#### **ACCESS**

#### **ACCESS SARS-CoV-2 IgG**

**Immunoassay Systems** 

**Instructions For Use** 

SARS-CoV-2 IgG

# For Use Under the Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) Only For In Vitro Diagnostic Use Rx Only FOR USE ON ACCESS FAMILY OF IMMUNOASSAY SYSTEMS

#### **ANNUAL REVIEW**

Reviewed by	Date	Reviewed by	Date
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#### **PRINCIPLE**

#### **CAUTION**

For U.S.A. only, Federal law restricts this device to sale and distribution by or on the order of a physician, or to a clinical laboratory; and use is restricted to by or on the order of a physician.

#### **INTENDED USE**

The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay is a paramagnetic particle, chemiluminescent immunoassay intended for the qualitative detection of IgG antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 in human serum, serum separator tubes and plasma (lithium heparin, dipotassium EDTA, tripotassium EDTA, and sodium citrate). The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay is intended for use as an aid in identifying individuals with an adaptive immune response to SARS-CoV-2, indicating recent or prior infection. At this time, it is unknown for how long antibodies persist following infection and if the presence of antibodies confers protective immunity. Testing is limited to laboratories certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), 42 U.S.C. §263a, that meet requirements to perform moderate or high complexity tests.

Results are for the detection of SARS-CoV-2 antibodies. IgG antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 are generally detectable in blood several days after initial infection, although the duration of time antibodies are present post-infection is not well characterized. Individuals may have detectable virus present for several weeks following seroconversion.

Laboratories within the United States and its territories are required to report all results to the appropriate public health authorities.

ACCESS SARS-CoV-2 IgG The sensitivity of the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay after infection is unknown. Negative results do not preclude acute SARS-CoV-2 infection. If acute infection is suspected, direct testing for SARS-CoV-2 is necessary.

False positive results for the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay may occur due to cross-reactivity from pre-existing antibodies or other possible causes.

The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay is only for use under the Food and Drug Administration's Emergency Use Authorization.

#### **SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION**

Coronavirus disease-2019 (COVID-19) is caused by a novel coronavirus known as severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) which has spread worldwide in 2020 causing a global pandemic. COVID-19 is characterized by fatigue, fever, cough, shortness of breath and other respiratory symptoms.¹ The virus uses the transmembrane receptor angiotensin-converting enzyme 2 (ACE-2) to infect epithelial cells in the airways and lungs.² Some individuals infected with SARS-CoV-2 have no, or mild symptoms while others develop severe respiratory distress requiring mechanical ventilation.³ Infected individuals develop an immune response to the virus in the form of anti-SARS-CoV-2 IgM and IgG antibodies over the course of days to weeks.⁴ Testing for the presence of IgM/IgG antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 can help to inform clinical management of patients with current, or recent COVID-19.

#### **METHODOLOGY**

The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay is a two-step enzyme immunoassay. A sample is added to a reaction vessel with buffer, and paramagnetic particles coated with recombinant SARS-CoV-2 protein specific for the receptor binding domain (RBD) of the S1 protein. 5 After incubation in a reaction vessel, materials bound to the solid phase are held in a magnetic field while unbound materials are washed away. A monoclonal anti-human IgG alkaline phosphatase conjugate is added and the conjugate binds to the IgG antibodies captured on the particles. A second separation and wash step remove unbound conjugate. A chemiluminescent substrate is added to the vessel and light generated by the reaction is measured with a luminometer. The light production is compared to the cut-off value defined during calibration of the instrument.

#### **SPECIMEN**

#### SPECIMEN STORAGE AND STABILITY

Stability				
Specimen	Туре	20°C to 25°C (hours)	2°C to 8°C (hours)	-20°C or colder (days)
Serum	Serum separator tube	8	48	30
Plasma	Heparin EDTA Citrate	8	48	30

Thaw samples only once.

#### SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

#### **Blood Specimen**

1. The role of preanalytical factors in laboratory testing has been described in a variety of published literature. 67 To minimize the effect of preanalytical factors observe the following recommendations for handling and processing blood samples:6

ACCESS SARS-CoV-2

IgG

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- a. Collect all blood samples observing routine precautions for venipuncture.
- i. Follow blood collection tube manufacturer's recommendations for centrifugation.
- ii. Ensure residual fibrin and cellular matter has been removed prior to analysis.
- b. Allow serum samples to clot completely before centrifugation in a vertical position, with the collection tube closure directed upwards.
- i. Follow the tube manufacturer's recommendations for the length of serum/cells contact time before centrifuging samples. The clotting may be slower at cooler temperatures, or if the patient is on anticoagulant therapy.
- 2. Each laboratory should determine the acceptability of its own blood collection tubes and separation products that are in use. There may be variations in these products between manufacturers and between manufacturing lots.
- 3. Alternate collection types may be appropriate if the laboratory has established its own performance characteristics as defined by applicable law.
- 4. Avoid assaying lipemic or hemolyzed samples.

