# SAFETY EVALUATION DOSSIER SUPPORTING A GENERALLY RECOGNIZED AS SAFE (GRAS) CONCLUSION FOR THE USE OF CORN BRAN ARABINOXYLAN IN CONVENTIONAL FOODS

#### **SUBMITTED TO:**

U.S. Food and Drug Administration Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition Office of Food Additive Safety (HFS-200) 5001 Campus Drive College Park, MD 20740

#### **SUBMITTED BY:**

AgriFiber Solutions, LLC 1011 Campus Drive Mundelein, IL 60060

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March 10, 2021

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# **Listing of Exhibits**

Exhibit I: Technical Documentation for Corn Bran Arabinoxylan (BFG)

Exhibit 1-A: BFG Specifications

Exhibit 1-B: Certificates of Analysis

Exhibit II: GRAS Panel Report

#### 1. SIGNED STATEMENTS AND CERTIFICATION

The current GRAS Notice is hereby submitted in accordance with Title 21 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Chapter I, Subchapter B, Part 170, Subpart E to inform the Agency that the proposed uses of corn bran arabinoxylan described herein have been determined to be generally recognized as safe (GRAS) through scientific procedures, and are therefore exempt from the pre-market approval requirements of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

	March 10, 2021
G. Craig Llewellyn, Ph.D.	Date
Principal and Scientific Director	
Toxicology Regulatory Services (TRS), Inc.	
SafeBridge Regulatory and Life Sciences Group,	
A Trinity Consultants Inc. Company	
Agent for AgriFiber Solutions, LLC	

#### A. Name and Address of Notifier

AgriFiber Solutions, LLC 1011 Campus Drive Mundelein, IL 60060

#### **B.** Name of GRAS Substance

The subject of this GRAS conclusion is corn bran arabinoxylan (herein also referred to as "BFG").

# C. Intended Use and Consumer Exposure

Corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) is proposed for use as a formulation aid (binder/gelling agent/texturizer/stabilizer/thickener/emulsifier) at a maximum use level of 3% and a good source of fiber at a maximum use level of 3.8 g/serving in a variety of food categories. BFG is also proposed for use as an excellent source of dietary fiber at a maximum level use level 7.6 g/serving in yogurt, smoothies and grain drinks, and powdered nutritional supplements. BFG is not intended for use in meat and poultry products, which are under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), or in infant formula. Average and high-end

consumer intake of BFG from AgriFiber's proposed uses is estimated to range from 5 to 27 g/day (providing a dietary fiber intake of up to 24.3 g/day based on a maximum dietary fiber content of 90%), for the total U.S. population.

#### D. Basis for GRAS Conclusion

#### **Regulatory Framework**

The regulatory framework for determining whether a substance can be considered generally recognized as safe (GRAS) in accordance with section 201(s) (21 U.S.C. § 321(s)) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 301 et. Seq.) (the "Act"), is set forth at 21 CFR §170.30, which states:

"General recognition of safety may be based only on the view of experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the safety of substances directly or indirectly added to food. The basis of such views may be either (1) scientific procedures or (2) in the case of a substance used in food prior to January 1, 1958, through experience based on common use in food. General recognition of safety requires common knowledge about the substance throughout the scientific community knowledgeable about the safety of substances directly or indirectly added to food.

General recognition of safety based upon scientific procedures shall require the same quantity and quality of scientific evidence as is required to obtain approval of a food additive regulation for the ingredient. General recognition of safety through scientific procedures shall ordinarily be based upon published studies which may be corroborated by unpublished studies and other data and information."

#### **GRAS Conclusion**

The basis for the GRAS conclusion for corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) is through scientific procedures in accordance with 21 CFR §170.30 (a) and (b).

The criteria stated above are applied herein to determine whether the use of BFG is GRAS for the following intended conditions of use: as a source of dietary fiber, as a formulation aid (e.g., binder and gelling agent), as a texturizer, and as a stabilizer and thickener (e.g., emulsifier) within select foods and beverages.

The entire body of available information relevant to the safety of BFG, including identity, specifications, manufacturing process, probable consumer exposure, toxicology and safety profile, and human clinical study provides a basis upon which to conclude that there is a reasonable certainty that BFG is safe under its intended conditions of use. In addition, because the information supporting safety is widely known and accepted by qualified experts (refer to Exhibit II, GRAS Panel Report), it is concluded that BFG is generally recognized as safe (GRAS) for the intended condition of use described herein.

Based upon our findings and knowledge of the information compiled in this dossier, we conclude that BFG is GRAS for the intended conditions of use described herein. To the best of our knowledge, the current GRAS conclusion is a complete, representative, and balanced assessment that includes unfavorable information, as well as favorable information, known to us and pertinent to the evaluation of the safety and GRAS status of the use of BFG.

# E. Availability of Information

Questions or requests for additional information may be directed to: Toxicology Regulatory Services Inc, SafeBridge Regulatory and Life Sciences Group, A Trinity Consultants Inc. Company, 154 Hansen Road, Suite 201, Charlottesville, VA 22911 [contact: G. Craig Llewellyn, Ph.D. (Agent for AgriFiber Solutions, LLC), telephone (434) 977-5957; email: <a href="mailto:CLlewellyn@ToxRegServ.com">CLlewellyn@ToxRegServ.com</a>].

# 2. IDENTITY, METHOD OF MANUFACTURE, SPECIFICATIONS, AND PHYSICAL OR TECHNICAL EFFECT

This section of the GRAS conclusion fulfills the requirements of 21 CFR §170.230 by providing information related to the GRAS material identity, method of manufacture, specifications, and physical or technical effect including product characteristics and analytical data.

#### A. Trade or Common Name

The subject of this GRAS conclusion is corn bran arabinoxylan (also herein referred to as "BFG").

#### B. Chemical Name

Not applicable

## C. Synonyms

AgriFiber BFG; BFG; corn bran arabinoxylan; corn bran AX; corn bran fiber; corn bran extract; soluble corn bran fiber; soluble corn fiber; vegetable fiber (corn); corn fiber; soluble grain fiber (corn); grain fiber (corn).

# D. CAS Registry Number

Not applicable

#### E. Product Characteristics

Corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) is a slightly sweet tasting, odorless, tan powder. BFG has a bulk density between 15-42 lb/cubic foot (depending on the method of drying), a granulation size that passes through U.S. standard 20 mesh, and a viscosity around 500-600 cps (Brookfield HA Viscometer: #5 spindle, 12 rpm, 25°C, 10.00% solids). Specifications for BFG are presented below in Table 1 and included as Exhibit 1-A. Batch analysis results from three non-consecutive batches of BFG demonstrating conformance to product specifications, as well as microbial and heavy metals analytical results are provided in Exhibit I-B and summarized in Table 2.

AgriFiber maintains raw material specifications that ensure that every lot of raw agricultural material used to produce BFG (i.e., corn bran) is analyzed for microbial contaminants and heavy metals (lead, arsenic [total], cadmium, and mercury), as summarized in Table 3. In addition, the raw materials are routinely analyzed for aflatoxins, vomitoxin, and pesticides. For robust verification, a composite sample of three lots of BFG was also analyzed for the presence of a

large swath of pesticide parameters; the results of which confirmed that BFG is not contaminated with pesticides (Exhibit 1-B).

BFG is expected to be stable and without degradation for at least two years when kept in a sealed container under cool, dry storage conditions.

Table 1. Specifications for Corn Bran Arabinoxylan (BFG)

Analytical Parameter	Units	Acceptable Target/Range	Method of Analysis
Appearance	N/A	Tan powder	Organoleptic
Taste	N/A	Slightly sweet	Organoleptic
Moisture	%	< 9	Ohaus MB 45, 1 min
Ash	%	< 6	Mod 923.03/942.05, Dried Basis
Total dietary fiber	%	74-90	AOAC 2009.01 AOAC 2011.25
(arabinoxylan)			
Aerobic Plate Count	CFU/g	< 6,000	FDA BAM
Yeast	CFU/g	< 10	FDA BAM
Mold	CFU/g	< 10	FDA BAM
Escherichia coli	CFU/g	< 10	FDA BAM
Coliform	CFU/g	< 10	AOAC 991.14
Salmonella	/25 g	Negative	FDA BAM

Association of Official Agricultural Chemists (AOAC); Colony-forming unit (CFU); Food and Drug Administration Bacteriological Analytical Method (FDA BAM); gram (g); not applicable (N/A)

Table 2. Analytical Results on Three Nonconsecutive Lots of Corn Bran Arabinoxylan (BFG)

Parameter	Units	Specification / Acceptable Target*		BFG948179-01		Method
Appearance <sup>1</sup>	N/A	Tan – brown powder	Light brown	Light brown	Light brown	Organoleptic
Taste <sup>1</sup>	N/A	Slightly sweet	Slightly sweet	Slightly sweet	Slightly sweet	Organoleptic
Moisture <sup>1</sup>	%	< 9	8.60	4.41	4.81	Ohaus MB 45, 1 min
Ash <sup>2</sup>	%	< 6	4.71	5.29	4.58	Mod 923.03/942.05, Dried Basis
Total dietary fiber (arabinoxylan) <sup>2</sup>	%	74-90	79.56	78.53	81.61	AOAC 2009.01 AOAC 2011.25
Aerobic Plate Count <sup>1</sup>	CFU/g	< 6,000	5100	4800	1200	FDA BAM
Yeast <sup>1</sup>	CFU/g	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	FDA BAM
$Mold^1$	CFU/g	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	FDA BAM
Escherichia coli <sup>1</sup>	CFU/g	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	FDA BAM
Coliform <sup>1</sup>	CFU/g	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	AOAC 991.14
Salmonella <sup>1</sup>	/25 g	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	FDA BAM
Clostridium perfringens <sup>3</sup>	CFU/g	< 10*	< 10	< 10	< 10	FDA BAM 8th Edition Chap 16
Aflatoxin ELISA <sup>3</sup>	ppb	< 5.0*	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	AOAC RI-05091
Lead <sup>3</sup>	ppm	< 0.10*	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	AOAC 985.01 Modified (ICP-MS)
Arsenic (Total) <sup>3</sup>	ppm	< 0.10*	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	AOAC 985.01 Modified (ICP-MS)
Cadmium <sup>3</sup>	ppm	< 0.10*	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	AOAC 985.01 Modified (ICP-MS)
Mercury <sup>3</sup>	ppm	< 0.10*	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	AOAC 985.01 Modified (ICP-MS)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Results from AgriFiber's certificates of analysis (COAs) dated June 25, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Results from Eurofins' COAs dated November 09, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Results from Deibel Laboratories COAs dated June 25, 2020.

<sup>\*</sup> Acceptable Target for parameters not in BFG Specifications but monitored periodically and/or monitored in the raw material

Table 3. BFG Raw Material (Corn Bran) Specifications

Analytical Parameter	Units	Acceptable Target/Range	Method of Analysis
Aerobic Plate Count	CFU/g	< 25,000	FDA BAM
Yeast	CFU/g	< 1,000	FDA BAM
Mold	CFU/g	< 1,000	FDA BAM
Escherichia coli	CFU/g	< 10	FDA BAM
Coliform	CFU/g	< 100	AOAC 991.14
Salmonella	/25 g	Negative	FDA BAM
Deoxynivalenol (DON; Vomitoxin)	ppm	< 10	Lateral flow test (LFT) (EnviroLogix)
Aflatoxin	ppb	< 20	Lateral flow test (LFT) (EnviroLogix)
Fumonisin	ppm	< 4	Lateral flow test (LFT) (EnviroLogix)
Lead	ppm	< 0.10	AOAC 985.01 Modified (ICP-MS)
Arsenic (Total)	ppm	< 0.10	AOAC 985.01 Modified (ICP-MS)
Cadmium	ppm	< 0.10	AOAC 985.01 Modified (ICP-MS)
Mercury	ppm	< 0.10	AOAC 985.01 Modified (ICP-MS)

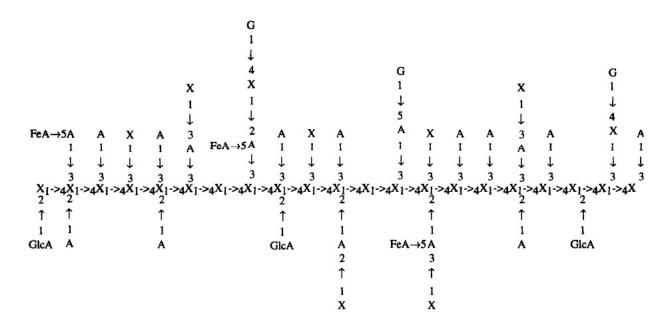
# F. Product Composition

Corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) is a hemicellulose primarily comprised of water soluble arabinoxylan. BFG is prepared by an alkali-hydrothermal process that fractionates corn bran lignocellulosic material, followed by enzymatic (endo- $\beta$ -1,4-xylanase) hydrolysis that produces lower molecular weight fragments of arabinoxylan. As a non-starch polysaccharide, arabinoxylans are naturally occurring dietary fibers that are abundant in the cell wall of monocotyledonous plants in the family *Poaceae* (formally known as *Gramineae*) (Kale *et al.*, 2018; Izydorczyk and Biliaderis, 2007). They are a major component of fibers within cereal grains, such as corn, wheat, rye, rice, sorghum, and millet, as well as other grasses, such as psyllium, flax, and bamboos, and; therefore, arabinoxylans constitute an important portion of the dietary fiber consumed by humans (Izydorczyk and Biliaderis, 2007). The structural commonality among arabinoxylans is the linear  $\beta$ -(1,4) linked D-xylopyranose backbone with  $\alpha$ -L-arabinofuranose residues as side chains. The additional presence of ferulic acid and sugars, such as galactose and glucuronic acid, in the side chains also imparts a large degree of structural heterogeneity (Serra *et al.*, 2020; Kale *et al.*, 2018).

BFG is a corn bran arabinoxylan that contains a minimum 74% dietary fiber, with a neutral monosaccharide composition comprised of around 49% xylose, 43% arabinose, and 8% galactose (total weight of neutral monosaccharides) (Table 4). While xylose provides the

backbone of corn bran arabinoxylan, arabinose forms the branching points and galactose is present in the side chains. The molecular structure of corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) is shown in Figure 1. The product exhibits an arabinose-to-xylose ratio around 0.84 to 0.88 (Table 4) with sections of the arabinoxylan chain further substituted with ferulic acid and glucuronic acid, which is indicative of a heavily branched structure with complex side chains (Izydorczyk and Biliaderis, 2007; Nguyen *et al.*, 2020; Rose, *et al.*, 2010; Saulnier *et al.*, 1995a). The ratio of arabinose to xylose is noted to vary (e.g. typically from 0.3 to 1.1) among arabinoxylans derived from different grain species (Izydorczyk and Biliaderis, 2007; Rose et al., 2010) (discussed further below in Section 6). As shown in Table 4, uronic acids comprise approximately 17% of the BFG ingredient, which is in the range of uronic acid residues found in other dietary fiber sources (e.g. 4.4% in wheat bran, 6.5% in apple, 11.1% in carrot, 22.4% in potato fiber (Theander et al., 1995)). The total amount of free and bound ferulic acid in BFG as determined from analysis of representative samples was  $\leq 1.2\%$  (AgriFiber 2021; *unpublished data on file*) (see safety discussion in Section 6).

#### G. Molecular and Structural Formula



**Figure 1. Molecular Structure of Corn Bran Arabinoxylan (BFG).** A, L-arabinose; X, D-xylose; G, galactose; GlcA, glucuronic acid; FeA, ferulic acid. Figure adapted from Saulnier *et al.*, 1995c.

