Instructions for Healthcare Personnel:
Emergency Use of the MSU System for Decontamination and Reuse of Compatible N95 Respirators with Vaporized Hydrogen Peroxide

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration has issued an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) for the emergency use of the Michigan State University (MSU) Decontamination System, operated by the MSU Animal Care Program, that delivers vaporized hydrogen peroxide from Halosil HaloFogger FLX machines for use in decontaminating compatible N95 respirators for single-user reuse by healthcare personnel (HCP) in healthcare facilities to help prevent HCP exposure to pathogenic biologic airborne particulates during the COVID-19 pandemic. HCP must follow these instructions, as well as procedures at their healthcare facility, to prepare compatible N95 respirators for decontamination using the MSU Decontamination System.

The MSU Decontamination System is authorized to decontaminate compatible N95 respirators that are contaminated or potentially contaminated with SARS-CoV-2 and other pathogenic microorganisms, for a maximum of 3 decontamination cycles per respirator, for single-user reuse by HCP. The MSU Decontamination System has not been FDA approved or cleared for this use. FDA authorized the MSU Decontamination System for emergency use for the duration of the COVID-19 public health emergency (unless it is otherwise terminated or revoked sooner).

- Due to incompatibility, the MSU Decontamination System is not authorized for use with N95 respirators containing cellulose-based materials or respirators with exhalation valves.
- All compatible N95 respirators used in the MSU Decontamination System must be free of visible damage and soil/contamination (e.g., blood, dried sputum, makeup, soil, bodily fluids).
- Compatible N95 respirators that are visually soiled or damaged will not be collected for decontamination and must be discarded.
- Compatible N95 respirators may be decontaminated up to 3 times.
- If there is any breakdown of elastic bands or failure of form fit-testing after decontamination, do not use the respirator and discard.
- Any compatible N95 respirators with illegible markings to indicate the number of decontamination cycles completed must be discarded.
- Decontaminated, compatible respirators are not sterile.

Materials Needed:
- Paper bags that can be closed over for individual compatible N95 respirator placement after shift work
- Permanent marker to mark name and healthcare unit/station on compatible N95 respirators

Compatible N95 Respirator Marking, Collection, and Return:
1. Maintain **chain of custody** on your compatible N95 respirator to minimize risk of cross-contamination.

2. Label with your name and/or other identifier using a permanent marker. Labeling should be legibly written on the outside OR inside of each N95 respirator, as shown below.

3. Confirm that the labeling is legible, and that there is no visible damage or soil/contamination prior to bagging the compatible N95 respirator.

4. Place your respirator in the paper bag provided by your healthcare facility and fold it. Place the bagged respirator at the healthcare facility’s designated collection station. **NOTE:** Paper bags are for compatible N95 respirators only. Do not throw other personal protective equipment (such as gloves), paper towels, or waste in the collection bag.

5. After receiving your decontaminated, compatible N95 respirator, please check to ensure that the respirator returned to you has your name and/or appropriate identifier on it. Check for fit and breathability, and look for any signs of degradation. If at any time the labeling is not legible or there is visible soil or damage, discard the respirator. Discard the respirator after exceeding 3 decontamination cycles. The Operator Team who completed the decontamination for your healthcare facility already placed a tick mark (maximum 3 times) with permanent marker on the elastic band of the decontaminated compatible N95 respirator to indicate completion of each VHP exposure.