#### **REAGENTS**

#### **CONTENTS**

#### Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG Reagent Pack

#### Ref. No. C58961, 200 determinations, 2 packs, 100 tests/pack

Well	Ingredients
R1a:	Paramagnetic particles coated with recombinant SARS-CoV-2 protein in TRIS buffer with surfactant, protein (bovine), $< 0.1\%$ sodium azide and $0.1\%$ ProClin* 300.
R1b:	MES buffer, surfactant, protein (bovine), < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% ProClin 300.
R1c:	MES buffer, mouse monoclonal anti-human lgG antibody alkaline phosphatase conjugate, surfactant, protein (bovine) $< 0.1\%$ sodium azide and $0.1\%$ ProClin 300.
R1d:	TRIS buffer, surfactant, protein (bovine), < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% ProClin 300.
R1e:	TRIS buffer, surfactant, protein (bovine), < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% ProClin 300.

<sup>\*</sup>ProClin™is a trademark of The Dow Chemical Company ("Dow") or an affiliated company of Dow.

#### WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

- For in vitro diagnostic use.
- This test has not been FDA cleared or approved; this test has been authorized by FDA under an EUA for use by laboratories certified under CLIA, that meet requirements to perform moderate or high complexity tests.
- This test has been authorized only for the presence of IgG antibodies against SARS-CoV-2, not for any other viruses or pathogens.
- This test is only authorized for the duration of the declaration that circumstances exist justifying the

ACCESS SARS-CoV-2 IgG authorization of emergency use of in vitro diagnostic tests for detection and/or diagnosis of COVID-19 under Section 564(b)(1) of the Act, 21 U.S.C. § 360bbb-3(b)(1), unless the authorization is terminated or revoked sooner.

- Samples and blood-derived products may be routinely processed with minimum risk using the procedure
  described. However, handle these products as potentially infectious according to universal precautions and
  good clinical laboratory practices,<sup>8</sup> regardless of their origin, treatment, or prior certification. Use an
  appropriate disinfectant for decontamination. Store and dispose of these materials and their containers in
  accordance with local regulations and guidelines.
- For hazards presented by the product refer to the following sections: REACTIVE INGREDIENTS and GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION.

#### **REACTIVE INGREDIENTS**

#### ⚠ CAUTION

Sodium azide preservative may form explosive compounds in metal drain lines. See NIOSH Bulletin: Explosive Azide Hazard (8/16/76).

To avoid the possible build-up of azide compounds, flush wastepipes with water after the disposal of undiluted reagent. Sodium azide disposal must be in accordance with appropriate local regulations.

#### **GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION**

SARS-CoV-2 IgG Particles (Compartment R1a)

WARNING



H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before use.

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin -3-one [EC# 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC# 220-220-61/24) + 0.056/

239-6](3:1) < 0.05%

### SARS-CoV-2 IgG Conjugate Diluent (Compartment R1b)

#### WARNING



H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>U31</b> /	MAY CALISE ALL ALLELY IC SKILL EACTION

H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting
ндіі	Harmful to adulatic life with long lasting

effects.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective

clothing and eye/face protection.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get

medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash

it before use.

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin -3-one [EC# 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC# 220-

239-6](3:1) < 0.05%

## SARS-CoV-2 IgG Conjugate (Compartment R1c)

WARNING



H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
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H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective

clothing and eye/face protection.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get

medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash

it before use.

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin -3-one [EC# 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC# 220-

239-6](3:1) < 0.05%

#### SARS-CoV-2 IgG Ancillary Diluent WARNING (Compartment R1d)



1	
H316	Causes mild skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before use.
	Ethoxylated lauryl alcohol 1 - < 3%
	reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin -3-one [EC# 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC# 220-239-6](3:1) < 0.05%
WARNING	
<b>(</b> )	
H316	Causes mild skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

SARS-CoV-2 IgG Ancillary Diluent (Compartment R1e)

H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting
	effects.

