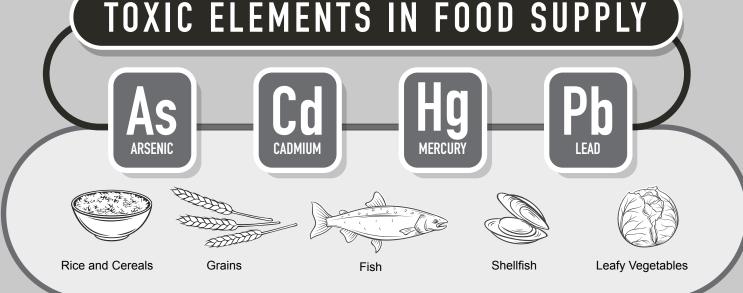
FOOD SAFETY RESEARCH AND TOXICITY TESTING







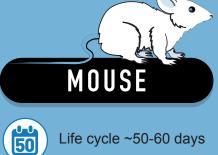
FDA monitors, tests, and sets standards for metals in foods. When the level of metals is determined to be unsafe, FDA takes action.



TOXICITY TESTING IN ANIMALS

GENETIC

SIMILARITIES



Life cycle ~50-60 days



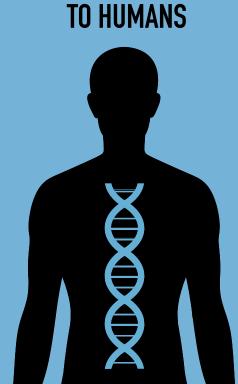
Experiments can take over a year



More lab space needed to house mice



Higher cost to feed and maintain mammals







Life cycle ~ 3 days



Experiments take less than a week



Less lab space for microscopic worms



Much lower lab costs



Easy to breed in large numbers



Transparent skin allows easy observation of cell activity

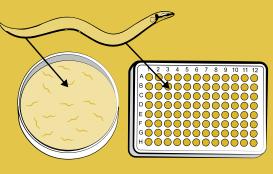


No ethical constraints

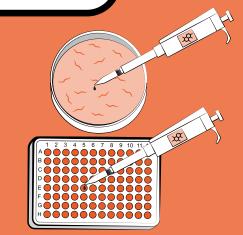
(C. ELEGANS TESTING PROCESS



Worms are grown and tested in multi-well plates.

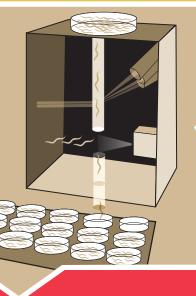


Expose C. elegans worms to a mixture of chemicals.

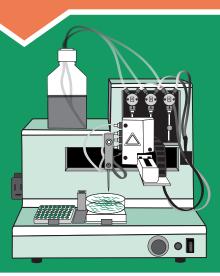




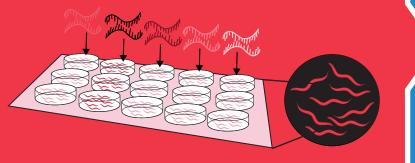
Optically scan worms as they pass through a laser beam in a flow chamber at high rates and zap with fluorescence emissions.



Place worms into flow cytometer machine for screening.



Sort and dispense worms as they exit based on optical properties defined by the scientist.





Analyze toxicity data output from thousands of worms per chemical.