Table 4. BFG Monosaccharide Composition and Nutritional Analysis

	BFG Sample ID <sup>1</sup>			A 1 ' M/ /1 1	
	948179	948779	948879	<b>Analysis Method</b>	
Composition of carbohydrat	es <sup>2</sup>				
	Monosaccharide C	Composition			
Xylose (%)	$20.5\pm2.5$	$20.8 \pm 1.8$	$21.8 \pm 3.0$		
Arabinose (%)	$18.1\pm2.4$	$18.4 \pm 1.3$	$18.4 \pm 3.3$		
Galactose (%)	$3.3\pm0.5$	$3.5 \pm 0.5$	$3.4\pm1.6$	AACC 32-25 (alditol	
Glucose (%)	< 1	< 1	< 1	acetate method)	
Uronic Acids (%)	$17.5 \pm 1.5$	$16.6 \pm 0.9$	$17.6 \pm 0.1$		
Lignin (%)	< 1	< 1	< 1		
Relativ	e Percentages of Neut	tral Monosaccharide³			
Xylose (relative %)	48.9	48.7	50.0		
Arabinose (relative %)	43.2	43.1	42.2		
Galactose (relative %)	7.9	8.2	7.8	AACC 32-25 (alditol acetate method)	
Arabinose to xylose ratio	0.88	0.88	0.84	acetate method)	
Galactose to xylose ratio	0.16	0.17	0.16		
Degree of polymerization	24	20	17	Anion-exchange chromatography	
Nutritional analysis <sup>4</sup>					
Estimated KCAL per 100g	201	207	206	Atwater calculation	
Total triglycerides (%)	1.16	1.22	0.98		
Saturated fat (%)	0.52	0.53	0.48	A O A C 00 C 0 C	
Monounsaturated fat (%)	0.38	0.42	0.33	AOAC 996.06	
Polyunsaturated fat (%)	0.17	0.19	0.09		
Protein (%)	5.75	5.56	5.19	AOAC 990.03	
Nitrogen (%)	0.92	0.89	0.83	and 992.15	
Carbohydrates (%)	81.96	84.97	84.28	CFR 21 calculation	
Total sugars (%)	< 0.35	< 0.35	< 0.35	AOAC 982.14	
Total dietary fiber (%)	78.53	81.61	79.56	AOAC 2009.01 and 2011.25	
Soluble dietary fiber (%)	76.88	80.27	78.86		

Insoluble dietary fiber (%)	1.65	1.34	0.70	
Moisture (%)	5.84	3.67	4.84	AOCS Ca 2e-84
Ash (g/100g)	5.29	4.58	4.71	AOAC 942.05
Calcium (g/100g)	0.19	0.21	0.21	
Iron (g/100g)	0.02	0.002	0.003	AOAC 984.27, 927.02,
Potassium (g/100g)	0.06	0.06	0.05	985.01, and 965.17
Sodium (g/100g)	1.98	1.63	1.68	

AACC: American Association of Cereal Chemists; AOAC: Association of Official Analytical Collaboration; AOCS: American Oil Chemists' Society

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Samples 948179, 948779, and 948879 were from non-consecutive lots isolated from the same raw corn bran material.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Samples were analyzed by The Whistler Center for Carbohydrate Research (*unpublished report maintained on file with AgriFiber*). Method of analysis are described in Deehan *et al.*, 2021 [*unpublished report*; *Appendix Table 2*]).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Relative percent refers to percent of total neutral monosaccharides (i.e. xylose, arabinaose, and galactose).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Samples were analyzed by Eurofins Scientific (COAs dated November 09, 2020).

#### H. Production Process

Corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) is produced in accordance with current Good Manufacturing Practice.

The initial manufacturing process is the same as described in GRAS Notice (GRN) 427 (FDA, 2012) for corn hull fiber, in which the starting material, corn bran, is subjected to an alkalihydrothermal process to disintegrate the cellular structures of the dietary fiber substances. The corn bran is first hydrated using hot water to form a slurry and then the pH is adjusted as necessary to reach a pH between 5 and 7.5. Once food grade α-amylase is added for destarching and sodium hydroxide is added, the reaction proceeds until a designated viscosity is reached. Whereas the insoluble corn hull fiber is obtained from the dried and milled suspension, the supernatant and wash water solids are further processed into the soluble corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG).

All raw materials and processing aids used to manufacture BFG are food-grade ingredients in compliance with U.S. regulations, and/or have previously been determined to be GRAS for their respective uses.

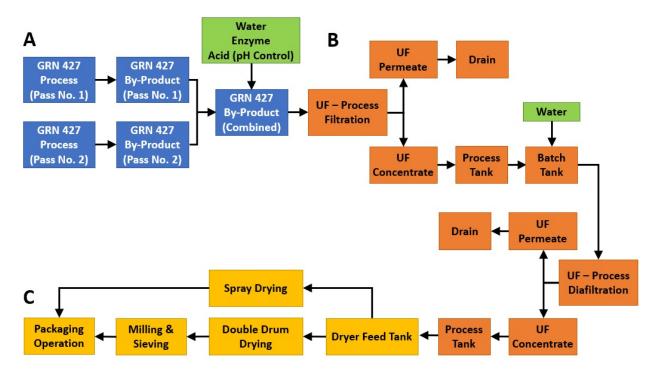
Manufacturing flow diagrams of the process for BFG are provided in Figure 2. In the first step of the process, as shown in Figure 2A, all the supernatants from the production of corn hull fiber, as in from Wash No. 1 and Wash No. 2, are combined together in a collection tank, and then the following additions are made to perform an enzyme treatment:

- Hydrochloric acid addition for pH adjustment to approximately neutral,
- Enzyme addition (endo-β-1,4-xylanase) to achieve target hydrolysis, and
- Water addition to achieve the target solids.

As shown is Figure 2B, the supernatant is then filtered through a food grade ultrafiltration membrane, which concentrates the solution into a process tank while the permeate from the process is discarded. The physicochemical properties of the ultrafiltrated and concentrated sample (e.g., viscosity and pH) are then evaluated before additional purification processes using diafiltration. The concentrate is then subjected to food grade diafiltration to further purify the concentrate. The permeate from this process is also discarded.

From the process tank, the material is pumped into the dryer feed tank, as shown in Figure 2C. For select functional applications, a food grade acid (e.g., citric acid) may also be added to the tank in order to adjust the pH of the final material prior to drying. Once all the material is transferred to the tank, the drying process is initiated by using either a double drum dryer or a

spray dryer. From the drum dryer, the dried material is further milled and sieved, prior to being packaged and demagnetized.



**Figure 2. Manufacturing Process for Corn Bran Arabinoxylan (BFG). A)** Initial manufacturing process that has been described in GRAS Notice (GRN) 427 for corn hull fiber (FDA, 2012). **B)** Ultrafiltration (UF) and diafiltration processing of the supernatants obtained from GRN 427. **C)** Drying, milling, and packaging of the concentrated material.

# I. Physical or Technical Effect

Corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) is intended for addition to conventional foods for which no standard of identity exists, or for which the standard of identity would allow for such addition of BFG, as a source of dietary fiber, as a formulation aid (e.g., binder or gelling agent) (21 CFR §170.3(o)(14)), as a texturizer (21 CFR §170.3(o)(32)), and as a stabilizer and thickener (e.g., emulsifier) (21 CFR §170.3(o)(28)).

#### 3. DIETARY EXPOSURE

This section of the GRAS conclusion fulfills requirements of 21 CFR § 170.235 in regard to the dietary exposure of corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) as a result of its intended uses and use levels in a variety of foods.

#### A. Intended Uses and Use Levels

Corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) is proposed for use as formulation aid (texturizer/binder/gelling agent/stabilizer/thickener/emulsifier) and/or a source of dietary fiber in a variety of food and beverage categories as listed in Table 5 below. BFG is not intended for use in infant formula or in specific products for which U.S. Standards of Identity do not permit such use. A broad listing of proposed categories is included herein for completeness and to allow flexibility in future ingredient applications; however, BFG is expected to be used in a more limited number of categories in the short-term. As a formulation aid, BFG is proposed for use at levels up to 3.0%, though typical use levels will vary between 0.5-1.5%. As a fiber source BFG is proposed for use at up to 3.8 g BFG/serving in order to deliver 2.8 g fiber/serving (i.e., 10% of the daily recommended value (DRV) of 28 g for dietary fiber (FDA, 2020)), except in yogurt and smoothies and grain drinks in which BFG is proposed for use at up to 7.6 g BFG/serving in order to deliver 5.6 g fiber/serving (i.e., 20% of the DRV for dietary fiber). Therefore, foods containing 3.8 g BFG/serving would meet the FDA criteria for being a "good source" of dietary fiber per 21 CFR 101.54(c) and yogurt or smoothies and grain drinks containing 7.6 g BFG/serving would meet FDA criteria for being an "excellent source" of dietary fiber per 21 CFR 101.54(b). Additionally, BFG is proposed for use in powdered nutritional supplements at up to 7.6 g BFG/serving. The use of BFG in powered nutritional supplements is considered substitutional for the intended food uses captured in Table 5.

These proposed uses for BFG are comparable to uses of similar materials previously concluded to be GRAS with associated Letters of No Ouestions issued by US FDA (e.g. GRN 427 [FDA, 2012]; GRN 343 [FDA, 2010], GRN 458 [FDA, 2013], GRN 816 [FDA, 2019], as indicated in Table 5 below. For example, corn hull fiber (GRN 427) was concluded to be GRAS for use as a formulation aid and/or source of fiber at levels ranging from 0.25 to 3.0% in baked goods and cereal products, coatings and breadings, dairy products, egg products, dressings and dips, sauces, soups, and gravies, snacks, and fillings, toppings, and icings. Wheat bran extract composed primarily of xylo-oligosaccharides (XOS) and arabinoxylo-oligosaccharides (AXOS) (GRN 343) was concluded to be GRAS as an ingredient in baked goods and baking mixes, beverages and beverage bases, breakfast cereals, frozen dairy desserts, gelatin and puddings, grain products and pastas, jams and jellies, milk products, processed fruits and fruit juices, processed vegetables and vegetable juices, and snack foods at concentrations ranging from 2.4 to 3.2 g/serving [FDA, 2010], with the lowest concentration identified in the exposure assessment for a specific food category (Table 5) equal to 1.08 g/serving. XOS from powdered corncobs (GRN 458) was concluded to be GRAS as an ingredient in breakfast bars, cereal bars, cheese, chewing gums, custards, flavored and soy milk, gelatin desserts and salads, medical foods, milk and milk products, isotonic beverages, milk desserts, ready-to-drink milk-based meal replacements, power bars, puddings, protein bars, processed fruits, juice drinks and punch,

ready-to-eat cereals, sports drinks, and yogurt at levels ranging from **0.2 to 2.4 g/serving**. Xylooligosaccharides from sugarcane (**GRN 816**) was concluded to be GRAS as an ingredient in bars, crackers and salty snacks, chewing gums, breads, grains and pastas, coconut beverages, juices and nectars, bottled and canned coffees and prepared teas, fruit drinks and non-fruit beverages, beverage concentrates, nutrition drinks, nutrition powders, energy and sports drinks (fluid replacements) and other functional beverages, cookies, gelatin desserts or salads, cereal grains (not cooked), pancakes and waffles, cooked cereals, ready-to-eat cereals, cheese and imitation cheese, imitation milk (fluid), yogurt, flavored milk and milk drinks (fluid), mild, dry, and powdered mixes with dry milk (not reconstituted), cream substitutes, frozen milk desserts, puddings, custards, and other milk desserts, cheese soups, and nut butters at levels ranging from **0.10 to 43.33**, and as a sugar substitute as use levels ranging from **50 to 100 g/100 g** food.

Only a few proposed BFG food categories are not included in one or more of these previous GRNs, such as plant-based dairy alternatives, plant-based meat substitutes, and chocolate and non-chocolate candies and confections. These categories are not expected to substantially increase consumer intake of BFG beyond the estimates derived in previous GRNs (see discussion below).

**Table 5.** List of Food and Beverage Categories Proposed for Use with BFG

	<b>Use Levels for Related GRAS Notified Materials</b>
Food type	(GRN 343, 427, 458)
Baked goods and baking mixes	§ 0.25-1.75%
	γ 3.0-9.0%; 2.4-3.0 g/serving
Beverages and beverage bases (in addition to	γ 0.6-1.2%;
beverage categories already listed)	1.5-3.0 g/serving
Cheese (cheese, cream cheese, cottage	§ 1.0-1.5%
cheese, imitation cheese, cheese mixtures, cheese soups)	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Chocolate and non-chocolate candies and confections	NA
Coatings and breadings for meat poultry and vegetables	§ 1.0-3.0%
Custards, puddings and gelatin desserts	γ 2.4%; 2.4 g/serving
	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Dairy products like sour cream, spreads, etc.	§ 1.0-1.5%
Dips	§ 0.50-3.0%
Egg Products (omelets and frittatas)	§ 0.50-1.5%
Filling, baked goods	§ 1.5-3.0%
	γ 2.4%; 2.4 g/serving
Flavored and non-flavored soy milk	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Flavored milk and milk drinks, fluid	γ 0.6%; 1.08 g/serving
	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Frozen dairy desserts (e.g., frozen milk desserts,	γ 2.4%; 2.4-3.0 g/serving
ice cream, frozen yogurt)	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving

Food type	Use Levels for Related GRAS Notified Materials (GRN 343, 427, 458)
Grain products and pastas (including	γ 9.0%; 2.7 g/serving
breakfast/nutrition/cereal bars, pasta)	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Gravies	§ 1.5-3.0%
Isotonic beverages (fluid meal replacement drinks)	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Jams and jellies	γ 15%; 3.0 g/serving
Juice drinks and punch (powdered concentrates and ready-to-drink)	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Milk, dry, and powdered mixtures with dry milk, not reconstituted	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Plant-based dairy alternatives	NA
Plant-based meat substitutes	NA
Processed fruits and fruit juices, i.e., use in fruit	γ 0.6%; 1.5 g/serving
juices for which US Standards of Identity do not prevent such use (citrus and non-citrus)	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Processed vegetables and vegetable juices	γ 0.6%; 1.5 g/serving
Ready-to-drink milk-based and non-dairy meal	γ 1.2%; 3.0 g/serving
replacements and Adult nutrition products (e.g., Ensure® Nutrition Shakes)	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Ready-to-eat cereals, fortified	γ 9.0%; 2.7 g/serving
	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Salad dressings	§ 0.50-3.0%
Sauces	§ 1.5-3.0%
Smoothies and grain drinks	γ 0.6%; 1.5 g/serving
Snack foods [Functional use (crackers, popcorn,	§ 0.50-1.5%
pretzels, corn chips)] [Fiber (vegetable chip, wheat thins)]	γ 9.0%; 2.7 g/serving
Soups	§ 1.5-3.0%
Sports drinks	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving
Yogurt	γ 2.4%; 3 g/serving
	† 0.2-2.4 g/serving

<sup>†</sup> GRN 458 (XOS from powdered corncobs).

<sup>§</sup> GRN 427 (corn hull fiber).

γ GRN 343 (wheat bran extract composed primarily of XOS and AXOS); all 'mL/serving' levels identified in GRN 343 were changed to 'g/serving' herein for clarification and consistency.

# **B.** Estimated Daily Intake from Intended Uses

The proposed uses of BFG (corn bran arabinoxylan) are considered to be substitutional for current uses of similar GRAS Notified dietary fiber materials, such as corn hull fiber, xylooligosaccharides (XOS) and/or arabinoxylo-oligosaccharides (AXOS) derived from wheat, corn, or sugarcane. Therefore, the proposed uses of BFG are unlikely to further increase the intake of these dietary fiber materials.

As discussed in GRN 427 (FDA, 2012), AgriFiber Solutions, LLC (formerly Z Trim Holdings, Inc.) determined the mean and 90<sup>th</sup> percentile consumer estimated daily intake (EDI) for corn hull fiber from intended uses to be 13.5 and 27 g/day, respectively (providing a dietary fiber intake of up to 24.8 g/day based on 92% fiber content in corn hull fiber). This was a very conservative estimate derived through summation of the exposure amounts calculated for each individual food category. Using more refined methods of intake estimation (i.e., probabilistic modeling that predicts aggregate exposure from multiple categories), the EDIs for other GRAS Notified xylo-oligosaccharides (XOS) and/or arabinoxylo-oligosaccharides (AXOS) derived from wheat, corn, or sugarcane range from approximately 5.0 to 12.6 g/day at the mean and from approximately 10 to 21 g/day at the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile, as detailed below and discussed further in the respective GRNs (343, 458, 816) and associated FDA Letters of No Questions (FDA, 2010, 2013, 2019).

