Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP Kit

For Use Under an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) Only.
For Prescription Use Only.

NOTE: Changes highlighted
CUSTOMER SERVICE: 1-800-553-7042
CUSTOMER SERVICE INTERNATIONAL: CALL YOUR ABBOTT REPRESENTATIVE

INTRODUCTION
This Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) package insert must be read carefully prior to use. EUA package insert instructions must be followed accordingly. Reliability of EUA assay results cannot be guaranteed if there are any deviations from the instructions in this package insert.

NAME
Alinity m SARS-CoV-2

INTENDED USE
The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay is a real-time reverse transcriptase (RT) polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test intended for the qualitative detection of nucleic acid from the SARS-CoV-2 in nasal swabs, self-collected at a health care location or collected by a healthcare worker, nasopharyngeal (NP) and oropharyngeal (OP) swabs collected by a healthcare worker, or bronchoalveolar lavage fluid (BAL) from patients suspected of COVID-19 by their health care provider. Testing is limited to laboratories certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), 42 U.S.C.§263a, to perform moderate or high complexity tests.

Results are for the identification of SARS-CoV-2 RNA. The SARS-CoV-2 RNA is generally detectable in respiratory specimens during the acute phase of infection. Positive results are indicative of the presence of SARS-CoV-2 RNA; clinical correlation with patient history and other diagnostic information is necessary to determine patient infection status. Positive results do not rule out bacterial infection or co-infection with other viruses. Laboratories within the United States and its territories are required to report all positive results to the appropriate public health authorities.

Negative results do not preclude SARS-CoV-2 infection and should not be used as the sole basis for patient management decisions. Negative results must be combined with clinical observations, patient history, and epidemiological information.

The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay is intended for use by qualified and trained clinical laboratory personnel specifically instructed and trained in the techniques of real-time PCR and in vitro diagnostic procedures. The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay is only for use under the Food and Drug Administration’s Emergency Use Authorization.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION OF THE TEST
The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay is a real-time reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (rtRT-PCR) test intended for the qualitative detection of nucleic acid from the SARS-CoV-2 in nasal swabs, self-collected at a health care location or collected by a healthcare worker, nasopharyngeal (NP) and oropharyngeal (OP) swabs collected by a healthcare worker, or bronchoalveolar lavage fluid (BAL) from patients suspected of COVID-19 by their health care provider.

BIOLICAL PRINCIPLES OF THE PROCEDURE
The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay consists of 2 reagent kits:
• Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP Kit
• Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 CTRL Kit

The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay is a dual target assay for the RdRp and N genes.

An RNA sequence that is unrelated to the SARS-CoV-2 sequence is introduced into each specimen at the beginning of sample preparation. This unrelated RNA sequence is simultaneously amplified by RT-PCR and serves as an internal control (IC) to demonstrate that the process has proceeded correctly for each sample.

The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay detects the SARS-CoV-2 virus and IC target sequences through the use of target-specific fluorescent-labeled oligonucleotide probes. The probes do not generate a signal unless they are specifically bound to the amplified product. The two SARS-CoV-2-specific probes are labeled with the same fluorophore and the IC-specific probe is labeled with a different fluorophore, thus allowing for simultaneous detection of both SARS-CoV-2 and IC amplified products in the same reaction vessel.

The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay is to be used with the Alinity m System which performs sample preparation, RT-PCR assembly, amplification, detection, and result calculation and reporting. All steps of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay procedure are executed automatically by the Alinity m System.

Application parameters specific to Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay are contained on an assay-specific application specification file, that will be distributed electronically, and loaded onto the Alinity m System.

Sample Preparation
The Alinity m System provides automated sample preparation using the Alinity m Sample Prep Kit 2, Alinity m Lysis Solution, and Alinity m Diluent Solution. The purpose of sample preparation is to extract and concentrate the target nucleic acid molecules to make the target accessible for amplification, and to remove potential inhibitors of amplification from the extract. The Alinity m System employs magnetic microparticle technology to facilitate nucleic acid capture, wash, and elution. The Internal Control (IC) is introduced into each specimen at the beginning of the sample preparation process to demonstrate that the process was completed correctly for each specimen and control sample.

During the sample preparation protocol, SARS-CoV-2 virions are disrupted by guanidine isothiocyanate, nucleic acids are captured on the magnetic microparticles, and inhibitors and unbound sample components are removed by washing steps within the Integrated Reaction Unit (IRU).

The resulting purified RNA is then combined with liquid unit-dose Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 activation reagent and liquid unit-dose Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 amplification/detection reagents and transferred into a reaction vessel. Alinity m Vapor Barrier Solution is then added to the reaction vessel which is then transferred to an amplification/detection unit for reverse transcription, PCR amplification, and real-time fluorescence detection.

A positive control and a negative control are processed in the same manner and included at or above an established minimum frequency of once every 24 hours to help confirm that instrument and reagent performance remain satisfactory.

