COVER PAGE for November 2016 MDR

The FDA received this Medical Device Report (MDR) from Magellan Diagnostics on May 8, 2017, after learning through information requests that the company had tried to submit the report in November 2016. The MDR, which is characterized as a follow-up to the April 2015 report, adds a second testing device, the LeadCare II Testing System. The MDR states that Magellan determined the root cause of the problem involved exposure of the blood samples to a curing agent found in the rubber caps of the venous collection tubes. The MDR states that a 4-hour delay in processing venous samples completely mitigates the problem for LeadCare II.

Magellan originally attempted to submit the follow-up MDR in paper form. FDA returned it with a request to submit the MDR electronically, as our regulations requiring electronic submission of MDRs went into effect in August 2015 (with a compliance grace period until February 2016). Magellan had registered for an electronic submission account in February 2016 but never completed the process, in spite of assistance from the Agency.

Regulations specify when a manufacturer must submit a MDR to the FDA, including when a manufacturer must report a death, serious injury, or product malfunction. The FDA typically receives between 800,000 and 1,000,000 MDRs per year. The majority involve device "malfunctions," which FDA regulations define as a failure of the device to meet its performance specifications or otherwise perform as intended. The FDA routinely uses malfunction reports to conduct trend analysis and identify potential safety issues. Additional information regarding medical device reporting requirements can be found at https://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/ucm2005291.htm#overview.

