar, white, granulated or lump Sugar, white, confectioner's, powdered Sugar, brown Sugar, cinnamon Honey Agave liquid sweetener Molasses Sugar substitute and sugar blend

91108010	Sugar substitute, stevia, liquid
91108020	Sugar substitute, monk fruit, powder
91200000	Sugar substitute, powder, NFS
91200005	Sugar substitute, liquid, NFS
91200040	Sugar substitute, saccharin, powder
91200110	Sugar substitute, saccharin, liquid
91201010	Sugar substitute, aspartame, powder
91106010	Sugar substitute and sugar blend
91107000	Sugar substitute, sucralose, powder
91108000	Sugar substitute, stevia, powder
91108010	Sugar substitute, stevia, liquid
91108020	Sugar substitute, monk fruit, powder
91200000	Sugar substitute, powder, NFS
91200005	Sugar substitute, liquid, NFS
91200040	Sugar substitute, saccharin, powder
91200110	Sugar substitute, saccharin, liquid
91201010	Sugar substitute, aspartame, powder
	yrups low calorie, reduced calorie and sugar free
91407100	Guava paste
91407150	Bean paste, sweetened
91301510	Pancake syrup, light
91301081	Chocolate syrup, light
91305010	Icing, chocolate
91305020	Icing, white
91300010	Syrup, NFS
91306025	Caramel dip, light
	sed in modified fat/calorie cookies, cakes, pastries and pie
12140000	Cream, whipped
12220200	Whipped topping
12220270	Whipped topping, fat free
12220280	Whipped topping, sugar free
Coffee mix	
92191100	Coffee, instant, not reconstituted
92191105	Coffee, instant, 50% less caffeine, not reconstituted
92191200	Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, not reconstituted
92191400	Coffee, instant, pre-sweetened with sugar, not reconstituted
92192000	Coffee, mocha, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, not reconstituted
92192030	Coffee, mocha, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, not reconstituted
92192040	Coffee, mocha, instant, decaffeinated, pre-lightened and pre-sweetend with low calorie sweetener, not reconstituted
92193000	Coffee, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, not reconstituted
92193005	Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with sugar, not reconstituted
92193020	Coffee, instant, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, not reconstituted
92193025	Coffee, instant, decaffeinated, pre-lightened and pre-sweetened with low calorie sweetener, not reconstituted
Grain based cereal	bars, protein bars
53711002	Cereal or granola bar (Quaker Chewy 90 Calorie Granola Bar)
53711004	Cereal or granola bar (Quaker Chewy 25% Less Sugar Granola Bar)
53712200	Cereal or granola bar, lowfat, NFS
53712210	Cereal or granola bar, nonfat
53713000	Cereal or granola bar, reduced sugar, NFS
53714520	Breakfast bar, cereal crust with fruit filling, lowfat
53710800	Cereal or granola bar (Kashi Chewy)
53710802	Cereal or granola bar (Kashi Crunchy)
53720100	Nutrition bar (Balance Original Bar)

	Nutrition bar (Clif Bar)
53720210	
53720300	
53720400	
53720500	Nutrition bar (Snickers Marathon Protein Bar)
53720600	Nutrition bar (South Beach Living Meal Bar)
53720610	Nutrition bar (South Beach Living High Protein Bar)
53720700	Nutrition bar (Tiger's Milk)
53720800	Nutrition bar (Zone Perfect Classic Crunch)
53729000	Nutrition bar or meal replacement bar, NFS
53710800	Cereal or granola bar (Kashi Chewy)
53710802	Cereal or granola bar (Kashi Crunchy)
53720100	Nutrition bar (Balance Original Bar)
53720200	Nutrition bar (Clif Bar)
53720210	Nutrition bar (Clif Kids Organic Zbar)
53720300	Nutrition bar (PowerBar)
53720400	Nutrition bar (Slim Fast Original Meal Bar)
53720500	Nutrition bar (Snickers Marathon Protein Bar)
53720600	Nutrition bar (South Beach Living Meal Bar)
53720610	Nutrition bar (South Beach Living High Protein Bar)
53720700	Nutrition bar (Tiger's Milk)
53720800	
53729000	Nutrition bar or meal replacement bar, NFS
_	s (pre-mixed cocktails, wine coolers, and malt beverages) (low/reduced kcal
only)	Dana Kalif
93102000	Beer, light
93102100 93301183	, ,
93301191	Rum and diet cola
93301215	Vodka and diet cola
Dressings for salad	
83100100	Salad dressing, NFS, for salads
83101000	Blue or roquefort cheese dressing
83101600	Bacon and tomato dressing
83102000	Caesar dressing
83103000	Coleslaw dressing
83104000	French or Catalina dressing
83105500	Honey mustard dressing
83106000	Italian dressing, made with vinegar and oil
83109000	Russian dressing
83112000	Avocado dressing
83112500	Creamy dressing
83112950	Poppy seed dressing
83112990	Sesame dressing
83114000	Thousand Island dressing
83115000	Yogurt dressing
83200100	Salad dressing, light, NFS
83201000	Blue or roquefort cheese dressing, light
83201400	Coleslaw dressing, light
83202020	French or Catalina dressing, light
83203000	Caesar dressing, light
83204500	Honey mustard dressing, light
83205450	Italian dressing, light
83206000	Russian dressing, light
83206500	Sesame dressing, light

83207000	Thousand Island dressing, light
83208500	Korean dressing or marinade
83210100	Creamy dressing, light
83300100	Blue or roquefort cheese dressing, fat free
83300200	Caesar dressing, fat free
83300300	Creamy dressing, fat free
83300400	French or Catalina dressing, fat free
83300500	Honey mustard dressing, fat free
83300600	Italian dressing, fat free
83300800	Russian dressing, fat free
83300900	Salad dressing, fat free, NFS
83301000	Thousand Island dressing, fat free
	illings (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)
91511010	Gelatin dessert, sugar free
91511020	Gelatin dessert, sugar free, with fruit
13210520	Pudding, tapioca, made from dry mix
13220210	Pudding, flavors other than chocolate, made from dry mix, sugar free
13220220	Pudding, chocolate, made from dry mix, sugar free
13230120	Pudding, flavors other than chocolate, ready-to-eat, sugar free
13230140	Pudding, chocolate, ready-to-eat, sugar free
13230500	Pudding, tapioca, ready-to-eat
Jams and jellies	
42203000	Peanut butter and jelly
42302010	Peanut butter and jelly sandwich, NFS
42302155	Peanut butter and jelly sandwich, with reduced fat peanut butter, reduced sugar jelly, on white bread
42302160	Peanut butter and jelly sandwich, with reduced fat peanut butter, reduced sugar jelly, on wheat bread
42302165	Peanut butter and jelly sandwich, with reduced fat peanut butter, reduced sugar jelly, on whole wheat
	bread
58201035	Jelly sandwich, reduced sugar jelly, on white bread
58201045	Jelly sandwich, reduced sugar jelly, on wheat bread
58201055	Jelly sandwich, reduced sugar jelly, on whole wheat bread
91406600	Jam, preserve, marmalade, reduced sugar, all flavors
91404000	Marmalade, all flavors
91405000	Jelly, sugar free, all flavors
91405500	Jelly, reduced sugar, all flavors
91406000	Jam, preserve, marmalade, sugar free, all flavors
	·

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12/14/22

Total Allulose Consumption

Based on the above food codes and use levels, the following intake estimates were calculated in absolute g/day (Table 3A) and g/kg bw/day (Table 4A) for both the total population and consumers only.

Table 3A. Estimated Daily Intake of Allulose (g/day)

Population	Number	Percentage	A		ake Per Capit (day)	ke Per Capita Allulose Intake – All Consumers lay) (g/day)					
Group	of users	(%)	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE	
2+ y	5328	86.2	8.0	0.18	19.6	0.74	9.2	0.22	22.1	0.76	
2-5 y	422	89.8	3.7	0.20	9.1	0.60	4.0	0.20	9.2	0.67	
6-12 y	704	88.9	5.5	0.31	13.2	0.60	6.0	0.25	13.9	0.55	
13-18 F	285	82.4	4.3	0.35	11.8	1.20	5.0	0.34	14.0	1.14	
13-18 M	251	74.7	3.5	0.35	9.0	1.16	4.6	0.35	10.8	1.54	
13-18 M+F	536	78.6	3.9	0.21	10.8	0.61	4.8	0.22	12.0	1.00	
19-110 F	1936	87.4	7.1	0.25	16.5	0.70	8.1	0.27	18.2	0.77	
19-110 M	1730	85.4	11.1	0.49	28.2	1.03	12.9	0.45	30.2	1.88	
19-110 M+F	3666	86.5	9.0	0.25	23.6	0.85	10.4	0.27	25.4	0.73	

Abbreviations: bw – bodyweight; g – grams; kg – kilograms; SE – standard error; y – year

Table 4A. Estimated Daily Intake of Allulose (g/kg bw/day)