P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before use.
	Ethoxylated laurylalcohol 1 - < 3%
	reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin -3-one [EC# 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC# 220-239-6](3:1) < 0.05%

SDS

Safety Data Sheet is available at beckmancoulter.com/techdocs

#### MATERIALS NEEDED BUT NOT SUPPLIED WITH REAGENT KIT

- 1. Access SARS-CoV-2 lgG Calibrator
  Provided as one negative and one positive for SARS-CoV-2 lgG
  Ref. No. C58963
- 2. QC (Quality Control) materials: Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG QC Ref. No. C58964
- 3. Access Substrate Ref. No. 81906
- 4. Access Wash Buffer II, Ref. No. A16792 UniCel DxI Wash Buffer II, Ref. No. A16793

#### **REAGENT PREPARATION**

Provided ready to use.

#### **REAGENT STORAGE AND STABILITY**

Stability	
Unopenedat 2°C to 10°C	Up to stated Expiration Date
After opening at 2°C to 10°C	28 days

- Store upright.
- Refrigerate at 2°C to 10°C for a minimum of two hours before use on the instrument.
- Signs of possible deterioration are a broken elastomeric layer on the pack or quality control values out of range.
- If the reagent pack is damaged (e.g., a broken elastomer), discard the pack.
- Discard reagents if any discoloration is observed.

#### **CALIBRATION**

#### **CALIBRATION INFORMATION**

An active calibration point is required for all tests. For the SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay, a calibration is required every 28 days. See calibrator Instructions for Use (IFU) for additional calibration information. Refer to the appropriate system manuals and/or Help system for information on calibration method, configuring calibrators, calibrator test request entry, and reviewing calibration data.

#### **QUALITY CONTROL**

Quality control materials simulate the characteristics of samples and are essential for monitoring the system performance of immunochemical assays. Include quality control materials in each 24-hour time period, or as required by individual laboratory procedures, because samples may be processed at any time in a "random access" format rather than a "batch" format.

 $Include\ Access\ SARS-CoV-2\ IgG\ QC\ or\ other\ commercially\ available\ quality\ control\ materials\ that\ cover\ at\ least\ two\ levels\ of\ analyte.$ 

More frequent use of quality controls or the use of additional controls is left to the discretion of the operator, based upon good laboratory practices or laboratory accreditation requirements and applicable laws. Follow manufacturer's instructions for reconstituting and storing controls. Each laboratory should establish mean values and acceptable ranges to assure proper performance. Quality control results that do not fall within acceptable ranges may indicate invalid test results. Examine all test results that were generated since obtaining the last acceptable quality control test point for this analyte. Refer to the appropriate system manuals and/or Help system for information about reviewing quality control results.

#### **TESTING PROCEDURE(S)**

#### **PROCEDURE**

1. Refer to the appropriate system manuals and/or Help system for a specific description of installation, start-up, principles of operation, system performance characteristics, operating instructions, calibration procedures, operational limitations and precautions, hazards, maintenance, and troubleshooting.

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- a. The system default unit of measure for sample results is S/CO.
- 2. Mix the contents of a new (unpunctured) reagent pack by gently inverting the packs ever altimes before loading it on the instrument. Do not invert an open (punctured) pack.
- 3. Use twenty (20)  $\mu$ L of sample for each determination, in addition to the sample container and system dead volumes, when requesting the SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay.
- 4. Refer to the appropriate system manuals and/or Help system for information on managing samples, configuring tests, requesting tests, and reviewing test results.

#### **LIMITATIONS**

#### For Use under an Emergency Use Authorization Only

- 1. Do not dilute samples as this could lead to incorrect results.
- 2. For assays that employ antibodies, the possibility exists for interference by heterophile antibodies in the test sample. Patients who are regularly exposed to animals, or are subjected to medical treatments that utilize immunoglobulins or immunoglobulin fragments, may produce human anti-animal antibodies, e.g. HAMA, that interfere with immunoassays. These interfering antibodies may cause erroneous results.
- 3. Other potential interferences could be present in the sample and may cause erroneous results in immunoassays. Some examples that are documented in literature include rheumatoid factor, endogenous alkaline phosphatase, fibrin, and proteins capable of binding to alkaline phosphatase. Carefully evaluate results if the sample is suspected of having these types of interferences.
- 4. The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay results should be interpreted in light of the total clinical presentation of the patient, including: symptoms, clinical history, data from additional tests, and other appropriate information.
- 5. Results from antibody testing should not be used as the sole basis to diagnose or exclude SARS-CoV-2 infection or to inform infection status.
- 6. Negative results do not preclude acute SARS-CoV-2 infection. IgG antibodies may not be detected in the first few days of infection; the sensitivity of the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay early after infection is unknown. If acute infection is suspected, direct testing for SARS-CoV-2 is necessary.
- 7. A negative result can occur if the quantity of antibodies for the SARS-CoV-2 virus present in the specimen is below the detection limit of the assay, or if the virus has undergone minor amino acid mutation(s) in the epitope recognized by the antibody used in the test.
- 8. A positive result may not indicate previous SARS-CoV-2 infection. Consider other information, including clinical history and local disease prevalence, in assessing the need for an alternative serology test to confirm an immune response. Positive results may be due to past or present infection with non-SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus strains, such as coronavirus HKU1, NL63, OC43, or 229E.
- 9. False positive test results for IgG antibodies can occur due to cross-reactivity with pre-existing antibodies or from other possible causes.
- 10. This test is not to be used for screening donated blood.
- 11. The performance of this test was established based on the evaluation of a limited number of clinical specimens. Clinical performance has not been established with all circulating variants but is anticipated to be reflective of the prevalent variants in circulation at the time and location of the clinical evaluation. Performance at the time of testing may vary depending on the variants circulating, including newly emerging strains of SARS-CoV-2 and their prevalence, which change over time.

