Provider Education and State Efforts to End the Opioid Crisis

FDA Workshop on Training for Opioid Analgesic Prescribers
May 9, 2017

Melinda Becker Senior Policy Analyst, Health Division National Governors Association (NGA)



Agenda

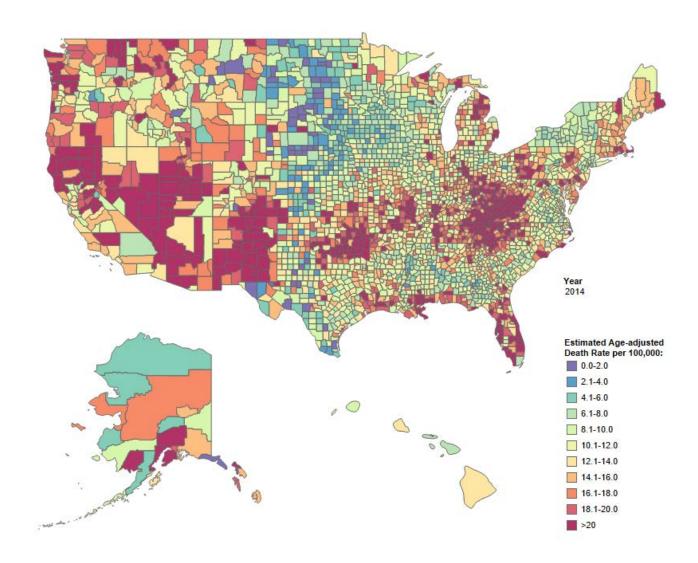
- NGA Background and Related Work
- ☐ State Health Care Strategies for Prevention
- Continuing Education Requirements: State Examples

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Conference of Governors The White House, 1908

2014 RAPID INCREASE IN DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES



OPIOID FACT

Every day <u>91 people</u> will die from an opioid overdose in the United States.

Source: CDC



Timeline of NGA Activities

2012 - 2015

- Convened two policy academies with 13 states
 - o Round 1: Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Kentucky, New Mexico, Oregon and Virginia
 - o Round 2: Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada, North Carolina, Vermont and Wisconsin
- Governors discuss crisis at 2014 NGA Winter Meeting
- Released two issue briefs
 - Six Strategies for Reducing Prescription Drug Abuse (2012)
 - Released Reducing Prescription Drug Abuse: Lessons Learned from an NGA Policy Academy (2014)