Amplification
During the amplification reaction, the target RNA is converted to cDNA by the reverse transcriptase. First, the SARS-CoV-2 and IC reverse primers anneal to their respective targets and are extended during a prolonged incubation period. After a denaturation step, in which the temperature of the
reaction is raised above the melting point of the double-stranded cDNA:RNA product, a second primer anneals to the cDNA strand and is extended by the DNA polymerase to create a double-stranded DNA product. During each round of thermal cycling, amplification products dissociate to single strands at high temperature allowing primer annealing and extension as the temperature is lowered. Exponential amplification of the product is achieved through repeated cycling between high and low temperatures, resulting in a billion-fold or greater amplification of target sequences. Amplification of the three targets (SARS-CoV-2 RdRp, SARS-CoV-2 N and IC) takes place simultaneously in the same reaction. The target sequences for the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay are in the SARS-CoV-2 RdRp and N genes of the SARS-CoV-2 genome. The selected target sequences are highly conserved and also specific to this strain of coronavirus. The IC target sequence is derived from the hydroxypyruvate reductase gene from the pumpkin plant, Cucurbita pepo, and is delivered in an Armored RNA® particle that has been diluted in negative human plasma. A gene from the pumpkin plant was selected for the IC so that it is not competitive with any microorganism or human sequence of interest that may be in the specimen.

Detection

Fluorescent detection of amplification products occurs as the SARS-CoV-2 and IC probes anneal to their targets (real-time fluorescence detection). The probes have a fluorescent moiety that is covalently linked to the 5′ end and has a quencher molecule at its 3′ end. In the absence of target sequences, probe fluorescence is quenched. In the presence of target sequences, hybridization to complementary sequences separates the fluorophore and the quencher and allows fluorescent emission and detection. The SARS-CoV-2 probes are labeled with a different fluorophore from the IC probe, thus allowing for simultaneous detection of both SARS-CoV-2 and IC amplified products.

PREVENTION OF NUCLEIC ACID CONTAMINATION

The possibility of nucleic acid contamination on the Alinity m System is minimized because:

- Aerosol barrier pipette tips are used for all pipetting. The pipette tips are discarded after use.
- PCR amplification and detection is carried out automatically in a sealed reaction vessel.
- Disposal of the reaction vessel is performed automatically by the Alinity m System.

For additional information on system and assay technology, refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 3.

REAGENTS

Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP Kit (List No. 09N78-095)

Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP Kit (List No. 09N78-095) is comprised of 2 types of multi-well trays: Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP TRAY 1 and Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 ACT TRAY 2.

- Each Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP TRAY 1 (individually packed in a foil pouch) contains 48 unit-dose liquid amplification reagent wells and 48 unit-dose liquid IC wells. One well of each is used per test. Amplification reagent wells consist of synthetic oligonucleotides, DNA Polymerase, Reverse Transcriptase, and dNTPs in a buffered solution with a reference dye. Internal control (IC) wells consist of noninfectious Armored RNA® with unrelated IC sequences in negative human plasma. Negative human plasma was tested and found to be nonreactive for HBsAg, HIV-1 antigen, Syphilis, HIV-1 RNA, HCV RNA, HBV DNA, anti-HIV-1/HIV-2, and anti-HCV. Preservative: 0.15% ProClin® 950.
- Each Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 ACT TRAY 2 (individually packed in a foil pouch) contains 48 unit-dose liquid activation reagent wells. One reagent well is used per test. Activation reagent wells consist of magnesium chloride and tetramethyl ammonium chloride. Preservative: 0.15% ProClin 950.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

[IVD]

- For In Vitro Diagnostic Use under the FDA Emergency Use Authorization
- For use under an Emergency Use Authorization
- Do not use beyond expiration date
- For Prescription Use Only
- This test has not been FDA cleared or approved;
- This test has been authorized by FDA under an EUA for use by laboratories certified under CLIA, to perform moderate or high complexity tests;
- This test has been authorized only for the detection of nucleic acid from SARS-CoV-2, not for any other viruses or pathogens; and
- This test is only authorized for the duration of the declaration that circumstances exist justifying the authorization of emergency use of in vitro diagnostic tests for detection and/or diagnosis of COVID-19 under Section 564(b)(1) of the Act, 21 U.S.C. § 360bbb-3(b)(1), unless the authorization is terminated or revoked sooner.

Safety Precautions

The following warnings and precautions apply to:

Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP TRAY 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
<th>Contains 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Prevention

- P261 Avoid breathing mist / vapours / spray
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection.

Response

- P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
- P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Disposal

- P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local regulations.
CAUTION: This preparation contains human sourced and/or potentially infectious components. Components sourced from human blood have been tested and found to be nonreactive by appropriate FDA-licensed, approved, or cleared tests for antibody to HCV, antibody to HIV-1, antibody to HIV-2, HIV-1 Ag, HBsAg, and Syphilis. The material is also tested and found to be negative by appropriate FDA-licensed, approved, or cleared PCR methods for HIV-1 RNA, HCV RNA, and HBV DNA. No known test method can offer complete assurance that products derived from human sources or inactivated microorganisms will not transmit infection. These reagents and human specimens should be handled as if infectious using laboratory safety procedures, such as those outlined in Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories, OSHA Standards on Bloodborne Pathogens, CLSI Document M29-A4, and other appropriate biosafety practices. Therefore all human sourced materials should be considered infectious.

