

**FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION (FDA)**  
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER)

***Oncologic Drugs Advisory Committee (ODAC) Meeting***  
Tommy Douglas Conference Center  
10000 New Hampshire Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland  
September 14, 2016

**DRAFT QUESTIONS**

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**NDA 208714**

**Apaziquone for intravesical instillation**  
**APPLICANT: Spectrum Pharmaceuticals, Inc.**

**PROPOSED INDICATION:** For immediate intravesical instillation post-transurethral resection of bladder tumors in patients with non-muscle invasive bladder cancer

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The Applicant has conducted 2 randomized trials of a single instillation of apaziquone versus placebo following resection of nonmuscle invasive bladder cancer. One of the 2 very similar trials was conducted under a Special Protocol Assessment. The primary endpoint of both trials was disease recurrence, defined as any histologically-confirmed bladder cancer, within the 2 year study period. The primary analysis population included patients with Ta grade 1 or 2 nonmuscle invasive bladder cancer by central pathology review.

Both trials failed to demonstrate a reduction in disease recurrence with apaziquone at 2 years. The 2 year rate of recurrence was lower for apaziquone-treated than for placebo-treated patients in both trials. The magnitude of reduction (6.6% and 6.2%) was; however, lower than that seen with currently available therapy. The safety profile of apaziquone was similar to that of placebo.

FDA Primary Analyses				
	611 TaG1-2		612 TaG1-2	
	Apaziquone N = 295	Placebo N = 271	Apaziquone N = 282	Placebo N = 298
Number of Recurrences	112 (38.0%)	121 (44.6%)	114 (40.4%)	139 (46.6%)
Difference (95% CI)	6.6% (-1.8%, 15.1%)		6.2% (-2.2%, 14.6%)	
Odds Ratio	0.76		0.78	
p-value	0.11		0.13	

The Applicant has conducted unplanned pooling of the results of the two studies. They have identified in post-hoc analyses, that the timing of intravesical therapy relative to resection could enhance the effect of apaziquone. The Applicant is currently testing this hypothesis (and the administration of a 2<sup>nd</sup> dose of apaziquone) in a large, randomized trial in the same patient population under another Special Protocol Assessment.

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The Agency's primary concern is whether the Applicant has demonstrated substantial evidence of efficacy. Substantial evidence ensures, through well controlled and well-conducted clinical trial(s), that a treatment effect has been identified and is not due to variability in the underlying disease, bias, or chance alone.

1. **VOTE:** Has substantial evidence of a treatment effect for apaziquone over placebo been demonstrated?
2. **DISCUSSION:** For those who voted "yes" to question 1 that an effect has been demonstrated, please discuss the clinical meaning of the results of studies 611 and 612.