



510 (K) Summary

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DEVICE NAME:

Proprietary Name: Blood Administration Module
Common Name: Software, Blood Transfusion Services
Classification Name: Software, Blood Bank, Stand Alone Products (81MMH)

PREDICATE DEVICE

Blood Administration Module is substantially equivalent in its intended use and features to the Psyche Systems Corporation's Systematic Blood Bank (SBB) Software Version 3.0 marketed as BK010017.

DEVICE DESCRIPTION

The HMS Blood Administration module is designed to assist an acute care hospital in documenting the disposition of blood components issued to patients, and in capturing all appropriate charges for the testing and distribution of blood components to the patients. It is a software device that requires knowledgeable user intervention by competent medical personnel to document the activities or steps and events occurring in a transfusion service. This module was designed to be used as an integrated part of HMS' hospital information system.

The Blood Administration module was designed to run on an IBM i-Series hardware platform. The RPG programming language is the primary programming language of the software. The RPG language is used in combination with SQL, CL, and Java to provide extremely fast access to the database and for efficient processing of the tasks performed in the transfusion service.

The individual user is connected to the system via a network connection from a PC. The PC should run on Windows network software, version 2000 Professional Operating System.

Operating systems used in alpha and beta testing consisted of:

- Windows 2000 Professional – Service Pack 3
- Windows 2000 Professional – Service Pack 4
- Windows XP Professional – Service Pack 1
- Windows XP Professional – Service Pack 2
- Windows 2000 Server – Service Pack 3
- Windows 2000 Server – Service Pack 4

Personal computers used in alpha and beta testing consisted of:

DESKTOPS:

- Pentium 4 processor; 256 mb; 20G; 10/100 ethernet
- Pentium 4 processor; 512 mb; 20G; 10/100 ethernet
- Pentium 3 processor; 128 mb; 10G; 10/100 ethernet
- Pentium 3 processor; 256 mb; 10G; 10/100 ethernet
- Celeron processor; 128 mb; 10G; 10/100 ethernet
- Celeron processor; 256 mb; 10G; 10/100 ethernet

LAPTOPS:

- Centrino processor; 256 mb; 10G; 10/100 ethernet
- Centrino processor; 512 mb; 20G; 10/100 ethernet

SERVERS:

- Zenon processor; 3 gb; 80G; 10/100/1000 ethernet
- Celeron processor; 1 gb; 20G; 10/100 ethernet

SeaGull™ is the graphical user interface program used to supply the displays, fields and function keys utilized in the Blood Administration module.

INTENDED USE

The HMS Blood Administration module is an integrated, computerized system intended to be used by trained laboratory personnel as an aid in the entry and computer storage of information related to patient testing in a transfusion service, and for the capture of charges related to the testing and distribution of blood components to patients for transfusion.

Major features of the module and its 'Indications for Use' are:

1. Allow controlled access to the Blood Administration module.
2. Receive orders for blood testing and blood products electronically.
3. Enter of patient testing results for blood type, antibody screens and other Blood Bank procedures manually.
4. Record the entry of crossmatch results of a blood or blood component to a patient.
5. Allow the user to issue blood products under normal and emergency conditions.
6. Track the disposition of blood components from the time a blood component has been crossmatched to a patient, through the release of the blood component for transfusion purposes, and records the final disposition of the blood or blood component.
7. Provide result reports to the physician and other appropriate clinicians.
8. Provide management reports provide information on the disposition of all blood components, the detail a patient's transfusion history, or the history of a specific unit number.

The system is not designed, nor is it intended, to be used for recording of donor information, for recording results of infectious disease testing with any donor or donor unit of blood components, or for the processing and labeling of blood components intended for distribution to hospitals and other transfusion services.

COMPARISON OF CHARACTERISTICS TO PREDICATE DEVICE

The use and features and the technological characteristics are similar in that both of the systems are intended for use by transfusion services within a hospital setting.

PREDICATE DEVICE:

Psyche Systems Systematic Blood Bank (SBB) Version 3.0 (BK010017).

A. Uses and Features Characteristics Comparison

The following table compares the uses and features of HMS' Blood Administration module with those of an equivalent Blood Bank Transfusion System: Psyche Systems Corp.'s Systematic Blood Bank (SBB).

| AREAS OF COMPARISON | SIMILARITIES | DIFFERENCES |
|----------------------|--|--|
| 1. Product Labeling | Blood Administration Module and Psyche SBB Transfusion Service Module are designed to be used by a Laboratory Transfusion Service. | |
| 2. Intended Use | <p>Blood Administration Module and Psyche SBB software are used by laboratory professionals to record the patient testing results of common Blood Bank procedures, i.e. blood type, antibody screens and crossmatches. The Blood Administration Module and Psyche SBB provide for the electronic storage of this information for future use.</p> <p>Additionally, Blood Administration Module and Psyche SBB software do not include a donor module, and are not intended to be used for the recording of donor information or the association of infectious disease testing with any donor or donor unit.</p> | <p>Blood Administration Module is intended to be used only as an integrated module to the Laboratory Results Reporting System.</p> <p>Psyche SBB software can be used as an optional module to LabWeb, and as a standalone hosted blood bank solution.</p> |
| 3. Hardware Platform | | <p>IBM i-Series</p> <p>Psyche SBB - Digital DEC VAX or Alpha architectures</p> |
| 4. Software Language | | <p>Blood Administration module is written in RPG with SQL, CL, Java and Seagull™ GUI interface</p> <p>Psyche SBB is written in Fortran using OpenVMS operating system.</p> |