These precautions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Wear gloves when handling specimens or reagents.
- Do not pipette by mouth.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in areas where these materials are handled.
- Clean and disinfect spills of specimens by including the use of a tuberculocidal disinfectant such as 1.0% sodium hypochlorite or other suitable disinfectant.
- Decontaminate and dispose of all potentially infectious materials in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

The following warnings and precautions apply to:

**Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 ACT TRAY 2.**

DANGER: Contains Tetramethylammonium chloride, and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one

- H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
- H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.
- H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H370 - Causes damage to organs.
- H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Prevention**

- P260 - Do not breathe mist / vapours / spray.
- P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 - Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection.

**Response**

- P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER / doctor if you feel unwell.
- P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P308+P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER / doctor.
- P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
- P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**Disposal**

- P501 - Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local regulations.

*Not applicable where regulation EU 1272/2008 (CLP) or OSHA Hazard Communication 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS) 2012 have been implemented.

Important information regarding the safe handling, transport, and disposal of this product is contained in the Safety Data Sheet. Safety Data Sheets are available from your Abbott Representative.

For a detailed discussion of safety precautions during system operation, refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 7 and Section 8.

**Reagent Shipment**

**Shipment Condition**

- **Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP Kit**
  - On dry ice

If you receive reagents that are in a condition contrary to label recommendation, or that are damaged, contact your Abbott Representative.

**Reagent Storage**

In order to minimize damage to foil pouches, it is recommended that the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP TRAY 1 (AMP TRAY 1) and Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 ACT TRAY 2 (ACT TRAY 2) are stored in the original kit packaging. Thaw reagent trays and open the foil pouch for the reagent trays just prior to loading on the Alinity m System. Onboard storage time begins when reagents are thawed and immediately loaded on the Alinity m System.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Storage Temperature</th>
<th>Maximum Storage Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unopened – 25 to – 15°C</td>
<td>Until expiration date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Onboard System Temperature</td>
<td>8 hours (not to exceed expiration date)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reagent Handling**

- Do not use reagents that have been damaged.
- IMPORTANT: Immediately prior to use on the Alinity m System, thaw amplification reagents at 15 to 30°C or at 2 to 8°C. Onboard storage time begins immediately after thaw. See ASSAY PROTOCOL section for additional instructions.
- Minimize contact with the surface of reagent trays during handling.
- Only load AMP TRAY 1 and ACT TRAY 2 from the same AMP Kit lot on the same Alinity m Assay Tray Carrier. Do not load AMP TRAY 1 and ACT TRAY 2 from different AMP Kit lots on the same Alinity m Assay Tray Carrier.
- The Alinity m System will track the onboard storage time of AMP TRAY 1 and ACT TRAY 2 while on the Alinity m System. The Alinity m System will not allow the use of AMP TRAY 1 and ACT TRAY 2 if the maximum onboard storage time has been exceeded.
Human nasal, nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swab or bronchoalveolar lavage fluid (BAL) specimens can be used with the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay. For a detailed description of system operating instructions, refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 8.

**SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

As with any test procedure, good laboratory practice is essential to the proper performance of this assay. Due to the high sensitivity of this test, care should be taken to keep reagents and amplification mixtures free of contamination.

- For in vitro diagnostic use under Emergency Use Authorization only.
- Negative results are indicative of the presence of SARS-CoV-2 RNA.
- Laboratories within the United States and its territories are required to report all positive results to the appropriate public health authorities.
- All patient samples should be handled as if infectious, using good laboratory procedures as outlined in Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories¹ and in the CLSI Document M29-A4.³ Only personnel proficient in handling infectious materials and the use of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay and the Alinity m System should perform this procedure.

### Handling Precautions for Specimens

- The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay is only for use with nasal, nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs or bronchoalveolar lavage fluid (BAL) that have been handled and stored as described in the SPECIMEN COLLECTION, STORAGE, AND TRANSPORT TO THE TEST SITE section.
- Inadequate or inappropriate specimen collection, storage, and transport are likely to yield false test results. Training in specimen collection is highly recommended due to the importance of specimen quality. Refer to CLSI MM13-A⁵ as an appropriate resource.
- During preparation of samples, compliance with good laboratory practices is essential to minimize the risk of cross-contamination between samples and the inadvertent introduction of ribonucleases (RNases) into samples during and after the extraction procedure.
- To achieve viral inactivation prior to testing, specimens can be treated at 65°C for 30 minutes (https://www.beiresources.org/Catalog/antigen/NR-52286.aspx).
- Proper aseptic technique should always be used when working with RNA.
- Amplification technologies, such as PCR, are sensitive to accidental introduction of product from previous amplification reactions. Incorrect results could occur if either the clinical specimen or the reagents used become contaminated by accidental introduction of even a few molecules of amplification product. Measures to reduce the risk of contamination in the laboratory include physically separating the activities involved in the handling of contaminated waste in compliance with good laboratory practices.

### INDICATION OF INSTABILITY OR DETERIORATION OF REAGENTS

- Deterioration of the reagents may be indicated when a control error occurs or controls are repeatedly out of the specified ranges.
- Reagents are shipped on dry ice and are stored at –25 to –15°C upon arrival. If reagents arrive in a condition contrary to this recommendation or are damaged, immediately contact your Abbott Representative.
- For troubleshooting information, refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 10.

