

[Airspace Docket No. 72-SO-125]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Alteration of Transition Area

The purpose of this amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is to alter the London, Ky., transition area.

The London transition area is described in § 71.181 (37 F.R. 2143). A revision to VOR Runway 5 Instrument Approach Procedure, effective December 7, 1972, requires an extension predicated on the London VORTAC 202° radial 9 miles wide and extending to 10 miles south of the VORTAC, which is an estimated additional 13 square miles of controlled airspace. Since this amendment is minor in nature, notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary.

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended, effective 0901 G.m.t., December 7, 1972, as hereinafter set forth.

In § 71.181 (37 F.R. 2143), the London, Ky., transition area is amended as follows:

*** long. 84°04'38" W) *** is deleted and *** long. 84°04'38" W); within 4.5 miles each side of London VORTAC 202° radial, extending from the 12.5-mile radius area to 10 miles south of the VORTAC *** is substituted therefor.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958, 49 U.S.C. 1348(a); sec. 6(c), Department of Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. 1655(c))

Issued in East Point, Ga., on November 24, 1972.

PHILLIP M. SWATEK,
Director, Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 72-20816 Filed 12-4-72; 8:48 am]

[Airspace Docket No. 72-RM-26]

PART 73—SPECIAL USE AIRSPACE

Alteration of Special Use Airspace

On November 10, 1972, F.R. Doc. 72-19312 was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (37 F.R. 23904) which amends Parts 71 and 73 of the Federal Aviation Regulations, effective 0901 G.m.t., January 4, 1973, by dividing R-6408 into a northern portion (R-6408A) and a southern portion (R-6408B) and making a small increase in the northern portion. Inaccurate information in the text was noted after publication. Therefore, action is taken herein to correct affected information.

Since this amendment is minor in nature with no substantive change in the regulations, notice, and public procedure thereon are unnecessary, and good cause exists for making this amendment effective on less than 30-days notice.

In consideration of the foregoing, effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (12-5-72), F.R. Doc. 72-19312 (37 F.R. 23904) is amended as hereinafter set forth.

The last sentence in the first paragraph is hereby deleted.

In the fourth paragraph, subparagraphs 2.b. and c. "Longitude 109°21'30" W." is deleted and "Longitude 109°23'30" W." is substituted therefor.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958, 49 U.S.C. 1348(a); sec. 6(c), Department of Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. 1655(c))

Issued in Washington, D.C., on November 29, 1972.

CHARLES H. NEWPOL,
Acting Chief, Airspace and Air
Traffic Rules Division.

[FR Doc. 72-20817 Filed 12-4-72; 8:48 am]

[Airspace Docket No. 71-WA-3B]

PART 75—ESTABLISHMENT OF JET ROUTES AND AREA HIGH ROUTES

Designation of Area High Routes Correction

In F.R. Doc. 72-20164 appearing on page 24894 of the issue for Thursday, November 23, 1972, the reference in the penultimate line of the second airspace description, reading "40°02'01" ", should read "47°02'01" ".

Title 21—FOOD AND DRUGS

Chapter I—Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare

SUBCHAPTER C—DRUGS

[DESI 11048]

PART 148i—NEOMYCIN SULFATE

Antiperspirants and Deodorants Certifications Revoked

In the FEDERAL REGISTER of July 8, 1972 (37 F.R. 13481), the Commissioner of Food and Drugs announced (DESI 11048) the conclusions of the Food and Drug Administration following evaluation of reports received from the National Academy of Sciences-National Research Council, Drug Efficacy Study Group, on the following products for topical use containing aluminum chlorohydroxide complex in combination with neomycin sulfate:

1. Deocin Deodorant-Antiperspirant Lotion; The Upjohn Co., 7171 Portage Road, Kalamazoo, MI 49001 (NDA 11-048).
2. Top Brass Roll-On Deodorant; Revlon, Inc., 767 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 10022 (NDA 60-762).
3. Hi and Dri Antiperspirant Roll-On Deodorant; Revlon, Inc. (NDA 60-762).
4. Hi and Dri Cream Deodorant; Revlon, Inc. (NDA 60-761).
5. Neomycin Antiperspirant Lotion; Chas Pfizer and Co., Inc., 235 East 42d Street, New York, NY 10017 (NDA 11-805).
6. Biodorant Roll-On Deodorant; Helena Rubinstein Laboratories Inc., Northern Boulevard, Greenvale, Long Island, N.Y. 11548 (NDA 61-165).