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#### **Conditions of Authorization for the Laboratory**

The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay Letter of Authorization, along with the Authorized Fact Sheet for Healthcare Providers, the Authorized Fact Sheet for Recipients, and authorized labeling are available on the FDA website: https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19-emergency-use-authorizations-medical-devices

/in-vitro-diagnostics-euas-serology-and-other-adaptive-immune-response-tests-sars-cov-2#individual-serological or at http://www.beckmancoulter.com. Authorized laboratories using the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG ("your product" in the conditions below), must adhere to the Conditions of Authorization indicated in the Letter of Authorization as listed below:

- 1. Authorized laboratories\* using your product will include with test result reports, all authorized Fact Sheets.

  Under exigent circumstances, other appropriate methods for disseminating Fact Sheets may be used, which may include mass media.
- 2. Authorized laboratories using your product will use your product as outlined in the authorized labeling. Deviations from the authorized procedures, including the authorized instruments, authorized clinical specimen types, authorized control materials, authorized other ancillary reagents and authorized materials required to use your product are not permitted.
- 3. Authorized laboratories that receive your product will notify the relevant public health authorities of their intent to run your product prior to initiating testing.
- 4. Authorized laboratories using your product will have a process in place for reporting test results to healthcare providers and relevant public health authorities, as appropriate.
- 5. Authorized laboratories will collect information on the performance of this product and report to DMD/OHT7-OIR/OPEQ/CDRH (via email: CDRH-EUA-Reporting@fda.hhs.gov) and Beckman Coulter, Inc. (Customer Technical Support: 1-800-854-3633; Customer portal: www.beckmancoulter.com) any suspected occurrence of false reactive or false non-reactive results and significant deviations from the established performance characteristics.
- 6. All laboratory personnel using your product must be appropriately trained in automated immunoassay techniques and use appropriate laboratory and personal protective equipment when handling this kit, and use this product in accordance with the authorized labeling. All laboratory personnel using the assay must also be trained in and be familiar with the interpretation of results of the product.
- 7. Beckman Coulter, Inc., authorized distributors, and authorized laboratories using your product will ensure that any records associated with this EUA are maintained until otherwise notified by FDA. Such records will be made available to FDA for inspection upon request.
  - \*The letter of authorization refers to, "Laboratories certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), 42 U.S.C. §263a, that meet the requirements to perform moderate or high complexity tests" as "authorized laboratories."

#### **RESULTS INTERPRETATION**

Test results are determined automatically by the system software. Detection of analyte in the sample is determined from the measured light production by means of the stored calibration data. Results are reported as reactive or non-reactive. Results located 20% below the cut-off are interpreted as equivocal, and should be carefully reviewed.

For samples in the equivocal zone, it is recommended that a new sample be collected and tested approximately one to two weeks later using the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay. A conversion from equivocal to reactive for IgG antibody should be considered as evidence of seroconversion due to recent infection. The equivocal result (gray zone) > 0.80 to < 1.00 S/CO must be saved in memory by the user. A flag ("GRY"), which is automatically reported, allows the user to quickly see a result located within the equivocal range. Refer to the appropriate system manuals and/or Help system for complete instructions for set up of gray zone for a qualitative assay and reviewing sample

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#### results.