### INSTRUMENT PROCEDURE

The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 application specification file must be installed on the Alinity m System prior to performing the assay. For a detailed description of system operating instructions, refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 5.

### SPECIMEN COLLECTION, STORAGE, AND TRANSPORT TO THE TEST SITE

Human nasal, nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swab or bronchoalveolar lavage fluid (BAL) specimens can be used with the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay on the Alinity m System. Refer to the CDC Interim Guidelines for Collecting, Handling, and Testing Clinical Specimens from Persons Under Investigation (PUIs) for Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)⁶ (https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-nCoV/lab/guidelines-clinical-specimens.html) or the FDA FAQs on Diagnostic Testing for SARS-CoV-2 (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/emergency-situations-medical-devices/faq-testing-sars-cov-2).

**An Abbott multi-Collect Specimen Collection Kit (List No. 09K12-01 (CE), 09K12-02 (CE), 09K12-03 or 09K12-04) or the Abbott Universal Collection Kit (List No. 09N7T-05S) can be used for the transport of nasopharyngeal swab specimens or the collection and transport of nasal and oropharyngeal swab specimens from the collection site to the testing laboratory. Neither the swab (contained in both the Abbott multi-Collect Specimen Collection Kit and the Abbott Universal Collection Kit) nor the transfer pipette (contained in the Abbott multi-Collect Specimen Collection Kit) are authorized for nasopharyngeal specimen collection.**

The Transport Tube contains Specimen Transport Buffer which is used to stabilize nucleic acid until sample testing. Transport and store transport tube at 2 to 25°C for up to 48 hours. If delivery and processing exceed 48 hours, specimens should be transported on dry ice and once in laboratory frozen at –70°C or colder.

Ship specimens according to the recommended storage temperature and time listed in the Specimen Storage section. Package and label specimens in compliance with applicable state, federal, and international regulations covering the transport of clinical, diagnostic, or biological specimens.

**Specimen Collection Procedure for Nasal and Oropharyngeal Swabs:**

1. Discard disposable transfer pipette (if present); it is not required for nasal or oropharyngeal swab specimen collection.
2. Remove the sterile swab from the wrapper, taking care not to touch swab tip or lay it down on any surface. Do not pre-wet swab.
3. Collect patient specimen per CDC guidelines.⁶
4. Handle the cap and tube carefully to avoid contamination, including the outside of the transport tube and cap. If necessary, change gloves.
5. Unscrew the transport tube cap and immediately place the specimen collection swab into the transport tube so that the white tip is down.
6. Carefully break the swab at the scored line on the shaft; use care to avoid splashing of contents.
7. Recap the transport tube. Ensure the cap seals tightly. The cap must be tight or leakage may occur.
8. Label the transport tube with sample identification information, including date of collection using an adhesive label. It is recommended that each tube be placed in an individual, sealable bag prior to transport.

**Specimen Transport of Nasopharyngeal Swabs:**

1. Discard disposable transfer pipette (if present) and the swab; they are not authorized for nasopharyngeal swab specimen collection.
2. Collect patient specimen per CDC guidelines.⁶
3. Handle the cap and tube carefully to avoid contamination, including the outside of the transport tube and cap. If necessary, change gloves.
4. Unscrew the transport tube cap and immediately place the specimen collection swab into the transport tube so that the swab tip is down.
5. If necessary, carefully break any swab shaft that protrudes out of the tube; use care to avoid splashing of contents.
6. Recap the transport tube. Ensure the cap seals tightly. The cap must be tight or leakage may occur.
7. Label the transport tube with sample identification information, including date of collection using an adhesive label. It is recommended that each tube be placed in an individual, sealable bag prior to transport.
See the package insert within the Abbott Universal Collection Kit (List No. 09N77-055) for additional instructions for its use. For domestic and international shipments, specimens must be packaged, shipped, and transported according to the current edition of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulation. Follow shipping regulations for UN 3373 Biological Substance, Category B when sending potential SARS-CoV-2 specimens.

**Preparation for Analysis**

Frozen specimen is thawed at 15 to 30°C or at 2 to 8°C.

Prior to processing, each specimen is vortexed 3 times for 2 to 3 seconds.

If needed, centrifuge specimens at 2000 g for 5 minutes before loading on the Alinity m System. Specimen can be transferred into an Alinity m Transport Tube or an Alinity m Aliquot Tube before loading onto the Alinity m System.

**IMPORTANT:** If present, swab and cap should be removed from the specimens before loading onto the Alinity m System.

All specimen tubes must be labeled with specimen ID barcodes or must be identified with a specimen ID, rack ID, and position in the rack. Refer to the Assay Procedure section of this package insert for tube sizes and requirements for minimum sample volume and use of caps. Avoid touching the inside of the cap when opening tubes.

