FDA Office of Acquisitions and Grants Services Overview

Karen Zeiter
February 15\textsuperscript{th}, 2017
Agenda

- Who We Are
- What We Do
- How We Are Organized
- Our Focus
- Working in OAGS
We Enable FDA’s Mission

FDA is responsible for:

- **Protecting the public health** by assuring that foods are safe, wholesome, sanitary and properly labeled; human and veterinary drugs, and vaccines and other biological products and medical devices intended for human use are safe and effective.
- **Protecting the public** from electronic product radiation.
- **Assuring** cosmetics and dietary supplements are safe and properly labeled.
- **Regulating tobacco** products.
- **Advancing the public health** by helping to speed product innovations.
- **Helping the public** get the accurate science-based information they need to use medicines, devices, and foods to improve their health.

FDA’s responsibilities extend to the 50 United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and other US territories and possessions.
Globalization - FDA works to transform from a predominantly domestically-focused agency operating in a globalized economy to a modern public health regulatory agency fully prepared for a complex globalized regulatory environment.

Advancing Regulatory Science - Building on the achievements of existing agency programs to develop new tools, standards, and approaches to assess the safety, efficacy, quality, and performance of all FDA-regulated products.

Food Safety - The Food Safety Modernization Act gives FDA a mandate to develop a science-based food safety system that addresses hazards from farm to table—putting greater emphasis on prevention of foodborne illness.

Tobacco - Passage of the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control gives FDA the authority to regulate the manufacture, distribution, and marketing of tobacco products to protect public health.
Innovation - FDA is redoubling efforts to encourage innovations that will promote public health as well as strengthen the American economy.

Medical Countermeasures - FDA plays a critical role in protecting the United States from chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and emerging infectious disease threats. FDA’s responsibility is to ensure that medical countermeasures (MCMs)—such as drugs, vaccines, and diagnostic tests—to counter these threats are safe, effective, and secure.

Transparency - FDA seeks to make more information available to the public rapidly in a form that is easily accessible and user-friendly and to foster a better understanding of Agency operations and decision-making.

Sentinel Initiative - the Sentinel Initiative aims to develop and implement a proactive electronic system that will transform FDA’s ability to track the safety of drugs, biologics, and medical devices once they reach the market is now on the horizon.
Centers/Offices that OAGS Supports

Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER)
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER)
Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH)
Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (CFSAN)
Center for Tobacco Products (CTP)
Center for Veterinary Medicine (CVM)
National Center for Toxicological Research (NCTR)
Office of Information Management and Technology (OIMT)
Office of Regulatory Affairs (ORA)
Office of the Commissioner/Office of Operations (OC/OO)

For more information on each Center/Office and its mission please visit [www.fda.gov](http://www.fda.gov).
## OAGS Mission, Vision & Goals

### Mission

Our mission is to provide **high quality support** to FDA programs by managing all contracts, and assistance agreements in a **timely manner** and at a **reasonable cost**.

### Vision

Our goal is to be an acquisition center of excellence by fostering **strategic collaboration** with our partners and **empowering our workforce** to achieve results that protect and promote the health of all Americans while maintaining the public trust.

### Goals

1. **Build effective partnerships with our FDA Customers and Stakeholders**
2. **Mature our Acquisition Practices**
3. **Institute a Performance Culture**
4. **Develop our Organization and our People**
Goals and Statistics
# FY16 Statistics for OAGS

## Fiscal Year Totals*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY 15</th>
<th>FY 16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Actions Awarded**</td>
<td>6,104</td>
<td>7,126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Obligated</td>
<td>$1.67 B</td>
<td>$1.54 B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Doesn't include P-Card Data which is obligated external to OAGS

**Doesn't include Post Award Grant Actions for FY15

## Grant Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY 15</th>
<th>FY 16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Awarded Grants</td>
<td>575</td>
<td>637</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post Award Grant Actions</td>
<td>Not Recorded</td>
<td>452</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Obligated</td>
<td>$161.03 M</td>
<td>$182.1 M</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Purchase Card Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY 15</th>
<th>FY 16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>$67.9 M</td>
<td>$69.5 M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of Transactions</td>
<td>107,573</td>
<td>106,162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardholder Accounts (Average)</td>
<td>877</td>
<td>876</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convenience Check Spend</td>
<td>$176,477</td>
<td>$180,202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convenience Check Transaction #</td>
<td>247</td>
<td>248</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rebates Earned</td>
<td>$.987 M</td>
<td>$1.09 M</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Interagency Agreement Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY 15</th>
<th>FY 16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reimbursable IAAs</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reimbursable IAA Dollar Value (Funds-in)</td>
<td>$81.2 M</td>
<td>$27.2 M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service IAAs (Funds-out)</td>
<td>442</td>
<td>668</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service IAAs Total Value</td>
<td>$225.9 M</td>
<td>$277.4 M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Awarded</td>
<td>487</td>
<td>740</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Obligated</td>
<td>$307.1 M</td>
<td>$277.4 M</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Contracts (including PO) Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY 15</th>
<th>FY 16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Awarded Contracts</td>
<td>5,042</td>
<td>5,297</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Obligated</td>
<td>$1.2 B</td>
<td>$1.1 B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FY16 Statistics for OAGS

