

CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

APPLICATION NUMBER:NDA 21057

FINAL PRINTED LABELING

APPROVED

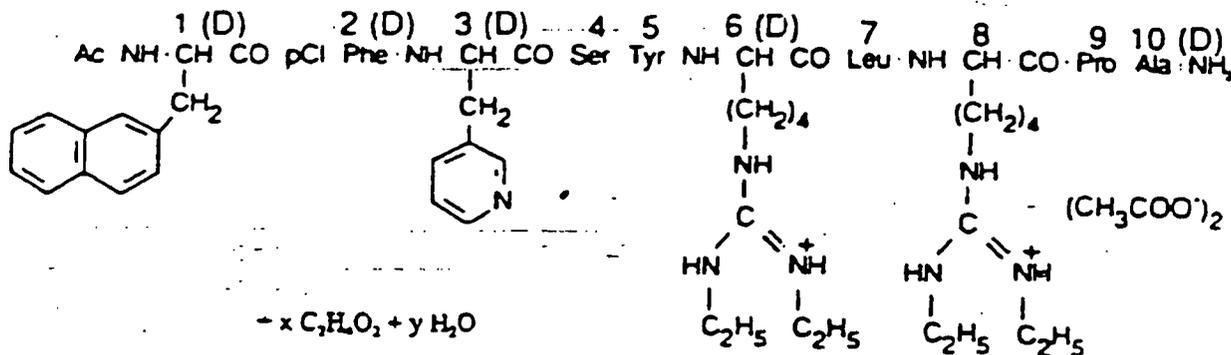
JUL 29 1999
D. M. Cole

1 Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection
2 FOR SUBCUTANEOUS USE ONLY

3
4 DESCRIPTION

5 Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection is a synthetic decapeptide with high antagonistic
6 activity against naturally occurring gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH). Ganirelix
7 acetate is derived from native GnRH with substitutions of amino acids at positions 1, 2, 3,
8 6, 8, and 10 to form the following molecular formula of the peptide: N-acetyl-3-(2-
9 naphthyl)-D-alanyl-4-chloro-D-phenylalanyl-3-(3-pyridyl)-D-alanyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-
10 N⁹,N¹⁰-diethyl-D-homoarginyl-L-leucyl-N⁹,N¹⁰-diethyl-L-homoarginyl-L-prolyl-D-
11 alanylamide acetate. The molecular weight for ganirelix acetate is 1570.4 as an
12 anhydrous free base. The structural formula is as follows:

13 Ganirelix acetate



21 Antagon™ is supplied as a colorless, sterile, ready-to-use, aqueous solution intended for
22 SUBCUTANEOUS administration only. Each sterile, pre-filled syringe contains 250

23 µg/0.5 mL of ganirelix acetate, 0.1 mg glacial acetic acid, 23.5 mg mannitol, and water
24 for injection adjusted to pH 5.0 with acetic acid, NF and/or sodium hydroxide, NF.

25 **CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY**

26 The pulsatile release of GnRH stimulates the synthesis and secretion of luteinizing
27 hormone (LH) and follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH). The frequency of LH pulses in
28 the mid and late follicular phase is approximately 1 pulse per hour. These pulses can be
29 detected as transient rises in serum LH. At midcycle, a large increase in GnRH release
30 results in an LH surge. The midcycle LH surge initiates several physiologic actions
31 including: ovulation, resumption of meiosis in the oocyte, and luteinization.

32 Luteinization results in a rise in serum progesterone with an accompanying decrease in
33 estradiol levels.

34 Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection acts by competitively blocking the GnRH
35 receptors on the pituitary gonadotroph and subsequent transduction pathway. It induces
36 a rapid, reversible suppression of gonadotropin secretion. The suppression of pituitary LH
37 secretion by Antagon™ is more pronounced than that of FSH. An initial release of
38 endogenous gonadotropins has not been detected with Antagon™, which is consistent
39 with an antagonist effect. Upon discontinuation of Antagon™, pituitary LH and FSH
40 levels are fully recovered within 48 hours.

41 **Pharmacokinetics**

42 The pharmacokinetic parameters of single and multiple injections of Antagon™ (ganirelix
43 acetate) Injection in healthy adult females are summarized in Table I. Steady state serum
44 concentrations are reached after 3 days of treatment. The pharmacokinetics of ganirelix

45 acetate are dose-proportional in the dose range of 125 to 500 µg.