- GRN 427 [corn hull fiber]: Use levels of 0.25 to 3.0%; consumer EDIs of 13.5 to 27 g/day (Mean-90<sup>th</sup>)
- GRN 343 [wheat bran extract composed primarily of XOS and AXOS]: Use levels of 2.4 to 3.2 g/serving; consumer EDIs of 5.0-10.1 g/day (Mean-90<sup>th</sup>)
- GRN 458 [XOS from powdered corncobs]: Use levels of 0.2 to 2.4 g/serving; consumer EDIs of 5.1 to 9.8 g/day (Mean-90<sup>th</sup>)
- GRN 816 [XOS from sugarcane]: Use levels of 0.10 to 100 g/100 g; consumer EDIs of 12.6 to 20.7 g/day (Mean-90<sup>th</sup>)

Because the current proposed uses of BFG (i.e. corn bran arabinoxylan; use levels up to 3% for functional properties and 3.8 g/serving for most categories as a source of fiber) are similar to the uses of these previously GRAS Notified XOS and/or AXOS derived from wheat, corn, or sugarcane, estimated consumer exposure to BFG is also expected to be similar. We note that most product functionality is achieved with as little as 0.5% to 1.5% BFG in the food. Therefore, 0.5% to 1.5% BFG represents typical use levels and the maximum proposed use of 3% BFG when used as a formulation aid yields conservative consumer intake estimates. Consistent with the estimates given for the GRAS materials above, average and high-end consumer exposure to BFG is estimated to range from 5 to 27 g/day (providing a dietary fiber intake of up to 24.3 g/day based on the maximum 90% fiber content in BFG). However, as noted above, the 27 g/day intake estimate in GRN 427 is very conservative (derived via summation of intakes from each food category) and high-end intake of BFG is more realistically estimated to range between 10 to 21 g/day (as in GRNs 343, 458, 816). Only a few proposed BFG food categories are not included in one or more of these previous GRNs, such as plant-based dairy alternatives, plant-based meat substitutes, and chocolate and non-chocolate candies

and confections. These categories are not expected to substantially increase consumer intake of BFG beyond the estimates derived in previous GRNs. Additionally, although a broad listing of proposed food categories is identified herein for BFG, actual uses of the ingredient will be limited to a smaller subset of these categories in the short-term; therefore, the above estimates are considered to be conservative and likely overestimates of actual consumer intake of BFG.

#### C. Background Dietary Consumption of Arabinoxylan

As described in GRN 343 [FDA, 2010], the background dietary consumption of arabinoxylan can be estimated from the intake of cereal products. The estimated intakes of arabinoxylan from refined or whole grain ready-to-eat cereals were determined as 1.1-3.6 g/person/day (mean) and 2.0-6.8 g/person/day (90<sup>th</sup> percentile), based on USDA, CSFII consumption data for ready-to-eat cereals (Smiciklas-Wright *et al.*, 2002) and considering that the average arabinoxylan content of refined cereals is reported as 1.9% (Gebruers *et al.*, 2008) and 6.5% in wholegrain cereals (Hashimoto *et al.*, 1987; Hong *et al.*, 1989; Saulnier *et al.*, 1995b). The proposed use of BFG in fortified ready-to-eat cereals (3.8 g/serving) is consistent with these background exposure estimates, and cumulative intake of arabinoxylan from background consumption and proposed uses of BFG does not present a safety concern for the reasons described in the Discussion below.

#### D. Discussion

As an arabinoxylan, BFG meets the FDA's expanded definition of dietary fiber that includes arabinoxylan as one of the "Additional Isolated Non-Digestible Carbohydrates" (FDA, 2018). The FDA Recommended Daily Value (RDV) for dietary fiber is 28 g/day (FDA, 2020) and the Adequate Intake (AI) levels for fiber recommended by the Institute of Medicine (IOM) are 25 g per day for adult women and 38 g per day for adult men (IOM, 2002/2005). However, it is reported that Americans consume only one half of the recommended levels of fiber, at intakes around 15.9 g/day (King *et al.*, 2012); thus, the addition of BFG to foods and beverages will help to achieve recommended fiber intakes.

The FDA's review of cell wall fibers (FDA, 2018) and GRNs for similar AXOS and XOS ingredients with uses comparable to those proposed for BFG (GRN 343, 427, 458, 816 [FDA, 2010, 2012, 2013, 2019)] has not resulted in any questions concerning their safety, and the maximum estimated daily intake of fiber from proposed uses of BFG (24.3 g fiber/day based on a maximum dietary fiber specification of 90%) is below the IOM and FDA recommended intake values. Therefore, there is no safety concern associated with the proposed uses of BFG with regards to fiber intake.

As discussed further in Section 6 (GRAS Narrative), BFG was determined to be safe and well tolerated at repeated daily doses of 25 g (females) or 35 g (males) for 6 weeks (Nguyen *et al.*, 2020; Deehan *et al.*, 2020a/b [manuscripts in preparation]; Deehan *et al.*, 2021 [unpublished report]). As with other fermentable dietary fibers (Grabitske and Slavin, 2009; Kaur *et al.*, 2018; Koecher *et al.*, 2014; Livesey, 2001; Rumpagaporn *et al.*, 2015; IOM, 2002), consumption of BFG at these high daily doses intensified gastrointestinal (GI) symptoms. However, effects were mild and transient, with ratings returning to baseline levels during weeks 4 to 6 (Deehan *et al.*,

2020b [manuscripts in preparation]; Deehan et al., 2021 [unpublished report]). No serious adverse events were observed in the BFG study group. In terms of non-serious adverse events, one individual consuming BFG (as well as one individual consuming the microcrystalline cellulose control) reported constipation within the first two weeks of the study, resulting in their withdrawal from the study (Nguyen et al. 2020; Deehan et al., 2021 [unpublished report]). The IOM recognizes that "while occasional adverse gastrointestinal symptoms are observed when consuming one of the isolated or synthetic fibers, serious chronic adverse effects have not been observed. Furthermore, due to bulking effects of fibers, excess consumption is likely to be self-limiting" (IOM, 2002). Therefore, an UL (Tolerable Upper Intake Level) was not set by IOM for these individual fibers.

In conclusion, even worst-case, conservatively estimated intake of BFG from proposed uses (i.e., up to 27 g/day, providing a dietary fiber intake of up to 24.3 g/day) is considered to be safe.

# 4. SELF-LIMITING LEVELS OF USE

This section of the GRAS conclusion fulfills requirements of 21 CFR §170.240 by providing information about any self-limiting characteristics of corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) use.

There are no known self-limiting use levels of BFG for its intended use as a source of dietary fiber, as a formulation aid (e.g., binder and gelling agent), as a texturizer, and as a stabilizer and thickener (e.g., emulsifier) within select foods and beverages.

# 5. EXPERIENCE BASED ON COMMON USE IN FOOD BEFORE 1958

General recognition of safety for the notified substance, corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG), is established through scientific procedures; therefore, information regarding experience based on common use of the notified substance in food prior to 1958 is not applicable.

# 6. BASIS FOR CONCLUSION OF GRAS STATUS FOR CORN BRAN ARABIONOXYLAN (BFG) (NARRATIVE)

This section of the GRAS dossier fulfills the requirements of 21 CFR §170.250 by providing a narrative in regards to generally available and accepted scientific data, information, methods, or principles that are relied on to establish safety.

#### A. Introduction

The subject of this GRAS conclusion, corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG), is a soluble arabinoxylan (AX) isolated from corn bran.

AXs are a constituent of dietary fiber belonging to the broad category of non-starch polysaccharides and specifically hemicelluloses (Grootaert *et al.*, 2007; FDA, 2018; Serra *et al.*, 2020). They are one of the main dietary fibers found in the cell walls of cereal grains, such as corn, wheat, rye, rice, sorghum, and millet, as well as other grasses, such as psyllium, flax, and bamboos (Izydorczyk and Biliaderis, 2007). AXs consist of a β-(1,4)-linked p-xylopyranose backbone to which α-l-arabinofuranose residues are attached as side chains (Grootaert *et al.*, 2007; EFSA, 2011; Serra *et al.*, 2020; Kale *et al.*, 2018; FDA, 2018). Some AXs are also substituted with ferulic acid and other phenolic compounds that are covalently linked (Grootaert *et al.*, 2007; EFSA, 2011). A large degree of structural heterogeneity is imparted by the presence of other sugar moieties, including xylose, galactose, and glucuronic acid in the branches (Kale *et al.*, 2018). The structural complexity of AX varies greatly by source. For instance, rice and sorghum AXs have relatively simple structures (widely distributed, single sugar arabinose branches), while corn bran AXs have highly branched and very complex structures (Kale *et al.*, 2018; Hamaker and Tuncil, 2014).

As discussed further below, AXs are degraded in the colon by specialized microbes that encode AX-degrading glycosidase, such as  $\beta$ -xylosidase and  $\alpha$ -arabinofuranosidase, within their genomes (Nguyen *et al.*, 2020). Degradation of AX by these microbes releases arabinoxylan oligosaccharides (AXOS) as the major hydrolysis product, as well as xylooligosaccharides (XOS) and individual sugar moieties (i.e., arabinose and xylose), for further degradation by secondary fermenters (Grootaert *et al.*, 2007; Broekaert *et al.*, 2011; Nguyen *et al.*, 2020). Therefore, the regulatory status and safety profile of AXOS and XOS are considered relevant to the GRAS assessment of corn bran AX (BFG).

In 2018, the US FDA included AX among the list of eight additional non-digestible carbohydrates that meet the Agency's definition of dietary fiber, including AX alone or as a constituent of mixed plant cell wall fiber ingredients isolated from cereal grains, along with celluloses, pectins, lignins, and/or  $\beta$ -glucans. FDA's decision to include AX in the definition of dietary fiber was supported by the strength of the evidence demonstrating that AX can induce beneficial physiological effects on blood glucose and insulin levels (FDA, 2018). The EFSA Panel on Dietetic Products, Nutrition and Allergies (NDA) similarly concluded that a cause and

effect relationship has been established between the consumption of wheat endosperm derived AX and reductions in post-prandial glycaemia; thus, advising that 8 g of AX-rich fiber produced from the wheat endosperm per 100 g of available carbohydrates should be consumed by individuals who wish to reduce their post-prandial glycaemic response (EFSA, 2011). The human clinical studies reviewed by FDA and EFSA are summarized below in "Clinical Safety Evidence for Corn Bran Arabinoxylan (BFG)".

The FDA (2018) has noted the existence of several GRAS Notifications for isolated plant cell wall fibers. These include GRAS Notices Nos. 366 (oat hull fiber), 368 (corn hull fiber [resubmitted as GRN 427]), 373 (rice bran fiber), 430 (sugar beet fiber), 478 (rice hull fiber), 525 (pea fiber), and 599 (citrus fiber), all of which have received FDA Letters of No Questions. In addition to the 2018 FDA review, GRAS Notifications for AXOS and XOS (the major hydrolysis products of AX) derived from corn, wheat, and sugarcane have also received Letters of No Questions from FDA (e.g., GRN 427 [FDA, 2012]; GRN 343 [FDA, 2010], GRN 458 [FDA, 2013], GRN 816 [FDA, 2019]). Furthermore, the EFSA NDA Panel concluded in 2018 that XOS were safe under the proposed uses and use levels as novel food pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2015/2283.

## **B.** Literature Search Strategy

To support the current GRAS assessment for the proposed uses of corn bran arabinoxylan (AX; BFG), a targeted literature search was performed in January 2021 by Toxicology Regulatory Services (TRS) using the National Library of Medicine (NLM) PubMed database, as well as subscription-based literature databases (i.e., ToxPlanet, Timberlake Ventures, Inc.) to identify relevant safety data and information for AX, AXOS, and XOS. The primary search was performed for all relevant publications to date with application of the PubMed Toxicology Subset filter<sup>1</sup>. A secondary search was performed for all publications between 2018-2020 in order to capture literature published following the FDA 2018 review and recent GRAS Notifications for AXOS and XOS. Publications considered relevant to the current GRAS assessment are summarized or cited in the subsections below, including metabolism, toxicology, and clinical safety evidence for AX, AXOS, XOS and BFG (corn bran AX). As human clinical safety data for AX, AXOS, and XOS are abundant, studies were excluded from the current literature review when the potential physiologic effects of these materials were assessed by using *in vitro* test systems or animal models.

# C. Metabolism and Toxicology Profile of Arabinoxylan and BFG

#### Metabolism

Corn bran arabinoxylan (corn bran AX; BFG) is expected to be degraded in the colon by specialized microbes (e.g., *Bifidobacterium longum*) that encode AX-degrading glycosidase within their genomes, releasing AXOS as the major hydrolysis product (Nguyen *et al.*, 2020). AXOS undergo further fermentation in the colon by secondary fermenters, which contributes to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.nlm.nih.gov/bsd/pubmed subsets/tox strategy.html

the net formation of hydrogen, carbon dioxide, and beneficial short-chain fatty acids (SCFA), primarily acetate, propionate, and butyrate (Grootaert *et al.*, 2007; Broekaert *et al.*, 2011; Nguyen *et al.*, 2020). While gases are excreted by breath or as flatulence, SCFA are absorbed and primarily used for energy; however, other beneficial physiological effects of SCFA have been described (Deehan *et al.*, 2017). The fermentation of AXOS is also associated with the release and absorption of ferulic acid (François *et al.*, 2010; Napolitano *et al.*, 2009). Both SCFA and ferulic acid are considered to be benign well-metabolized digestion products that are also produced upon digestion of natural plant-derived fibers present in a regular healthy diet rich in cereals, fruits, and vegetables (François *et al.*, 2010). Therefore, metabolism of corn bran AX (BFG) does not raise safety concerns.

#### <u>Toxicology</u>

As a commonly consumed constituent of dietary fiber, traditional toxicology studies have not been performed on cereal derived AX including BFG. Acute toxicity studies of AX isolated from Ispaghula (*Plantago ovata*) husk have been performed in male and female Swiss albino mice and White albino rabbits orally exposed to AX at doses up to 10 g/kg (mice) or 5 g/kg (rabbits) and observed for a period of 14 days (Erum *et al.*, 2015). There were no significant changes in water and food consumption and no mortality reported. Body weights of the mice and rabbits decreased initially with a gradual increase until day 14, when they were similar to control values. Relative organ weights were found to be normal, and hematological biochemical and histopathological examination did not show any significant changes when compared to controls (p > 0.05).

To support the safety assessment and GRAS evaluation of wheat bran extract (WBE) containing AXOS (i.e., GRN 343), mutagenicity, clastogenicity, and 90-day rat-feeding studies were performed on WBE containing 80% AXOS (François *et al.*, 2010). Because AXOS are the major hydrolysis products of AX, these toxicology data are relevant to AX and support the GRAS conclusion for corn bran AX (BFG). There was no evidence of mutagenic or clastogenic activity with WBE in the bacterial reverse mutagenicity assay (Ames test) (OECD Testing Guideline 471) or the *in vitro* chromosome aberration assay on Chinese hamster lung fibroblast cells (OECD Testing Guideline 473) (François *et al.*, 2010). In the subchronic toxicity study performed in accordance with OECD Testing Guideline 408, Wistar Crl:(WI BR) rats (10 animals/sex/group) were fed a semisynthetic diet (AIN 93G) containing 0.3%, 1.5%, or 7.5% WBE for 13 weeks, corresponding to an average intake of 0.2, 0.9, and 4.4 g/kg body weight per day. There were no treatment related adverse effects observed in the WBE treatment groups and the no-observed-adverse-effect level (NOAEL) for WBE was determined to be 7.5%, the highest dose tested, equivalent to a daily average intake of 4.4 g/kg body weight per day (François *et al.*, 2010).

Additional toxicology studies on XOS were reviewed by FDA (2013) in its evaluation of GRN 458 for XOS from powdered corncobs, and by EFSA (2018) in its safety assessment of XOS as a novel food pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2015/2283. The NOAEL for XOS determined in a 13-week study in Sprague-Dawley rats was 11.5 g/kg and 15 g/kg body weight per day for males and females, respectively, the highest doses tested (FDA, 2013; EFSA, 2018; Gao et al., 2012).

