

## Memorandum

**Date:** December 20, 2022

**From:** Biologist, Environmental Team, Division of Science and Technology (HFS-255)

**Subject:** Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) for Food Contact Substance Notification (FCN) 2261: Aluminum oxide (CAS Reg. No. 1344-28-1)

**Notifier:** Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany and its affiliated companies

**To:** Laura Dye, Ph.D., Consumer Safety Officer, Division of Food Contact Notification (HFS-275)

**Through:** Mariellen Pfeil, Lead Biologist, Environmental Team, Office of Food Additive Safety (HFS-255)

Mariellen Pfeil -S Digitally signed by Mariellen Pfeil -S  
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Attached is the Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) for Food Contact Substance Notification (FCN) 2261, which explains how the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has met the requirements under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) for this FCN. FCN 2261 is for the use of aluminum oxide as a component of inorganic pigments in combination with other authorized, inorganic substances where the FCS will function as (1) the substrate for the inorganic pigment; and/or (2) a coating component for the inorganic pigment. The inorganic pigment containing the FCS will be used as a colorant in printing inks in contact with all food types under Conditions of Use A through H, and J, as described in Tables 1 and 2<sup>1</sup>, except for use in contact with infant formula and human milk.

After this notification becomes effective, copies of this FONSI, and the notifier's environmental assessment (EA) dated November 11, 2022 may be made available to the public. We will post digital transcriptions of the FONSI and the EA on the agency's public website.

Please let us know if there is any change in the identity or use of the food-contact substance.

**Brittany Ott -S** Digitally signed by Brittany Ott -S  
Date: 2022.12.20 13:50:21 -05'00'

Attachment: Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI)

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<sup>1</sup> <https://www.fda.gov/food/packaging-food-contact-substances-fcs/food-types-conditions-use-food-contact-substances>

## FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

**Proposed Action:** Food Contact Substance Notification (FCN) 2261, submitted by Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany and its affiliated companies for the use of aluminum oxide as a component of inorganic pigments in combination with other authorized, inorganic substances where the FCS will function as (1) the substrate for the inorganic pigment; and/or (2) a coating component for the inorganic pigment, as a colorant in printing inks, except for in contact with infant formula and human milk, as specified below.

The Office of Food Additive Safety has determined that allowing this notification to become effective will not significantly affect the quality of the human environment and, therefore, an environmental impact statement (EIS) will not be prepared. This finding is based on information submitted by the notifier in an environmental assessment (EA), dated November 11, 2022. The EA was prepared in accordance with 21 CFR 25.40. The EA is incorporated by reference in this Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) and is briefly summarized below.

The FCS, aluminum oxide, is intended for use a component of inorganic pigments in combination with other authorized, inorganic substances where the FCS will function as (1) the substrate for the inorganic pigment; and/or (2) a coating component for the inorganic pigment, as a colorant in printing inks in contact food all food types under Conditions of Use A through H, and J, as described in Table 2<sup>2</sup>, except for use in contact with infant formula and human milk. The FCS is expected to be entirely incorporated into and remain with the finished food-contact article and any waste materials generated in the process, e.g. plant scraps, are expected to be disposed of as part of the manufacturer's overall non-hazardous solid waste in accordance with established procedures. Ultimate consumer disposal will be by conventional rubbish (sanitary landfill or incineration) and recycling.

Items manufactured with the FCS are expected to be utilized in patterns corresponding to the population and then disposed of via the disposal patterns described in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) report, *Advancing Sustainable Materials Management: 2018 Fact Sheet*. Thus, we expect post-consumer disposal of food-contact articles containing the FCS that are not recycled will be by landfill disposal or incineration at municipal waste combustors (MWCs) complying with 40 CFR Parts 258 and 60, respectively.

Finally, due to the nature of the FCS as an inorganic, non-combustible compound also known as alumina, there is nothing to suggest that the FCS would be in violation of 40 CFR Parts 60 and 62, which address combustion emissions, and data regarding the production of GHG emissions from this FCS is not required. Also, virtually no leaching to the environment is expected under normal environmental conditions when disposed of in sanitary landfills. Thus, no significant impact on the concentrations of and exposures to any substances in air, water, or soil are anticipated. Further, because of EPA's regulations governing emissions from MWCs, no significant impacts are expected from incineration of the FCS at MWCs. Thus, the use of the FCS as proposed is not expected to result in significant environmental impacts.

We do not expect a net increase in the use of energy and resources from the use of the FCS as notified here as this use will be substitutional to the same and similar materials already on the market. Nor do we expect significant environmental impacts, which would necessitate mitigative actions. The alternative to not allowing the FCN to become effective would be continued use of the dyes, pigments, colorants for polymers, and laser-marking additives that the FCS would otherwise replace; therefore, this action would have no significant environmental impact.

<sup>2</sup> <https://www.fda.gov/food/packaging-food-contact-substances-fcs/food-types-conditions-use-food-contact-substances>

As evaluated in the EA, the proposed use of the FCS as described in FCN 2261 is not expected to significantly affect the human environment; therefore, an EIS will not be prepared.

Prepared by **Brittany Ott -S** Digitally signed by Brittany Ott -S  
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Approved by **Mariellen Pfeil -S** Digitally signed by Mariellen Pfeil -S  
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