46
47 **TABLE I: Mean (SD) pharmacokinetic parameters of 250 µg of Antagon™ following a**
48 **single subcutaneous (SC) injection (n=15) and daily SC injections (n=15) for seven days.**

	t_{max} h	$t_{1/2}$ h	C_{max} ng/mL	AUC ng·h/mL	CL/F L/hr	V_d/F L
Antagon™ single dose	1.1(0.3)	12.8(4.3)	14.8(3.2)	96(12)	2.4 (0.2)†	43.7(11.4)†
Antagon™ multiple dose	1.1(0.2)	16.2 (1.6)	11.2(2.4)	77.1(9.8)	3.3 (0.4)	76.5(10.3)

- 49 t_{max} Time to maximum concentration
50 $t_{1/2}$ Elimination half-life
51 C_{max} Maximum serum concentration
52 AUC Area under the curve; Single dose: AUC_{0-24} ; multiple dose AUC_{0-24}
53 V_d Volume of distribution
54 † Based on intravenous administration
55 CL Clearance = Dose/ AUC_{0-24}
56 F Absolute bioavailability
57

58 Absorption

59 Ganirelix acetate is rapidly absorbed following subcutaneous injection with maximum
60 serum concentrations reached approximately one hour after dosing. The mean absolute
61 bioavailability of Antagon™ following a single 250 µg subcutaneous injection to healthy
62 female volunteers is 91.1%.

63 Distribution

64 The mean (SD) volume of distribution of Antagon™ in healthy females following
65 intravenous administration of a single 250 µg dose is 43.7(11.4) liters (L). *In vitro*
66 protein binding to human plasma is 81.9%.

67 Metabolism

68 Following single dose intravenous administration of radiolabeled Antagon™ to healthy
69 female volunteers, Antagon™ is the major compound present in the plasma (50-70% of
70 total radioactivity in the plasma) up to 4 hours and urine (17.1-18.4% of administered

71 dose) up to 24 hours. Antagon™ is not found in the feces. The 1-4 peptide and 1-6 peptide
72 of Antagon™ are the primary metabolites observed in the feces.

73 Excretion

74 On average, 97.2% of the total radiolabeled Antagon™ dose is recovered in the feces and
75 urine (75.1% and 22.1%, respectively) over 288 h following intravenous single dose
76 administration of 1 mg [¹⁴C]-ganirelix acetate. Urinary excretion is virtually complete in
77 24 h, whereas fecal excretion starts to plateau 192 h after dosing.

78 **Special Populations**

79 The pharmacokinetics of ganirelix acetate have not been determined in special
80 populations such as geriatric, pediatric, renally impaired and hepatically impaired
81 patients (see PRECAUTIONS).

82 Drug-Drug Interactions

83 Formal *in vivo* or *in vitro* drug-drug interaction studies have not been conducted (see
84 PRECAUTIONS). Since Antagon™ can suppress the secretion of pituitary gonadotropins,
85 dose adjustments of exogenous gonadotropins may be necessary when used during
86 controlled ovarian hyperstimulation (COH).

87 **Clinical Studies**

88 The efficacy of Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection was established in two adequate
89 and well-controlled clinical studies which included women with normal endocrine and
90 pelvic ultrasound parameters. The studies intended to exclude subjects with polycystic
91 ovary syndrome (PCOS) and subjects with low or no ovarian reserve. One cycle of study
92 medication was administered to each randomized subject. For both studies, the

93 administration of exogenous recombinant FSH [Follistim[®] (follitropin beta for injection)]
94 150 IU daily was initiated on the morning of Day 2 or 3 of a natural menstrual cycle.
95 Antagon[™] was administered on the morning of Day 7 or 8 (Day 6 of recombinant FSH
96 administration). The dose of recombinant FSH administered was adjusted according to
97 individual responses starting on the day of initiation of Antagon[™]. Both recombinant
98 FSH and Antagon[™] were continued daily until at least three follicles were 17 mm or
99 greater in diameter at which time hCG [Pregnyl[®] (chorionic gonadotropin for injection,
100 USP)] was administered. Following hCG administration, Antagon[™] and recombinant
101 FSH administration were discontinued. Oocyte retrieval, followed by *in vitro* fertilization
102 (IVF) or intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI), was subsequently performed.
103 In a multicenter, double-blind, randomized, dose-finding study, the safety and efficacy of
104 Antagon[™] were evaluated for the prevention of LH surges in women undergoing COH
105 with recombinant FSH. Antagon[™] doses ranging from 62.5 µg to 2000 µg and
106 recombinant FSH were administered to 332 patients undergoing COH for IVF (see
107 Table II). Median serum LH on the day of hCG administration decreased with increasing
108 doses of Antagon[™]. Median serum E₂ (17β-estradiol) on the day of hCG administration
109 was 1475, 1110, and 1160 pg/mL for the 62.5, 125, and 250 µg doses, respectively.
110 Lower peak serum E₂ levels of 823, 703, and 441 pg/mL were seen at higher doses of
111 Antagon[™] 500, 1000, and 2000 µg, respectively. The highest pregnancy and
112 implantation rates were achieved with the 250 µg dose of Antagon[™] as summarized in
113 Table II.