**PROCEDURE**

**Materials Provided**
- Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP Kit (List No. 09N78-095)

**Materials Required But Not Provided**
- 08N53-002 Alinity m System with software version 1.5.2 or higher
- 09N78-085 Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 CTRL Kit
- 09N12-001 Alinity m Sample Prep Kit 2
- 09N20-001 Alinity m Lysis Solution
- 09N20-003 Alinity m Diluent Solution
- 09N20-004 Alinity m Vapor Barrier Solution
- 09N78-03A (or higher) Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 Application Specification File
- Vortex mixer
- Plate adapter for 384 well plates (eg, Eppendorf Catalog No. 022638955)
- Centrifuge with swing plate rotor capable of accommodating the plate adapter and capable of ≥ 100 g
- 09N49-010 Alinity m Transport Tube Pierceable Capped
- 09N49-011 Alinity m Transport Tube
- 09N49-013 Alinity m Aliquot Tube

**PROCEDURAL PRECAUTIONS**

- Read the instructions in this package insert carefully before processing samples.
- Use aerosol barrier pipette tips or disposable pipettes only one time when pipetting specimens. To prevent contamination to the pipette barrel while pipetting, care should be taken to avoid touching the pipette barrel to the inside of the sample tube or container. The use of extended aerosol barrier pipette tips is recommended.
- Work area and instrument platforms must be considered potential sources of contamination.
- Ensure the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP TRAY 1 and ACT TRAY 2 are centrifuged prior to loading on the Alinity m System per instructions in Assay Procedure section.
- Monitoring procedures for the presence of amplification product can be found in the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 9.
- To reduce the risk of nucleic acid contamination, clean and disinfect spills of specimens by including the use of a tuberculocidal disinfectant such as 1.0% (v/v) sodium hypochlorite or other suitable disinfectant.
- To prevent contamination, change to new gloves whenever they are contaminated by a specimen, a control, or a reagent. Always use powder-free gloves.
- The use of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 CTRL Kit is integral to the performance of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay. Refer to the QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES section of this package insert for details. Refer to the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 CTRL Kit package insert for preparation and usage.
- The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 control reagents are contained in single-use tubes with solid caps. Remove caps from the tube prior to use. Discard tubes after use.

**ASSAY PROTOCOL**

Prior to loading on the Alinity m System, thaw AMP TRAY 1 and ACT TRAY 2 at 15 to 30°C or at 2 to 8°C immediately prior to use on the Alinity m System.

**Prior to loading on the Alinity m System, the AMP TRAY 1 and ACT TRAY 2 must be centrifuged as follows:**

1. Load the trays onto the plate adapter (eg, Eppendorf Catalog No. 022638955).
2. Load the plate adapter (with the trays) on a swing plate centrifuge capable of accommodating the plate adapter. Spin at 100 to 800 g for 1 to 5 minutes to remove potential bubbles.
3. Immediately following centrifugation, carefully transfer the trays to the Alinity m Assay Tray Carriers. Take care to minimize disturbance to the trays. Load the tray carriers per the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 5.
4. If disturbance occurs during the transfer that could potentially introduce bubbles (eg, dropping, bumping, inversion of the trays), re-centrifuge the trays.
5. Proceed with Reagent and sample management per the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 5.

For a detailed description of how to run an assay, refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 5. Prior to testing specimens, check the control status. If control testing is required, refer to the QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES section. Controls may be tested separately or with specimens.
From the Create Order screen, select the assay (SARS-CoV-2) being tested.
The Alinity m System will track the onboard storage time of AMP TRAY 1, ACT TRAY 2, controls, and specimens while on the Alinity m System. The Alinity m System will not allow the use of AMP TRAY 1, ACT TRAY 2, controls, or process specimens that have exceeded the allowable onboard storage time setting by the system.

**IMPORTANT:** The maximal allowable onboard storage for Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP TRAY 1 and ACT TRAY 2 is 8 hours from thaw/onboarding. Up to 6 sets of AMP TRAY 1 and ACT TRAY 2 can be processed within 8 hours.

Specimen tubes need to meet the requirements below for minimum sample volume and use of caps when loaded on the Alinity m System.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tube Typea</th>
<th>List No.</th>
<th>Minimum Volume Requiredb</th>
<th>Cap Requirement on Instrument</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Abbott multi-Collect Tube</td>
<td>1.0 mL</td>
<td>Uncappedc</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abbott Universal Collection Tube</td>
<td>1.0 mL</td>
<td>Uncappedc</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alinity m Aliquot Tube</td>
<td>09N49-013</td>
<td>0.8 mL</td>
<td>Uncappedc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alinity m Transport Tube</td>
<td>09N49-011</td>
<td>1.0 mL</td>
<td>Uncappedc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alinity m Transport Tube Pierceable Capped</td>
<td>09N49-010</td>
<td>1.0 mL</td>
<td>Uncappedc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tube with 11.5 – 14.0 mm diameter</td>
<td>1.3 mL</td>
<td>Uncappedc</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tube with 14.5 – 16.0 mm diameter</td>
<td>1.4 mL</td>
<td>Uncappedc</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a Refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 4, for sample tube specifications and requirements and Section 5 for sample rack loading instructions.
b Sample volume should not exceed 4.5 mL.
c Avoid touching the inside of the cap when opening the tubes.