Result	Interpretation	Reporting Instructions
≤ 0.80 S/CO SARS-CoV-2 lgG	Non-Reactive	Report result as non-reactive for SARS-CoV-2 IgG antibodies
> 0.80 to < 1.00 S/CO SARS-CoV- 2 lgG	Equivocal	Report as equivocal for SARS- CoV-2 IgG antibodies. Collect a new sample one or two weeks later and test.
≥ 1.00 S/CO SARS-CoV-2 IgG	Reactive	Report result as reactive for SARS-CoV-2 IgG antibodies

#### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

#### **PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **POSITIVE AGREEMENT**

The positive percent agreement (PPA) of the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay was evaluated in 192 serum and plasma samples from symptomatic individuals diagnosed with SARS-CoV-2 by PCR methods from France and the United States. The results are presented in the following table, classified by days between the positive PCR test and the blood sample draw. The 95% confidence interval was determined by the Wilson Score method.

Days between positive PCR and Sample Collection	Total Samples	Number Non- reactive	Number Reactive	Number Equivocal	PPA (95% CI)
≤7	33	8	25	0	75.8% (59.0 - 87.2%)
8-14	64	3	61	0	95.3% (87.1 - 98.4%)
≥15	95	1	92	2	96.8% (91.1 - 98.9%)

The positive percent agreement of the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay in serum and plasma specimens >18 days after a positive PCR was 100.0% (51/51; 95% CI 93.0 – 100.0%). The positive percent agreement for all tested specimens was 92.7% (178/192; 95% CI 88.1 - 95.6%).

#### **LONGITUDINAL STUDY**

Seroconversion was evaluated in a panel of 75 serum and plasma specimens collected from 20 symptomatic and PCR-positive individuals with 2 or more post PCR blood draws. Of the 20 individual patients, 13 patients showed positive results in all blood draws, 2 patients showed negative results for all draws, and 5 individual patients showed SARS-CoV-2 IgG seroconversion. The following table shows the 5 individual patient seroconversion results.

Patient	Draw	Days post-PCR	Result (S/CO)	Interpretation
А	1	0	0.27	Non-reactive
	2	6	14.30	Reactive
В	1	5	0.15	Non-reactive
	2	7	1.57	Reactive
	3	8	4.58	Reactive
	4	10	20.18	Reactive
С	1	0	0.05	Non-reactive
	2	11	60.86	Reactive
D	1	0	0.15	Non-reactive
	2	4	17.04	Reactive
	3	6	40.76	Reactive
	4	8	50.54	Reactive
	5	10	55.93	Reactive
	6	13	52.59	Reactive
E	1	14	0.32	Non-reactive
	2	17	53.38	Reactive
	3	20	60.84	Reactive

#### **NEGATIVE PERCENT AGREEMENT**

The negative percent agreement (NPA) of the Access **SARS-CoV-2** IgG assay was evaluated in a study of 1,400 samples collected prior to December 2019\* in France and the United States. This total includes 1,000 samples from blood donors in France and 200 samples each from routine clinical laboratory diagnostic samples in France and the United States. Based on this evaluation, the overall negative percent agreement of the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay is 99.6% (1395/1400), with a 95% confidence interval of 99.2% - 99.8% determined by the Wilson Score method.

Population	Total	Number Non-	Number	Number	NPA
	Samples	Reactive	Reactive	Equivocal	(95% CI)
Blood Donors (France)	1,000	997	2	1	99.7% (99.1 -

Population	Total Samples	Number Non- Reactive	Number Reactive	Number Equivocal	NPA (95% CI)
					99.9%)
Diagnostic Samples (France)	200	199	1	0	99.5% (97.2 - 99.9%)
Diagnostic Samples (United States)	200	199	0	1	99.5% (97.2 - 99.9%)
Total	1,400	1,395	3	2	99.6% (99.2 - 99.8%)

<sup>\*</sup>It has been shown that over 90% of the adult population have antibodies to all four common circulating coronaviruses.  $^{10,11}$ 

#### **INTERFERING SUBSTANCES**

High concentrations of endogenous serum components were assessed for interference in the Access SARS-CoV-2 lgG assay. The test protocol was based on CLSI EP07, Interference Testing in Clinical Chemistry, 3rd Edition. 12 Human serum was spiked with a patient sample containing SARS-CoV-2 lgG antibodies to achieve a positive reactivity in the Access SARS-CoV-2 lgG assay. None of the substances tested demonstrated significant interference in the Access SARS-CoV-2 lgG assay as defined by a shift is concentration greater than 20% using the test concentrations indicated in the table below.

Substance	Interferent Concentration Tested
Bilirubin (conjugated)	43 mg/dL
Bilirubin (unconjugated)	43 mg/dL
Hemoglobin	300 mg/dL
Triglycerides (Triolein)	1,500 mg/dL

#### **CROSS REACTIVITY**

 $Cross-reactivity of the \ Access \ SARS-CoV-2 \ lgG \ assay \ was \ evaluated \ by \ testing \ serum \ and \ plasma \ samples \ for \ each \ of \ the \ potentially \ cross-reactivity \ was \ observed \ for \ the$ 

Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assav.