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| 5. Software functionality | <p>Blood Administration Module and Psyche SBB are designed to record the results of patient testing with historical lookback of results. Display patient historical files.</p> <p>Provides useful management reports of the disposition and usage of blood components, and the patient/unit history information.</p> | |
| 6. Input | <p>Blood Administration Module and Psyche SBB utilize keyboard and bar code entry of data.</p> | |
| 7. Output | <p>Blood Administration Module and Psyche SBB use CRT's and printers for output.</p> | <p>Blood Administration Module may be displayed using a network thin client presentation.</p> |
| 8. Data Security | <p>Blood Administration Module has daily data backup and a recovery process, if needed.</p> <p>Psyche SBB has data archival and retrieval routines included.</p> | |
| 9. Access Security | <p>HMS provides Administrator and user level access controls.</p> <p>Psyche SBB provides Administrator and user level access controls.</p> | |
| 10. Audit trail | <p>HMS has a permanent transaction audit log.</p> <p>Psyche SBB utilizes a permanent transaction log.</p> | |

B. Technical Characteristics Comparison

The following table compares the technical characteristics of HMS' Blood Administration module with those of an equivalent Blood Bank Transfusion System: Psyche Systems Corp.'s Systematic Blood Bank (SBB).

| AREAS OF COMPARISON | Blood Administration Module | Psyche Systematic Blood Bank Software |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Unit inventory | No | Yes |
| Autologous and directed unit tracking | Yes | Yes |
| Crossmatch results | Yes | Yes |
| Print donor unit labels-bar coded | No. Blood Administration module is not a donor processing module. | Yes |
| Full support of ISBT 128 unit labeling | No. Blood Administration module is not a donor processing module. | Yes |
| Bar-code reading of donor and unit information | No | Yes |
| Ad hoc report writer | Yes | Yes |
| Accounts Receivable | Yes | No |
| Management reports | Yes | Yes |
| Direct entry of patient test results | Yes | Yes |
| Electronic crossmatch decision making | No | Yes |
| Track all steps in production of product | No. Blood Administration module is not a component processing module. | Yes |
| Antigen typing | Yes | Yes |
| Centralized transfusion services | No. Blood Administration module is not a donor or component processing module | Yes |
| Hand-held devices for positive patient ID | No | No |

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| System provides standard ASTM/HL7 interface | Yes | Yes |
| Connectivity | VPN, local client, remote client | Telnet, local client, remote client, Web client |
| Tools to help client validate their system | Documentation and training | Documentation and training |
| Complete blood bank ASP solution | HMS provides an ASP solution for their HIS | Yes |
| Integrated with the hospital information system | Blood Administration module is an integral part of the HMS HIS. It is not sold separately. | Besides being offered as an optional module, SBB is also available as a standalone hosted blood bank solution. |
| Inventory management system | No inventory management capabilities exist at this time. | Automated inventory management solution available as part of SBB |

SOFTWARE VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION DATA

The Blood Administration module was developed using an established protocol for software development. The software verification and validation processes used to program and test the HMS Blood Administration module are described in the Healthcare Management Systems Controls Document found in Section I (pages I.1 – I.8). These software verification and validation processes provided confidence that the HMS Blood Administration module meets its intended goals as described in the Indications for Use (Section D.1), and will provide improved patient care through increased safeguards on patient safety and workflow efficiencies while assisting our clients in meeting their regulatory compliance requirements.

SAFETY AND EFFECTIVENESS DATA

This system has been tested for the safety and effectiveness in house during the programming phase, by the Quality Assurance department, and during the alpha testing phase at one client site. This was followed by a beta testing period at 5 client hospitals.

The following areas of the Blood Administration module were evaluated at the client beta test sites:

1. Entry and receipt of patient orders.
2. Entry of patient results for Blood type, Antibody screen and Crossmatch testing. (Minimum of 500 patient samples.) See table.
3. Patient report generation.

The following table summarizes client test results for the clinical beta testing of the Blood Administration module.

| HOSPITAL | DAYS | # of Pts. | Blood Type | Antibody Screen | Crossmatches |
|------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Carthage General Hospital | 30 | 46 | 24 | 20 | 95 |
| Regional Hospital of Jackson | 21 | 148 | 4 | 126 | 139 |
| Volunteer Regional Hospital | 21 | 85 | 17 | 54 | 68 |
| Dyersburg Memorial Hospital | 21 | 95 | 23 | 57 | 134 |
| Province-Vaughan | 21 | 176 | 22 | 133 | 251 |
| GRAND TOTAL | | 550 | 90 | 390 | 687 |

See Section I. Validation, Verification and Testing for detailed information for each client site that participated in the testing of the HMS Blood Administration module.

EVALUATION OF THE SAFETY AND EFFECTIVENESS DATA

The Blood Administration module was evaluated at 5 client hospitals. Calls to Product Development or Clinical Customer Support reporting possible software issues, or requesting product enhancements were documented. These calls were acted upon following standard HMS procedures. See the Programming Information Form (PIF) Cycle document in Section I (pages I.9 to I.13) for the standard HMS process. During this evaluation period the number of software problems reported decreased at each successive site with no reported software anomalies at the last 2 sites.

The outcome from in-house and user site testing demonstrated that no significant patient testing anomalies affecting patient safety were found, and that the HMS Blood Administration module works as intended when the module is used for its stated purposes.

Additional test data is in Section I. Verification, Validation and Testing and is available upon request.

CONCLUSION

Verification testing demonstrates that the design outputs meet the design inputs fulfilling all design specifications. Alpha and beta testing demonstrate that the intended use is met, the functional requirements are fulfilled and the device is safe and effective.

The conclusions drawn from the nonclinical and clinical tests demonstrate the HMS Blood Administration Module is substantially equivalent to the predicate device when utilized within its intended use.