Population	Number	Percentage	A		ake Per Capit bw/day)	a	Allı		e – All Consu g bw/day)	imers
Group	of users	(%)	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE
2+ y	5328	86.2	0.12	0.00	0.29	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.32	0.01
2-5 y	422	89.8	0.21	0.01	0.51	0.03	0.23	0.01	0.52	0.03
6-12 y	704	88.9	0.17	0.01	0.43	0.02	0.19	0.01	0.45	0.01
13-18 F	285	82.4	0.07	0.00	0.19	0.01	0.08	0.01	0.21	0.02
13-18 M	251	74.7	0.05	0.00	0.14	0.02	0.07	0.00	0.16	0.01
13-18 M+F	536	78.6	0.06	0.00	0.17	0.01	0.07	0.00	0.19	0.01
19-110 F	1936	87.4	0.10	0.00	0.22	0.01	0.11	0.00	0.25	0.01
19-110 M	1730	85.4	0.12	0.01	0.32	0.01	0.14	0.00	0.33	0.02
19-110 M+F	3666	86.5	0.11	0.00	0.27	0.01	0.12	0.00	0.29	0.01

Abbreviations: bw – bodyweight; g – grams; kg – kilograms; SE – standard error; y – year

Food Intake Reports of the food categories are provided below. All intakes are in grams and N equals the number of individuals reporting eating the foods and the "Percentage" is the percent of the total survey population that "N" represents. "Per capita" intake refers to the estimated intake averaged over all individuals surveyed, regardless of whether or not they consumed food products to which the ingredient is intended to be added. Individuals were considered "consumers" if they reported consumption of one or more food products from the selected food codes on either Day 1 or Day 2 of the survey.

Table 5A. Summary of Consumption of All Foods g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita Intake			Consumer-only Intake		
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th
2+ y	176.6	426.7	5328	86.2	202.5	470.4
2-5 y	67.0	163.1	422	89.8	73.0	172.0
6-12 y	87.6	202.3	704	88.9	96.0	203.9
13-18 F	75.1	223.0	285	82.4	88.6	228.3
13-18 M	70.8	188.0	251	74.7	94.0	214.1
13-18 M+F	72.9	209.7	536	78.6	91.2	225.1
19-110 F	156.1	372.0	1936	87.4	177.5	403.9
19-110 M	259.5	674.6	1730	85.4	300.5	773.1
19-110 M+F	205.5	519.4	3666	86.5	235.8	547.1

Table 6A. Summary of Consumption of All Foods g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th			
2+ y	2.43	6.13	5328	86.2	2.78	6.56			
2-5 y	3.96	9.22	422	89.8	4.31	10.18			
6-12 y	2.59	6.07	704	88.9	2.83	6.13			
13-18 F	1.19	3.66	285	82.4	1.41	3.84			
13-18 M	1.02	2.84	251	74.7	1.35	3.37			
13-18 M+F	1.10	3.33	536	78.6	1.38	3.61			
19-110 F	2.10	5.06	1936	87.4	2.39	5.44			
19-110 M	2.82	7.27	1730	85.4	3.27	8.01			
19-110 M+F	2.45	6.22	3666	86.5	2.81	6.65			

Table 7A. Summary of Consumption of Bakery Products g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake				
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	12.5	44.0	1490	24.1	51.6	108.0		
2-5 y	10.3	37.5	140	29.8	31.7	62.0		
6-12 y	17.5	60.5	269	34.0	46.7	99.7		
13-18 F	11.2	40.1	94	27.2	48.2	96.9		
13-18 M	11.2	39.3	78	23.2	55.6	112.2		
13-18 M+F	11.2	39.4	172	25.2	51.7	107.0		
19-110 F	10.2	37.5	475	21.4	47.0	95.3		
19-110 M	14.4	48.5	434	21.4	62.2	112.5		
19-110 M+F	12.2	42.8	909	21.4	54.5	108.8		

Table 8A. Summary of Consumption of Bakery Products g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita Intake		Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.21	0.68	1490	24.1	0.87	1.90		
2-5 y	0.59	1.94	140	29.8	1.82	3.35		
6-12 y	0.54	1.67	269	34.0	1.43	3.58		
13-18 F	0.19	0.83	94	27.2	0.81	1.46		
13-18 M	0.15	0.50	78	23.2	0.73	1.98		
13-18 M+F	0.17	0.60	172	25.2	0.77	1.65		
19-110 F	0.14	0.49	475	21.4	0.64	1.36		
19-110 M	0.16	0.54	434	21.4	0.71	1.37		
19-110 M+F	0.15	0.51	909	21.4	0.68	1.36		

Table 9A. Summary of Consumption of Beverages (non-alcoholic) g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	85.2	255.0	1134	18.3	443.1	960.0		
2-5 y	5.6	0.0	22	4.7	101.9	299.0		
6-12 y	20.7	0.0	59	7.4	259.5	360.0		
13-18 F	24.4	123.0	30	8.7	195.7	358.4		
13-18 M	25.3	68.8	25	7.4	242.8	537.1		
13-18 M+F	24.9	90.0	55	8.1	217.7	401.5		
19-110 F	82.7	262.5	510	23.0	371.3	760.4		
19-110 M	128.5	360.0	488	24.1	575.0	1200.0		
19-110 M+F	104.6	310.8	998	23.5	468.9	988.8		

Table 10A. Summary of Consumption of Beverages (non-alcoholic) g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake				
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	1.03	3.29	1134	18.3	5.35	10.78		
2-5 y	0.30	0.00	22	4.7	5.45	16.92		
6-12 y	0.54	0.00	59	7.4	6.82	12.79		
13-18 F	0.36	1.71	30	8.7	2.92	4.70		
13-18 M	0.35	0.85	25	7.4	3.36	8.16		
13-18 M+F	0.36	1.12	55	8.1	3.12	4.71		
19-110 F	1.10	3.66	510	23.0	4.94	9.40		
19-110 M	1.33	3.96	488	24.1	5.93	12.25		
19-110 M+F	1.21	3.82	998	23.5	5.41	10.76		

Table 11A. Summary of Consumption of Cereals g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th			
2+ y	20.6	62.3	2421	39.1	56.0	120.0			
2-5 y	22.0	44.9	301	64.0	34.9	68.5			
6-12 y	21.2	55.5	471	59.5	37.2	67.5			
13-18 F	16.9	51.8	138	39.9	41.1	80.9			
13-18 M	22.9	67.9	136	40.5	55.7	92.4			
13-18 M+F	20.0	63.1	274	40.2	48.6	87.6			
19-110 F	20.1	67.5	719	32.5	60.4	127.5			
19-110 M	20.9	64.4	656	32.4	67.4	149.8			
19-110 M+F	20.5	66.5	1375	32.4	63.6	135.0			

Table 12A. Summary of Consumption of Cereals g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake				
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th	
2+ y	0.36	1.07	2421	39.1	0.97	2.02	
2-5 y	1.31	2.57	301	64.0	2.08	4.27	
6-12 y	0.62	1.63	471	59.5	1.10	2.21	
13-18 F	0.27	0.84	138	39.9	0.65	1.27	
13-18 M	0.35	0.94	136	40.5	0.85	1.50	
13-18 M+F	0.31	0.92	274	40.2	0.75	1.37	
19-110 F	0.28	0.94	719	32.5	0.85	1.87	
19-110 M	0.25	0.77	656	32.4	0.80	1.69	
19-110 M+F	0.27	0.82	1375	32.4	0.83	1.79	

Table 13A. Summary of Consumption of Chewing Gum and Candy g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake				
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.7	0.0	640	10.3	7.3	15.0		
2-5 y	0.9	3.3	73	15.5	6.2	11.9		
6-12 y	2.1	6.0	141	17.8	11.6	35.5		
13-18 F	1.0	1.2	52	15.0	9.4	21.7		
13-18 M	0.5	0.0	29	8.6	5.8	7.6		
13-18 M+F	0.8	0.0	81	11.9	7.7	12.5		
19-110 F	0.4	0.0	200	9.0	5.0	11.2		
19-110 M	0.6	0.0	145	7.2	7.7	19.0		
19-110 M+F	0.5	0.0	345	8.1	6.3	15.0		

Table 14A. Summary of Consumption of Chewing Gum and Candy g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.02	0.00	640	10.3	0.16	0.37		
2-5 y	0.05	0.14	73	15.5	0.35	0.66		
6-12 y	0.07	0.14	141	17.8	0.41	1.35		
13-18 F	0.02	0.02	52	15.0	0.16	0.34		
13-18 M	0.01	0.00	29	8.6	0.09	0.15		
13-18 M+F	0.01	0.00	81	11.9	0.13	0.22		
19-110 F	0.01	0.00	200	9.0	0.07	0.17		
19-110 M	0.01	0.00	145	7.2	0.10	0.26		
19-110 M+F	0.01	0.00	345	8.1	0.08	0.18		