Category	Number of Samples	Number of Reactive Samples	Number of Non- Reactive Samples
Anti-Influenza A	5	0	5
Anti-Influenza B	5	0	5
Anti-Hepatitis C Virus (HCV)	5	0	5

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Category	Number of Samples	Number of Reactive Samples	Number of Non- Reactive Samples
Anti-Hepatitis B Virus (HBV)	5	0	5
Anti-HIV	10	0	10
Anti-Nuclear Antibodies (ANA)	5	0	5
Anti-Adenovirus Positive IgG	2	0	2
Cytomegalovirus (CMV) IgG	7	0	7
Rheumatoid Factor (RF)	5	0	5

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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May be covered by one or more pat. -see www.beckmancoulter.com/patents.

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

#### **Revision A**

New release.

#### **Revision B**

Added new language: Spanish

#### **Revision C**

Fixed typo from "Anit" to "Anti" in English language

#### **Revision D**

Intended use, add limitation, updated FDA website

#### **SYMBOLS KEY**

Glossary of Symbols is available at beckmancoulter.com/techdocs (document number C02724).

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**EC REP** Beckman Coulter Eurocenter S.A., 22, rue Juste-Olivier. Case Postale 1044, CH - 1260 Nyon 1, Switzerland Tel: +41 (0)22 365 36 11

> Beckman Coulter, Inc., 250 S. Kraemer Blvd., Brea, CA 92821 U.S.A. www.beckmancoulter.com

ACCESS SARS-CoV-2 DECEMBER 2021



#### **Instructions For Use**

**ACCESS SARS-CoV-2 IgG CALIBRATOR** SARS-CoV-2 IgG

**REF** C58963

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#### For Use Under the Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) Only

#### For In Vitro Diagnostic Use

#### **Rx Only**

#### FOR USE ON ACCESS FAMILY OF IMMUNOASSAY SYSTEMS

#### **ANNUAL REVIEW**

Reviewed by	Date Reviewed by		Date

#### **PRINCIPLE**

#### **CAUTION**

For U.S.A. only, Federal law restricts this device to sale and distribution by or on the order of a physician, or to a clinical laboratory; and use is restricted to by or on the order of a physician.

#### **INTENDED USE**

The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG Calibrators are intended to calibrate the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay for the in vitro qualitative detection of SARS-CoV-2 IgG antibodies in human serum, serum separator tubes and plasma (lithium heparin, dipotassium EDTA, tripotassium EDTA, and sodium citrate) for use on the Access Family of Immunoassay Systems only.

#### SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG Calibrator is used to establish calibration (determine the cut-off value) for the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay. By comparing the light intensity generated by a sample to the cut-off value, the presence or absence of SARS-CoV-2 IgG antibodies in the sample is determined.

#### TRACEABILITY

The analyte in the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG Calibrator is traceable to the manufacturer's working calibrators. Traceability process is based on EN ISO 17511.

The assigned values were established using representative samples from this lot of calibrator, and are specific to the assay methodologies of the Access reagents. The values assigned by other methodologies may be different. Such differences, if present, may be caused by inter-method bias.

#### REAGENTS

#### **CONTENTS**

Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG Calibrator Ref. No. C58963: C0-C1, 2.0 mL/vial

- Provided ready to use.
- Store upright and refrigerate at 2 to 10°C.
- Mix contents by gently inverting before use. Avoid bubble formation.
- Stable until the expiration date stated on the label when stored at 2 to 10°C.
- Vial is stable at 2 to 10°C for 90 days after initial use.
- Signs of possible deterioration are quality control values out of range.
- Refer to calibration card for exact concentrations.

C0:	TRIS buffer, surfactant and protein (bovine), < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.5% ProClin* 300.
C1:	TRIS buffer containing anti-SARS-CoV-2 plasma, surfactant and protein (bovine), < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.5% ProClin 300.
Calibration Card:	1

<sup>\*</sup>ProClin™ is a trademark of The Dow Chemical Company ("Dow") or an affiliated company of Dow.

#### WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

- · For in vitro diagnostic use.
- Samples and blood-derived products may be routinely processed with minimum risk using the procedure described.
  However, handle these products as potentially infectious according to universal precautions and good clinical
  laboratory practices, regardless of their origin, treatment, or prior certification. Use an appropriate disinfectant for
  decontamination. Store and dispose of these materials and their containers in accordance with local regulations and
  guidelines.
- The antibody used to prepare the reagent is derived from human plasma. Always consider these products to be
  potentially infectious. Regardless of their origin, treatment, or prior certification, handle them according to universal
  precautions and good clinical laboratory practices. Use an appropriate disinfectant for decontamination. Store and
  dispose of these materials and their containers according to local regulations and guidelines.<sup>2</sup>
- For hazards presented by the product refer to the following sections: REACTIVE INGREDIENTS and GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION.
- This product has not been FDA cleared or approved; this product has been authorized by FDA under an EUA for
  use by laboratories certified under CLIA, that meet requirements to perform moderate or high complexity tests. This
  product is only authorized for the duration of the declaration that circumstances exist justifying the authorization of
  emergency use of in vitro diagnostics for detection and/or diagnosis of COVID-19 under Section 564(b)(1) of the
  Act, 21 U.S.C. § 360bbb-3(b)(1), unless the authorization is terminated or revoked sooner.

#### **REACTIVE INGREDIENTS**

#### **CAUTION**

Sodium azide preservative may form explosive compounds in metal drain lines. See NIOSH Bulletin: Explosive Azide Hazard (8/16/76).

To avoid the possible build-up of azide compounds, flush wastepipes with water after the disposal of undiluted reagent. Sodium azide disposal must be in accordance with appropriate local regulations.

#### **GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION**

SARS-CoV-2 IgG C0	WARNING	
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection.
	P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before use.
		reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin -3-one [EC# 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC# 220-239-6](3:1) < 0.05%
SARS-CoV-2 IgG C1	WARNING	
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection.
	P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before use.
		reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin -3-one [EC# 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC# 220-239-6](3:1) < 0.05%

SDS

Safety Data Sheet is available at techdocs.beckmancoulter.com

#### **CALIBRATION**

#### **CALIBRATION INFORMATION**

The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG Calibrators are provided as: negative and positive. Assay calibration data are valid up to 28 days.

Run the calibrators in triplicate.

#### **TESTING PROCEDURE(S)**

#### **PROCEDURE**

Refer to the appropriate system manuals and/or Help system for information on calibration theory, configuring calibrators, calibrator test request entry, and reviewing calibration data.

#### PROCEDURAL NOTES

#### **LIMITATIONS**

If there is evidence of microbial contamination or excessive turbidity in a reagent, discard the vial.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Beckman Coulter, the stylized logo, and the Beckman Coulter product and service marks mentioned herein are trademarks or registered trademarks of Beckman Coulter, Inc. in the United States and other Countries.

May be covered by one or more pat. -see www.beckmancoulter.com/patents.

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

Revision A

New release.

#### SYMBOLS KEY

Glossary of Symbols is available at beckmancoulter.com/techdocs (document number C02724).

#### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Approved Guideline Protection of Laboratory Workers From Occupationally Acquired Infections, M29-A4, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, May 2014. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute.
- $2. \quad Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. \ HHS Publication, 5 thed., December 2009.$

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#### **Instructions For Use**

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# ACCESS SARS-CoV-2 IgG QC SARS-CoV-2 IgG

REF

C58964

#### For Use Under the Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) Only

#### For In Vitro Diagnostic Use

#### **Rx Only**

#### FOR USE ON ACCESS FAMILY OF IMMUNOASSAY SYSTEMS

#### **ANNUAL REVIEW**

Reviewed by	Date	Reviewed by	Date

#### **PRINCIPLE**

#### CAUTION

For U.S.A. only, Federal law restricts this device to sale and distribution by or on the order of a physician, or to a clinical laboratory; and use is restricted to by or on the order of a physician.

#### **INTENDED USE**

The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG QC is intended for monitoring system performance of the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG assay.

The Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG QC is for use on the Access Family of Immunoassay Systems only.

#### SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Quality control (QC) materials simulate the characteristics of patient samples and are essential for monitoring the system performance of the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG immunoassay. In addition, they are an integral part of good laboratory practices. When performing assays with Access reagents for SARS-CoV-2 IgG, include quality control materials to validate the integrity of the assays. The assayed values should fall within the acceptable range if the test system is working properly.

#### **TRACEABILITY**

MAY 2020

The analyte in the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG QC is traceable to the manufacturer's working calibrators. Traceability process is based on EN ISO 17511. The assigned values were established using representative samples from this lot of

QC, and are specific to the assay methodologies of the Access reagents. The values assigned by other methodologies may be different. Such differences, if present, may be caused by inter-method bias.

#### **REAGENTS**

#### **CONTENTS**

Access SARS-CoV-2 IqG QC Ref. No. C58964: QC1-QC2, 4 mL/vial, 3 vials each level

- Provided ready to use.
- Store upright and refrigerate at 2 to 10°C.
- Mix contents by gently inverting before use. Avoid bubble formation.
- Stable until the expiration date stated on the label when stored at 2 to 10°C.
- Vial is stable at 2 to 10°C for 30 days after initial use.
- Signs of possible deterioration are quality control values out of range.
- Refer to the QC value card for mean values and standard deviations (SD).