114 **TABLE II: Results from the multicenter, double-blind, randomized, dose-finding study**
 115 **to assess the efficacy of Antagon™ to prevent premature LH surges in women undergoing**
 116 **COH with recombinant FSH.**

117

	Daily dose (µg) of Antagon™					
	125 µg	125 µg	250 µg	500 µg	1000 µg	2000 µg
No. subjects receiving Antagon™	31	66	70	69	66	30
No. subjects with ET†	27	61	62	54	61	27
No of subjects with LH rise ≥ 10 mIU/mL‡	4	6	1	0	0	0
Serum LH (mIU/mL) on day of hCG‡	3.6	2.5	1.7	1.0	0.6	0.3
5 th -95 th percentiles	0.6-19.9	0.6-11.4	<0.25-6.4	0.4-4.7	<0.25-2.2	<0.25-0.8
Serum E ₂ (pg/mL) on day of hCG‡	1475	1110	1160	823	703	441
5 th -95 th percentiles	645-3720	424-3780	384-3910	279-2720	284-2360	166-1940
Vital pregnancy rate §						
per attempt, n (%)	7(22.6)	17(25.8)	25(35.7)	8(11.6)	9(13.6)	2(6.7)
per transfer, n (%)	7(25.9)	17(27.9)	25(40.3)	8(14.8)	9(14.8)	2(7.4)
Implantation rate (%)†	14.2(26.8)	16.3(30.5)	21.9(30.6)	9.0(23.7)	8.5(21.7)	4.9(20.1)

(Protocol 38602)

- 118
 119
 120 • Following initiation of Antagon™ therapy. Includes subjects who have
 121 complied with daily injections.
 122 ‡ Median values
 123 § Restricted to subjects with hCG injection
 124 † Mean (standard deviation)
 125 † ET: Embryo Transfer
 126 Ω As evidenced by ultrasound at 5-6 weeks following ET.

127
 128 Transient LH rises alone were not deleterious to achieving pregnancy with Antagon™ at
 129 doses of 125 µg (3/6 subjects) and 250 µg (1/1 subjects). In addition, none of the
 130 subjects with LH rises ≥ 10 mIU/mL had premature luteinization indicated by a serum
 131 progesterone above 2 ng/mL.

132 A multicenter, open-label, randomized study was conducted to assess the efficacy and
 133 safety of Antagon™ in women undergoing COH. Follicular phase treatment with
 134 Antagon™ 250 µg was studied using a luteal phase GnRH agonist as a reference

135 treatment. A total of 463 subjects were treated with Antagon™ by subcutaneous
 136 injection once daily starting on Day 6 of recombinant FSH treatment. Recombinant
 137 FSH was maintained at 150 IU for the first 5 days of ovarian stimulation and was then
 138 adjusted by the investigator on the sixth day of gonadotropin use according to individual
 139 responses. The results for the Antagon™ arm are summarized in Table III.

140 TABLE III: Results from the multicenter, open-label, randomized study to assess the
 141 efficacy and safety of Antagon™ in women undergoing COH.

Antagon™ 250 µg	
No. subjects treated	463
Duration of GnRH analog (days) ^{†‡}	5.4(2.0)
Duration of recombinant FSH (days) ^{†‡}	9.6(2.0)
Serum E ₂ (pg/mL) on day of hCG [§]	1190
5 th -95 th percentiles	373-3105
Serum LH (mIU/mL) on day of hCG [§]	1.6
5 th -95 th percentiles	0.6-6.9
No. of subjects with LH rise ≥ 10 mIU/mL [†]	13
No. of follicles >11mm [¶]	10.7(5.3)
No. of subjects with oocyte retrieval	440
No. of oocytes [*]	8.7(5.6)
Fertilization rate	62.1%
No. subjects with ET [†]	399
No. of embryos transferred [*]	2.2(0.6)
No. of embryos [*]	6.0(4.5)
Ongoing pregnancy rate ^Ω	
per attempt, n (%) ^λ	94(20.3)
per transfer, n (%)	93(23.3)
Implantation rate (%) [†]	15.7(29)