Place the uncapped positive and negative controls, if applicable, and the patient specimens into the sample rack. If used, bar codes on tube labels must face the correct orientation for scanning.

**QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES**

**Detection of Inhibition**
A defined, consistent quantity of IC is introduced into each specimen and control at the beginning of sample preparation and measured on the Alinity m System to demonstrate proper specimen processing and assay validity.

A Message Code is displayed for the control when the IC Cycle Number (CN) value exceeds the established range.

A Flag or Message Code is displayed for the sample when the IC Cycle Number (CN) value falls outside of the established range:
- If the IC CN is out of range, but the SARS-CoV-2 is detected, the sample will yield a Positive interpretation. An IC Flag will be reported.
- If the IC CN is out of range and the SARS-CoV-2 is not detected, no result/interpretation will be reported for the sample and a Message Code will be generated.

Refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 5 for an explanation of the corrective actions for Flags.

Refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 10 for an explanation of the corrective actions for Message Codes.

**Negative and Positive Controls**
A set of Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 Negative CTRL and Positive CTRL are recommended to be tested, at or above the minimum frequency of once every 24 hours, to monitor the performance of the assay and Alinity m System. Valid results for all control levels must be obtained before specimen results are reported.

Additional controls may be tested in accordance with local, state, and/or federal regulations or accreditation requirements and your laboratory’s quality control policy.

A flag is displayed for specimens when a control result is invalid. All of the specimens processed following an invalid assay control must be retested.

If control results are invalid, refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 5 for a description of quality control flags, and Section 10 for troubleshooting information.

The presence of SARS-CoV-2 must not be detected in the negative control. SARS-CoV-2 detected in the negative control is indicative of contamination by other samples or by amplified product. To avoid contamination, clean the Alinity m System and repeat sample processing for controls and specimens following the Procedural Precautions in this package insert. Monitoring procedures for the presence of amplification product can be found in the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 9.

If negative controls are persistently reactive, contact your Abbott Representative.

When the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 is being used on the Alinity m System, the target CN value of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 Positive CTRL can be:
- Automatically imported to the Alinity m System via Abbott Mail.
- Obtained from the Abbott Molecular customer portal or provided by your Abbott Representative and imported to the Alinity m System via a USB drive.
INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

The Alinity m System will report a Result and an Interpretation for each specimen. If applicable, message codes or flags will also be displayed. A clinical interpretation can be performed by the user, based on the Result, according to the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SID</th>
<th>Assay</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Interpretation</th>
<th>Flags</th>
<th>Result Codes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SARS-CoV-2 NEG CTRL</td>
<td>SARS-CoV2</td>
<td>Not Detected</td>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>FPC, FNC^c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SARS-CoV-2 POS CTRL</td>
<td>SARS-CoV2</td>
<td>XX.XX CN</td>
<td>Positive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample 1</td>
<td>SARS-CoV2</td>
<td>Not Detected</td>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>FPC, FNC^c</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample 2</td>
<td>SARS-CoV2</td>
<td>XX.XX CN</td>
<td>Positive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample 3</td>
<td>SARS-CoV2</td>
<td>Not Detected</td>
<td>Negative</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample 4</td>
<td>SARS-CoV2</td>
<td>XX.XX CN</td>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>IC^d</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample 5</td>
<td>SARS-CoV2</td>
<td>XX.XX CN</td>
<td>Positive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample 6</td>
<td>SARS-CoV2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9186^a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Error code generated due to negative control failure.
^b Error code generated due to positive control failure.
^c Indicates failed control. All of the specimens processed following an invalid assay control must be retested.
^d Patient sample with positive amplification of target but failed internal control will produce valid result with a flag for internal control failure.
^e Error code generated due to no amplification of target and internal control failure.

Flags, Results Codes, and Message Codes

Some results may contain information in the Flags and Codes fields. For a description of the flags and result codes that may appear in these fields, refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 5. For a description of message codes refer to the Alinity m System Operations Manual, Section 10.

LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

For use under an Emergency Use Authorization only.