Table 15A. Summary of Consumption of Frozen Dairy Desserts g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th			
2+ y	2.5	0.0	168	2.7	81.8	160.0			
2-5 y	0.7	0.0	7	1.5	36.8	63.9			
6-12 y	2.5	0.0	25	3.2	85.2	231.2			
13-18 F	1.8	0.0	8	2.3	69.0	139.9			
13-18 M	2.6	0.0	10	3.0	93.3	160.0			
13-18 M+F	2.2	0.0	18	2.6	81.8	160.0			
19-110 F	3.1	0.0	55	2.5	85.6	160.0			
19-110 M	2.3	0.0	63	3.1	79.8	160.0			
19-110 M+F	2.7	0.0	118	2.8	83.2	160.0			

Table 16A. Summary of Consumption of Frozen Dairy Desserts g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake			
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th	
2+ y	0.04	0.00	168	2.7	1.23	2.58	
2-5 y	0.04	0.00	7	1.5	2.06	2.85	
6-12 y	0.06	0.00	25	3.2	2.23	5.52	
13-18 F	0.03	0.00	8	2.3	0.96	1.78	
13-18 M	0.04	0.00	10	3.0	1.44	2.53	
13-18 M+F	0.03	0.00	18	2.6	1.21	2.35	
19-110 F	0.05	0.00	55	2.5	1.25	2.64	
19-110 M	0.02	0.00	63	3.1	0.87	1.33	
19-110 M+F	0.04	0.00	118	2.8	1.09	2.58	

Table 17A. Summary of Consumption of Sugar g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th			
2+ y	3.3	10.4	1732	28.0	11.7	27.5			
2-5 y	0.2	0.0	46	9.8	3.1	8.0			
6-12 y	0.7	0.5	82	10.4	7.2	13.2			
13-18 F	2.2	4.2	58	16.8	12.8	38.3			
13-18 M	1.0	2.2	44	13.1	8.3	23.9			
13-18 M+F	1.6	3.3	102	15.0	10.9	34.0			
19-110 F	3.6	12.5	783	35.3	11.1	25.0			
19-110 M	4.5	14.6	719	35.5	13.0	29.2			
19-110 M+F	4.0	12.5	1502	35.4	12.1	28.0			

Table 18A. Summary of Consumption of Sugar g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.04	0.14	1732	28.0	0.16	0.35		
2-5 y	0.01	0.00	46	9.8	0.18	0.47		
6-12 y	0.02	0.01	82	10.4	0.19	0.47		
13-18 F	0.03	0.08	58	16.8	0.20	0.59		
13-18 M	0.02	0.04	44	13.1	0.13	0.42		
13-18 M+F	0.02	0.05	102	15.0	0.17	0.49		
19-110 F	0.05	0.16	783	35.3	0.16	0.36		
19-110 M	0.05	0.16	719	35.5	0.15	0.33		
19-110 M+F	0.05	0.16	1502	35.4	0.16	0.35		

Table 19A. Summary of Consumption of Sugar Substitutes g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake		
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th
2+ y	0.2	0.0	443	7.2	2.3	4.5
2-5 y	0.0	0.0	2	0.4	0.5	0.5
6-12 y	0.0	0.0	2	0.3	0.5	0.6
13-18 F	0.0	0.0	4	1.2	2.2	3.0
13-18 M	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13-18 M+F	0.0	0.0	4	0.6	2.2	3.0
19-110 F	0.2	0.1	229	10.3	2.3	6.0
19-110 M	0.2	0.0	206	10.2	2.2	4.0
19-110 M+F	0.2	0.0	435	10.3	2.3	4.5

Table 20A. Summary of Consumption of Sugar Substitutes g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.00	0.00	443	7.2	0.03	0.06		
2-5 y	0.00	0.00	2	0.4	0.03	0.04		
6-12 y	0.00	0.00	2	0.3	0.02	0.02		
13-18 F	0.00	0.00	4	1.2	0.05	0.07		
13-18 M	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0.00		
13-18 M+F	0.00	0.00	4	0.6	0.05	0.07		
19-110 F	0.00	0.00	229	10.3	0.03	0.07		
19-110 M	0.00	0.00	206	10.2	0.02	0.04		
19-110 M+F	0.00	0.00	435	10.3	0.03	0.06		

Table 21A. Summary of Consumption of Fat-based Cream g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.2	0.0	125	2.0	9.3	11.3		
2-5 y	0.2	0.0	9	1.9	5.2	8.9		
6-12 y	0.2	0.0	17	2.1	5.7	12.1		
13-18 F	0.3	0.0	9	2.6	4.6	10.0		
13-18 M	0.0	0.0	3	0.9	9.3	10.0		
13-18 M+F	0.1	0.0	12	1.8	4.9	10.0		
19-110 F	0.3	0.0	60	2.7	8.7	15.2		
19-110 M	0.2	0.0	27	1.3	16.5	63.6		
19-110 M+F	0.3	0.0	87	2.1	10.9	25.5		

Table 22A. Summary of Consumption of Fat-based Cream g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.00	0.00	125	2.0	0.14	0.32		
2-5 y	0.01	0.00	9	1.9	0.31	0.70		
6-12 y	0.01	0.00	17	2.1	0.17	0.32		
13-18 F	0.00	0.00	9	2.6	0.08	0.18		
13-18 M	0.00	0.00	3	0.9	0.14	0.15		
13-18 M+F	0.00	0.00	12	1.8	0.08	0.18		
19-110 F	0.00	0.00	60	2.7	0.11	0.19		
19-110 M	0.00	0.00	27	1.3	0.18	0.68		
19-110 M+F	0.00	0.00	87	2.1	0.13	0.30		

Table 23A. Summary of Consumption of Coffee mix g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th			
2+ y	0.0	0.0	16	0.3	1.4	5.3			
2-5 y	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
6-12 y	0.0	0.0	1	0.1	0.1	0.1			
13-18 F	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
13-18 M	0.0	0.0	1	0.3	0.7	0.7			
13-18 M+F	0.0	0.0	1	0.1	0.7	0.7			
19-110 F	0.0	0.0	9	0.4	1.6	5.7			
19-110 M	0.0	0.0	5	0.2	1.1	4.2			
19-110 M+F	0.0	0.0	14	0.3	1.4	5.6			

Table 24A. Summary of Consumption of Coffee mix g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.00	0.00	16	0.3	0.02	0.10		
2-5 y	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0.00		
6-12 y	0.00	0.00	1	0.1	0.00	0.00		
13-18 F	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0.00		
13-18 M	0.00	0.00	1	0.3	0.01	0.01		
13-18 M+F	0.00	0.00	1	0.1	0.01	0.01		
19-110 F	0.00	0.00	9	0.4	0.03	0.11		
19-110 M	0.00	0.00	5	0.2	0.02	0.06		
19-110 M+F	0.00	0.00	14	0.3	0.03	0.11		

Table 25A. Summary of Consumption of Cereal and Nutrition Bars g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake			
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th	
2+ y	1.7	0.0	173	2.8	36.3	74.1	
2-5 y	0.4	0.0	9	1.9	25.3	62.0	
6-12 y	1.3	0.0	25	3.2	24.8	44.6	
13-18 F	0.9	0.0	8	2.3	20.5	37.7	
13-18 M	0.7	0.0	10	3.0	42.9	103.2	
13-18 M+F	8.0	0.0	18	2.6	26.9	39.4	
19-110 F	1.9	0.0	63	2.8	37.8	90.1	
19-110 M	2.0	0.0	58	2.9	39.3	73.7	
19-110 M+F	1.9	0.0	121	2.9	38.5	75.3	

Table 26A. Summary of Consumption of Cereal and Nutrition Bars g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.03	0.00	173	2.8	0.54	1.21		
2-5 y	0.02	0.00	9	1.9	1.34	2.74		
6-12 y	0.04	0.00	25	3.2	0.72	1.51		
13-18 F	0.01	0.00	8	2.3	0.34	0.68		
13-18 M	0.01	0.00	10	3.0	0.60	1.34		
13-18 M+F	0.01	0.00	18	2.6	0.42	0.77		
19-110 F	0.03	0.00	63	2.8	0.54	1.07		
19-110 M	0.02	0.00	58	2.9	0.48	1.18		
19-110 M+F	0.03	0.00	121	2.9	0.51	1.11		

Table 27A. Summary of Consumption of Alcoholic Beverages g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	31.1	0.0	210	3.4	668.8	1440.0		
2-5 y	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
6-12 y	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
13-18 F	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
13-18 M	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
13-18 M+F	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
19-110 F	13.9	0.0	51	2.3	486.0	1169.0		
19-110 M	68.8	0.0	159	7.9	729.4	1440.0		
19-110 M+F	40.1	0.0	210	5.0	668.8	1440.0		

Table 28A. Summary of Consumption of Alcoholic Beverages g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake	Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.36	0.00	210	3.4	7.69	17.24		
2-5 y	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0.00		
6-12 y	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0.00		
13-18 F	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0.00		
13-18 M	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0.00		
13-18 M+F	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0.00		
19-110 F	0.18	0.00	51	2.3	6.17	15.32		
19-110 M	0.77	0.00	159	7.9	8.19	17.19		
19-110 M+F	0.46	0.00	210	5.0	7.69	17.24		