- 142 (Protocol 38607)
- 143
- 144 • Following initiation of Antagon™ therapy
- 145 † Median values
- 146 § Restricted to subjects with hCG injection
- 147 ¶ Mean (standard deviation)
- 148 † ET: Embryo Transfer
- 149 Ω As evidenced by ultrasound at 12-16 weeks following ET
- 150 λ Includes one patient who achieved pregnancy with intrauterine induction.
- 151 Some centers were limited to the transfer of ≤ 2 embryos based on local practice standards
- 152

153 The mean number of days of Antagon™ treatment was 5.4(2-14). There was no
154 incidence of drug related allergic reactions within the adequate and well-controlled
155 clinical studies.

156 LH Surges

157 The midcycle LH surge initiates several physiologic actions including: ovulation,
158 resumption of meiosis in the oocyte, and luteinization. In 463 subjects administered
159 Antagon™ 250 µg, a premature LH surge prior to hCG administration, (LH rise ≥ 10
160 mIU/mL with a significant rise in serum progesterone > 2 ng/mL, or a significant decline
161 in serum estradiol) occurred in less than 1% of subjects.

162 **INDICATIONS AND USAGE**

163 Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection is indicated for the inhibition of premature LH
164 surges in women undergoing controlled ovarian hyperstimulation.

165 **CONTRAINDICATIONS**

166 Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection is contraindicated under the following conditions:

- 167 • Known hypersensitivity to Antagon™ or to any of its components.
- 168 • Known hypersensitivity to GnRH or any other GnRH analog.
- 169 • Known or suspected pregnancy (see PRECAUTIONS).

170 **WARNINGS**

171 Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection should be prescribed by physicians who are
172 experienced in infertility treatment. Before starting treatment with Antagon™, pregnancy
173 must be excluded. Safe use of Antagon™ during pregnancy has not been established (see

174 **CONTRAINDICATIONS and PRECAUTIONS**).

175 **PRECAUTIONS**

176 **General**

177 Caution is advised in patients with hypersensitivity to GnRH. These patients should be
178 carefully monitored after the first injection. Anaphylactic reactions or ganirelix antibody
179 formation have not been reported in the clinical trials for Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate)

180 **Injection.**

181 The packaging of this product contains natural rubber latex which may cause allergic
182 reactions.

183 **Information for Patients**

184 Prior to therapy with Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection, patients should be informed
185 of the duration of treatment and monitoring procedures that will be required. The risk of
186 possible adverse reactions should be discussed (see ADVERSE REACTIONS).

187 Antagon™ should not be prescribed if the patient is pregnant.

188 **Laboratory Tests**

189 A neutrophil count ≥ 8.3 ($\times 10^9/L$) was noted in 11.9% (up to $16.8 \times 10^9/L$) of all
190 subjects treated within the adequate and well-controlled clinical trials. In addition,
191 downward shifts within the Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection group were observed
192 for hematocrit and total bilirubin. The clinical significance of these findings was not
193 determined.

194 **Drug Interactions**

195 No formal drug/drug interaction studies have been performed.

196 **Carcinogenesis and Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility**

197 Long-term toxicity studies in animals have not been performed with Antagon™ (ganirelix
198 acetate) Injection to evaluate the carcinogenic potential of the drug. Antagon™ did not
199 induce a mutagenic response in the Ames test (*S. typhimurium* and *E. coli*) or produce
200 chromosomal aberrations in *in vitro* assay using Chinese Hamster Ovary cells.

201 **Pregnancy**

202 Pregnancy Category X

203 Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) is contraindicated in pregnant women. When administered
204 from day 7 to near term to pregnant rats and rabbits at doses up to 10 and 30 µg/day
205 (approximately 0.4 to 3.2 times the human dose based on body surface area), Antagon™
206 increased the incidence of litter resorption. There was no increase in fetal abnormalities.
207 No treatment related changes in fertility, physical, or behavioral characteristics were
208 observed in the offspring of female rats treated with Antagon™ during pregnancy and
209 lactation.

210 The effects on fetal resorption are logical consequences of the alteration in hormonal
211 levels brought about by the antigonadotrophic properties of this drug and could result in
212 fetal loss in humans. Therefore, this drug should not be used in pregnant women (see
213 CONTRAINDICATIONS).

214 **Nursing Mothers**

215 Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection should not be used by lactating women. It is not
216 known whether this drug is excreted in human milk.