- This assay is for in vitro diagnostic use under FDA Emergency Use Authorization only.
- Use of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay is limited to personnel who have been trained in the procedures of a molecular diagnostic assay and the Alinity m System.
- Laboratories are required to report all positive results to the appropriate public health authorities.
- The instrument and assay procedures reduce the risk of contamination by amplification product. However, nucleic acid contamination from the positive controls or specimens must be controlled by good laboratory practices and careful adherence to the procedures specified in this package insert.
- Optimal performance of this test requires appropriate specimen collection, storage, and transport to the test site (refer to the SPECIMEN COLLECTION, STORAGE, AND TRANSPORT TO THE TEST SITE section of this package insert). Phosphate-containing buffers may interfere with sample extraction for the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay and therefore are not recommended for use with this assay.
- Detection of SARS-CoV-2 RNA may be affected by sample collection methods, patient factors (eg, presence of symptoms), and/or stage of infection.
- False-negative results may arise from degradation of the viral RNA during storage and transport of the specimens.
- The impacts of vaccines, antiviral therapeutics, antibiotics, chemotherapeutic or immunosuppressant drugs have not been evaluated.
- As with any molecular test, mutations within the target regions of Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay could affect primer and/or probe binding resulting in failure to detect the presence of virus.
- Due to inherent differences between technologies, it is recommended that, prior to switching from one technology to the next, users perform comparison studies in their laboratory to qualify technology differences. One hundred percent agreement between the results should not be expected due to aforementioned differences between technologies. Users should follow their own specific policies/procedures.
- Performance has only been established with the specimen types listed in the Intended Use. Other specimen types have not been evaluated and should not be used with this assay.
- Results should be interpreted by a trained professional in conjunction with the patient’s history and clinical signs and symptoms, and epidemiological risk factors.
- Negative results do not preclude infection with the SARS-CoV-2 virus and should not be the sole basis of a patient treatment/management or public health decision. Follow up testing should be performed according to the current CDC recommendations.
CONDITIONS OF AUTHORIZATION FOR LABORATORIES
The Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay Letter of Authorization, along with the authorized Fact Sheet for Healthcare Providers, the authorized Fact Sheet for Patients, and authorized labeling are available on the FDA website: https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/emergency-situations-medical-devices/emergency-use-authorizations#covid19ivd. However, to assist clinical laboratories using the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay (“your product” in the conditions below), the relevant Conditions of Authorization are listed below:

A. Authorized laboratories1 using your product will include with result reports of your product, all authorized Fact Sheets. Under exigent circumstances, other appropriate methods for disseminating these Fact Sheets may be used, which may include mass media.

B. Authorized laboratories using your product will use your product as outlined in the Instructions for Use. Deviations from the authorized procedures, including the authorized instruments, authorized extraction methods, authorized clinical specimen types, authorized control materials, authorized other ancillary reagents and authorized materials required to use your product are not permitted.

C. Authorized laboratories that receive your product will notify the relevant public health authorities of their intent to run your product prior to initiating testing.

D. Authorized laboratories using your product will have a process in place for reporting test results to healthcare providers and relevant public health authorities, as appropriate.

E. Authorized laboratories will collect information on the performance of your product and report to DMD/OHT7-OIR/OPEQ/CDRH (via email: CDRH-EUA-Reporting@fda.hhs.gov) and Abbott Molecular (email: molecularsupport@abbott.com; 1-800-553-7042) any suspected occurrence of false positive or false negative results and significant deviations from the established performance characteristics of your product of which they become aware.

F. All laboratory personnel using your product must be appropriately trained in RT-PCR techniques and use appropriate laboratory and personal protective equipment when handling this kit, and use your product in accordance with the authorized labeling.

G. Abbott, authorized distributors, and authorized laboratories using your product will ensure that any records associated with this EUA are maintained until otherwise notified by FDA. Such records will be made available to FDA for inspection upon request.

1 The letter of authorization refers to, “Laboratories certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), 42 U.S.C. §263a, to perform moderate or high complexity tests” as “authorized laboratories.”

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS
Limit of Detection (Analytical Sensitivity)
Limit of Detection (LOD) studies determine the lowest detectable concentration of SARS-CoV-2 at which greater than or equal to 95% of all (true positive) replicates test positive.

To determine the LOD, a recombinant virus containing SARS-CoV-2 RNA (SeraCare, AccuPlex COVID-19, 1.3E + 07 Copies/mL as determined by digital PCR) was diluted in simulated nasal matrix (SNM). The initial LOD was determined by testing 5 levels at target concentrations of 800, 400, 200, 100, and 50 Copies/mL. Each panel member was tested in replicates of 12.

The final LOD was confirmed by testing 4 panel members with target concentrations at 400, 300, 200, and 100 Copies/mL in replicates of 21. The results are summarized in Table 1. The lowest concentration level with observed positive rates ≥ 95% was 100 virus Copies/mL.

Table 1. LOD Determination Using Recombinant Virus Containing SARS-CoV-2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virus Copies/mL</th>
<th>Total Valid Replicates</th>
<th>Positive Replicates</th>
<th>Positive Rate (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LOD was further evaluated by testing dilutions of inactivated cultured SARS-CoV-2 virus (USA-WA1/2020; BEI Resources; NR-52287) in SNM, in a minimum of 20 replicates at each dilution level. LOD estimated from probit analysis was 0.0037 TCID₉₀/mL (95% CI: 0.0022 – 0.0099). Refer to Table 2.

Table 2. Summary of Detection Rate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Panel</th>
<th>Target Concentration (TCID₉₀/mL)</th>
<th>Number of Replicates Tested</th>
<th>Number of Replicates Detected</th>
<th>Detection Rate (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>0.028</td>
<td>23a</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td>0.009</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>0.003</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>91.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>65.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>0.0003</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>25.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* One sample was invalid and resulted in exception 9186 (Internal Control failed). It was excluded from the analysis.