In a 26-week study in Beagle dogs that were given daily XOS doses (6 days/week) of 1.25, 2.5 and 5 g/kg body weight per day (Gao *et al.*, 2017), occasional vomiting and loose stools in the mid and/or high dose groups were observed and were attributed to the consumption of very high doses of a non-digestible carbohydrate substance (EFSA, 2018).

As described above, BFG (corn bran AX) has an arabinose-to-xylose (A/X) ratio around 0.84 to 0.88 (Table 4) with sections of the arabinoxylan chain further substituted with glucuronic acid and ferulic acid, which is indicative of a heavily branched structure with complex side chains (Izydorczyk and Biliaderis, 2007; Nguyen et al., 2020; Rose, et al., 2010; Saulnier et al., 1995a). The ratio of arabinose to xylose is noted to vary (e.g. typically from 0.3 to 1.1) among arabinoxylans derived from different grains, which correlates with the degree of branching and possibly to the rate of fermentation by gut microbiota (Izydorczyk and Biliaderis, 2007; Rose et al., 2010). An average A/X ratio of 0.20 was reported for XOS and AXOS from wheat bran extract (GRN 343) while an A/X ratio 0.60 was reported for AX-rich fiber from wheat (as tested in the clinical study by Lu et al. (2000), discussed below). In the study by Rose et al. (2010), changes in A/X ratio during in vitro fecal fermentation of alkali-soluble corn bran, rice bran, and wheat bran suggested that maize and rice bran arabinoxylans are degraded by a debranching mechanism, while wheat bran arabinoxylans are degraded by a two-phase mechanism. A substantially higher A/X ratio was determined for the rice bran arabinoxylan (~1.0; visual estimation) compared to corn bran arabinoxylan (~0.5; visual estimation) initially, indicating a more highly branched nature of the rice bran arabinoxylans compared to the corn bran arabinoxylans (Rose et al., 2010). As such, bacteria were required to cleave the arabinose moieties from the rice bran arabinoxylans prior to utilizing the xylose moieties, while for corn bran arabinoxylans, both arabinose and xylose moieties were utilized simultaneously (Rose et al., 2010). Considering that the A/X ratio for BFG is within the typical 0.3 to 1.1 range of variability for arabinoxylans derived from grains, , the branching structure may impact the rate/pattern of microbial fermentation following oral consumption; however, the A/X ratio of BFG would not impact safety.

# D. Clinical Safety Evidence for Arabinoxylan and BFG

Arabinoxylan (AX) and its major hydrolysis products, AXOS and XOS, have been studied extensively in humans for potential beneficial effects on gastrointestinal health parameters, as well as metabolic markers of obesity and diabetes.

#### Clinical Studies on Arabinoxylan

In their 2018 Review of the Scientific Evidence on the Physiological Effects of Certain Non-Digestible Carbohydrates, the US FDA (2018) reviewed six studies evaluating the effect of AX on blood glucose and insulin levels in human volunteers. Garcia et al. (2006/2007) reported on a randomized, single-blind, controlled, cross-over intervention study in which 11 overweight women and men with impaired glucose tolerance consumed white bread rolls that alternately contained no AX (control) or that were supplemented with AX totaling 15 g AX/day for six weeks, with a six-week washout period in between. Hartvigesen et al. (2014a) reported on an acute, randomized, cross-over intervention study in which 15 Danish women and men with metabolic syndrome consumed a meal that alternately provided 50 g of digestible carbohydrate

(control) or 6 g of added AX after an overnight fast. Blood samples were drawn at various time points up to 270 minutes. Hartvigesen et al. (2014b) reported on an acute, randomized, crossover intervention study in which 15 Danish women and men with metabolic syndrome consumed a meal that alternately provided 50 g of digestible carbohydrate (control) or 2.6 g of added AX after an overnight fast. Blood samples were drawn at various time points up to 360 minutes. Lu et al. (2000) reported on a randomized, cross-over design study in which 14 healthy Australian women and men consumed three isoenergetic breakfasts of bread, margarine, and jam providing 75 g of available carbohydrates containing either 0 g (control), 6 g, or 12 g of AX after an overnight fast. Lu et al. (2004) reported on a randomized, cross-over intervention study in which 15 Australian women and men with type II diabetes consumed their normal diet supplemented with bread and muffins (50% whole wheat and 50% white flour) (control) or with bread and muffins (50% whole wheat, 36% white flour) that contained 15 g of AX for five weeks each. Both the control and treatment bread and muffins contained the same amount of available carbohydrate. Mohlig et al. (2004) reported on a cross-over design study in which 15 German women and men consumed a breakfast with 0 g (control) and 6 g of AX, after which blood glucose levels were measured up to 120 minutes. FDA did not report any adverse events associated with any of these studies.

The two studies that measured fasting blood glucose levels showed a statistically significant reduction in individuals with impaired glucose tolerance or with type 2 diabetes at an intake level of 15 g of AX (Garcia *et al.*, 2006/2207; Lu *et al.*, 2004). A significant reduction in the AUC for post-prandial glucose was demonstrated in three of four studies that provided 2.6 g, 6 g, and 12 g of AX to healthy individuals or individuals with impaired glucose tolerance (Garcia *et al.*, 2006/2007; Hartvigesen *et al.* 2014b; Lu *et al.*, 2000). One study demonstrated a dose-response effect (6 g and 12 g) of AX on post-prandial glucose levels in healthy subjects (Lu *et al.*, 2000). One study demonstrated that AX consumption reduced blood glucose in an oral glucose tolerance test when type 2 diabetics were given 15 g of AX (Lu *et al.*, 2004). Three studies showed that AX consumption (6 g, 12 g, and 15 g) lowered post-prandial insulin levels (Garcia *et al.*, 2006/2007; Lu *et al.*, 2000; Möhlig *et al.*, 2004). Attenuation of post-prandial glycemic response has been linked to a reduced risk of developing type II diabetes and cardiovascular disease (Augustin *et al.*, 2015). In consideration of these studies, FDA concluded that the strength of the evidence supports that AX have a beneficial physiological effect on blood glucose and insulin levels (FDA, 2018).

Additional clinical studies on AX that were not part of the FDA (2018) review include studies evaluating the effects of Biobran/MGN-3, an arabinoxylan concentrate from rice bran, on health-related quality of life in older healthy adults, NK cell activity in geriatric subjects, viremia level in patients with chronic HCV infection, and cancer treatment therapy (Elsaid *et al.*, 2018/2020; Ooi *et al.*, 2018; Salama *et al.*, 2016). There were no side effects observed at the Biobran/MGN-3 doses evaluated by Elsaid *et al.*, (2018/2020) (i.e., 500 mg/day for 30 days; 250 mg/day for 3 months) or Salama *et al.* (2016) (i.e., 1 g/day for 3 months), and no reported adverse events from Biobran/MGN-3 in the 11 clinical studies reviewed by Ooi *et al.* (2018).

#### Clinical Study on Corn Bran Arabinoxylan (BFG)

In a randomized, parallel two-arm, controlled trial in 31 male and female adults with overweight and class-I obesity, corn bran AX (BFG), which contained  $81.0 \pm 1.3\%$  soluble AX, was determined to be safe and well tolerated at repeated daily doses of 25 g (females) or 35 g (males) for 6 weeks (Nguyen et al., 2020; Deehan et al., 2020a/b [manuscripts in preparation]; Deehan et al., 2021 [unpublished report]). Participants consumed microcrystalline cellulose (control) or BFG as a powdered supplement (25 g for females and 35 g for males) incorporated into subjectpreferred foods and drinks, with participants also receiving guidance on incorporating the fibers into foods so as to ease high-dose supplementation. Blood and/or fecal samples were collected during the baseline visit, after one week of treatment, and during the sixth week of treatment. Gastrointestinal symptoms were assessed at baseline and weekly during the intervention by completing a symptoms diary. Adverse events were assessed at the beginning of each clinic visit. Safety related clinical measurements included body weight, blood pressure, complete blood count (red blood cells, hemoglobin, hematocrit, mean corpuscular volume, mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration, red cell distribution width, white blood cells, and platelets), blood glucose and insulin, and lipid profile (triglycerides, total cholesterol, lowdensity lipoprotein (LDL) cholesterol, and high-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol).

No significant changes in the BFG treatment group were observed in the measured complete blood count parameters as compared to the microcrystalline cellulose control group (nonfermentable control). As with other fermentable dietary fibers (Grabitske and Slavin, 2009; Kaur et al., 2011; Koecher et al., 2014; Livesey, 2001; Rumpagaporn et al., 2015; IOM, 2002), consumption of BFG at these high daily doses intensified gastrointestinal symptoms. However, effects were mild and transient, with ratings returning to baseline levels during weeks 4 to 6 (Deehan et al., 2020b [manuscript in preparation]; Deehan et al., 2021 [unpublished report]). No serious adverse events were observed in the BFG study group. In terms of non-serious adverse events, one individual consuming BFG and one individual consuming microcrystalline cellulose reported constipation within the first two weeks of the study, resulting in their withdrawal from the study (Nguyen et al., 2020; Deehan et al., 2021 [unpublished report]). The IOM recognizes that "while occasional adverse gastrointestinal symptoms are observed when consuming one of the isolated or synthetic fibers, serious chronic adverse effects have not been observed. Furthermore, due to bulking effects of fibers, excess consumption is likely to be selflimiting" (IOM, 2002). Therefore, an UL (Tolerable Upper Intake Level) was not set by the IOM for these individual fibers.

#### Clinical Studies on Arabinoxylan Oligosaccharides

Published clinical safety evidence on AXOS and XOS include studies evaluating their effects on gastrointestinal health parameters and metabolic markers in overweight individuals (François *et al.*, 2012; François *et al.*, 2014; Christensen *et al.*, 2020; Kjølbæk *et al.*, 2020). AXOS-rich WBE (containing 79% AXOS) at doses of 5 g/day for 3 weeks was well tolerated in children and not associated with adverse effects (François *et al.*, 2014). No serious adverse effects were observed following AXOS-rich WBE or AXOS doses of 10 g/day for 3 weeks (François *et al.*, 2012) and 10.4 g/day for 4 weeks (Christensen *et al.*, 2020; Kjølbæk *et al.*, 2020), although mild

symptoms of increased flatulence were reported more frequently during AXOS intake (François et al., 2012; Christensen et al., 2020; Kjølbæk et al., 2020).

In a study by Walton *et al.* (2012), no adverse effects on gastrointestinal symptoms were reported in healthy volunteers following consumption of AXOS-enriched bread (total intake of 2.2 g AXOS/day) for 21 days.

In EFSA's 2018 review of XOS as a novel food, the NDA Panel noted that human intervention studies with XOS (Xiao *et al.*, 2012; Finegold *et al.*, 2014; Yang *et al.*, 2015) indicate the occurrence of acute and transient gastrointestinal effects at the beginning of the consumption of XOS at doses of 10-12 g/day. These effects have also been associated with the consumption of other non-digestible carbohydrates; therefore, the EFSA NDA Panel considered that the available human data do not raise safety concerns in relation to proposed uses of XOS. As discussed in GRN 458, the incidence of diarrhea in the high-dose XOS treatment group (8-12 g per day) evaluated by Xiao *et al.* (2012) was similar to the maltodextrin control group (GRN 458; FDA, 2013). The maximum level of XOS that does not cause gastrointestinal symptoms in men was reported to be 7.2 g/person/day (Oku *et al.*, 2002) [as cited in GRN 458; FDA, 2013]).

In summary, a large body of clinical safety evidence exists for AX and AXOS (the major hydrolysis products of AX), with the only side effects noted related to transient gastrointestinal effects that are commonly seen with other non-digestible carbohydrates and expected to be self-limiting. BFG specifically was determined to be safe and well tolerated at doses of 25 g (females) or 35 g (males) for 6 weeks (Nguyen et al. 2020; Deehan et al., 2020a/b [manuscripts in preparation]; Deehan et al., 2021 [unpublished report]).

# E. Allergenicity

Corn bran arabinoxylan (BFG) does not contain any of the eight allergens that are considered to be major food allergens under the United States Food Allergen Labelling and Consumer Protection Act of 2004 (FALCPA). Products containing BFG may be labeled appropriately to inform consumers to the presence of corn derived ingredients.

# F. Safety Summary and GRAS Conclusion

Corn bran arabinoxylan (corn bran AX; BFG) shows structural similarities with those AXs commonly consumed in the diet and meets the FDA's expanded definition of dietary fiber (FDA, 2018).

Corn bran AX (BFG) is expected to be degraded in the colon by specialized microbes that encode AX-degrading glycosidase within their genomes, releasing AXOS as the major hydrolysis product (Nguyen *et al.*, 2020). AXOS undergo further fermentation in the colon by secondary fermenters, which contributes to the net formation of hydrogen, carbon dioxide, and beneficial short-chain fatty acids (SCFA), primarily acetate, propionate, and butyrate (Grootaert *et al.*, 2007; Broekaert *et al.*, 2011; Nguyen *et al.*, 2020). The fermentation of AXOS is also

associated with the release and absorption of ferulic acid (François *et al.*, 2010; Napolitano *et al.*, 2009). Both SCFA and ferulic acid are considered to be benign well-metabolized digestion products that are also produced upon digestion of natural plant-derived fibers present in a regular healthy diet rich in cereals, fruits, and vegetables (François *et al.*, 2010). Therefore, the metabolism of BFG does not raise safety concerns.

Based on the published data for AX and AXOS (the major hydrolysis products of AX), there is no concern for genotoxicity or mutagenicity of BFG and no systemic toxicity is expected to follow ingestion of BFG.

A large body of clinical safety evidence exists for AX and AXOS (the major hydrolysis products of AX), with the only side effects noted related to transient gastrointestinal effects that are commonly seen with other non-digestible carbohydrates and expected to be self-limiting. BFG specifically was determined to be safe and well tolerated at doses of 25 g (females) or 35 g (males) for 6 weeks (Nguyen *et al.* 2020; Deehan *et al.*, 2020a/b [manuscripts in preparation]; Deehan *et al.*, 2021 [unpublished report]).

As discussed in Section 3, the average and high-end consumer consumption of BFG is conservatively estimated to range from 5 to 27 g/day (providing a dietary fiber intake of up to 24.3 g/day based on the maximum 90% fiber content in BFG) based on calculated exposure estimates for similar XOS and/or AXOS ingredients concluded to be GRAS for uses comparable to those proposed for BFG. These conservative intake estimates for BFG are supported by available published safety data for AX, corn bran AX (BFG), AXOS and XOS. Further, the FDA's 2018 review of cell wall fibers (including AX) and GRNs for similar AXOS and/or XOS ingredients has not resulted in any questions concerning their safety, and the maximum estimated daily intake of fiber from proposed uses of BFG (22.7 g fiber/day) is below the current IOM (2002/2005) and FDA (2020) recommended intake values.

In summary, the totality of scientific evidence from publicly available information relevant to the safety of corn bran AX (BFG), including identity, specifications, manufacturing process, probable consumer exposure, ADME and toxicology profile, and clinical safety evidence, provides a basis upon which to conclude that there is a reasonable certainty that BFG, produced in accordance with current Good Manufacturing Practice, is not harmful under the proposed intended conditions of use. The safety data supporting this conclusion are known and accepted by a consensus of qualified experts in the general scientific community (refer to Exhibit II, GRAS Expert Panel Report). This not only assures that the intended uses of BFG described herein are safe, but also corroborates the conclusion that BFG is generally recognized as safe (GRAS) under the proposed conditions of use.

TRS is not aware of any information that would be inconsistent with the conclusion that the proposed uses of corn bran AX (BFG), meeting appropriate specifications and used according to current Good Manufacturing Practice, are GRAS.

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# EXHIBIT I.

# Technical Documentation for Corn Bran Arabinoxylan (BFG)

Exhibit I-A: BFG Specifications Exhibit 1-B: Certificates of Analysis

# EXHIBIT II.

# **GRAS Panel Report**



# **Soluble Corn Fiber (BFG)**

#### **Product Specifications Sheet**

Country of Manufacture: USA, Manufactured from refined, dry milled corn bran

Chemical Identity: Corn Bran Arabinoxylan

Ingredient Statement: Corn bran fiber, soluble corn fiber, corn bran extract

Certification: Kosher and Halal

Organoleptic Data: Tan powder, odorless, slightly sweet.