		Fi tz	DA REC	EIVED	THIS R	RE	PORT	ON M	AY 8, 2	597 m Approved:	OMB No. 0	0910-0291, Exp	ires: 6/30/2015
		5. Department of Health and Human Services			For use by u	e by user-facilities,			Mfr Report #	See OMD statement on reverse.			
	Food and Drug Administration			ors a	and manufacturers			JF/Importer Report #					
	FORM FDA 3500				Page 1	of	3						DA Use Only
	A. PATIENT INF	. ,					C. SUSPE	CT PROD	UCT(S)			F	DA Use Only
	1. Patient Identifier			3. Sex	4. Weight				ngth & mfr/labeler)			
		of Event: or		Female	lbs		#1 Lead C	Care Ult	ra Test Sys	tem (or	iginal	MedWatch	1)
		Date			or	#2 LeadCare II (Ammendment to original MedWatch)							
	In confidence	Male	2. Dose, Frequency & Rout			ute Used	3. Thera	py Dates	(If unknown, g	ive duration)			
	B. ADVERSE EVENT OR PRODUCT PROBLEM						#1 #1				o (or best e	estimate)	
	1. Adverse Event and/or						#2 #2						
	2. Outcomes Attributed to Adverse Event (Check all that apply)						4. Diagnosis for Use (Indication) 5. Event Abated After Use					Use	
				or Permanent Damage al Anomaly/Birth Defect			#1 to measure lead in whole blood #1 Y			bed or Dose R	educed?		
										blood #1 ☐ Yes ☐ No ✔ Doesn't Apply			
	Hospitalization - initial or prolonged V Other			Serious (Important Medical Events) nent/Damage (Devices)			#2 6. Lot # 7		7 Exp Date	7. Exp. Date		Yes No	Doesn't Apply
	Required Intervention to Prevent Permanent Impair						#1		#1		8. Event	Reappeared	
	3. Date of Event (mm	n/dd/yyyy)	4. Date of This									roduction?	
				11/7/201	6		#2		#2		#1 ∐`	Yes No	Doesn't Apply
	5. Describe Event or	Problem					9. NDC# or U	nique ID			#2	Yes 🗌 No	✓ Doesn't Apply
K	11/15/2014 (ULTRA) Initial Risk Analysis Hazard/Risk Score Total = 1 None/Negligible which is a Non Recall Status The medical decision points of treating lead is per CDC guidelines (see attached letter dated Nov. 29) factored into the decision initially not to file.						10. Concomit None.	ant Medical	Products and Th	erapy Date	s (Exclude	e treatment of e	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
BLACK INK	3/23/2015 (ULT	RA) Based on ne	w informat	ion a sec	ond Risk		(Continue on page 3)						page 3)
	Analysis was performed which changed our score from a						D. SUSPECT MEDICAL DEVICE						
3L/	Total Hazard/Risk Score from a 1 to a overall score of 6 which is Low; Recall Class III. Thus we felt that even						1. Brand Name LeadCare II Test System						
	though we have mitigated the issue completely through						2. Common Device Name 2b. Procode LeadCare II Analyzer DOF						
	our pending labeling change and Customer Letter, it was in compliance with FDA and our internal recall procedure that we chose to file this MDR with FDA.						3. Manufacturer Name, City and State 101 Billerica Ave., Bldg 4 Billerica, Ma. 01862						
	10/15/2016 (LeadCare II) Once root cause was foun				ound		4. Model #		Lot #			5. Operator	of Device
		to have the same			70-6762		N/A	Data (ma	(-1-16	_ J Health	Professional		
AS	problem but a	t lesser impact					Catalog # 70-6762		Expiration Date (mm/dd/yyyy) Image: Comparison of the second se			ser/Patient	
PLE	Please see at	or Problem		Serial #		Unique Identifier (UDI) # Other:							
2	of LeadCare II					1 1	N/A			5500600			
				(Continue	on page 3)		6. If Implante	ed, Give Date	e (mm/dd/yyyy)	7. If Exp	lanted, G	ive Date (mm/	/dd/yyyy)
	6. Relevant Tests/Laboratory Data, Including Dates						8. Is this a Single-use Device that was Reprocessed and Reused on a Patient?						
									nter Name and Ad	dress of R	eprocesso	or	
							10. Device Available for Evaluation? (Do not send to FDA)						
							Yes No Returned to Manufacturer on:						
	(Continue on page 3)						11. Concomitant Medical Products and Therapy Dates (Exclude treatment of event)						
	7. Other Relevant History, Including Preexisting Medical Conditions (e.g., allergies, race, pregnancy, smoking and alcohol use, hepatic/renal dysfunction, etc.) Medical Decision points of treating lead is per CDC					(Continue on page 3)							
	guidelines (see attached letter dated Nov. 29)factored						E. INITIAL REPORTER						
	into the decision initially not to file. The LeadCare Ultra intended use is to test for lead						1. Name and Address						
	levels in whole blood for occupational and pediatric						No Complaints registered through complaint system or Product Support. This Ammendment to the MedWatch						
	testing. "Based on the prevalence of elevated blood lead levels from the CDC, approximately 2.5% of your patient results may cross the medical decision point of							2015-000	01 resulte				
	5 ug/dL." (Continue on page 3)						Phone # Email Address rdaoust@magellandx.com						
	Submission of a report does not constitute an admission that medical					-	2. Health Pro	ofessional?	3. Occupation		-	Initial Repor	rter Also Sen
	personnel, user f	facility, importer, dibuted to the event.	istributor, ma	anufacturer	or product			VN0	Administrat	tor/Supe	rviso	Report to FI	DA No 🗌 Unk

