

### **Overview and Contents**

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#### **Overview**

Compare Test and Reference drug products

- Bioequivalence (BE) assessments rely on
  - criterion
  - confidence interval for criterion
  - predetermined limit for concluding BE

#### Overview



 Describe ways to statistically compare Test and Reference drug products

 Encourage discussion with FDA as methods and technology evolve

Includes most topics from 2001, plus additional innovations



#### **Table of Contents**

- I. Introduction
- II. General Considerations
- III. Specific Situations
- IV. (corrected) Appendices



#### **Table of Contents**

- II. General Considerations
  - A. Study design
  - B. Data preparation
  - C. Statistical models

## Study design



### Experimental Design

- non-replicated, replicated,
- adaptive design
- sparse sampling

Sample Size determination



## **Data Preparation**

Log-transformation and other data transformation

Missing data and intercurrent events

**Outliers** 



#### **General Considerations**

### Statistical models

Test hypotheses (TOST)

- > confidence intervals
- → mixed effects / two-stage linear models



# **Specific Situations**

 In-vitro – population BE; In Vitro Release Test, In Vitro Permeation Test; abuse-deterrence formulations; dissolution similarity, profile comparisons

 <u>Pharmacokinetic</u> (PK) – Narrow Therapeutic Index, Highly Variable Drug products; multiple groups;



### **Specific Situations**

- Pharmacodynamic (PD) dose scale
- Comparative clinical endpoint
- Adhesion, irritation transdermal systems





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