#### **Chemical Composition** Specification Range

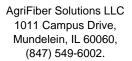
Moisture, %	9.00 max
Ash, %	< 6.00
Total Dietary Fiber, %	74 to 90

#### **Microbiological Data**

Aerobic Plate Count, (TPC)	<6000 cfu/g
Yeast, (PDA Count)	< 10 cfu/g
Mold, (PDA Count)	< 10 cfu/g
E. coli (MPN)	< 10 cfu/g
Coliform (MPN)	< 10 cfu/g
Salmonella (FDA, BAM)	Negative/25g

**Package Size:** 10 kg (22 lbs.); 23 x 12 ½ x 14 ¾" Polyline boxes (L x W X H)

**Shelf Life**: Two years if stored properly in a cool dry place in a sealed container





#### **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

Country of Manufacture: USA

Lot No: BFG 948179 1

Ingredient Statement: Soluble Corn Fiber

Organoleptic Data: light brown powder, sligtly sweet

**Physical Data:** 

Color Value L = 49.60 a = 6.14 b = 18.77

Viscosity 573 cps Temp. at 25.1 °C , 10% solids

Shear-thinning thixotropic gel Moisture: 4.41 %

Microbiological Data:

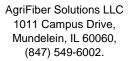
Result Units Test Method APC FDA BAM 4800 cfu/g Yeast FDA BAM <10 cfu/g FDA BAM Mold <10 cfu/g E. Coli Petri film <10 cfu/g Coliform Petri film <10 cfu/g Salmonella FDA BAM Negative / 25g

Shelf Life: Two years if stored under cool dry conditions in a sealed container

**Date of Manufacturing:** May 18, 2020

**Expiration Date:** May 17, 2022

Date of Certification: June 25, 2020





# **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

Country of Manufacture: USA

Lot No: BFG 948779 1

Ingredient Statement: Soluble Corn Fiber

Organoleptic Data: light brown powder, sligtly sweet

**Physical Data:** 

Color Value L = 52.43 a = 6.42 b = 20.20

Viscosity 600 cps Temp. at 25.1  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  , 10% solids

Shear-thinning thixotropic gel Moisture: 4.81 %

.....

Microbiological Data:

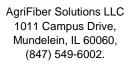
Test	Method	Result	Units
APC	FDA BAM	1200	cfu/g
Yeast	FDA BAM	<10	cfu/g
Mold	FDA BAM	<10	cfu/g
E. Coli	Petri film	<10	cfu/g
Coliform	Petri film	<10	cfu/g
Salmonella	FDA BAM	Negative	/ 25g

Shelf Life: Two years if stored under cool dry conditions in a sealed container

Date of Manufacturing: May 12, 2020

**Expiration Date:** May 11, 2022

**Date of Certification:** June 25, 2020





# **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

**Country of Manufacture: USA** 

Lot No: BFG 948879 1

Ingredient Statement: Soluble Corn Fiber

Organoleptic Data: light brown powder, sligtly sweet

**Physical Data:** 

Color Value L = 48.18 a = 6.13 b = 19.22

Viscosity 533 cps Temp. at 25.1  $^{\circ}$ C , 10% solids

Shear-thinning thixotropic gel

Moisture: 8.60 %

Microbiological Data:

Test	Method	Result	Units
APC	FDA BAM	5100	cfu/g
Yeast	FDA BAM	<10	cfu/g
Mold	FDA BAM	<10	cfu/g
E. Coli	Petri film	<10	cfu/g
Coliform	Petri film	<10	cfu/g
Salmonella	FDA BAM	Negative	/ 25a

Shelf Life: Two years if stored under cool dry conditions in a sealed container

**Date of Manufacturing:** May 11, 2020

**Expiration Date:** May 10, 2022

Date of Certification: June 25, 2020

Eurofins Scientific Inc. (Des Moines)

2200 Rittenhouse Street Suite 150
Des Moines, IA 50321
+1 515 265 1461
ENACClientServices@EurofinsUS.com

AgriFiber Solutions LLC

Adam Blackshaw 1011 Campus Drive Mundelein, IL 60060 **ANALYTICAL REPORT** 

LI HOAL ILLI OIL

AR-20-QD-200481-01

Client Code: QD0009451

Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

Eurofins Sample Code: Client Sample Code: Sample Description:	464-2020-102 BFG948179-0 Soluble Corn		Sample Registration I Condition Upon Rece Sample Reference:		rishable
QD275 - Serving Size (C Supplied)	ustomer	Reference No Reference			Completed 28Oct2020
Parameter Unit weight		<b>Result</b> 100.0000 g	Per Serving 100.0000 g	Theoretical	
Units per serving		1	1	1	
Serving Size		100.00 g	100.00 g	100 g/Serving	
QD252 - Protein - Comb	ustion	Reference AOAC 990.03;	AOAC 992.15	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 29Oct2020
<b>Parameter</b> Protein		Result 5.75 %	Per Serving 5.75 g/Serving	Theoretical	
Nitrogen - Combustion		0.92 %	0.92 g/Serving		
Protein Factor		6.25	6.25		
QD250 - Ash		Reference AOAC 942.05		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 29Oct2020
Parameter Ash		<b>Result</b> 5.29 %	Per Serving 5.29 g/Serving	Theoretical	
QD226 - Calories, Calcu	lated	Reference CFR - Atwater	calculation	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Calories Calculated		Result 201 kcal/100	Per Serving g 201 kcal/Servi	Theoretical	
QD038 - Carbohydrates	, Calculated	Reference CFR 21-calc.		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020

# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

AR-20-QD-200481-01

Client Code: QD0009451 Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

Eurofins Sample Code: Client Sample Code: Sample Description:	464-2020-102 BFG948179-0 Soluble Corn I	1	Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-per		
QD038 - Carbohydrates	Calculated	Reference CFR 21-calc.		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Carbohydrates, Calculate	d	<b>Result</b> 81.96 %	Per Serving 81.96 g/Servin	<b>Theoretical</b>	
QD153 - Moisture by Ka	rl Fischer	Reference AOCS Ca 2e-8	34	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Moisture, Karl Fischer		<b>Result</b> 5.84 %	Per Serving 5.84 g/Serving	Theoretical	
QD251 - Calcium by ICF		Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 od	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Calcium		<b>Result</b> 0.189 %	Per Serving 0.189 g/Servin	Theoretical g	
QD107 - Iron by ICP		Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 od	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Iron		<b>Result</b> 0.0168 %	Per Serving 0.0168 g/Serv	<b>Theoretical</b> ing	
QD179 - Potassium by I	СР	Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 lod	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Potassium		<b>Result</b> 0.064 %	Per Serving 0.064 g/Servir	Theoretical	
QD198 - Sodium by ICP		Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 nod	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 05Nov2020
Parameter Sodium		<b>Result</b> 1.98 %	Per Serving 1.98 g/Serving	Theoretical	
QD01T - Total dietary fi (Includes LMWSDF)	ber HPLC	Reference AOAC 2009.0	1 & AOAC 2011.25		Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Low molecular wgt solub fiber(LMWSDF)	le dietary	<b>Result</b> 0.34 %	Per Serving 0.34 g/Serving	Theoretical	

# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

AR-20-QD-200481-01

Eurofins Sample Code: 464-2020-10260 Client Sample Code: BFG948179-01 Sample Description: Soluble Corn File	Huston	Sample Registration D Condition Upon Recei Sample Reference:		erishable
QD01T - Total dietary fiber HPLC (Includes LMWSDF)	Reference AOAC 2009.01 &			Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter High molecular wgt soluble dietary fiber (HMWSDF)	<b>Result</b> 76.54 %	Per Serving 76.54 g/Serving	Theoretical g	
Insoluble dietary fiber (IDF)	1.65 %	1.65 g/Serving		
Soluble Dietary Fiber (LMWSDF + HMWSD		76.88 g/Serving		
Total dietary fiber (IDF + HMWSDF + LMWSDF)	78.53 %	78.53 g/Serving		
QQ129 - Sugar Profile (AOAC, Most Matrices)	Reference AOAC 982.14, m	od.	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical	
Fructose	<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Servin	g	
Glucose	<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Servin	g	
Sucrose	<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Servin	g	
Maltose	<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Servin	g	
Lactose	<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Servin	g	
Total sugars	<0.35 %	<0.35 g/Servin	g	
QD0EK - Vitamin D (LC-MS/MS)	Reference Huang et al., Ra Spectrum 2014,	pid Commun. Mass 28	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 31Oct2020
Parameter Total Vitamin D2 and D3	Result <4 IU/100 g	Per Serving <4.00 IU/Servi	Theoretical	
Vitamin D2	<4 IU/100 g	<4.00 IU/Servi		
Vitamin D3	<4 IU/100 g	<4.00 IU/Servi		
QD041 - Cholesterol in Food	Reference AOAC 994.10 m	od.	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 30Oct2020
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical	
Cholesterol	<0.8 mg/100 g	<0.8 mg/Servi	ng	
QD036 - Calories From Total Fat, Calc	Reference CFR 21-calc.		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 30Oct2020
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical	
Calories From Total Fat, Calc.	10 kcal/100 g	10 kcal/Servin		

Total Saturated Fatty Acids

Total Trans Fatty Acid Isomers - GC

Total Fat as Triglycerides

Parameter

#### ANALYTICAL REPORT

Client Code: QD0009451

Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

AR-20-QD-200481-01

464-2020-10260204 **Eurofins Sample Code:** Sample Registration Date: 26Oct2020 Client Sample Code: BFG948179-01 Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable Sample Description: Soluble Corn Fiber ss=100g Sample Reference: BFG QQ051 - Fatty Acid Reference Accreditation Completed Composition-Sat, Trans, Poly, Mono, & Tota AOAC 996.06 mod. 30Oct2020 ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01 Parameter Result Per Serving Theoretical 0.17 g/Serving cis, cis-Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids 0.17 % 0.38 % 0.38 g/Serving cis-Monounsaturated Fatty Acids

0.52 g/Serving

1.16 g/Serving

0.04 g/Serving

QAA07 - Vomitoxin (Deoxynivalenol, DON) LC-MSMS

Reference Food Addit Contam Part A, 2013:30(3),541-9.

Reference Accreditation Completed Sub ISO/IEC 17025:2017 09Nov2020 1 A2LA 2993.01

ParameterResultPer ServingTheoreticalVomitoxin (Deoxynivalenol)<10 μg/kg</td><10 μg/kg</td>

0.52 %

1.16 %

0.04 %

 QAA19 - Zearalenone (LC-MSMS)
 Reference
 Accreditation
 Completed
 Sub

 Food Addit Contam Part A, 2013:30(3),541-9.
 ISO/IEC 17025:2017
 09Nov2020
 1

ParameterResultPer ServingTheoreticalZearalenone<5.0 μg/kg</td><5.0 μg/kg</td>

 QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMS
 Reference
 Accreditation
 Completed
 Sub

 AOAC 2007.01
 ISO/IEC 17025:2017
 09Nov2020
 1

 A2LA 2993.01
 A2LA 2993.01
 A2LA 2993.01

ParameterResultPer ServingTheoreticalScreened pesticidesNot DetectedNot detected

 QA01R - Pesticides Quechers-LC-MS/MS
 Reference
 Accreditation
 Completed
 Sub

 AOAC 2007.01
 ISO/IEC 17025:2017
 09Nov2020
 1

 A2LA 2993.01
 A2LA 2993.01

Per Serving

Theoretical

Screened pesticides Not Detected Not detected

QD03M - Nutrition Facts Panel Reference Genesis Completed 26Oct2020

Parameter Result Per Serving Theoretical
Nutrition Label Format Report requested requested

Result

AgriFiber Solutions LLC

Adam Blackshaw 1011 Campus Drive Mundelein, IL 60060

## **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

> Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

AR-20-QD-200481-01

Subcontracting partners:

1 - Eurofins Central Analytical Laboratories, LA

Respectfully Submitted,



Brian Schuld Analytical Services Manager

Results shown in this report relate solely to the item submitted for analysis. | Any opinions/interpretations expressed on this report are given independent of the laboratory's scope of accreditation. | All results are reported on an "As Received" basis unless otherwise stated. | Reports shall not be reproduced except in full without written permission of Eurofins Scientific, Inc. | All work done in accordance with Eurofins General Terms and Conditions of Sale:

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AgriFiber Solutions LLC

Adam Blackshaw 1011 Campus Drive Mundelein, IL 60060 **ANALYTICAL REPORT** 

AR-20-QD-200482-01

Client Code: QD0009451

Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

Eurofins Sample Code: Client Sample Code: Sample Description:	464-2020-102 BFG948779-0 Soluble Corn		Sample Registration D Condition Upon Recei Sample Reference:		erishable
QD275 - Serving Size (C Supplied)	ustomer	Reference No Reference			Completed 28Oct2020
Parameter		Result	Per Serving	Theoretical	
Unit weight		100.0000 g	100.0000 g	g	
Units per serving		1	1	1	
Serving Size		100.00 g	100.00 g	100 g/Serving	
QD252 - Protein - Comb	ustion	Reference AOAC 990.03;		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 29Oct2020
<b>Parameter</b> Protein		<b>Result</b> 5.56 %	Per Serving 5.56 g/Serving	Theoretical	
Nitrogen - Combustion		0.89 %	0.89 g/Serving		
Protein Factor		6.25	6.25		
QD250 - Ash		Reference AOAC 942.05		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 29Oct2020
Parameter Ash		Result 4.58 %	Per Serving 4.58 g/Serving	Theoretical	
QD226 - Calories, Calcu	lated	Reference CFR - Atwater	calculation	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Calories Calculated		Result 207 kcal/100	Per Serving g 207 kcal/Servir	<b>Theoretical</b>	
QD038 - Carbohydrates	, Calculated	Reference CFR 21-calc.		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020

# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

> Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

AR-20-QD-200482-01

Eurofins Sample Code: Client Sample Code: Sample Description:	464-2020-1020 BFG948779-0 Soluble Corn F	1	Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-pe		
QD038 - Carbohydrates,	Calculated	Reference CFR 21-calc.		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Carbohydrates, Calculated	d	<b>Result</b> 84.97 %	Per Serving 84.97 g/Serving	Theoretical g	
QD153 - Moisture by Ka	rl Fischer	Reference AOCS Ca 2e-8	34	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Moisture, Karl Fischer		<b>Result</b> 3.67 %	<b>Per Serving</b> 3.67 g/Serving	Theoretical	
QD251 - Calcium by ICP		Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 od	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 02Nov2020
Parameter Calcium		<b>Result</b> 0.209 %	Per Serving 0.209 g/Servin	Theoretical g	
QD107 - Iron by ICP		Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 od	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 02Nov2020
Parameter Iron		<b>Result</b> 0.0023 %	Per Serving 0.0023 g/Servi	<b>Theoretical</b> ing	
QD179 - Potassium by I	CP	Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 02Nov2020
Parameter Potassium		<b>Result</b> 0.063 %	Per Serving 0.063 g/Servin	Theoretical	
QD198 - Sodium by ICP		Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 nod	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 03Nov2020
Parameter Sodium		<b>Result</b> 1.63 %	Per Serving 1.63 g/Serving	Theoretical	
QD01T - Total dietary fil (Includes LMWSDF)	oer HPLC	Reference AOAC 2009.0	1 & AOAC 2011.25		Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Low molecular wgt solub fiber(LMWSDF)	e dietary	<b>Result</b> 0.35 %	Per Serving 0.35 g/Serving	Theoretical	

# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

AR-20-QD-200482-01

Client Sample Code: BFG94	020-10260205 48779-01 e Corn Fiber ss=100g	Sample Registration Date Condition Upon Receipt Sample Reference:		erishable
QD01T - Total dietary fiber HPL0 (Includes LMWSDF)		1 & AOAC 2011.25		Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter High molecular wgt soluble dietary (HMWSDF)	Result y fiber 79.92 %	Per Serving 79.92 g/Serving	Theoretical	
Insoluble dietary fiber (IDF)	1.34 %	1.34 g/Serving		
Soluble Dietary Fiber (LMWSDF -	+ HMWSDF) 80.27 %	80.27 g/Serving		
Total dietary fiber (IDF + HMWSD LMWSDF)		81.61 g/Serving		
QQ129 - Sugar Profile (AOAC, Matrices)	Reference AOAC 982.14	, mod.	Accreditation SO/IEC 17025:2017 J2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical	
Fructose	<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Serving		
Glucose	<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Serving		
Sucrose	<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Serving		
Maltose	<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Serving		
Lactose	<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Serving		
Total sugars	<0.35 %	<0.35 g/Serving		
QD0EK - Vitamin D (LC-MS/MS)		Rapid Commun. Mass	Accreditation SO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 31Oct2020
Parameter Total Vitamin D2 and D3	<b>Result</b> <4 IU/100 g	Per Serving <4.00 IU/Serving	Theoretical	
Vitamin D2	<4 IU/100 g	<4.00 IU/Serving	1	
Vitamin D3	<4 IU/100 g	<4.00 IU/Serving		
QD041 - Cholesterol in Food	Reference AOAC 994.10	) mod.	Accreditation SO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 30Oct2020
Parameter Cholesterol	<b>Result</b> < 0.8 mg/10	Per Serving 0 g <0.8 mg/Serving	Theoretical	
QD036 - Calories From Total Fa	Reference CFR 21-calc.	1	Accreditation SO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 30Oct2020
Parameter Calories From Total Fat, Calc.	Result 11 kcal/100	Per Serving	Theoretical	

**Eurofins Sample Code:** 

QA01R - Pesticides Quechers-LC-MS/MS

Parameter

Parameter

Screened pesticides

QD03M - Nutrition Facts Panel

**Nutrition Label Format Report** 

Client Sample Code:

464-2020-10260205 BFG948779-01

#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451

Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

acceptable, non-perishable

Accreditation

A2LA 2993.01

Per Serving

Not detected

Per Serving

requested

ISO/IEC 17025:2017

Theoretical

Theoretical

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

AR-20-QD-200482-01

Sample Registration Date: 26Oct2020

Condition Upon Receipt:

Sample Description: Soluble Corn Fiber ss=100g Sample Reference: BFG Accreditation QQ051 - Fatty Acid Reference Completed 30Oct2020 Composition-Sat, Trans, Poly, Mono, & Tota AOAC 996.06 mod. ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01 **Parameter** Result Per Serving Theoretical cis, cis-Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids 0.19 % 0.19 g/Serving cis-Monounsaturated Fatty Acids 0.42 % 0.42 g/Serving 0.53 % 0.53 g/Serving Total Saturated Fatty Acids 1.22 % 1.22 g/Serving Total Fat as Triglycerides 0.03 % 0.03 g/Serving Total Trans Fatty Acid Isomers - GC Sub QAA07 - Vomitoxin (Deoxynivalenol, Reference Accreditation Completed 09Nov2020 DON) LC-MSMS Food Addit Contam Part A. ISO/IEC 17025:2017 1 2013:30(3),541-9. A2LA 2993.01 Per Serving Theoretical Parameter Result Vomitoxin (Deoxynivalenol) <10 µg/kg <10 µg/kg Accreditation Completed Sub QAA19 - Zearalenone (LC-MSMS) Reference Food Addit Contam Part A, ISO/IEC 17025:2017 09Nov2020 1 2013:30(3),541-9. A2LA 2993.01 Parameter Result Per Serving Theoretical Zearalenone <5.0 µg/kg <5.0 µg/kg Accreditation Completed QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMS Reference Sub ISO/IEC 17025:2017 09Nov2020 1 AOAC 2007.01 A2LA 2993.01 Parameter Result Per Serving **Theoretical** Not detected Not Detected Screened pesticides

Reference

Result

Reference

Result

requested

Genesis

AOAC 2007.01

Not Detected

Completed

09Nov2020

Completed

26Oct2020

Sub

AgriFiber Solutions LLC

Adam Blackshaw 1011 Campus Drive Mundelein, IL 60060

## **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451

Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

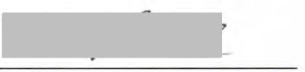
Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

AR-20-QD-200482-01

Subcontracting partners:

1 - Eurofins Central Analytical Laboratories, LA

Respectfully Submitted,



7

Brian Schuld Analytical Services Manager

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Eurofins Scientific Inc. (Des Moines)

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AgriFiber Solutions LLC

Adam Blackshaw 1011 Campus Drive Mundelein, IL 60060 **ANALYTICAL REPORT** 

AR-20-QD-200483-01

Client Code: QD0009451

Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

Eurofins Sample Code: Client Sample Code: Sample Description:	464-2020-102 BFG948879-0 Soluble Corn	1	Sample Registration D Condition Upon Receip Sample Reference:		rishable
QD275 - Serving Size (C Supplied)	ustomer	Reference No Reference			Completed 28Oct2020
Parameter Unit weight		<b>Result</b> 100.0000 g	Per Serving 100.0000 g	Theoretical	
Jnits per serving		1	1	1	
Serving Size		100.00 g	100.00 g	100 g/Serving	
QD252 - Protein - Comb	ustion	Reference AOAC 990.03;	AOAC 992.15	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 29Oct2020
<b>Parameter</b> Protein		Result 5.19 %	Per Serving 5.19 g/Serving	Theoretical	
Nitrogen - Combustion		0.83 %	0.83 g/Serving		
Protein Factor		6.25	6.25		
QD250 - Ash		Reference AOAC 942.05		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 29Oct2020
<b>Parameter</b> Ash		<b>Result</b> 4.71 %	Per Serving 4.71 g/Serving	Theoretical	
QD226 - Calories, Calcu	lated	Reference CFR - Atwater		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Calories Calculated		Result 206 kcal/100	g Per Serving g 206 kcal/Servin	<b>Theoretical</b>	
QD038 - Carbohydrates,	Calculated	Reference CFR 21-calc.		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020

# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020

Client Code: QD0009451

AR-20-QD-200483-01 Reported On: 250ct2020

Eurofins Sample Code: Client Sample Code: Sample Description:	464-2020-10260206  BFG948879-01  Soluble Corn Fiber ss=100g  Sample Registration Date: 26Oct2020  Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable  Sample Reference: BFG		1 Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-per		
QD038 - Carbohydrates,	Calculated	Reference CFR 21-calc.		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Carbohydrates, Calculate	d	<b>Result</b> 84.28 %	Per Serving 84.28 g/Servin	Theoretical g	
QD153 - Moisture by Ka	rl Fischer	Reference AOCS Ca 2e-8	34	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Moisture, Karl Fischer		<b>Result</b> 4.84 %	Per Serving 4.84 g/Serving	Theoretical	
QD251 - Calcium by ICP		Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 od	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Calcium		<b>Result</b> 0.212 %	Per Serving 0.212 g/Servin	Theoretical g	
QD107 - Iron by ICP		Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 od	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Iron		<b>Result</b> 0.0034 %	Per Serving 0.0034 g/Servi	<b>Theoretical</b> ng	
QD179 - Potassium by I	CP	Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 od	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter Potassium		Result 0.053 %	Per Serving 0.053 g/Servin	<b>Theoretical</b>	
QD198 - Sodium by ICP		Reference AOAC 984.27 mod,965.17 m	mod,927.02 mod,985.01 od	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 05Nov2020
Parameter Sodium		<b>Result</b> 1.68 %	Per Serving 1.68 g/Serving	Theoretical	
QD01T - Total dietary fil (Includes LMWSDF)	per HPLC	Reference AOAC 2009.0	1 & AOAC 2011.25		Completed 07Nov2020
Parameter Low molecular wgt soluble fiber(LMWSDF)	e dietary	<b>Result</b> 0.30 %	Per Serving 0.30 g/Serving	Theoretical	

# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

AR-20-QD-200483-01

Eurofins Sample Code: Client Sample Code: Sample Description:	464-2020-1026 BFG948879-01 Soluble Corn Fi		Sample Registration Dat Condition Upon Receipt: Sample Reference:		erishable
QD01T - Total dietary fib (Includes LMWSDF)	er HPLC	Reference AOAC 2009.01 8	& AOAC 2011,25		Completed 07Nov2020
Parameter High molecular wgt solubl (HMWSDF)	e dietary fiber	<b>Result</b> 78.56 %	Per Serving 78.56 g/Serving	Theoretical	
Insoluble dietary fiber (IDF	=)	0.70 %	0.70 g/Serving		
Soluble Dietary Fiber (LM)	The state of the state of		78.86 g/Serving		
Total dietary fiber (IDF + F LMWSDF)		79.56 %	79.56 g/Serving		
QQ129 - Sugar Profile (A Matrices)	AOAC, Most	Reference AOAC 982.14, n	nod. IS	ccreditation SO/IEC 17025:2017 2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Nov2020
Parameter		Result	Per Serving	Theoretical	
Fructose		<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Serving		
Glucose		<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Serving		
Sucrose		<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Serving		
Maltose		<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Serving		
Lactose		<0.15 %	<0.15 g/Serving		
Total sugars		<0.35 %	<0.35 g/Serving		
QD0EK - Vitamin D (LC-	MS/MS)	Reference Huang et al., Ra Spectrum 2014,	pid Commun. Mass IS	ccreditation SO/IEC 17025:2017 2LA 2927.01	Completed 31Oct2020
Parameter Total Vitamin D2 and D3		Result <4 IU/100 g	Per Serving <4.00 IU/Serving	Theoretical	
Vitamin D2		<4 IU/100 g	<4.00 IU/Serving		
Vitamin D3		<4 IU/100 g	<4.00 IU/Serving		
QD041 - Cholesterol in I	Food	Reference AOAC 994.10 m	nod. IS	ccreditation SO/IEC 17025:2017 2LA 2927.01	Completed 30Oct2020
Parameter Cholesterol		<b>Result</b> <0.8 mg/100 g	Per Serving <0.8 mg/Serving	Theoretical	
QD036 - Calories From	Total Fat, Calc	Reference CFR 21-calc.	18	accreditation SO/IEC 17025:2017 2LA 2927.01	Completed 30Oct2020
Parameter Calories From Total Fat, 0	Calc.	Result 9 kcal/100 g	Per Serving 9 kcal/Serving	Theoretical	

# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

AR-20-QD-200483-01

Eurofins Sample Code: 464-2020-10260206 Sample Registration Date: 26Oct2020

Client Sample Code: BFG948879-01 Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: Soluble Corn Fiber ss=100g Sample Reference: BFG

Sample Description. Soluble Com Fib	er ss-100g Sain	pie Kelerence.	ыч		
QQ051 - Fatty Acid Composition-Sat,Trans,Poly,Mono,&Tota	Reference AOAC 996.06 mod.		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 30Oct2020	
Parameter cis, cis-Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids	Result 0.09 %	Per Serving 0.09 g/Serving	Theoretical		
cis-Monounsaturated Fatty Acids	0.33 %	0.33 g/Serving			
Total Saturated Fatty Acids	0.48 %	0.48 g/Serving			
Total Fat as Triglycerides	0.98 %	0.98 g/Serving			
Total Trans Fatty Acid Isomers - GC	0.04 %	0.04 g/Serving			
QAA07 - Vomitoxin (Deoxynivalenol, DON) LC-MSMS	Reference Food Addit Contam P 2013:30(3),541-9.	art A,	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2993.01	Completed 09Nov2020	Sub 1
Parameter Vomitoxin (Deoxynivalenol)	Result <10 μg/kg	Per Serving <10 μg/kg	Theoretical		
QAA19 - Zearalenone (LC-MSMS)	Reference Food Addit Contam F 2013:30(3),541-9.	Part A,	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2993.01	Completed 09Nov2020	Sub 1
Parameter Zearalenone	<b>Result</b> <5.0 μg/kg	<b>Per Serving</b> <5.0 μg/kg	Theoretical		
QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMS	Reference AOAC 2007.01		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2993.01	Completed 09Nov2020	Sub 1
Parameter Screened pesticides	Result Not Detected	Per Serving Not detected	Theoretical		
QA01R - Pesticides Quechers-LC-MS/MS	Reference AOAC 2007.01		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2993.01	Completed 09Nov2020	Sub 1
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical		
Screened pesticides	Not Detected	Not detected			
QD03M - Nutrition Facts Panel	Reference Genesis			Completed 26Oct2020	
Parameter Nutrition Label Format Report	Result requested	Per Serving requested	Theoretical		

AgriFiber Solutions LLC

Adam Blackshaw 1011 Campus Drive Mundelein, IL 60060

## **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

AR-20-QD-200483-01

Client Code: QD0009451

Number: (3) BFG lots, nutitionals, pesticides

Received On: 26Oct2020 Reported On: 09Nov2020

Subcontracting partners:

1 - Eurofins Central Analytical Laboratories, LA

Respectfully Submitted,



Brian Schuld Analytical Services Manager

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7120 N. Ridgeway Ave Lincolnwood, IL 60712 ph: 847-329-9900 fax: 847-329-9903 www.DeibelLabs.com

Name: AgriFiber Solutions LLC Order ID: LI-200528-113

Customer: Adam BlackshawReport ID: LI-200528-113.000007Address: 1011 Campus DriveDate Received: 5/28/2020 13:18:22

Mundelein, IL Reported: 6/25/2020 13:25:32

60060 P.O. #: CP USA Page: 1 of 4 847-549-6002 x1080

**Report of Results** 

Deibel Lab #: LI-200528-113-002 Analysis Date:2020/05/28 Receiving Temperature: 20C Sample Condition:Okay

Description: GRAS#2 CBFG2-948879-01

	Test:	Result:	Units:	Method:	Reference:	Comment:
	APC	5100	cfu/g	FDA BAM	AOAC 966.23	
•	Coliform Petrifilm	<10	cfu/g	Petrifilm	AOAC 991.14	
	Yeast	<10	cfu/g	FDA BAM	FDA BAM: 7ed. 1992	
	Mold	<10	cfu/a	FDA BAM	FDA BAM: 7ed. 1992	

Sample group reactivated for additional test. LI-200528-113-000005 Revised DV 6/25/20 -.000006 Revised DV6/25

Login By: GE Entered By: WELDRIDGE Approved By: DVI

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Name: AgriFiber Solutions LLC Order ID: LI-200528-113

Customer: Adam BlackshawReport ID: LI-200528-113.000007Address: 1011 Campus DriveDate Received: 5/28/2020 13:18:22

Mundelein, IL **Reported:** 6/25/2020 13:18:22

60060 P.O. #: CP USA Page: 2 of 4

847-549-6002 x1080

**Report of Results** 

Deibel Lab #: LI-200528-113-002 Analysis Date:2020/05/28 Receiving Temperature: 20C Sample Condition:Okay

Description: GRAS#2 CBFG2-948879-01

Test:	Result:	Units:	Method:	Reference:	Comment:
Salmonella FDA/BAM	Negative	/25g	FDA-BAM	8th ed., Ch 5	
C.perfringens	<10	cfu/g	FDA BAM	8 ed. Ch 16	
Aflatoxin ELISA	<5.0	ppb	Neogen Veratox	AOAC RI-05091	
Protein (Factor 6.25)	5.22	%	Kjeldahl	AOAC 991.20	
Ash	4.67	%	Gravimetric	Mod 923.03/942.05	
Lead ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Arsenic ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Cadmium ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Mercury ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Tests sent to outsource labs	Total fiber		Outside Lab Information	Available Upon Request	
Total Dietary Fiber	84.10	%	Enzymatic HPLC	AOAC 2009.01	
Fat - Acid Hydrolysis*	2.55	%	Gravimetric	AOAC 922.06	

Deibel Lab #: LI-200528-113-003 Analysis Date:2020/05/28 Receiving Temperature: 20C Sample Condition: Okay

Description: GRAS#3 CBFG2-948779-01

Protein (Factor 6.25)

Test:	Result:	Units:	Method:	Reference:	Comment:
APC	1200	cfu/g	FDA BAM	AOAC 966.23	
Coliform Petrifilm	<10	cfu/g	Petrifilm	AOAC 991.14	
Yeast	<10	cfu/g	FDA BAM	FDA BAM: 7ed. 1992	
Mold	<10	cfu/g	FDA BAM	FDA BAM: 7ed. 1992	
Salmonella FDA/BAM	Negative	/25g	FDA-BAM	8th ed., Ch 5	
C.perfringens	<10	cfu/g	FDA BAM	8 ed. Ch 16	
Aflatoxin ELISA	<5.0	ppb	Neogen Veratox	AOAC RI-05091	
•					