217 **Geriatric Use**

218 Clinical studies with Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection did not include a sufficient
219 number of subjects aged 65 and over.

220 ADVERSE REACTIONS

221 The safety of Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection was evaluated in two randomized,
222 parallel-group, multicenter controlled clinical studies. Treatment duration for Org 37462
223 ranged from 1 to 14 days. Table IV represents adverse events (AEs) from first day of
224 Antagon™ administration until confirmation of pregnancy by ultrasound at an incidence
225 of ≥1% in Antagon™ treated subjects without regard to causality.

226 TABLE IV: Incidence of common adverse events (Incidence ≥1% in Antagon™-treated
227 subjects)
228 Completed controlled clinical studies (All-subjects-treated group).
229

Adverse Events Occurring in ≥ 1%	Antagon™ N=794 %(n)
Abdominal Pain (gynecological)	4.8 (38)
Death Fetal	3.7 (29)
Headache	3.0 (24)
Ovarian Hyperstimulation Syndrome	2.4 (19)
Vaginal Bleeding	1.8 (14)
Injection Site Reaction	1.1 (9)
Nausea	1.1 (9)
Abdominal Pain (gastrointestinal)	1.0 (8)

230

231 Congenital Anomalies

232

233 Ongoing clinical follow-up studies of 283 newborns of women administered Antagon™
234 (ganirelix acetate) Injection were reviewed. There were three neonates with major
235 congenital anomalies and 18 neonates with minor congenital anomalies. The major
236 congenital anomalies were: hydrocephalus/meningocele, omphalocele, and Beckwith-
237 Wiedemann Syndrome. The minor congenital anomalies were: nevus, skin tags, sacral
238 sinus, hemangioma, torticollis/ asymmetric skull, talipes, supernumerary digit finger, hip

239 subluxation, torticollis/high palate, occiput/abnormal hand crease, hernia umbilicalis,
240 hernia inguinalis, hydrocele, undescended testis, and hydronephrosis. The causal
241 relationship between these congenital anomalies and Antagon™ is unknown. Multiple
242 factors, genetic and others (including, but not limited to ICSI, IVF, gonadotropins,
243 progesterone) may confound ART (Assisted Reproductive Technology) procedures.

244 OVERDOSAGE

245 There have been no reports of overdose with Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection in
246 humans.

247 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

248 After initiating FSH therapy on Day 2 or 3 of the cycle, Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate)
249 Injection 250 µg may be administered subcutaneously once daily during the early to mid
250 follicular phase. By taking advantage of endogenous pituitary FSH secretion, the
251 requirement for exogenously administered FSH may be reduced. Treatment with
252 Antagon™ should be continued daily until the day of hCG administration. When a
253 sufficient number of follicles of adequate size are present, as assessed by ultrasound,
254 final maturation of follicles is induced by administering hCG. The administration of
255 hCG should be withheld in cases where the ovaries are abnormally enlarged on the last
256 day of FSH therapy to reduce the chance of developing OHSS.

257 Directions for using Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection

- 258 1. Antagon™ is supplied in a sterile, pre-filled syringe and is intended for
259 SUBCUTANEOUS administration only.
- 260 2. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

- 261 3. The most convenient sites for SUBCUTANEOUS injection are in the abdomen
262 around the navel or upper thigh.
- 263 4. The injection site should be swabbed with a disinfectant to remove any surface
264 bacteria. Clean about two inches around the point where the needle will be inserted
265 and let the disinfectant dry for at least one minute before proceeding.
- 266 5. Remove needle cover.
- 267 6. Pinch up a large area of skin between the finger and thumb. Vary the injection site a
268 little with each injection.
- 269 7. The needle should be inserted at the base of the pinched-up skin at an angle of 45 -
270 90° to the skin surface.
- 271 8. When the needle is correctly positioned, it will be difficult to draw back on the
272 plunger. If any blood is drawn into the syringe, the needle tip has penetrated a vein
273 or artery. If this happens, withdraw the needle slightly and reposition the needle
274 without removing it from the skin. Alternatively, remove the needle and use a new,
275 sterile, prefilled syringe. Cover the injection site with a swab containing disinfectant
276 and apply pressure; the site should stop bleeding within one or two minutes.
- 277 9. Once the needle is correctly placed, depress the plunger slowly and steadily, so the
278 solution is correctly injected and the skin is not damaged.
- 279 10. Pull the syringe out quickly and apply pressure to the site with a swab containing
280 disinfectant.
- 281 11. Use the sterile, pre-filled syringe only once and dispose of it properly. -

282 **HOW SUPPLIED**

283 Antagon™ (ganirelix acetate) Injection is supplied in:

284 Disposable, sterile, pre-filled 1 mL glass syringes containing 250 µg/0.5 mL

285 of ganirelix acetate. Each Antagon™ sterile, pre-filled syringe is affixed

286 with a 27 gauge x ½ inch needle and is blister-packed.