F

MEDWATCH

FDA USE ONLY

FORM FDA 3500	A (2/13) (cont	tinued)	Page 2	e of <u>3</u>		
F. FOR USE BY	USER FACILIT	Y/IMPORTER (D	evices Only)	H. DEVICE MANUE	ACTURERS ONLY	
Check One		2. UF/Importer F	Report Number	1. Type of Reportable Eve	nt	2. If Follow-up, What Type?
User Facility	Importer			Death		Correction
3. User Facility or Imp	orter Name/Addre	ISS		Serious Injury		✓ Additional Information
				Malfunction		Response to FDA Request
						Device Evaluation
				3. Device Evaluated by Ma	anufacturer?	4. Device Manufacture Date
				Not Returned to Ma		(mm/yyyy)
4. Contact Person		5. Phone N	umber		ion Summary Attached	09/2016
					explain why not) or	5. Labeled for Single Use?
6. Date User Facility of	or 7. Typ	e of Report	8. Date of This Report	provide code:	,	☐ Yes 🖌 No
Importer Became Aware of Event (mr	n/dd/yyyy)	nitial	(mm/dd/yyyy)			_
				6. Event Problem and Eva	luation Codes (Refer to	coding manual)
9. Approximate		ollow-up #	na manual)	Patient	_	_
Age of Device	10. Event Problem Codes (Refer to codi			Code Device		
	Patient Code	-	-	Code	13 -	31 - 36
	Device			Mathe	31 -	
	Code			Method	_	
11. Report Sent to FD	A? 12. L	Location Where Event		Results	57 - 78	- 75 -
Yes(mm/do	(//////////////////////////////////////	Hospital	Outpatient Diagnostic Facility	L I		
No (minute	1/ y y y y y)	Home	Ambulatory	Conclusions	150 - 160	
13. Report Sent to Ma	nufacturer?	Nursing Home	Surgical Facility	7. If Remedial Action Initia	ated, Check Type	3. Usage of Device
✓ Yes		Outpatient Treatme		Recall 🗸	Notification	✓ Initial Use of Device
(<i>mm/do</i>	d/yyyy)	🖌 Other: Internal	Investigation	Repair	Inspection	Reuse
14. Manufacturer Nan	a /A ddross		(Specify)	Replace	Patient Monitoring	Unknown
Magellan Diagr				Relabeling	woulloadon	 If action reported to FDA under 21 USC 360i(f), list correction/
101 Billerica Ave, Bldg. 4			,	Other: Letter	Adjustment	removal reporting number:
North Billeric	ca, Ma. 0186	4				
				10. 🖌 Additional Manufa	acturer Narrative	and / or 11. Corrected Data
G. ALL MANUFA		ite for Devices)	2. Phone Number	See Section B.5	attachment Lear	Care II
1. Contact Office (and Name	d Manufacturing S	ite for Devices)	978-248-4811	See Section B.S	actaciment. Lead	icale II
Magellan Diagn	ostics		3. Report Source			ered the root cause for
Address			(Check all that apply)		<i>y</i> 1	led with this MedWatch
			Foreign	our LeadCare II	-	internal investations to
101 Billerica			Study		-	
North Billeric	.a, ma. 0100	-	Literature			result at immediate
Email Address			Consumer			that a larger population lead levels below the
rdaoust@magel]	Landx.com		Health Professional			ibly not be retested or
4. Date Received by	5.		User Facility			a, the Risk Assessment
Manufacturer (mm	(A))NDA #	Company Representative			isk Score was increased ple) to an overall score
Initial Ultr		IND #	Distributor			II. With this increased
6. If IND, Give Protoc	ol #	BLA #	Other:	level of risk an	d in compliance	with Magellan's Adverse
			-	-		, Magellan is filing thi
7. Type of Report	5	PMA/ 510(k) # <u>K123563</u>				reatment reagent is the ltra and LC II. See B5
(Check all that appl	y) Co	ombination		further explanat		Lora and Lo II. Dec DJ
5-day 30-	iodic Pr	roduct Yes				
☐ 7-day	Pr	re-1938 Yes				mer Letter requiring a 4
	low-up # 1 0	TC Product Yes		reduced to 1.	γεττοά της τοτά.	l Hazard/Risk Score is
9. Manufacturer Rep		Adverse Event Term(s)			
			,			
1218996-2015-	00001					
This costion ann	ies only to require	ments of the Panerwo	rk Reduction Act of 1995.	Department of Health and H	Juman Services	OMB Statement: "An agency may not

The public reporting burden for this collection of information has been estimated to average 66 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to:

OMB Statement: "An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of

 Department of Health and Human Services
 OMB Statement: "An agency may not

 Food and Drug Administration
 conduct or sponsor, and a person is not

 Office of Chief Information Officer
 required to respond to, a collection of

 Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) Staff
 information unless it displays a currently

 PRAStaff@fda.hhs.gov
 valid OMB control number."

 Please DO NOT RETURN this form to the above PRA Staff email address.

(CONTINUATION PAGE) For use by user-facilities, importers, distributors, and manufacturers

> for MANDATORY reporting Page 3 of 3

MedWatch

FORM FDA 3500A (2/13) (continued)

B.5. Describe Event or Problem (continued) See attached B.5 Document.