Table 29A. Summary of Consumption of Dressings for Salad g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th			
2+ y	6.3	22.0	1409	22.8	22.8	51.4			
2-5 y	1.4	3.2	55	11.7	10.8	29.4			
6-12 y	3.7	14.7	136	17.2	18.2	37.1			
13-18 F	5.8	22.8	79	22.8	21.6	46.0			
13-18 M	2.8	7.3	45	13.4	21.4	58.8			
13-18 M+F	4.3	11.9	124	18.2	21.5	57.2			
19-110 F	6.7	23.1	647	29.2	20.0	41.7			
19-110 M	7.7	29.4	447	22.1	28.6	58.8			
19-110 M+F	7.2	29.3	1094	25.8	23.6	52.4			

Table 30A. Summary of Consumption of Dressings for Salad g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th			
2+ y	0.09	0.30	1409	22.8	0.32	0.72			
2-5 y	0.08	0.20	55	11.7	0.59	1.28			
6-12 y	0.10	0.37	136	17.2	0.51	1.01			
13-18 F	0.10	0.32	79	22.8	0.37	1.03			
13-18 M	0.04	0.08	45	13.4	0.29	0.71			
13-18 M+F	0.07	0.16	124	18.2	0.34	0.93			
19-110 F	0.09	0.34	647	29.2	0.28	0.59			
19-110 M	0.09	0.29	447	22.1	0.32	0.72			
19-110 M+F	0.09	0.31	1094	25.8	0.29	0.60			

Table 31A. Summary of Consumption of Gelatins and Puddings g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake				
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th		
2+ y	0.6	0.0	39	0.6	93.4	128.7		
2-5 y	0.6	0.0	2	0.4	106.9	120.0		
6-12 y	0.4	0.0	4	0.5	77.2	100.4		
13-18 F	0.4	0.0	1	0.3	235.6	235.6		
13-18 M	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
13-18 M+F	0.2	0.0	1	0.1	235.6	235.6		
19-110 F	0.6	0.0	18	0.8	98.4	251.4		
19-110 M	0.8	0.0	14	0.7	88.1	109.5		
19-110 M+F	0.7	0.0	32	0.8	92.5	129.9		

Table 32A. Summary of Consumption of Gelatins and Puddings g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th			
2+ y	0.01	0.00	39	0.6	1.49	2.78			
2-5 y	0.02	0.00	2	0.4	4.37	4.74			
6-12 y	0.01	0.00	4	0.5	1.88	2.26			
13-18 F	0.01	0.00	1	0.3	4.19	4.19			
13-18 M	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0.00			
13-18 M+F	0.00	0.00	1	0.1	4.19	4.19			
19-110 F	0.01	0.00	18	0.8	1.31	2.96			
19-110 M	0.01	0.00	14	0.7	1.26	1.85			
19-110 M+F	0.01	0.00	32	0.8	1.28	1.75			

Table 33A. Summary of Consumption of Jams and Jellies g/day (NHANES 2017-2018)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake					
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th			
2+ y	0.92	0.00	412	6.7	13.20	30.00			
2-5 y	0.50	0.00	37	7.9	7.98	15.00			
6-12 y	0.77	0.00	60	7.6	9.01	13.87			
13-18 F	1.68	0.00	15	4.3	22.78	40.00			
13-18 M	1.46	0.00	11	3.3	22.91	30.00			
13-18 M+F	1.57	0.00	26	3.8	22.84	40.00			
19-110 F	0.69	0.00	154	7.0	10.09	22.82			
19-110 M	1.13	0.00	135	6.7	16.32	30.00			
19-110 M+F	0.90	0.00	289	6.8	13.10	30.00			

Table 34A. Summary of Consumption of Jams and Jellies g/kg bw/day (NHANES 2017-18)

	Per Capita	Intake		Consumer-only Intake			
Age Group	Mean	90th	N	Percentage	Mean	90th	
2+ y	0.01	0	412	6.7	0.21	0.52	
2-5 y	0.03	0	37	7.9	0.52	0.97	
6-12 y	0.02	0	60	7.6	0.27	0.40	
13-18 F	0.03	0	15	4.3	0.35	0.62	
13-18 M	0.03	0	11	3.3	0.43	0.57	
13-18 M+F	0.03	0	26	3.8	0.38	0.61	
19-110 F	0.01	0	154	7.0	0.14	0.33	
19-110 M	0.01	0	135	6.7	0.18	0.35	
19-110 M+F	0.01	0	289	6.8	0.16	0.35	

References

FDA (2014) GRN No. 498 Psicose. Available at:

https://www.cfsanappsexternal.fda.gov/scripts/fdcc/index.cfm?set=GRASNotices&id=498.

END

A note on Creme Food Safety® model: The system supports both deterministic (single points) input data and probabilistic input data. Probabilistic data can be represented by parametric or empirical distributions, integrated in the analysis using Monte Carlo simulations. If the type of modelling used is probabilistic, it means the input data may be represented as probability distributions when required (rather than using point estimates only) and the simulation process uses conditional distribution sampling. When using probabilistic modelling and a population-based approach, the output from the model – the systemic exposure results – are themselves a distribution. In the Creme Food Data Science ® model, standard errors of statistics are calculated using a resampling technique called bootstrapping. For example, a mean value can be estimated from the collected sample data which is assumed to be representative of the total population. Using the bootstrap method allows a distribution of the mean values to be generated and used to assess the accuracy of the estimated statistic (in this case, the mean value). This is performed by sampling with replacement from the data set in question several times, generating a number of different estimates of each statistic. The standard error of the mean is then the standard deviation of the mean values obtained from the large number of bootstrap samples.

From: <u>Katrina Emmel</u>
To: <u>Hice, Stephanie</u>

Cc: <u>Amy Mozingo</u>; <u>William J. Rowe</u>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] Re: GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

Date: Thursday, January 19, 2023 1:30:32 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

G10415 ingredient file 13 Jan 2023.csv G10415 Food Codes 13 Jan 2023.csv

FDA Questions Response Ltr GRN 1024 1-19-23 .pdf

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good Afternoon, Dr. Hice,

Attached you will find a response letter addressing the questions provided by FDA dated January 4, 2023 regarding GRN 1024. Also attached are two Excel (csv) files, per the request of your colleagues. Please let me know if you have any further questions.

Thank you,

Katrina

Katrina Emmel, Ph.D.

Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate at GRAS Associates



<u>LinkedIn</u> | <u>Twitter</u> | <u>Blog</u>

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On Jan 4, 2023, at 8:24 AM, Hice, Stephanie < Stephanie.Hice@fda.hhs.gov > wrote:

CAUTION: External email. Don't click on links or open attachments you do not trust.

Good morning, Ms. Mozingo –

During our review of GRAS Notice No. 001024, we noted an additional question that needs to be addressed and is below.

In the amendment dated December 14, 2022, the notifier provided an updated dietary

exposure estimate for d-psicose to reflect the revised proposed uses (i.e., removal of use in "fruit juices," and updates to the "beverages," and "confections and frosting" food categories) and use levels. Please provide an eaters-only cumulative dietary exposure estimate for the U.S. population aged 2 years and older at the mean and 90th percentile that includes the proposed uses as well as the existing uses of d-psicose, as previously included in the amendments dated April 29, 2022, and October 6, 2022.

We respectfully request a response within **10 business days**. If you are unable to complete the response within that time frame, please contact me to discuss further options. Please do not include any confidential information in your response.

If you have questions or need further clarification, please feel free to contact me. Thank you in advance for your attention to our comment.

Sincerely,

Stiffy Hice

Stephanie (Stiffy) Hice, Ph.D. (they/them/their)

Regulatory Review Scientist & Microbiology Reviewer

Division of Food Ingredients
Office of Food Additive Safety
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
stephanie.hice@fda.hhs.gov

Pronouns: They-Them-Their (what is this?)

<image001.png>

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January 19, 2023

Food and Drug Administration Center for Food Safety & Applied Nutrition Office of Food Additive Safety Division of Petition Review 5001 Campus Drive College Park, MD 20740-3835

Attention: Dr. Stephanie Hice

Re: GRN 1024—Allulose–Response to Questions Posed in an Email Dated 1/4/2023

Dear Dr. Hice:

Per your request, GRAS Associates, LLC, acting as the agent for Blue California, is providing a response to FDA's request for additional clarification as denoted in your email dated January 4, 2023 as follows:

In the amendment dated December 14, 2022, the notifier provided an updated dietary exposure estimate for D-psicose to reflect the revised proposed uses (i.e., removal of use in "fruit juices," and updates to the "beverages," and "confections and frosting" food categories) and use levels. Please provide an eaters-only cumulative dietary exposure estimate for the U.S. population aged 2 years and older at the mean and 90th percentile that includes the proposed uses as well as the existing uses of D-psicose, as previously included in the amendments dated April 29, 2022, and October 6, 2022.