Sample group reactivated for additional test. LI-200528-113-000005 Revised DV 6/25/20 -.000006 Revised DV6/25

5.69 %

Login By: GE Entered By: WELDRIDGE Approved By: DVI

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Kieldahl

AOAC 991.20



7120 N. Ridgeway Ave Lincolnwood, IL 60712 ph: 847-329-9900 fax: 847-329-9903 www.DeibelLabs.com

Name: AgriFiber Solutions LLC Order ID: LI-200528-113

Customer: Adam Blackshaw Report ID: LI-200528-113.000007

Address: 1011 Campus Drive Date Received: 5/28/2020 13:18:22

 1011 Campus Drive
 Date Received: 5/28/2020 13:18:22

 Mundelein, IL
 Reported: 6/25/2020 13:25:32

60060 P.O. #: CP USA Page: 3 of 4

847-549-6002 x1080

#### **Report of Results**

Deibel Lab #: LI-200528-113-003 Analysis Date: 2020/05/28 Receiving Temperature: 20C Sample Condition: Okay

Description: GRAS#3 CBFG2-948779-01

Test:	Result:	Units:	Method:	Reference:	Comment:
Ash	4.55	%	Gravimetric	Mod 923.03/942.05	
Lead ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Arsenic ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Cadmium ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Mercury ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Tests sent to outsource labs	Total fiber		Outside Lab Information	Available Upon Request	
Total Dietary Fiber	84.40	%	Enzymatic HPLC	AOAC 2009.01	
Fat - Acid Hydrolysis*	2.59	%	Gravimetric	AOAC 922.06	

Deibel Lab #: LI-200528-113-004 Analysis Date: 2020/05/28 Receiving Temperature: 20C Sample Condition: Okay

Description: GRAS#4 CBFG2-948179-01

Test:	Result:	Units:	Method:	Reference:	Comment:
APC	4800	cfu/g	FDA BAM	AOAC 966.23	
Coliform Petrifilm	<10	cfu/g	Petrifilm	AOAC 991.14	
Yeast	<10	cfu/g	FDA BAM	FDA BAM: 7ed. 1992	
Mold	<10	cfu/g	FDA BAM	FDA BAM: 7ed. 1992	
Salmonella FDA/BAM	Negative	/25g	FDA-BAM	8th ed., Ch 5	
C.perfringens	<10	cfu/g	FDA BAM	8 ed. Ch 16	
Aflatoxin ELISA	<5.0	ppb	Neogen Veratox	AOAC RI-05091	
Protein (Factor 6.25)	5.65	%	Kjeldahl	AOAC 991.20	
Ash	5.12	%	Gravimetric	Mod 923.03/942.05	
Lead ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Arsenic ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Cadmium ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	

Sample group reactivated for additional test. LI-200528-113-000005 Revised DV 6/25/20 -.000006 Revised DV6/25

Login By: GE Entered By: WELDRIDGE Approved By: DVI

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Name: AgriFiber Solutions LLC Order ID: LI-200528-113

Customer: Adam Blackshaw Report ID: LI-200528-113.000007

 Address:
 1011 Campus Drive
 Date Received: 5/28/2020 13:18:22

 Mundelein, IL
 Reported: 6/25/2020 13:25:32

60060 **P.O. #**: CP USA **Page: 4 of 4** 

847-549-6002 x1080

#### **Report of Results**

Deibel Lab #: LI-200528-113-004 Analysis Date: 2020/05/28 Receiving Temperature: 20C Sample Condition: Okay

Description: GRAS#4 CBFG2-948179-01

Test:	Result:	Units:	Method:	Reference:	Comment:
Mercury ICP (ppm)	<0.10	ppm	ICP-OES	AOAC 985.01 modified	
Tests sent to outsource labs	Total fiber		Outside Lab Information	Available Upon Request	
Total Dietary Fiber	83.40	%	Enzymatic HPLC	AOAC 2009.01	
Fat - Acid Hydrolysis*	2.60	%	Gravimetric	AOAC 922.06	

Sample group reactivated for additional test. LI-200528-113-000005 Revised DV 6/25/20 -.000006 Revised DV6/25

Login By: GE Entered By: WELDRIDGE Approved By: DVI

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Eurofins Scientific Inc. (Des Moines)

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Des Moines, IA 50321
+1 515 265 1461
ENACClientServices@EurofinsUS.com

AgriFiber Solutions LLC

Adam Blackshaw 1011 Campus Drive Mundelein, IL 60060

Calories Calculated

Corrected Result

#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01 Client Code: QD0009451
PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

Eurofins Sample Code: Client Sample Code: Sample Description:	464-2020-072906 CBFG2 Composit ARABINOXYLO-0 CHARIDE ss=100	e DLIGOSAC	Sample Registration Date Condition Upon Receipt: Sample Reference:	e: 29Jul2020 acceptable, non-peri	shable
QD275 - Serving Size (Cus Supplied)	stomer	Reference No Reference			Completed 30Jul2020
Parameter Unit weight Units per serving		<b>Result</b> 100.0000 g 1	Per Serving 100.0000 g 1	Theoretical g 1	
Serving Size		100.00 g	100.00 g	100 g/Serving	
QD252 - Protein - Combus	tion	Reference AOAC 990.03; A	OAC 992.15	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Aug2020
<b>Parameter</b> Protein		<b>Result</b> 4.63 %	<b>Per Serving</b> 4.63 g/Serving	Theoretical	
Nitrogen - Combustion		0.86 %	0.86 g/Serving	%	
Protein Factor		5.38	5.38		
QD250 - Ash		Reference AOAC 942.05		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 30Jul2020
<b>Parameter</b> Ash		<b>Result</b> 4.91 %	Per Serving 4.91 g/Serving	Theoretical	
QD226 - Calories, Calculat	ted	Reference CFR - Atwater ca	lculation	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Aug2020
Parameter		Result	Per Serving	Theoretical	

205 kcal/100 g

Page 1 of 21 8/12/20 3:52 pm

205 kcal/Serving

**Eurofins Sample Code:** 

#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

Completed

04Aug2020

Accreditation

ISO/IEC 17025:2017

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

464-2020-07290651 Sample Registration Date: 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QD038 - Carbohydrates, Calculated

A2LA 2927.01

Parameter Result Per Serving Theoretical

CFR 21-calc.

Reference

ParameterResultPer ServingCarbohydrates, Calculated84.60 %84.60 g/Serving

QD148 - Moisture by Vacuum Oven Reference Accreditation Completed

AOAC 925.09 ISO/IEC 17025:2017 03Aug2020

A2LA 2927.01

Parameter Result Per Serving Theoretical

Moisture and Volatiles - Vacuum Oven 4.8 % 4.8 g/Serving

 QD251 - Calcium by ICP
 Reference
 Accreditation
 Completed

 AOAC 984.27 mod,927.02 mod,985.01
 ISO/IEC 17025:2017
 05Aug2020

mod,965.17 mod A2LA 2927.01

Parameter Result Per Serving Theoretical

Parameter Result Fell Serving Infeoretical

Calcium 196 mg/100 g 196 mg/Serving

 QD107 - Iron by ICP
 Reference
 Accreditation
 Completed

 AOAC 984.27 mod,927.02 mod,985.01
 ISO/IEC 17025:2017
 05Aug2020

mod,965.17 mod A2LA 2927.01

ParameterResultPer ServingTheoreticalIron2.7 mg/100 g2.7 mg/Serving

QD179 - Potassium by ICP Reference Accreditation Completed

AOAC 984.27 mod,927.02 mod,985.01 ISO/IEC 17025:2017 05Aug2020 mod,965.17 mod A2LA 2927.01

Parameter Result Per Serving Theoretical

Potassium 59 mg/100 g 59 mg/Serving

 QD198 - Sodium by ICP
 Reference
 Accreditation
 Completed

 AOAC 984.27 mod,927.02 mod,985.01
 ISO/IEC 17025:2017
 05Aug2020

mod,965.17 mod A2LA 2927.01

Parameter Result Per Serving Theoretical

Sodium 1,700 mg/100 g 1,700 mg/Serving

QD01T - Total dietary fiber HPLC Reference Completed (Includes LMWSDF) AOAC 2009.01 & AOAC 2011.25 05Aug2020

Parameter Result Per Serving Theoretical

Cholesterol

#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

464-2020-07290651	Sample Registration Date:	29Jul2020
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**Eurofins Sample Code:** 

Client Sample Code: Sample Description:	CBFG2 Composite ARABINOXYLO-C CHARIDE ss=100	e DLIGOSAC	Condition Upon Receipt: Sample Reference:	acceptable, non-pe	rishable
QD01T - Total dietary fiber (Includes LMWSDF)	HPLC	Reference AOAC 2009.01 &	AOAC 2011.25		Completed 05Aug2020
Parameter Low molecular wgt soluble of fiber(LMWSDF)	dietary	<b>Result</b> 0.36 %	<b>Per Serving</b> 0.36 g/Serving	Theoretical	
High molecular wgt soluble (HMWSDF)	dietary fiber	78.97 %	78.97 g/Serving		
Insoluble dietary fiber (IDF)		0.80 %	0.80 g/Serving		
Soluble Dietary Fiber (LMW	SDF + HMWSDF)	79.33 %	79.33 g/Serving		
Total dietary fiber (IDF + HM LMWSDF)	/WSDF +	80.13 %	80.13 g/Serving		
QQ129 - Sugar Profile (AO Matrices)	AC, Most	Reference AOAC 982.14, mo	od.	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 05Aug2020
<b>Parameter</b> Fructose		<b>Result</b> <0.15 g/100 g	Per Serving <0.15 g/Serving	Theoretical	
Glucose		<0.15 g/100 g	<0.15 g/Serving		
Sucrose		<0.15 g/100 g	<0.15 g/Serving		
Maltose		<0.15 g/100 g	<0.15 g/Serving		
Lactose		<0.15 g/100 g	<0.15 g/Serving		
Total sugars		<0.35 g/100 g	<0.35 g/Serving		
QD0EK - Vitamin D (LC-MS	s/MS)	Reference Huang et al., Rapi Spectrum 2014, 2		Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 06Aug2020
Parameter Total Vitamin D2 and D3		<b>Result</b> <0.10000 μg/10	<b>Per Serving</b> 0 g <0.1000 μg/Serv	<b>Theoretical</b> ing	
Vitamin D2		<0.10000 µg/10	0 g <0.1000 μg/Serv	ing	
Vitamin D3		<0.10000 µg/10	0 g <0.1000 μg/Serv	ing	
QD041 - Cholesterol in Foo	od	Reference AOAC 994.10 mod	d.	Accreditation ISO/IEC 17025:2017 A2LA 2927.01	Completed 04Aug2020
Parameter		Result	Per Serving	Theoretical	

<0.8 mg/100 g

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<0.8 mg/Serving

#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

**Eurofins Sample Code:** 464-2020-07290651 **Sample Registration Date:** 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QD036 - Calories From Total Fat, Calc Reference Accreditation Completed

CFR 21-calc. ISO/IEC 17025:2017 31Jul2020

**Theoretical** 

A2LA 2927.01

ParameterResultPer ServingTheoreticalCalories From Total Fat, Calc.10 kcal/100 g10 kcal/Serving

QQ051 - Fatty AcidReferenceAccreditationCompletedComposition-Sat,Trans,Poly,Mono,&TotalAOAC 996.06 mod.ISO/IEC 17025:201731Jul2020

A2LA 2927.01

ParameterResultPer Servingcis, cis-Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids0.22 %0.22 g/Servingcis-Monounsaturated Fatty Acids0.35 %0.35 g/Serving

Total Saturated Fatty Acids 0.35 % 0.35 g/Serving 0.42 % 0.42 g/Serving

Total Fat as Triglycerides 1.06 % 1.06 g/Serving
Total Trans Fatty Acid Isomers - GC 0.03 % 0.03 g/Serving

 QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMS
 Reference
 Accreditation
 Completed
 Sub

 AOAC 2007.01
 A2LA ISO/IEC
 06Aug2020
 1

		17	025:2005 2993-01
Parameter 2,3,5,6-Tetrachloroaniline	Result <0.01 mg/kg	Per Serving <0.01 mg/kg	Theoretical
Acephate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Acetochlor	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Aclonifen	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Acrinathrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Aldrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Allethrin	<0.050 mg/kg	<0.050 mg/kg	mg/kg
Ametryn	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Atrazine	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Azaconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Azinphos-ethyl (Ethyl Guthion)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Azinphos-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Benalaxyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Benfluralin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Bifenox	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Bifenthrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Bromacil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg

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#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

Eurofins Sample Code: 464-2020-07290651 Sample Registration Date: 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMSReferenceAccreditationCompletedSubAOAC 2007.01A2LA ISO/IEC06Aug20201

		17025:2005 2993-01		
Parameter Bromocyclen	Result <0.010 mg/kg	Per Serving <0.010 mg/kg	Theoretical mg/kg	
Bromophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Bromophos-ethyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Bromopropylate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Butachlor	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Butafenacil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Butylate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg	
Cadusaphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Captafol	<0.020 mg/kg	<0.020 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Captan	<0.020 mg/kg	<0.020 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Carbetamide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg	
Carbophenothion	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Carbophenothion-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlordane, cis-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlordane, oxy-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlordane, trans-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlordene, beta	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg	
Chlordene, gamma-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg	
Chlordimeform	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg	
Chlorethoxyfos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorfenapyr	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorfenson	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorobenzilate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chloroneb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chloropropylate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorothalonil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorpropham (CIPC)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorpyrifos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorthal-dimethyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorthiofos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorthion	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	

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#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

Eurofins Sample Code: 464-2020-07290651 Sample Registration Date: 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

 CHARIDE ss=100g

 QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMS
 Reference
 Accreditation
 Completed
 Sub

 AOAC 2007.01
 A2LA ISO/IEC
 06Aug2020
 1

		17	17025:2005 2993-01	
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical	
Chlozolinate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg 	
Cloquintocet-mexyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Coumaphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Crimidine	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Crotoxyphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Cyanazine	<0.050 mg/kg	<0.050 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Cyanofenphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Cyanophos	<0.050 mg/kg	<0.050 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Cyfluthrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Cyhalofop-butyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Cyhalothrin lambda-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Cypermethrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
DDE, p,p'-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
DDT, o,p'-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
DEF (Butifos)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Deltamethrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Demeton-O	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Demeton-S	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Demeton-S-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dialifos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Diallate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Diazinon (O Analog)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dichlobenil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dichlofenthion	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dichlofluanid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dichlone	<0.050 mg/kg	<0.050 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dichlorvos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Diclobutrazol	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dicloran	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dicofol, p,p-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dicrotophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dieldrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	

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**Eurofins Sample Code:** 

#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

464-2020-07290651 Sample Registration Date: 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMS	Reference AOAC 2007.01	A2	creditation LA ISO/IEC	Completed 06Aug2020	Sub 1
			025:2005 2993-01		
Parameter Diflufenican	Result <0.010 mg/kg	<b>Per Serving</b> <0.010 mg/kg	<b>Theoretical</b> mg/kg		
Dimethachlor	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Dimethenamid including other mixtures of constitue	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Dimoxystrobin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Dioxathion	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Diphenamid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Diphenyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Diphenylamine	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Dipropetryn	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Disulfoton	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Disulfoton-PS-sulfone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Endosulfan I (alpha-endosulfan)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Endosulfan II (beta-Endosulfan)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Endosulfan sulphate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Endrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Endrin ketone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Endrin-aldehyde	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg		
EPN	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
EPTC	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Esfenvalerate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Ethalfluralin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Ethion	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Ethoprophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Ethoxyquin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg		
Etoxazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Etridiazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Etrimfos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Famophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Famoxadone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Fenamidone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Fenchlorphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Fenfluthrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		

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#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

**Eurofins Sample Code:** 464-2020-07290651 **Sample Registration Date:** 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMS	Reference	Accreditation	Completed	Sub
	AOAC 2007.01	A2LA ISO/IEC	06Aug2020	1
		17025:2005 2002 01		