287 Single syringe NDC 0052-0301-51

288 Box of 5 NDC 0052-0301-61

289 Box of 50 NDC 0052-0301-71

290 **Storage**

291 Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15-30°C (59-86°F)

292 [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light.

293 R only



294

295

Manufactured for Organon Inc.

296

West Orange, NJ 07052

297

by Vetter Pharma-Fertigung GmbH & Co. KG

298

Ravensburg, Germany

299

and packaged by Organon (Ireland) Ltd, Swords Co.

300

Dublin, Ireland

301

302 5310194

6/99-07

303

304

r13 file: FS 07.20.99 op: ls/mm/ta area: s/org

code: ORG Job: 14443 Antagon single syringe carton
1 2 3/32" x 2 1/16" x 6 1/2" 5311138 7/99

(315) 472-6911 **Liberty**
Business Development Group
a division of Liberty Group Publishing

- PMS 288
- PMS 872
- PMS 285
- Black

Each 1 mL syringe contains: 250 µg/0.5 mL of ganirelix acetate, 0.1 mg glacial acetic acid, 23.5 mg mannitol, and water for injection adjusted to pH 5.0 with acetic acid, NF and/or sodium hydroxide, NF.
 Dosage: Read enclosed prescribing information.
 The packaging of this product contains natural rubber latex which may cause allergic reactions.

5311138 7/99

NDC 0052-0301-51

250 µg Sterile Prefilled Syringe
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

ANTAGON™

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL
For Subcutaneous Use
Rx only

 Manufactured by Orion Corporation, W. Drogow, 41700ca
 by Vetter Pharm-Fertigung GmbH & Co. KG, Ravensburg, Germany
 and packaged by Orion (Ireland) Ltd., Swords, Co. Dublin, Ireland

Storage: Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15–30°C (59–86°F) (see USP Controlled Room Temperature).
Protect from light.

Lot:
Exp:

NDC 0052-0301-51

250 µg Sterile Prefilled Syringe
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

ANTAGON™

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL
For Subcutaneous Use
Rx only



submission dated 7/23/04

r13 file: FS 07.20.99 op: la/mm/ya area: a/org

code: ORG job: 14443 Antagon single syringe carton
1 7/8" x 1 1/4" x 6 1/2" 5311138 7/99

(315) 472-6911

Liberty

Business Development Group

a division of Liberty Group Publishing

- PMS 288
- PMS 872
- PMS 381
- PMS 285
- Black

Each 1 mL syringe contains: 250 µg/0.5 mL of ganirelix acetate, 0.1 mg glacial acetic acid, 23.5 mg glycine, and water for injection adjusted to pH 6.0 with acetic acid, HF and/or sodium hydroxide, NF.
 See package insert for complete prescribing information.
 The packaging of this product contains natural rubber latex which may cause allergic reactions.

NDC 0052-0301-51

250 µg Sterile Prefilled Syringe
27 gauge by 1/2" length

ANTAGON

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL

For Subcutaneous Use
U only

Manufactured by
 Liberty Group Publishing
 100 Liberty Avenue
 Liberty, NY 12943
 © 1999 Liberty Group Publishing
 and Packaged by Capgemini
 100 Liberty Avenue
 Liberty, NY 12943

Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15–30°C (59–86°F)
 See USP Controlled Room Temperature.
 See package insert for complete prescribing information.

Lot:
Exp:

NDC 0052-0301-51

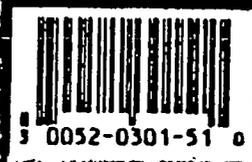
250 µg Sterile Prefilled Syringe
27 gauge by 1/2" length

ANTAGON

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL

For Subcutaneous Use
U only



r10 file: FS 06.29.99 op: ls/mml/s area: s/org

code: ORG job: 14443 Antagon 0.5 mL single syringe carton
1 7/32" x 9 1/16" x 6 1/2" 5311138 6/99

(315) 472-6911

Liberty

Business Development Group
a division of Liberty Group Publishing

- PMS 288
- PMS 872
- PMS 285
- Black

Each 0.5 mL syringe contains: ^{250 µg} 250 µg of ganirelix acetate, ^{0.1 mg} 0.1 mg of glacial acetic acid, 23.5 mg mannitol, and water for injection adjusted to pH 5.0 with acetic acid, NF and/or sodium hydroxide, NF.