The revised intended uses for Blue California's Allulose are as a substitute for existent uses of allulose, as well as proposed expanded uses in low- and reduced-calorie alcoholic beverages. While proposed uses in cereal bars and nutrition bars were initially included in the December 2022 amendment, these proposed uses have been withdrawn and are no longer included in the intake assessment.

The Creme Food Safety® model was used to calculate exposure estimates for allulose under the intended uses using the National Nutrition and Health Examination Survey (NHANES) 2017-2018 dietary data. Intake of allulose was examined for intended use within NHANES food codes and use levels, as detailed in "G10415 Food Codes 13 Jan 2023.csv" and

"G10415 ingredient file 13 Jan 2023.csv" (files provided separately via email). Individuals were considered "consumers" if they reported consumption of one or more food products from the selected food codes on either Day 1 or Day 2 of the survey.

To capture background intake of allulose for candy, the use level for hard candy was increased to 70%. For a more representative intake assessment, food codes for candy that did not indicate a low-sugar variety were removed.

To capture the background intake of allulose for cereals, the use level was increased to 10% for the cereals group, including ready-to-eat cereals, oatmeal, and other cooked cereals. Food codes for cereals and oatmeal that did not indicate a "less sugar" variety were removed for a more representative intake assessment based on the intended use. In addition, food codes for grits were also removed, as it is not customary for sugar or alternative sweeteners to be added to grits.

Medical foods were not included in the intake assessment since there are no associated food codes for medical foods. Furthermore, medical foods are typically the sole source of nutrition for a specific subset of the population and are used under a physician's care, which do not make them representative of a typical consumer's diet.

Blue California's earlier dietary intake assessment for GRN 1024 presented data for specific population subsets based upon age categories, including children ages 2-5 years and children 6-12 years. Previous GRAS Notices 498, 693, and 828 report a single population subset for children ages 2-12 years. For consistency, and in order to report the intake for a larger and more representative consumer population, Blue California has updated the reporting age categories accordingly.

The results of the cumulative EDI assessment under the revised intended uses are summarized in Tables 1 and 2 herein. Table 1 shows the results of the cumulative mean and 90th percentile intakes of allulose in g per day on a *per capita* and consumer-only (denoted as "All Consumers") basis. Table 2 shows the results of the cumulative mean and 90th percentile intakes of allulose in g per kg bw per day on a *per capita* and consumer-only basis.

The mean and 90th percentile EDIs of all users aged 2 years and older were 9.8 and 22.9 g per person per day, respectively. All users aged 2 to 110 years had EDIs equal to or below 0.33 g per kg bw per day. These results reveal an average maximum exposure would occur in males 19 years of age or older, with a 90th percentile value of 32.8 g per day or 0.34 g per kg bw per day. On a body weight basis, children ages 2-12 years had the highest 90th percentile EDI at 0.48 g per kg bw per day.

Table 1. Updated Cumulative Allulose Intake (g/day)

Population	Number	Percentage	All		ake Per Cap /day)	ita	Allulose Intake – All Consumers (g/day)			
Group	Group of users	(%)	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE
2+ y	4762	77.0	7.8	0.2	19.7	0.8	9.8	0.2	22.9	0.6
2-12 y	890	70.5	4.2	0.2	11.3	0.4	5.6	0.2	12.6	0.3
13-18 F	238	68.8	4.0	0.3	11.5	0.9	5.5	0.4	14.2	1.3
13-18 M	191	56.8	3.2	0.4	9.9	1.5	5.7	0.4	14.1	1.0
13-18 M+F	429	62.9	3.6	0.2	10.8	0.7	5.6	0.3	14.1	0.8
19-110 F	1831	82.7	6.9	0.2	16.8	0.7	8.3	0.3	18.9	0.8
19-110 M	1612	79.6	11.2	0.5	28.3	1.2	13.7	0.5	32.8	1.9
19-110 M+F	3443	81.2	8.9	0.3	22.8	0.6	10.9	0.3	26.1	0.7

Abbreviations: bw – bodyweight; g – grams; kg – kilograms; SE – standard error; y – year

Table 2. Updated Cumulative Allulose Intake (g/kg bw/day)

Population	Number	Percentage	All		ake Per Cap bw/day)	ita	Allulose Intake – All Consumers (g/kg bw/day)				
Group	of users	(%)	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE	
2+ y	4762	77.0	0.11	0.00	0.29	0.01	0.14	0.00	0.33	0.01	
2-12 y	890	70.5	0.16	0.01	0.43	0.02	0.22	0.01	0.48	0.02	
13-18 F	238	68.8	0.06	0.01	0.19	0.01	0.09	0.01	0.21	0.02	
13-18 M	191	56.8	0.05	0.00	0.15	0.02	0.08	0.01	0.20	0.02	
13-18 M+F	429	62.9	0.05	0.00	0.17	0.01	0.09	0.00	0.20	0.01	
19-110 F	1831	82.7	0.09	0.00	0.22	0.01	0.11	0.00	0.25	0.01	
19-110 M	1612	79.6	0.12	0.00	0.31	0.01	0.15	0.01	0.34	0.02	
19-110 M+F	3443	81.2	0.11	0.00	0.27	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.30	0.01	

Abbreviations: bw – bodyweight; g – grams; kg – kilograms; SE – standard error; y – year

The maximum tolerable single dose levels of allulose in humans were reported to be 0.5 g per kg bw for males and 0.6 g per kg bw for females (lida et al., 2007), which are higher than the calculated EDIs determined for Blue California's Allulose. Furthermore, Han et al. (2018) concluded that the maximum single dose of allulose and the maximum daily intake of allulose should be 0.4 g per kg bw and 0.9 g per kg bw per day, respectively. Blue California notes that the highest 90th percentile estimated daily intake for allulose for any subpopulation is 0.48 g per kg bw per day, which is well-below the maximum daily intake reported by Han et al. (2018). FDA has previously determined that comparable exposures to allulose resulting from

the similar uses and use levels are GRAS. Exposure from consuming doses of allulose that occur naturally in foods is negligible. Blue California's Allulose would be expected to be used in place of other allulose products that are currently on the market.

Furthermore, Blue California's EDI estimates are highly amplified since it is unlikely that allulose will be used at the maximum levels for all food categories under the intended uses and all of those foods will be consumed in one day. In addition, short-term surveys, such as the typical 2-day dietary surveys, may overestimate the consumption of food products that are consumed relatively infrequently. Even if some consumers consumed full servings from all categories on a given day, it is highly unlikely that they would do so 365 days per year.

If any additional information or clarification is needed as you and your colleagues proceed with the review, please feel free to contact me via email.

Sincerely,		

Katrina V. Emmel, Ph.D. Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate

GRAS Associates, LLC 11810 Grand Park Ave Suite 500 North Bethesda, MD 20852 emmel@gras-associates.com

References:

Han, Y., Choi, B. R., Kim, S. Y., Kim, S. B., Kim, Y. H., Kwon, E. Y. and Choi, M. S. (2018) 'Gastrointestinal Tolerance of D-Allulose in Healthy and Young Adults. A Non-Randomized Controlled Trial', *Nutrients*, 10(12).

lida, T., Kishimoto, Y., Yoshikawa, Y., Okuma, K., Yagi, K., Matsuo, T. and Izumori, K. (2007) 'Estimation of maximum non effective level of D-psicose in causing diarrhea in human subjects.', *J. Adv. Food Ingred.*, 10, pp. 15–19.

NHANES National Nutrition and Health Examination Survey.

END

From: <u>Katrina Emmel</u>
To: <u>Hice, Stephanie</u>

Cc: <u>Amy Mozingo</u>; <u>William J. Rowe</u>

Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

Date: Monday, January 23, 2023 3:19:59 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

FDA Questions Response Ltr GRN 1024 1-23-23.pdf

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Dr. Hice,

I hope you had a wonderful weekend.

Attached you will find a response letter addressing the questions provided by FDA dated January 4, 2023 and January 23, 2023 regarding GRN 1024. Please let me know if you have any further questions.

Thank you,

Katrina

Katrina Emmel, Ph.D.

Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate at GRAS Associates



<u>LinkedIn</u> | <u>Twitter</u> | <u>Blog</u>

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On Jan 23, 2023, at 11:01 AM, Hice, Stephanie < Stephanie. Hice@fda.hhs.gov wrote:

CAUTION: External email. Don't click on links or open attachments you do not trust.

Dear Ms. Mozingo,

Yes, that is correct.

Thank you!

Sincerely,

Stiffy Hice

Stephanie (Stiffy) Hice, Ph.D. (they/them/their)

Regulatory Review Scientist & Microbiology Reviewer

Division of Food Ingredients
Office of Food Additive Safety
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
stephanie.hice@fda.hhs.gov

Pronouns: They-Them-Their (what is this?)