		1702	5:2005 2993-01
Parameter Fenitrothion	Result <0.010 mg/kg	Per Serving <0.010 mg/kg	Theoretical mg/kg
Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenpropathrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenson	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fensulfothion	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenthion	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenvalerate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fipronil	<0.005 mg/kg	<0.005 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fluazifop-P-butyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fluchloralin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Flucythrinate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fluensulfone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Flumioxazin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fluotrimazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fluquinconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Flutolanil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Flutriafol	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fluvalinate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Folpet	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fonofos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Gamma-cyhalothrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg
gamma-HCH (Lindane)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Halfenprox	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
HCH, alpha-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
HCH, beta-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
HCH, delta-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Heptachlor	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Heptachlor Epoxide (cis, trans)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg
Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Hexazinone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Hydroprene	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Iprobenfos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg

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# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

**Eurofins Sample Code:** 464-2020-07290651 **Sample Registration Date:** 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMS	Reference	Accreditation	Completed	Sub
	AOAC 2007.01	A2LA ISO/IEC	06Aug2020	1
		17025:2005-2003-01		

	7.6/1.6 = 3.0/1.6	1702	5:2005 2993-01
Parameter Iprodione	<b>Result</b> <0.010 mg/kg	Per Serving <0.010 mg/kg	<b>Theoretical</b> mg/kg
Isazophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isocarbamid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isocarbofos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isodrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isofenphos-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isopropalin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isoprothiolane	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isoxadifen-ethyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Lenacil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Leptophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Malathion	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Mefenpyr-diethyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Mepronil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Metazachlor	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methacriphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methamidophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methoprothryn	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methoxychlor, o,o'	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg
Methoxychlor, p,p'	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg
Mevinphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Mexacarbate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
MGK-264	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg
Mirex	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Monocrotophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Naproanilide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg
Napropamide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Nitralin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Nitrapyrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Nitrofen	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Nitrothal-isopropyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Nonachlor, cis-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg

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**Eurofins Sample Code:** 

# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

Sub

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

464-2020-07290651 Sample Registration Date: 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

Sample Description.	CHARIDE ss=100g		Sample Reference.		
QA01P - Pesticides Queche	rs GC-MSMS	Reference AOAC 2007.01		<b>Accreditation</b> A2LA ISO/IEC 17025:2005 2993-01	Completed 06Aug2020
Parameter Nonachlor, trans-		Result <0.010 mg/kg	Per Serving <0.010 mg/kg	Theoretical mg/kg	
Norea		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serv		
Norflurazon		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
DDD, o,p'-		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
DDE, o,p'-		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Ofurace		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Omethoate		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
o-Phenylphenol		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Oxyfluorfen		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
DDD, p,p'-		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
DDT, p,p'-		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Paclobutrazol		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Parathion		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Parathion oxygen analog		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Parathion-methyl		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Parathion-methyl oxygen ana	alog	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
PCB 101		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
PCB 138		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
PCB 153		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
PCB 180		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
PCB 28		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
PCB 52		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Pebulate		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Pentachloranisole		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Pentachloroaniline		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Pentachlorobenzene		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Pentachlorobenzonitrile		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serv	ring mg/kg	
Pentachlorothioanisole		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Penthiopyrad		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Permethrin		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Perthane		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Phenothrin		<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	

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#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

**Eurofins Sample Code:** 464-2020-07290651 **Sample Registration Date:** 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMS	Reference	Accreditation	Completed	Sub
	AOAC 2007.01	A2LA ISO/IEC	06Aug2020	1
		17025:2005 2002 01		

		1702	5:2005 2993-01
Parameter Phenthoate	<b>Result</b> <0.010 mg/kg	Per Serving <0.010 mg/kg	Theoretical mg/kg
Phorate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Phorate-O-analogue	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Phorate-sulfone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Phosmet	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Phosphamidon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Picolinafen	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Picoxystrobin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Piperophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Prallethrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Procymidone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Profenofos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Profluralin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Prometryn	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Propachlor	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Propazine	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Propetamphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Propyzamide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Prothioconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Prothiofos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pyraflufen-ethyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pyrazophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pyridalyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pyrifenox	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Quinalphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Quinomethionate (Morestan)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg
Quintozene	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Quizalofop-P-ethyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg
Resmethrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
S 421 (Octachlordipropylether)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Secbumeton	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Silaneophan	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg

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#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

**Eurofins Sample Code:** 464-2020-07290651 **Sample Registration Date:** 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=		Sample Reference:			
QA01P - Pesticides Quechers GC-MSMS	Reference AOAC 2007.01	A	ccreditation 2LA ISO/IEC 7025:2005 2993-01	Completed 06Aug2020	Sub 1
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical		
Silthiofam	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Simazine	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tebupirimfos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tecnazene	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tefluthrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Terbacil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Terbuthylazine	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg 		
Tetrachloroaniline, 2,3,4,6-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg		
Tetradifon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg 		
Tetrahydrophthalimide (THPI)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.001 mg/Serving	mg/kg		
Tetramethrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tetrasul	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Thiometon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Thionazin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tolclofos-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tolylfluanid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tralomethrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Transfluthrin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Triazophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tribufos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Trichlorfon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Trichloronat	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Trifluralin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Triticonazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Vinclozolin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
QAA07 - Vomitoxin (Deoxynivalenol, DON) LC-MSMS	Reference Food Addit Contam		ccreditation 2LA ISO/IEC	Completed 06Aug2020	Sub 1

QAAU! - VOIIIILOXIII (DEUXYIIIVAIEIIOI,	Reference	Accreditation	Completed	Sub
DON) LC-MSMS	Food Addit Contam Part A	, A2LA ISO/IEC	06Aug2020	1
	2013:30(3),541-9.	17025:2005 2993-01		
_	<b>.</b>	<b>5 6 1 5 1 1 1 1</b>		

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{Parameter} & \textbf{Result} & \textbf{Per Serving} & \textbf{Theoretical} \\ \textbf{Vomitoxin (Deoxynivalenol)} & \textbf{<10 $\mu g/kg$} & \textbf{<10 $\mu g/kg$} & \mu g/kg \\ \end{array}$ 

#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

Sub

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

Eurofins Sample Code: 464-2020-07290651 Sample Registration Date: 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QAA19 - Zearalenone (LC-MSMS)ReferenceAccreditationCompletedSubFood Addit Contam Part A,A2LA ISO/IEC06Aug20201

2013:30(3),541-9. 17025:2005 2993-01

ParameterResultPer ServingTheoreticalZearalenone $<5.0 \mu g/kg$  $<5.0 \mu g/kg$  $\mu g/kg$ 

QA01R - Pesticides Quechers-LC-MS/MS	Reference AOAC 2007.01		<b>Accreditation</b> A2LA ISO/IEC 17025:2005 2993-01	Completed 06Aug2020
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical	
Penflufen	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Propamocarb (Sum of propamocarb and its salts, exp	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Flubendiamide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Formetanate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Mandipropamid (any ratio of constituent isomers)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Metaflumizone (sum of E- and Z- isomers)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
propisochlor	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Sulfentrazone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Dinotefuran	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Benfuracarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Fluopyram	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Fluxapyroxad	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Sulfoxaflor	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Chlorantraniliprole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Cyantraniliprole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Flupyradifurone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Novaluron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Rimsulfuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Spinetoram	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Spirotetramat	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Tolfenpyrad	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Alachlor	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Climbazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Clodinafop-propargyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Demeton-S-methyl-sulfone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	
Demeton-S-sulfone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg	

**Eurofins Sample Code:** 

# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

464-2020-07290651 Sample Registration Date: 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QA01R - Pesticides Quechers-LC-MS/MS	Reference	Accreditation	Completed	Sub
	AOAC 2007.01	A2LA ISO/IEC	06Aug2020	1
		47005,0005,0000,04		

	AOAO 2007.01		7025:2005 2993-01
Parameter Desmetryn	Result <0.010 mg/kg	Per Serving <0.010 mg/kg	Theoretical mg/kg
Dimethametryn	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Dimethylvinphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Etobenzanid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isofenphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Mecarbam	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Naled	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Naphthalene Acetamide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Phenkapton	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Promecarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Prometon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Propanil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Propaquizafop	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Propargite	<0.020 mg/kg	<0.020 mg/kg	mg/kg
Propham	<0.050 mg/kg	<0.050 mg/kg	mg/kg
Propiconazole (sum of isomers)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Propoxur	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Proquinazid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Prosulfocarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pymetrozine	<0.020 mg/kg	<0.020 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pyraclostrobin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pyridaben	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pyridaphenthion	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pyridate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pyrimethanil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pyriproxyfen	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Quinoxyfen	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Rotenone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Sethoxydim	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Simetryn	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Spinosad	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Spirodiclofen	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg

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**Eurofins Sample Code:** 

#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

464-2020-07290651 Sample Registration Date: 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

Sample Description.	CHARIDE ss=100g	Sample Reference.			
QA01R - Pesticides Quechers	Reference AOAC 2007.01		<b>Accreditation</b> A2LA ISO/IEC 17025:2005 2993-01	Completed 06Aug2020	Sub 1
Parameter Spiromesifen	<b>Result</b> <0.010 mg/kg	Per Serving <0.010 mg/kg	Theoretical mg/kg		
Spiroxamine	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Sulfotep	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Sulprofos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tebuconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tebufenozide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tebufenpyrad	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tebuthiuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Teflubenzuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tepraloxydim	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Terbufos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Terbumeton	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Terbutryn	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tetrachlorvinphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tetraconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Thiabendazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Thiacloprid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Thiamethoxam	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Thiobencarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Thiodicarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Thiofanox-sulfoxide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Thiophanate-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tralkoxydim	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Triadimefon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Triadimenol	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Triallate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Triazamate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tricyclazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Tridemorph	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Trifloxystrobin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Triflumizole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Triflumuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		

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#### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

**Eurofins Sample Code:** 464-2020-07290651 **Sample Registration Date:** 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QA01R - Pesticides Quechers-LC-MS/MS	Reference	Accreditation	Completed	Sub
	AOAC 2007.01	A2LA ISO/IEC	06Aug2020	1
		4700E-200E 2002 04		

		17	025:2005 2993-01
Parameter Triforine	Result <0.010 mg/kg	Per Serving <0.010 mg/kg	Theoretical mg/kg
Trimethacarb 2.3.5-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Trimethacarb, 3,4,5-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Uniconazole-P	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
1-Naphthol	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
3-Hydroxycarbofuran	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
3-ketocarbofuran	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Abamectin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Acetamiprid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Acibenzolar-s-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Aldicarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Aldicarb-sulfone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Aldicarb-sulfoxide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Aminocarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Amitraz	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Azadirachtin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Azinphos-methyl oxon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Azoxystrobin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Bendiocarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Bensulide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Bifenazate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Bitertanol	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Boscalid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Bromuconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Bupirimate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Buprofezin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Butocarboxim-sulfoxide	<0.050 mg/kg	<0.050 mg/kg	mg/kg
Carbaryl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Carbendazim	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Carbofuran	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Carbofuran (Phenol)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Carbosulfan	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg

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**Eurofins Sample Code:** 

# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

464-2020-07290651 Sample Registration Date: 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

 QA01R - Pesticides Quechers-LC-MS/MS
 Reference
 Accreditation
 Completed
 Sub

 AOAC 2007.01
 A2LA ISO/IEC
 06Aug2020
 1

 47005-2005-2003-04
 A2LA ISO/IEC
 06Aug2020
 1

		17	025:2005 2993-01
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical
Carboxin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Carfentrazone-ethyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Chlorfenvinphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Chloridazone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Chloroxuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Clethodim	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Clofentezine	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Clomazone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Clothianidin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Cyazofamid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Cycloate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Cycloxydim	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Cymoxanil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Cyproconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Cyprodinil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Cyromazine	<0.050 mg/kg	<0.050 mg/kg	mg/kg
Desmedipham	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pirimicarb, desmethyl-formamido-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Pirimicarb, desmethyl-	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Diafenthiuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Diazinon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Diethofencarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Difenoconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Diflubenzuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Dimethoate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Dimethomorph	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Diniconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Dioxacarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Diuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Dodine	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Edifenphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Epoxiconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
			- •

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# **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Client Code: QD0009451 PO Number: CBFG2

Received On: 29Jul2020 Reported On: 12Aug2020

AR-20-QD-137885-02 Report Supersedes AR-20-QD-137885-01

Eurofins Sample Code: 464-2020-07290651 Sample Registration Date: 29Jul2020

Client Sample Code: CBFG2 Composite Condition Upon Receipt: acceptable, non-perishable

Sample Description: ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=100g

QA01R - Pesticides Quechers-LC-MS/MS Reference Accreditation Completed Sub
AOAC 2007.01 A2LA ISO/IEC 06Aug2020 1

		170	025:2005 2993-01
Parameter Etaconazole	Result <0.010 mg/kg	Per Serving <0.010 mg/kg	Theoretical mg/kg
Ethiofencarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Ethiofencarb-sulfone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Ethiofencarb-sulfoxide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Ethofumesate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Etofenprox	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenamiphos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenarimol	<0.020 mg/kg	<0.020 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenazaquin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenbuconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenhexamid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenobucarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenoxycarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenpropimorph	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fenpyroximate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Flonicamid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fludioxonil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Flufenacet	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Flufenoxuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fluopicolide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Flusilazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fluthiacet-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Forchlorfenuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Fosthiazate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Furalaxyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Furathiocarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Heptenophos	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Hexaconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Hexaflumuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Hexythiazox	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Imazalil (any ratio of constituent isomers)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Imidacloprid	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg

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**Eurofins Sample Code:** 

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CHARIDE ss=100g

QA01R - Pesticides Quechers-LC-MS/MS	Reference	Accreditation	Completed	Sub
	AOAC 2007.01	A2LA ISO/IEC	06Aug2020	1
		17025:2005-2003-01		

		17	025:2005 2993-01
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical
Indoxacarb (sum, R+S isomers)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Iprovalicarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isoprocarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isoproturon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isoxaben	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Isoxaflutole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Kresoxim-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Linuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Lufenuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Malaoxon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Mepanipyrim	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Metalaxyl and Metalaxyl-M (sum)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Metamitron	<0.050 mg/kg	<0.050 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methabenztiazuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methidathion	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methiocarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methiocarb-sulfone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methiocarb sulfoxide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methomyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Methoxyfenozide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Metolachlor	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Metolcarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Metoxuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Metribuzin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Molinate	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Monolinuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Myclobutanil	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Neburon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Nitenpyram	<0.050 mg/kg	<0.050 mg/kg	mg/kg
Nuarimol	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Oxadiazon	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg
Oxadixyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg

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464-2020-07290651 29Jul2020 Sample Registration Date: **Eurofins Sample Code:** 

Result

Requested

**CBFG2** Composite acceptable, non-perishable **Condition Upon Receipt: Client Sample Code:** 

**Sample Description:** ARABINOXYLO-OLIGOSAC Sample Reference:

CHARIDE ss=1					
QA01R - Pesticides Quechers-LC-MS/MS	Reference AOAC 2007.01		<b>Accreditation</b> A2LA ISO/IEC 17025:2005 2993-01	Completed 06Aug2020	Sub 1
Parameter	Result	Per Serving	Theoretical		
Oxamyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Oxydemeton-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Penconazole	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Pencycuron	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Pendimethalin	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Phenmedipham	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Phorate-sulfoxide	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Phosalone	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Piperonyl butoxide (PBO)	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Pirimicarb	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Pirimiphos-methyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Pirimiphos-ethyl	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Prochloraz	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
Profoxydim	<0.010 mg/kg	<0.010 mg/kg	mg/kg		
QD03M - Nutrition Facts Panel	Reference Genesis			Completed 30Jul2020	

Per Serving

Requested

#### Comments:

**Parameter** 

Updated protein factor + calculation for dietary fiber per client.

#### Subcontracting partners:

1 - Eurofins Central Analytical Laboratories, LA

**Nutrition Label Format Report** 

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**Theoretical** 

AgriFiber Solutions LLC

Adam Blackshaw 1011 Campus Drive Mundelein, IL 60060

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Respectfully Submitted,





David Gross Support Services Manager

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