The announcement gave notice that the Food and Drug Administration concluded that there is a lack of substantial evidence that the effectiveness of the above combination products is sufficient to warrant their use in view of the known risks involved.

The Commissioner announced his intention to initiate proceedings to amend the antibiotic drug regulations to delete provisions for certification or release of such combinations.

Interested persons were invited to submit, within 30 days after publication of the announcement in the FEDERAL REGISTER, written comments on the proposal to so amend the antibiotic drug regulations.

Revlon Research Center responded to the proposal; however the Commissioner concludes that no new data on which a different decision could be based have been presented.

Accordingly the Commissioner concludes: (1) That the antibiotic drug regulations should be amended to revoke provision for certification or release of such antibiotic drugs for human use, and (2) that all outstanding certificates and releases heretofore issued for such drugs should be revoked.

Therefore, pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (secs. 502, 507, 52 Stat. 1050-51, as amended, 59 Stat. 463, as amended; 21 U.S.C. 352, 357) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner (21 CFR 2.120), Part 148i is amended as follows.

Part 148i is amended by revoking § 148i.30 *Neomycin sulfite (commercial grade)—aluminum chlorohydroxide cream deodorant*; § 148i.30a *Neomycin sulfate (commercial grade)—aluminum chlorohydroxide deodorant lotions; neomycin sulfate (commercial grade)—aluminum chlorohydroxide-aluminum chloride deodorant lotion*; § 148i.30b *Neomycin sulfate-aluminum chlorohydroxide deodorant lotion*; and § 148i.31 *Neomycin sulfate (commercial grade)*.

Any person who will be adversely affected by the removal of any such drug from the market may file objections to this order and request a hearing, showing reasonable grounds therefor. The statement of reasonable grounds and request for a hearing shall be submitted in writing within 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER, shall state the reasons why the antibiotic regulations should not be so amended, and shall include a well-organized and full factual analysis of the clinical and other investigational data the objector is prepared to prove in support of his objections.

A request for a hearing may not rest upon mere allegations or denials, but must set forth specific facts showing that a genuine and substantial issue of fact requires a hearing. When it clearly appears from the data incorporated into or referred to by the objections and from the factual analysis in the request for a hearing that no genuine issue of fact precludes the action taken by this order the Commissioner will enter an order on

these data, making findings and conclusions on such data.

If a hearing is requested and justified by the objections, the issues will be defined and a hearing examiner named. The provisions of Subpart F of 21 CFR Part 2 shall apply to such hearing, except as modified by 21 CFR 146.1(f), and to judicial review in accord with section 701 (f) and (g) (21 U.S.C. 371 (f) and (g)) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. (35 F.R. 7250, May 8, 1970).

Objections and requests for a hearing should be filed (preferable in quintuplicate) with the Hearing Clerk, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Room 6-88, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Md. 20352. Received objections and requests for a hearing may be seen in the above office during regular business hours, Monday through Friday.

Effective date. This order shall become effective 40 days after its date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER. If objections are filed, the effective date will be extended as necessary to rule thereon. In so ruling, the Commissioner will specify another effective date.

(Secs. 502, 507, 52 Stat. 1050-51, as amended, 59 Stat. 463, as amended, 21 U.S.C. 352, 357)

Dated: November 29, 1972.

SAM D. FINE,
Associate Commissioner
for Compliance.

[FR Doc.72-20790 Filed 12-4-72; 8:45 am]

Title 36—PARKS, FORESTS, AND MEMORIALS

Chapter II—Forest Service, Department of Agriculture

PART 200—ORGANIZATION, FUNCTIONS, AND PROCEDURES

Subpart A—Organization

ADDRESS CHANGES

Subpart A of Part 200, Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, is revised to reflect minor organizational changes, several address changes, and some corrections.

§ 200.1 Central organization.

(a) **Central office.** The central office of the Forest Service is in Washington, D.C., in the South Agriculture Building. It consists of the Office of the Chief and Associate Chief, and a Deputy Chief for each of the following five activities: Programs and Legislation, National Forest System, Research, State and Private Forestry, and Administration. All communications should be addressed to the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, 14th Street and Independence Avenue, Washington, D.C. 20250.

(b) **Chief of the Forest Service.** The Chief of the Forest Service, under the direction of the Secretary of Agriculture, administers the formulation, direction, and execution of Forest Service policies, programs, and activities.

(c) **Major activities.** The major activities of the Forest Service are as follows:

(1) **Programs and legislation.** Overall planning of Forest Service programs, policy formulation and analysis, legislative development, reporting and liaison, and environmental coordination.

