Fish provide key nutrients that support a child's brain development.

# Why is Fish Nutritious?

Eating fish during pregnancy and breastfeeding provides key nutrients that support a child's brain development:











- · Choline also supports development of the baby's spinal cord.
- · Iron and zinc support children's immune systems.
- Fish are a source of other nutrients like protein, vitamin B12, vitamin D, iodine, and selenium, too.

# **Are There Other Benefits of Eating Fish?**

There are many potential benefits of eating fish. For example, strong evidence shows that eating fish, as part of a healthy eating pattern, may have heart health benefits.



## **How Much Fish Should I Eat?**

Eat 8 to 12 ounces per week of fish from the "Best Choices" list.

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A serving is 4 ounces (about the size of an adult palm)

### What Kind of Fish Should I Eat?

Choose a variety of fish from "Best Choices," which are lower in mercury.



#### **Best Choices\***

- Anchovy
- Atlantic croaker
- Atlantic mackerel
- Black sea bass
- Butterfish
- Catfish
- Clam
- Cod
- Crab
- Crawfish
- Flounder
- Haddock
- Hake

- Herring • Lobster,
- American and spiny
- Mullet
- Ovster
- Pacific chub mackerel
- Perch. freshwater and ocean
- Pickerel
- Plaice
- Pollock
- Salmon
- Sardine
- Tilapia

Scallop

• Shrimp

Skate

Smelt

• Squid

• Sole

Shad

- Trout, freshwater
  - Tuna, canned light (includes skipjack)
  - Whitefish
  - Whiting

<sup>\*</sup>The "Best Choices" list of fish shown above is one of three categories of fish in this advice. The <u>full chart</u> describes "Best Choices," "Good Choices," and "Choices to Avoid."