

1 **Conventional Foley Catheters –**
2 **Performance Criteria for Safety and**
3 **Performance Based Pathway**

6 **Draft Guidance for Industry and**
7 **Food and Drug Administration Staff**

8 ***DRAFT GUIDANCE***

9 **This draft guidance document is being distributed for comment purposes**
10 **only.**

11 **Document issued on September 20, 2019.**

12 You should submit comments and suggestions regarding this draft document within 90 days of
13 publication in the *Federal Register* of the notice announcing the availability of the draft
14 guidance. Submit electronic comments to <https://www.regulations.gov>. Submit written
15 comments to the Dockets Management Staff (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630
16 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. Identify all comments with the docket number
17 listed in the notice of availability that publishes in the *Federal Register*.

18 For questions about this document, contact the DHT3B: Division of Reproductive, Gynecology
19 and Urology Devices at 301-796-7030 or Glenn Bell at Glenn.Bell@fda.hhs.gov.



30 **U.S. Department of Health and Human Services**
31 **Food and Drug Administration**
32 **Center for Devices and Radiological Health**

Preface

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39 CDRH-Guidance@fda.hhs.gov to receive a copy of the guidance. Please include the document
40 number 19010 and complete title of the guidance in the request.

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DRAFT

Conventional Foley Catheters – Performance Criteria for Safety and Performance Based Pathway

Draft Guidance for Industry and Food and Drug Administration Staff

This draft guidance, when finalized, will represent the current thinking of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA or Agency) on this topic. It does not establish any rights for any person and is not binding on FDA or the public. You can use an alternative approach if it satisfies the requirements of the applicable statutes and regulations. To discuss an alternative approach, contact the FDA staff or Office responsible for this guidance as listed on the title page.

I. Introduction

This draft guidance provides performance criteria for conventional Foley catheters in support of the [Safety and Performance Based Pathway](#).¹ Under this framework, submitters planning to submit a 510(k) using the Safety and Performance Based Pathway for Foley catheters will have the option to use the performance criteria proposed in this draft guidance to support substantial equivalence, rather than a direct comparison of performance of the subject device to that of a predicate device.

For the current edition of the FDA-recognized standard(s) referenced in this document, see the [FDA Recognized Consensus Standards Database](#).² For more information regarding use of consensus standards in regulatory submissions, please refer to the FDA guidance titled [Appropriate Use of Voluntary Consensus Standards in Premarket Submissions for Medical Devices](#).³

FDA's guidance documents, including this draft guidance, do not establish legally enforceable responsibilities. Instead, guidances describe the Agency's current thinking on a topic and should be viewed only as recommendations, unless specific regulatory or statutory requirements are

¹ Available at <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/safety-and-performance-based-pathway>

² Available at <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfStandards/search.cfm>

³ Available at <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/appropriate-use-voluntary-consensus-standards-premarket-submissions-medical-devices>

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74 cited. The use of the word *should* in Agency guidance means that something is suggested or
75 recommended, but not required.
76

77 **II. Scope/Device Description**

78 The Foley catheters that are the subject of this guidance are intended for the drainage and/or
79 irrigation of the urinary tract. These devices are Class II and are regulated under 21 CFR
80 876.5130 with the product code EZL (Catheter, Retention Type, Balloon).
81

82 **Intended Use/Indications for Use:**

83 Drainage is accomplished by inserting the catheter through the urethra into the bladder. The
84 catheter is retained by use of a balloon inflated in the bladder, which is attached to the distal end
85 of the catheter. The devices are single-use and indwelling time should be 30 days or less.
86

87 **Device Design Characteristics:**

88 The French sizes within the scope of this guidance include sizes 12 through 26 with a retention
89 balloon volume no greater than 30 cm³. Two lumen catheters are included within the scope of
90 this guidance. Three lumen catheters, catheters treated to enhance their lubricity, suprapubic
91 catheters, and antimicrobial catheters are outside the scope of this guidance.
92