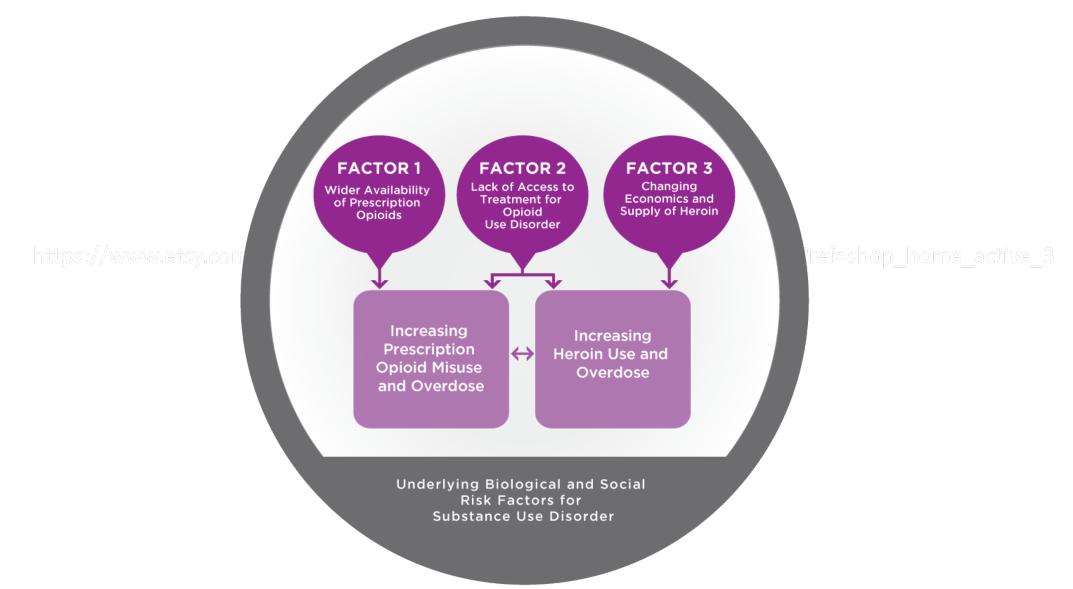
2016

- Governors discuss crisis at 2015 NGA Summer Meeting and 2016 NGA Winter Meeting
- Governors released priorities for federal action (February)
- 46 governors signed NGA Compact to Fight Opioid Addiction (July)
- Released Finding Solutions to the Prescription Opioid and Heroin Crisis: A Road Map for States (July)
- Launched three learning labs (NJ, RI, NM) and monthly Opioid State Action Network calls

2017

Launched learning lab on treatment for justice-involved populations (MA)

MAJOR FACTORS DRIVING THE OPIOID EPIDEMIC



Overarching Prescription Opioid Misuse and Heroin Policy Framework

Health Care and Public Safety

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Preventing Opioid Misuse and Overdose

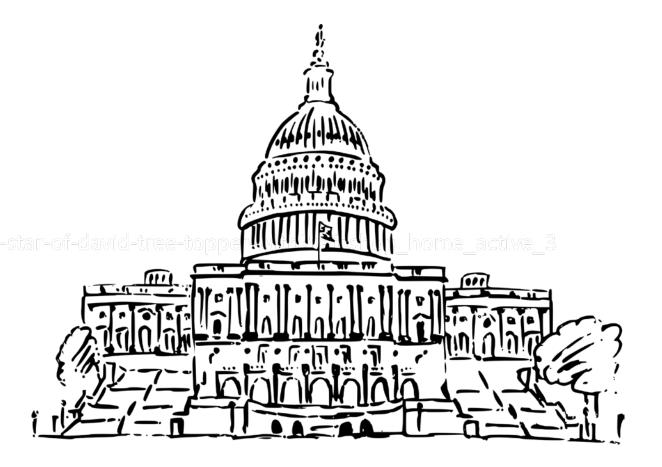
Health Care
Strategies for
Prevention and
Early Identification

Public Safety Strategies for Reducing Illicit Supply Responding to Opioid Misuse and Overdose

Health Care Strategies for Treatment and Recovery Public Safety Strategies for Response

Priorities for Federal Action

- Governors' priorities for addressing the nation's opioid crisis calls for federal action to strengthen training for prescribers (February 2016)
 - o Recommendation: Require prescribers to register with their state PDMP and complete training on pain management and addiction as a condition of DEA licensure.



Health Care Strategies for Prevention and Early Identification

- Develop and update guidelines for all opioid prescribers
- Limit new opioid prescriptions for acute pain, with exceptions for certain patients
- Adopt a comprehensive opioid management program in Medicaid and other state-run health programs
- Remove methadone for managing pain from Medicaid preferred drug lists
- Expand access to non-opioid therapies for pain management
- Enhance education and training for all opioid prescribers
- Maximize the use and effectiveness of state prescription drug monitoring programs
- Use public health and law enforcement data to monitor trends and strengthen prevention efforts
- Enact legislation that increases oversight of pain management clinics to reduce "pill mills"
- Raise public awareness about the dangers of prescription opioids and heroin

Continuing Education Requirements: State Examples

- Kentucky House Bill 1 (2012)
- New Jersey Senate Bill 3 (2017)

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Thank you.

Melinda Becker
Senior Policy Analyst, NGA Center Health Division
202-624-5336 / mbecker@nga.org