Note: This data only represents Contract Awards, not IAAs nor Grants
## FDA SOCIODEMOMIC GOALS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Small Business Award Categories</th>
<th>FY Goal*</th>
<th>FY 11</th>
<th>FY12</th>
<th>FY13</th>
<th>FY14</th>
<th>FY15</th>
<th>FY16</th>
<th>FY17 (YTD)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Small Businesses</td>
<td>41% (35% until FY14) (43% in FY14)</td>
<td>47.46%</td>
<td>55.90%</td>
<td>48.93%</td>
<td>43.28%</td>
<td>50.10%</td>
<td>48.5%</td>
<td>35.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8(a) Businesses</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>19.53%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small Disadvantaged Businesses</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>28.24%</td>
<td>34.70%</td>
<td>30.69%</td>
<td>25.28%</td>
<td>29.50%</td>
<td>27.9%</td>
<td>24.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women-Owned Small Businesses</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>12.05%</td>
<td>16.55%</td>
<td>9.92%</td>
<td>13.63%</td>
<td>15.90%</td>
<td>17.8%</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HubZone Businesses</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>2.96%</td>
<td>3.59%</td>
<td>2.59%</td>
<td>3.61%</td>
<td>2.20%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Disabled Veteran Owned</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>3.99%</td>
<td>4.68%</td>
<td>2.14%</td>
<td>2.93%</td>
<td>3.17%</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In 2016 more than $507 Million Awarded to Small Businesses!!!
## FDA Competition Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Center</th>
<th>Percent of Eligible Actions Competed</th>
<th>Percent of Eligible Dollars Competed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HHS Goal</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY13</td>
<td>91.0%</td>
<td>98.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY14</td>
<td>90.0%</td>
<td>96.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY15</td>
<td>91.0%</td>
<td>95.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY16</td>
<td>91.0%</td>
<td>94.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY17 (YTD)</td>
<td>91%</td>
<td>98%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Awarded Actions and Volume

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acquisition Summary</th>
<th>Actions</th>
<th>Dollars (in Millions)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FY13</td>
<td>6,919</td>
<td>$1,626.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY14</td>
<td>6,605</td>
<td>$1,534.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY15</td>
<td>6,906</td>
<td>$1,551.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY16</td>
<td>7,126</td>
<td>$1,540.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY17 (YTD)</td>
<td>1,893</td>
<td>$315.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In 2016, more than $507 Million Awarded to Small Businesses!
Totals include Contract Actions, Grants, and IAAs.
HOW TO DO BUSINESS WITH THE FDA
Commodities and Services Purchased

- Information Technology services, hardware and software
- Telecommunication products
- A/V Equipment and maintenance
- Scientific software
- Office furniture, equipment, and supplies
- Animal feed
- Bedding and cages
- Chemicals and supplies
- Reagents
- Pharmaceuticals, drugs, and intravenous solutions
- Electronic components and supplies
- X-ray equipment
- Scientific equipment
- Laboratory furniture, equipment, and supplies
- Animals for research (including horses, calves, cats, dogs, guinea pigs, chicks, hens, etc.)
Commodities and Services Purchased

- Research studies
- Investigations, surveys
- Tests and analyses of a scientific or medical nature
- Examinations, surveys, inspections, and reviews
- Professional Services
- Conference support/Events Planning
- Document Management
- Training
- Facility renovation
- Administrative Support/Temporary Services
- Architect/engineering support
- Operation and maintenance of facilities
- Facility support (e.g. custodial, trash, guard services)
- Moving Services
Doing Business with the FDA (1 of 3)

- Contact Small Business Program Office - [www.hhs.gov/about/smallbusiness/](http://www.hhs.gov/about/smallbusiness/)

- Review Procurement Forecast for the Products and/or Services that Your Business Sells (HHS Procurement Forecast Data Repository)
  - [https://procurementforecast.hhs.gov/Contract](https://procurementforecast.hhs.gov/Contract)