93 General guidance that is beyond the scope of this safety and performance guidance document
94 (e.g., labeling recommendations) regarding submission of a 510(k) for Foley catheters can be
95 found in FDA’s guidance document [Guidance for the Content of Premarket Notifications for
96 Conventional and Antimicrobial Foley Catheters](#).⁴
97

98 Where FDA determines that additional data are necessary to make these determinations, the
99 Agency may, on a case-by-case basis, review that data before determining whether or not the
100 device is appropriate for the Safety and Performance Based Pathway. In situations, where you
101 determine that additional testing outside of those identified in this guidance are necessary to
102 make a determination regarding eligibility into the Safety and Performance Based Pathway, we
103 would encourage sponsors to submit a Pre-Submission⁵ to engage in discussion with FDA prior
104 to submission of the 510(k).
105

106 **III. Testing Performance Criteria**

107 If your device is appropriate for submission through the Safety and Performance Based Pathway,
108 and you choose to use that option, you do not need to provide direct comparison testing against a
109 legally marketed predicate device to demonstrate substantially equivalent performance
110 characteristics. To ensure that the performance criteria outlined in this guidance remain
111 contemporary and take into account relevant data from recent clearances, FDA recommends that

⁴ Available at <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/guidance-content-premarket-notifications-conventional-and-antimicrobial-foley-catheters>

⁵ Available at <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/requests-feedback-and-meetings-medical-device-submissions-q-submission-program>

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112 you provide a results summary for all tests evaluated in addition to the other submission
113 information (e.g. Declaration of Conformity (DoC)) identified for each test or evaluation below.
114 Unless otherwise identified in the submission information sections below, test information such
115 as results summary, test protocols, or complete test reports should be submitted as part of the
116 510(k) as described in FDA’s guidance [Safety and Performance Based Pathway](#).⁶ For additional
117 information regarding the submission of non-clinical bench testing information, please see
118 FDA’s guidance [Recommended Content and Format of Non-Clinical Bench Performance
119 Testing Information in Premarket Submissions](#).⁷

120
121 **Mechanical Testing**

122
123 1. **Test name:** Dimensional Analysis

124 **Methodology:** FDA currently-recognized version of American Society for Testing and
125 Materials (ASTM) F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for Foley Catheters*

126 **Performance Criteria:** The “label French size” should correspond with the following
127 actual diameters of the catheter tip, shaft, and balloon within tolerances as identified in
128 test #6, “Balloon Size and Shaft Size.”
129

French Size	Outside Diameter, in. (mm)
12	0.157 (4.0)
13	0.171 (4.3)
14	0.184 (4.7)
15	0.197 (5.0)
16	0.210 (5.3)
17	0.223 (5.7)
18	0.236 (6.0)
19	0.249 (6.3)
20	0.262 (6.7)
21	0.276 (7.0)
22	0.289 (7.3)
23	0.302 (7.7)
24	0.315 (8.0)
25	0.328 (8.3)
26	0.341 (8.7)

130
131 **Performance Criteria Source:** For French sizes - ASTM F623: *Standard Performance
132 Specifications for Foley Catheters*

133 **Additional Considerations:** Conventional Foley catheters typically have an even
134 numbered French size.

135 **Submission Information:** DoC

⁶ Available at <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/safety-and-performance-based-pathway>

⁷ Available at <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/recommended-content-and-format-non-clinical-bench-performance-testing-information-premarket>