Inclusivity
Inclusivity was demonstrated by analyzing the sequence of each of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 primers and probes for homology with all full-length SARS-CoV-2 sequences available in GenBank as of April 28, 2020, by in silico analysis using NCBI Nucleotide BLAST (BLASTn) alignment tool (https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi?PROGRAM=blastn&PAGE_TYPE=BlastSearch&LINK_LOC=blasthome). Among a total of 1383 full-length SARS-CoV-2 genome sequences from 26 countries/regions (Australia, Brazil, China, Colombia, Czech Republic, France, Greece, Hong Kong, India, Iran, Israel, Italy, Malaysia, Nepal, Netherlands, Pakistan, Peru, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Taiwan, Turkey, USA and Vietnam), 1976 exhibited 100% identity to all Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 primer and probe sequences, while 7 contained a single mismatch in one of the two gene sequences that the assay targets.

Inclusivity was further demonstrated by analyzing the sequence of each of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 primers and probes for homology with all full-length SARS-CoV-2 sequences available in the GISAID database as of May 5, 2020. In silico analysis was performed by reviewing the GISAID Multiple Sequence Alignment file (https://www.epicov.org/epil3/cfrontend#280e09) using Jalview Multiple Sequence Alignment Editor and Workbench, version 2.11.1.0. Among a total of 14,964 full-length SARS-CoV-2 genome sequences from 81 countries/regions (where known), 170 contained a single mismatch, 6 contained 2 mismatches, and one contained 4 mismatches (all in one of the two gene sequences that the assay targets).

Overall, these analyses predict no impact to the detection of SARS-CoV-2 strains included in the GenBank and GISAID databases.
Cross-reactivity
In Silico Analysis

Related pathogens, high prevalence disease agents and normal or pathogenic flora that are reasonably likely to be encountered in the clinical specimen have been evaluated in silico to identify the % homology between the selected probe/primer sequences and the sequence present in the microorganism.

The conclusion of this analysis is that there is limited opportunity for cross-reactivity to allow for false-positive reporting or affect performance of SARS-CoV-2 virus detection based upon the following:

- For many organisms, only one primer (forward or reverse) has > 80% homology, making an amplified product unlikely.
- The probe is unlikely to bind for any of the hits (< 80% homology).
- Mismatches in the 3' end of primers makes extension unlikely.
- For the N amplicon, two organisms with forward and reverse primers having > 80% homology (LS483366.1, CP040804.1) have both primer binding sites on the same plus-sense strand and will not result in amplification.
- For the N amplicon, the remaining two organisms that may potentially give rise to amplicons due to both forward and reverse primers having > 80% homology on opposite strands (CP000262.1, CP002888.1) have primer binding sites separated by > 100,000 nucleotides in the bacterial chromosome, making amplification unlikely.

Overall, the results of this analysis predict no significant cross-reactivity or microbial interference.

Clinical Performance Evaluation

A clinical evaluation study was performed to evaluate the performance of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay using nasopharyngeal swab specimens. A total of 40 contrived positive specimens at approximately 1X to 2X LOD and 20x LOD were tested. Samples were contrived by spiking known concentrations of recombinant virus containing SARS-CoV-2 RNA sequences into individual negative patient specimens. In addition to the contrived positive specimens, 31 individual negative specimens were tested.

There were 20 total samples tested at the 1X to 2X LOD level with 20 results valid and included in the analysis. There were 20 total samples tested at 20X LOD with 20 results valid and included in the analysis. There were 31 total samples tested for the negative level with 31 results valid and included in the analysis.

The results are summarized in Table 3. All positive samples were detected. All negative samples were not detected.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SARS-CoV-2 Concentration</th>
<th>Number Tested</th>
<th>Number Detected</th>
<th>% Detection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1X to 2X LOD</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>100 (N=20/20)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20X LOD</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>100 (N=20/20)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0 (N=0/31)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3. Clinical Evaluation of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 Assay

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>N</th>
<th>Agreement</th>
<th>Exact 95% CI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PPA</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>(91.2, 100.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPA</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>(88.8, 100.0)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PPA – Positive Percent Agreement
NPA – Negative Percent Agreement

An additional study was performed to evaluate the performance of the Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assay testing individual nasopharyngeal swab specimens (banked and acquired from a clinical lab). A total of 104 specimens were analyzed by both Abbott RealTime SARS-CoV-2 and Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 assays. Specimens acquired from the clinical lab were treated for viral inactivation at 65°C for 30 minutes prior to analysis. The positive percent agreement (PPA) between the 2 assays was 100% (47/47) and the negative percent agreement (NPA) was 96.5% (55/57). The results are summarized in Table 4.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbott RealTime SARS-CoV-2</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alinity m SARS-CoV-2</th>
<th>Positive</th>
<th>Negative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Positive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* These samples had an Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 CN >40.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>N</th>
<th>Agreement</th>
<th>Exact 95% CI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PPA</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>(92.5, 100.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPA</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>96.5%</td>
<td>(87.9, 99.6)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
BIBLIOGRAPHY

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE
For technical assistance, call Abbott Molecular Technical Services at 1-800-553-7042 in the US and from outside the US at +49-6122-580, or email molecularsupport@abbott.com, or visit the Abbott Molecular website at www.molecular.abbott/portal.

Abbott Molecular Inc. is the legal manufacturer of the:
Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 AMP Kit (List No. 09N78-095)
Alinity m SARS-CoV-2 CTRL Kit (List No. 09N78-085)

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www.molecular.abbott/portal
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