

**Food and Drug Administration
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research**

**Final Summary Minutes of the Antimicrobial Drugs Advisory Committee Meeting
January 24, 2023**

Location: Please note that due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, all meeting participants joined this advisory committee meeting via an online teleconference platform.

Topic: The committee discussed new drug application 217417, for rezafungin lyophilized powder for injection, submitted by Cidara Therapeutics, Inc., for treatment of candidemia and invasive candidiasis in adults.

These summary minutes for the January 24, 2023 meeting of the Antimicrobial Drugs Advisory Committee of the Food and Drug Administration were approved on April 6, 2023.

I certify that I attended the January 24, 2023 meeting of the Antimicrobial Drugs Advisory Committee of the Food and Drug Administration and that these minutes accurately reflect what transpired.

/s/
Joyce Frimpong, PharmD
Acting Designated Federal Officer, AMDAC

/s/
Lindsey R. Baden, MD
Chairperson, AMDAC

Summary Minutes of the Antimicrobial Drugs Advisory Committee Meeting January 24, 2023

The Antimicrobial Drugs Advisory Committee (AMDAC) of the Food and Drug Administration, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research met on January 24, 2023. The meeting presentations were heard, viewed, captioned, and recorded through an online teleconferencing platform. Prior to the meeting, the members and temporary voting members were provided the briefing materials from the FDA and Cidara Therapeutics, Inc. The meeting was called to order by Lindsey Baden, MD (Chairperson). The conflict of interest statement was read into the record by Joyce Frimpong (Acting Designated Federal Officer). There were approximately 509 people in attendance. There were six Open Public Hearing (OPH) speaker presentations.

A verbatim transcript will be available, in most instances, at approximately ten to twelve weeks following the meeting date.

Agenda: The committee discussed new drug application 217417, for rezafungin lyophilized powder for injection, submitted by Cidara Therapeutics, Inc., for treatment of candidemia and invasive candidiasis in adults.

Attendance:

Antimicrobial Drugs Advisory Committee Members Present (Voting): Lindsey R. Baden, MD (Chairperson); Michael D. Green, MD, MPH; W. David Hardy, MD; Sally A. Hunsberger, PhD; Richard A. Murphy, MD, MPH; Nimish Patel, PharmD, PhD; Federico Perez, MD, MS; George K. Siberry, MD, MPH; Sankar Swaminathan, MD; Roblena E. Walker, PhD (Consumer Representative)

Antimicrobial Drugs Advisory Committee Members Not Present (Voting): Ighovwerha Ofotokun, MD, MSc

Antimicrobial Drugs Advisory Committee Member Present (Non-Voting): Richa S. Chandra, MD, MBA (Industry Representative)

Temporary Members (Voting): John E. Bennett, MD; Nina Clark, MD; Arthur Flatau (Patient Representative); Joan F. Hilton, ScD, MPH; Stacey R. Rose, MD, FACP, FIDSA

FDA Participants (Non-Voting): John Farley, MD, MPH; Peter Kim, MD, MS; Heidi Smith, MD, PhD; Shrimant Mishra, MD, MPH; Jalal Sheikh, PhD; Owen McMaster, PhD; Xianbin Li, PhD; Timothy Bensman, PharmD, PhD

Acting Designated Federal Officer (Non-Voting): Joyce Frimpong, PharmD

Open Public Hearing Speakers: Richard Tharp; Megan Morales, MD; George R. Thompson, MD, FIDSA, FECMM; Monica Sikka, MD; Sue Paxton; Kate Trigg

The agenda was as follows:

Call to Order	Lindsey R. Baden, MD Chairperson, AMDAC
Introduction of Committee and Conflict of Interest Statement	Joyce Frimpong, PharmD Acting Designated Federal Officer, AMDAC
FDA Opening Remarks	Peter Kim, MD, MS Director Division of Anti-Infectives (DAI) Office of Infectious Disease (OID) Office of New Drugs (OND), CDER, FDA
APPLICANT PRESENTATIONS	Cidara Therapeutics, Inc.
Introduction	Carol Waldo, MLA, RAC Senior Vice President Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance Cidara Therapeutics, Inc.
Unmet Need	Jose Vazquez, MD, FACP, FIDSA Chief of Infectious Disease and Professor of Medicine Medical College of Georgia at Augusta University
Pharmacology and Microbiology	Shawn Flanagan, PhD Vice President Clinical Pharmacology & Early Development Cidara Therapeutics, Inc.
Clinical Efficacy	Anita Das, PhD Consulting Statistician
Clinical Safety	Taylor Sandison, MD, MPH Chief Medical Officer Cidara Therapeutics, Inc.
Clinical Perspective	Cornelius (Neil) J. Clancy, MD Professor of Medicine Associate Chief of Infectious Diseases University of Pittsburgh
Clarifying Questions	
BREAK	

FDA PRESENTATIONS

Efficacy Assessment

Xianbin Li, PhD
Statistical Reviewer
Division of Biometrics IV
Office of Biostatistics
Office of Translational Sciences (OTS)
CDER, FDA

Rezafungin Tremors

Owen McMaster, PhD
Pharmacology-Toxicology Reviewer
Division of Pharmacology/Toxicology-Infectious Diseases
OID, OND, CDER, FDA

Clinical Safety Assessment

Shrimant Mishra, MD, MPH
Medical Officer
DAI, OID, OND, CDER, FDA

Assessment of Rezafungin's
Antimicrobial Activity Relative to the
FDA-Approved Echinocandins

Jalal Sheikh, PhD
Clinical Microbiology Reviewer
DAI, OID, OND, CDER, FDA

Clinical Pharmacology Assessment

Timothy Bensman, PharmD, PhD
Clinical Pharmacology Reviewer
Division of Infectious Disease Pharmacology
Office of Clinical Pharmacology
OTS, CDER, FDA

Summary Comments

Heidi Smith, MD, PhD
Clinical Team Leader
DAI, OID, OND, CDER, FDA

Clarifying Questions

LUNCH

OPEN PUBLIC HEARING

Charge to the Committee

Peter Kim, MD, MS

Questions to the Committee/Committee
Discussion

BREAK

Questions to the Committee/Committee
Discussion (cont.)

ADJOURNMENT

Questions to the Committee:

1. **VOTE:** Is the overall benefit-risk assessment favorable for the use of rezafungin for treatment of candidemia/invasive candidiasis in adults with limited or no alternative treatment options?
 - If yes, it would help us to understand the context of use for rezafungin, that is, the clinical scenario(s) in which rezafungin fulfills an unmet need.
 - If no, please comment on the additional information that would be needed for the benefit-risk assessment to be favorable for the use of rezafungin in this/these population(s).

Vote Result: Yes: 14 No: 1 Abstain: 0

Committee Discussion: *The majority of the committee members agreed that the overall benefit-risk assessment is favorable for the use of rezafungin for treatment of candidemia/invasive candidiasis in adults with limited or no alternative treatment options. The committee members who voted "Yes", noted that rezafungin is part of a well-known class of drugs, that weekly IV dosing is advantageous in the clinical setting (compared to daily IV dosing of other echinocandins), and that rezafungin has a favorable set of attributes for patients with no or limited alternatives. It was noted that concerns about safety, e.g., tremor and other adverse events of special interest, must be carefully considered when using this product. Given the limited safety dataset additional safety data is important to develop if this agent were to be used clinically. There was also discussion about the need to study this product in other patient populations, e.g., pediatric populations and pregnant women, in order to guide its potential use. Overall, those who voted "Yes" in support of an indication based on limited safety and efficacy data, recommended that Cidara continue to accrue additional data: (1) to further characterize the patient population in the currently proposed limited use indication, as well as, (2) to ultimately support a full indication for rezafungin for treatment of candidemia/invasive candidiasis. The committee member who voted "No" was concerned that the evidence was insufficient given the severity of the outcome, i.e., mortality. Please see the transcript for details of the committee discussion.*

The meeting was adjourned at approximately 3:55 p.m.