<image001.png>

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From: Amy Mozingo amozingo@gras-associates.com

Sent: Monday, January 23, 2023 12:09 PM

To: Hice, Stephanie < Stephanie.Hice@fda.hhs.gov>

Cc: Katrina Emmel < emmel@gras-associates.com >; William J. Rowe

<wre><wre>constraints</re>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] RE: GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

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Hi Dr. Hice,

I want to be sure to understand the request. The request is to include tables of the revised intended use that does not include cereal bars and nutrition bars, correct? Regards,

Amy

Amy Mozingo, MS

VP US Nutra Regulatory Sciences

GRAS Associates a Nutrasource Pharmaceutical and Nutraceutical Services company 0: 301-461-8929 | C: 772-532-3454

<image007.png>

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intended recipient, you are hereby formally notified that any use, copying or distribution of this e-mail, in whole or in part, is strictly prohibited. Please notify the sender by return e-mail and delete this e-mail from your system. Unless explicitly and conspicuously designated as a "Service Order", this e-mail does not constitute a contract offer, a contract amendment, or an acceptance of a contract offer. This e-mail does not constitute a consent to the use of sender's contact information for direct marketing purposes or for transfers of data to third parties

From: Hice, Stephanie < <u>Stephanie.Hice@fda.hhs.gov</u>>

Sent: Monday, January 23, 2023 11:31 AM

To: Amy Mozingo

Cc: Katrina Emmel < <u>emmel@gras-associates.com</u>>; William J. Rowe

<wre>wrowe@nutrasource.ca>

Subject: GRN 001024 - Questions for Notifier

CAUTION: External email. Don't click on links or open attachments you do not trust.

Good morning, Ms. Mozingo –

During our review of GRAS Notice No. 001024, we noted an additional question that needs to be addressed and is below.

In the amendment dated January 19, 2023, we note that the notifier removed the intended uses of d-psicose in cereal bars and nutrition bars from the scope of GRN 001024. We also note that these intended uses were initially included in the dietary exposure estimates presented in the December 14, 2022 amendment (Tables 3 and 4). For the administrative record, please provide updated dietary exposure estimates from the intended uses that are reflective of the scope of the GRAS notice.

We respectfully request a response within **10 business days**. If you are unable to complete the response within that time frame, please contact me to discuss further options. Please do not include any confidential information in your response.

If you have questions or need further clarification, please feel free to contact me. Thank you in advance for your attention to our comment.

Sincerely,

Stiffy Hice

Stephanie (Stiffy) Hice, Ph.D. (they/them/their)

Regulatory Review Scientist & Microbiology Reviewer

Division of Food Ingredients
Office of Food Additive Safety
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
stephanie.hice@fda.hhs.gov

Pronouns: They-Them-Their (what is this?)

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www.gras-associates.com

January 23, 2023

Food and Drug Administration Center for Food Safety & Applied Nutrition Office of Food Additive Safety Division of Petition Review 5001 Campus Drive College Park, MD 20740-3835

Attention: Dr. Stephanie Hice

Re: GRN 1024—Allulose–Response to Questions Posed in Emails Dated 1/4/2023 and

1/23/2023

Dear Dr. Hice:

Per your request, GRAS Associates, LLC, acting as the agent for Blue California, is providing a response to FDA's request for additional clarification as denoted in your email dated January 4, 2023 as follows:

In the amendment dated December 14, 2022, the notifier provided an updated dietary exposure estimate for D-psicose to reflect the revised proposed uses (i.e., removal of use in "fruit juices," and updates to the "beverages," and "confections and frosting" food categories) and use levels. Please provide an eaters-only cumulative dietary exposure estimate for the U.S. population aged 2 years and older at the mean and 90th percentile that includes the proposed uses as well as the existing uses of D-psicose, as previously included in the amendments dated April 29, 2022, and October 6, 2022.

Additional clarification is also provided in response to your email dated January 23, 2023 as follows:

In the amendment dated January 19, 2023, we note that the notifier removed the intended uses of D-psicose in cereal bars and nutrition bars from the scope of GRN 001024. We also note that these intended uses were initially included in the dietary exposure estimates presented in the December 14, 2022 amendment (Tables 3 and 4). For the administrative record, please provided updated dietary exposure estimates from the intended uses that are reflective of the scope of the GRAS Notice.

. . .

The revised intended uses for Blue California's Allulose are as a substitute for existent uses of allulose, as well as proposed expanded uses in low- and reduced-calorie alcoholic beverages. While proposed uses in cereal bars and nutrition bars were initially included in the December 2022 amendment, these proposed uses have been withdrawn and are no longer included in the intake assessment.

The proposed uses and use levels of allulose described in GRAS Notices that have received "no questions" letters from FDA through May 24, 2021 are compared to the proposed uses and use levels for Blue California's Allulose in the table below.

Food Category	GRN 400	GRN 498	GRN 693 (w/w)	GRN 828	Blue California's Allulose
Bakery products (rolls, cakes, pies, pastries, and cookies) rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetic	10%	NS	10%*	10%	10%
Beverages (non-alcoholic) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free	2.1%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cereals	10%				
Regular cereals,		2%	2%	2%	2%
low calories, reduced sugar, sugar-free		5%	5%	5%	5%
Chewing gum	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Confections and frostings	NS	5%	5%	5%	5%
Frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet: low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Yogurt (regular and frozen), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Dressings for salads	NS	5%	5%	5%	5%
Gelatins, pudding, and fillings; low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Hard candies Hard candies (including pressed candy, mints)	70%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Soft candies (non-chocolate, plain chocolate, chocolate coated) (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Jams and jellies	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Sugar	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%

Food Category	GRN 400	GRN 498	GRN 693 (w/w)	GRN 828	Blue California's Allulose
Sugar substitutes	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Sweet sauces and syrups low calorie, reduced calorie and sugar free	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Fat based creams	10%	NS	5%	5%	10%
Coffee mix	30%	NS	NS	NS	30%
Alcoholic beverages (pre-mixed cocktails, wine coolers, and malt beverages) (low/reduced kcal only)	NS	NS	NS	NS	3.5%

^{* =} GRN 828 states that these values were accidentally noted as 10-100% in GRN 693 NS – not specified

The Creme Food Safety® model was used to calculate exposure estimates for allulose under the intended uses using the National Nutrition and Health Examination Survey (NHANES) 2017-2018 dietary data. Intake of allulose was examined for intended use within NHANES food codes and use levels, as detailed in "G10415 Food Codes 13 Jan 2023.csv" and "G10415 ingredient file 13 Jan 2023.csv" (files provided separately via email). Individuals were considered "consumers" if they reported consumption of one or more food products from the selected food codes on either Day 1 or Day 2 of the survey.

To capture background intake of allulose for candy, the use level for hard candy was increased to 70%. For a more representative intake assessment, food codes for candy that did not indicate a low-sugar variety were removed.

To capture the background intake of allulose for cereals, the use level was increased to 10% for the cereals group, including ready-to-eat cereals, oatmeal, and other cooked cereals. Food codes for cereals and oatmeal that did not indicate a "less sugar" variety were removed for a more representative intake assessment based on the intended use. In addition, food codes for grits were also removed, as it is not customary for sugar or alternative sweeteners to be added to grits.

Medical foods were not included in the intake assessment since there are no associated food codes for medical foods. Furthermore, medical foods are typically the sole source of nutrition for a specific subset of the population and are used under a physician's care, which do not make them representative of a typical consumer's diet.

Blue California's earlier dietary intake assessment for GRN 1024 presented data for specific population subsets based upon age categories, including children ages 2-5 years and children 6-12 years. Previous GRAS Notices 498, 693, and 828 report a single population subset for

. . .

children ages 2-12 years. For consistency, and in order to report the intake for a larger and more representative consumer population, Blue California has updated the reporting age categories accordingly.

The results of the cumulative EDI assessment under the revised intended uses are summarized in Tables 1 and 2 herein. Table 1 shows the results of the cumulative mean and 90th percentile intakes of allulose in g per day on a *per capita* and consumer-only (denoted as "All Consumers") basis. Table 2 shows the results of the cumulative mean and 90th percentile intakes of allulose in g per kg bw per day on a *per capita* and consumer-only basis.

The mean and 90th percentile EDIs of all users aged 2 years and older were 9.8 and 22.9 g per person per day, respectively. All users aged 2 to 110 years had EDIs equal to or below 0.33 g per kg bw per day. These results reveal an average maximum exposure would occur in males 19 years of age or older, with a 90th percentile value of 32.8 g per day or 0.34 g per kg bw per day. On a body weight basis, children ages 2-12 years had the highest 90th percentile EDI at 0.48 g per kg bw per day.