Back to Item B.5 B.6. Relevant Tests/Laboratory Data, Including Dates (continued) Back to Item B.6 B.7. Other Relevant History, Including Preexisting Medical Conditions (e.g., allergies, race, pregnancy, smoking and alcohol use, hepatic/renal dysfunction, etc.) (continued) Back to Item B.7 Back to Item D.11 Back to Item C.10 Concomitant Medical Products and Therapy Dates (Exclude treatment of event) (For continuation of C.10 and/or D.11; please distinguish) **Other Remarks** See Attached: 1. Section B.5 2. Customer Letter dated November 4, 2016 3. Reference Original MedWatch filed on the LeadCare Ultra

SECTION B5

Description of Problem and Events:

Description of Problem: Internal studies have shown that the LeadCare II is also affected by the below mentioned "incubation effect" as exhibited and previously submitted for the LeadCare Ultra in MedWatch Report 218996-2015-00001.

Magellan Diagnostics (MDx) has recently determined the root cause of the issue with the LeadCare Ultra blood results being underestimated, as compared to the GFAAS, to be the curing agent found in the rubber caps used in venous blood collection tubes. This issue was previously filed with MedWatch Report # 218996-2015-00001. To date, there have been no customer reports of this issue from LeadCare II users.

Some venous blood collection tubes, including Becton Dickinson (BD) K₂-EDTA Vacutainer® tubes, may introduce a substance into the blood sample that could cause an underestimation of the blood lead result. This substance is believed to be a b(4), TS containing curing agent used in the manufacture of the rubber stopper. In cases of prolonged exposure to the cap (tube placed on a rocker or stored upside down for several hours), the substance can leach into the blood sample. When the blood sample is mixed with treatment reagent and analyzed immediately, the substance can suppress the lead response. MDx did not observe this during the clinical studies prior to product release. It is assumed that there have been changes to the Cap manufacturing process due to RoHS, REACH and other requirements, and that these changes may have led to the phenomenon that is the subject of this report.

On identifying the root cause MDx realized that a very small proportion of our LeadCare II customers (approx.**b(4)**, **CCI** or 8%) may also be using venous blood collection tubes and transporting samples prior to testing for lead. Internal testing found evidence of a lesser effect on the LeadCare II. While not as long acting as observed for the LeadCare Ultra, it takes a minimum of a 4 hour room temperature incubation of blood/treatment reagent mixture to completely mitigate the underestimation of lead by LeadCare II. MDx has no control over the blood collection tube manufacturer's process and the amount of the substance leaching into the sample varies, depending on the amount in the cap, and also the amount of time the blood touches the cap varies depending on workflow. Therefore MDx has decided that all clinical customers must be contacted out of an abundance of caution, as we work on a mitigation that doesn't affect their workflow.

PLEASE NOTE: Capillary tubes and fingers sticks do NOT exhibit this phenomenon as there are no rubber stoppers to contact the blood and leach the interfering substance.

The difference between the LeadCare II and the LeadCare Ultra is two fold. The LeadCare II uses fresh, non-anticoagulated whole blood and treatment reagent of 0.34M HCl. LeadCare Ultra can use heparin or EDTA anticoagulated blood that has been stored up to 3 days, and the reagent contains 0.34M HCl *plus* Carbon. The carbon slows down the reaction with the interferent and therefore takes longer for the lead results to come up to the appropriate levels, *i.e.*, equivalent to the reference GFAAS.

The Total Hazard/Risk Score was calculated to a 6 which is Low, Recall Level III. Based on this level of risk and in compliance with Magellan's Adverse Events procedure and FDA 820.30, Magellan is amending this MedWatch with FDA.

In Magellan's investigational studies it was determined that by allowing the blood-treatment reagent mixture to sit (a process we have termed "incubation"), for a minimum of 4 hours prior to analysis mitigates this problem. This reduces the Total Hazard/Risk Score back to a 1. A customer letter has been issued to inform our clinical customer base of this issue. We have incorporated a Faxback sheet to track the notification of customers. In addition we will modify the labeling for the LeadCare II so future customers will be informed.