- Obtain a DUNS number from Dun & Bradstreet and Register in System for Award Management (SAM).
  - A DUNS number is a business identification number and businesses must have DUNS numbers to do business with the Federal Government. There is no cost to obtain a DUNS number. You must be registered in SAM to do business with the Federal government. [www.sam.gov](http://www.sam.gov)

- Become Familiar with Federal Contracting Procedures.
  - Federal agencies must follow certain rules relating to procurement, which can be different than typical business practices. The Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) is the primary source of guidance on federal contracting. Most agencies have agency-specific supplements to the FAR. The FDA uses the Health and Human Services Acquisition Regulation (HHSAR).
Doing Business with the FDA (2 of 3)

- Market Your Business to the Right Contacts and know what FDA buys.
  - Do not send information to the highest official that you can find. It is more effective to send information to the contracting office, the Small Business Specialist, or the appropriate program official.

- Visit FedBizOpps Website at [www.fbo.gov](http://www.fbo.gov)
  - Single point of entry for business opportunities valued in excess of $25,000
  - Register to receive notifications whenever business opportunities relevant to your industry are posted.

- Attend Agency Sponsored Vendor Outreach Sessions, Trade Fairs, and Other Business Networking Events.
  - HHS conducts monthly outreach session
  - Networking and teaming opportunities.

- Explore Subcontracting Opportunities
Doing Business with the FDA (3 of 3)

- **Respond to Requests for Information (RFI) / Sources Sought Notices**
  - Submit detail sufficient to determine capabilities

- **Obtain one or more GSA Schedule contracts and/or GWACs.**
  - Being on schedule and/or a GWAC makes good “business sense” and will provide your company with multiple options.

- **Maintain High Standards of Integrity.**
  - Do not attempt to act outside of the boundaries set in the FAR and various agencies supplements.
  - Federal officials involved in the procurement process are limited in what information they can disclose to whom and when. Do not pressure them for additional information and do not attempt to circumvent the boundaries set.
Where to Go for More Information

- Doing Business With FDA - Make Your Connection (http://www.fda.gov/AboutFDA/business/default.htm)

- FedBizOpps (www.fbo.gov) site includes training videos for small business and instructions on registering and monitoring agency requirements.

- HHS Small Business Office (www.hhs.gov/about/smallbusiness) has information on current requirements, forecasts, “Doing Business,” etc.

- The Small Business Administration (www.sba.gov/category/navigation-structure/contracting) has great deal of information with web links for determining size status and resources to research government requirements.

- All grant announcements across the government are available at: http://www.grants.gov.
Procurement Forecast Data Repository

This forecast is intended to inform vendors - especially small businesses - about HHS’s potential procurement opportunities prior to their official solicitation.

http://procurementforecast.hhs.gov/
For Industry Partners - Getting on Schedule

The GSA Schedules program is the premier acquisition vehicle in government, with approximately $50 Billion a year in spending or 10 percent (10%) of overall federal procurement spending.

GSA Schedules are fast, easy, and effective contracting vehicles for both customers and industry partners. For GSA Schedules, GSA establishes long-term, governmentwide contracts with commercial companies to provide access to millions of commercial products and services at volume discount pricing.

GSA continually updates the offerings under the GSA Schedules program, and aids industry partners in being successful in the government marketplace. Particularly, the GSA Schedules program has a strong record of small business achievement.

To be successful under the GSA Schedules program, industry partners should be prepared to take necessary steps to be productive in a highly competitive marketplace. Having a GSA Schedule contract is a significant investment on the part of the industry partner and GSA. Careful analysis, planning, and proactive steps are required to ensure industry partners are successful under the GSA Schedules program.

GSA is committed to helping industry partners succeed in the government marketplace. To aid you with your decision to get on a GSA Schedule, here is some important information to consider:

- Eighty percent (80%) of GSA Multiple Award Schedule (MAS) contractors are small businesses who represent 36 percent (36%) of sales;
- More than $40B flows through GSA MAS contracts every year;
- In Fiscal Year 2012, approximately 10 percent of government needs were procured through the GSA MAS contracts;
- GSA had over 19,000 MAS contracts in Fiscal Year 2012; and
- Approximately 40 percent (40%) of the 19,000 GSA MAS contracts generate sales.
OAGS Contact Information

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240.402.7584

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Sandy Bellinger, Director, Division of Information Technology Acquisitions
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Ronald Rouse, Director, Division of Acquisition Programs
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Ronald Loube, Director, Division of State Acquisition, Agreements, and Grants
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Vidya Vish, Director, Division of Acquisition Operations
240.402.7576

Bryan Jones, Director, Division of Systems, Policy, and Program Support
240.402.7571

Allison Brown, Small Business Specialist
770.488.3041
QUESTIONS