Table 1. Updated Cumulative Allulose Intake (g/day)

Population	Number	Percentage	Allulose Intake Per Capita (g/day)				Allulose Intake – All Consumers (g/day)			
Group	of users	(%)	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE
2+ y	4762	77.0	7.8	0.2	19.7	0.8	9.8	0.2	22.9	0.6
2-12 y	890	70.5	4.2	0.2	11.3	0.4	5.6	0.2	12.6	0.3
13-18 F	238	68.8	4.0	0.3	11.5	0.9	5.5	0.4	14.2	1.3
13-18 M	191	56.8	3.2	0.4	9.9	1.5	5.7	0.4	14.1	1.0
13-18 M+F	429	62.9	3.6	0.2	10.8	0.7	5.6	0.3	14.1	0.8
19-110 F	1831	82.7	6.9	0.2	16.8	0.7	8.3	0.3	18.9	0.8
19-110 M	1612	79.6	11.2	0.5	28.3	1.2	13.7	0.5	32.8	1.9
19-110 M+F	3443	81.2	8.9	0.3	22.8	0.6	10.9	0.3	26.1	0.7

Abbreviations: bw – bodyweight; g – grams; kg – kilograms; SE – standard error; y – year

Table 2. Updated Cumulative Allulose Intake (g/kg bw/day)

Population	Number	Percentage	All		ake Per Cap bw/day)	ita	Allulose Intake – All Consumers (g/kg bw/day)			
Group	of users	(%)	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE
2+ y	4762	77.0	0.11	0.00	0.29	0.01	0.14	0.00	0.33	0.01
2-12 y	890	70.5	0.16	0.01	0.43	0.02	0.22	0.01	0.48	0.02
13-18 F	238	68.8	0.06	0.01	0.19	0.01	0.09	0.01	0.21	0.02
13-18 M	191	56.8	0.05	0.00	0.15	0.02	0.08	0.01	0.20	0.02
13-18 M+F	429	62.9	0.05	0.00	0.17	0.01	0.09	0.00	0.20	0.01
19-110 F	1831	82.7	0.09	0.00	0.22	0.01	0.11	0.00	0.25	0.01
19-110 M	1612	79.6	0.12	0.00	0.31	0.01	0.15	0.01	0.34	0.02
19-110 M+F	3443	81.2	0.11	0.00	0.27	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.30	0.01

Abbreviations: bw – bodyweight; g – grams; kg – kilograms; SE – standard error; y – year

The maximum tolerable single dose levels of allulose in humans were reported to be 0.5 g per kg bw for males and 0.6 g per kg bw for females (lida et al., 2007), which are higher than the calculated EDIs determined for Blue California's Allulose. Furthermore, Han et al. (2018) concluded that the maximum single dose of allulose and the maximum daily intake of allulose should be 0.4 g per kg bw and 0.9 g per kg bw per day, respectively. Blue California notes that the highest 90th percentile estimated daily intake for allulose for any subpopulation is 0.48 g per kg bw per day, which is well-below the maximum daily intake reported by Han et al. (2018). FDA has previously determined that comparable exposures to allulose resulting from the similar uses and use levels are GRAS. Exposure from consuming doses of allulose that occur naturally in foods is negligible. Blue California's Allulose would be expected to be used in place of other allulose products that are currently on the market.

Furthermore, Blue California's EDI estimates are highly amplified since it is unlikely that allulose will be used at the maximum levels for all food categories under the intended uses and all of those foods will be consumed in one day. In addition, short-term surveys, such as the typical 2-day dietary surveys, may overestimate the consumption of food products that are consumed relatively infrequently. Even if some consumers consumed full servings from all categories on a given day, it is highly unlikely that they would do so 365 days per year.

If any additional information or clarification is needed as you and your colleagues proceed with the review, please feel free to contact me via email.

Sincerely,

Katrina V. Emmel, Ph.D. Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate

GRAS Associates, LLC 11810 Grand Park Ave Suite 500 North Bethesda, MD 20852 emmel@gras-associates.com

References:

Han, Y., Choi, B. R., Kim, S. Y., Kim, S. B., Kim, Y. H., Kwon, E. Y. and Choi, M. S. (2018) 'Gastrointestinal Tolerance of D-Allulose in Healthy and Young Adults. A Non-Randomized Controlled Trial', *Nutrients*, 10(12).

Iida, T., Kishimoto, Y., Yoshikawa, Y., Okuma, K., Yagi, K., Matsuo, T. and Izumori, K. (2007) 'Estimation of maximum non effective level of D-psicose in causing diarrhea in human subjects.', *J. Adv. Food Ingred.*, 10, pp. 15–19.

NHANES National Nutrition and Health Examination Survey. NS Not specified.

END

From: Katrina Emmel
To: Hice, Stephanie
Cc: Amy Mozingo

Subject: [EXTERNAL] Re: GRN 001024 - Question for Notifier

Date: Thursday, February 9, 2023 11:29:47 AM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

FDA Questions Response Ltr GRN 1024 2-9-23.pdf

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Good afternoon, Dr. Hice,

Attached you will find a response letter addressing the questions provided by FDA in an email dated February 6, 2023 regarding GRN 1024. Please let me know if you have any further questions.

Thank you,

Katrina

Katrina Emmel, Ph.D.

Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate at GRAS Associates



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On Feb 6, 2023, at 12:58 PM, Hice, Stephanie < Stephanie. Hice@fda.hhs.gov wrote:

CAUTION: External email. Don't click on links or open attachments you do not trust. Good afternoon, Ms. Mozingo –

As discussed this afternoon, during our review of GRAS Notice No. 001024, we noted an additional question that needs to be addressed and is below.

In the amendment dated January 23, 2023, the notifier included a table of the revised proposed uses (page 2) that does not include cereal bars and nutrition bars. We have

no further questions regarding this table.

In Tables 1 and 2 (pages 4-5) of the same amendment, the notifier provided cumulative dietary exposure estimates that include the revised proposed uses as well as the existing uses of d-psicose. We have no further questions regarding the dietary exposure estimates provided in Tables 1 and 2.

However, the notifier did not provide dietary exposure estimates from the revised proposed uses of d-psicose. For the administrative record, please provide updated dietary exposure estimates that consider only the revised proposed uses of d-psicose.

We respectfully request a response within **10 business days**. If you are unable to complete the response within that time frame, please contact me to discuss further options. Please do not include any confidential information in your response.

If you have questions or need further clarification, please feel free to contact me. Thank you in advance for your attention to our comment.

Sincerely,

Stiffy Hice

Stephanie (Stiffy) Hice, Ph.D. (they/them/their)

Regulatory Review Scientist & Microbiology Reviewer

Division of Food Ingredients
Office of Food Additive Safety
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
stephanie.hice@fda.hhs.gov

Pronouns: They-Them-Their (what is this?)

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GRAS Associates, LLC 11810 Grand Park Ave Suite 500 North Bethesda, MD 20852 T: 519.341.3667 | F: 888.531.3466 www.gras-associates.com

February 9, 2023

Food and Drug Administration
Center for Food Safety & Applied Nutrition
Office of Food Additive Safety
Division of Petition Review
5001 Campus Drive
College Park, MD 20740-3835

Attention: Dr. Stephanie Hice

Re: GRN 1024—Allulose–Response to Questions Posed in Emails Dated 2/6/23

Dear Dr. Hice:

Per your request, GRAS Associates, LLC, acting as the agent for Blue California, is providing a response to FDA's request for additional clarification as denoted in your email dated February 6, 2023, as follows:

...the notifier did not provide dietary exposure estimates from the revised proposed uses of D-psicose. For the administrative record, please provide updated dietary exposure estimates that consider only the revised proposed uses of D-psicose.

The proposed uses and use levels for Blue California's Allulose is compared with the proposed uses and use levels of allulose described in GRAS Notices that have received "no questions" letters from FDA through May 24, 2021 in the table below.

Food Category	GRN 400	GRN 498	GRN 693 (w/w)	GRN 828	Blue California's Allulose
Bakery products (rolls, cakes, pies, pastries, and cookies) rolls, cakes, pastries, cakes, low calorie or dietetic	10%	NS	10%*	10%	10%
Beverages (non-alcoholic) low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar-free	2.1%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cereals	10%				
Regular cereals,		2%	2%	2%	2%
low calories, reduced sugar, sugar-free		5%	5%	5%	5%

Food Category	GRN 400	GRN 498	GRN 693 (w/w)	GRN 828	Blue California's Allulose
Chewing gum	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Confections and frostings	NS	5%	5%	5%	5%
Frozen dairy desserts (ice cream, soft serve, sorbet: low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Yogurt (regular and frozen), low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Dressings for salads	NS	5%	5%	5%	5%
Gelatins, pudding, and fillings; low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Hard candies Hard candies (including pressed candy, mints)	70%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Soft candies (non-chocolate, plain chocolate, chocolate coated) (low calorie, reduced calorie, sugar free)	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Jams and jellies	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Sugar	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Sugar substitutes	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Sweet sauces and syrups low calorie, reduced calorie and sugar free	NS	10%	10%	10%	10%
Fat based creams	10%	NS	5%	5%	10%
Coffee mix	30%	NS	NS	NS	30%
Alcoholic beverages (pre-mixed cocktails, wine coolers, and malt beverages) (low/reduced kcal only)	NS	NS	NS	NS	3.5%

^{* =} GRN 828 states that these values were accidentally noted as 10-100% in GRN 693 NS – not specified

The Creme Food Safety® model was used to calculate exposure estimates for allulose under Blue California's intended uses using the National Nutrition and Health Examination Survey (NHANES) 2017-2018 dietary data. Individuals were considered "consumers" if they reported consumption of one or more food products from the selected food codes on either Day 1 or Day 2 of the survey.