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- 136
137 2. **Test name:** Flow Rate
138 **Methodology:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for Foley Catheters*
139 **Performance Criteria:** Catheters with French size 14-26 should have a minimum
140 average flow rate of 100 cm³/min. French size 12 catheters should have a minimum
141 average flow rate of 70 cm³/min.
142 **Performance Criteria Source:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for*
143 *Foley Catheters*
144 **Additional Considerations:** ASTM F623 does not provide a criterion for French size 13
145 catheters as conventional Foley catheters typically have an even numbered French size.
146 **Submission Information:** DoC
147
- 148 3. **Test name:** Balloon Integrity (Resistance to Rupture)
149 **Methodology:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for Foley Catheters*
150 **Performance Criteria:** The inflated balloon must inflate easily with distilled or
151 deionized water to the labeled volume without showing any evidence of breakage
152 throughout the test period. Any catheter whose balloon has burst during or after filling up
153 to the time of examination of the balloon, are considered to have failed the test. Any
154 catheter whose balloon does not burst but which deflates during the test because of some
155 form of leakage should be considered an invalid test item.
156 **Performance Criteria Source:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for*
157 *Foley Catheters*
158 **Submission Information:** DoC
159
- 160 4. **Test name:** Inflated Balloon Response to Traction
161 **Methodology:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for Foley Catheters.*
162 **Performance Criteria:** The entire balloon of the catheters with a labeled French size 14
163 through 26 should not pass into or through the funnel barrel with a size of 28Fr.
164 **Performance Criteria Source:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for*
165 *Foley Catheters*
166 **Additional Considerations:** Labeled French size 12 catheters are not expected to pass
167 this testing.
168 **Submission Information:** DoC
169
- 170 5. **Test name:** Balloon Volume Maintenance
171 **Methodology:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for Foley Catheters.*
172 **Performance Criteria:** The catheter should maintain its volume throughout the test.
173 **Performance Criteria Source:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for*
174 *Foley Catheters*
175 **Submission Information:** DoC
176
- 177 6. **Test name:** Balloon Size and Shaft Size
178 **Methodology:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for Foley Catheters.*

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179 **Performance Criteria:** The proximal catheter tip, the balloon, and the shaft should
180 measure within the tolerances on diameter shown below in comparison to the labeled
181 French size:
182

Material Type	Tip Tolerance	Shaft Tolerance	Balloon Size, Maximum	
			As Received, Uninflated	Deflated, After Immersion
Latex and coated latex	±1	+2,-1	±3	±4
All silicone	±1	±1	±4	±4
Others	±1	±1	±3	±4

183
184 **Performance Criteria Source:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for*
185 *Foley Catheters*

186 **Submission Information:** DoC

187
188 7. **Test name:** Deflation Reliability (Failure to Deflate)
189 **Methodology:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for Foley Catheters*
190 **Performance Criteria:** The balloon should deflate to no less than four French sizes of
191 the labeled French size within 15 minutes or be otherwise manipulated to effect drainage
192 within this time-period.

193 **Performance Criteria Source:** ASTM F623 *Standard Performance Specifications for*
194 *Foley Catheters*

195 **Submission Information:** DoC

196
197 **Sterilization (devices labeled as sterile) and Reprocessing (end-user sterilized) Validation**

198
199 8. **Test name:** Sterilization (devices labeled as sterile) and Reprocessing (end-user
200 sterilized)
201 **Methodology:** FDA currently-recognized version of the following consensus standards
202 (as applicable):

- 203 • International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 17665-1 *Sterilization of*
204 *health care products – Moist heat – Part 1: Requirements for the development,*
205 *validation, and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices*
- 206 • ISO 11135-1 *Sterilization of health care products – Ethylene oxide- Part 1:*
207 *Requirements for development, validation, and routine control of a sterilization*
208 *process for medical devices*
- 209 • ISO 11137-1 *Sterilization of health care products—Radiation—Part 1:*
210 *Requirements for development, validation, and routine control of a sterilization*
211 *process for medical devices*
- 212 • ISO 20857 *Sterilization of health care products — Dry heat — Requirements for*
213 *the development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for*
214 *medical devices*

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- ISO 11607-1 *Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices – Part 1: Requirements for materials, sterile barrier systems and packaging systems*
 - ISO 11607-2 *Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices – Part 2: Validation requirements for forming, sealing and assembly processes*

219 **Performance Criteria:** Validation testing should demonstrate the cleanliness and
220 sterility of, or the ability to clean and sterilize to a sterility assurance level of 10^{-6} , the
221 device and device-specific instruments. You should provide a description of the
222 packaging (sterile barrier system) and how it will maintain the device’s sterility, and a
223 description of the package test methods, but not package test data.