QC1:	Negative: TRIS buffer, defibrinated human plasma negative for anti-SARS-CoV-2, surfactant, protein (bovine), < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.5% ProClin* 300.
QC2:	Positive: TRIS buffer, defibrinated human plasma containing anti-SARS-CoV-2 IgG, surfactant, protein (bovine), < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.5% ProClin* 300
QC Value Card:	1

<sup>\*</sup>ProClin™ is a trademark of The Dow Chemical Company ("Dow") or an affiliated company of Dow.

#### WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

- · For in vitro diagnostic use.
- Samples and blood-derived products may be routinely processed with minimum risk using the procedure described. However, handle these products as potentially infectious according to universal precautions and good clinical laboratory practices, 1 regardless of their origin, treatment, or prior certification. Use an appropriate disinfectant for decontamination. Store and dispose of these materials and their containers in accordance with local regulations and auidelines.
- The antibody used to prepare the reagent is derived from human plasma. Always consider these products to be potentially infectious. Regardless of their origin, treatment, or prior certification, handle them according to universal precautions and good clinical laboratory practices. Use an appropriate disinfectant for decontamination. Store and dispose of these materials and their containers according to local regulations and guidelines.
- For hazards presented by the product refer to the following sections: REACTIVE INGREDIENTS and GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION.
- This product has not been FDA cleared or approved; this product has been authorized by FDA under an EUA for use by laboratories certified under CLIA, that meet requirements to perform moderate or high complexity tests.
- This product is only authorized for the duration of the declaration that circumstances exist justifying the authorization of emergency use of in vitro diagnostics for detection and/or diagnosis of COVID-19 under Section 564(b)(1) of the Act, 21 U.S.C. § 360bbb-3(b)(1), unless the authorization is terminated or revoked sooner.

ACCESS SARS-CoV-2 IgG QC **English** 

#### **REACTIVE INGREDIENTS**

#### **⚠** CAUTION

Sodium azide preservative may form explosive compounds in metal drain lines. See NIOSH Bulletin: Explosive Azide Hazard (8/16/76).

To avoid the possible build-up of azide compounds, flush wastepipes with water after the disposal of undiluted reagent. Sodium azide disposal must be in accordance with appropriate local regulations.

#### **GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION**

SARS-CoV-2 IgG QC1	WARNING	
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection.
	P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before use.
		reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin -3-one [EC# 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC# 220-239-6](3:1) < 0.05%
SARS-CoV-2 lgG QC2	WARNING	
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye/face protection.
	P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before use.
		reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin -3-one [EC# 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC# 220-239-6](3:1) < 0.05%

SDS

Safety Data Sheet is available at techdocs.beckmancoulter.com

#### **TESTING PROCEDURE(S)**

#### **PROCEDURE**

Use the Access Immunoassay System to determine the concentration of SARS-CoV-2 IgG in the Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG QC materials in the same manner as a sample. Include quality control materials in each 24-hour time period, or as required by individual laboratory procedures, because samples may be processed at any time in a "random access" format rather than a "batch" format. More frequent use of controls or the use of additional controls is left to the discretion

of the operator, based upon good laboratory practices or the laboratory accreditation requirements and applicable laws. Refer to the appropriate system manuals and/or Help system for information on quality control theory, configuring controls, quality control sample test request entry, and reviewing quality control data.

#### REPORTING RESULTS

#### **EXPECTED RESULTS**

For the value assignment of Access SARS-CoV-2 IgG QC material, select and assay a number of samples that are representative of the entire lot to provide a reliable estimate of the mean value. The mean values and standard deviations are listed on the QC value card. There are variations, such as technique, equipment, or reagents, which may cause results that are different from the listed values. Therefore, each laboratory should establish its own mean values and standard deviations (SD).

#### PROCEDURAL NOTES

#### **LIMITATIONS**

If there is evidence of microbial contamination or excessive turbidity in a reagent, discard the vial.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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May be covered by one or more pat. -see www.beckmancoulter.com/patents.

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

#### Revision A

New release.

#### SYMBOLS KEY

Glossary of Symbols is available at beckmancoulter.com/techdocs (document number C02724).

#### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Approved Guideline Protection of Laboratory Workers From Occupationally Acquired Infections, M29-A4, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, May 2014. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute.
- 2. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. HHS Publication, 5th ed., December 2009.

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