(2) **National Forest System.** Management of the lands and natural resources of the National Forest System under the multiple use-sustained yield principle. This System includes National Forests, National Grasslands, Purchase Units, Land Utilization Projects, Research and Experimental Areas, and other areas. Management includes planning, coordinating, and directing programs for timber, range, watershed, wildlife, fire, lands, recreation, and engineering.

(3) **Research.** Plan, coordinate, and direct research programs to learn how man for his well-being and enjoyment can best use and protect the plant, animal, soil, water, and esthetic resources of nonagricultural rural and exurban lands. These programs include research on timber management, forest products and engineering, forest economics and marketing, watersheds, wildlife and fish habitat, range, recreation and other environmental concerns, forest insects and disease, forest fire and atmospheric science. Plans and directs international forestry activities and disseminates forestry research information throughout the world.

(4) **State and private forestry.** Coordinate and provide leadership for intergovernmental resource programs for technical and financial assistance to improve and protect State and privately owned forest resources and urban and community forestry. Carries out this action through cooperative forestry, flood prevention and river basin programs, cooperative forest fire and pest control, cooperative tree planting, and overall Forest Service participation in rural development and environmental concern.

(5) **Administration.** Provide support for Forest Service programs through management improvement, budgeting and finance, administrative services, personnel management, information and education, manpower and youth conservation, antipoverty programs, communication and electronics, management information system, inspections and external audits, civil defense and other emergency activities, and coordination of civil rights activities.

§ 200.2 Field organization.

The field organization of the Forest Service consists of regions, stations, and areas as described below:

(a) **Regions of the National Forest System.** For the purpose of managing the lands administered by the Forest Service, the United States is divided into nine geographic regions of the National Forest System. Each region has a headquarters office and is supervised by a Regional Forester who is responsible to the Chief for the activities assigned to his region. Within each region are located national forests and other lands of the Forest Service.

(1) **National forests.** Each forest has a headquarters office and is supervised by a Forest Supervisor who is responsible to the Regional Forester. Each forest is divided into ranger districts.

(2) **Ranger districts.** Each district may include a portion of a national forest, a national grassland, or portion thereof, a national recreation area, and other lands administered by the Forest Service. Each district has a headquarters office and is supervised by a District Ranger who is responsible to the Forest Supervisor. The district constitutes the basic land management unit.

(b) **Experiment stations for forest and range research.** To facilitate forestry research in the field, the United States is divided into eight geographic regions referred to as experiment stations. Each station has a headquarters office and a Director who is responsible to the Chief for all research activities assigned to his station. The Forest Products Laboratory and Institute of Tropical Forestry are additional research organizations headed by Directors. Each experiment station has research project locations dispersed within its geographic boundaries.

(1) **Laboratories.** Research activities are at 88 locations including 47 modern laboratories.

(2) **Field facilities.** Within experiment stations there are 81 experimental forests and ranges and 100 research natural areas.

(c) **Areas for State and private forestry cooperation.** Field-level cooperation between the Forest Service, States, and the private sector on forestry activities is accomplished within two geographic areas in the Eastern United States, and within the national forest regions in the Western United States. Each of the two Eastern areas has a headquarters office and is supervised by an Area Director, who is responsible to the Chief for the activities assigned to his Area. Regional Foresters in Western Regions 1 through 6 and 10 are responsible for State and private forestry activities within their regions.

(d) **Field addresses.** The addresses of Regional Foresters, Research Station Directors, Area Directors, and Forest Supervisors are given below. Location of specific ranger district headquarters may be obtained from Forest Supervisors.

NATIONAL FORESTS BY REGIONS

REGION 1, NORTHERN REGION

Regional Forester, Federal Building, Missoula, Mont.
59801

State in which forest is located	National Forest	Headquarters of Supervisor
Idaho.....	Clearwater.....	Orofino.
	Coeur d'Alene.....	Coeur d'Alene.
	Kaniksu.....	Sandpoint.
	Neperco.....	Grangeville.
Montana.....	St. Joe.....	St. Maries.
	Beaverhead.....	Dillon.
	Bitterroot.....	Hamilton.
	Custer.....	Billings.
	Deerlodge.....	Butte.
	Flathead.....	Kallspeil.
	Gallatin.....	Boseman.
	Helena.....	Helena.
Kootenai.....	Lewis and Clark.....	Great Falls.
	Lolo.....	Missoula.