Medical foods are not included in the intended use of Blue California's allulose.

The results of the EDI assessment under Blue California's intended uses are summarized in Tables 1 and 2 herein. Table 1 shows the results of the mean and 90th percentile intakes of

allulose in g per day on a *per capita* and consumer-only (denoted as "All Consumers") basis. Table 2 shows the results of the mean and 90th percentile intakes of allulose in g per kg bw per day on a *per capita* and consumer-only basis.

The mean and 90th percentile EDIs of all users aged 2 years and older were 9.4 and 22.7 g per person per day, respectively. All users aged 2 to 110 years had EDIs equal to or below 0.32 g per kg bw per day. These results reveal an average maximum exposure would occur in males 19 years of age or older, with a 90th percentile value of 32.5 g per day or 0.33 g per kg bw per day. On a body weight basis, children ages 2-12 years had the highest 90th percentile EDI at 0.44 g per kg bw per day.

Table 1. Allulose Intake from Blue California's Intended Use (g/day)

Population	Number	Percentage	Allulose Intake Per Capita (g/day)				Allulose Intake – All Consumers (g/day)			
Group	of users	(%)	Mean ±SE		90th Percentile	±SE	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE
2+ y	4762	77.0	7.5	0.2	18.9	0.7	9.4	0.2	22.7	0.5
2-12 y	890	70.5	3.8	0.2	10.8	0.5	5.1	0.2	11.9	0.4
13-18 F	238	68.8	3.7	0.3	10.8	0.9	5.1	0.4	14.0	1.4
13-18 M	191	56.8	3.0	0.3	9.2	1.2	5.3	0.4	12.8	1.3
13-18 M+F	429	62.9	3.3	0.2	10.6	0.6	5.2	0.3	13.5	1.2
19-110 F	1831	82.7	6.6	0.2	15.9	8.0	8.0	0.3	18.4	0.6
19-110 M	1612	79.6	10.8	0.5	28.1	1.1	13.3	0.5	32.5	2.0
19-110 M+F	3443	81.2	8.6	0.3	22.7	0.6	10.5	0.3	25.5	0.7

Abbreviations: bw – bodyweight; g – grams; kg – kilograms; SE – standard error; y – year

Table 2. Allulose Intake from Blue California's Intended Use (g/kg bw/day)

Population	Number	Percentage	All		ake Per Cap bw/day)	ita	Allulose Intake – All Consumers (g/kg bw/day)			
Group	of users	(%)	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE	Mean	±SE	90th Percentile	±SE
2+ y	4762	77.0	0.10	0.00	0.27	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.32	0.01
2-12 y	890	70.5	0.14	0.01	0.39	0.02	0.19	0.01	0.44	0.01
13-18 F	238	68.8	0.06	0.01	0.19	0.01	0.08	0.01	0.21	0.02
13-18 M	191	56.8	0.04	0.00	0.14	0.02	0.08	0.01	0.17	0.02
13-18 M+F	429	62.9	0.05	0.00	0.16	0.02	0.08	0.00	0.19	0.01
19-110 F	1831	82.7	0.09	0.00	0.21	0.01	0.11	0.00	0.24	0.01
19-110 M	1612	79.6	0.12	0.00	0.31	0.01	0.14	0.01	0.33	0.02
19-110 M+F	3443	81.2	0.10	0.00	0.26	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.29	0.01

Abbreviations: bw – bodyweight; g – grams; kg – kilograms; SE – standard error; y – year

. .

The maximum tolerable single dose levels of allulose in humans were reported to be 0.5 g per kg bw for males and 0.6 g per kg bw for females (lida et al., 2007), which are higher than the calculated EDIs determined for Blue California's Allulose. Furthermore, Han et al. (2018) concluded that the maximum single dose of allulose and the maximum daily intake of allulose should be 0.4 g per kg bw and 0.9 g per kg bw per day, respectively. The highest 90th percentile estimated daily intake for Blue California's allulose for any subpopulation is 0.44 g per kg bw per day, which is well-below the maximum daily intake reported by Han et al. (2018). FDA has previously determined that comparable exposures to allulose resulting from the similar uses and use levels are GRAS. Exposure from consuming doses of allulose that occur naturally in foods is negligible. Blue California's Allulose would be expected to be used in place of other allulose products that are currently on the market.

Furthermore, Blue California's EDI estimates are likely an overestimation since it is unlikely that allulose will be used at the maximum levels for all food categories under the intended uses and all of those foods will be consumed in one day. In addition, short-term surveys, such as the typical 2-day dietary surveys, may overestimate the consumption of food products that are consumed relatively infrequently. Even if some consumers consumed full servings from all categories on a given day, it is highly unlikely that they would do so 365 days per year.

If any additional information or clarification is needed as you and your colleagues proceed with the review, please feel free to contact me via email.

Sincerely,	
	•

Katrina V. Emmel, Ph.D. Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate

GRAS Associates, LLC 11810 Grand Park Ave Suite 500 North Bethesda, MD 20852 emmel@gras-associates.com

References:

- Han, Y., Choi, B. R., Kim, S. Y., Kim, S. B., Kim, Y. H., Kwon, E. Y. and Choi, M. S. (2018) 'Gastrointestinal Tolerance of D-Allulose in Healthy and Young Adults. A Non-Randomized Controlled Trial', *Nutrients*, 10(12).
- Iida, T., Kishimoto, Y., Yoshikawa, Y., Okuma, K., Yagi, K., Matsuo, T. and Izumori, K. (2007) 'Estimation of maximum non effective level of D-psicose in causing diarrhea in human subjects.', *J. Adv. Food Ingred.*, 10, pp. 15–19.

END

From: Katrina Emmel
To: Hice, Stephanie
Cc: Amy Mozingo

Subject: [EXTERNAL] Re: GRN 001024 - Question for Notifier

Date: Thursday, March 2, 2023 10:46:49 AM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

FDA Questions Response Ltr GRN 1024 3-2-23.pdf

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good Morning, Dr. Hice,

Attached you will find a response letter addressing the questions provided by FDA in an email dated March 1, 2023 regarding GRN 1024. Please let me know if you have any further questions.

Thank you,

Katrina

Katrina Emmel, Ph.D.

Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate at GRAS Associates



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On Mar 1, 2023, at 2:46 PM, Hice, Stephanie < Stephanie. Hice@fda.hhs.gov wrote:

CAUTION: External email. Don't click on links or open attachments you do not trust.
Good evening, Ms. Mozingo –

During our review of GRAS Notice No. 001024, we noted an additional clarifying question that needs to be addressed and is below.

In the amendment dated March 18, 2022, the notifier clarifies that the specification for *Escherichia coli* is negative in 1 g (response to Question 11(a)); however, the revised

copy of Table 3 (page 8) of the same amendment lists the specification for *E. coli* as negative in 10 g. For the administrative record, please clarify this discrepancy.

We respectfully request a response within **10 business days**. If you are unable to complete the response within that time frame, please contact me to discuss further options. Please do not include any confidential information in your response.

If you have questions or need further clarification, please feel free to contact me. Thank you in advance for your attention to our comment.

Sincerely,

Stiffy Hice

Stephanie (Stiffy) Hice, Ph.D. (they/them/their)

Regulatory Review Scientist & Microbiology Reviewer

Division of Food Ingredients
Office of Food Additive Safety
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition
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stephanie.hice@fda.hhs.gov

Pronouns: They-Them-Their (what is this?)

<image001.png>

<image002.png> <image003.png> <image004.png> <image005.png>



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March 2, 2023

Food and Drug Administration
Center for Food Safety & Applied Nutrition
Office of Food Additive Safety
Division of Petition Review
5001 Campus Drive
College Park, MD 20740-3835

Attention: Dr. Stephanie Hice

Re: GRN 1024—Allulose–Response to Questions Posed in Emails Dated 3/1/23

Dear Dr. Hice:

Per your request, GRAS Associates, LLC, acting as the agent for Blue California, is providing a response to FDA's request for additional clarification as denoted in your email dated March 1, 2023, as follows:

In the amendment dated March 18, 2022, the notifier clarifies that the specification for Escherichia coli is negative in 1 g (response to Question 11(a)); however the revised copy of Table 3 (page 8) of the same amendment lists the specification for E. coli as negative in 10 g. For the administrative record, please clarify this discrepancy.

Blue California wishes to correct the typo in Table 3 of the amendment dated March 18, 2022 and clarify that the *E. coli* specification is Negative in 1 g.

If any additional information or clarification is needed as you and your colleagues proceed with the review, please feel free to contact me via email.

Sincerely,

Katrina V. Emmel, Ph.D.
Senior Scientist/Project Manager/Associate

GRAS Associates, LLC 11810 Grand Park Ave Suite 500 North Bethesda, MD 20852 emmel@gras-associates.com

END