Dosage: Read enclosed prescribing information.

The packaging of this product contains natural rubber latex which may cause allergic reactions.

5311138 8/99 10

NDC 0052-0301-51

250 µg Sterile Prefilled Syringe
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

ANTAGON™

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL
For Subcutaneous Use
U only

 Manufactured for
Organon Inc.
W. Orange, NJ 07062
by Winter Plasma-Ferligung GmbH & Co. KG
Reinshausen, Germany
and packaged by Organon Ireland Ltd
Swords, Co. Dublin, Ireland



Storage: Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15–30°C (59–86°F)
(see USP Controlled Room Temperature).
Protect from light.

Lot:

Exp:

NDC 0052-0301-51

250 µg Sterile Prefilled Syringe
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

ANTAGON™

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL
For Subcutaneous Use
U only



ANTAGON™
(ganirelix acetate) Injection



973 325 4769 P. 03

ORIGANON REGULATORY

JUL-19-1999 11:56

r10 file: FS 06.29.99 op: ls/mm/ls aloc: s/org

code: ORG job: 14443 Antagon 0.5 mL single syringe carton
1 2 1/2" x 1 1/16" x 8 1/2" 5311138 6/99

(315) 472-6911

Liberty

Business Development Group

a division of Liberty Group Publishing

- PMS 288
- PMS 872
- PMS 281
- PMS 285
- Black

Each 0.5 mL syringe contains: 250 µg of ganirelix acetate, glacial acetic acid, 23.5 mg mannitol, and water for injection adjusted to pH 5.0 with acetic acid, NF and/or sodium hydroxide, NF.

Dosage: Read enclosed prescribing information.

The packaging of this product contains natural rubber latex which may cause allergic reactions.

5311138 6/99 10

NDC 0052-0301-51

250 µg Sterile Prefilled Syringe
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

ANTAGON™

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL
For Subcutaneous Use
Rx only



Manufactured by
Origanon Inc.
W. Orange, NJ 07062

by UCB Pharma Fortgung GmbH & Co. KG
Pflanzberg, Germany
and packaged by Origanon (Ireland) Ltd.
Swords, Co. Dublin, Ireland

Storage: Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15–30°C (59–86°F)
(see USP Controlled Room Temperature).
Protect from light.

Lot:

Exp:

NDC 0052-0301-51

250 µg Sterile Prefilled Syringe
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

ANTAGON™

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL
For Subcutaneous Use
Rx only



0052-0301-51 0

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

ANTAGON™

Syringe Label
250 µg/0.5 mL Prefilled Syringe

5328296 1/99 09

ORG 37462
250 µg/0.5 mL
For Subcutaneous Use

ORG 37462 is a registered trademark of Organon Inc., Kenilworth, NJ, USA.
The information on this label is for informational purposes only.
Do not use this product if you are allergic to any of the ingredients.
Keep this and all other medications out of the reach of children.
Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F). Excipients: water, sodium chloride, hydrochloric acid, and sodium hydroxide.
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Lot:

Exp:

0019

Blister Label

250 µg/0.5 mL Prefilled Syringe

5308699 1/99 07

NDC 0052-0201-01

0.5 mL

ORG 37462

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL For Subcutaneous Use

Prefilled syringe with 27 gauge by 1/2" needle

Protect from light.

Mfg. by Organon Inc., W. Orange, NJ 07062 USA

Lot:

Exp:

0020

ORG 37462
(ganirelix acetate)
Injection

NDC 0052-0301-51

ORG 37462
(ganirelix acetate)
Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL

For Subcutaneous Use

250 µg
Prefilled Syringe
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

Rx only



0052-0301-51 0

Storage: Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15-30°C (59-86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]; Protect from light.

Exp: Lot:

NDC 0052-0301-51

ORG 37462
(ganirelix acetate)
Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL

For Subcutaneous Use

250 µg
Prefilled Syringe
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

Rx only



Manufactured for
Organon Inc.
W. Orange, NJ 07062 USA
by Vetter Pharma-Fertigung
GmbH & Co. KG
Ravensburg, Germany
and packaged by
Organon (Ireland) Ltd.
Swords, Co. Dublin, Ireland



Each 0.5 mL syringe contains: 250 µg of ganirelix acetate, glacial acetic acid, mannitol, and water for injection adjusted to pH 5.0 with acetic acid, NF and/or sodium hydroxide, NF.
Dosage: Read enclosed prescribing information.
The packaging of this product contains natural rubber latex which may cause allergic reactions.