224 **Performance Criteria Source:** FDA’s guidance:

- 225
- 226
- 227
- 228
- [Submission and Review of Sterility Information in Premarket Notification \(510\(k\)\) Submissions for Devices Labeled as Sterile](#)⁸
 - [Reprocessing Medical Devices in Health Care Settings: Validation Methods and Labeling](#)⁹

229 **Submission Information:** If using an Established Category A sterilization method, you
230 should provide the information described in Section V.A. of the FDA guidance
231 [Submission and Review of Sterility Information in Premarket Notification \(510\(k\)\)](#)
232 [Submissions for Devices Labeled as Sterile](#); the validation data itself is not needed to
233 demonstrate substantial equivalence.

234

Biocompatibility Evaluation

235

236

237 To identify the biocompatibility endpoints to include as part of your biocompatibility evaluation
238 you should use Attachment A of CDRH’s guidance [Use of International Standard ISO 10993-1,](#)
239 [Biological evaluation of medical devices – Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk](#)
240 [management process](#),¹⁰ referred to in the rest of this document as the CDRH Biocompatibility
241 Guidance for brevity. FDA considers the devices covered by this guidance to be categorized as
242 “External Communicating Devices” with a “prolonged” tissue contact duration of >24 hours to
243 30 days and you should assess the endpoints below per Attachment A of the CDRH
244 Biocompatibility Guidance.

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- 252
- Cytotoxicity
 - Sensitization
 - Irritation or Intracutaneous Reactivity
 - Acute Systemic Toxicity
 - Material-Mediated Pyrogenicity
 - Sub-acute/Sub-chronic Toxicity
 - Genotoxicity
 - Implantation

⁸ Available at <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/submission-and-review-sterility-information-premarket-notification-510k-submissions-devices-labeled>

⁹ Available at <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/reprocessing-medical-devices-health-care-settings-validation-methods-and-labeling>

¹⁰ Available at <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/use-international-standard-iso-10993-1-biological-evaluation-medical-devices-part-1-evaluation-and>

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253 **Rationale in Lieu of Testing:** If the subject device is manufactured from the identical raw
254 materials using identical manufacturing processes as a predicate device with the same type and
255 duration of tissue contact, and any changes in geometry are not expected to impact the biological
256 response, this is typically sufficient to establish substantially equivalent biocompatibility, if
257 documentation such as that outlined in Attachment F of the CDRH Biocompatibility Guidance is
258 also provided.

259
260 **Testing:** If you determined that testing is needed to address some or all of the identified
261 endpoints, FDA recommends that complete test reports be provided for all tests performed unless
262 a declaration of conformity without supplemental information can be appropriately provided, per
263 Attachment E of the CDRH Biocompatibility Guidance. Any test-specific positive, negative,
264 and/or reagent controls should perform as expected, and protocol deviations should be
265 thoroughly described and justified; however, note that certain protocol deviations may invalidate
266 comparison to the performance criteria listed below and require submission of a Traditional,
267 Special, or Abbreviated 510(k).

268
269 9. **Test name:** Biocompatibility endpoints (identified from CDRH Biocompatibility
270 Guidance)

271 **Methodology:** FDA currently-recognized versions of biocompatibility consensus
272 standards

273 **Performance Criteria:** All direct or indirect tissue contacting components of the device
274 and device-specific instruments should be determined to have an acceptable biological
275 response.

276 **Performance Criteria Source:** The CDRH Biocompatibility Guidance

277 **Additional Considerations:** For any biocompatibility test samples with an adverse
278 biological response, the biocompatibility evaluation should explain why the level of
279 toxicity seen is acceptable. Some comparison testing against a legally marketed predicate
280 may be necessary (and is considered acceptable under the Safety and Performance Based
281 Pathway) to support such a rationale as explained in the CDRH Biocompatibility
282 Guidance. For standard biocompatibility test methods that include comparison device
283 control samples, the legally marketed comparison device control samples should perform
284 as expected, as specified above for the subject device samples.

285 **Submission Information:** Refer to CDRH Biocompatibility Guidance