Dates of Events

Based on data collected by Magellan, from carefully controlled time course studies, a Customer Letter was issued on 11/04/2016 to all^{b(4), CCI} of LeadCare II customers to recommend that if a sample is collected in a blood collection tube and transported, they incubate the sample in treatment reagent for a minimum of 4 hours at room temperature. This letter was issued with a "Faxback" form and will be tracked in Product Support.

Conclusion of Customer Letter: "These data demonstrate that incubation of the sample- treatment reagent mixture for 4 hours at room temperature prior to analysis minimizes bias and generates results that are comparable to the reference method, GFAAS. We are performing additional validation studies to determine if the 4-hour minimum incubation time can be reduced or eliminated, and will notify you of our final resolution."

The following actions have been taken to inform customers of this issue:

- 1. Letter to Customer 11/4/2016
- 2. Faxback Form for Tracking 11/4/2016
- 3. Updated Package Insert for new kits 11/7/2016
- 4. Insert to LeadCare II Kit's to alert them of the change 11/7/2016
- 5. Internal training for Product Support and Sales / Customer facing personnel

The Total Hazard/Risk Score was originally calculated to a 6 which is Low, Recall Level III. Based on this level of risk and in compliance with Magellan's Adverse Events procedure and FDA 820.30, Magellan is amending this MDR with FDA.

After the 4 hour incubation, the effect of the rubber caps was completely mitigated. The Risk Assessment was performed again the Total Hazard/Risk Score was re-calculated to be 1 (None/Negligible). Again to emphasize this only affects a very small percentage of our customer base. Most customers are in a CLIA waived environment and use only capillary tubes.



Notice to Customers

November 4, 2016

Dear Customer:

This letter is to inform customers that analyze **venous** blood with the LeadCare[®] II Blood Lead Testing System of a discovery that could potentially impact patient results. This discovery does not impact customers that analyze capillary blood collected from a fingerstick.

We have discovered that some venous collection tubes, including Becton Dickinson (BD) K_2 -EDTA Vacutainer[®] tubes, may introduce a substance into the blood sample that could produce an underestimation of the LeadCare II blood lead result. The substance is believed to be a sulfur-containing curing agent used in the manufacture of the rubber stopper. In cases of prolonged exposure to the stopper (tube placed on a rocker or stored upside down for several hours), the substance can leach into the blood sample.

When a venous blood sample that may have been exposed to this substance is mixed with treatment reagent and analyzed immediately, the substance can suppress the lead response. In such cases where the lead response is suppressed, we have determined that allowing the blood-treatment reagent mixture to sit (incubate) at room temperature mitigates the suppression of the lead response.

If you are receiving venous samples collected at other sites, and therefore cannot assess the extent to which the blood sample has been in contact with the rubber cap, we recommend that the blood-treatment reagent mixtures sit at room temperature for 4 hours to allow complete release of the lead. We have determined that this length of time is sufficient to mitigate the effects of rubber stopper exposure. This notification is made out of an abundance of caution, as we have no way of determining the absence or presence, nor the quantity of this substance, in individual lots of blood collection tubes.

To ensure optimal performance, we advise all customers receiving venous samples from outside sites to implement a 4-hour room temperature incubation of the blood-treatment reagent mixture prior to analysis with the LeadCare II system.

This correspondence is being tracked for notification purposes. To acknowledge receipt of this notice, please complete the enclosed form and fax it to our Quality Assurance Department.

Upon completion of further studies, we will update the package insert if necessary and provide you with any required documentation.

We sincerely apologize for this issue and assure you of our commitment to providing as complete and rapid a resolution as possible.

Please contact **Product Support at 1-800-275-0102** if you have any questions.

FAX FORM RECORD Notification on the LeadCare II System

The enclosed notification is intended to alert your facility regarding an issue identified with the LeadCare[®] II System where the instrument may underestimate the blood lead result in venous samples when the sample-treatment reagent mixture is not allowed to incubate for a period of time prior to analysis.