5311138 1/99 05

0052-0301-61

5 x 250 µg Prefilled Syringes

27 gauge by 1/2" needle

ORG 37462

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL

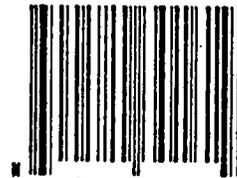
For Subcutaneous Use

0.5 mL syringe contains: 250 µg of ganirelix acetate, glacial acetic acid, mannitol, water for injection adjusted to pH 5.0 with acetic acid, NF and/or sodium hydroxide, NF.

Storage: Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15–30°C (59–86°F) [USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light.

See lead enclosed prescribing information.

The packaging of this product contains natural rubber latex which may cause allergic reactions.



3 0052-0301-61 9



Manufactured for Organon Inc.
West Orange, NJ 07052 USA
by Vetter Pharma-Fertigung GmbH & Co. KG
Ravensburg, Germany
and packaged by Organon (Ireland) Ltd.
Swords, Co. Dublin, Ireland

Lot:

Exp:

5315319 1/99 04

0022

Directions for using Org 37462 (ganirelix acetate) Injection

1. Org 37462 is supplied in a pre-filled syringe and is intended for SUBCUTANEOUS administration only.
2. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.
3. The most convenient sites for SUBCUTANEOUS injection are in the abdomen around the navel, upper arm, or in the upper thigh.
4. The injection site should be swabbed with a disinfectant to remove any surface bacteria. Clean about two inches around the point where the needle will be inserted and let the disinfectant dry for at least one minute before proceeding.
5. Remove needle cover.
6. Pinch up a large area of skin between the finger and thumb. You should vary the injection site a little with each injection.
7. The needle should be inserted at the base of the pinched-up skin at an angle of 45–90° to the skin surface.
8. Any blood drawn into the syringe means the needle tip has penetrated a vein or artery. If this happens, remove the syringe, cover the injection site with a swab containing disinfectant and apply pressure; the site should stop bleeding within one or two minutes.
9. Once the needle is correctly placed, depress the plunger slowly and steadily, so the solution is correctly injected and the skin is not damaged.
10. Pull the syringe out quickly and apply pressure to the site with a swab containing disinfectant.
11. Use the pre-filled syringe only once and dispose of it properly.



Manufactured for Organon Inc. -
West Orange, NJ 07052 USA
by Vetter Pharma-Fertigung GmbH & Co. KG
Ravensburg, Germany
and packaged by Organon (Ireland) Ltd.
Swords, Co. Dublin, Ireland

The packaging of this product contains natural rubber latex which may cause allergic reactions.



250 µg/0.5 mL For Subcutaneous Use

ORG 37462
(ganirelix acetate) Injection

50 x 250 µg Prefilled Syringes
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

NDC 0052-0301-71

50 x 250 µg Prefilled Syringes
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

NDC 0052-0301-71

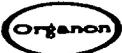
ORG 37462
(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL For Subcutaneous Use

Each 0.5 mL syringe contains: 250 µg of ganirelix acetate, glacial acetic acid, mannitol, and water for injection adjusted to pH 5.0 with acetic acid, NF and/or sodium hydroxide, NF.

Rx only
Dosage: Read enclosed prescribing information.

Manufactured for Organon Inc., West Orange, NJ 07052 USA
by Vetter Pharma-Fertigung GmbH & Co. KG, Ravensburg, Germany
and packaged by Organon (Ireland) Ltd., Swords, Co. Dublin, Ireland




50 x 250 µg Prefilled Syri:
27 gauge by 1/2" r

ORG 37462
(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL For Subcutaneous

Storage: Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15–30°C (59–86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light.



0052-0301-

Output at 50% of actual size.

IC 0052-0301-71

50 x 250 µg Prefilled Syringes
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

50 x 250 µg Prefilled Syringes
27 gauge by 1/2" needle

ORG 37462

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

ORG 37462

(ganirelix acetate) Injection

250 µg/0.5 mL For Subcutaneous Use

250 µg/0.5 mL For Subcutaneous Use

Each 0.5 mL syringe contains: 250 µg of ganirelix acetate, glacial acetic acid, mannitol, and water for injection adjusted to pH 5.0 with acetic acid, NF and/or sodium hydroxide, NF.

Rx only

Dosage: Read enclosed prescribing information.



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by Vetter Pharma-Fertigung GmbH & Co. KG, Ravensburg, Germany
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