This is being tracked for notification purposes. Please complete this fax form record acknowledging receipt of the notification and fax the signed copy to the indicated fax number.

	Contact Magellan Diagno 1-800-2		
Please ret	urn via fax to 978-600-1480 or 888-789-8	040	
Institution N	lame		
Street Addr	ess		
City	State/P	rovince	
Country	Zip/Postal Code	Date _	
Email			
☐ We	 ify with a check (√) that the following activities read and understand the notification and the Magellan Diagnostics recommends NO Magellan Diagnostics recommends a mareagent mixture prepared from venous to ensure complete recovery of the lead This notification was reviewed with the press analyzed by your facility: □capillete types (if applicable)	recommended protocol: CHANGE for testing ca inimum 4-hour incubat samples prior to analys result. alaboratory staff. ary only _venous c	pillary samples. ion of the blood-treatment is on the LeadCare II System only □capillary and venous
Name (plea	se print)		
Signature _		Email Phone No	
	this record back to: Reba Daoust, Quality Assurance		Fax: 978-600-1480
	Phone: 978-856-2345 (for transmission pro	blems only)	or 888-789-8040

101 Billerica Ave, Building 4, North Billerica, Massachusetts 01862 • Telephone: 978.856.2345 • Fax: 978.856.2335 • www.Magellandx.com

Product Bulletin Effect of Rubber Cap Interference on the LeadCare[®] II System

LeadCare[®] II

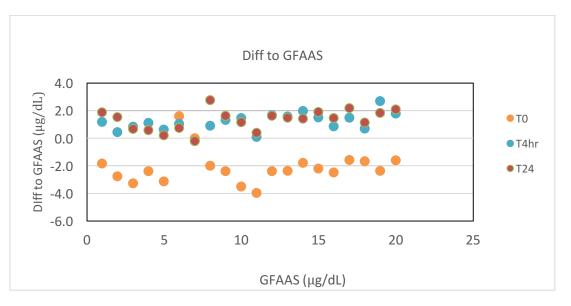
November 11, 2016

We have discovered that some venous blood collection tubes, including Becton Dickinson (BD) K_2 -EDTA Vacutainer[®] tubes, may introduce a substance into the blood sample that can produce an underestimation of the LeadCare II blood lead result. The substance is believed to be a sulfur-containing curing agent used in the manufacture of the rubber cap. In cases of prolonged exposure to the rubber cap (e.g. tube placed on a rocker or stored upside down for several hours), the substance can leach into the blood sample.

When a venous blood sample that may have been exposed to this substance is mixed with treatment reagent and analyzed immediately, the substance can suppress the lead response. In such cases where the lead response is suppressed, we have determined that allowing the blood-treatment reagent mixture to stand (incubate) at room temperature mitigates the suppression of the lead response.

Study Parameters & Results

The graph below demonstrates the mitigation afforded by increased incubation time. In this study, 20 occupational health blood samples were shipped to Magellan Diagnostics from 5 different locations. These venous bloods were pipetted into treatment reagent, mixed and assayed immediately, and after allowing the blood-treatment reagent mixture to stand for 4 hours and 24 hours.





Product Bulletin

Effect of Rubber Cap Interference on the LeadCare[®] II System

LeadCare[®]II

Summary

We have discovered that some venous blood collection tubes may introduce a substance into the blood sample that can cause an underestimation of the LeadCare II blood lead result. If you are receiving venous samples collected at other sites, and therefore cannot assess the extent to which the blood sample has been in contact with the rubber cap, we recommend that the blood-treatment reagent mixtures stand at room temperature for 4 hours to allow complete release of the lead. We have determined that this length of time is sufficient to mitigate rubber cap exposure.

Recommendations

- For capillary samples: Magellan Diagnostics recommends NO CHANGE.
- For venous samples that are shipped or rocked: Magellan Diagnostics recommends a minimum 4-hour room temperature incubation of the blood-treatment reagent mixture prior to analysis.
- For venous samples that are drawn and analyzed immediately: Magellan Diagnostics recommends NO CHANGE.

